



Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

T315HW05 V5 SKD Product Specification

Model Name: T315HW05 V5 SKD

Issue Date: 2010/11/23

()Preliminary Specifications (*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/10/14		First release
		4	Update outline dimension
		6	Add note of DC characteristics
		9	Add item 8, 9 to AC characteristics
		16	Update optical specification
0.1	2010/11/23	17	Update note of optical specification
		19	Update open cell drawing
		20	Update reliability test item
		23	Update the mounting precautions
		4,11,14	Update the information to be 10bit
	*		

1. General Description





This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315HW05 V5. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 46.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The 315HW05 V5 has been designed to apply the 10bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.5	inch	
Display Area	698.40(H) x 392.85(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	726.4 (H)×428.8 (V)×25 (T)	mm	Refer to SEC module spec
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8bits + FRC, 1.07B	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.363 (H) x 0.363 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	S/C		



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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

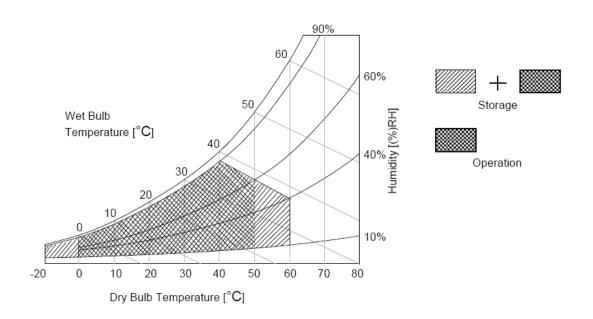
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39[°]C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40℃ or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition







3. Electrical Specification

The T315HW05 V5 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power back light unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Cumbal		Value		Unit	Note
	raidilletei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
LCD							
Power Sup	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V_{DC}	
Power Sup	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.74	0.89	Α	1
Power Cor	nsumption	Pc		8.88	10.68	Watt	1
Inrush Cur	rent	I _{RUSH}			4	Α	2
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	3
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	3
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V_{DC}	4
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	4

LED lightbar and LED Backlight structure is designed by customer, AUO could not guarantee life time and backlight power consumption.



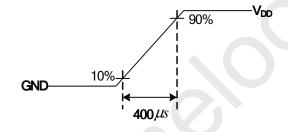
3.1.2: AC Characteristics

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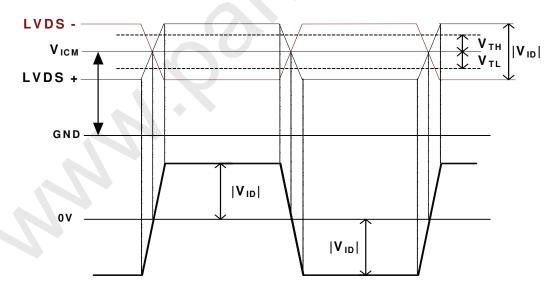
	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	r al ametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t _{SKEW (CP)}	-500		+500	ps	5
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	6
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	1	200	KHz	6
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz	tRMG	-0.4		0.4	ns	7
	Fclk = 65 MHz		-0.5		0.5	1.0	•

Note:

- 1. V_{DD} = 12.0V, Fv = 60Hz, Fclk= 67.5MHz , 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, Test Pattern : White Pattern
- Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



3. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



- **4.** The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin

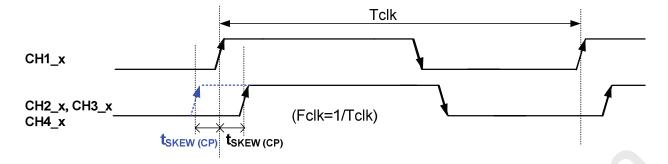
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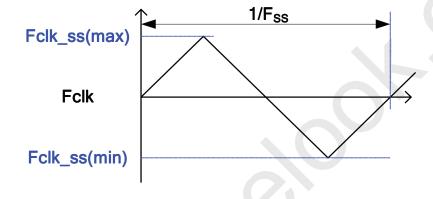
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Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures

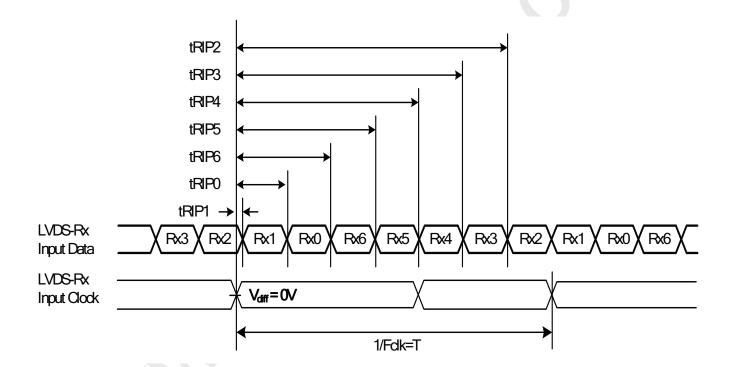






7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating		Unit	Note
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Ollit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	



- 8. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of LED will drop and the life time of LED will be reduced.
- 9. The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value.

[Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C





Interface Connections

LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF (JAE, LVDS connector)

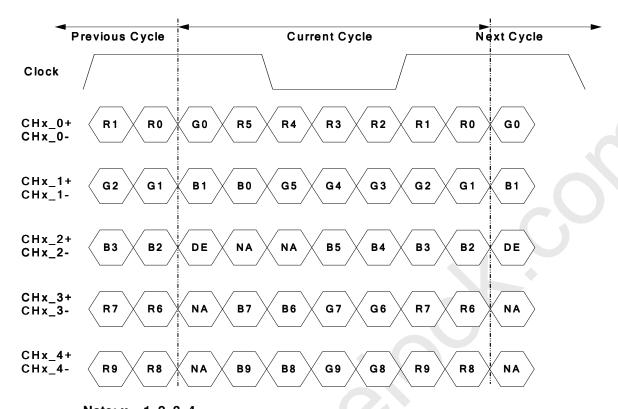
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	26	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	27	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
3	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	28	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
4	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	29	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
5	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	30	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
6	N.C.	No connection	31	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	32	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
8	GND	Ground	33	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
9	GND	Ground	34	GND	Ground
10	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	35	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
11	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	36	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
12	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	37	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-
13	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	38	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+
14	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	39	GND	Ground
15	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	40	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock
10	CND	Crawad	44	BITSEL	Open/High(3.3V) : 10bits
16	GND	Ground	41	BITSEL	Low(GND) : 8bits
17	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	42	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
					EEPROM Write Protection
18	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	43	WP	High(3.3V) for Writable,
					Low(GND) for Protection
19	GND	Ground	44	SDA	EEPROM Serial Data
20	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	45	LVDS_SEL	High(3.3V) for NS,
20	0111_0-	LVD3 Chamer 1, Signal 3-	45	LVD3_3LL	Open/Low(GND) for JEIDA
21	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	46	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
22	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	47	N.C.	SEC internal use only(LUT_SEL0)
23	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	48	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
24	GND	Ground	49	N.C.	SEC internal use only(LUT_SEL1)
25	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	50	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
<u>, </u>			51	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only

Note: N.C.: please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).



