

Model Name: T315XW06 V5

Issue Date: 2010/09/27

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date				
Approved By		Approval By PM Director YenTing Chiu					
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader Sarah Ke					
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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/09/27		First release



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315XW06 V5. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,366 x 768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1,366 x 768 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315XW06 V5 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.5	inch	
Display Area	697.685 (H) x 392.256(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	735.4(H) x 433.0 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	color	
Number of Pixels	1,366 x 768	pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.51075	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

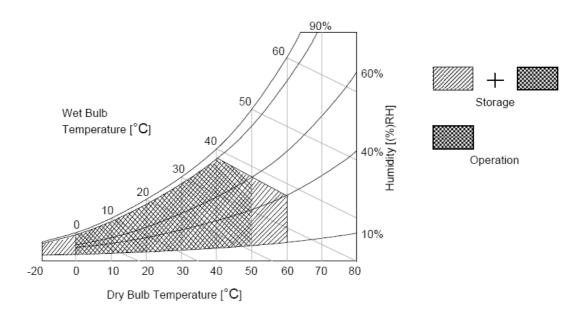
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39[°]C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T315XW06 V5 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power inverter.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Cumbal		Value		Lloit	Note
	rarameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Sup	ply Input Voltage	V _{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	1
Power Sup	ply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.26	0.33	Α	2
Power Cor	sumption	Pc		3.12		Watt	2
Inrush Cur	rent	I _{RUSH}			3	Α	3
LV/DC	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	+100		+300	mV	4
LVDS Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300		-100	mV	4
interrace	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	
Backlight F	Power Consumption	P _{BL}		38.4		Watt	
Life Time			30,000			Hours	7

Note:

1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}

2. Test Condition:

(1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$

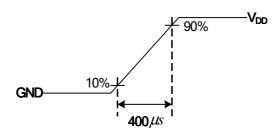
(2) Fv = 60Hz

(3) $F_{CLK} = 80 \text{ Mhz (typ.)}, 86 \text{Mhz (max)}$

(4) Temperature = 25 °C

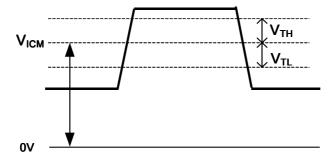
(5) Test Pattern: White Pattern

3. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us

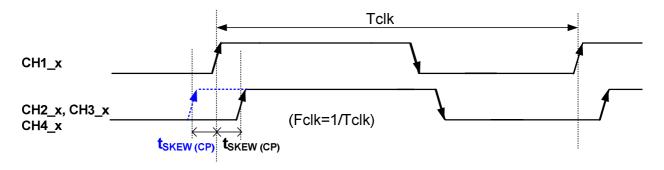




4. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



- **6.** The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of LED will drop and the life time of LED will be reduced.
- 7. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at $Ta = 25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$]



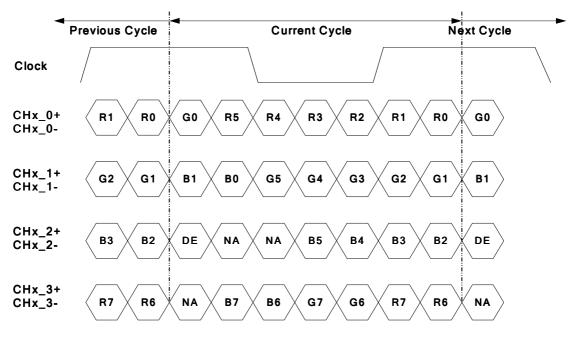
3-2 Interface Connections

• LCD Connector - LVDS connector on transfer board : Starconn 093G30-B0001A-1

PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
3	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
4	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
5	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
10	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
11	GND	Ground
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+
14	GND	Ground
15	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-
16	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+
17	GND	Ground
18	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-
19	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+
20	GND	Ground
21	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -
22	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +
23	GND	Ground
24	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-
25	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+
26	GND	Ground
27	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
28	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
29	GND	Ground
30	GND	Ground

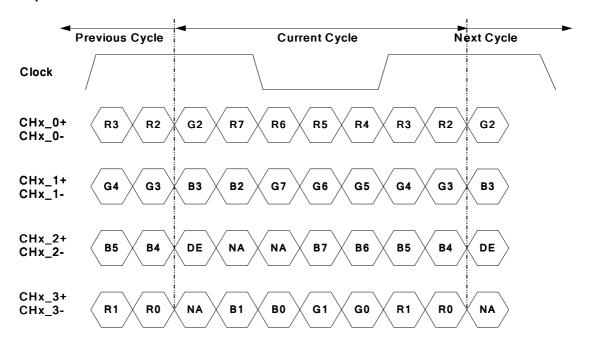


• LVDS Option = High/Open → NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

