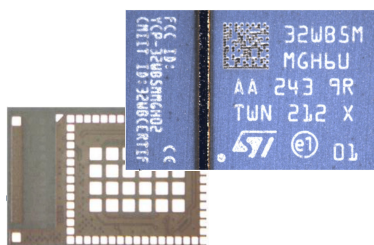


Bluetooth® Low Energy 5.4 and 802.15.4 module



These pictures are not contractual

Product status link

[STM32WB5MMG](#)

Product summary

Order code	STM32WB5MMG
Temperature range	-40 °C to 85 °C
Package	LGA86L 7.3 × 11
Package dimensions (mm)	7.3 x 11 x 1.382 x 0.450 pitch
Packaging	Tape and reel



R217-220682



CCAN20LP0740T3



R-R-2AS-32WB5MMGH002

Features

- Includes STMicroelectronics state-of-the-art patented technology
- Integrated chip antenna
- Bluetooth® Low Energy 5.4, Zigbee® 3.0, OpenThread certified
- Dynamic and static concurrent modes
- IEEE 802.15.4-2011 MAC PHY
- Supports 2 Mbits/s
- Frequency band 2402-2480 MHz
- Advertising extension
- Tx output power up to +6 dBm
- Rx sensitivity: -96 dBm (Bluetooth® Low Energy at 1 Mbps), -100 dBm (802.15.4)
- Range: up to 75 meters
- Dedicated Arm® Cortex®-M0+ CPU for radio and security tasks
- Dedicated Arm® Cortex®-M4 CPU with FPU and ART (adaptive real-time accelerator) up to 64 MHz speed
- 1-Mbyte flash memory, 256-Kbyte SRAM
- Fully integrated BOM, including 32 MHz radio and 32 kHz RTC crystals
- Integrated SMPS
- Ultra-low-power modes for battery longevity
- 68 GPIOs
- SWD, JTAG
- Integrated IPD for best-in-class and reliable antenna matching
- 1.71 V to 3.6 V V_{DD} range
- -40°C to 85°C temperature range
- Built-in security features, such as: secure firmware installation (SFI) for radio stack, customer key storage/key management services, PKA, AES 256-bit, TRNG, PCROP, CRC, 96-bit UID, possibility to derive 802.15.4 and Bluetooth® Low Energy 48-bit UEI
- Certifications: CE, FCC, IC, JRF, SRRC, RoHS, REACH, GOST, KC, NCC
- Two-layer PCB compatibility (using external raw pins only)

Application

- Lighting and home automation
- Wireless audio devices
- Wellness, healthcare, personal trackers
- Gaming and toys
- Smart locks
- Beacons and accessories
- Industrial

1 Introduction

This datasheet provides the ordering information and mechanical device characteristics of the STM32WB5MMG module.

This document must be read in conjunction with *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® 5.4 and 802.15.4 radio solution* (DS11929) and *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® Low Energy and 802.15.4 radio solution* (RM0434). Both documents are available from the STMicroelectronics website at www.st.com.

For information on the device errata with respect to the datasheet and reference manual, refer to the *STM32WB5MMG errata sheet* (ES0525), available on the STMicroelectronics website www.st.com.

For information on the Arm® Cortex® cores, refer to the Cortex® Technical Reference Manual, available from the www.arm.com website.

Note: *Arm is a registered trademark of Arm Limited (or its subsidiaries) in the US and/or elsewhere.*



2 Description

STM32WB5MMG is an ultra-low-power and small form factor certified 2.4 GHz wireless module. It supports Bluetooth® Low Energy 5.4, Zigbee® 3.0, OpenThread, dynamic, and static concurrent modes, and 802.15.4 proprietary protocols. Based on the STMicroelectronics STM32WB55VGY wireless microcontroller, STM32WB5MMG provides best-in-class RF performance thanks to its high receiver sensitivity and output power signal. Its low-power features enable extended battery life, small coin-cell batteries, and energy harvesting.

STM32WB5MMG revision Y is based on cut 2.1 of the STM32WB55VGY microcontroller. Revision X is based on cut 2.2.

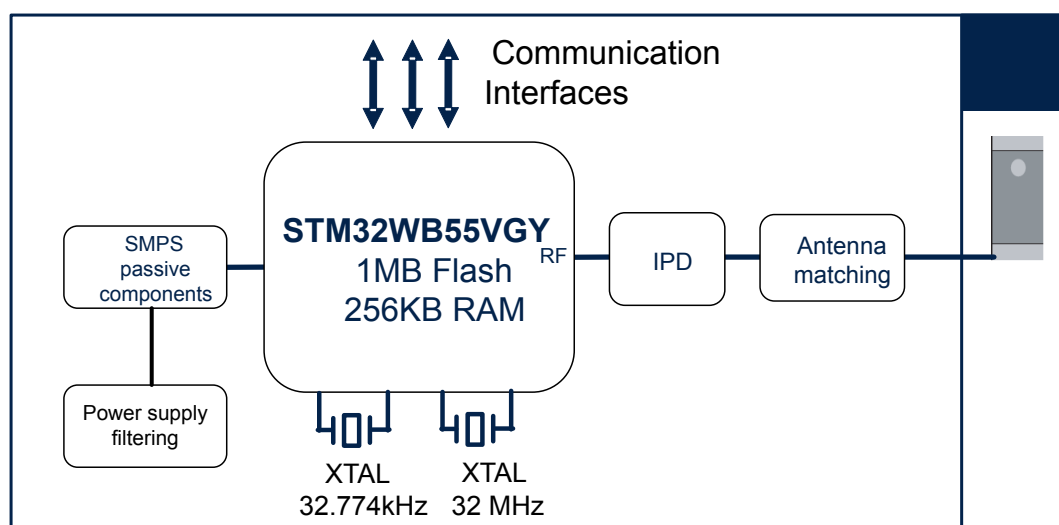
STM32WB5MMG requires no RF expertise and is the best way to speed up any development and reduce associated costs. The module is completely protocol stack royalty-free.

3 Module overview

The module is an SiP-LGA86 package (system in package land grid array) that integrates the proven STM32WB55VGY MCU with several external components. The package includes:

- LSE crystal
- HSE crystal
- Passive components for SMPS
- Antenna matching and antenna
- IPD for RF matching and harmonics rejection

Figure 1. STM32WB5MMG module block diagram



DT63524V1

3.1 Versions

The STM32WB5MMG is shipped in two finished goods versions. In this datasheet they are referred to as versions X and Y. X is the more recent version. The product version is identified by the package marking with X or Y as shown in [Section 9.3: Device marking for SiP-LGA86](#).

3.2 Power supply

The power supply requirements are identical to regular STM32WB55xx and described in the datasheet. Filtering capacitors on power supply pins and components for the SMPS are already integrated into the module.

Note: An additional capacitor of 4.7 μ F may be needed to eliminate ripple from the power supply. Refer to the application note *Development of RF hardware using STM32WB microcontrollers (AN5165)*.

3.2.1 SMPS

SMPS can be set to either ON or in BYPASS mode. The integrated passive components are for SMPS operation running at 4MHz. For additional information on the SMPS, check the reference manual or the application note *Usage of SMPS on STM32WB Series microcontroller (AN5246)*.

3.3 Clocks

As the crystals are already integrated into the package, it is not possible to use any clock in bypass mode. The module integrates 32.774 kHz crystal for LSE and 32 MHz crystal for the HSE clock.

- LSE must be used in medium high driving capability. (RCC_BDCR_LSEDRV[1:0] = 10, refer to *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® Low Energy and 802.15.4 radio solution* (RM0434) for more details).
- HSE is already tuned.
RCC_HSECR_HSETUNE[5:0] value is loaded automatically by HW. The RCC_HSECR register configuration must not be changed by the user to keep the default parameters.
- LSCO and MCO outputs are available.
- HSEGMCR[2:0] must be set to 0b011.

3.4 Antenna

The rectangular module has one shorter side clearly different from the remaining finish surface. This side is unshielded and the mold cover contains the integrated antenna.

There is no option to use an external antenna.

3.5 One time programming (OTP)

The STM32WB5MMG features 1 Kbyte one time programmable (OTP) memory for use by the end product. This is described in *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® 5.4 and 802.15.4 radio solution* (DS11929) and *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® Low Energy and 802.15.4 radio solution* (RM0434).

Note: STM32WB5MMG uses the first and last words of this area for trimming and identification purposes.
As a consequence addresses 0x1FFF7000 - 0x1FFF7007 and 0x1FFF73F8 - 0x1FFF73FF cannot be changed.

4 Available peripherals

All peripherals available in STM32WB Series microcontrollers based on the WLCSP100 package are available and accessible on this module.

