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T320XVN02.2 Preliminary Spec. Rev. 0.1

Model Name: T320XVN02.2

Issue Date : 2012/02/17

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date					
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Kelly Kao						
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader Alain Wu Prepared By PM Hubert Liu						

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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.1	2012/02/17		First release





1. General Description

This specification applies to the 32.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T320XVN02.2. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 32.0 inch. This module supports 1,366x768 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in horizontal stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

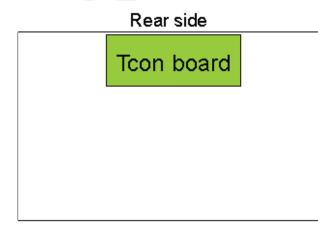
The T320XVN02.2 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

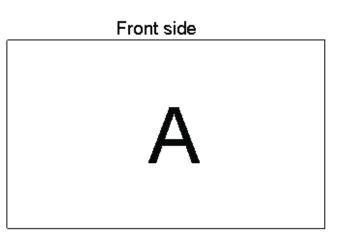
* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	32.00	inch	
Display Area	697.685(H) x 392.256(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	760.0(H) x 450.0 (V) x 46.9(D)	mm	D: front bezel to back bezel
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	703.8(H) x 398.4(V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,366x768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.17025 (H) x 0.51075(W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB horizontal stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1
Display Orientation	Signal input with "A"		Note 2

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.

Note 2: LCD display as below illustrated when signal input with "A".







2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

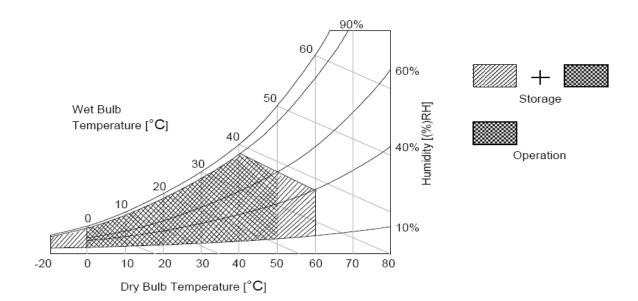
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	14	V _{DC}	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	V _{DC}	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	28	V _{DC}	Note 1
BLU on/off Control Voltage	V _{BLON}	-0.3	7	V _{DC}	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7	V _{DC}	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2: Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50 $^\circ \! \mathbb C$ Dry condition





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3. Electrical Specification

The T320XVN02.2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Deveseter	Oursels al		Value	,	11	Nista
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V_{DC}	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.39	• 0.44	А	1
Power Co	nsumption	Pc	-	4.68	5.28	Watt	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}			3	А	2
Permissib	le Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage	V _{RP}			V _{DD} * 5%	$mV_{pk\text{-}pk}$	3
	Input Differential Voltage	VID	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V _{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V_{DC}	5
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	5
Backlight	Power Consumption	P_{BL}	58.2	60	61.8	Watt	
Life time			50,000			Hour	10,11

3.1.2: AC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		- Unit	Note
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	7
LVDS Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	7
Interface	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	8

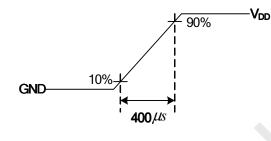
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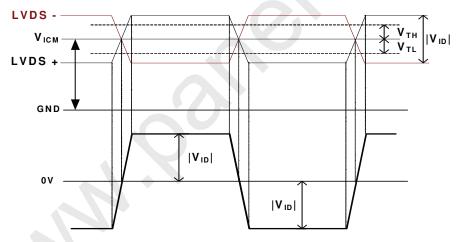
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Note :

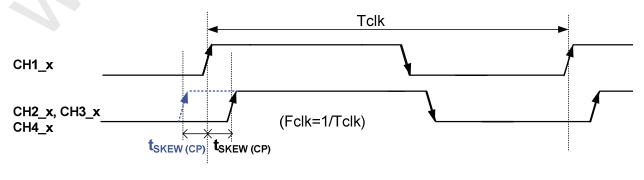
- 1. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = 60Hz,
 - (3) Fclk= Max freq.
 - (4) Temperature = 25 $^{\circ}C$
 - (5) Typ. Input current : White Pattern Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO
- 2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us