• LVDS Option = Low → JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3-3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

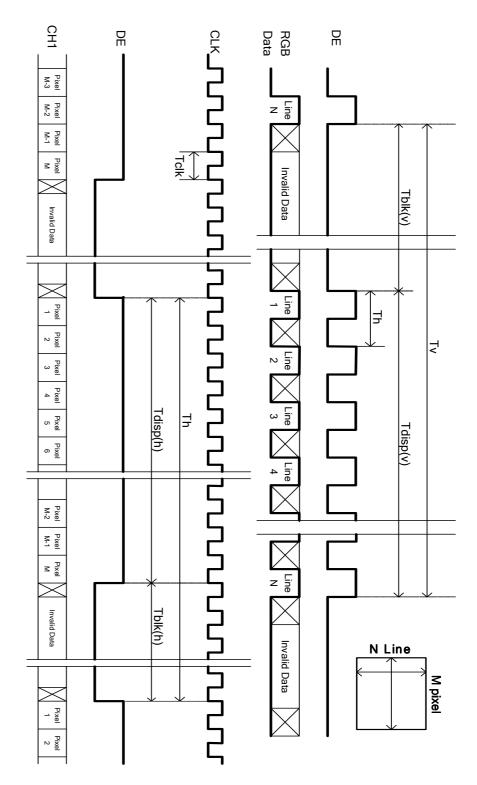
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit		
	Period	Tv	784	810	1015	Th		
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		768		Th		
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	42	247	Th		
	Period	Th	1460	1648	2000	Tclk		
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		1366				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	94	282	634	Tclk		
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	80	86	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz		
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	KHz		

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1,366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5 Color Input Data Reference

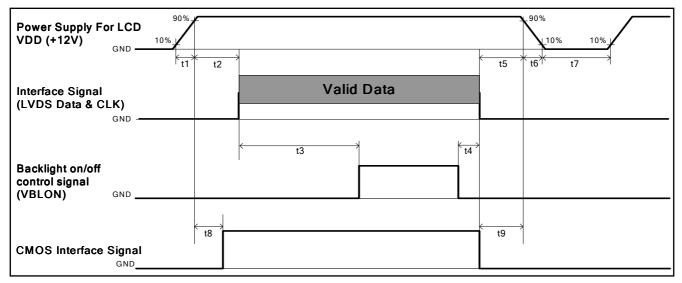
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

• Color Data Reference

	Data Helefelia										I	npu	t Cc	lor	Data	a									
	Color				RI	ΞD							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	Coloi	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	В	MS	В					LS	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6Power Sequence for LCD



Davarantan		l limit			
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit	
t1	0.4		30	ms	
t2	0.1		50	ms	
t3	450			ms	
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms	
t5	0			ms	
t6			*2 	ms	
t7	500			ms	
t8	10		50	ms	
t9	0			ms	

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



3-7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 1-side lightbar.

3-7-1 Electrical Specification

	liam	Com	Symbol			Spec		Unit	Note
	Item	Syn	1001	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
1	Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I _D	DB	VDDB=24V		1.6	1.69	ADC	1
3	Input Power	Pc	DDB	VDDB=24V		38.4	40.66	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{RL}	JSH	VDDB=24V			5	ADC	2
_	0.10%	.,	ON	VDDD 0414	2	-	5.5	\/D0	-
5	On/Off control voltage	V_{BLON}	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	3
6	On/Off control current	I _{BL}	ON	VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
	Dimming Control Voltage		MAX	VDDD 0414	3.1	-	5.5	VDC	4
7		V_DIM	MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-
8	Dimming Control Current	I_C	DIM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM	1_R	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	5
10	External PWM	\	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	5.5	\/D0	-
10	Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
11	External PWM Control Current	I_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EI	PWM	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	5
13	External PWM Frequency	F_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-
1.1	DET status signal	DET	HI	VDDD 04V	Оре	en Colle	ctor	VDC	6
14	DET status signal	DET	Lo	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	6
15	Input Impedance	R	in	VDDB=24V	300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) ($Ta=25\pm5^{\circ}C$, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3: When BLU off (VDDB = 24V, VBLON = 0V), IDDB (max) = 0.02A

Note 4: V_DIM voltage of 100% duty ratio =3.1 $V_3.3V$ means Burst Mode entry point should be located between 3.1V and 3.3V.

