

# Model Name: T260XW06 V4

# Issue Date: 2010/09/07

# (\*) Preliminary Specifications( ) Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date					
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Yen Ting Chiu						
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader Gump LIn Prepared By PM Hubert Liu						



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# **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.1	09/07		First release



### **1. General Description**

This specification applies to the 26.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T260XW06 V4. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 26.0 inch. This module supports 1,366x768 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T260XW06 V4 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important. The LED Driver is combined into whole module.

#### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	26.00	inch	
Display Area	575.769(H) x 323.712(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	613.0(H) x 361.0 (V) x 14.9(D)	mm	D: Front Bezel to T-Con Cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,366x768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4215 (H) x 0.4215 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%



# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

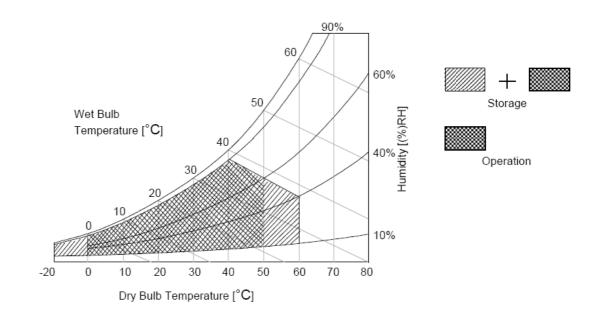
Item	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.3	14	V <sub>DC</sub>	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	V <sub>DC</sub>	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	28	V <sub>DC</sub>	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7	V <sub>DC</sub>	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39  $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$   $\,$  and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50  $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$  Dry condition





# 3. Electrical Specification

The T260XW06 V4 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power inverter.

#### **3.1 Electrical Characteristics**

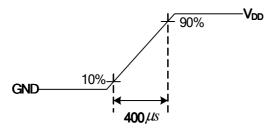
	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Sup	ply Input Voltage (12V model)	V <sub>DD</sub>	10.8	12	13.2	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Power Supply Input Current		I <sub>DD</sub>		TBD	TBD	A	1
Power Consumption		Pc		TBD	TBD	Watt	1
Inrush Curr	rent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>			TBD	A	2
LVDS	Input Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	400	600	$mV_{DC}$	3
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TH</sub>	+100		+300	mV <sub>DC</sub>	3
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TL</sub>	-300		-100	$mV_{DC}$	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{\text{DC}}$	3
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> (High)	2.7		3.3	V <sub>DC</sub>	4
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> (Low)	0		0.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	4
Backlight P	ower Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>	TBD	TBD	TBD	Watt	
Life Time (I	MTTF)		30000			Hours	6

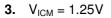
#### Note :

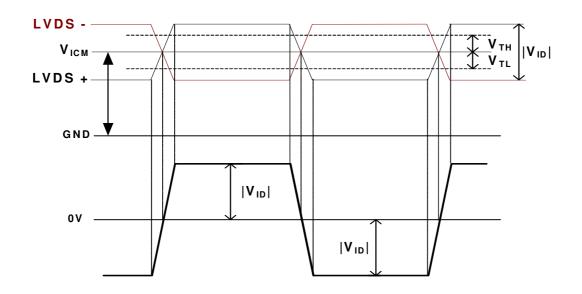
- 1. Test Condition:
  - (1)  $V_{DD} = 12V$
  - (2) Fv = 60Hz
  - (3)  $F_{CLK} = 82MHz$
  - (4) Temperature = 25  $^{\circ}C$
  - (5) Test Pattern : White Pattern



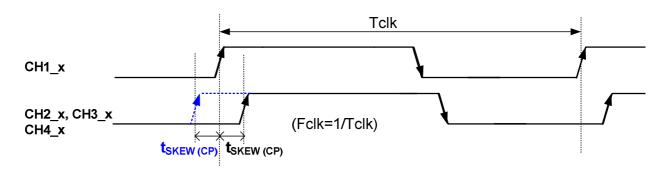
2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us

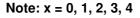






- 4. The measure points of  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
  - 5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin

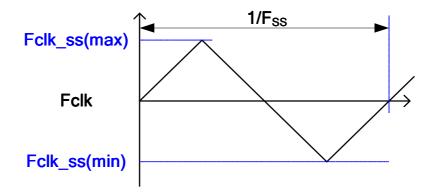




6. The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta =  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C]



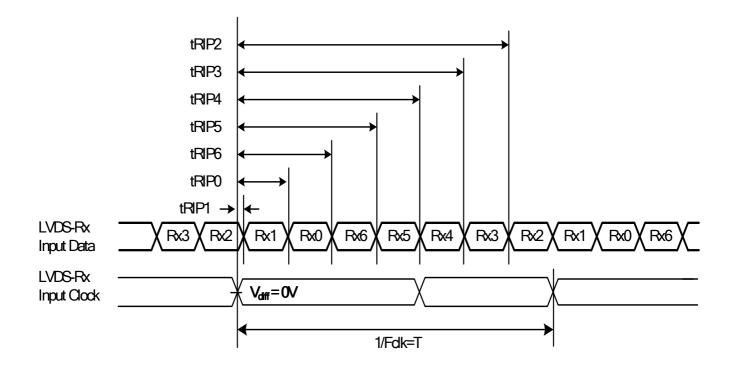
7. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures





#### 8. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating						
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Мах	Unit	Note			
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk			
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns				





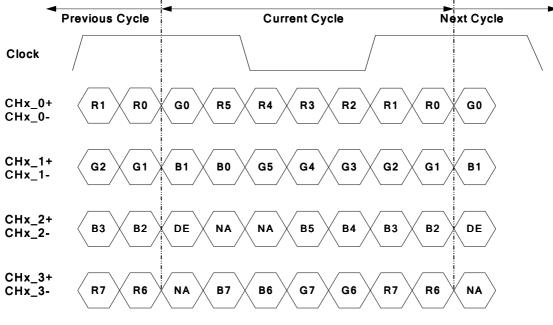
#### Interface Connections

• LCD connector: 093G30-B0001A-1 (Starconn, LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
3	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
4	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
5	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
11	GND	Ground
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+
14	GND	Ground
15	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-
16	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+
17	GND	Ground
18	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-
19	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+
20	GND	Ground
21	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -
22	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +
23	GND	Ground
24	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-
25	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+
26	GND	Ground
27	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
28	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
29	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
30	GND	Ground

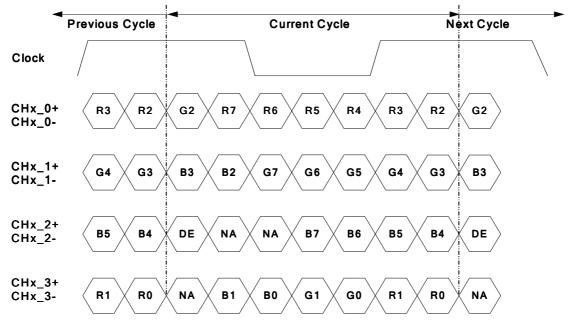


#### LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

#### LVDS Option = Low-JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



#### 3.2 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

#### **Timing Table**

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit			
	Period	Τv	784	810	1015	Th			
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		768					
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	42	247	Th			
	Period	Th	1460	1648	2000	Tclk			
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	isp (h) 1366						
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	94	282	634	Tclk			
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	80	86	MHz			
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz			
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	KHz			

Notes:

(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

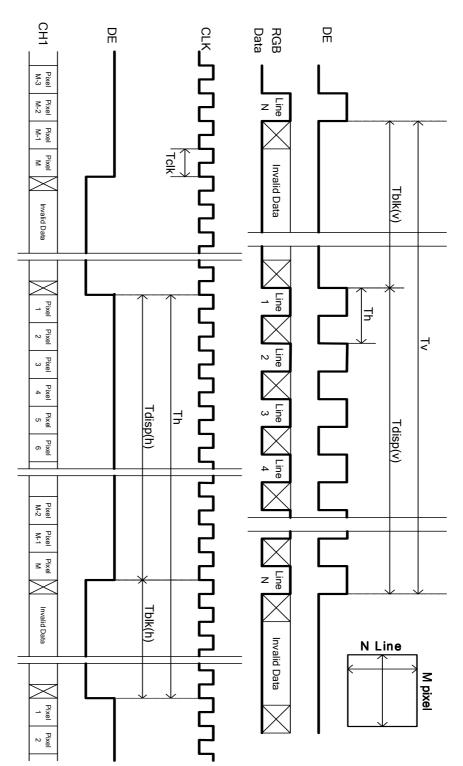
Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

- (2)Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



#### **Signal Timing Waveforms**







#### 3.3 Color Input Data Reference

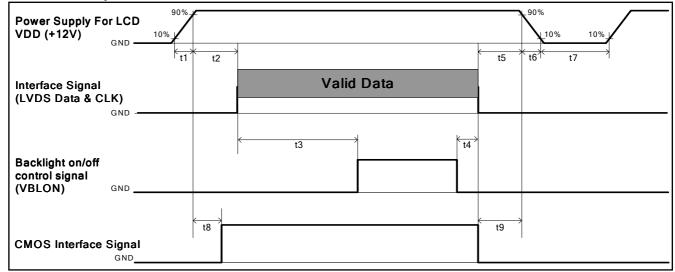
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

			Input Color Data											-											
	Color		RED						GREEN					BLUE											
	000	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	BB	MS	В					LS	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

#### COLOR DATA REFERENCE



#### 3.4 Power Sequence for LCD



Deverenter		Values									
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit							
t1	0.4		30	ms							
t2	0.1	150									
t3	450			ms							
t4	0 <sup>*1</sup>			ms							
t5	0			ms							
t6			*2	ms							
t7	500			ms							
t8	10		50	ms							
t9	0			ms							

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



#### 3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 1pcs light bar.

#### 3.7.1 Electrical specification

ltom	Cumh		Condition		Spec		l lucit	Note
ltem	Symbo	01	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note
Input Voltage	V <sub>DDB</sub>		-	21.6	24	26.4	VDC	-
Input Current	I <sub>DDB</sub>		VDDB=24V	3.375	3.75	4.125	ADC	1
Input Power	P <sub>DDB</sub>		VDDB=24V	81	90	99	W	1
Inrush Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>		VDDB=24V	-	-	6	ADC	2
Operating Frequency	FBL		VDDB=24V	42	44	46	KHz	
	N	ON		2	-	5.5		-
On/Off control voltage	V <sub>BLON</sub>	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
On/Off control current	I <sub>BLON</sub>		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
Internal PWM		MAX		3.0	-	3.3	VDC	-
Dimming Control Voltage	V_IPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-
Internal PWM Dimming Control Current	I_IPW	М	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
Internal PWM Dimming Ratio	R_IPW	M	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	
External PWM	V EPWM	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3	VDC	-
Control Voltage		MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
External PWM Control Current	I_EPW	'M	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
External PWM Duty ratio	D_EPW	M	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
External PWM Frequency	F_EPW	/M	VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25 $\pm$ 5 $^{\circ}$ C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

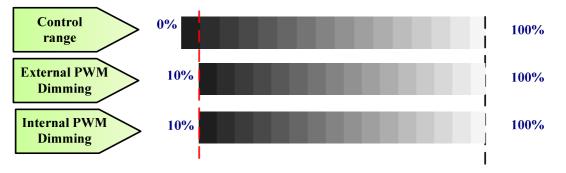
Note 3 :For External PWM application,  $\geq$  5% dimming is function well and no backlight shutdown.



