

# MODEL: ST5461D08-1

Ver. 2.1

Date: 27.Mar.2017

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# **Revision History**

Version	Date	Page	Section	Description	Revision by
Ver.0.1	30.Aug.2016	1	All	General Information was First Presented	Wei Peng
Ver.2.1	27.Mar.2017	32	All	Preliminary Specification was Issued	Wei Peng



### 1. General Description

#### 1.1 Product Features

- QFHD Resolution (3840 x 2160)

- Very High Contrast Ratio: 5000:1

- Fast Response Time

- High Color Saturation: 72% NTSC

- Ultra Wide Viewing Angle: +89°/-89° (H), +89° /-89° (V) (CR ≥ 10)

V by one Interface

### 1.2 Overview

ST5461D08-1 is a diagonal 54.6" color active matrix LCD open cell with USI-T interface. This open cell is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It supports 3840 x 2160 QFHD resolutions and can display up to 1.07G colors (8bit+FRC). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels which are arranged in vertical stripe.

This open cell dedicates for LCD TV products and provides excellent performance which includes high brightness, ultrawide viewing angle, high color saturation and high color depth.

The components comply with ROHS for identification.

#### 1.3 General Information

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	1209.6 (H)x680.4 (V)	mm	
Cell Size	1219.6(H)x 691.9(V)	mm	
Weight	2.65	kg	Net Weight: 2.65 ± 5%
Driving Scheme	a-Si TFT Active Matrix	-	
Number of Pixels	3840x2160	pixel	
Pixel Pitch (Sub Pixel)	0.105(H)x 0.315(V)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical Stripe	-	
Display Colors	1.07G	color	8bit+FRC
Display Mode	Transmissive Mode, Normally Black	-	
Glass Thickness (Array/CF)	0.5/0.5	mm	
Color Chromaticity	Red (0.635,0.334) Green (0.296,0.629) Blue (0.153,0.066) White (0.274,0.308)	-	Typical value measured at CSOT's module BLU: MT5461D01-3&
Contrast Ratio	5000:1(Typ.)	-	CSOT's Control Board
View Angle(CR>10)	+89/-89 (H), +89 /-89 (V) (CR ≥ 10)	0	
Cell Transmittance	4.8(Typ.)	%	Simulated by using D65 illuminant and cell transmittance spectrum
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, Haze 2%, Hard Coating(3H)	-	
Protection Film Peeling Force	0.2 (Max.)	N/25mm	Measured by JIS C-2107 standard

### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

### 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = $25 \pm 2$ °C)

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause damage to the unit.

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Omt
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.3	13.5	V
Input Signal Voltage	$V_{\rm IN}$	-0.3	3.6	V

### 2.2 Environment Requirement

(1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown as below.

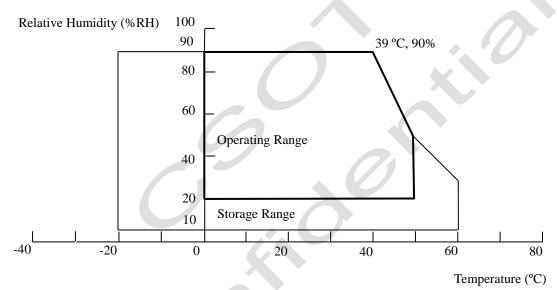


Fig. 2.1 Operating and storage environment

- (a) 90% RH maximum ( $T_A \le 39$  °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39°C maximum ( $T_A > 39$  °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- (2) The storage temperature is between 20 °C to 60 °C, and the operating ambient temperature is between 0 °C to 50 °C. The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65°C with LCD module in a temperature controlled chamber alone. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65°C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in the end product design.
- (3) The rating of environment is based on LCD module. Leave LCD cell alone, this environment condition can't be guaranteed. Except LCD cell, the customer has to consider the ability of other parts of LCD module and LCD module process.

### 2.3 Absolute Ratings of Environment (Open Cell)

When storing open cell as spares for a long time, please follow the precaution instructions:

(1) Do not store the open cell in high temperature and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module

with temperature from 20°C to 30°C in normal humidity (50  $\pm$  10% RH) with shipping package.

(2) The open cell should be keep within one month shelf life.



### 3. Electrical Specification

### 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

### 3.1.1 Power Consumption (Ta = 25 $\pm$ 2°C)

Parameter		Carrala a 1		Value		11:4	NInto
	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Pov	$V_{CC}$	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	(1)	
Rush Current		$I_{RUSH}$	-	-	4.00	A	(2)
D G 1	White Pattern		-	0.70	1.00	A	
Power Supply Horizontal Stripe		Icc	-	1.77	2.56	A	(3)
Current	Black Pattern	Icc	<b></b>	0.70	1.00	A	

Note:

- (1) The ripple voltage should be controlled less than 10% of VCC.
- (2)Measurement condition:  $V_{CC}$  rising time=470 $\mu$ s.

