

- Ideal for 441.20 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Insertion Loss
- Quartz Stability
- Rugged, Hermetic, Low Profile F-11 Package

**SR441B** 

Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25°C)							
Parameter		Rating	Unit				
CW RF Power Dissipation	Р	0	dBm				
DC Voltage	$V_{DC}$	±30	V				
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{A}$	-10 ~ +60	°C				
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{ m stg}$	-40 ~ +85	°C				

Electronic Characteristics							
	Parameter	Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Frequency (25°C)	Nominal Frequency	$f_C$	NS	441.20	NS	MHz	
	Tolerance from 441.20 MHz	$\Delta f_C$	-	-	± 75	KHz	
Insertion Loss		IL	-	2.8	3.3	dB	
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q-Value	$Q_U$	-	12,350	-	-	
	$50\Omega$ Loaded Q-Value	$Q_L$	-	3,400	-	-	
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	To	25	-	55	°C	
	Turnover Frequency	f <sub>O</sub>	-	fc	-	KHz	
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC	-	-0.032	-	ppm/°C2	
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	$ f_A $	-	-	10	ppm/yr	
DC Insulation Resistance Between any Two Pins		-	1.0	-	-	MΩ	
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R <sub>M</sub>	-	38.0	46.0	Ω	
	Motional Inductance	L <sub>M</sub>	-	169.3413	-	μН	
	Motional Capacitance	C <sub>M</sub>	-	0.7692	-	fF	
	Pin 1 to Pin 2 Static Capacitance	Co	0.85	1.15	1.45	pF	

NS = Not Specified

#### Notes:

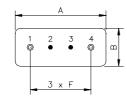
- 1. The center frequency,  $f_{\text{C}}$ , is measured at the minimum IL point with the resonator in the  $50\Omega$  test system.
- 2. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature  $T_C = +25$ °C  $\pm$  2°C.
- 3. Frequency aging is the change in  $f_C$  with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 4. Turnover temperature,  $T_0$ , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency,  $f_0$ . The nominal frequency at any case temperature,  $T_C$ , may be calculated from:  $f = f_0 [1 FTC (T_0 T_C)^2]$ .
- Ww5y. Define equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance  $C_0$  is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between Pin1 and Pin2. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.

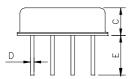
- 6. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters:  $f_C$ , IL, 3 dB bandwidth,  $f_C$  versus  $T_C$ , and  $C_0$ .
- The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
- For questions on technology, prices and delivery please contact our sales offices or e-mail to sales@vanlong.com.

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# Package Dimensions (F-11)





# **Electrical Connections**

Terminals	Connection		
1	Input/Output		
2	Case Ground		
3	Case Ground		
4	Output/Input		

## **Package Dimensions**

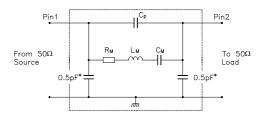
_		
Dimensions	Nom. (mm)	Tol. (mm)
Α	11.0	±0.3
В	4.5	±0.3
С	3.2	±0.3
D	0.45	±0.1
E	5.0	±0.5
F	2.54	+0.2

## Marking

SR441B

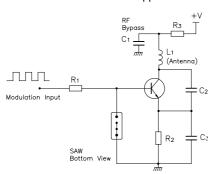
Ink Marking Color: Black or Blue

#### **Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit**

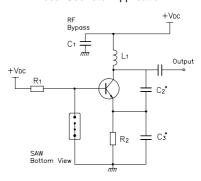


# **Typical Application Circuit**

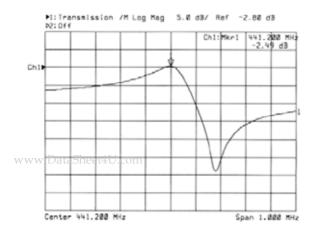
Low Power Transmitter Application



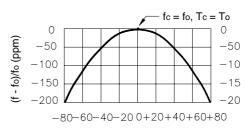
## Local Oscillator Application



## **Typical Frequency Response**



## **Temperature Characteristics**



 $\Delta T = Tc - To (°C)$ 

The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include oscillator temperature characteristics.

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