#### 3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

LED Driver Connector: CI0114M1HRL-NH (Cvilux)

Pin	Symbol	Description	
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector	
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: BL On : High/Open (2V~5.5V); BL off : Low (0~0.8V/GND)	
13	VDIM	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at External PWM mode>	
14	PDIM	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at Internal PWM mode>	



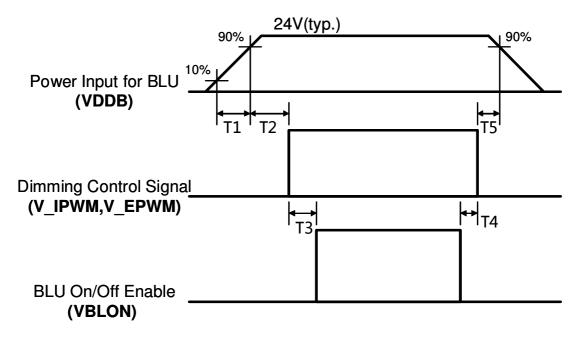
PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

(Note\*) IF External PWM function includes 10% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

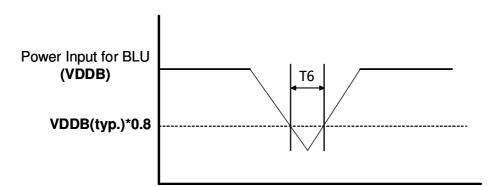
- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed



3.7.3 Power Sequence for LED Driver



#### **Dip condition for LED Driver**



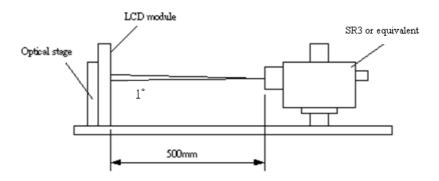
Devenedar		Unite		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
Т6	-	-	10	ms



# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

#### Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Deverseter	Symbol		Values		Linit	<b>N</b> 1 .
	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast	t Ratio	CR	2400	3000			1
Surface	Luminance (White)	L <sub>WH</sub>	280	350		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminar	nce Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>			1.33		3
Respons	se Time (G to G)	Тγ		6.5		Ms	4
Color Ga	amut	NTSC		68		%	
Color Co	oordinates						
	Red	R <sub>X</sub>		0.627			
		R <sub>Y</sub>	-	0.336			
	Green	G <sub>X</sub>		0.338			
		G <sub>Y</sub>	T . 0.00	0.617			
	Blue	B <sub>X</sub>	Тур0.03	0.155	Тур.+0.03		
		B <sub>Y</sub>		0.040			
	White	W <sub>X</sub>		0.280			
		W <sub>Y</sub>	-	0.290			
Viewing Angle							5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ <sub>r</sub>		89		degree	
	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ <sub>u</sub>		89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ <sub>d</sub>		89		degree	



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

#### Contrast Ratio= Surface Luminance of L<sub>on5</sub> Surface Luminance of L<sub>off5</sub>

- Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When LED current = 120mA, L<sub>WH</sub>=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta$ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

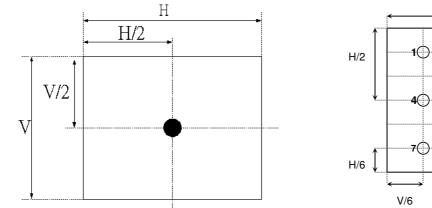
 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ... L_{on9})$ 

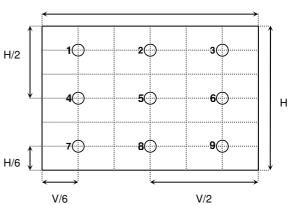
4. Response time T<sub> $\gamma$ </sub> is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F<sub>v</sub>=60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target						
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