- 3. Test Condition:
 - (1) The measure point of V_{RP} is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
 - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.
- **4.** $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



- 5. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 6. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



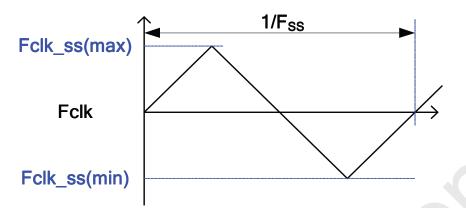
Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

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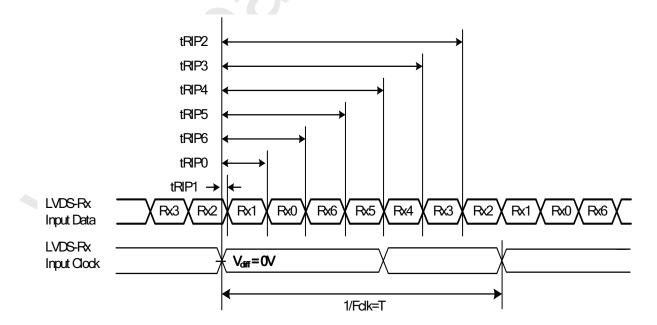
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7. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



8. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating		Unit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Мах	Unit	Note	
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk	
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns		





- 9. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- **10.** The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- **11.** Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.

[Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C]

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3.2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector: 093G30-00001A-M4 (starconn, LVDS connector)
- Mating connector:

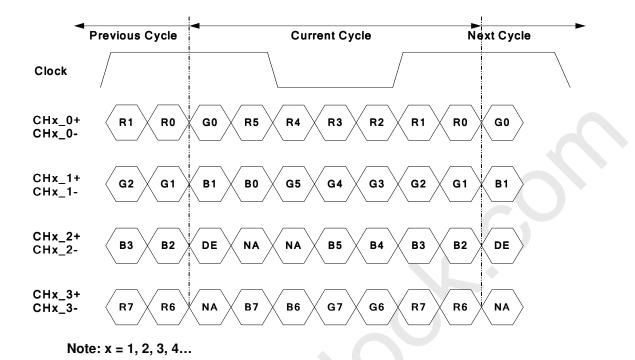
PIN	Symbol	Description							
1	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated							
2	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated							
3	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated							
4	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated							
5	GND	Ground							
6	GND	Ground							
7	GND	Ground							
8	GND	Ground							
9	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA							
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only							
11	GND	Ground							
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-							
13	CH1_0+ LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+								
14	GND	Ground							
15	CH1_1- LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-								
16	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+							
17	GND	Ground							
18	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-							
19	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+							
20	GND	Ground							
21	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -							
22	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +							
23	GND	Ground							
24	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-							
25	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+							
26	GND	Ground							
27	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only							
28	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only							
29	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only							
30	GND	Ground							

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

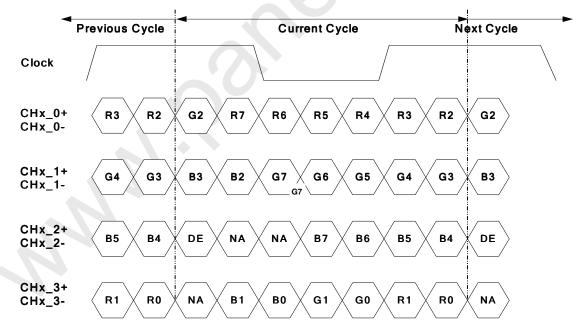


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LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



LVDS Option = Low-JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit		
	Period	Τv	784	810	1015	Th		
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		768				
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	42	247	Th		
	Period	Th	1460	1648	2000	Tclk		
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)						
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	94	282	634	Tclk		
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	80	86	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz		
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	KHz		

