

Model Name: T320XVD01.0

Issue Date: 2011/12/12

() Preliminary Specifications

(*) Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Kelly Kao	Lao
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen	90 11
		Reviewed By Project Leader Vincent MC Cheng	益
		Prepared By PM Cloud Huang	d Huang



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
2.0	2012/2/6		First release



1. General Description

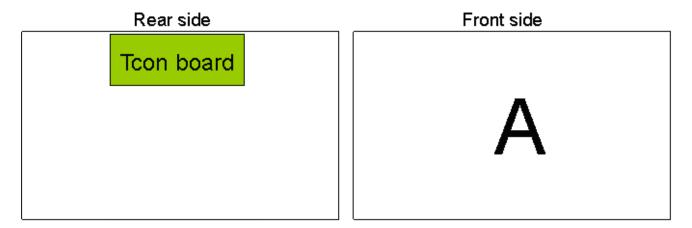
This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD SKD model T320XVD01.0. This LCD Open Cell Unit has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This Open Cell Unit supports 1,366x768 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in horizontal stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.5	inch	
Display Area	697.685(H) x 392.256(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	716.1 (H)x 408.7 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,366x768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.51075	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB horizontal stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1
Display Orientation	Signal input with "A"		Note 2

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.

Note 2: LCD display as below illustrated when signal input with "A".





2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

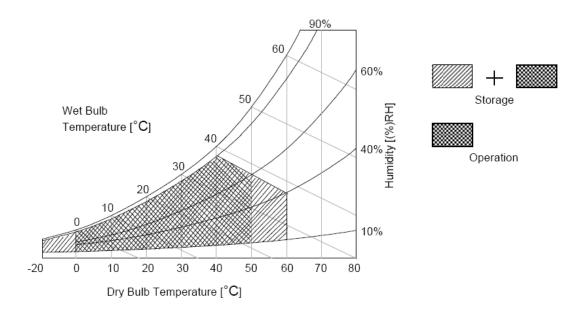
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V0c	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T320XVD01.0 Open Cell Unit requires power input which is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Davometer	Cymbol		Value		Lloit	Not
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	е
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V_{DC}	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.26	0.33	Α	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}			3	Α	2
	le Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage power=12V)	V_{RP}			V _{DD} *5%	mV_{pk-pk}	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	+100	1	+300	mV_{DC}	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{TL}	-300	-	-100	mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7	1	3.3	V_{DC}	5
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	5

3.1.2: AC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Oill	INOLE	
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	6	
LVDS Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	1	200	KHz	6	
mienace	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	7	

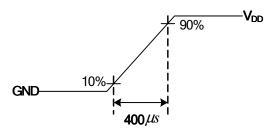


Note:

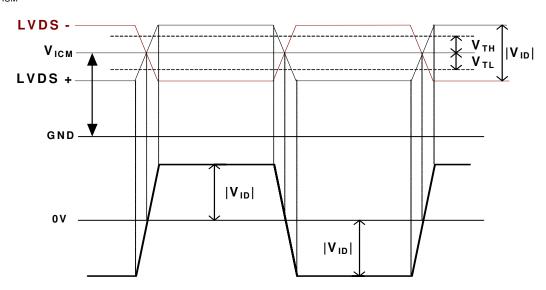
- 1. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = Type Timing, 60Hz
 - (3) Fclk= Max freq.
 - (4) Temperature = 25 °C
 - (5) Typ. Input current : White Pattern

Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO

2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



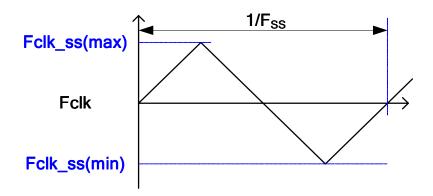
- 3. Test Condition:
 - (1) The measure point of V_{RP} is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
 - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.
- **4.** $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



5. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.

