

### General Description

The SY20704Z is a 150mA precise LDO. The device provides programmable output voltage with  $\pm 2\%$  accuracy at room temperature. The ultra-low dropout voltage, wide input voltage range and low ground current make it suitable for USB and portable electronics applications with different inputs. Other features include the operation stability with low ESR ceramic capacitors due to the internal compensation, logic enable control, thermal shutdown, current limit protection.

The SY20704Z is available in DFN2×2-6 package.

### Ordering Information

SY20704□(□□□)  
 └─ Package Code  
 └─ Optional Spec Code

| Ordering Number | Package type                                   | Note |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------|------|
| SY20704ZDED     | DFN2×2-6<br>RoHS-Compliant and<br>Halogen-Free |      |

### Features

- Wide Input Voltage Range: 2.5V to 30V
- Low Dropout Voltage(150mV @ 150mA)
- Low Ground Current
- Ultra Low Shutdown Current
- High Output Accuracy of  $\pm 2\%$  at Room Temperature
- Stable with Small Ceramic Capacitors
- Excellent Load and Line Regulation
- 150mA Output Current Capability
- Output Current Limitation
- TTL Logic Enable Input
- Thermal Shutdown
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free
- Compact DFN2×2-6 Package

### Applications

- Battery Powered Applications
- Consumer and Portable Products
- Notebook
- Smart Phones
- SMPS Post-regulator/ DC/DC Modules

### Typical Applications

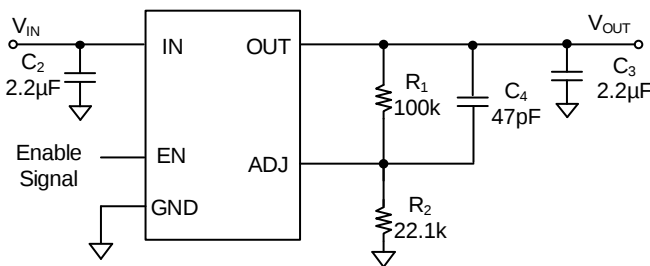


Figure 1. Schematic Diagram

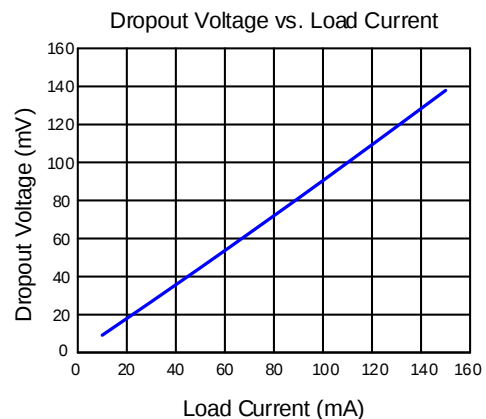
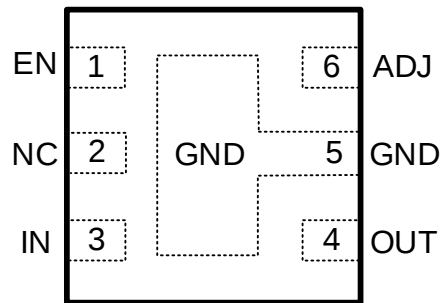


Figure 2. Dropout Characteristics

## Pinout (top view)

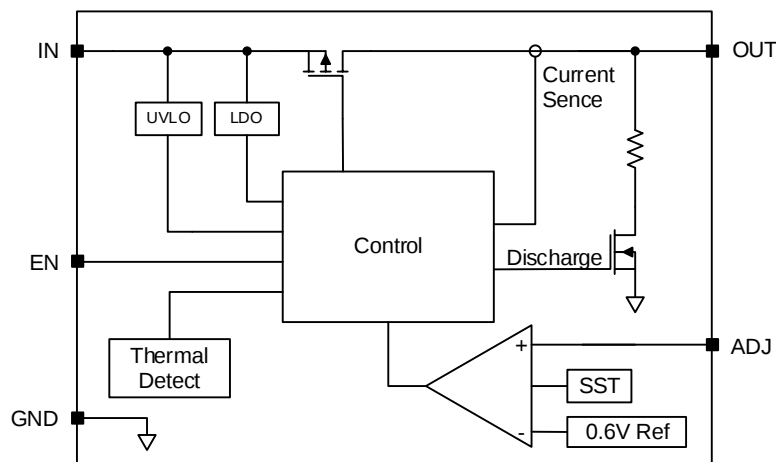


(DFN2x2-6)