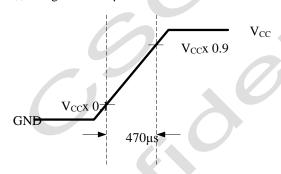
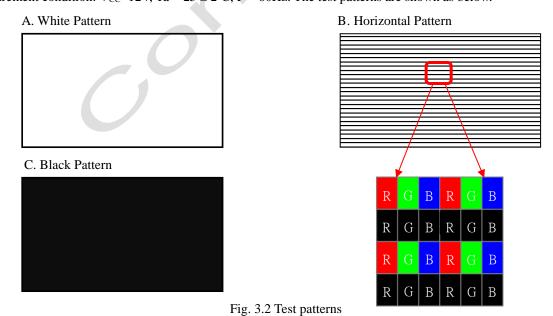


Fig.  $3.1V_{\text{CC}}$  rising time condition

(3)Measurement condition:  $V_{CC}=12V$ ,  $Ta=25\pm2^{\circ}C$ , F=60Hz. The test patterns are shown as below.



### 3.1.2 V by One Characteristic

Parameter		Cumbal		Value			N
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	-	-	+50	mV	
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{TL}$	-50	-	-	mV	
XII.	Intra-pair Skew	TTOSK_intra	-0.3	-	0.3	UI	(1)
V by one Interface	Inter-pair Skew	TTOSK_inter	-5	-	5	UI	(2)
	Spread Spectrum Modulation range	30KHz modulation	-0.5		+0.5	%	(3)
	Differential Input Swing Voltage	V	200		400	mV	
CMOS Interfece	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.4	-	3.3	V	
CMOS Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.6	V	

Note:

(1)Intra-pair skew

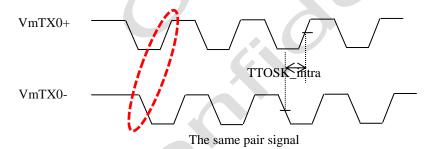


Fig. 3.3 V by one Intra-pair skew

(2)Inter-pair skew

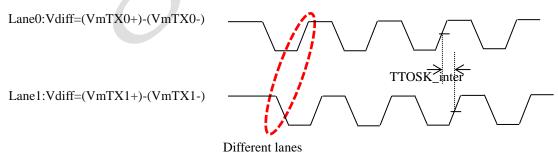


Fig. 3.4V by one Inter-pair skew

(3)The V by one SSM's suggestion is off by default, SOC board must test all validations if SOC board enable the V by one SSM.

### 3.1.3 V by One Input Signal Timing

Item	X(UI)	Y(mV)	Note
A	0.25	0	(1)
В	0.3	50	(1)
С	0.7	50	(1)
D	0.75	0	(1)
Е	0.7	-50	(1)
F	0.3	-50	(1)

Note:

(1)

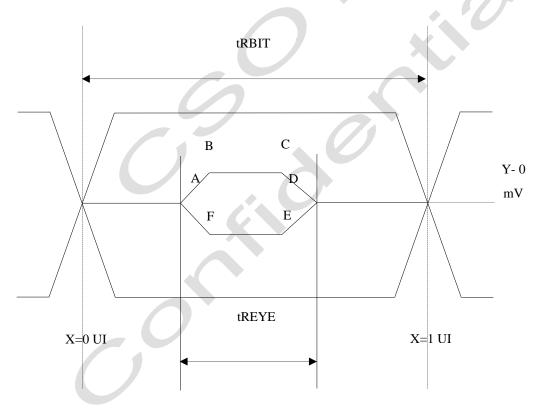


Fig. 3.5 V by one input signal timing

### 3.1.4 Driver IC ESD spec

The Electro-Static Discharge tolerance of Source COF IC is +-2KV tested by ESD Gun. Especially if the LCD module is designed with the Plastic Bezel, we suggest ESD protection solutions should be applied to avoid damaged, as shown in Fig.3.6.

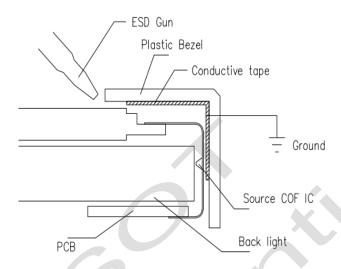


Fig. 3.6 Source COF IC ESD protection

### 3.2 Temperature spec

D		SPEC			T.T., 14	D	NI
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Recommend test pattern	Note
	$T_{TCON}$	-	- 🗶 🤝	100		White	(1)
Surface temperature	$T_{PMIC}$			100	$^{\circ}\!$	White	(1)
	$T_{ m Driver}$	-	-	115		White	(1)

#### Note:

Any point on the IC surface must be less than maximum spec under any conditions, If the surface temperature is out of the spec, thermal solutions should be applied to avoid the damage;