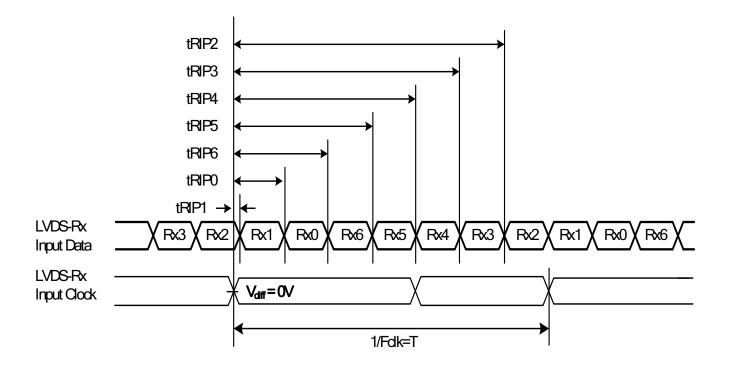


6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol	Rating						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note		
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)	-	Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk		
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns			





3.2 Interface Connections

■ LCD connector: 093G30-00001A-M4 (Starconn, LVDS connector) or compatible

PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
3	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
4	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
5	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
11	GND	Ground
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+
14	GND	Ground
15	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-
16	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+
17	GND	Ground
18	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-
19	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+
20	GND	Ground
21	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -
22	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +
23	GND	Ground
24	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-
25	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+
26	GND	Ground
27	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
28	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
29	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
30	GND	Ground



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

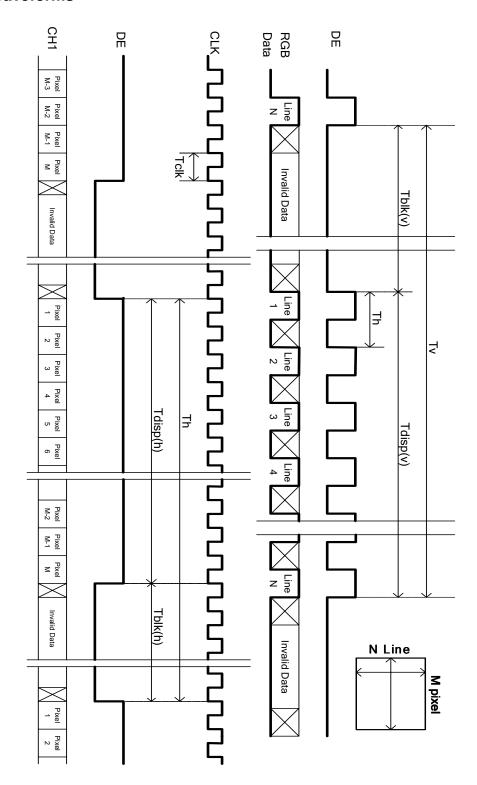
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit		
	Period	Tv	784	810	1015	Th		
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		768				
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	42	247	Th		
	Period	Th	1460	1648	2000	Tclk		
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		1366				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	94	282	634	Tclk		
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	80	86	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz		
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	KHz		

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

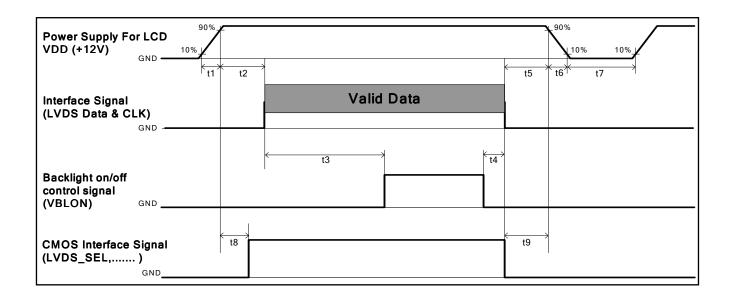
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											I	npu	t Cc	lor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD					GREEN					BLUE									
	Coloi	MSB LSB N						MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB		
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Davamatav		Values								
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit						
t1	0.4		30	ms						
t2	0.1		50	ms						
t3	450			ms						
t4	0*1			ms						
t5	0			ms						
t6			*2 	ms						
t7	500			ms						
t8	10 ^{*3}		50	ms						
t9	0			ms						

Note:

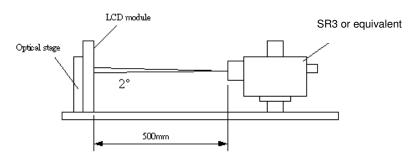
- (1) t4=0: concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)
- (3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the BLU unit has been 'ON' (note 1.) and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter		Cumphal	Condition	Values			l lait	Natas
	Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio		CR		2400	3000			1,2
Surface Luminance		1		200	250		cd/m ²	1,3
(W	hite)	L _{WH}	With AUO Module	200	230		Cu/III	1,0
Luminance Variation		$\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$	With AGO Module			1.33		1,4
Response Time (G to G)		Тγ			6.5		ms	5
Се	nter Transmittance	Т%			4.8		%	1,8
Со	lor Chromaticity		With CS-1000T Standard light source "C"					6
	Red	R_X			0.661	Тур.+0.03]]
		R_{Y}		Typ0.03	0.325			
	Green	G _X			0.295			
		G _Y			0.599			
	Blue	B _X			0.138			
	Ĭ - -	B _Y			0.085			
	White	W_{X}			0.318			
		W_{Y}			0.362			
Vie	wing Angle							7
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}	With AUO Module		89		degree	
2D	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι			89		degree	
20	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}			89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ_{d}			89		degree	
30	y axis, up	θ_{u}		8	10		degree	9
	y axis, down	$\theta_{\sf d}$		8	10		degree	9
3D	cross talk (middle)				1	3	%	9