Top mark: **6axyz** (Device code: **6a**, *x*=year code, *y*=week code, *z*=lot number code)

| Pin Name | DFN2x2-6 | Pin Description                                                                                                                         |
|----------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN       | 1        | Enable pin. Pull it low to shutdown or pull it high to enable, do not leave it open.                                                    |
| IN       | 3        | Supply input pin.                                                                                                                       |
| OUT      | 4        | LDO output pin.                                                                                                                         |
| GND      | 5        | Ground pin.                                                                                                                             |
| ADJ      | 6        | Output voltage adjust pin. Feedback the output voltage through resistor voltage divider network. $V_o = 0.6 \times (1 + \frac{R1}{R2})$ |

## Function Block





## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

|                                                                    |       |                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| Supply Input Voltage                                               | ----- | -0.3V to 36V      |
| Output Voltage                                                     | ----- | 0.3V+VIN          |
| EN Voltage                                                         | ----- | -0.3V to 0.3V+VIN |
| ADJ Voltage                                                        | ----- | 0V to 3.6V        |
| Power Dissipation, P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C DFN2×2-6 | ----- | 1.6W              |
| Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)                                |       |                   |
| θ <sub>JA</sub>                                                    | ----- | 62°C/W            |
| θ <sub>JC</sub>                                                    | ----- | 8.5°C/W           |
| Junction Temperature Range                                         | ----- | 125°C             |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)                              | ----- | 260°C             |
| Storage Temperature Range                                          | ----- | -65°C to 150°C    |

## Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)

|                                        |       |                            |
|----------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|
| Supply Input Voltage                   | ----- | 2.5V to 30V                |
| Output Voltage                         | ----- | 0.3V+V <sub>IN</sub>       |
| EN Voltage                             | ----- | 0V to 0.3V+V <sub>IN</sub> |
| Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> ) | ----- | -40°C to +125°C            |

## Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , or  $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $T_J = -40^{\circ}C \sim 125^{\circ}C$ , typical values are at  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified, the values are guaranteed by test, design or statistical correlation.)