Notes:

(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

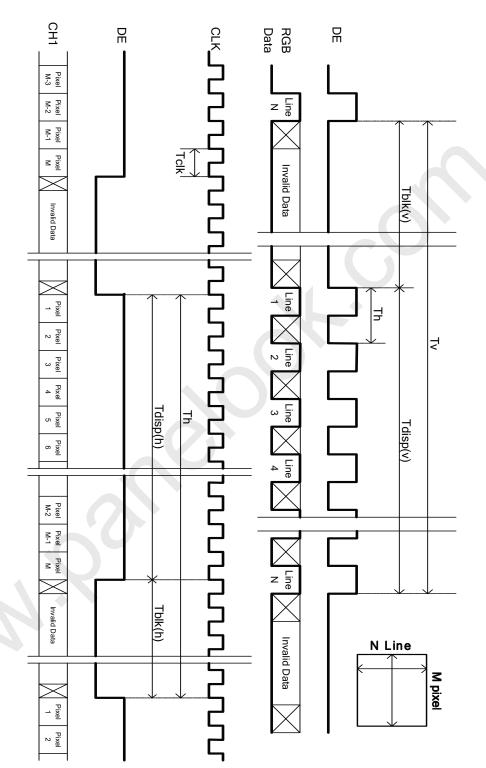
- (2)Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



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3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

											I	npu	t Co	lor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ED							GRI	EEN	l						BL	UE			
	00101	MS	В					LS	BB	MS	В				I	LS	BB	MS	В		1	I	I	LS	BB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	Β7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

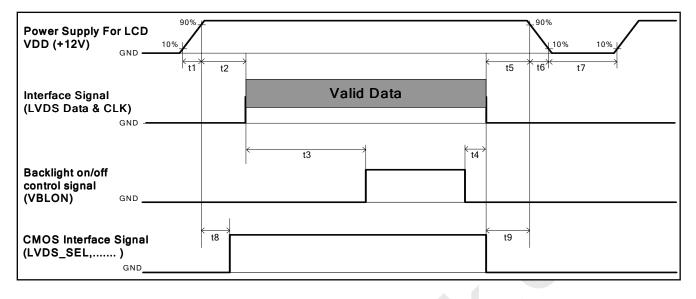
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3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Devemeter		Linit		
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10 ^{*3}		50	ms
t9	0			ms

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

(3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.

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3.7 Backlight Specification

3.7.1: Electrical specification

ltere	Symbol		Condition	Spec			l linit	Nata
ltem			Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Input Voltage	V _{DDB}		-	21.6	24	26.4	VDC	-
Input Current	I _{DD}	B	VDDB=24V	3.375	3.75	4.125	ADC	1
Input Power	P _{DI}	DB	VDDB=24V	81	90	99	W	1
Inrush Current	l _{RU:}	SH	VDDB=24V	-	-	6	ADC	2
Operating Frequency	FB	L	VDDB=24V	42	44	46	KHz	
		ON		2	-	5.5	VDC	-
On/Off control voltage	V _{BLON}	OFF	VDDB=24V	0		0.8		-
On/Off control current	I _{BLC}	N	VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
Internal PWM Dimming	V_IPWM	MAX		3.0	-	3.3	VDC	-
Control Voltage		MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-
Internal PWM Dimming Control Current	I_IPWM		VDDB=24V).	-	2	mADC	-
Internal PWM Dimming Ratio	R_IPWM		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	
External PWM	V_EPWM-	МАХ	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3		-
Control Voltage		MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
External PWM Control Current	I_EPWM		VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
External PWM Duty ratio	D_EPWM		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
External PWM Frequency Note 1 : Dimming ratio=	F_EPWM		VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25±5°C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3 :For External PWM application, no backlight shutdown when 0% dimming hold time <10sec

