

Features

- Low on voltage drop (V_{CESAT})
- Short-circuit withstand time 10 μ s

Applications

- High frequency motor controls
- SMPS and PFC in both hard switch and resonant topologies
- Motor drives

Description

This device utilizes the advanced Power MESH™ process resulting in an excellent trade-off between switching performance and low on-state behavior.

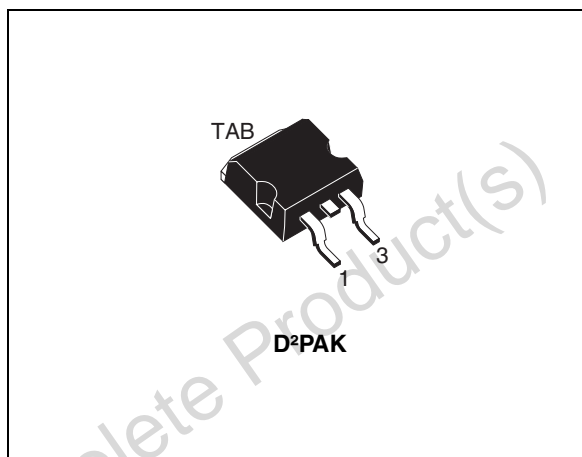


Figure 1. Internal schematic diagram

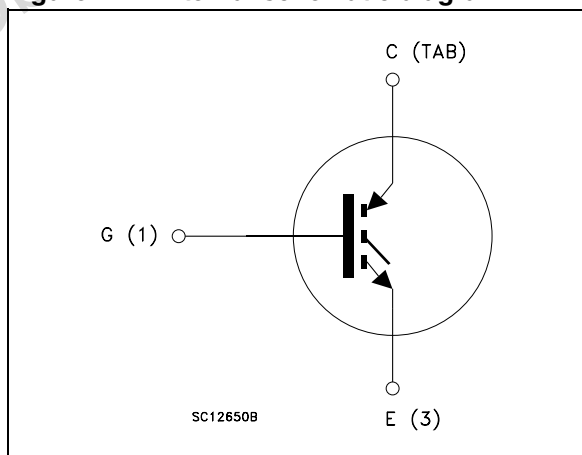


Table 1. Device summary

Part number	Marking	Package	Packaging
STGB10NC60KT4	GB10NC60K	D²PAK	Tape and reel

1 Electrical ratings

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CES}	Collector-emitter voltage ($V_{GE} = 0$)	600	V
$I_C^{(1)}$	Continuous collector current at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	20	A
$I_C^{(1)}$	Continuous collector current at $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	10	A
$I_{CL}^{(2)}$	Turn-off latching current	30	A
$I_{CP}^{(3)}$	Pulsed collector current	30	A
V_{GE}	Gate-emitter voltage	± 20	V
P_{TOT}	Total dissipation at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	65	W
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	- 55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_J	Operating junction temperature		
t_{SCW}	Short-circuit withstand time ($V_{CE} = 0.5 V_{CES}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 10 \Omega$, $V_{GE} = 12 \text{ V}$)	10	μs

1. Calculated according to the iterative formula:

$$I_C(T_C) = \frac{T_{j(\max)} - T_C}{R_{thj-c} \times V_{CE(\text{sat})(\max)}(T_{j(\max)}, I_C(T_C))}$$

2. $V_{\text{clamp}} = 80 \% V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 10 \Omega$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

3. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature and turn-off within RBSOA

Table 3. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R_{thJC}	Thermal resistance junction-case	1.9	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thJA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	62.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

2 Electrical characteristics

$T_J = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Table 4. Static

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ($V_{GE} = 0$)	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$	600			V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A}, T_J = 125\text{ °C}$		2.2 1.8	2.5	V V
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	4.5		6.5	V
I_{CES}	Collector cut-off current ($V_{GE} = 0$)	$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ °C}$			150 1	μA mA
I_{GES}	Gate-emitter leakage current ($V_{CE} = 0$)	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$			± 100	nA
$g_{fs}^{(1)}$	Forward transconductance	$V_{CE} = 15\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A}$		15		S