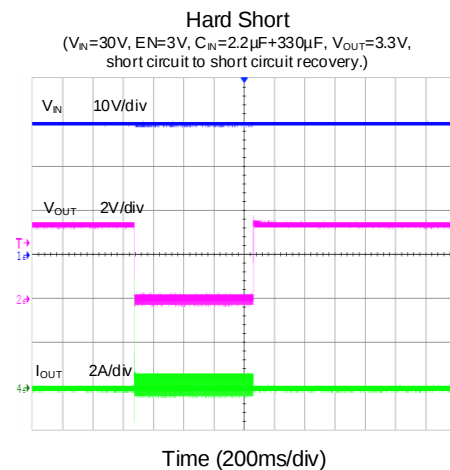
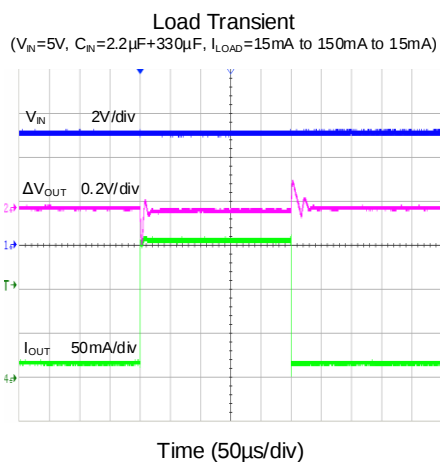
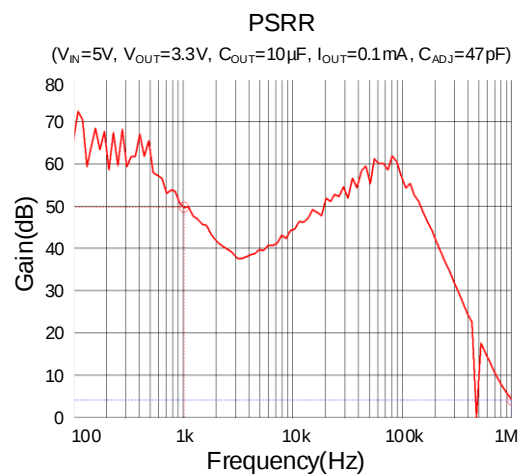
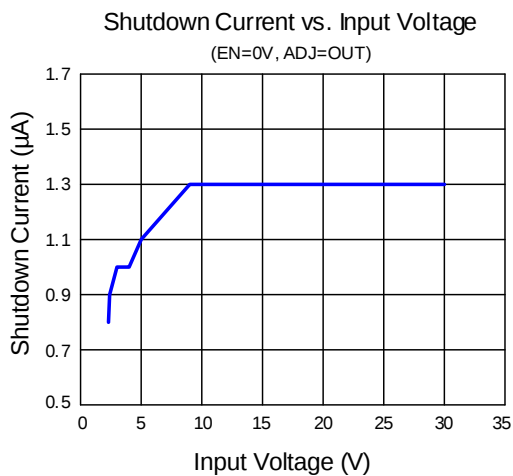
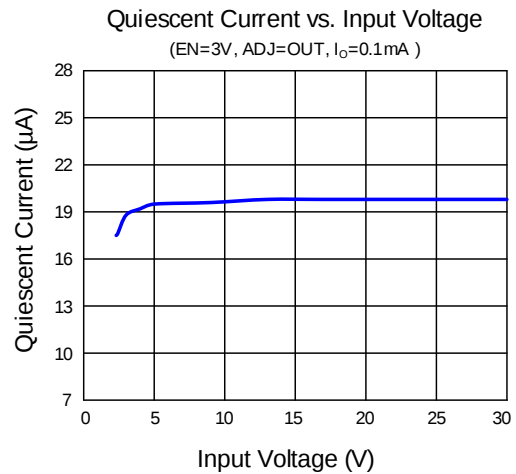
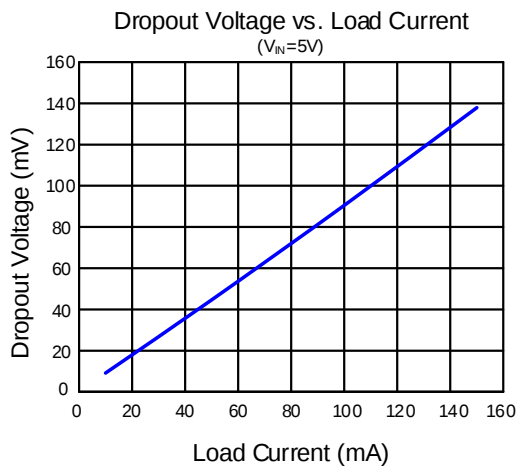
| Parameter                       | Symbol             | Test Conditions                                        | Min | Typical | Max | Unit        |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------|-----|-------------|
| Input Voltage                   | $V_{IN}$           |                                                        | 2.5 |         | 30  | V           |
| Output Voltage Accuracy         | $V_{OUT}$          | $I_O = 100\mu A$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$                 | -2  |         | 2   | %           |
| Line Regulation                 | $\Delta V_{LNR}$   | $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.3)$ to 30V,<br>$I_O = 100\mu A$ |     | 0.04    | 0.5 | %           |
| Load Regulation                 | $\Delta V_{LDR}$   | $I_O = 0.1mA$ to 150mA                                 |     | 0.25    | 2   | %           |
| Dropout Voltage                 | $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ | $I_O = 10mA$                                           |     | 10      | 20  | mV          |
|                                 |                    | $I_O = 50mA$                                           |     | 50      | 100 | mV          |
|                                 |                    | $I_O = 100mA$                                          |     | 100     | 200 | mV          |
|                                 |                    | $I_O = 150mA$                                          |     | 150     | 300 | mV          |
| Shutdown Current                | $I_{SHDN}$         | $V_{EN} = 0V$ , $V_{IN} = 4V$                          |     | 1       | 5   | $\mu A$     |
|                                 |                    | $V_{EN} = 0V$ , $V_{IN} = 24V$                         |     | 1       | 5   | $\mu A$     |
| Quiescent Current               | $I_Q$              | $I_O = 0.1mA$                                          |     | 18      | 40  | $\mu A$     |
|                                 |                    | $I_O = 150mA$                                          |     | 450     |     | $\mu A$     |
| Current Limit                   | $I_{LIM}$          | $V_{OUT} = 0.9 \times V_{OUT} \text{ (normal)}$        |     | 350     | 500 | mA          |
| Power-supply Rejection Ratio    | PSRR               | $f = 1kHz$ , $C_{OUT} = 10\mu F$                       |     | 50      |     | dB          |
| Input UVLO Threshold            | $V_{UVLO}$         | $V_{IN}$ rising                                        |     |         | 2.5 | V           |
| UVLO Hysteresis                 | $V_{UVLO\_TH}$     |                                                        |     | 100     |     | mV          |
| Shutdown discharge Resistor     |                    |                                                        | 400 | 500     | 800 | $\Omega$    |
| Enable Input logic High Voltage | $V_{EN\_H}$        | $V_{IN} = 2.8$ to 5.5V                                 | 1.7 |         |     | V           |
| Enable Input logic Low Voltage  | $V_{EN\_L}$        | $V_{IN} = 2.8$ to 5.5V                                 |     |         | 0.6 | V           |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature    | $T_{SD}$           |                                                        |     | 150     |     | $^{\circ}C$ |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis     | $T_{HYS}$          |                                                        |     | 20      |     | $^{\circ}C$ |

