

Document Version: 5.4
Date: 2005/10/11

Product Specifications

26.0" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T260XW02 V5

() Preliminary Specifications (*) Final Specifications



Contents

| No | ITEM |
|-----|------------------------------|
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Record of Revision

| Version | Date | No | Old Description | New Description | Remark | | | |
|---------|-----------|----|---|--|---------|--|--|--|
| 5.0 | 2005/8/2 | | Original Version | | | | | |
| | | | 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings | 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings | | | | |
| | | | Symbol: VDD | | Page 5 | | | |
| | | | Note1: Duration = 50msec | Note 1 : Duration = 1 sec | | | | |
| | | | 3-2 Interface Connections | 3-2 Interface Connections | | | | |
| | | | | - LCD connector (CN1): JAE FI-E30S or | | | | |
| | | | S or equivalent | STM MSAKS2407P30 | | | | |
| | | | ** LVDS Option : | ** LVDS Option : | | | | |
| | | | H (3.3V) or N.C.È NS (Normal) | H (3.3V) or N.C.è NS (Normal) | Page 7 | | | |
| | | | L(GND) è JETDA | L (CND) è JEDDA | | | | |
| | | | ** Rotate Option : H (3.3V) è U/D, | | | | | |
| | | | R/L rotate | | | | | |
| | | | L (GND) è Normal | | | | | |
| | | | 3-6 Power Sequence for LCD | 3-6 Power Sequence for LCD | | | | |
| | | | Parameter Values Units | Parameter Values Units | | | | |
| | | | Min. Typ. Max. | Min. Typ. Max. | | | | |
| | | | t1 470 - 1000 μs t2 25 - 60 ms | t1 0.5 - 20 ms t2 20 - 50 ms | | | | |
| | | | t3 600 ms | t3 700 ms | Page 14 | | | |
| 5.1 | 2005/9/19 | | t4 200 ms | t4 200 ms | | | | |
| | | | t5 50 ms t6 0.47 - 30 ms | t5 50 ms t6 0.47 - 30 ms | | | | |
| | | | t6 0.47 - 30 ms t7 1 s | t6 0.47 - 30 ms | | | | |
| | | | 3-6 Power Sequence for Inverter | 3-6 Power Sequence for Inverter | | | | |
| | | | 5 o rower sequence for inverter | Voluce | | | | |
| | | | | Parameter Wantes Units Min. Typ. Max. | | | | |
| | | | | T1 20 ms | D 15 | | | |
| | | | NA | T2 500 ms T3 250 ms | Page 15 | | | |
| | | | | T4 0 - ms | | | | |
| | | | | T5 1 ms | | | | |
| | | | 0 : 10 : 5 : 1 | T6 10 s | | | | |
| | | | Optical Specification | Optical Specification Contract Posice 200 (10min) | | | | |
| | | | Contrast Ratio è 600 : 1(min) 1000 : 1 (typ.) | Contrast Ratio ≥ 800 : 1(min) 1000 : 1 (typ.) | Page 16 | | | |
| | | | Dark Luminance 0.8 (max) | Dark Luminance 0.625 (max) | ruge 10 | | | |
| | | | Luminance Variation 1.4 | Luminance Variation 1.3 | | | | |
| | | | Bezel Area è | Bezel Areaè | | | | |
| | | | Horizontal: 580.8mm | Horizontal: 580.8mm±0.5mm | Page 19 | | | |
| | | | Vertical: 328.8mm | Vertical: 328.8mm±0.5mm | | | | |
| | | | Absolute Maximum Ratings | Absolute Maximum Ratings | | | | |
| | | | | Symbol Min Max Unit | | | | |
| | | | Symbol Min Max Unit | V _{CC} -0.3 (6.0) [Volt] | | | | |
| | | | V _{CC} -0.3 (7.0) [Volt] | VLVDSOPT -0.3 (3.6) [Volt] VDDB -0.3 27.0 [Volt] | | | | |
| 5.2 | 2005/9/29 | | Vin -0.3 (3.6) [Volt] VDDB -0.3 27.0 [Volt] | BLON -0.3 7.0 [Volt] VDIM -0.3 6.0 [Volt] | Page 5 | | | |
| | | | BLON -0.3 7.0 [Volt] TOP 0 +50 [°C] | V _{BLON} -0.3 6.0 [Volt] | = | | | |
| | | | HOP 10 90 [%RH] TST -20 +60 [°C] | TOP 0 +50 [°C] | | | | |
| | | | HST 10 90 [%RH] | HOP 10 90 [%RH] TST -20 +60 [°C] | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



