



ST1615

Capacitive Touch Screen Controller

Datasheet

Version 1.4

2016/08/15

Note: Sitronix Technology Corp. reserves the right to change the contents in this document without prior notice. This is not a final specification. Some parameters are subject to change.

1 INTRODUCTION

The ST1615 is a mutual capacitive sensing controller for small size projected capacitive touch screen. It is a RISC microcontroller with capacitor charge, capacitor sensing, slave I2C interface, general purpose I/O and embedded non-volatile memory.

Internal program and cooperating digital circuit convert finger / capacitor stylus physical touching into button pressing message or multiple coordination information for application. The maximum fingers identification ability is up to five.

The ST1615 uses low profile QFN package and support ITO electrode on glass or film substrate. Hence, slim and small touch panel module is realizable.

And more, low electromagnetic interference of ST1615 makes it suitable for modern touch screen application which contain a vivid and high density display, like smart watch, portable navigation device and touch-enabled media player, etc..

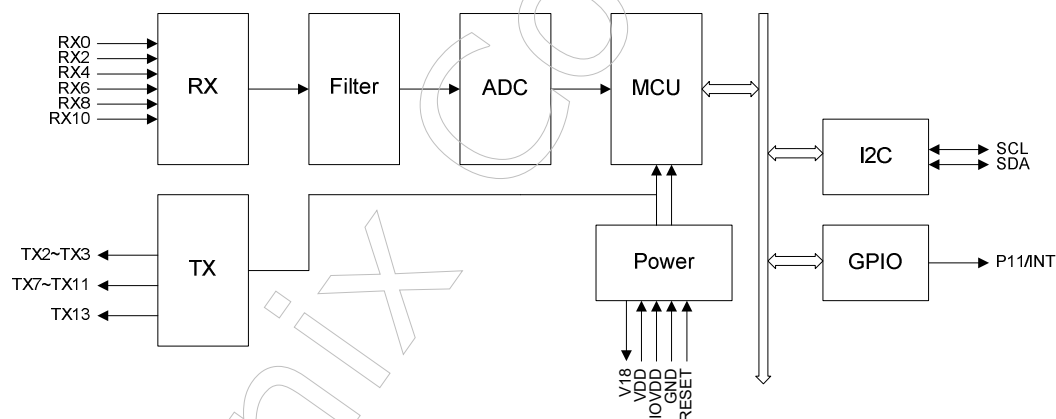
FEATURES

- **MCU based touch controller**
- **Operation voltage**
 - VDD = 2.7V ~ 3.6V
 - IOVDD = 1.6V ~ 3.6V
- **Operation Temperature: -20°C ~ 80°C**
- **Storage Temperature: -40°C ~ 125°C**
- **Interface**
 - I2C (slave)
- **Sensor**
 - 8 TX, 6 RX
- **Single finger handwriting**
- **five fingers detection and tracking**
- **Capacitive Sensor**
 - Mutual-capacitance sensing
 - Hardware noise reduction
 - Waterproof circuit

- **Package**
 - QFN24(ST1615-N24C8)

APPLICATIONS

- **SmartWatch**
- **Wearable Devices**
- **Portable Instruments**
- **Gaming machines**
- **Pointing devices**