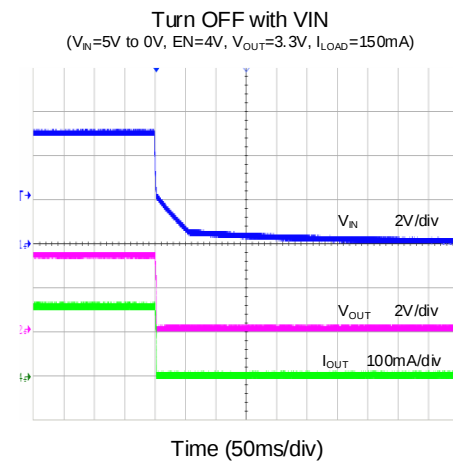
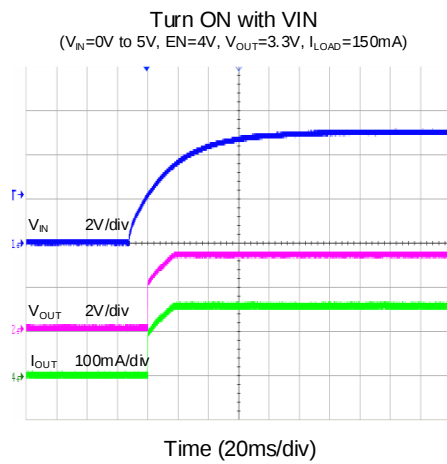
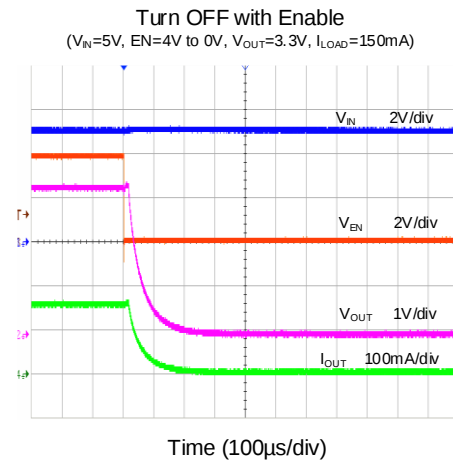
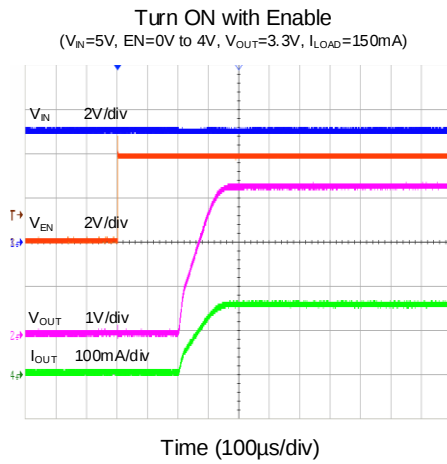
**Note 1:** Stresses beyond the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Note 2:**  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured in the natural convection at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  on a two-layer Silergy Evaluation Board.