| Version | Date | No | Old Description | New Description | Remark |
|---------|------------|----|---|--|-----------|
| | | | _ | Backlight Power Consumption: 94.8W (max.) | Page 7 |
| | | | | 3-2 Interface Connections updated | Page 8, 9 |
| | | | | Input current / power updated (turn on/ stable) | Page 10 |
| 5.2 | | | Signal Item Symbol Min. Typ. Max. | Unit Signal Item Symbol Min. Typ. Max. Unit | |
| | 2005/9/29 | | Vertical Section Period Tv 789 806 822 Active Tdisp 768 Blanking Tblk (v) 21 38 54 | Th Vertical Section Tv 950 975 1000 Th | |
| | | | Period Th 1414 1560 1722 | Tclk Horizontal Tclk Period Th 1414 1435 1543 Tclk Active Tdisp 365 1543 Tclk Blanking Tblk (h) 48 69 177 Tclk Whitz Frequency Fclk 80 84 88 MHz | Page 12 |
| | | | Vertical Frequency Fv 58 60 62 | Hz | |
| 5.3 | 2005/10/04 | | Input Current (Turn on Condition $\grave{\mathbf{E}}\ I_{DDB}=3.95\ A(max.)$ Input Power (Turn on Condition) $\grave{\mathbf{E}}\ P_{DDB}=94.8\ W(max.)$ Input Current (Stable Condition) $\grave{\mathbf{E}}\ I_{DDB}=3.6\ A(max.)$ Input Power (Stable Condition) $\grave{\mathbf{E}}\ P_{DDB}=87\ W(max.)$ | Input Power (Turn on Condition) $ \grave{\mathbf{e}} P_{\mathrm{DDB}} = 87.6 \mathrm{W}(\mathrm{typ.}) $ $ \grave{\mathbf{e}} P_{\mathrm{DDB}} = 94.8 \mathrm{W}(\mathrm{max.}) $ Input Current (Stable Condition) $ \grave{\mathbf{e}} I_{\mathrm{DDB}} = 3.5 \mathrm{A}(\mathrm{typ.}) $ $ \grave{\mathbf{e}} I_{\mathrm{DDB}} = 3.6 \mathrm{A}(\mathrm{max.}) $ Input Power (Stable Condition) $ \grave{\mathbf{e}} P_{\mathrm{DDB}} = 84 \mathrm{W}(\mathrm{typ.}) $ | Page 10 |
| 5.4 | 2005/10/11 | | Front view 2D drawing è A-B ≦1.6mm C-D ≦1.6mm | $ ightharpoonup P_{DDB} = 87W(max.)$ Front view 2D drawing $ ightharpoonup P_{DDB} = 87W(max.)$ $\mid C-D \mid \leq 1.6mm$ $\mid E-F \mid \leq 1.6mm$ | Page 21 |



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 26.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T260XW02. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 26.0 inch. This module supports 1366x768 XGA-WIDE mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot. The T260XW02 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

| Items | Specification | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------|
| Active Screen Size | 26.0 | inches | |
| Display Area | 575.769 (H) x 323.712(V) | mm | |
| Pixel Pitch | 0.4215 | mm | |
| Outline Dimension | 626.0 (H) x 373.0 (V) x 47.5(D) | mm | With inverter |
| Driver Element | a-Si TFT active matrix | | |
| Display Colors | 16.7M | Colors | |
| Number of Pixels | 1366 x 768 | Pixel | |
| Pixel Arrangement | RGB vertical stripe | | |
| Display Mode | Normally Black | | |
| BL Structure | 8 U-Lamps | | |
| Surface Treatment | AG, 3H | | |



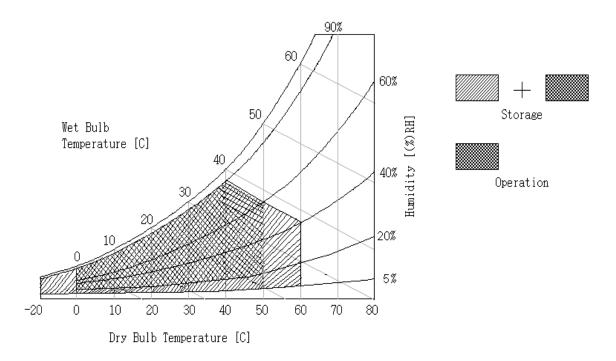
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