Note 5: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

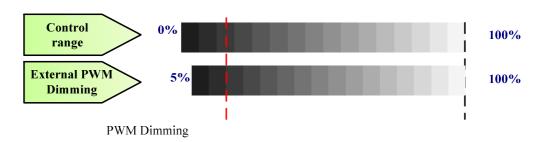
Note 6: Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector



3-7-2 Interface Connection

LED driver board connector: Cvilux CI1114M1HR0-NH

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector (Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: High/Open (2~5.5V) : BL On ; Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off
13	NC	NC
14	PDIM(*)	External PWM (5%~100% Duty, open for 100%)

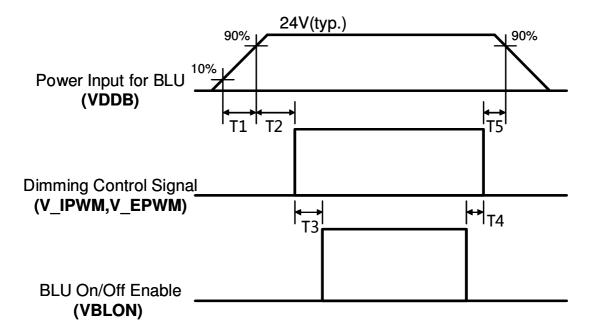


(Note*) IF External PWM function less than 5 % dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed



3-7-3 Power Sequence for LED Driver



Dip condition for LED

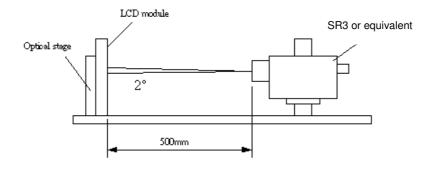
Parameter		Units		
	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0° .

Fig 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter		Oala al	Values			Llait	Natas
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio		CR	2,400	3,000			1
Surface Lun	ninance (White)	L _{WH}	280	350		cd/m ²	2
Luminance '	Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.33		3
Response T	ime (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamu	t	NTSC		72		%	
	Red	R_X		0.64	Typ.+0.03		
		R_Y		0.33			
	Green	G _X		0.31			
Color		G_Y	Тур0.03	0.62			
Coordinates	Blue	B _X	тур0.03	0.15			
	 	B _Y		0.06			
	White	W _X		0.280			
		W_Y		0.290			
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	5
Viewing Angle	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	5
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	5
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	5



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 11$ mA. L_{WH} =Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

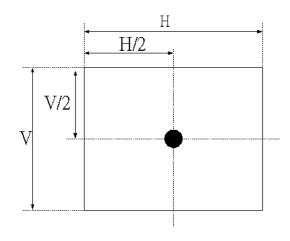
$$\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ... L_{on9})$$

4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_{ν} =60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target					
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%	
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%	
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%	
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%	
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%		

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance



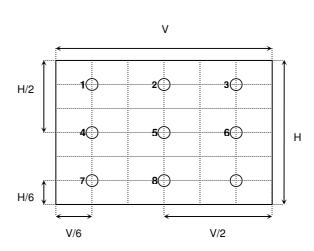




FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".

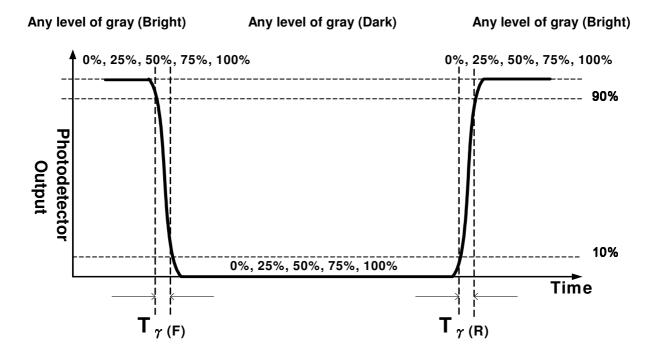
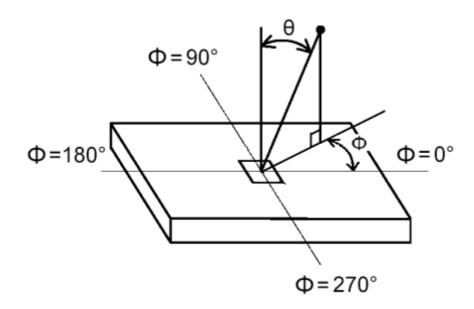