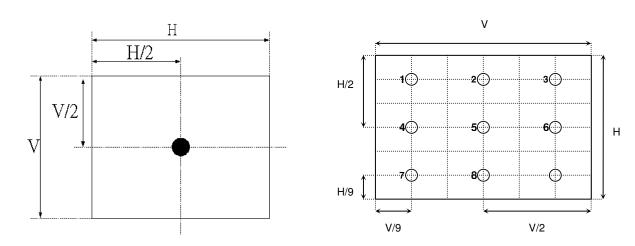
Note:

- 1. Light source here is the BLU of AUO T320XVD01 module.
- 2. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

3. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.

FIG. 2 Luminance



4. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$ = Maximum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,..., L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,... L_{on9})

5. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_{ν} =60Hz to optimize.

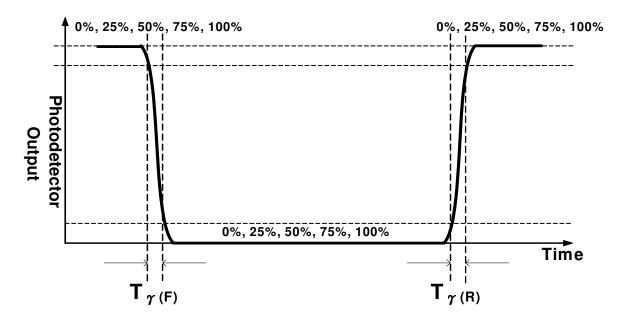
Ме	asured	Target						
Respo	onse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

FIG.3 Response Time

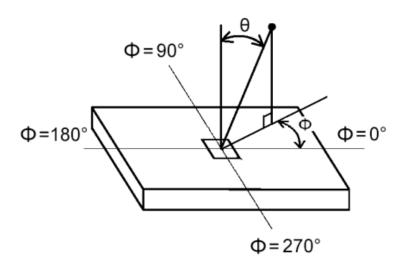
Any level of gray (Bright) Any level of gray (Dark) Any level of gray (Bright)





- 6. Light source here is the standard light source "C" which is defined by CIE and driving voltages are based on suitable gamma voltages. The calculating method is as following:
 - A. Measure the "Module" and "BLU" optical spectrums (W, R, G, B) of AUO T320XVD01.0
 - B. Calculate cell spectrum from "Module" and "BLU" spectrums.
 - C. Calculate color chromaticity by using cell spectrum and the spectrum of standard light source "C".
- 7. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG.4 Viewing Angle



8. Definition of Transmittance (T%):



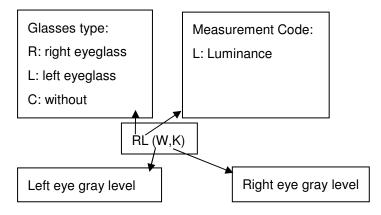
Transmittance =
$$\frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module}}{\text{Luminance of backlight}} * 100\%$$

During transmittance measurement, the backlight of LCD module contains no brightness enhancement film. Two diffuser sheets which diffuse the light source uniformly are suggested to use for transmittance measurement.

- 9. 3D performance specification is expressed by 3D luminance, 3D Crosstalk and 3D viewing angle. 3D luminance which is defined by left or right eye brightness under wearing glasses condition is measured at panel center point. Also, 3D crosstalk is measured at panel center point.
 - a. Cross talk (middle) is defined by observation position which is 1.7m distance from panel center point and human head in 0 degree steady vertical angle from panel mid axis level.
 - b. Cross talk (in vertical viewing angle) is defined by observation position which is 1.7m distance from panel center point and observation range within specified degrees of vertical angle from panel mid axis level, and the value is limited by 10%.