| Item | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Conditions |
|--|----------------------|------|------|--------|------------|
| Logic/LCD Drive Voltage | V_{CC} | -0.3 | 6.0 | [Volt] | Note 1 |
| LVDS Option Control Voltage | V _{LVDSOPT} | -0.3 | 3.6 | [Volt] | Note 1 |
| BLU Input Voltage | VDDB | -0.3 | 27.0 | [Volt] | Note 1 |
| BLU Brightness Control Voltage | BLON | -0.3 | 7.0 | [Volt] | Note 1 |
| External Analog Dimming Control Voltage | VDIM | -0.3 | 6.0 | [Volt] | Note 1 |
| On/Off Control Voltage | V_{BLON} | -0.3 | 6.0 | [Volt] | Note 1 |
| External PWM Dimming Control Voltage | EV_{PWM} | -0.3 | 6.0 | [Volt] | Note 1 |
| Operating Temperature | TOP | 0 | +50 | [°C] | Note 2 |
| Operating Humidity | HOP | 10 | 90 | [%RH] | Note 2 |
| Storage Temperature | TST | -20 | +60 | [°C] | Note 2 |
| Storage Humidity | HST | 10 | 90 | [%RH] | Note 2 |

Note 1 : Duration = 1 sec

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.





3. Electrical Specification

The T260XW02 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter..

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | | Values | | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|
| r ar ameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Omt | Notes |
| LCD: | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Input Voltage | V_{cc} | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V | |
| Power Supply Input Current | Icc | - | 1.40 | 1.78 | A | 1 |
| Power Consumption | Pc | - | 7.0 | 9.0 | Watt | 1 |
| Inrush Current | I_{RUSH} | - | - | 3.0 | A | 2 |
| Backlight Power Consumption | | _ | - | 94.8 | Watt | 3 |
| Life Time | | 50,000 | 60,000 | | Hours | 4 |

Note:

- 1. Vcc=5.0V, Fv=60Hz, Fclk= 85.0 MHz, 25°C., Test Pattern: White Pattern
- 2. Vcc rising time = $470 \, \text{ms}$, Vcc= $5.0 \, \text{V}$
- 3. VDDB=24V, VDIM=3.3V, EDPWM=100%, test in the whole period from VDDB power on to power off.
- 4. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example: lifetime or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
- 5. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- **6.** The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

T260XW02 V5-Spec. Ver5.4



3-2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector (CN1): JAE FI-E30S or STM MSAKS2407P30
- LVDS Transmitter: SN75LVDS83(Texas Instruments) or equivalent

Note:

1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.

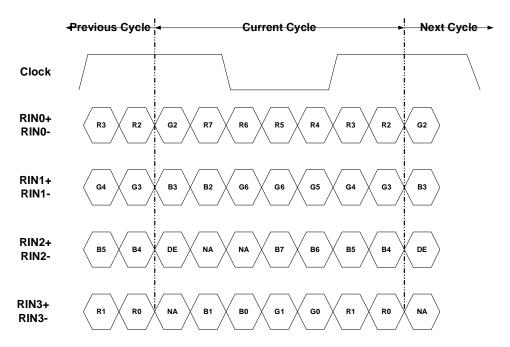
| Pin No | Symbol | Description | Default |
|--------|-------------|---|---------|
| 1 | N.C. | No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin) | |
| 2 | N.C. | No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin) | |
| 3 | N.C. | No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin) | |
| 4 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 5 | Rx0- | Negative LVDS differential data input | |
| 6 | Rx0+ | Positive LVDS differential data input | |
| 7 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 8 | Rx1- | Negative LVDS differential data input | |
| 9 | Rx1+ | Positive LVDS differential data input | |
| 10 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 11 | Rx2- | Negative LVDS differential data input | |
| 12 | Rx2+ | Positive LVDS differential data input | |
| 13 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 14 | RxCLK- | Negative LVDS differential clock input | |
| 15 | RxCLK+ | Positive LVDS differential clock input | |
| 16 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 17 | Rx3- | Negative LVDS differential data input | |
| 18 | Rx3+ | Positive LVDS differential data input | |
| 19 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 20 | N.C. | No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin) | |
| 21 | LVDS Option | Pull Low : JETDA LVDS format; Pull High or N.C.: NS LVDS format | |
| 22 | N.C. | No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin) | |
| 23 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 24 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 25 | GND | Power Ground | |
| 26 | V_{CC} | +5V Power Input | |
| 27 | V_{CC} | +5V Power Input | |
| 28 | V_{CC} | +5V Power Input | |
| 29 | V_{CC} | +5V Power Input | |
| 30 | V_{CC} | +5V Power Input | |