1. Pulse test: pulse duration < 300 μs , duty cycle < 2 %.

Table 5. Dynamic

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
C_{ies}	Input capacitance			380		pF
C_{oes}	Output capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz},$ $V_{GE} = 0$		46		pF
C_{res}	Reverse transfer capacitance			8.5		pF
Q_g	Total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 390\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A},$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V},$ (see Figure 17)		19		nC
Q_{ge}	Gate-emitter charge			5		nC
Q_{gc}	Gate-collector charge			9		nC

Table 6. Switching on/off (inductive load)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{CC} = 390\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A}$		17		ns
t_r	Current rise time	$R_G = 10\text{ }\Omega, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V},$ (see Figure 18)		6		ns
$(di/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on current slope			655		A/ μs
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{CC} = 390\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A}$		16.5		ns
t_r	Current rise time	$R_G = 10\text{ }\Omega, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ °C}$ (see Figure 18)		6.5		ns
$(di/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on current slope			575		A/ μs
$t_r(V_{off})$	Off voltage rise time	$V_{CC} = 390\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A},$ $R_{GE} = 10\text{ }\Omega, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V},$ (see Figure 18)		33		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time			72		ns
t_f	Current fall time			82		ns
$t_r(V_{off})$	Off voltage rise time	$V_{CC} = 390\text{ V}, I_C = 5\text{ A},$ $R_{GE} = 10\text{ }\Omega, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ °C}$ (see Figure 18)		60		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time			106		ns
t_f	Current fall time			136		ns

Table 7. Switching energy (inductive load)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$E_{on}^{(1)}$	Turn-on switching losses	$V_{CC} = 390V, I_C = 5A$		55		μJ
$E_{off}^{(2)}$	Turn-off switching losses	$R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$		85		μJ
E_{ts}	Total switching losses	(see Figure 18)		140		μJ
$E_{on}^{(1)}$	Turn-on switching losses	$V_{CC} = 390V, I_C = 5A$		87		μJ
$E_{off}^{(2)}$	Turn-off switching losses	$R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = 15V,$		162		μJ
E_{ts}	Total switching losses	$T_j = 125^\circ C$ (see Figure 18)		249		μJ

1. E_{on} is the turn-on losses when a typical diode is used in the test circuit in figure 2. If the IGBT is offered in a package with a co-pak diode, the co-pak diode is used as external diode. IGBTs & Diode are at the same temperature (25°C and 125°C)
2. Turn-off losses include also the tail of the collector current