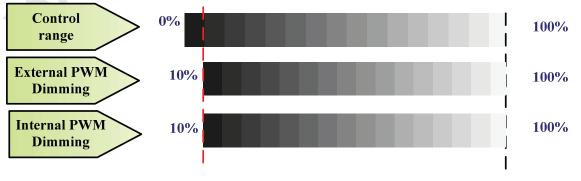


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3.7.2: Input Pin Assignment

CN3:CI0114M1HRL-NH (Cvilux)

Pin	Symbol	Description			
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
2	VDDB	perating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector (Recommend: Pull-high R > 10Kohm, VDD=3.3V)			
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: BL On : High/Open (2V~5.5V); BL off : Low (0~0.8V/GND)			
13	VDIM	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at External PWM mode>			
14	PDIM	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at Internal PWM mode>			



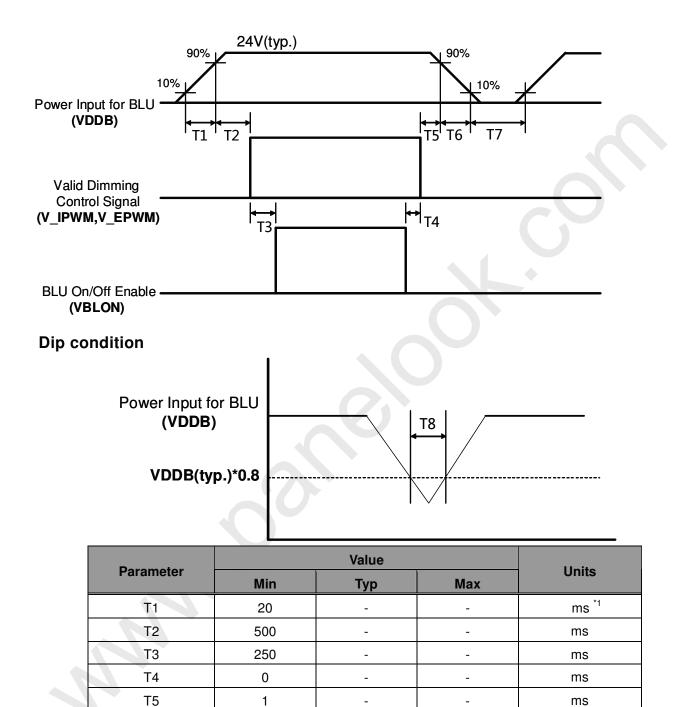
PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

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3.7.3 Power Sequence for Backlight



-

Τ6

Τ8

-

-

-

10

ms

ms



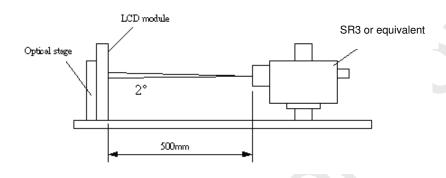
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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



			Values				
Parameter	Symbol	Min. Typ.		Max	Unit	Notes	
Contrast Ratio	CR	2400	3000			1	
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	280	350		cd/m ²	2	
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.33		3	
Response Time (G to G)	Τγ		6.5		ms	4	
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%		
Color Coordinates							
Red	R _x		0.640				
	R _Y		0.330				
Green	G _X		0.290				
	G _Y		0.600				
Blue	B _X	Тур0.03	0.150	Тур.+0.03			
	B _Y		0.060				
White	W _X		0.280	1			
	W _Y		0.290				
Viewing Angle						5	
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ _r		89		degree		
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree		
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ _u		89		degree		
y axis, down (φ=270 °)	θ _d		89		degree		

Note:





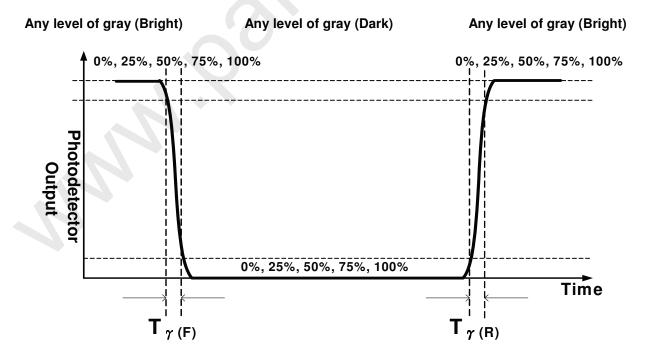
1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio= Surface Luminance of L_{on5} Surface Luminance of L_{off5}

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 15$ mA. L_{WH} =Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: δ_{WHITE(9P)}= Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...L_{on9})
- 4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v=60Hz to optimize.