** LVDS Option : H (3.3V) or N.C. è NS

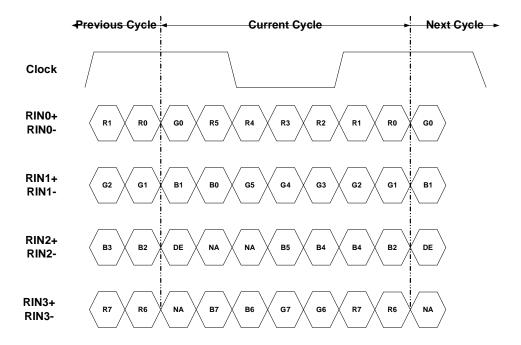
L(GND) è JETDA



LVDS Option = L (GND)è JETDA Format



LVDS Option = H (3.3V) or N.C.è NS Format



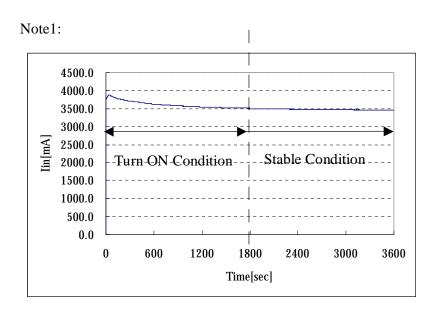


BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION

1. Electrical specification

(Ta=25±5°C)

| No | ITEM | SYMI | BOL | CONDITION | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | Note |
|----|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|------|------|------|---------|---------|
| 1 | Input Voltage | V_{DI} |)B | | 21.6 | 24.0 | 26.4 | V | |
| 2 | Input Current (Turn on Condition) | $I_{ m DD}$ | В | V _{DDB} =24V VDIM=3.3V EDPWM=100 % | | 3.65 | 3.95 | A | 1 |
| 3 | Input Power (Turn on Condition) | P_{DE} | oв | V_{DDB} =24V VDIM=3.3V EDPWM=100% | | 87.6 | 94.8 | W | 1 |
| 4 | Input Current (Stable Condition) | I_{DD} | В | V_{DDB} =24V VDIM=3.3V EDPWM=100% | | 3.5 | 3.68 | A | 1 |
| 5 | Input Power (Stable Condition) | P_{DE} |)B | V _{DDB} =24V VDIM=3.3V EDPWM=100% | | 84 | 88.5 | W | 1 |
| 6 | Input inrush current, 0.3ms | $ m I_{RUS}$ | SH | V_{DD} =24V VDIM=3.3V EDPWM=100%. | | | 5.0 | A | |
| 7 | Output Frequency | F_{B} | L | $V_{DD}=24V$ | | 48 | | kHz | |
| 8 | ON/OFF Control Voltage | V_{BLON} | ON OFF | V_{DD} =24V V_{DD} =24V | 2.0 | | 5.0 | V | or Open |
| 9 | ON/OFF Control Current | I_{BLC} | | $V_{DD}=24V$ $V_{DD}=24V$ | -1 | | 1.5 | mA | |
| | | | MAX | $V_{DD}=24V$ | | 3.3 | | V | or Open |
| 10 | Dimming Control Voltage | V_{DIM} | MIN | $V_{DD}=24V$ | | 0.0 | | V | |
| 11 | Dimming Control Current | I_{DIM} | MIN | V _{DD} =24V | 1.0 | | | mA | |
| 12 | External PWM Control Voltage | EV _{PWM} | MAX | | 2.0 | | 5.0 | V | |
| | | | MIN | | -0.3 | | 0.8 | V | |
| 13 | B External PWM Control Current | | MAX | PWM=100% | 0.5 | | | mA | |
| 1/ | External PWM Duty Ratio | EI _{PWM} | MIN | PWM=100% | 0.5 | | 100 | mA % | |
| | | ED _P | | | | | | | |
| 15 | External PWM Frequency | EF_{PV} | WM | | 150 | | 300 | Hz | |