The pins on the module offer access to the following system peripherals:

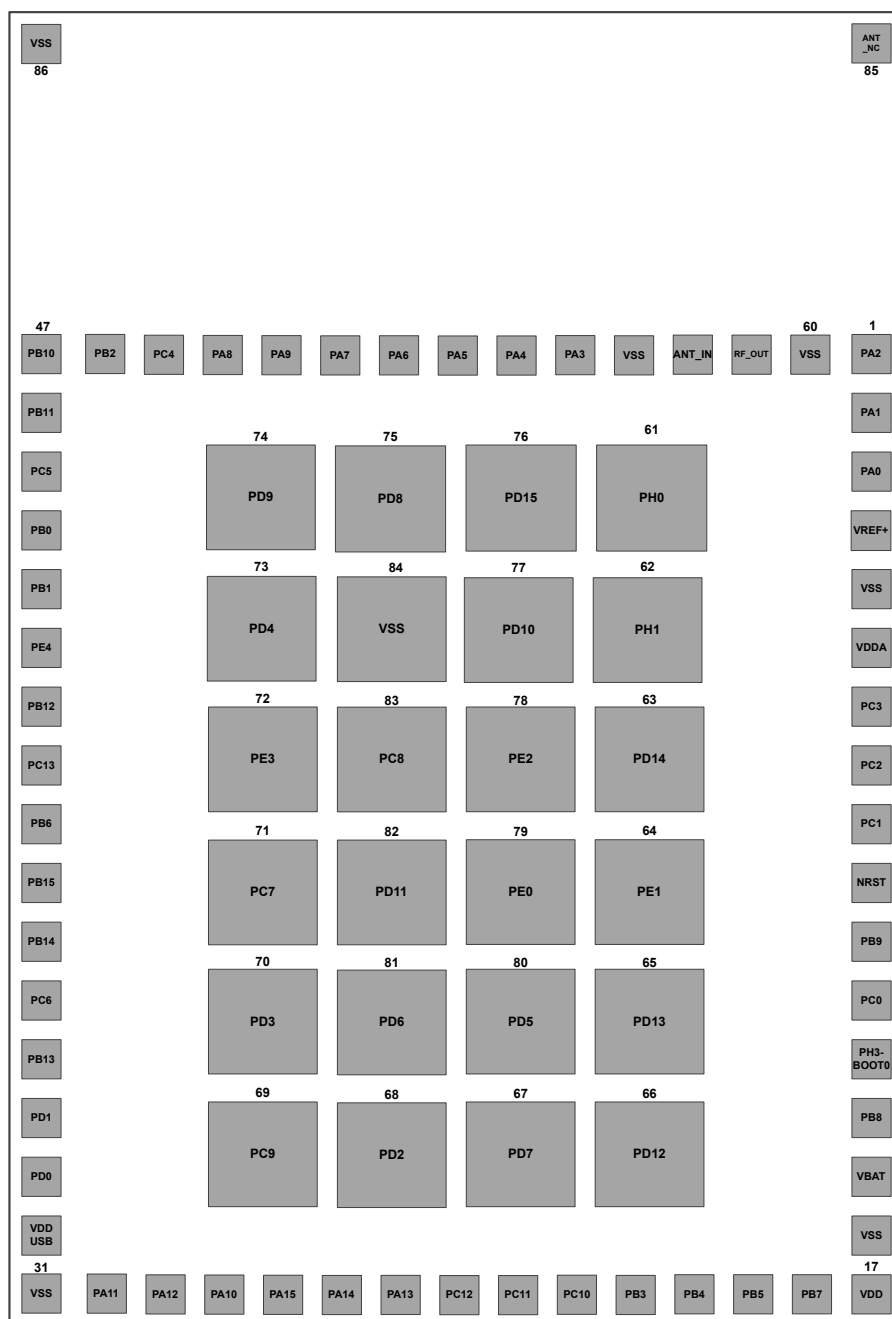
- 2× DMA controllers (seven channels each) supporting ADC, SPI, I²C, USART, QSPI, SAI, AES, timers
- 1× USART (ISO 7816, IrDA, SPI master, Modbus and Smartcard mode)
- 1× LPUART (low power) – Two SPI running at 32 Mbit/s
- 2× I²C (SMBus/PMBus)
- 1× SAI (dual channel high quality audio)
- 1× USB 2.0 FS device, crystal-less, BCD and LPM
- 1× Touch sensing controller, up to 18 sensors
- 1× LCD 8x40 with step-up converter
- 1× 16-bit, four channels advanced timer
- 2× 16-bit, two channels timers
- 1× 32-bit, four channels timer
- 2× 16-bit ultra-low-power timers
- 1× independent SysTick
- 1× independent watchdog
- 1× window watchdog.

The full pin description is available in *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® 5.4 and 802.15.4 radio solution* (DS11929).

5 Pin description

The following figure shows the module pinout package bottom view.

Figure 2. STM32WB5MMG module pinout: bottom view



DT63749V2

Note: *PB0 and PB1 are only available for revision X parts.*

Table 1. STM32WB5MMG pin/ball definition

Pin name		Pin name (function after reset)	Pin type
STM32WB5MMG	STM32WB5VGY		
1	F6	PA2	I/O
2	G6	PA1	I/O
3	G7	PA0	I/O
4	H8	VREF+	S
5	J9	VSS	S
6	H9	VDDA	S
7	G10	PC3	I/O
8	G9	PC2	I/O
9	G8	PC1	I/O
10	F9	NRST	RST
11	F10	PB9	I/O
12	F8	PC0	I/O
13	E8	PH3-BOOT0	I/O
14	F7	PB8	I/O
15	C10	VBAT	S
16	F1	VSS	S
17	D1	VDD	S
18	D7	PB7	I/O
19	D6	PB5	I/O
20	C7	PB4	I/O
21	A9	PB3	I/O
22	A6	PC10	I/O
23	B6	PC11	I/O
24	C5	PC12	I/O
25	A5	PA13	I/O
26	A3	PA14	I/O
27	A4	PA15	I/O
28	B5	PA10	I/O
29	A2	PA12	I/O
30	A1	PA11	I/O
31	-	VSS	S
32	B3	VDDUSB	S
33	C4	PD0	I/O
34	C3	PD1	I/O
35	C1	PB13	I/O
36	D2	PC6	I/O
37	E2	PB14	I/O
38	F3	PB15	I/O
39	F5	PB6	I/O
40	G5	PC13	I/O
41	G3	PB12	I/O
42	G1	PE4	I/O
43	H1 ⁽¹⁾ /NC ⁽²⁾	PB1	I/O
44	H2 ⁽¹⁾ /NC ⁽²⁾	PB0	I/O
45	H5	PC5	I/O

Pin name		Pin name (function after reset)	Pin type
STM32WB5MMG	STM32WB5VGY		
46	J6	PB11	I/O
47	K6	PB10	I/O
48	K7	PB2	I/O
49	G4	PC4	I/O
50	J7	PA8	I/O
51	K8	PA9	I/O
52	H6	PA7	I/O
53	H7	PA6	I/O
54	K9	PA5	I/O
55	K10	PA4	I/O
56	J8	PA3	I/O
57	-	VSS	S
58	-	ANT_IN	I/O
59	-	RF_OUT	I/O
60	-	VSS	S
61	E10	PH0	I/O
62	E9	PH1	I/O
63	D8	PD14	I/O
64	B10	PE1	I/O
65	C9	PD13	I/O
66	B8	PD12	I/O
67	A8	PD7	I/O
68	A7	PD2	I/O
69	B4	PC9	I/O
70	C2	PD3	I/O
71	E3	PC7	I/O
72	G2	PE3	I/O
73	D3	PD4	I/O
74	D5	PD9	I/O
75	D4	PD8	I/O
76	E7	PD15	I/O
77	E4	PD10	I/O
78	E6	PE2	I/O
79	C8	PE0	I/O
80	B7	PD5	I/O
81	C6	PD6	I/O
82	E5	PD11	I/O
83	F4	PC8	I/O
84	-	VSS	S
85	-	ANT_NC	I/O
86	-	VSS	S