**Note 3:** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

## Typical Operating Characteristics



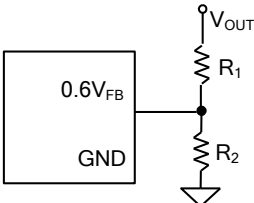


## Application information

The SY20704Z is a 150mA linear regulator with a low drop out voltage. Like any low-dropout regulator, SY20704Z requires input and output decoupling capacitors.

### Feedback Resistor Dividers $R_1$ and $R_2$ :

Choose  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  to program the proper output voltage. To minimize the power consumption under light loads, it is desirable to choose large resistance values for both  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ . A value of between 10k $\Omega$  and 1M $\Omega$  is highly recommended for both resistors. If  $V_{OUT}$  is 3.3V,  $R_1=100k$  is chosen, then using following equation,  $R_2$  can be calculated to be 22.1k:

$$R_2 = \frac{0.6V}{V_{OUT} - 0.6V} R_1$$


### Input Capacitor $C_{IN}$ :

An input capacitor about 2.2 $\mu$ F is required between the device input pin and ground pin. A typical X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor is recommended in this application. This input capacitor must be located close to the device to minimize the input noise.

### Output Capacitor $C_{OUT}$ :

For transient stability, SY20704Z is designed specifically to work with very small ceramic output capacitors. 2.2 $\mu$ F output capacitance can be used in this application. Higher capacitance values help to improve transient. The output capacitor's ESR is critical because it forms a zero to provide phase lead which is required for loop stability.

### Dropout Voltage:

SY20704Z has a very low dropout voltage due to its extra low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  of the main PMOS determines the lowest usable supply.

$$V_{DROPOUT} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = R_{DS(ON)} \times I_{OUT}$$

### Over Current and Short Circuit Protection:

The device includes over current and short circuit protection. The current limitation circuit regulates the output current to its limitation threshold to protect IC from damage. Under over current or short circuit condition, the power loss of the IC is relatively high. And that may trigger the thermal protection.

### Thermal Considerations:

The SY20704Z can deliver a current of up to 150mA over the full operating junction temperature range. However, the maximum output current must be derated at higher ambient temperature to ensure the junction temperature does not exceed 125°C. With all possible conditions, the junction temperature must be within the range specified under operating conditions. Power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across regulator.

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_{GND}$$

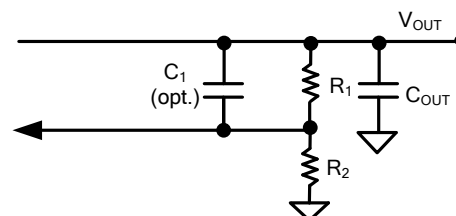
The final operating junction temperature for any set of condition can be estimated by the following thermal equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

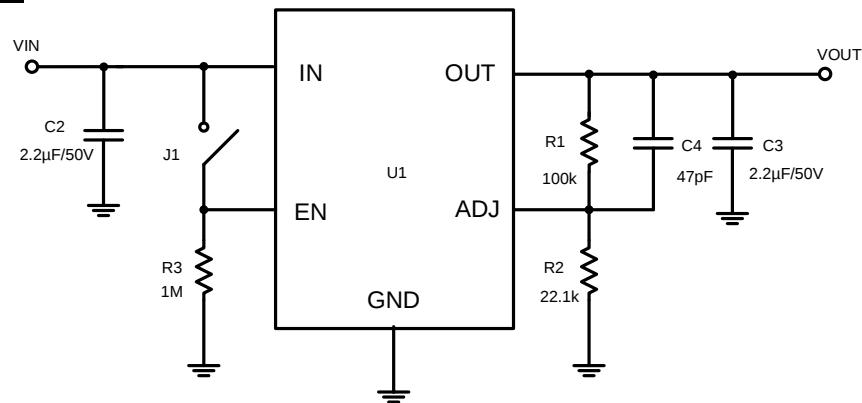
Where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of die (125°C) and  $T_A$  is the maximum ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) footprint is 62°C/W for DFN2 $\times$ 2-6 package.

### Load Transient Considerations:

The SY20704Z integrates the compensation components to achieve good stability and fast transient responses. In some applications, adding a small ceramic cap in parallel with  $R_1$  may further speed up the load transient responses and is thus recommended for applications with large load transient step requirements.