2 PACKAGE INFORMATION

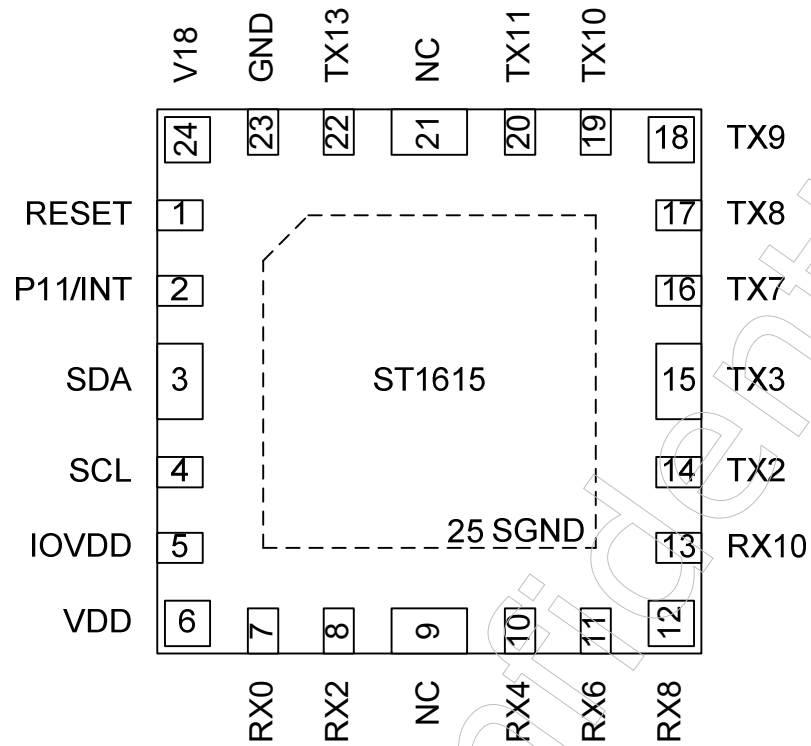


Figure 2-1 ST1615 Package Pin Configuration

Table 2-1 ST1615 Package Signal Descriptions

Pin #	Pin Name	I/O	Description
1	RESET	I	System reset signal input, active low
2	P11/INT	I/O	P11 : General purpose I/O INT : Indicate coordinate data ready
3	SDA	I/O	I2C serial data
4	SCL	I/O	I2C serial clock
5	IOVDD	P	I/O power supply, connect to 1uF capacitor
6	VDD	P	Power supply, connect to 1uF capacitor
7	RX0	I	Receiver channel
8	RX2	I	Receiver channel
9	NC	-	NC
10	RX4	I	Receiver channel
11	RX6	I	Receiver channel
12	RX8	I	Receiver channel
13	RX10	I	Receiver channel
14	TX2	O	Transmitter channel
15	TX3	O	Transmitter channel
16	TX7	O	Transmitter channel
17	TX8	O	Transmitter channel
18	TX9	O	Transmitter channel
19	TX10	O	Transmitter channel
20	TX11	O	Transmitter channel
21	NC	O	NC
22	TX13	O	Transmitter channel
23	GND	P	Ground
24	V18	P	Digital power, connect to 1uF capacitor
25	SGND	P	Substrate ground

Note: I/O type: P=Power pin, I=Input pin, O=Output pin

3 SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

3.1 Power Down

In power down mode, all of the clocks of ST1615 are stopped. The way to exit power down mode is by a hardware reset or I2C.

3.2 Reset

Master can reset ST1615 through RESET pin. RESET pin is low active and needs hold low for 1us to take effect.

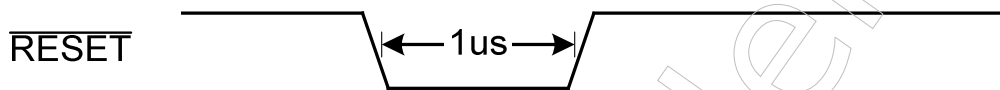


Figure 3-1 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Pin Low Pulse Width

3.3 Power On/Off Sequence

RESET pin should be held low before power on and power off. During power on, after both VDD and IOVDD reach normal voltage, RESET pin needs to be held low for 5ms to ensure internal block stable.