Measured				Target			
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%	
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%	
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%	
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%	
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%		

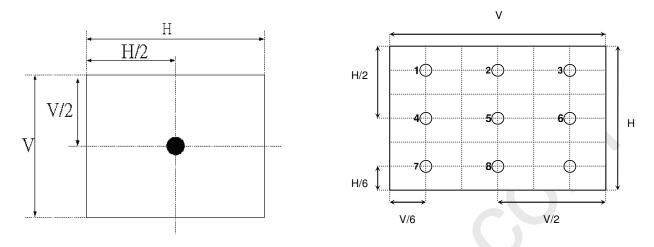
 T_{γ} is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated) The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".





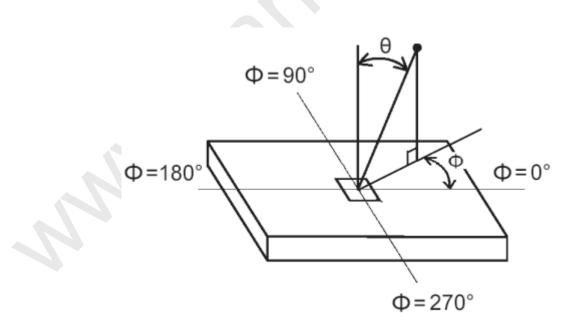
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FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG.3 Viewing Angle







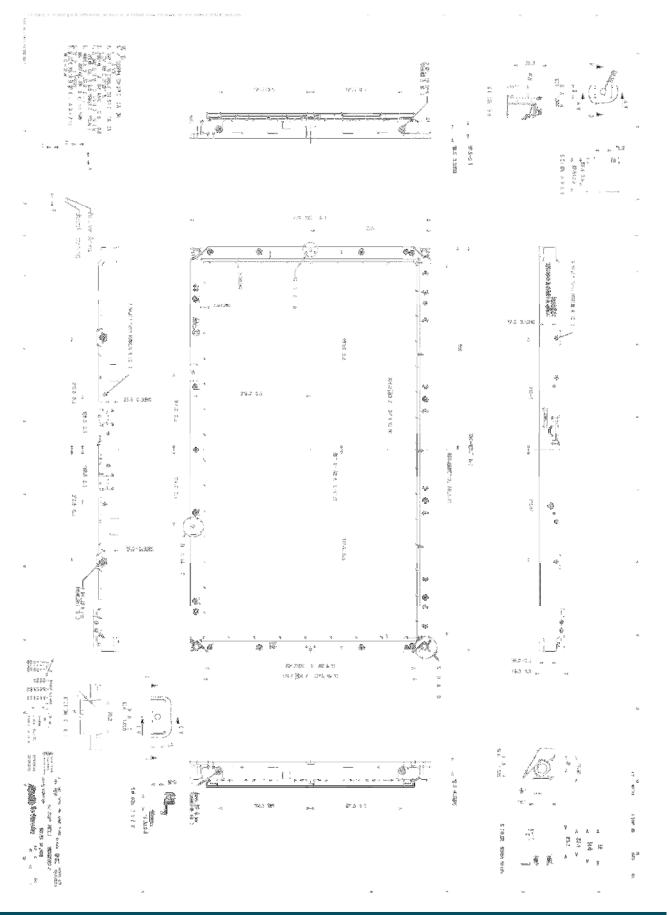
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T320XVN02.2. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