2.1 Electrical characteristics (curves)

Figure 2. Output characteristics

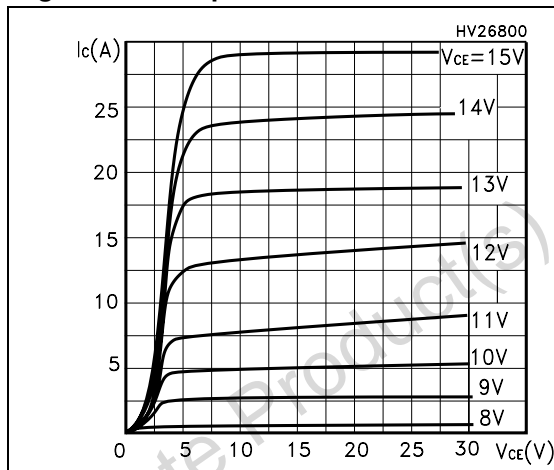


Figure 3. Transfer characteristics

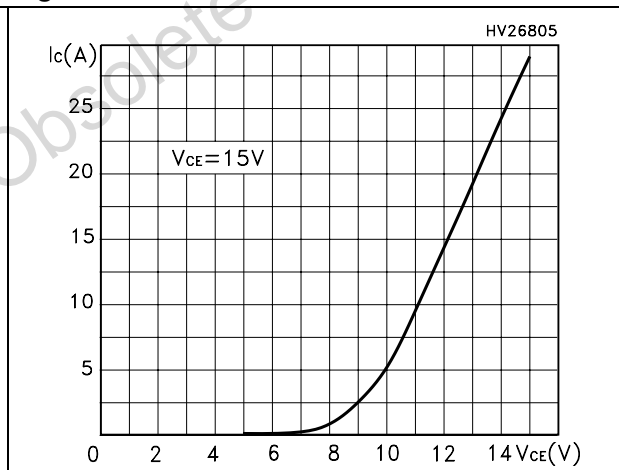


Figure 4. Transconductance

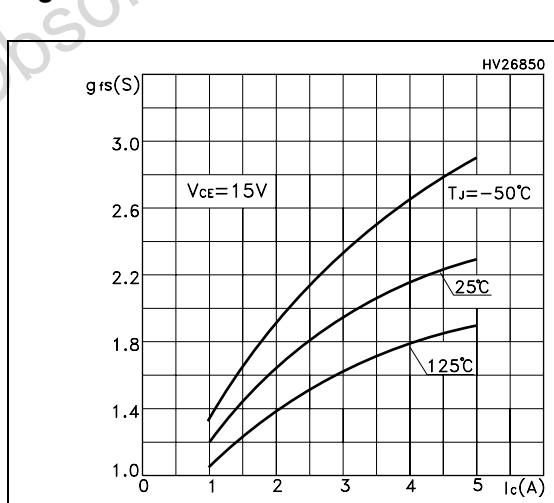


Figure 5. Collector-emitter on voltage vs temperature

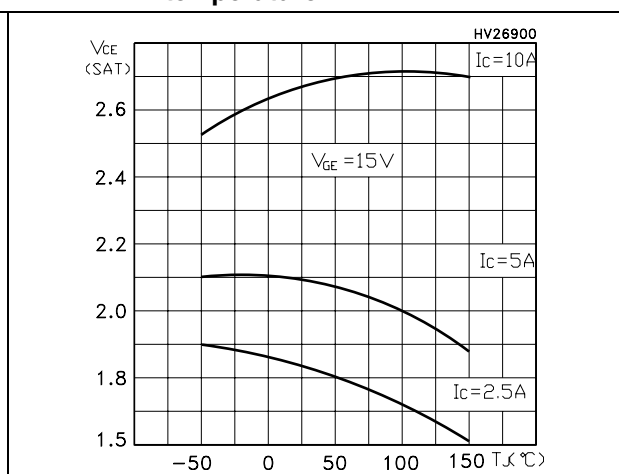


Figure 6. Gate charge vs. gate-source voltage