### 4. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

### 4.1 Interface Pin Assignment

CN1:300C51-C00RA-M3-R (Starconn) or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	vcc	Power 12V in	
2	VCC	Power 12V in	
3	VCC	Power 12V in	
4	VCC	Power 12V in	
5	VCC	Power 12V in	
6	VCC	Power 12V in	
7	VCC	Power 12V in	
8	VCC	Power 12V in	
9	NC	No Connection	(3)
10	GND	Ground	
11	GND	Ground	
12	GND	Ground	
13	GND	Ground	
14	GND	Ground	
15	NC	No Connection	(3)
16	NC	No Connection	(3)
17	NC	No Connection	(3)
18	SDA	I2C Serial Data (for adjust VCOM)	(2)
19	SCL	I2C Serial Clock (for adjust VCOM)	(2)
20	WP	Write Protect (High: Write Enable; Low or Open: Write Disable)	(2)
21	NC	No Connection	(3)
22	SET_MODE	Vx1 Data Mapping Selection	(4)
23	BIST_EN	BIST_EN Signal	(5)
24	GND	Ground	
25	HTPDN	Hot Plug Detect	
26	LOCKN	Lock Detect	
27	GND	Ground	
28	Rx0N	Vx1 Lane0-	
29	Rx0P	Vx1 Lane0+	
30	GND	Ground	

31	Rx1N	Vx1 Lane1-
32	Rx1P	Vx1 Lane1+
33	GND	Ground
34	Rx2N	Vx1 Lane2-
35	Rx2P	Vx1 Lane2+
36	GND	Ground
37	Rx3N	Vx1 Lane3-
38	Rx3P	Vx1 Lane3+
39	GND	Ground
40	Rx4N	Vx1 Lane4-
41	Rx4P	Vx1 Lane4+
42	GND	Ground
43	Rx5N	Vx1 Lane5-
44	Rx5P	Vx1 Lane5+
45	GND	Ground
46	Rx6N	Vx1 Lane6-
47	Rx6P	Vx1 Lane6+
48	GND	Ground
49	Rx7N	Vx1 Lane7-
50	Rx7P	Vx1 Lane7+
51	GND	Ground

(1) The direction of pin assignment is shown as below:



Fig. 4.1.1 Connector direction sketch map

#### (2) L = Connect to GND, H = Connect to +3.3V

WP	Note
L or Open	Write Disable
Н	Write Enable

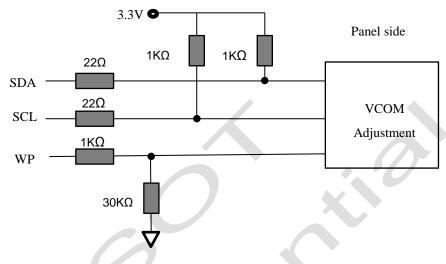
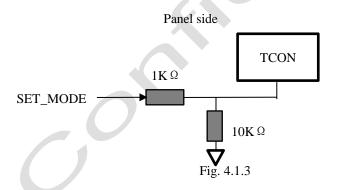


Fig. 4.1.2

- (3) This pin is for CSOT use only, please let it open
- (4) SET\_MODE Signal

This pin is for Vx1 data mapping selection and default setting is shown in fig. 4.1.3, Please let it open.



Both the 1 section and the 2 section data mapping mode are supported, the default setting is 2 section mode, and the SET\_MODE pin can be used to get into 1 section mode. After power on, in the duration of T1, if the SET\_MODE pin receives PWM signal, which the frequency is 1 KHz and the duty is 50%, the T-con will work at 1 section data mapping mode, or the T-con will work at 2 section data mapping mode. The duration of T1 should be more than 300ms and less than 500ms (300ms<T1<500ms). The T-con should be started at 2D 60Hz mode, and the working status shouldn't be changed during the first 2 seconds of power on (T2>2s).

The waveform is shown in fig. 4.1.4:

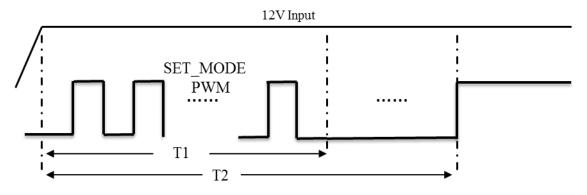


Fig. 4.1.4

### (5) BIST\_EN Signal

L = Connect to GND, H = Connect to +3.3V

BIST_EN	Note
L or Open	Normal Mode (The panel will display black pattern if no signal)
Н	BIST Mode

### (6) Always JEIDA mode

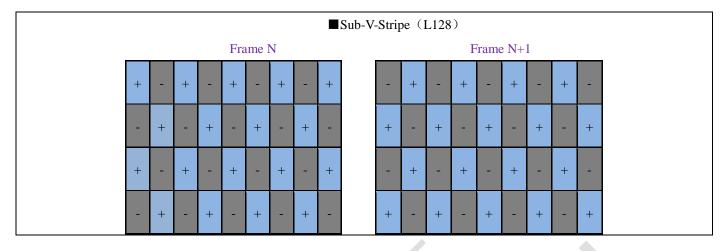
### 4.2 VCOM Adjustment

(a) Flicker should be adjusted by optimizing the Vcom value in customer LCM line through the I2C interface.

(Master & slave = I2C communication)

Pin. NO.	Symbol	Function	Remark						
			Default:0V						
1	TCON_WP	EN	Vcom tunning:3.3V						
			(Shouldn't be communicated with I2C device as output level "5V")						
2	SCL_I I2C Interface		I2C Interface						
3	SDA_I	I2C Interface	I2C Interface						

(b)Flicker should be adjusted the pattern, where are displayed alternately below.