2. Input specification

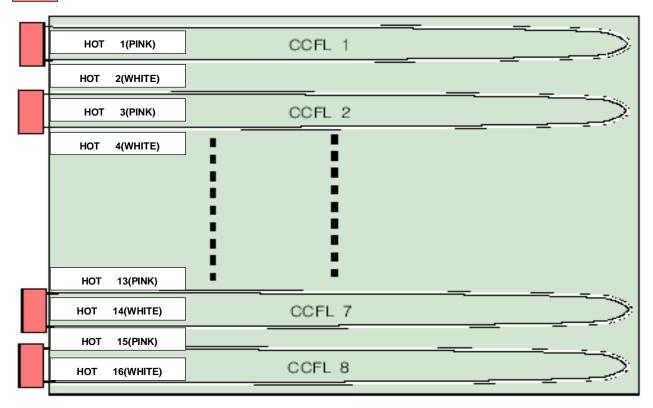
| Pin No | Symbol | Description | Default |
|--------|--------|---|---------|
| 1 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated | 24V |
| 2 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated | 24V |
| 3 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated | 24V |
| 4 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated | 24V |
| 5 | VDDB | Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated | 24V |
| 6 | GND | Ground | GND |
| 7 | GND | Ground | GND |
| 8 | GND | Ground | GND |
| 9 | GND | Ground | GND |
| 10 | GND | Ground | GND |
| 11 | VDIM | External Analog Dimming Control | - |
| 12 | VBLON | On/Off Control | - |
| 13 | EXPWM | External PWM Dimming Control | - |
| 14 | N.C. | No Connection | - |

CN1: S14B-PH-SM3-TB(JST) CN2: S2B-ZR-SM3A-TF(JST)

CN3~10: SM02(12)B-BHS-1-TB(JST)

3. Backlight Diagram

HOT: High Voltage





3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

* Timing Table

DE only Mode

Vertical Frequency Range A

| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|-------|------|-------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Vertical | Period | Tv | 789 | 806 | 822 | Th | | | | |
| Section | Active | Tdisp | | 768 | | | | | | |
| Section | Blanking | Tblk (v) | 21 | 38 | 54 | Th | | | | |
| Horizontal | Period | Th | 1414 | 1560 | 1722 | Tclk | | | | |
| Section | Active | Tdisp | | Tclk | | | | | | |
| Section | Blanking | Tblk (h) | 48 | 194 | 356 | Tclk | | | | |
| Clock | Frequency | Fclk | 54 | 63 | 74 | MHz | | | | |
| Vertical Frequency | Frequency | Fv | 48 | 50 | 52 | Hz | | | | |
| Horizontal Frequency | Frequency | Freq | 39.45 | | 41.10 | kHz | | | | |

Vertical Frequency Range B

| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|------|---------|------|------|
| Vertical | Period | Tv | 950 | 950 975 | | Th |
| Section Section | Active | Tdisp | | 768 | | |
| Section | Blanking | Tblk (v) | 182 | 207 | 232 | Th |
| Horizontal | Period | Th | 1414 | 1435 | 1543 | Tclk |
| Section | Active | Tdisp | | | | |
| Section | Blanking | Tblk (h) | 48 | 69 | 177 | Tclk |
| Clock | Frequency | Fclk | 80 | 84 | 88 | MHz |
| Vertical Frequency | Frequency | Fv | -1 | 60 | -1 | Hz |
| Horizontal Frequency | Frequency | Freq | 57 | | 60 | kHz |

^{*1)} Clock signal input must be valid while power supply is applied.

Horizontal display position is specified by the falling edge of 1st Clock right after the rise of ENAB, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

Vertical display position is specified by the rise of ENAB after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of ENAB is displayed at the top line of screen.

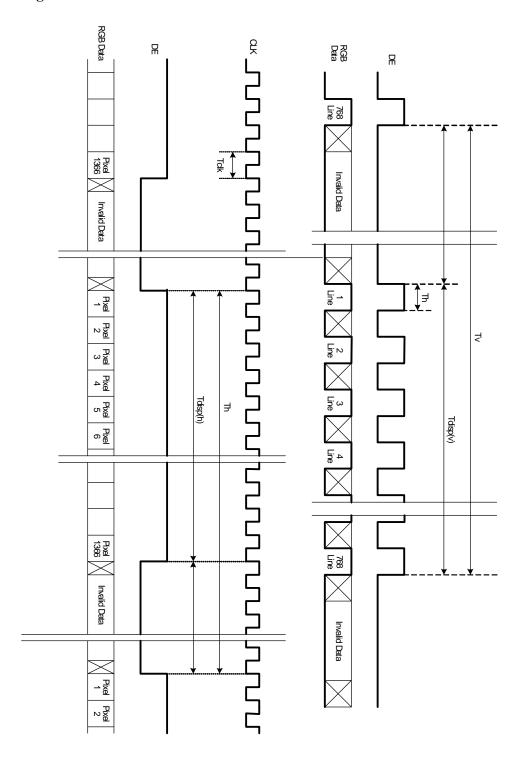
^{*2)} Display position is specific by the rise of ENAB signal only.