#### FIG. 2 Luminance



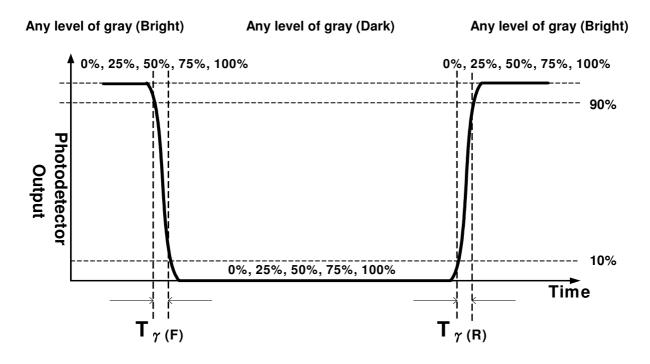


V

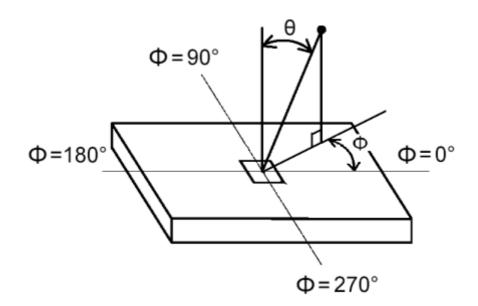


#### FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".



**FIG.4 Viewing Angle** 





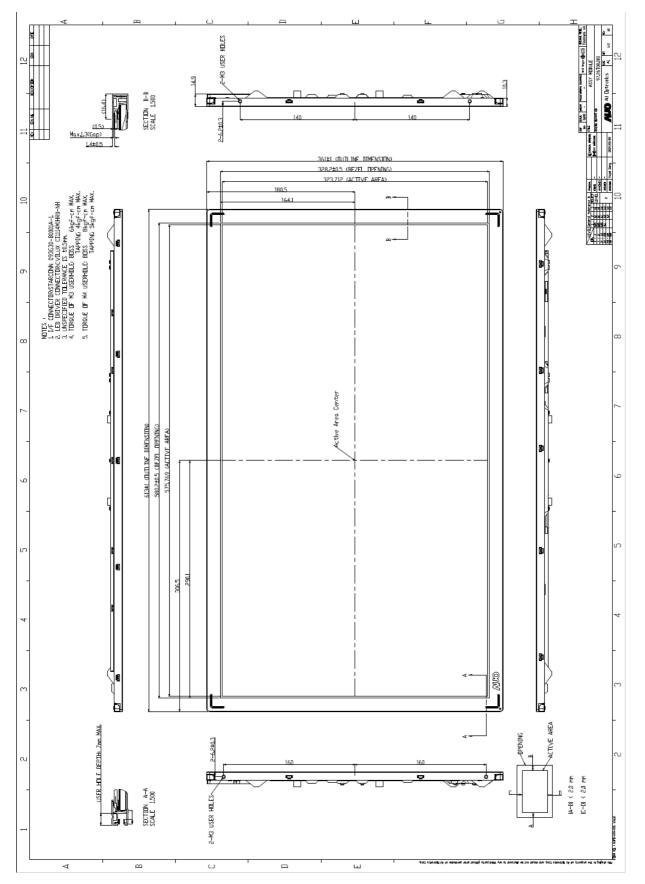
# **5. Mechanical Characteristics**

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T260XW06 V0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	613.0 mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	361.0 mm	
	Depth	14.9 mm (Bezel to T-con cover)	
	Horizontal	580.2 mm	
Bezel Opening	Vertical	328.2 mm	
Active Display Area	Horizontal	575.769mm	
Active Display Area	Vertical	323.712 mm	
Weight	3400 g (Тур.)		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		



# **Front View**





# **Back View**

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# 6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition	
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃ , 300hrs	
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs	
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs	
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs	
			wave form : random	
			Overall average energy level : 1.0Grms	
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Level: 10~300Hz	
			Duration:X,Y,Z 10min	
			one time each direction	
			shock level : 50G	
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	wave form :half sine wave 20ms in $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ axis	
			one time each direction	
7	Vibration test (With carton)	3	1.0Grms 10~200 Hz ,10 min/axis (Random)	
			Height: 457 mm	
8	Drop test (With carton)	3	1 corner, 3 edges , 6 flats (refer ASTM D 5276)	