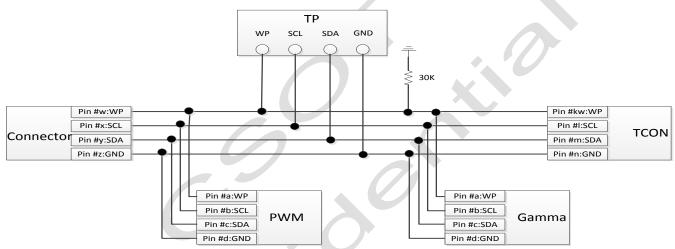
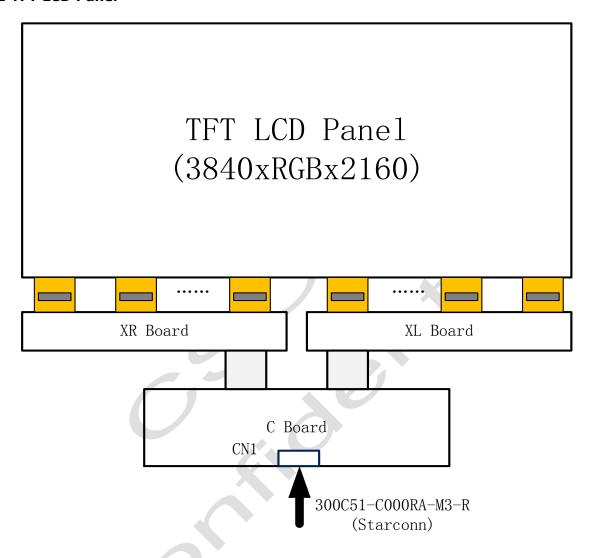


Fig. 4.2 Flicker Adjust Circuit Block Diagram

### 4.3 Block Diagram of Interface

### 4.3.1 TFT LCD Panel



### 4.4 4K2K Data Format

V by One Data Mapping

Area	Lane	Data Stream					
	Lane 0	Pixel 1, 5, 9,,1913, 1917					
Left	Lane 1	Pixel 2, 6, 10,,1914, 1918					
Leit	Lane 2	Pixel 3, 7, 11,,1915, 1919					
	Lane 3	Pixel 4, 8, 12,,1916, 1920					
	Lane 4	Pixel 1921, 1925, 1929,,3833, 3837					
Diale	Lane 5	Pixel 1922, 1926, 1930,,3834, 3838					
Right	Lane 6	Pixel 1923, 1927, 1931,,3835, 3839					
	Lane 7	Pixel 1924, 1928, 1932,3836, 3840					

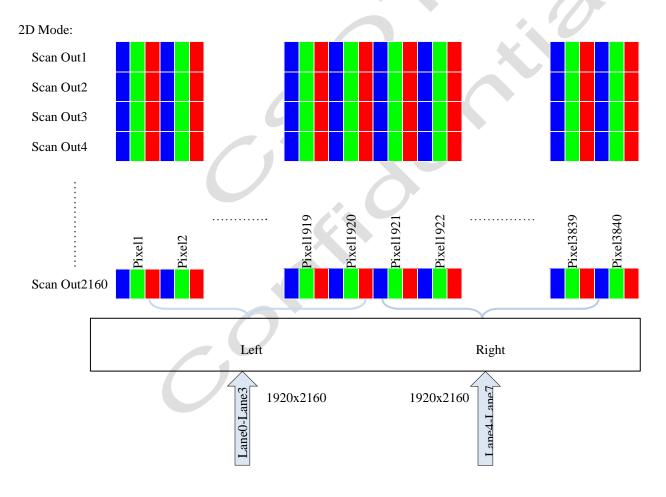


Fig. 4.3 2D data format

### 4.5 Color Data Input Assignment

The brightness of each primary color is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for each color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus.

											Γ	Oata	Sign	nal																	
Data Input (	Color					R	ed									Gr	een					Blue									
Data Input	Color	MS	В	I	SB							MS	В			LS	В					MS	BL	SB							
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В9	В8	В7	В6	В5	В4	В3	В2	В1	во
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	, 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	·	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
GrayScale of Red	:	:	:	:	:.				:		:				77	) …					:	:		:	:	:	:		:	:	:
	Red(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cross colo of Cross	:	:	:	:	::	//			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
GrayScale of Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
GrayScale of Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Grayscale of Bide	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Attention:

0: Low level voltage; 1: High level voltage.

### 5. V-by-One Each Lane Timing Spec

### **5.1 Timing Table (DE Only Mode)**

2D Mode, Frame Rate=60Hz

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Frequency		$F_{\text{CLK}}$ (= 1 / $T_{\text{CLK}}$ )	71.75	74.25	76.75	MHz	(1)
Fr	Frame Rate		58	60	62	Hz	
**	Total	Tv	2200	2250	2350	$T_{\mathrm{H}}$	$T_{V} = T_{VD} + T_{VB}$
Vertical Term	Display	$T_{VD}$		2160			
Term	Blank	$T_{VB}$	40	90	190	$T_{\mathrm{H}}$	
	Total	$T_{\mathrm{H}}$	540	550	600	T <sub>CLK</sub>	$T_{\rm H} = T_{\rm HD} + T_{\rm HB}$
Horizontal Term	Display	$T_{HD}$		480	<b>*</b>		
TOTHI	Blank	T <sub>HB</sub>	60	70	120	T <sub>CLK</sub>	