FIG.4 Viewing Angle





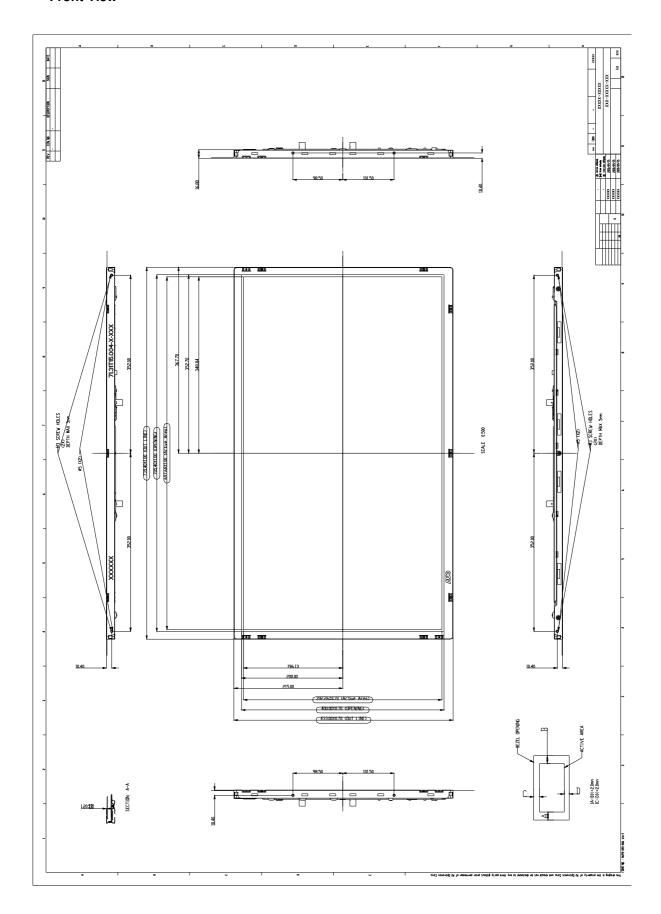
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315XW06 V5. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	735.4mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	433 mm	
	Depth	10.8 mm	
Paral Onaning	Horizontal	705.4mm	
Bezel Opening	Vertical	400mm	
Active Diapley Area	Horizontal	697.685mm	
Active Display Area	Vertical	392.256mm	
Weight	6,000 g (Typ.)		
Surface Treatment	AG, Haze=2%, 3H		