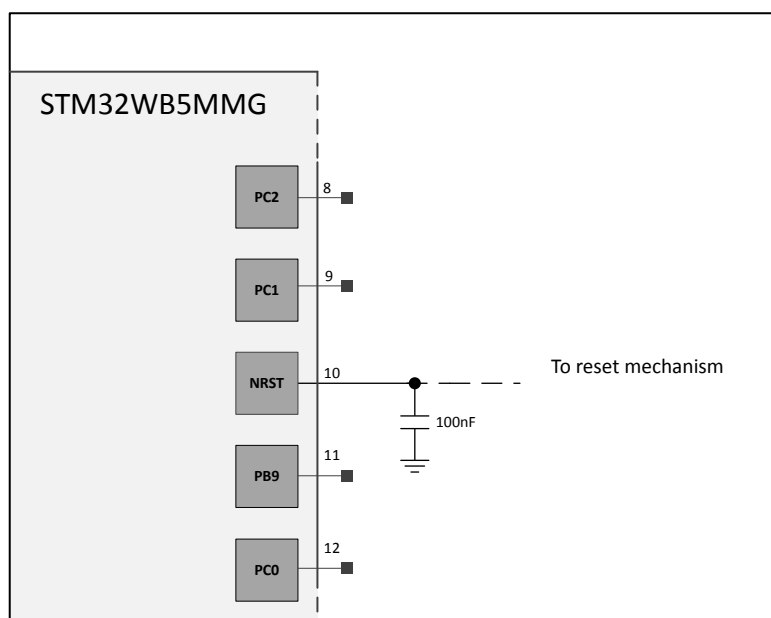
1. Version X
2. Version Y

6 Recommendations

6.1 Pin recommendations

- ANT_IN and RF_OUT pins must be connected to GND. This module already integrates an antenna, so no external antenna required.
- The ANT_NC is only used for soldering planarity purposes. So this pin must be soldered to an unconnected pin on the customer board.
- PH3_BOOT0 is tied low through an internal pull-down to enable start from flash memory. However, it can be tied high with a low resistive pull-up if required.
- A reset pull-up is already implemented in the STM32WB Series microcontrollers. The reset circuitry only requires an external capacitor for filtering purpose (see [Figure 3](#)).

Figure 3. Reset circuit

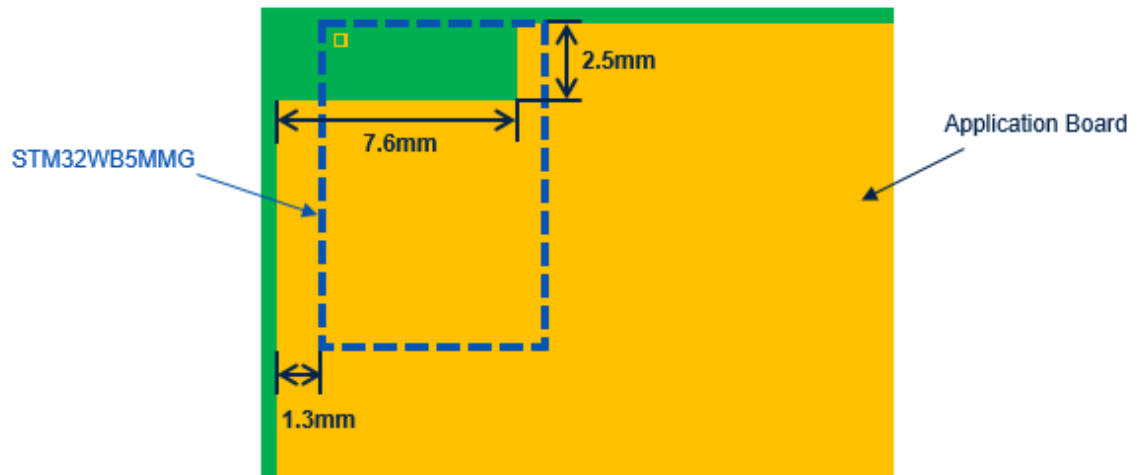


6.2 Layout recommendations

6.2.1 STM32WB5MMG placement

The embedded antenna manufacturer of the STM32WB5MMG recommends to place the module on the application board as shown below.

Figure 4. STM32WB5MMG board placement



This position allows the antenna to work to its maximum performance. If it cannot be placed as recommended above, the application board performance is reduced. This does not, however, prevent correct operation.

6.2.2 Enclosure effects

Product casing properties must be also considered when designing an RF-enabled product as the following generic best practices list illustrated:

- Conductive enclosure in the near field affects the impedance of the antenna, also the resonant frequency. A metal case must not be in the near field. The threshold between near and far-field is provided in [Figure 5](#).
- Plastic enclosures can be close to the antenna, but must not touch it. Contact between the casing and the antenna may influence the tuning of the resonant frequency and impedance matching.
- The proximity of the human body attenuates the TX and RX signals due to a certain amount of water content. Any contact may untune frequency and impedance matching.

Figure 5. Conductive enclosure around the antenna

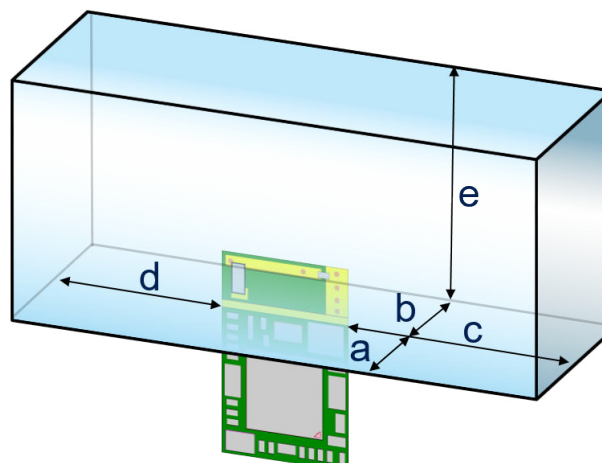


Table 2. Minimum enclosure dimensions (mm)

Impact level	a	b	c	d	e
Impact threshold	46	60	27	23	17
High impact	13	24	3	8	5

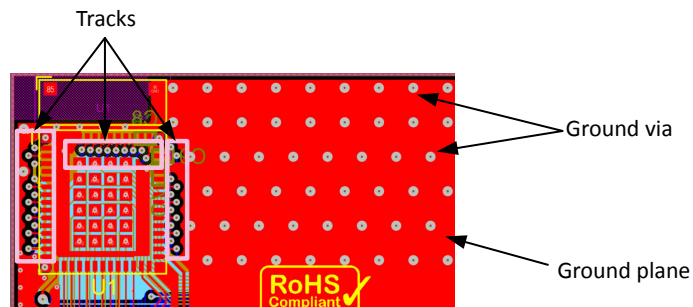
Note: *Impact is determined by measuring the reflection losses in the appropriate direction. In case conductive material is present from other directions, the distances mentioned in [Table 2](#) become larger. It means the same impact is observed further from module.*

6.2.3 Ground plane

Here are some recommendations with respect to the ground plane design:

- Do not route any tracks to the right of the STM32WB5MMG and keep a large ground plane with the associated ground via.
- Route the tracks down directly on the top layer or with via to the other layers.
- The ground plane must include the presence of vias (distance between two vias = 2 mm).

Figure 6. STM32WB5MMG ground plane layout



6.2.4 Sensitive GPIOs

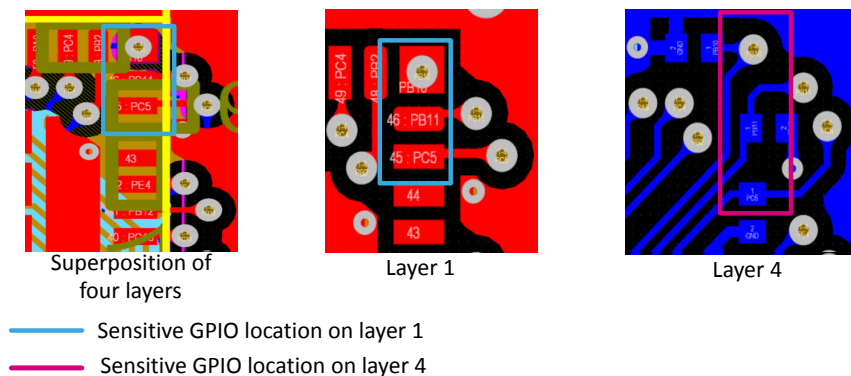
This board contains three sensitive GPIOs as defined below:

- PB10
- PB11
- PC5

The GPIO locations are illustrated in Figure 7

When PB10, PB11 and/or PC5 are used, a 3.3 pF capacitor in a small package such as the 0201 or smaller, must be placed as close as possible to the output pin. Also border the GPIO tracks with the ground plane.

Figure 7. Sensitive GPIO location



6.2.5 Four layer reference board design

The reference schematics are illustrated in Figure 8 and the associated PCB layout is illustrated in Figure 9. When all the pads on the device need to be used, the mother board must be designed with four layers.