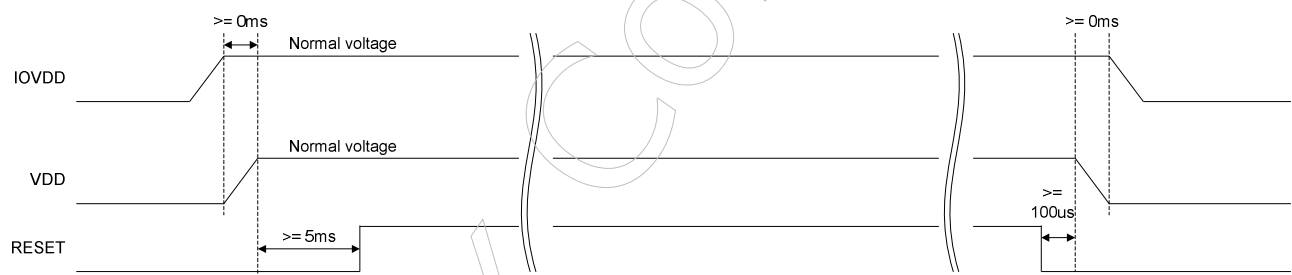


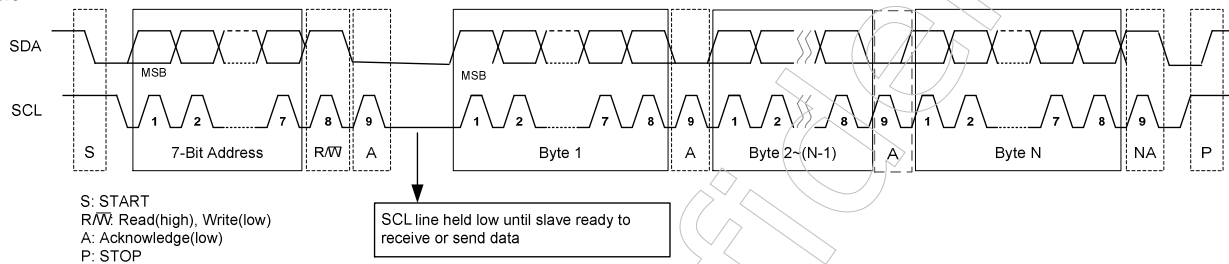
Figure 3-2 Power On/Off Sequence

4 DIGITAL INTERFACE

4.1 I2C Slave Interface

ST1615 equipped with I2C provides two wires, serial data (SDA) and serial clock (SCL), to carry transferring information at up to 400 kbit/s(Fast mode). ST1615 plays the slave role in I2C transfer. Both SDA and SCL are bidirectional lines, connected to IOVDD via pull-up resistors. All transactions begin with a START (S) and can be terminated by a STOP (P). 7-bits address follows START to recognize device. Each byte is 8-bits length and followed by an acknowledge bit. A HIGH to LOW transition on the SDA line while SCL is HIGH defines a START condition. A LOW to HIGH transition on the SDA line while SCL is HIGH defines a STOP condition. The data on the SDA line must be stable during the HIGH period of the clock. The HIGH or LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

Read



Write

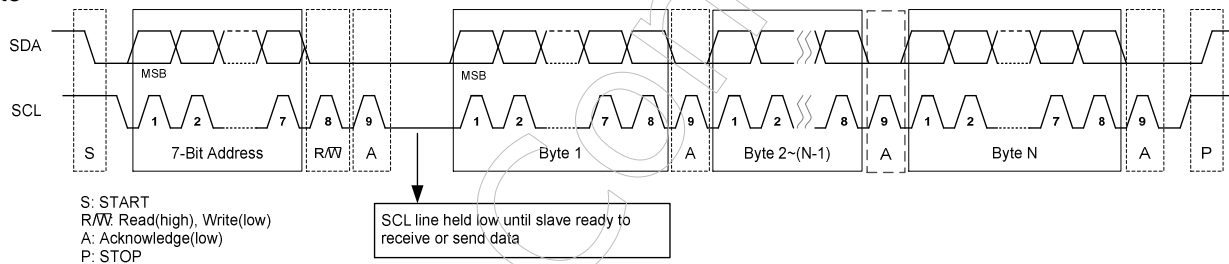


Figure 4-1 I2C Waveform

5 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
VDD	V _{VDD}	-0.3	+6	V
IOVDD	V _{IOVDD}	-0.3	+6	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A	-20	+80	℃
Storage Temperature	T _S	-40	+125	℃

***Note:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. All the ranges are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied or intended. Exposed to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

5.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 5-2 System DC Electrical Characteristics

Condition: VDD = IOVDD = 3.3V, T_A = 25℃, unless be specified individually.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
VDD	V _{VDD}	2.7	-	3.6	V	
IOVDD	V _{IOVDD}	1.6	-	3.6	V	
Operating Current	I _{NML}	-	2.8	-	mA	
Idle Current	I _{IDLE}	-	900	-	uA	
Smart Wake Up Current	I _{SWU}	-	105	-	uA	
Power Down Current	I _{PD}	-	-	20	uA	
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	0.85*V _{IOVDD}	-	-	V	
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-	-	0.15*V _{IOVDD}	V	
Input Pull Up Resistor	R _{PU}	50	-	60	KOhm	
Output Driving Current	I _{DRV}	6	-	-	mA	V _{OH} = IOVDD x 0.8
Output Sinking Current	I _{SINK}	10	-	-	mA	V _{OL} = IOVDD x 0.2
Low Voltage Reset	V _{LVR}	-	-	2.3	V	