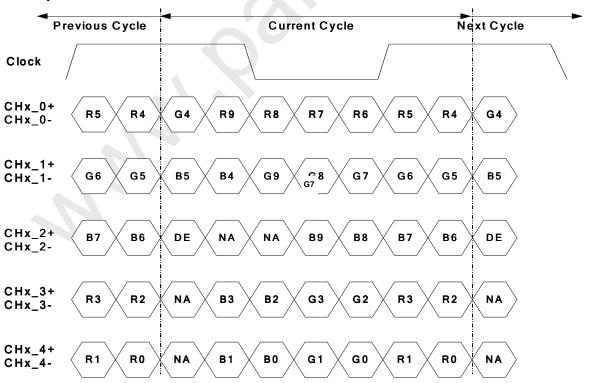


LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960		Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz

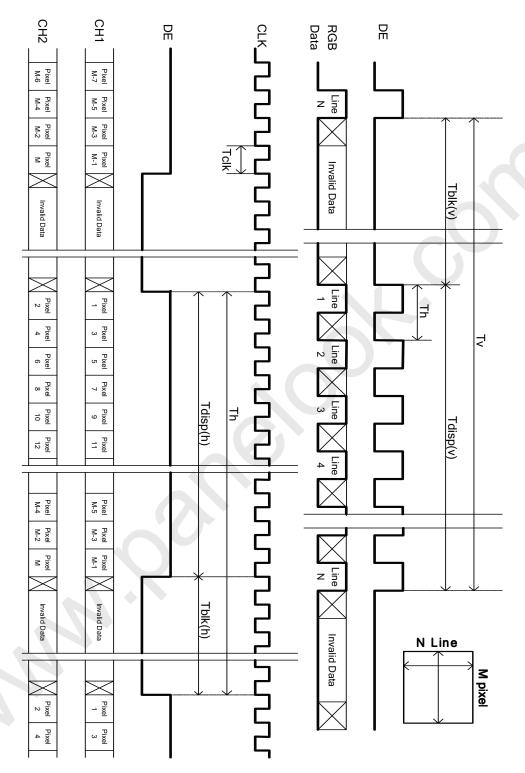
Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.





3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms







3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

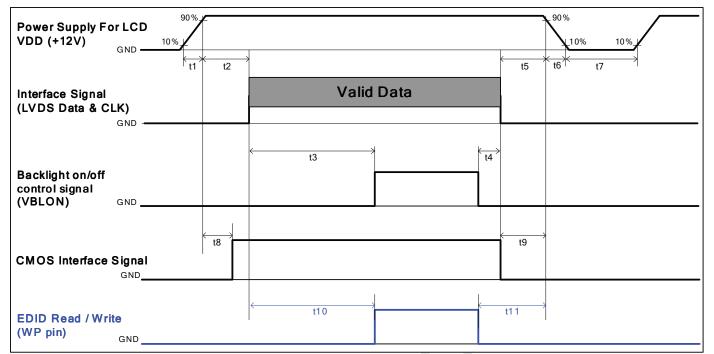
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

								CC)L(חע	L)A	IA —	П		EF		NC.													
														lı	nput	Col	or D	Data													
	Color					RE	D									GRE	EEN	l								BL	UE				
	COIOI	M	MSB							LS	BB	MSB LSB								MSB LSB											
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В9	B8	В7	В6	B5	В4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1 <	1	1	1	1	, 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 (1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																															
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G		,																													
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																								ļ				ļ	<u> </u>		
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD

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В .		Values										
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit								
t1	0.4		30	ms								
t2	0.1		50	ms								
t3	450			ms								
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms								
t5	0			ms								
t6			*2 	ms								
t7	500			ms								
t8	10		50	ms								
t9	0			ms								
t10	450			ms								
t11	150 *3			ms								

Note:

- (1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)
- (3) t11: the min value is decided by the download finish time of EDID 2Kbits.(when SCL over 30KHz)

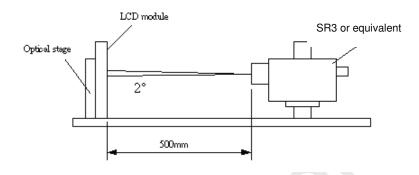




4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	0	Values			Unit	Nistas
Parameter	Symbol	Min. Typ.		Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR		*			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}		*		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			**		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		*		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	R_X		*			
	R_{Y}		*			
Green	G _X		*			
	G_Y	**	*	**		
Blue	B _X		*			
	B _Y		*			
White	W _X		*			
	W_{Y}		*			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θ_{l}		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	



* LED lightbar and LED backlight structure is designed by customer, AUO could not guarantee the typical value of NTSC, RGBW, contrast ratio and luminance.