Figure 8. Four layer reference board schematics for version X

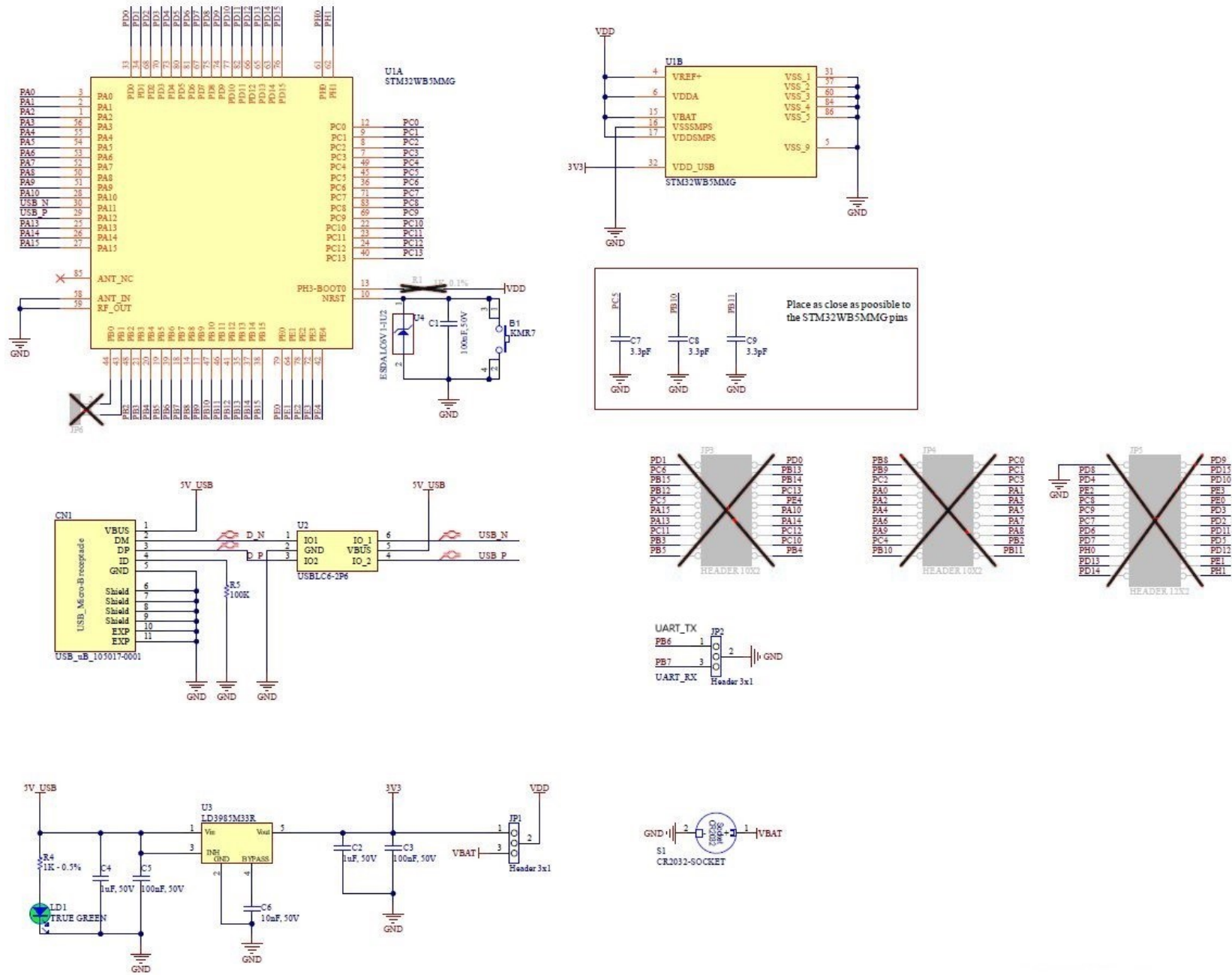
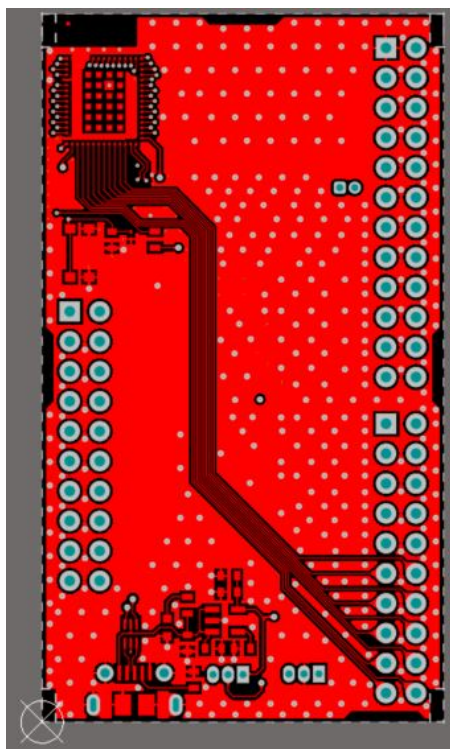
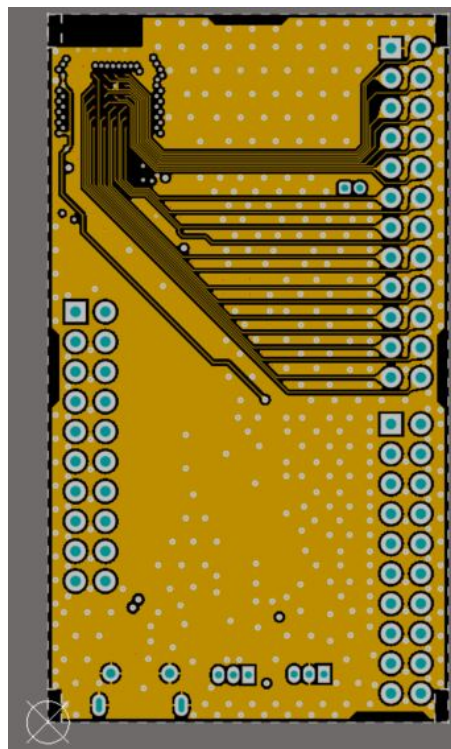


Figure 9. Four layer PCB layout for version X

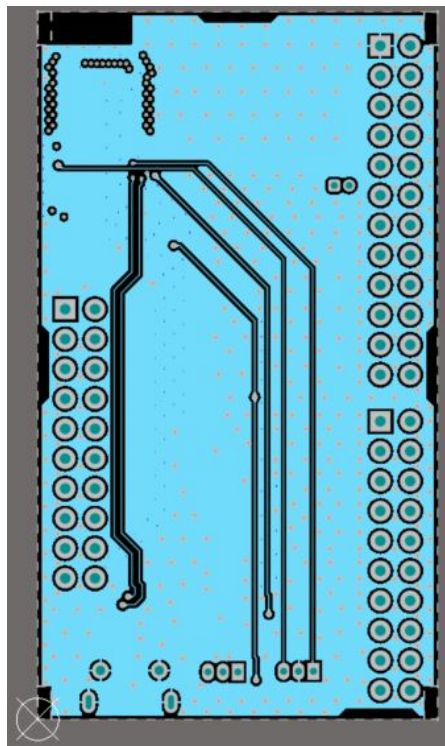
Layer 1



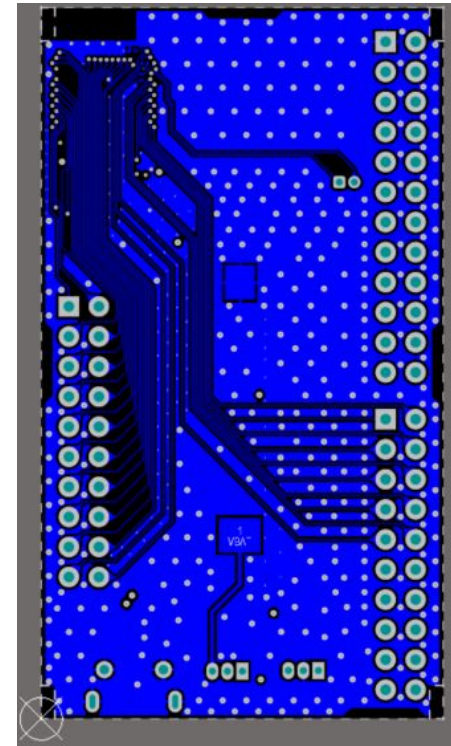
Layer 2



Layer 3



Layer 4



6.2.6 Two layer reference board design

The reference schematics are illustrated in Figure 10. Two layer reference board schematics for version X and the associated PCB layout is illustrated in Figure 11. Two layer PCB layout for version X

By using the first external pad ring, the mother board on which the module is soldered may be designed with only two layers.