## Schematic



## BOM List

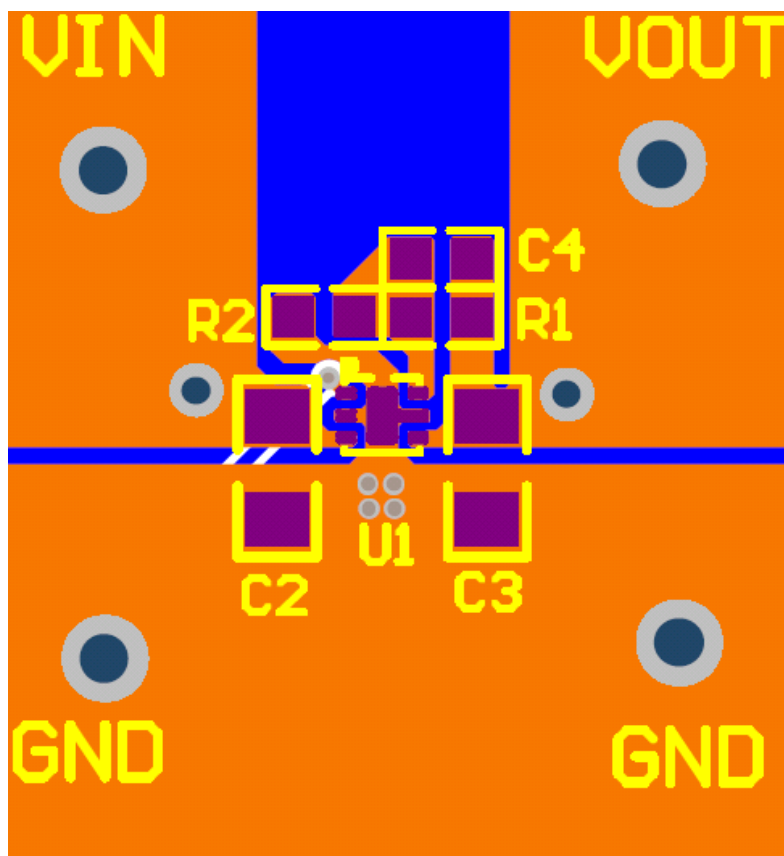
| Reference Designator | Description           | Part Number      | Manufacturer |
|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------|
| U1                   | 30V, 150mA            | SY20704ZDED      | Silergy      |
| C2, C3               | 2.2µF/50V/X7R,1206    | C3216X7R1H225K   | TDK          |
| C4                   | 47pF/50V/C0G,0603     | C1608C0G1H470J   | TDK          |
| R1                   | 100kΩ ,1% ,0.1W, 0603 | RC0603FR-07100KL | YAGEO        |
| R2                   | 22.1kΩ ,1% ,0.1W 0603 | RC0603FR-0722K2L | YAGEO        |
| R3                   | 1MΩ ,1% ,0.1W, 0603   | RC0603FR-071ML   | YAGEO        |
| J1                   | Jumper, 2×1, Gold     |                  | Any          |

### Layout Design:

Good board layout practices must be used or instability can be induced because of ground loops and voltage drops, and large PCB copper area can improve the thermal performance. The input and output capacitors MUST be directly connected to the input, output, and ground pins of the device using traces which have no other currents flowing through them.

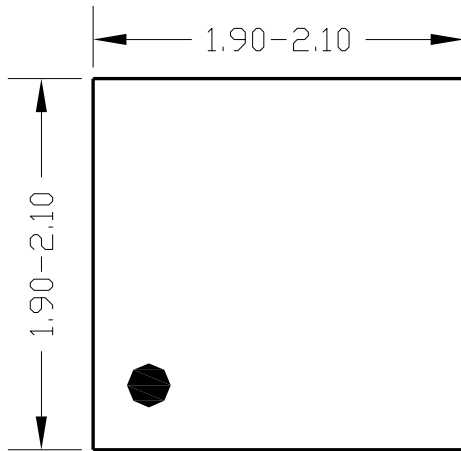
The best way to do this is to layout  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{OUT}$  near the device with short traces to the  $V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$ , and ground pins. The regulator ground pin should be connected to the external circuit ground so that the regulator and its capacitors have a “single point ground”.