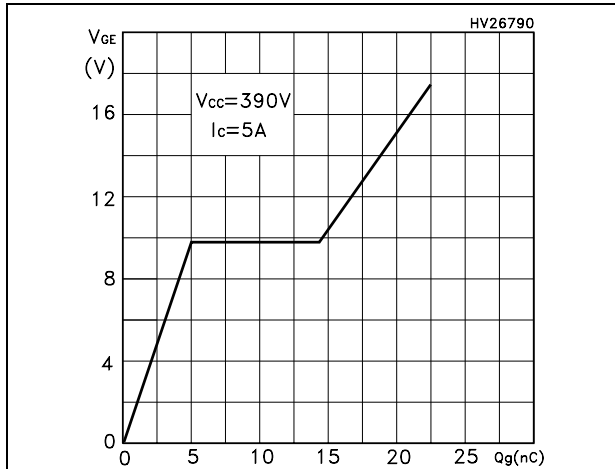


Figure 7. Capacitance variations

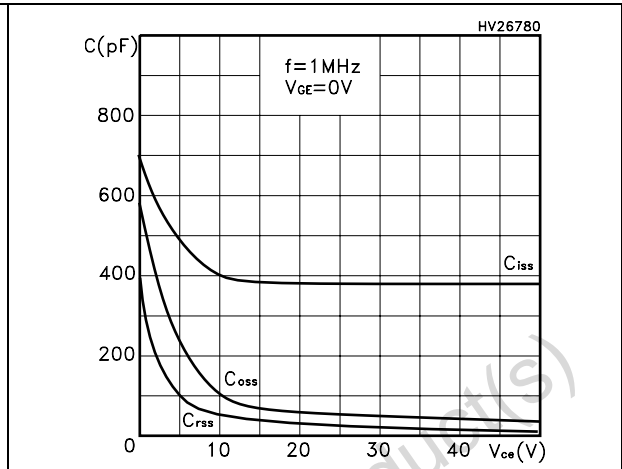


Figure 8. Normalized gate threshold voltage vs. temperature

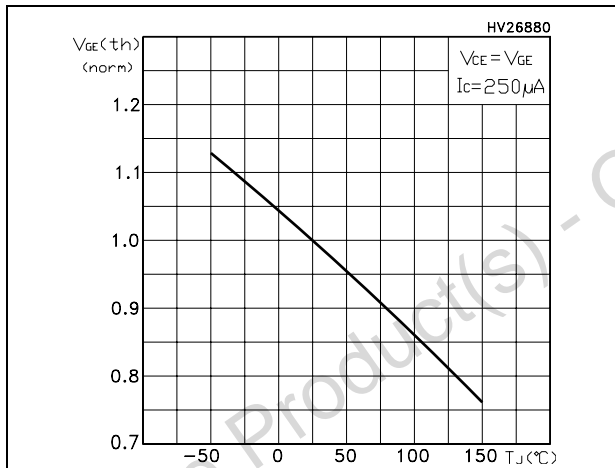


Figure 9. Collector-emitter on voltage vs collector current

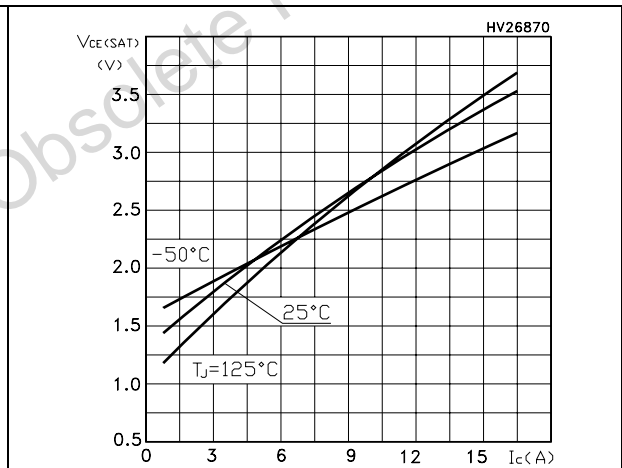


Figure 10. Normalized breakdown voltage vs temperature