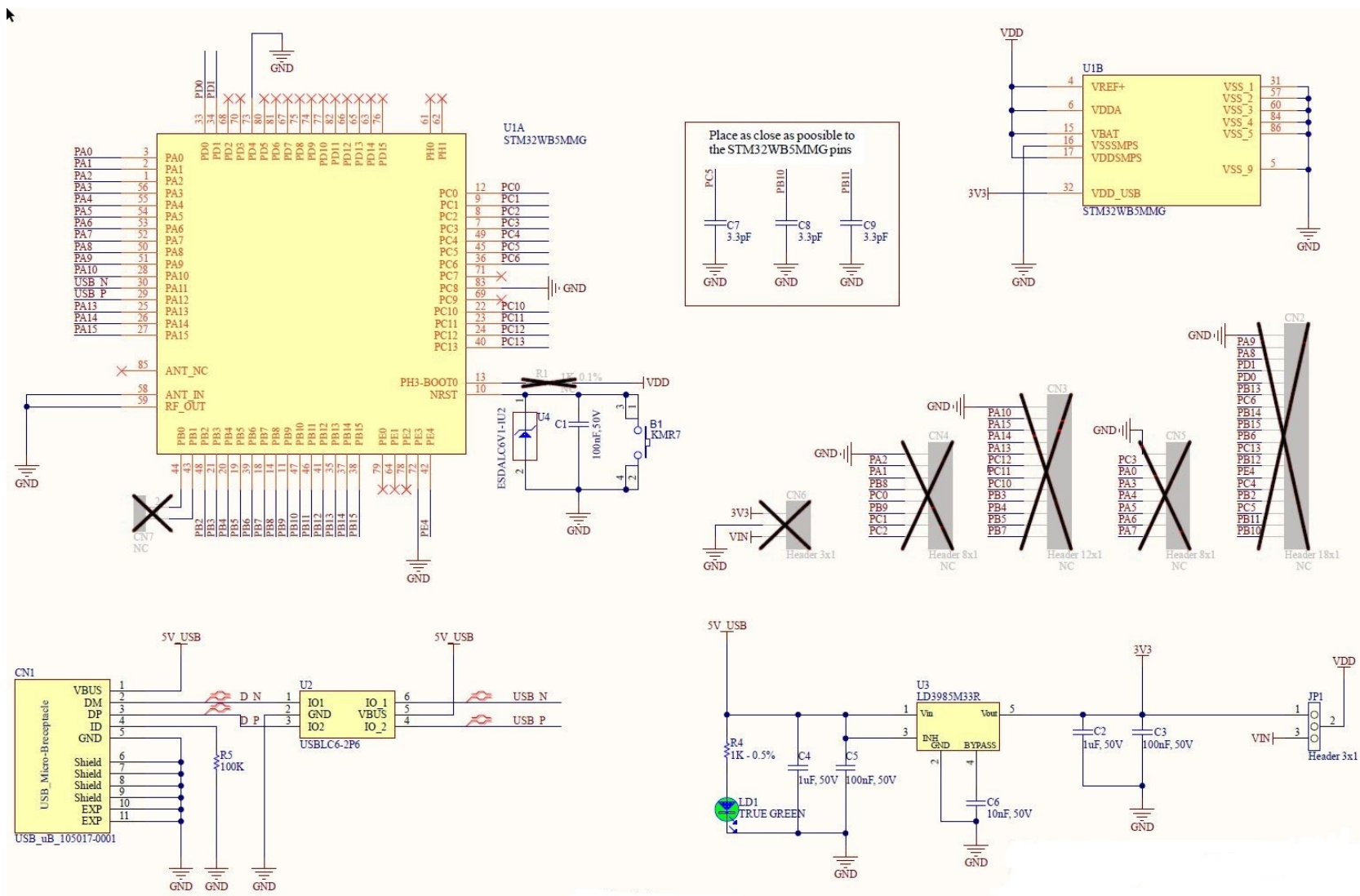
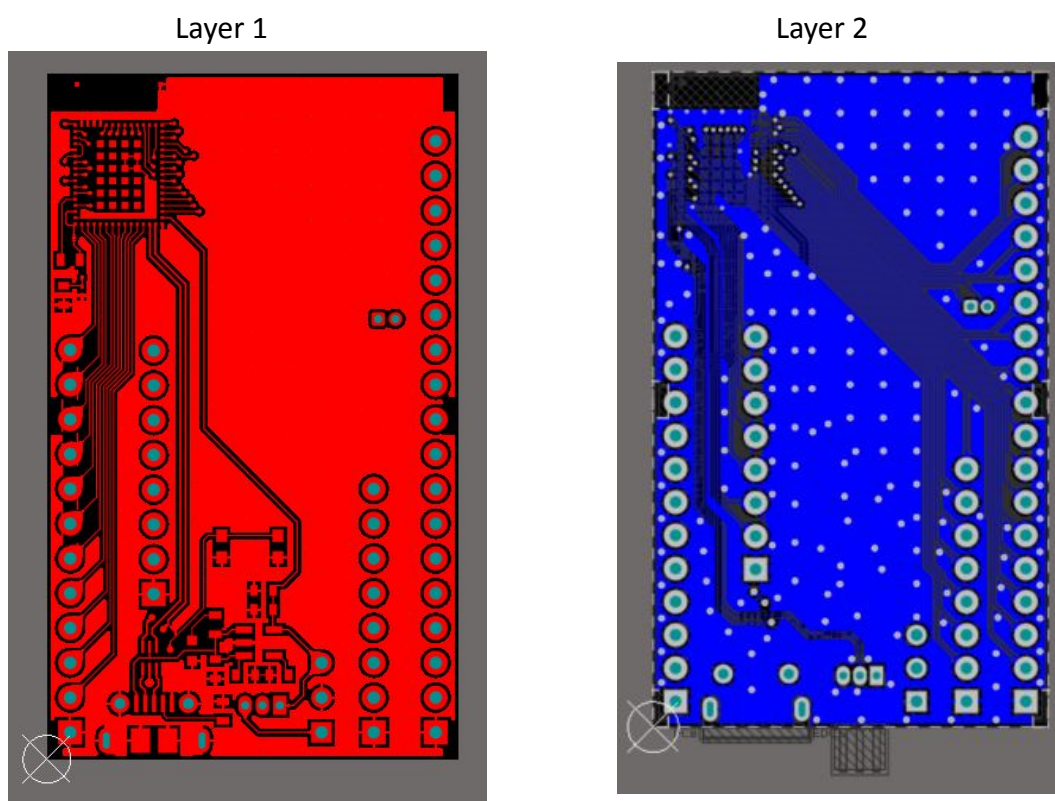


Figure 11. Two layer PCB layout for version X



DT70109v1

7 Electrical characteristics

7.1 Operating conditions

Table 3. STM32WB5MMG operating conditions

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	1.71	3.3	3.6	V
Operating ambient temperature range	-40	-	85	°C
Storage temperature range	-40	-	125	°C

7.2 Power consumption

The power consumption is identical to the regular STM32WB55. For full details refer to *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® 5.4 and 802.15.4 radio solution* (DS11929).

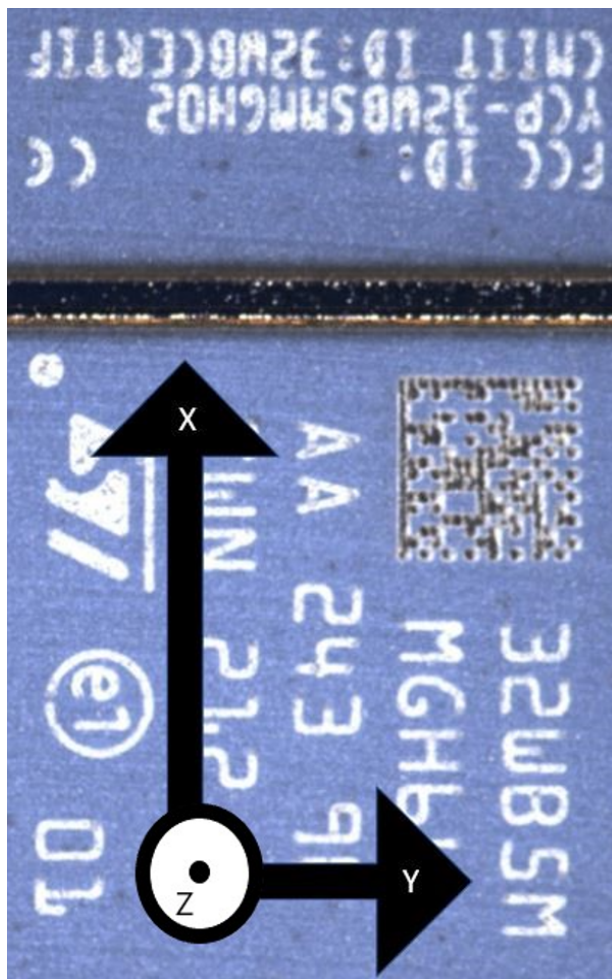
7.3 RF characteristics

Refer to *Multiprotocol wireless 32-bit MCU Arm®-based Cortex®-M4 with FPU, Bluetooth® 5.4 and 802.15.4 radio solution* (DS11929) for more details.