^{*3.)} If a period of ENAB "High" is less than 1366 Clock or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

^{*4.)} The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of ENAB "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5 Color Input Data Reference

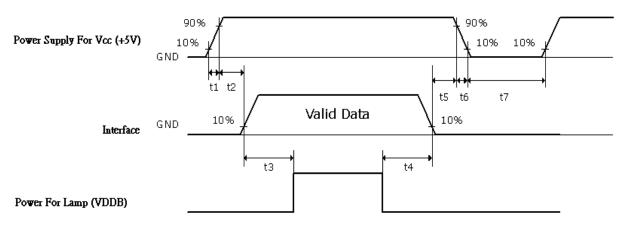
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

| | | | | | | | | | | | Inp | ut | Co | lor | Da | ta | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|----|----|-----------|----|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|-------|----|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| (| Color | | | | RI | ED | | | | | | (| GRI | EEN | V | | | | | | BL | UE | | | |
| · · | 20101 | MS | | | | | | LSB MSB | | | | | LSB | | | | | | | | | | | | SB |
| | | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red(255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Basic Color | Green(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 00101 | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | RED (000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RED | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | | ļ | | | | | |
| | RED(254) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | RED(255) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | GREEN (000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ~~~~ | GREEN(001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREEN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ļ | | | | | | | | | | ļ |
| | GREEN(254) | | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | _ | - | 0 | | | 0 | U |
| | GREEN(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE(000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | BLUE(001) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| BLUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| | BLUE(254) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | BLUE(255) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |



3-6 Power Sequence for LCD

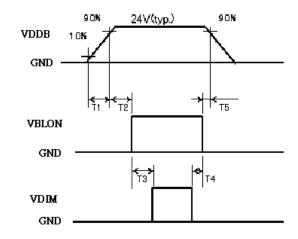


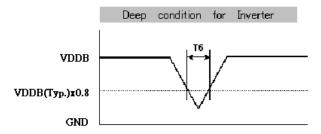
| Parameter | | Units | | |
|-----------|------|-------|------|------|
| ranameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Umts |
| t1 | 0.5 | - | 20 | ms |
| t2 | 20 | - | 50 | ms |
| t3 | 700 | - | - | ms |
| t4 | 200 | - | - | ms |
| t5 | 50 | - | - | ms |
| t6 | 0.47 | - | 30 | ms |
| t7 | 1 | - | - | S |

(1) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.



3-7 Power Sequence for Inverter





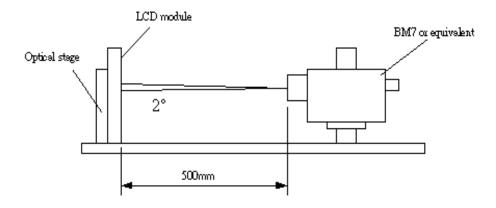
| Parameter | | Units | | |
|---------------|------|-------|------|-------|
| r at afficier | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
| T1 | 20 | - | - | ms |
| T2 | 500 | - | - | ms |
| T3 | 250 | - | - | ms |
| T4 | 0 | - | - | ms |
| T5 | 1 | - | - | ms |
| T6 | - | - | 10 | S |



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



| Parameter | | Symbol | Values | | | Units | Notes |
|---|-------------|-----------------------------|----------|-------|-----------|--------|-------|
| | | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Notes |
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | 600 | 800 | | | 1 |
| Dark Luminance | | LBK | | | (0.625) | cd/m² | 2 |
| Surface Lumina | ance, white | LWH | 400 | 500 | | cd/m² | ۷ |
| Luminance Variation | | δ_{WHITE} 9 p | | | 1.3 | | 3 |
| Response Rise | Time | Tr_R | | 15 | 18 | ma | 4 |
| Time Deca | y Time | Tr_{D} | | 5 | 7 | ms | 4 |
| Gray | to Gray | Τγ | | 8 | 35 | ms | 5 |
| Color Coordinates | | | | | | | |
| D | RED | $R_{\rm X}$ | | 0.640 | | | |
| N | ED | $R_{ m Y}$ | | 0.330 | | | |
| | REEN | G_{X} | | 0.290 | Typ.+0.03 | | |
| 0 | | $G_{ m Y}$ | Typ0.03 | 0.600 | | | |
| l _D | LUE | $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{X}}$ | 1 yp0.03 | 0.150 | | | |
| | WHITE | $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{Y}}$ | | 0.060 | | | |
| | | W_{X} | | 0.280 | | | |
| • | WHILE | | | 0.290 | | | |
| NTSC | | | | 72 | | % | |
| Viewing Angle | | | | | | | |
| x axis, right($\varphi = 0^{\circ}$) | | heta r | | 88 | | Degree | |
| x axis, left($\varphi = 180^{\circ}$) | | $	heta_1$ | | 88 | | Degree | 6 |
| y axis, up(φ =90°) | | heta u | | 88 | | Degree | |
| y axis, down ($\varphi = 0^{\circ}$) | | heta d | | 88 | | Degree | |



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When $V_{DDB} = 24V$, $I_{DDB} = 3.5A$. L_{WH} =Lon1

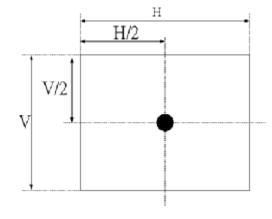
Where Lon1 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.