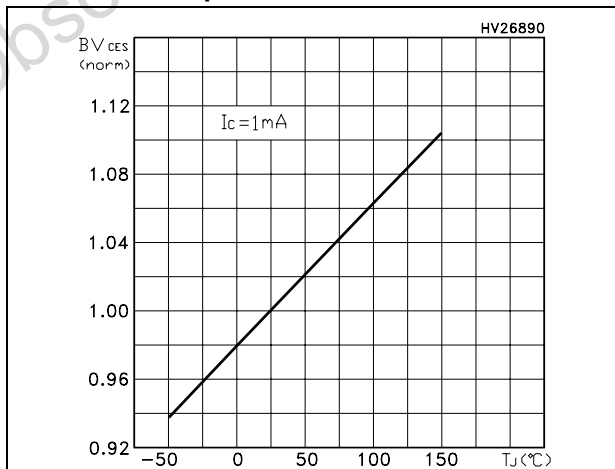


Figure 11. Switching losses vs temperature

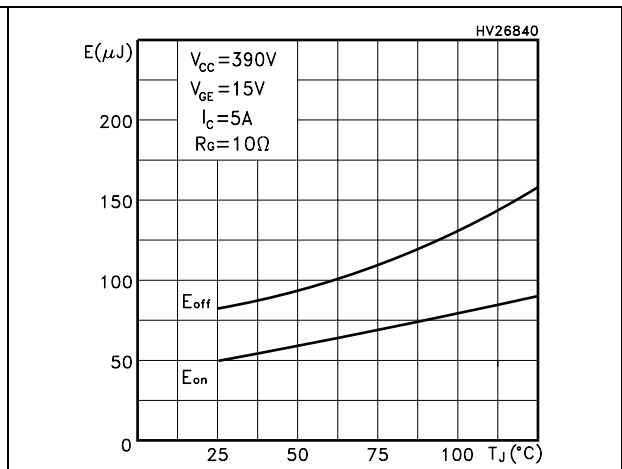


Figure 12. Switching losses vs. gate resistance

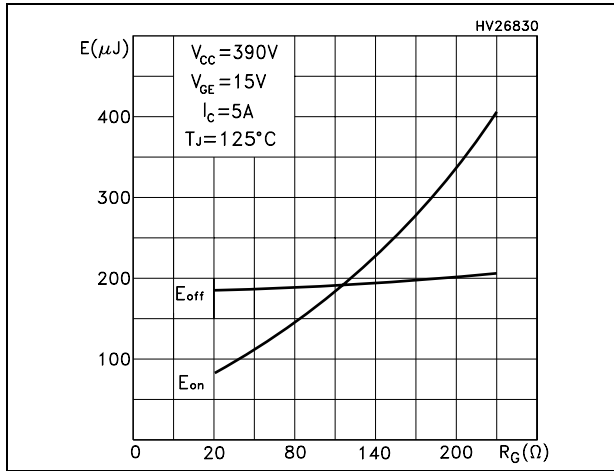


Figure 13. Switching losses vs collector current

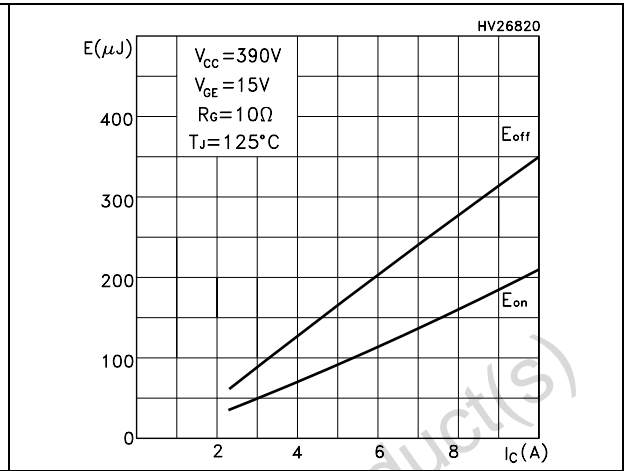


Figure 14. Thermal impedance

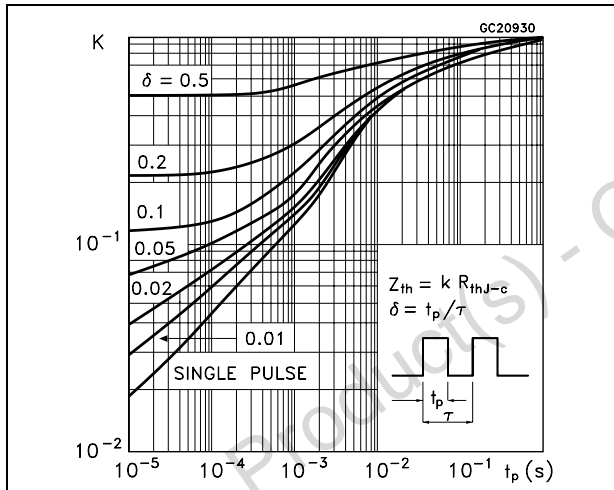
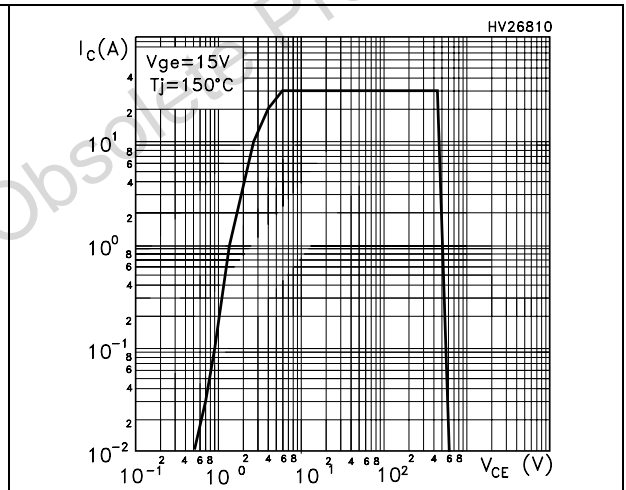