7.4 Antenna radiation patterns and efficiency

The figure below illustrates the antenna field directions with the z-axis field rising vertically from the module.

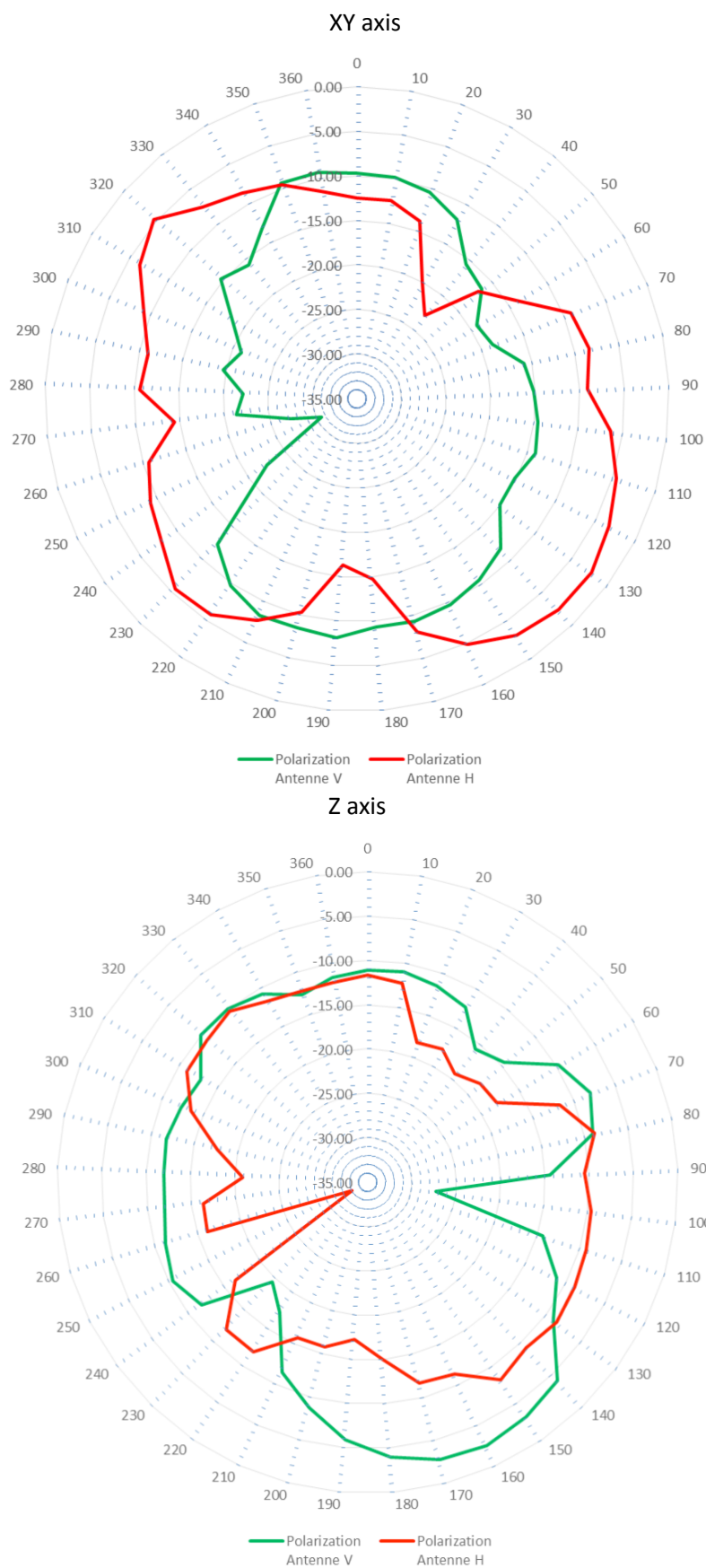
Figure 12. Antenna field direction



DT70134V3

The following two figures present the radiation patterns that are taken from certification measurements.

Figure 13. Antenna radiation patterns



8 Thermal characteristics

The thermal characteristics of the STM32WB5MMG are defined below and the constant values are given in Table 4 where:

- Θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (EIA/JESD51-2 and EIA/JESD51-6).
 Θ_{JA} represents the resistance to the heat flows from the chip to ambient air. It is an indicator of package heat dissipation capability. Lower Θ_{JA} means better overall thermal performance and is calculated as follows:

$$\Theta_{JA} = (T_J - T_A) / P_H$$
 where:
 - T_J = junction temperature
 - T_A = ambient temperature
 - P_H = power dissipation.
- Ψ_{JT} is the junction-to-top-center thermal characterization parameter (EIA/JESD51-2 and EIA/JESD51-6).
 Ψ_{JT} is used for estimating the junction temperature by measuring T_T in an actual environment and is calculated as follows:

$$\Psi_{JT} = (T_J - T_T) / P_H$$
 where T_T = temperature at the top-center of the package.
- Θ_{JC} is the junction-to-case thermal resistance.
 Θ_{JC} represents the resistance to the heat flows from the chip to package top case. Θ_{JC} is important when external heat sink is attached on package top and is calculated as follows:

$$\Theta_{JC} = (T_J - T_C) / P_H$$
 where T_C = case temperature attached with a cold plate.
- Θ_{JB} is the junction-to-board thermal resistance (EIA/JESD51-8).
 Θ_{JB} represents the resistance to the heat flows from the chip to PCB. Θ_{JB} is used in compact thermal models for system-level thermal simulation and is calculated as follows:

$$\Theta_{JB} = (T_J - T_B) / P_H$$
 where T_B = board temperature with ring cold plate fixture applied.

Table 4. STM32WB5MMG thermal characteristics

Symbol	$T_J(^{\circ}\text{C})$	$T_T(^{\circ}\text{C})$	$\Psi_{JT}(^{\circ}\text{C/W})$	$\Theta_{JA}(^{\circ}\text{C/W})$	$\Theta_{JB}(^{\circ}\text{C/W})$	$\Theta_{JC}(^{\circ}\text{C/W})$
Value	97.36	96.98	0.38	37.36	24.58	16.21

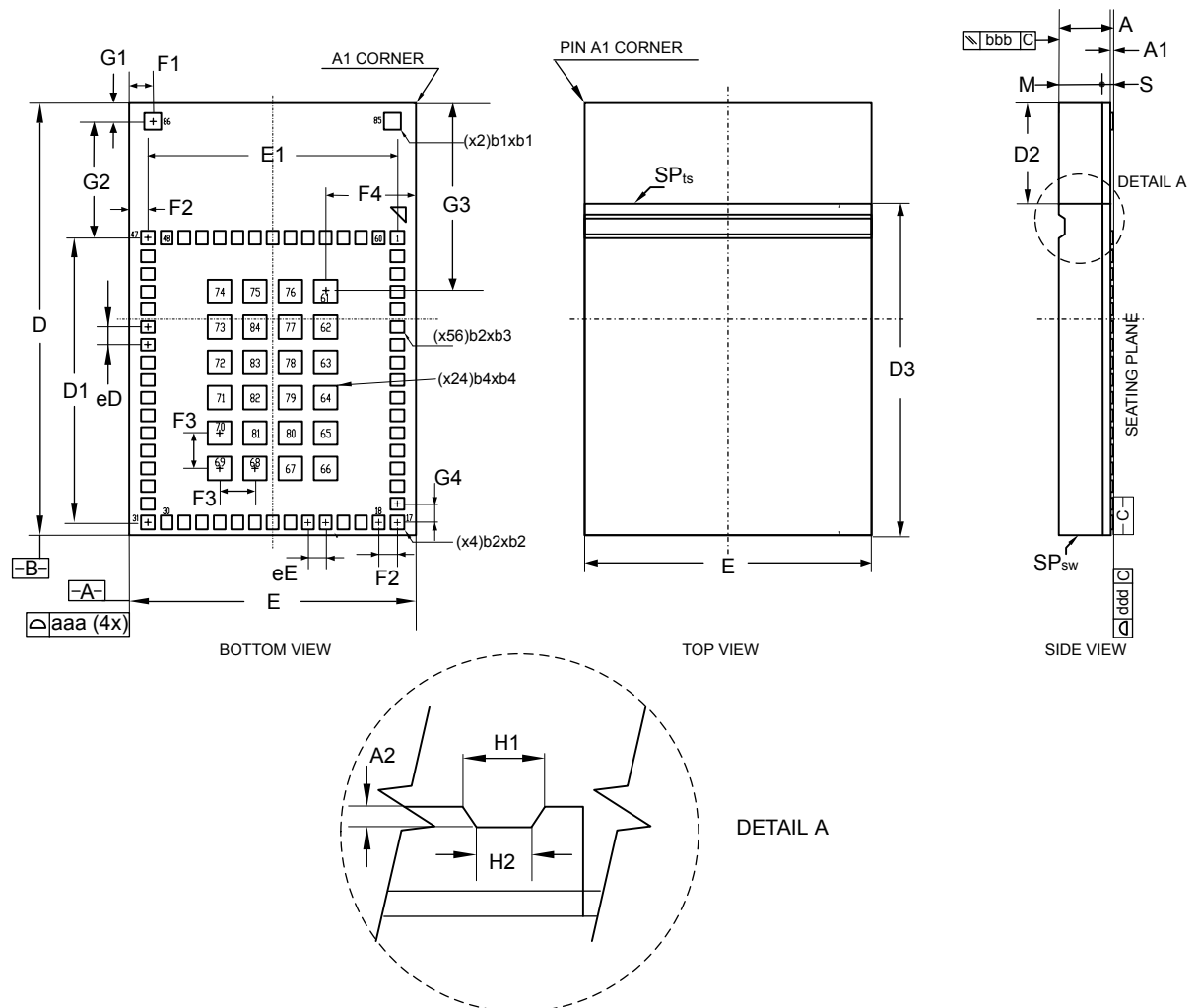
9 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of **ECOPACK** packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK is an ST trademark.