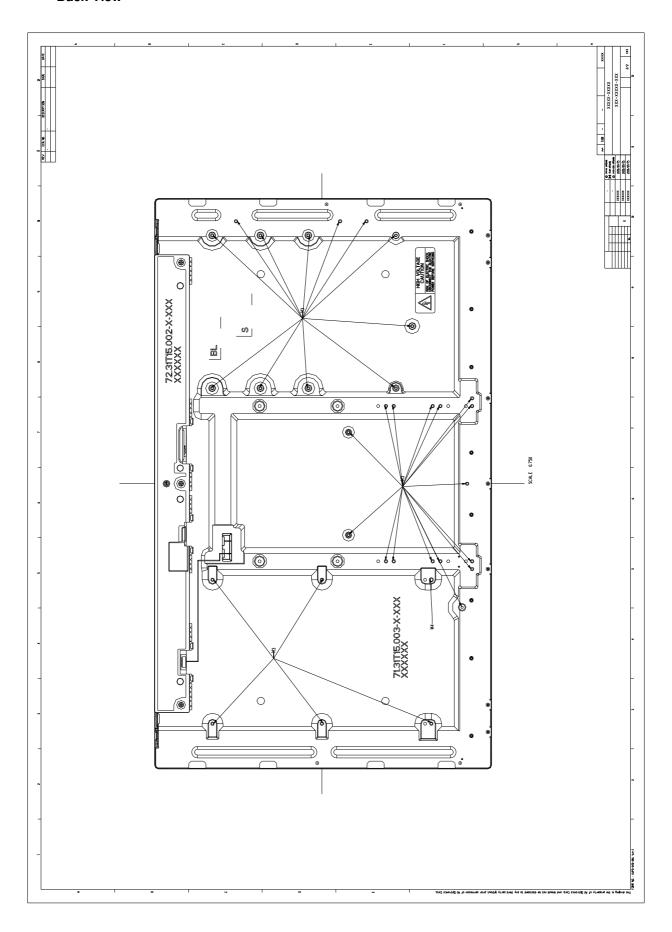


Front View





Back View





6. Reliability Test Items

No.	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition	
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs	
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs	
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs	
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs	
			Wave form: random	
			Vibration level : 1.0G RMS	
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz	
			Duration: X, Y, Z 10min	
			One time for each direction	
			Shock level: 50G	
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half sine wave, 11ms	
			Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction	
_		_	Random wave (1.0G RMS, 10-200Hz)	
7	Vibration test (With carton)	5	10mins/ each X,Y,Z axes	
			Height: 38.1 cm	
8	Drop test (With carton)	5	1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
	,		(ASTM-D5276)	



7. International Standard

7-1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2 EMC

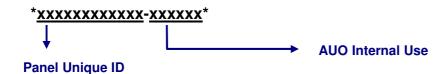
- (4) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (5) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (6) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

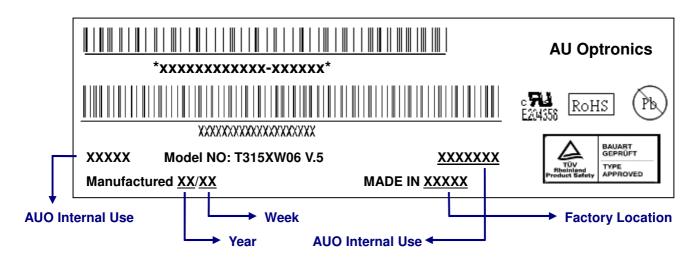


8. Packing

8-1 Definition of Label

Panel Label





Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

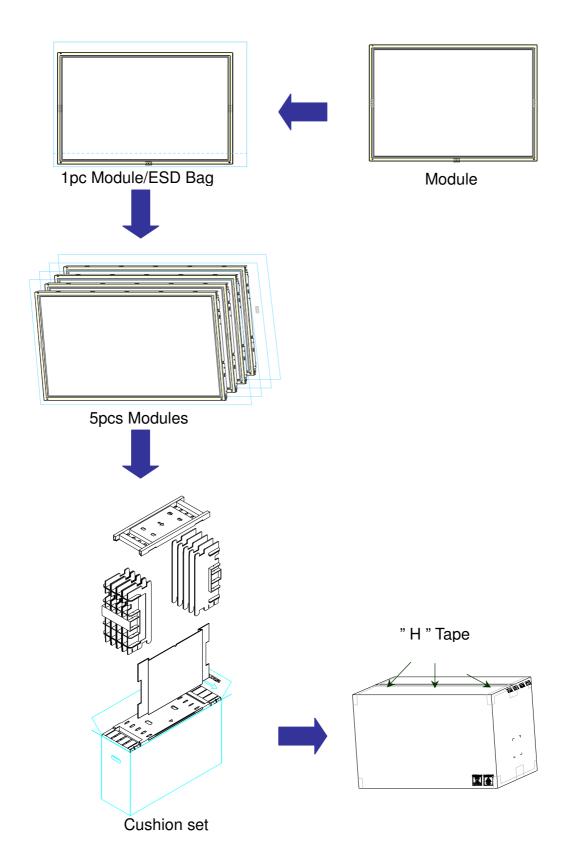
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

Carton Label





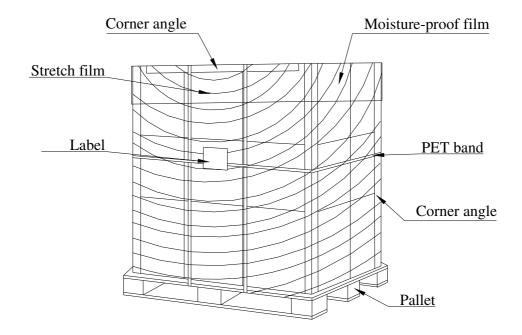
8-2 Packing Method





8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item		Packing				
	item	Quantity	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark		
1	Packing BOX	5pcs/box	828(L)mm*283W)mm*536(H)mm	36.5			
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*132(H)mm	13			
3	Boxes per Pallet	8 boxes/Pa	8 boxes/Pallet				
4	Panels per Pallet	40 pcs/pall					
	Pallet after		1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*1204(H)mm	305			
5	packing	N/A	1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*2408(H)mm	610			
			Double Pallet	010			





8. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 Operation Precautions

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of module depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.



9-3 Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.