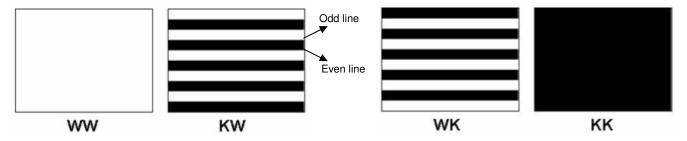
For more information, refer to 9-5 3D Measurement of 3D view angle.

9-1 Notation of measurement.



9-2 Measurement Configuration

4-test patterns (first character refers to Left eye gray level; second one refers to Right eye gray level). W is defined as brightness gray level; K is defined as dark state where black and white lines are displayed on even or odd lines.

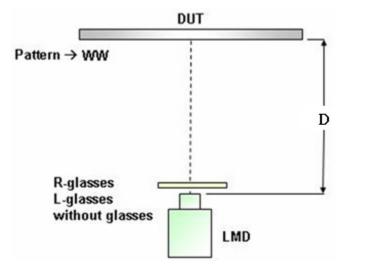


9-3 Measurement of 3D luminance

- a. Test pattern WW is displayed, measuring distance is 50cm.
- b. Left or right eyeglass are placed in front of SR3 or equivalent equipment (as FIG1 showed)
 successively and luminance is measured at panel center point where the notation for luminance



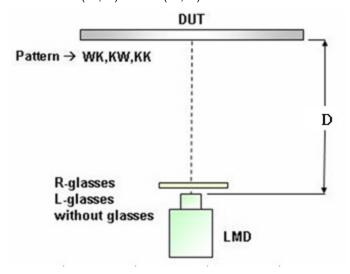
measurement is RL(W,W) and LL(W,W).



$$3D \ Lum = R_L(W, W) \text{ or } L_L(W, W)$$

9-4 Measurement of 3D Crosstalk

- a. Test patterns KW, WK and KK are displayed, measuring distance is 1.7m.
- b. Right or left eyeglass is placed in front of SR3 or equivalent equipment (as FIG1 showed) successively and luminance is measured at panel center point where the notation for luminance measurement is RL(W,W) and LL(W,W).



$$Crosstalk_{R} = \frac{R_{L}(W, K) - R_{L}(K, K)}{R_{L}(K, W) - R_{L}(K, K)} \times 100\%$$

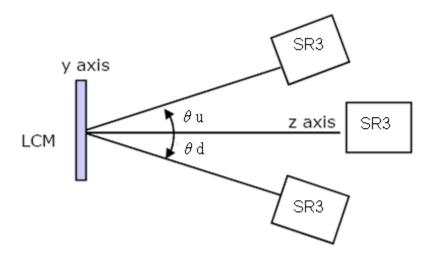
$$Crosstalk_{L} = \frac{L_{L}(K, W) - L_{L}(K, K)}{L_{L}(W, K) - L_{L}(K, K)} \times 100\%$$

$$Crosstalk = \frac{Crosstalk_R + Crosstalk_L}{2}$$

9-5 Measurement of 3D view angle

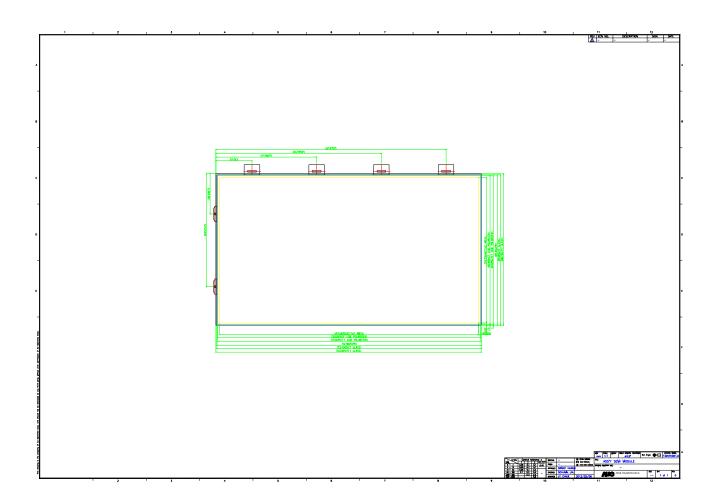
The angles are determined for the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface and measured at panel center position.