9.1 SiP-LGA86 package information

This SiP-LGA is a 86 pin, 7.3 x 11mm, system in package land grid array package.

Figure 14. SiP-LGA86 - Outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 5. SiP-LGA86 - Mechanical data

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
A	Total thickness	1.382±0.046			mm
A1	Pre-solder	40±20 ⁽¹⁾			µm
		30±20 ⁽²⁾			
A2	-	0.150			mm
M	Mold thickness	1.100			mm
S	Substrate thickness	0.242			
D	Body length	10925	11.000	11.075	
D1	Lead pitch length	7.250			
D2	-	2.563			
D3	-	8.438			
eD	Lead pitch length	0.450			
E	Body width	7.225	7.300	7.375	
eE	Lead pitch width	0.450			
b1	-	0.430			
b2	-	0.350			
b3	-	0.300			
b4	-	0.600			
F1	-	0.600			
F2	-	0.475			
F3	-	0.900			
F4	-	2.300			
G1	-	0.465			
G2	-	2.960			
G3	-	4.800			
G4	-	0.475			
H1	-	0.600			mm
H2	-	0.400			mm
SP _{ts} ⁽³⁾	Top surface sputter	3	-	6	µm
SP _{sw} ⁽⁴⁾	Side wall sputter	1	-	3	µm
aaa	Package edge tolerance	0.075			mm
bbb	Mold flatness	0.100			
ddd	Coplanarity	0.100			

1. Peripheral pads
2. Inner pads
3. Top surface sputter
4. Side wall sputter

9.2 Board design

For information and recommendations related to board design, landing pads, stencils and the solder reflow profile for LGA packages, refer to *Guidelines for design and board assembly of land grid array packages* (AN 5886).

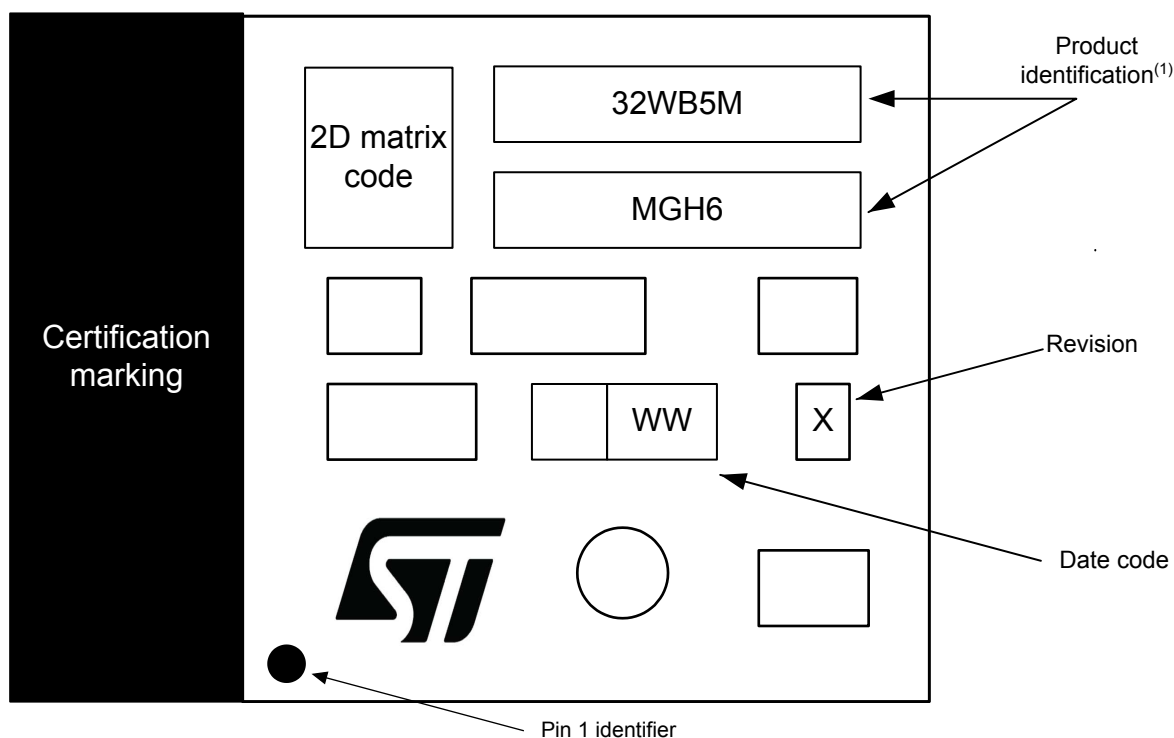
9.3 Device marking for SiP-LGA86

The following figure gives an example of topside marking versus pin 1 position identifier location.

The printed markings may differ depending on the supply chain.

Other optional marking or inset/upset marks, which depend on supply chain operations, are not indicated below.

Figure 15. SiP-LGA86 marking example



DT63781V1

1. Parts marked as "ES", "E" or accompanied by an Engineering Sample notification letter, are not yet qualified and therefore not approved for use in production. ST is not responsible for any consequences resulting from such use. In no event will ST be liable for the customer using any of these engineering samples in production. ST's Quality department must be contacted prior to any decision to use these engineering samples to run a qualification activity.

10 Ordering information

Example:	STM32	WB	5	M	M	G	H	6	TR
Device family	STM32 = Arm-based 32-bit microcontroller								
Product type	WB = Wireless Bluetooth®								
Device subfamily	5 = STM32WB55, Die 5, full set of features								
Pin count	M = 86 pins								
Component type	M= module								
Flash memory size	G = 1 Mbyte								
Package	H = LGA 86 7.3 x 11 mm								
Temperature range	6 = Industrial temperature range, −40 to 85 °C								
Packing	TR = tape and reel								

Note: For a list of available options (such as speed and package) or for further information on any aspect of this device, contact your nearest ST sales office.

11 Certification

The STM32WB5MMG module certifications status is detailed in the table below:

Table 6. Certification status

Certification		Revision Y	Revision X
Bluetooth Low Energy	RF-PHY	X	X
802.15.4 (Zigbee)	RF-PHY	X	X
EU	RED	X	X
USA	FCC	X	X
Canada	ISED-PCB	X	X
China	SRRC	Pending	X
Japan	JRF	X	X
Korea	KC or MSIP	X	X
Taiwan	NCC	X	X
EU	ROHS	X	X
EU	REACH	X	X
Russia	GOST	X	Pending

The following sections detail some of the module certifications from sample regions.
 All certifications reports are available on STM32WB5MMG page.

11.1 BLE(RF_PHY) certification

The STM32WB5MMG module has obtained BLE RF_PHY certification.
 The module is published under BLE SIG web site.

11.2 CE certification

The STM32WB5MMG module has obtained CE certification.
 The module is provided with CE marking.

Figure 16. CE certification logo



11.3 UKCA certification

The STM32WB5MMG module has obtained UKCA certification.
 The module is provided with UKCA marking.

Figure 17. UKCA certification logo



11.4 FCC certification

The STM32WB5MMG module complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules.
 The FCC ID is YCP-STM32WB5M001 for version Y, and YCP-32WB5MMGH02 for version X.
 The module label includes the corresponding FCC ID.
 The operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

Label requirements

If the identification number is not visible when the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the device into which the module is installed must also display a label referring to the enclosed module. This label must contain the FCC ID that matches the one on the module.