** LED lightbar and LED backlight structure is designed by customer, AUO could not guarantee the maximum value of luminance variation.

Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

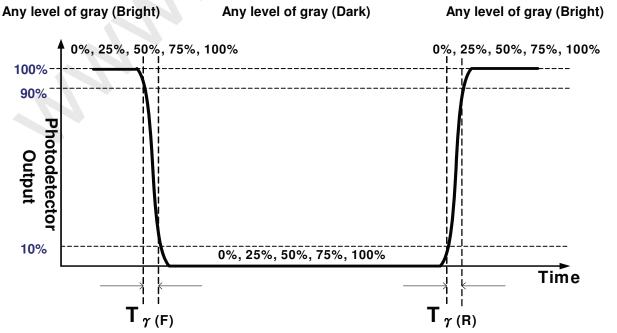
- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current I_H = 11mA. L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, $\delta WHITE$ is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1},\,L_{on2},...,L_{on9}) / \,\, Minimum(L_{on1},\,L_{on2},...L_{on9})$

4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_{ν} =120Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target						
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
Start	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75 %	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".



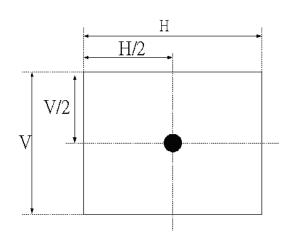
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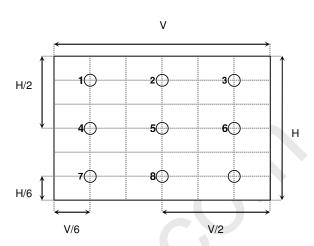
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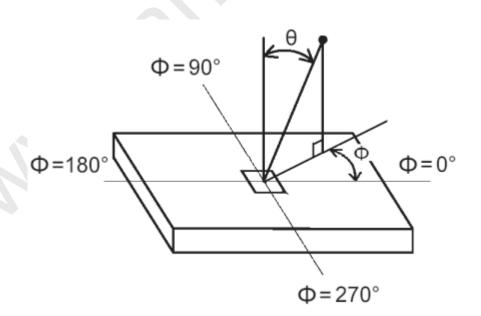
FIG. 2 Luminance