### 7. International Standard

#### 7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 7.2 EMC

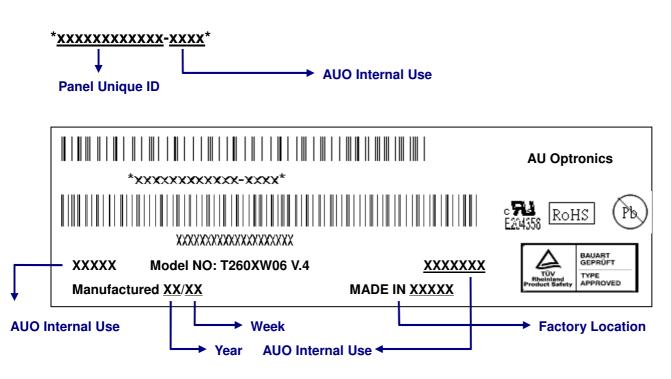
- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



### 8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



#### Green mark description

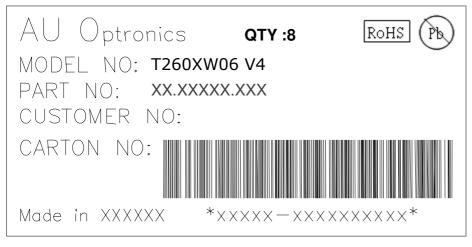
(1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.

(2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green

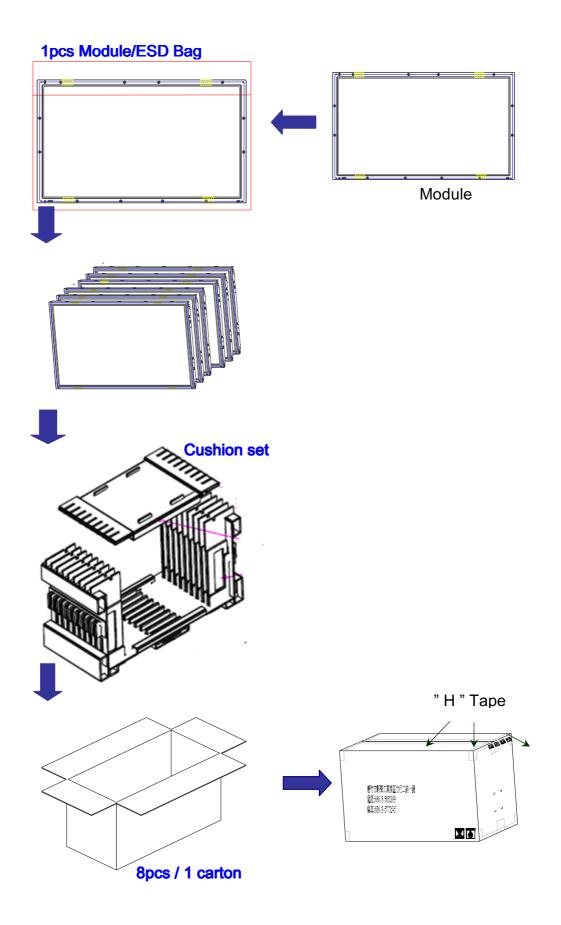
team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

#### B. Carton Label:





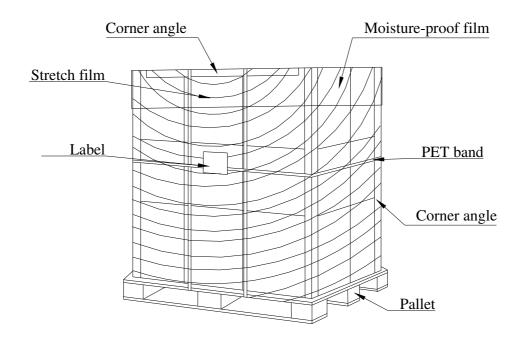
#### 8-2 PACKING METHODS:





#### 8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	ltem		Packing Remark		
		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Facking nemark
1	Packing BOX	8pcs/box	722(L)*325(W)*438(H)	29	
2	Pallet	1	980(L)*740(W)*135(H)	16	
3	Boxes per Pallet	6 boxes/pallet	boxes/pallet		
4	Panels per Pallet	18pcs/pallet			
	Pallet after packing	72	980(L)*740(W)*1011(H)	190	





## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

#### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between  $5^{\circ}$ C and  $35^{\circ}$ C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.