5.3 AC Electrical Characteristics

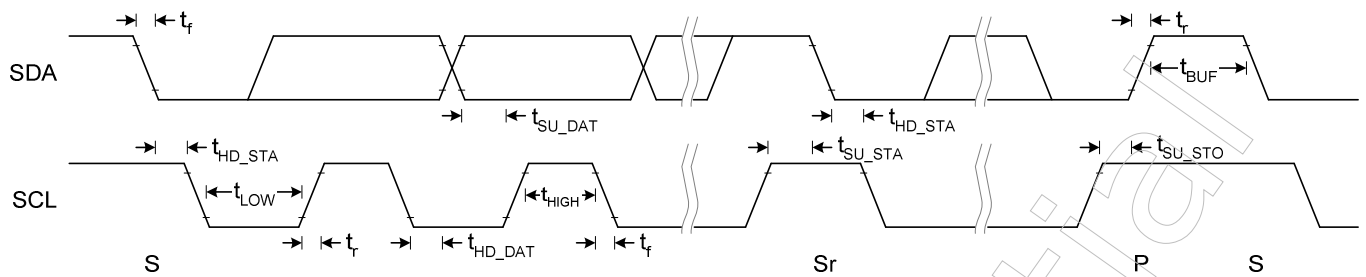


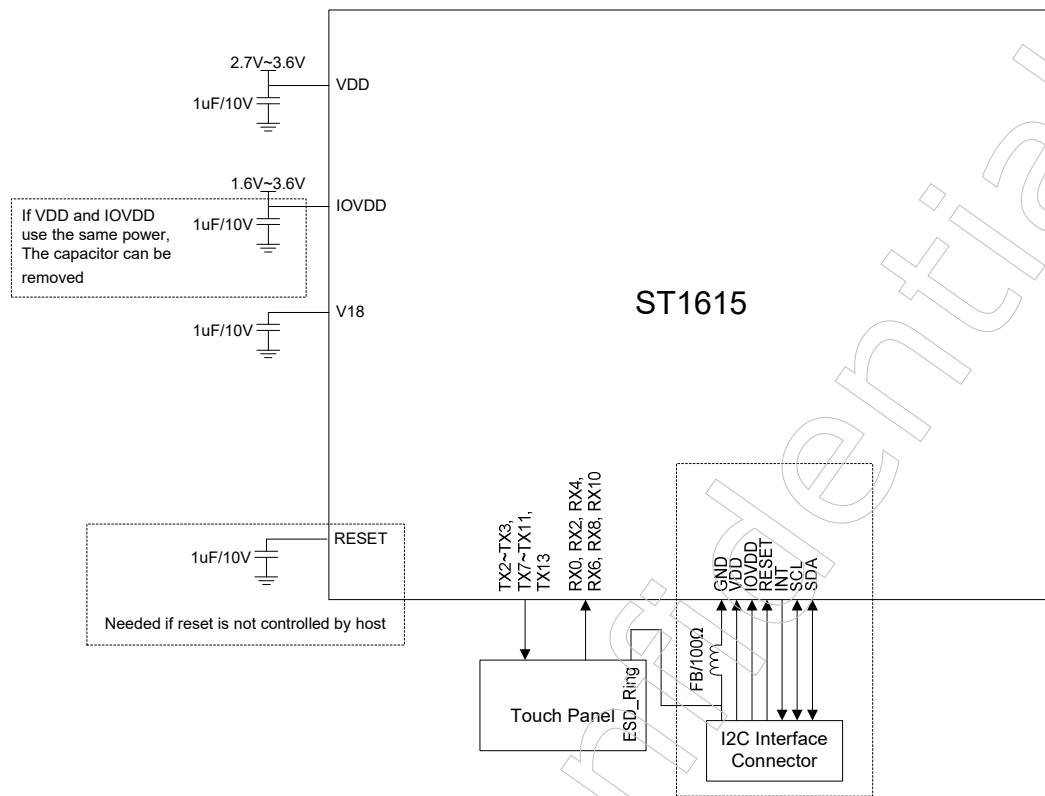
Figure 5-1 I2C Fast Mode Timing

Table 5-3 I2C Fast Mode Timing Characteristic

Conditions: VDD = 3.3V, GND = 0V, T_A = 25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Rating			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
f _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	0	-	400	kHz
t _{LOW}	Low period of the SCL clock	1.3	-	-	us
t _{HIGH}	High period of the SCL clock	0.6	-	-	us
t _f	Signal falling time	-	-	300	ns
t _r	Signal rising time	-	-	300	ns
t _{SU_STA}	Set up time for a repeated START condition	0.6	-	-	us
t _{HD_STA}	Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated	0.6	-	-	us
t _{SU_DAT}	Data set up time	100	-	-	ns
t _{HD_DAT}	Data hold time	0	-	0.9	us
t _{SU_STO}	Set up time for STOP condition	0.6	-	-	us
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	1.3	-	-	us
C _b	Capacitive load for each bus line	-	-	400	pF