### 2D Mode, Frame Rate=50Hz

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Fı	$F_{CLK}$ (= 1 / $T_{CLK}$ )	71.75	74.25	76.75	MHz	(1)	
Fr	ame Rate	F	48	50	52	Hz	
***	Total	Tv	2200	2700	2760	$T_{\mathrm{H}}$	$T_{V} = T_{VD} + T_{VB}$
Vertical Term	Display	$T_{VD}$	>	2160		$T_{\mathrm{H}}$	
Term	Blank	$T_{VB}$	40	540	600	$T_{\mathrm{H}}$	
***	Total	T <sub>H</sub>	540	550	600	$T_{CLK}$	$T_{H} = T_{HD} + T_{HB} \label{eq:THD}$
Horizontal Term	Display	$T_{HD}$		480		$T_{\text{CLK}}$	
Term	Blank	$T_{HB}$	60	70	120	$T_{CLK}$	

### Attention:

The module is operated in DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signal have no effect on normal operation.

Note:

(1) Please make sure the range of pixel clock follows the following equations:

 $Fclkin(max){\geq}Fmax{\times}Tv{\times}Th$ 

Fmin×Tv×Th≥Fclkin(min)

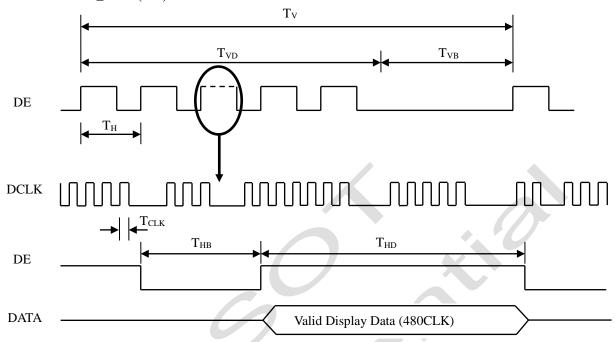


Fig. 5.1 Interface signal timing diagram

### 5.2 Power On/Off Sequence

### 5.2.1 Power On/Off Sequence diagram

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off change signal sequence should be as the diagram below.

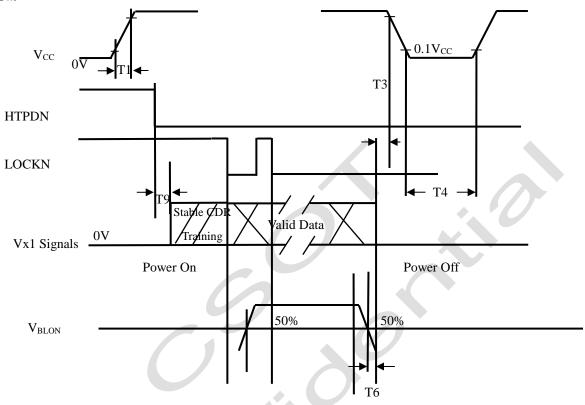
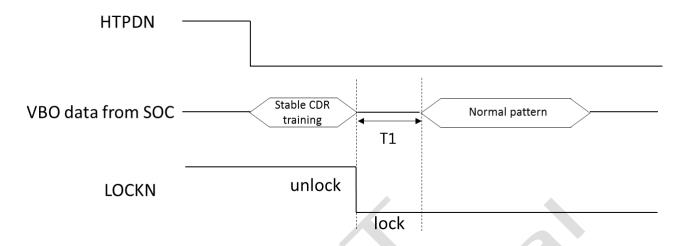


Fig. 5.2 Power on/off change signal sequence

Downwater		Unit		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
T1	0.5	-	10.0	ms
Т3	0	-	-	ms
T4	1000	-	-	ms
Т6	100	-	-	ms
Т9	0	-	-	ms

#### 5.2.2 CDR training



Item	Definition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
T1	Time from LOCKN low to the transmitter of normal pattern		-	300	us

#### Attention:

- (1) Apply the light bar voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (2)In case that  $V_{CC}$  is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance. If T2<0, that may cause electrical overstress.
- (3) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (4) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (5) The product should be always operated within above ranges.
- (7) During the first 2s after T5, the T-con's output is black pattern.

### 6. Optical Characteristics

#### **6.1 Measurement Conditions**

The table below is the test condition of optical measurement.

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	$T_{A}$	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	$H_A$	50±10	% RH			
Driving Signal	Refer to the typical value in Chapter 3: Electrical Specification					
Vertical Refresh Rate	F <sub>R</sub>	60	Hz			

To avoid abrupt temperature change during optical measurement, it's suggested to warm up the LCD module more than 60 minutes after lighting the backlight and in the windless environment.

To measure the LCD module, it is suggested to set up the standard measurement system as Fig. 7.1. The measuring area S should contain at least 500 pixels of the LCD module as illustrated in Fig. 7.2 (A means the area allocated to one pixel). In this model, for example, the minimum measuring distance Z is 370 mm when  $\theta$  is 2 degree. Hence, 500 mm is the typical measuring distance. This measuring condition is referred to 301-2H of VESA FPDM 2.0 about viewing distance, angle, and angular field of view definition.