3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined (center of Screen) as:

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}}$$
= Maximum($L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on9}}$) / Minimum($L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on9}}$)

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white(Rise Time, Tr_R) and from white to black (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG3.
- 5. T γ is the response time between any two gray scale and is based on f_v=60Hz to optimize.
- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance



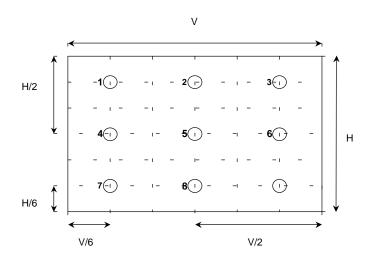




FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

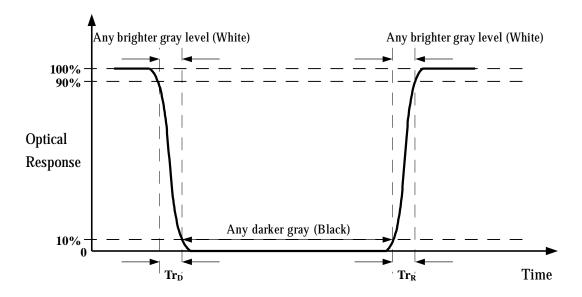
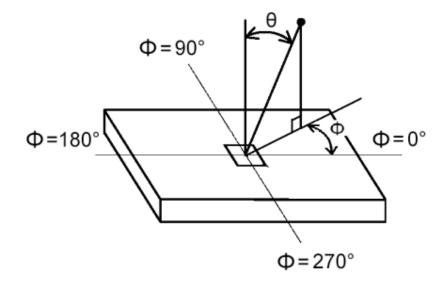


FIG.4 Viewing angle





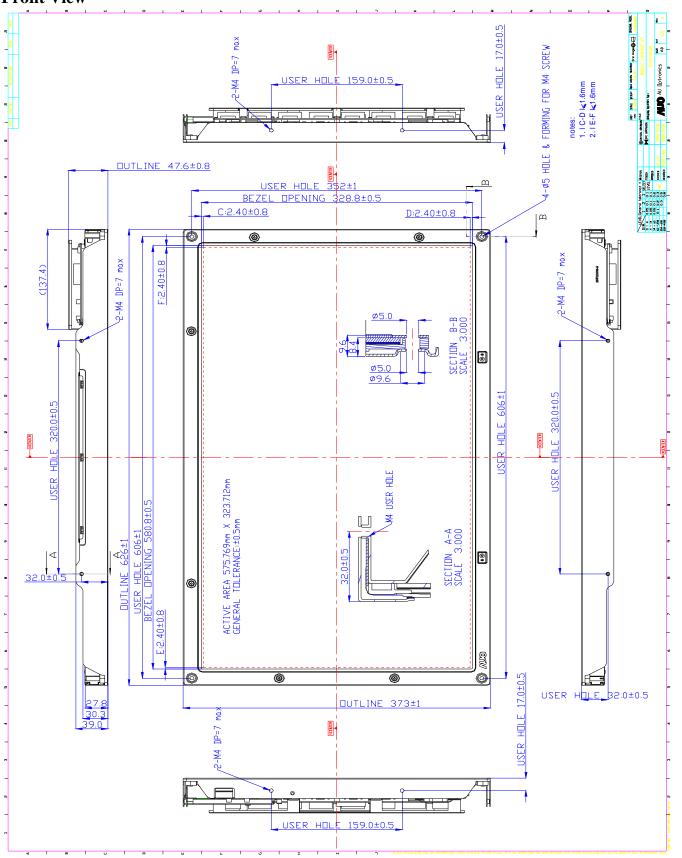
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T260XW02. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

| | Horizontal | 626.0mm | |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Outline Dimension | Vertical | 373.0mm | |
| | Donth | 47.5mm(w/i inverter & Shielding | |
| | Depth | 30.3mm(w/o inverter) | |
| Bezel Area | Horizontal | 580.8mm±0.5mm | |
| Dezei Area | Vertical | 328.8mm±0.5mm | |
| A ativa Diamlary Amaa | Horizontal | 575.769mm | |
| Active Display Area | Vertical | 323.712mm | |
| Weight | 4200g (Typ.) | | |
| Surface Treatment | Anti-Glare, 3H | | |