Figure 15. Turn-off SOA



3 Test circuits

Figure 16. Test circuit for inductive load switching

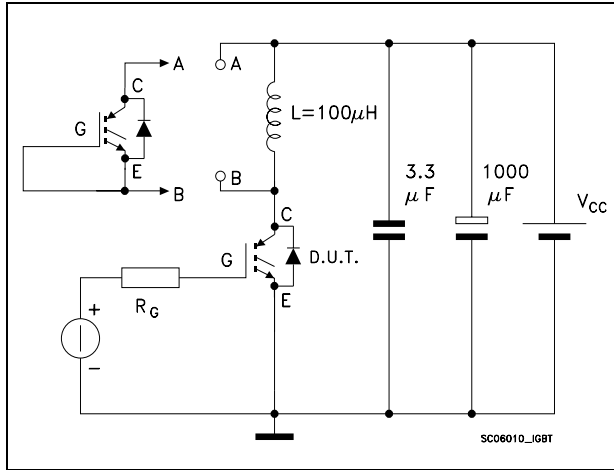


Figure 17. Gate charge test circuit

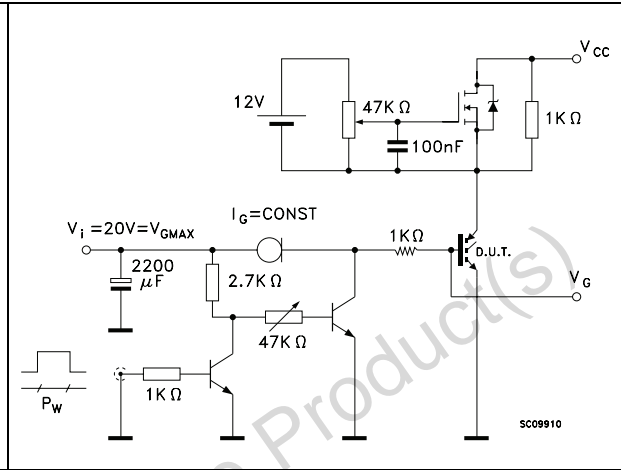
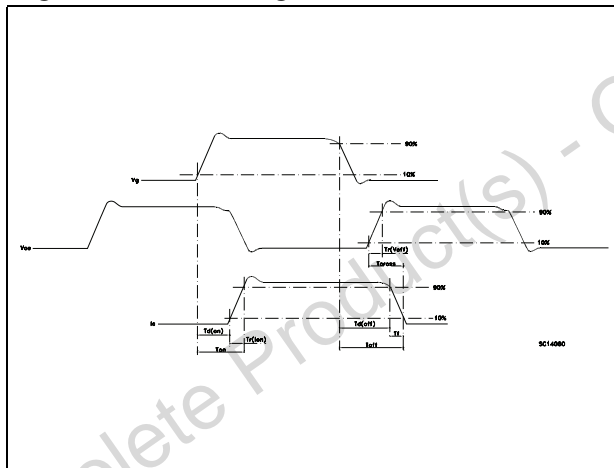