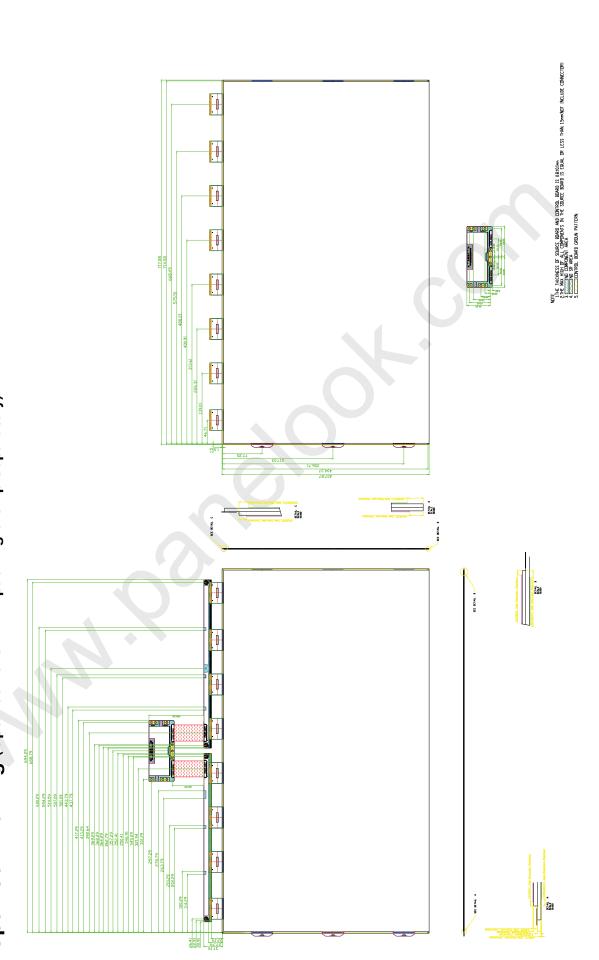


5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG.3 Viewing Angle



5. Open Cell Drawing (Open cell & C/B will packing & ship separately)



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②





6. Reliability Test Items (Reference only)

Open cell reliability test $1\sim4$ is based on T315HW05 V5 module panel

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (With carton)	1 (PKG)	Random wave (1. 5Grms 10~200Hz) Duration: X,Y,Z 30min per axes
6	Drop test (With carton) 1 (PKG)		Height: 30.5cm (ASTMD4169-I) 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (refer ASTM D 5276)





7. Packing

Open cell shipping label (35*7mm)

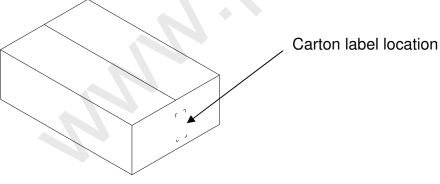
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- 1. S/N Number
- 2. Grade
- 3. Manufacture Fab.
- 4. Manufactured date
- 5. Model name

Carton Label:





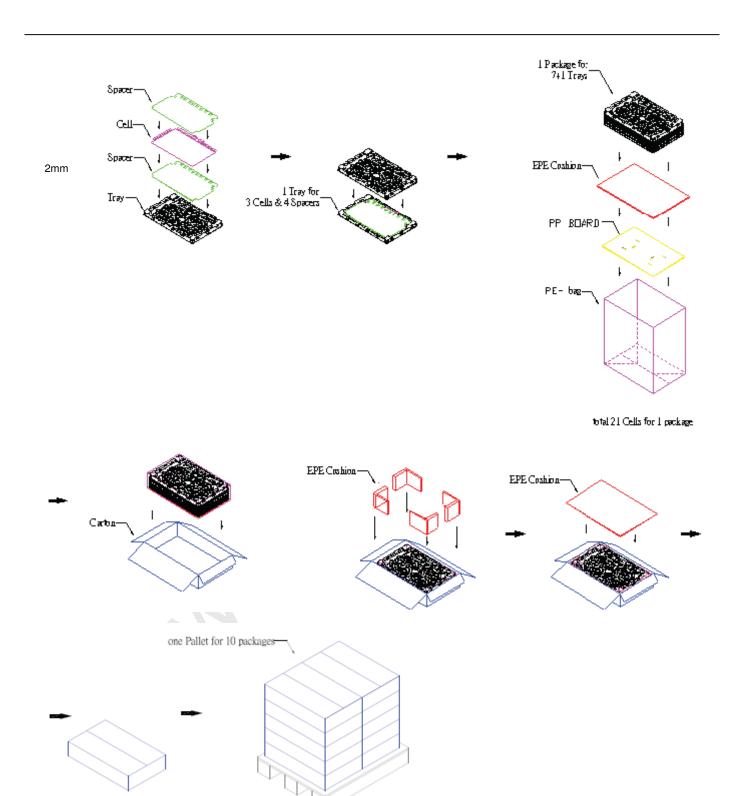




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T315HW05 V5 SKD Product Specification

Packing Process:



Carton 970(L)mm*588(W)mm*280(H)mm

Pallet: 1180mm*980mm*138mm

(1) By Air: (2 *1) *5 layers,10box per pallet, total 210 pcs open cell per pallet (2) By Sea: (2 *1) *5layers, 10box per pallet, total 210 pcs open cell per pallet

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8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

8-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

8-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.





8-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

8-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

8-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

8-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.