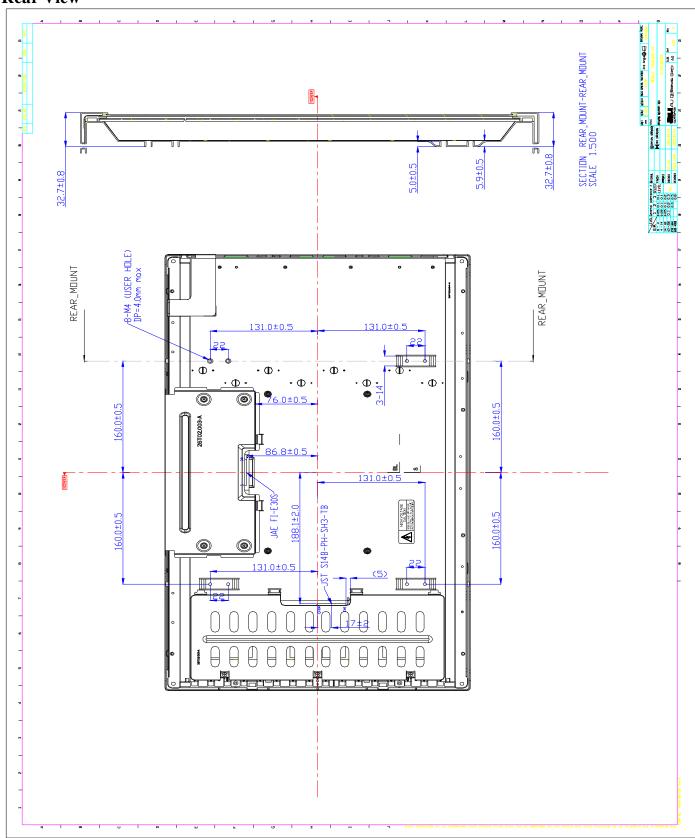


Front View





Rear View





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

| No | Test Item | Condition | |
|----|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta=60°C 240h | |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta=-20°C 240h | |
| 3 | High temperature operation test | Ta=50°C 80%RH 240h | |
| 4 | Low temperature operation test | Ta=0°C 240h | |
| 5 | Vibration test (non-operating) | Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS Bandwidth: 10-500Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 20min One time each direction | |
| 6 | Shock test (non-operating) | | |
| 7 | Vibration test (with carton) | Random Vibration: 10~200Hz, 1.5G, 30minute in each X, Y, Z direction | |
| 8 | Drop test (with carton) | Height: 53.3cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I) | |
| 9 | Altitude Storage/shipment | 50,000 feet (12Kpa) | |

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

甲、 UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.

Z · CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

(3) EN60950: 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992.
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998.



8. Packing

Label sample 83mm * 23mm



Carton Label

AU Optronics QTY: 4

MODEL NO: T260XW02 VX PART NO: 97.26T02.XXX

CUSTOMER NO:

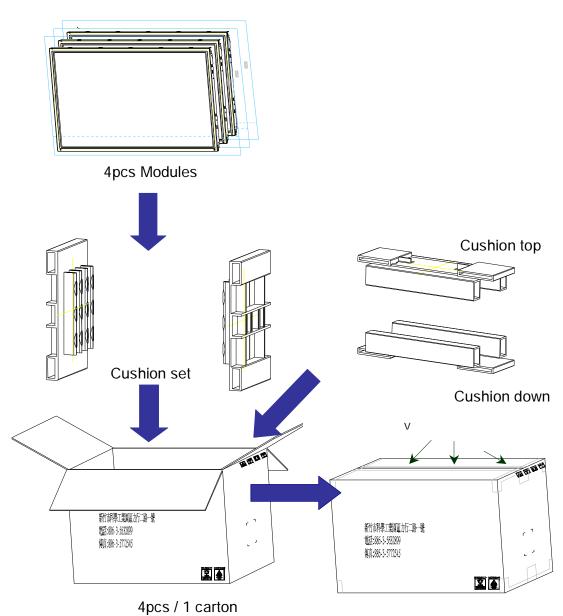
CARTON NO:

Made in Taiwan

PM100-01A1600001



Carton Size 767(L)mm*330(W)mm*480(H)mm





9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: $V = \pm 200 \text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

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9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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