Figure 18. Switching waveform



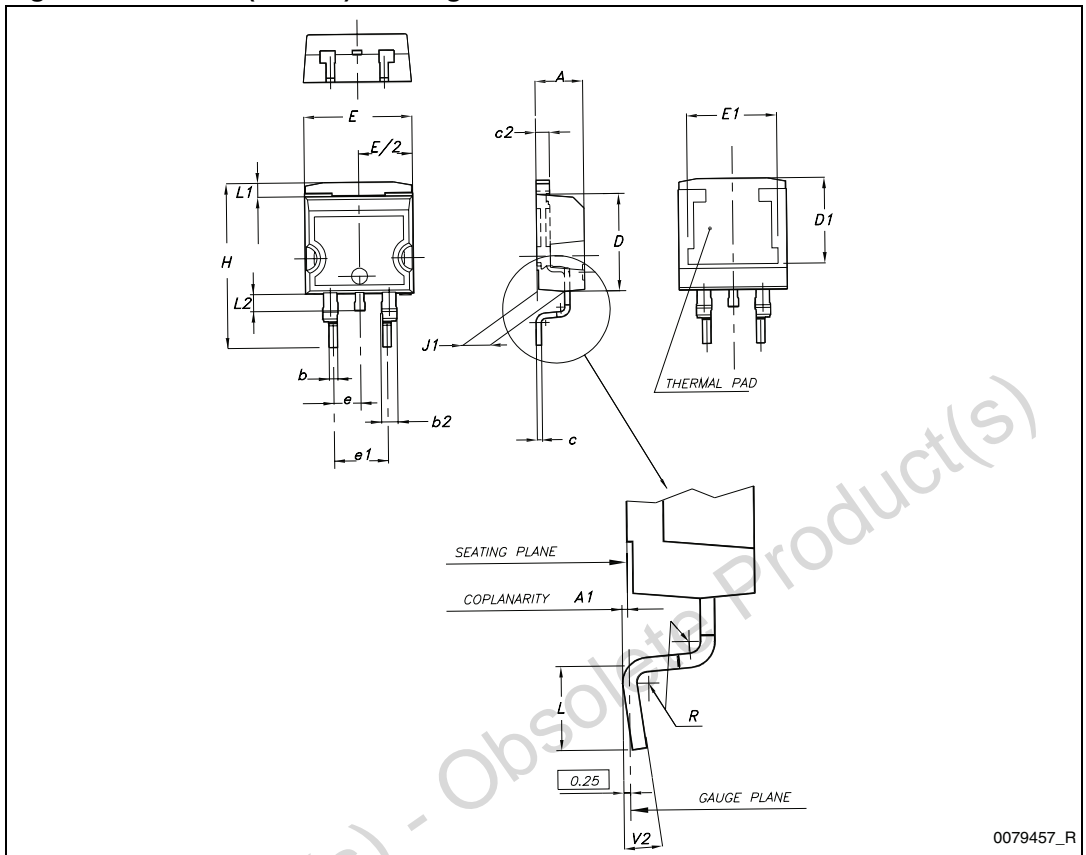
4 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

Table 8. D²PAK (TO-263) mechanical data

Dim.	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	4.40		4.60
A1	0.03		0.23
b	0.70		0.93
b2	1.14		1.70
c	0.45		0.60
c2	1.23		1.36
D	8.95		9.35
D1	7.50		
E	10		10.40
E1	8.50		
e		2.54	
e1	4.88		5.28
H	15		15.85
J1	2.49		2.69
L	2.29		2.79
L1	1.27		1.40
L2	1.30		1.75
R		0.4	
V2	0°		8°

Figure 19. D²PAK (TO-263) drawing



5 Revision history

Table 9. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
21-Nov-2005	1	New release
06-Dic-2005	2	Inserted row on Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings
08-Feb-2007	3	Description has been updated
24-Feb-2011	4	Updated package mechanical data Table 8. on page 8 and Figure 19. on page 9

Obsolete Product(s) - Obsolete Product(s)

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