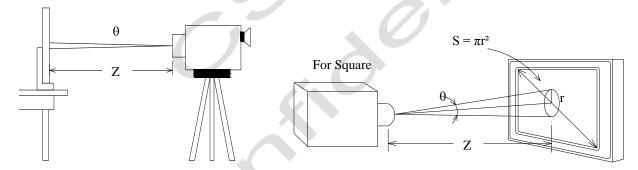


Fig. 6.1 The standard set-up system of measurement

Fig. 6.2 The area S contains at least 500 pixels to be measured

$$N = \frac{S}{A} \geqslant 500 \text{ pixels}$$

N means the actual number of the pixels in the area S.

### **6.2 Optical Specifications**

The table below of optical characteristics is measured by MINOLTA CS2000, MINOLTA CA310, ELDIM OPTI Scope-SA and ELDIM EZ contrast in dark room.

Ite	m	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Static Contrast R	atio	CR		-	5000	-	-	(1) (2)
Response Time		$T_{ m L}$		-	9.5	-	ms	(3) OPTI Scope-
Center Transmitt	ance	Т%	$\theta_{H} = 0^{\circ},  \theta_{V} = 0^{\circ}$	<	4.8			Simulated by using D65 illuminant and cell transmittance spectrum
Gamma		-	Normal direction at center point of ST5461D08-1(Based on CSOT's flat BLU	1.9	2.2	2.5	-	Base on 50~128 gray, and CSOT will continuously monitor
Crosstalk		CT	of MT5461D02-7&	-	7-	4%	-	(2) (5)
	Red	R <sub>X</sub>	CSOT's Control Board, except for center transmittance)		0.635		-	
	Green	$G_X$			0.334		-	
Color Chromaticity		$G_{\mathrm{Y}}$ $B_{\mathrm{X}}$		Typ 0.03	0.629 0.153	Typ. + 0.03	-	(2) (7)
(CIE1931)	Blue	B <sub>Y</sub>			0.066		-	
	White	W <sub>X</sub>			0.274 0.308		-	
	Color Gamut	CG		-	72	-	% NTSC	(2) (7)
	Horizontal	$\theta_{\mathrm{H}+}$		-	89°	-		
Viewing Angle	***	$\theta_{H^{-}}$ $\theta_{V^{+}}$	CR ≥ 10	-	89° 89°	-	Deg.	(8)
	Vertical	$\theta_{ ext{V-}}$		-	89°	-		

### Note:

(1) Definition of static contrast ratio (CR):

It's necessary to switch off all the dynamic and dimming function when measuring the static contrast ratio.

Static Contrast Ratio (CR) = 
$$\frac{\text{CR-W}}{\text{CR-D}}$$

CR-W is the luminance measured by LMD (light-measuring device) at the center point of the LCD module with full-screen displaying white. The standard setup of measurement is illustrated in Fig. 6.3; CR-D is the luminance measured by LMD at the center point of the LCD module with full-screen displaying black.

(2) The LMD in the item could be a spectroradiometer such as (KONICA MINOLTA) CS2000, CS1000, (TOPCON) SR-UL2 or the same level spectroradiometer. Other display color analyzer (KONICA MINOLTA) CA210, CA310 or (TOPCON) BM-7 could be involved after being calibrated with a spectroradiometer on each stage of a product.

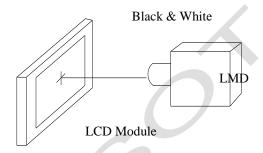


Fig. 6.3 The standard setup of CR measurement

(3) Response time  $T_L$  is defined as the average transition time in the response time matrix. The table below is the response time matrix in which each element  $t_{X \text{ to } Y}$  is the transition time from luminance ratio X to Y. X and Y are two different luminance ratios among 0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100% luminance. The transition time  $t_{X \text{ to } Y}$  is defined as the time taken from 10% to 90% of the luminance difference between X and Y (X < Y) as illustrated in Fig6.4. When X > Y, the definition of  $t_{X \text{ to } Y}$  is the time taken from 90% to 10% of the luminance difference between X and Y. The response time is optimized on refresh rate  $F_R = 60$ Hz.

Meası	ıred	Luminance Ratio of Previous Frame									
Transition Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%					
	0%		t <sub>25% to 0%</sub>	t <sub>50% to 0%</sub>	t <sub>75% to 0%</sub>	t <sub>100% to 0%</sub>					
Luminance	25%	t <sub>0% to 25%</sub>		t <sub>50% to 25%</sub>	t <sub>75% to 25%</sub>	t <sub>100% to 25%</sub>					
Ratio of	50%	t <sub>0% to</sub> 50%	t <sub>25% to 50%</sub>		t <sub>75% to 50%</sub>	t <sub>100% to</sub> 50%					
Current Frame	75%	t <sub>0% to 75%</sub>	t <sub>25% to 75%</sub>	t <sub>50% to 75%</sub>		t <sub>100% to 75%</sub>					
	100%	t <sub>0% to 100%</sub>	t <sub>25% to 100%</sub>	t <sub>50% to 100%</sub>	t <sub>75% to 100%</sub>						

 $t_{X \text{ to } Y}$  means the transition time from luminance ratio X to Y.