Below is the recommended PCB layout diagram:

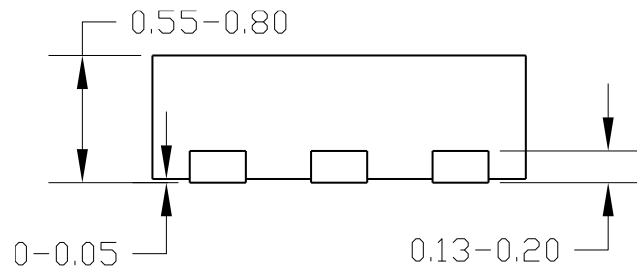


DNF2×2-6

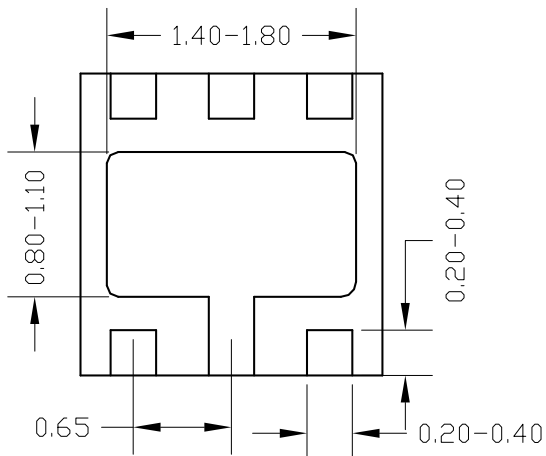
## DFN2×2-6 Package Outline



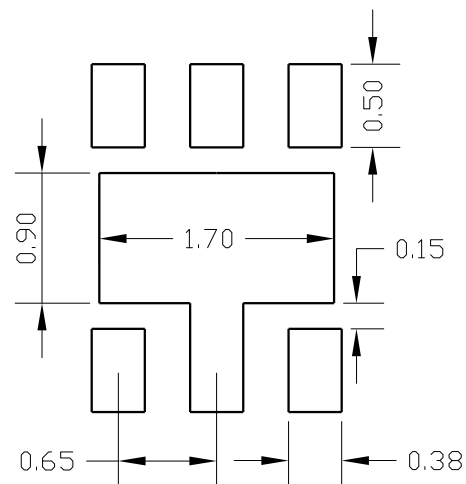
**Top View**



**Side View**



**Bottom View**



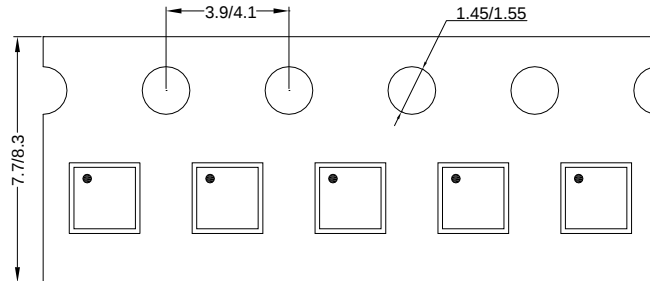
**Recommended PCB layout**

*Notes: All dimensions are in millimeters.*

*All dimensions don't include mold flash & metal burr.*

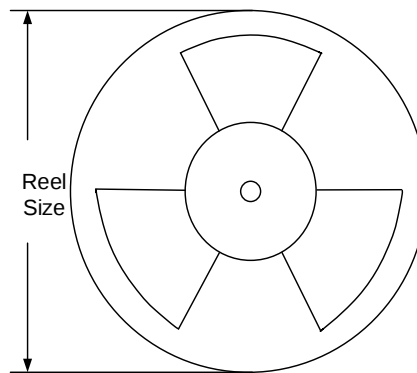
## Taping & Reel Specification

### 1. Taping orientation



Feeding direction →

### 2. Carrier Tape & Reel specification for packages



| Package types | Tape width (mm) | Pocket pitch(mm) | Reel size (Inch) | Trailer length(mm) | Leader length (mm) | Qty per reel |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| DFN2x2        | 8               | 4                | 7"               | 400                | 160                | 3000         |

### 3. Others: NA



## Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purpose only and is believed to be accurate, however, not warranted. Please make sure that you have the latest revision.

| Date         | Revision     | Change             |
|--------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Mar.25, 2024 | Revision 1.0 | Production Release |
| Nov.21, 2022 | Revision 0.9 | Initial Release    |

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