6 APPLICATION CIRCUITS



Remark:
1. Use X7R/X5R capacitor

Figure 6-1 ST1615 Application Circuit

7 PACKAGE DIMENSION

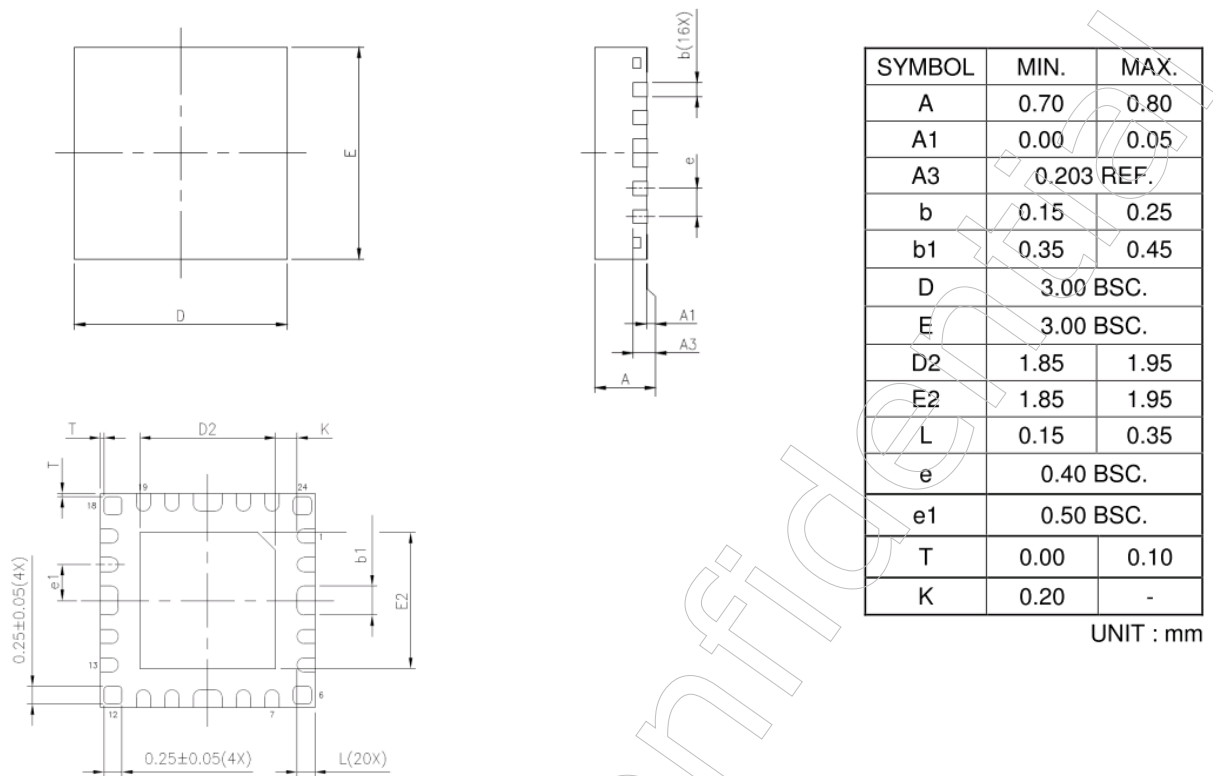


Figure 7-1 ST1615 Package Dimension

8 REVISION

REVISION	DESCRIPTION	PAGE	DATE
1.4	■ Modify package outline in "ST1615 Package Pin Configuration" figure	4	2016/08/15
1.3	■ Remove report rate feature	3	2016/04/22
	■ Add operation/idle/smart wake up current to DC electrical characteristics table	8	
1.2	■ Modify D2/E2 parameter of package dimension to 1.85~1.95mm	11	2016/03/22
1.1	■ Remove "max. loading: 30 kOhm/60pF" in feature	3	2015/11/17
	■ Rename pin25 from GND to SGND	4	
	■ Remove "IOVDD=3.3V" condition in VIH/VIL DC characteristic	8	
1.0	■ First release		2015/03/31

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