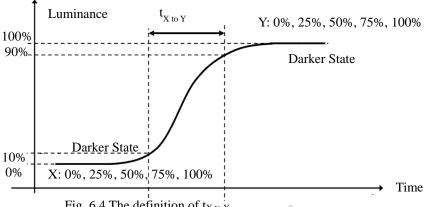


Fig. 6.4 The definition of  $t_{X \text{ to } Y}$ 

All the transition time is measured at the center point of the LCD module by ELDIM OPTI Scope-SA

#### (4) Definition of center Transmittance (T %):

The transmittance is measured with full white pattern (Gray 255)

(5) Definition of crosstalk:

$$CT-2D = \frac{|Y_B-Y_A|}{|Y_A|} \times 100(\%)$$

 $YA = \frac{\text{C1-2D}}{\text{YA}} \times 100(\%)$  YA = Luminance of measured location without gray level 255 pattern (cd/m²)

YB = Luminance of measured location with gray level 255 pattern(cd/m<sup>2</sup>)

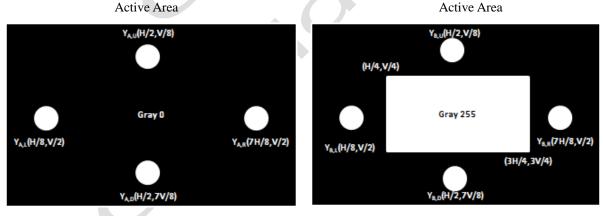


Fig. 6.5 The definition of 2D mode crosstalk

#### (7) Definition of color chromaticity:

Each chromaticity coordinates (x, y) are measured in CIE1931 color space when full-screen displaying primary color R, G, B and white. The color gamut is defined as the fraction in percent of the area of the triangle bounded by R, G, B coordinates and the area is defined by NTSC 1953 color standard in the CIE color space. Chromaticity coordinates are measured by CS2000 and the standard setup of measurement is shown in Fig. 6.7.

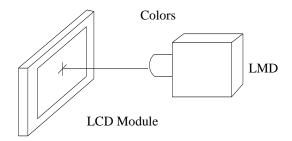


Fig. 6.7 The standard setup of color chromaticity measurement

### (8) Definition of viewing angle coordinate system ( $\theta_H$ , $\theta_V$ ):

The contrast ratio is measured at the center point of the LCD module. The viewing angles are defined at the angle that the contrast ratio is larger than 10 at four directions relative to the perpendicular direction of the LCD module (two vertical angles: up  $\theta_{V+}$  and down  $\theta_{V-}$ ; and two horizontal angles: right  $\theta_{H+}$  and left  $\theta_{H-}$ ) as illustrated in Fig. 6.8. The contrast ratio is measured by ELDIM EZ Contrast.

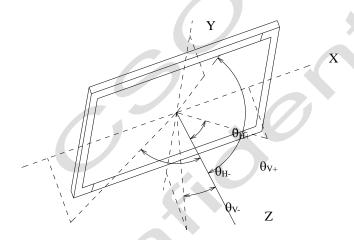
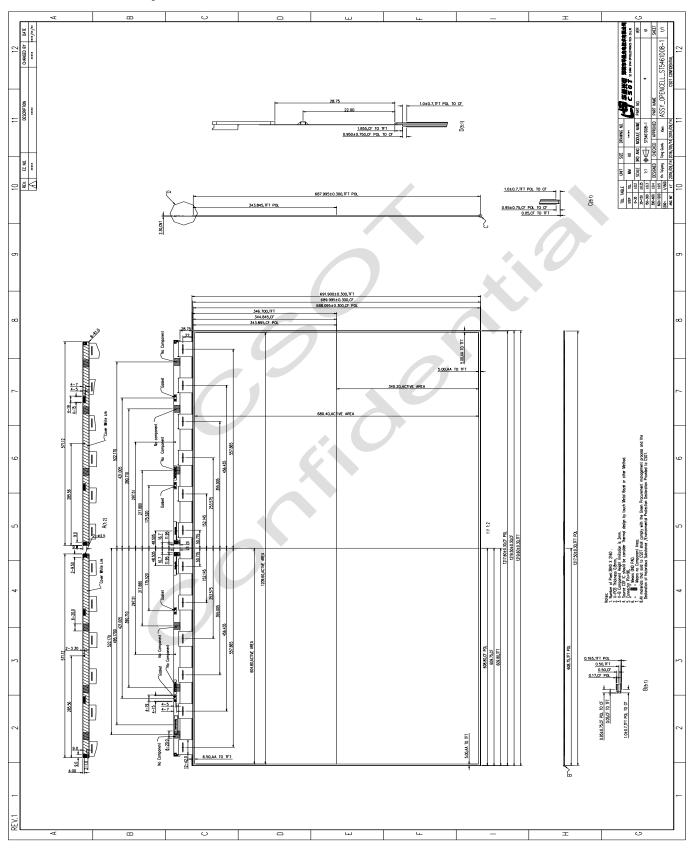