Documentation requirements

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Integration requirements

Co-location of this module with other transmitters that operate simultaneously are required to be evaluated using the multi-transmitter procedures.

The host integrator must follow the integration instructions provided in this document and ensure that the composite-system end product complies with the requirements by a technical assessment or evaluation to the rules and to KDB Publication 996369.

The host integrator installing this module into their product must ensure that the final composite product complies with the requirements by a technical assessment or evaluation to the rules, including the transmitter operation and should refer to guidance in KDB 996369.

11.5 ISED certification

The STM32WB5MMG module has been tested and found compliant with the ISED RSS-247 and RSS-Gen rules. The IC ID is 8976A-STM32WB5M01 for version Y and 8976A-32WB5MMGH02 for version X.

This module contains license-exempt transmitter(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's license-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This module may not cause interference
- This module must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the module.

L'émetteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage.
- L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

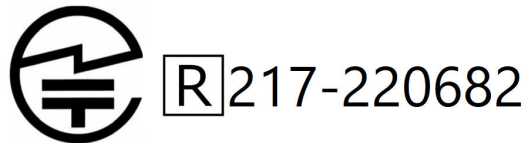
11.6 JRF certification

The STM32WB5MMG is certified in Japan with certification number:

- 005-102490 for rev Y
- 217-220682 for rev X.

The JRF logo is the following:

Figure 18. JRF certification logo



11.7 NCC certification

The STM32WB5MMG rev X is certified in Taiwan with NCC certification number: CCAJ23LP3C40T2.

The STM32WB5MMG rev Y is certified in Taiwan with NCC certification number: CCAN20LP0740T3.

Figure 19. NCC certification logo



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系統廠商應於平台上標示「本□品□含射頻模組：圖片 XXXyyyLPDzzzz-x」字樣

For low-power radio frequency equipment that has obtained certification, companies, firms or users are not allowed to change the frequency, increase the power, or change the characteristics and functions of the original design without approval. The use of low-power radio-frequency equipment must not affect flight safety and interfere with legal communications; if any interference is found, it should be stopped immediately, and it can only be used after improvement to no interference. The aforementioned legal communication refers to radio communication operated in accordance with the provisions of the Telecommunications Management Act. Low-power radio frequency equipment must endure the interference of legal communication or industrial, scientific and medical radio wave radiation electrical equipment. System manufacturers should mark the words "This product contains a radio frequency module: XXXyyyLPDzzzz-x" on the platform.

11.8 **SRRC certification**

The module STM32WB5MMG has received regulatory approval in China (SRRC) with CMIIT ID 2023DP14302.

11.9 **KC certification**

Applicant : STMicroelectronics SAS

Equipment Name: 특정소출력 무선기기(무선데이터통신시스템용 무선기기)

Basic Model Number: STM32WB5MMGH

Certification No.: R-R-2AS-32WB5MMGH002

Manufacturer / Country of Origin: STMicroelectronics SAS / France

Date of manufacture: notation separately

12 Important security notice

The STMicroelectronics group of companies (ST) places a high value on product security, which is why the ST product(s) identified in this documentation may be certified by various security certification bodies and/or may implement our own security measures as set forth herein. However, no level of security certification and/or built-in security measures can guarantee that ST products are resistant to all forms of attacks. As such, it is the responsibility of each of ST's customers to determine if the level of security provided in an ST product meets the customer needs both in relation to the ST product alone, as well as when combined with other components and/or software for the customer end product or application. In particular, take note that:

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- Certification bodies have the right to evaluate, grant and revoke security certification in relation to ST products. These certification bodies are therefore independently responsible for granting or revoking security certification for an ST product, and ST does not take any responsibility for mistakes, evaluations, assessments, testing, or other activity carried out by the certification body with respect to any ST product.
- Industry-based cryptographic algorithms (such as AES, DES, or MD5) and other open standard technologies which may be used in conjunction with an ST product are based on standards which were not developed by ST. ST does not take responsibility for any flaws in such cryptographic algorithms or open technologies or for any methods which have been or may be developed to bypass, decrypt or crack such algorithms or technologies.
- While robust security testing may be done, no level of certification can absolutely guarantee protections against all attacks, including, for example, against advanced attacks which have not been tested for, against new or unidentified forms of attack, or against any form of attack when using an ST product outside of its specification or intended use, or in conjunction with other components or software which are used by customer to create their end product or application. ST is not responsible for resistance against such attacks. As such, regardless of the incorporated security features and/or any information or support that may be provided by ST, each customer is solely responsible for determining if the level of attacks tested for meets their needs, both in relation to the ST product alone and when incorporated into a customer end product or application.
- All security features of ST products (inclusive of any hardware, software, documentation, and the like), including but not limited to any enhanced security features added by ST, are provided on an "AS IS" BASIS. AS SUCH, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ST DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, unless the applicable written and signed contract terms specifically provide otherwise.

Revision history

Table 7. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
12-Nov-2020	1	Initial release.
16-Jul-2021	2	Added: - Power supply - SMPS - Clocks - Antenna - Two layer reference board design - BLE(RF_PHY) certification Updated: - Features - Figure 1. STM32WB5MMG module block diagram - Section 3.3: Clocks - Section 5: Pin description - STM32WB5MMG pin/ball definition - Section 6.2.2: Enclosure effects - Figure 8. Four layer reference board schematics - Section 7.4: Antenna radiation patterns and efficiency - Section 9.1: SiP-LGA86 package information - Section 11: Certification - Section 11.1: BLE(RF_PHY) certification
09-Nov-2022	3	Added: - Section 3.1: Versions - Section 3.5: One time programming (OTP) - Figure 8. Four layer reference board schematics for version X - Figure 9. Four layer PCB layout for version X - Figure 10. Two layer reference board schematics for version X - Figure 11. Two layer PCB layout for version X - Section 11.3: UKCA certification - Section 11.9: KC certification - Section 12: Important security notice Updated: - Cerfication images - Bluetooth Bluetooth® Low Energy protocol version support throughout the document - Document title - Section Features - Certification logo representation - Section 1: Introduction - Section 2: Description - Split Section 3: Module overview into a separate section - Section 3.1: Versions - Figure 1. STM32WB5MMG module block diagram - Section 3.2.1: SMPS - Section 3.3: Clocks - Section 5: Pin description - Table 1. STM32WB5MMG pin/ball definition - Section 6.1: Pin recommendations - Section 6.2.4: Sensitive GPIOs - Table 5. SiP-LGA86 - Mechanical data - Figure 8. Four layer reference board schematics for version Y - Figure 10. Four layer PCB layout for version Y - Figure 12. Two layer reference board schematics for version Y - Figure 14. Two layer PCB layout for version Y

Date	Revision	Changes
09-Nov-2022	3	- Section 9.3: Device marking for SiP-LGA86 - Section 9.1: SiP-LGA86 package information - Table 5. SiP-LGA86 - Mechanical data - Section 9.3: Device marking for SiP-LGA86 - Figure 15. SiP-LGA86 marking example - Figure 15. SiP-LGA86 marking example - Section 8: Thermal characteristics - Section 11: Certification - Section 11.4: FCC certification - Section 11.5: ISED certification - Section 11.6: JRF certification - Section 11.7: NCC certification Removed: Solder reflow recommendations section
01-Mar-2023	4	Updated: - Product status - Figure 1. STM32WB5MMG module block diagram - Section 5: Pin description - Figure 2. STM32WB5MMG module pinout: bottom view - Section 6.1: Pin recommendations - Section 6.2.5: Four layer reference board design - Figure 8. Four layer reference board schematics for version X - Section 6.2.6: Two layer reference board design - Figure 10. Two layer reference board schematics for version X - Section 7.4: Antenna radiation patterns and efficiency - Added Figure 13. Antenna radiation patterns - Section 9.2: Board design Removed: "Four layer reference board schematics for version Y" figure "Four layer PCB layout for version Y" figure "Two layer reference board schematics for version Y" figure "Two layer PCB layout for version Y" figure
10-Mar-2023	5	Updated: - Figure 11. Two layer PCB layout for version X - Section 3.2: Power supply - Section 5: Pin description
21-Sep-2023	6	Updated: - Title - Figure 8. Four layer reference board schematics for version X - Figure 10. Two layer reference board schematics for version X - References to DS11929
26-Feb-2024	7	Updated: - Figure 13. Antenna radiation patterns - Table 6. Certification status - Section 11.4: FCC certification - Section 11.5: ISED certification - Section 11.7: NCC certification - Section 11.8: SRRC certification Removed Tape and reel packing

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