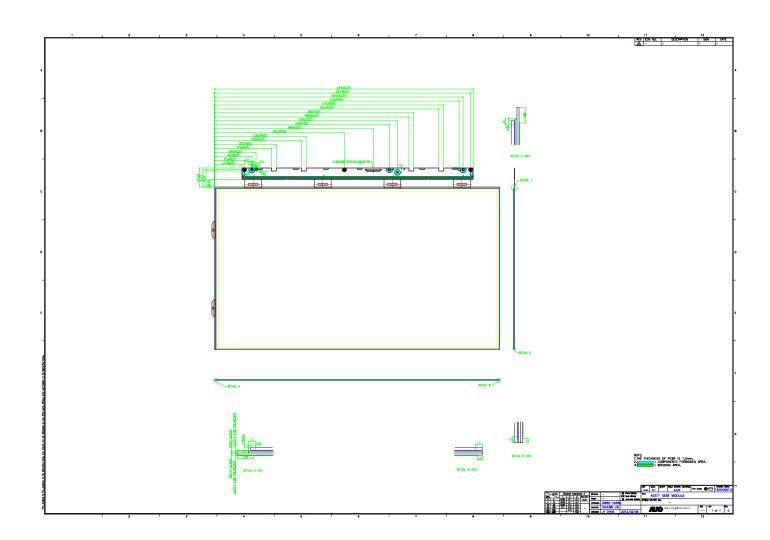




5. Open Cell Drawing









6. Reliability Test Items

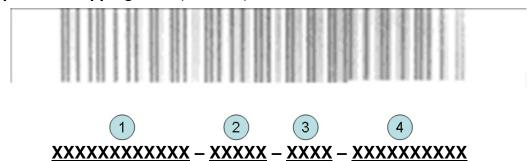
	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition	
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°ℂ , 300hrs	
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 300hrs	
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°ℂ, 300hrs	
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5°C, 300hrs	
		3	Wave form: random	
			Vibration level : 1.0G RMS	
5	Vibration test (non-operation)		Bandwidth: 10-300Hz	
			Duration: X,Y,Z 10min per axes	
			X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up	
		3	Shock level 50G ,20ms ±X,Y,Z axis	
6	Shock test (non-operation)		Waveform: half sine wave	
			Direction: One time each direction	
		4PCS/CTN	Random wave (1. 5Grms 10~200Hz)	
7	Vibration test (With carton)		Duration: X,Y,Z 30min per axes	
		4PCS/CTN	Height: 15.2cm (ASTMD4169-I)	
			6 faces	
8	Drop test (With carton)		(refer ASTM D 5276)	
			(1010.7.0.1 2 02.70)	

Note: Test item 1~6 RA tests are done on AUO T320XVD01.0 panels.



7. Packing

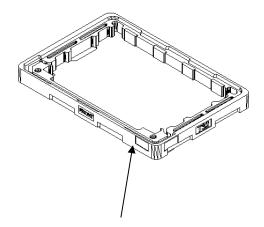
A. Open cell shipping label (35*7mm)



- 1. S/N Number
- 2. AUO internal use
- 3. Manufactured week
- 4. Model name

B. Carton Label:

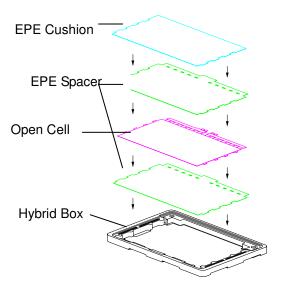




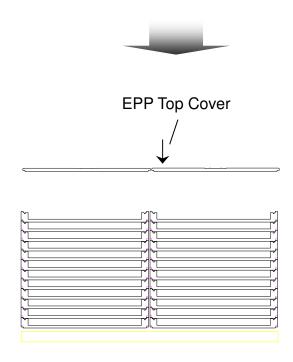
Carton label location



Packing Process:



4 pcs of SKD & 5 pcs of spacers per 1 box



Pallet Dimension: 1200 x 1000 x145 mm
24 Boxes/Pallet, after stack 24boxes, then put EPP top cover on it.



8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD Open Cell unit.

8-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the cell. And the frame on which a cell is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the cell.
- (2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (3) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (4) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (5) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (6) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (7) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

8-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The open cell unit listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: $V=\pm200$ mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (4) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

8-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a open cell unit is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.



8-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

8-5 STORAGE

When storing open cell units as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the open cell unit to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

8-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM OF POLARIZER

The protection film of polarizer is still attached on the surface as you receive open cell units. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is easily generated on the polarizer surface. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.