Fig. 6.8 Viewing angle coordination system

### 7. Mechanical Characteristics

### 7.1Mechanical Specification



### 7.2 Packing Specifications and Method

T4	Specification							
Item	Quantity Dimension (mm)		Weight (kg)					
Dacking Day	16nog/hov	1264 (L) * 1064 (W) * 154 (U)	Net Weight: 42 (Max.)					
Packing Box	16pcs/box	1364 (L) * 1064 (W) * 154 (H)	Gross Weight: 47 (Max.)					
Pallet	1	1420 (L) * 1120 (W) * 144 (H)	Net Weight: 20					
Stack Layer	7	Boxes per Pallet	7					
Pallet after Packing	112pcs/pallet	1420 (L) * 1120 (W) * 1012 (H)	Gross Weight: 350					

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Pol Protect Film Surface Resistance	10^6 ~10^9	ohm/sq	7 - Y
Packing Material Surface Resistance	10^6~10^9	ohm/sq	-

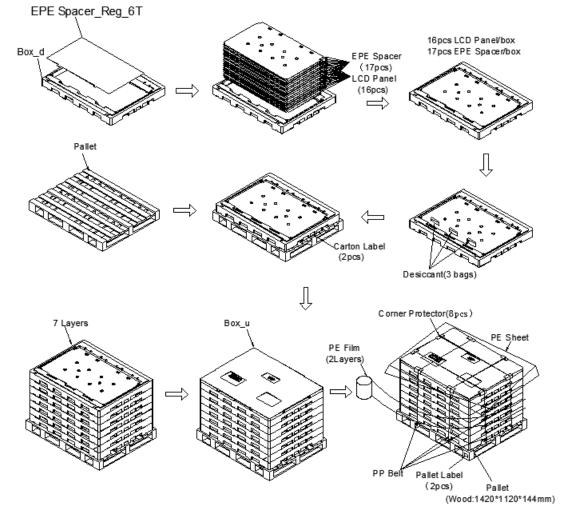
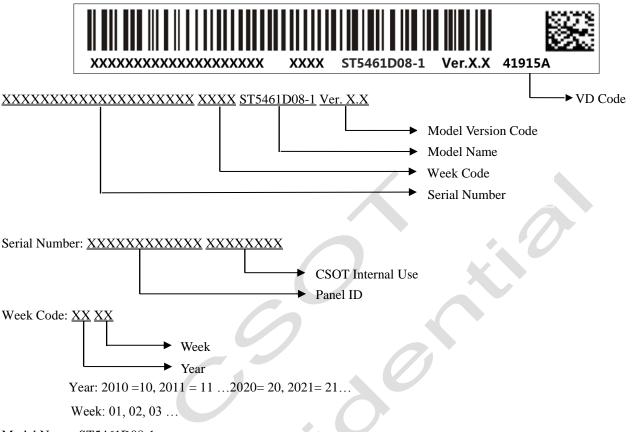


Fig. 7.1 The packing method

### 8. Definition of Labels

### 8.1 Open Cell Label



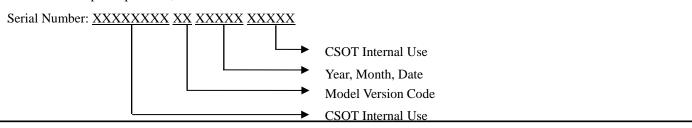
Model Name: ST5461D08-1

Ver.X.X: Version, for example: 0.1, 0.2, ..., 1.1, 1.2, ..., 2.1, 2.2, ...

#### 8.2 Carton Label



For RoHS compliant products, CSOT will add RoHS for identification.



#### Manufactured Date:

Year: 2010 = 10, 2011 = 11...2020 = 20, 2021 = 21...

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

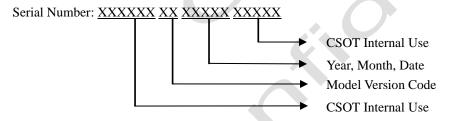
Date: 01~31, for 1st to 31st

Model Version Code: Version of product, for example: 01, 02, 11, 12...

#### 8.3 Pallet Label



Model Name: ST5461D08-1



#### 9. Precautions

### 9.1 Assembly and Handling Precautions

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application only.
- (2) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the open cell during assembly.
- (3) It is recommended to assemble or install a open cell into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical shorter damage the polarizer.
- (4) Do not apply pressure or impulse to the open cell to prevent the damage to the open cell.
- (5) Always follow the correct power-on sequence. This can prevent the damage and latch-up to the LSI chips.
- (6) Do not plug in or pull out the interface connector while the open cell is in operation.
- (7) Use soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily be scratched.
- (8) Moisture can easily penetrate into the open cell and may cause the damage during operation.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may deteriorate the performance of the open cell. Please store open cell in the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C, the display quality might be deteriorated. For example, the response time will become slow.

### 9.2 Safety Precautions

- (1) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (2) After the open cell end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.
- (3) CSOT follow VD test method can pass 14hrs DC stress, it equal lifetime 30000hrs(there will be no black fog mura which caused by Von margin fail(<10V), black fog: on 25% Gray Pattern, Luminace of mura area <60% Luminace of panel center)