It	em	Dimension	Unit	Note	
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	760.0	mm		
	Vertical 450.0		mm		
	Depth (Dmin) 32.5		mm	To rear	
	Depth (Dmax)	46.9	mm	Front bezel to back bezel	
Weight	5,30	00	g		



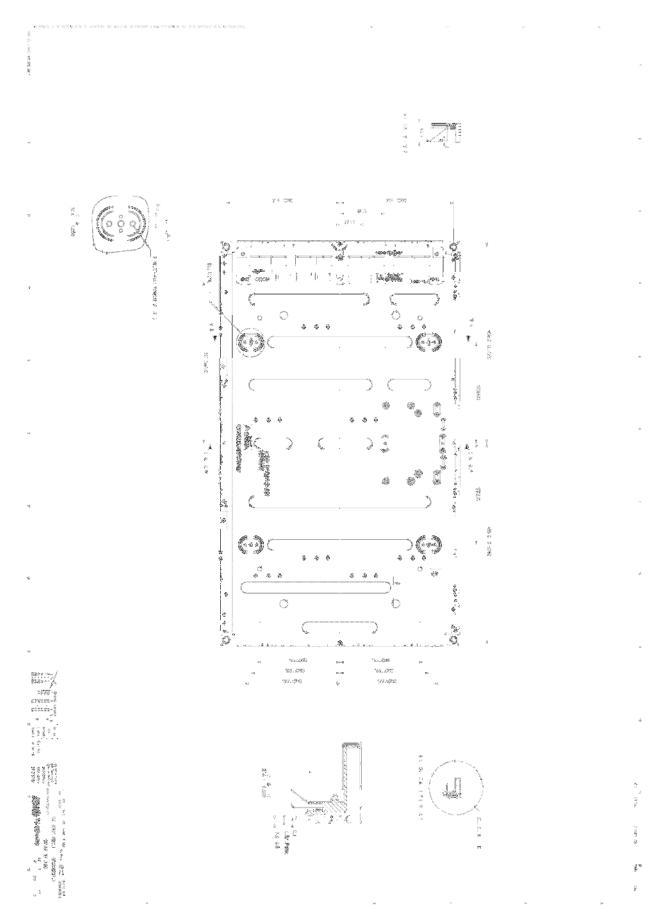
Front View



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Back View





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6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item		Condition
1	High temperature storage test		60℃, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C , 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 30min One time each direction
6 Shock test (non-operation)		3	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
7 Vibration test (With carton)		4	Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz) 30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
8	Drop test (With carton)	4	Height: 45.7cm (ASTMD4169-I) 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (refer ASTM D 5276)

NNN . C



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

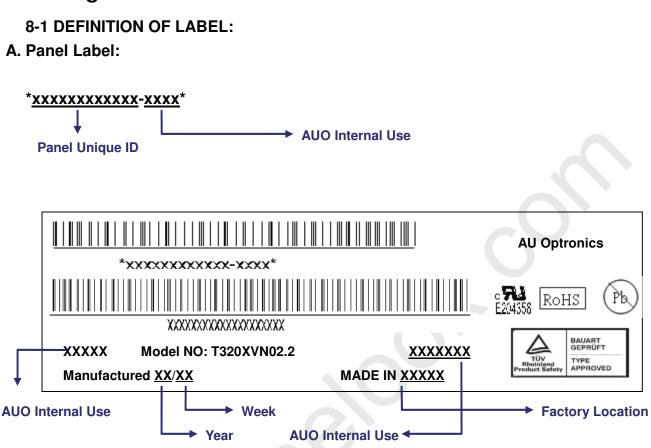
- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

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8. Packing



Green mark description

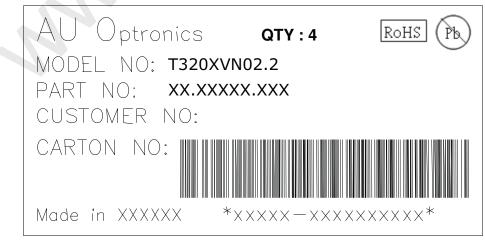
(1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (1) for identification.

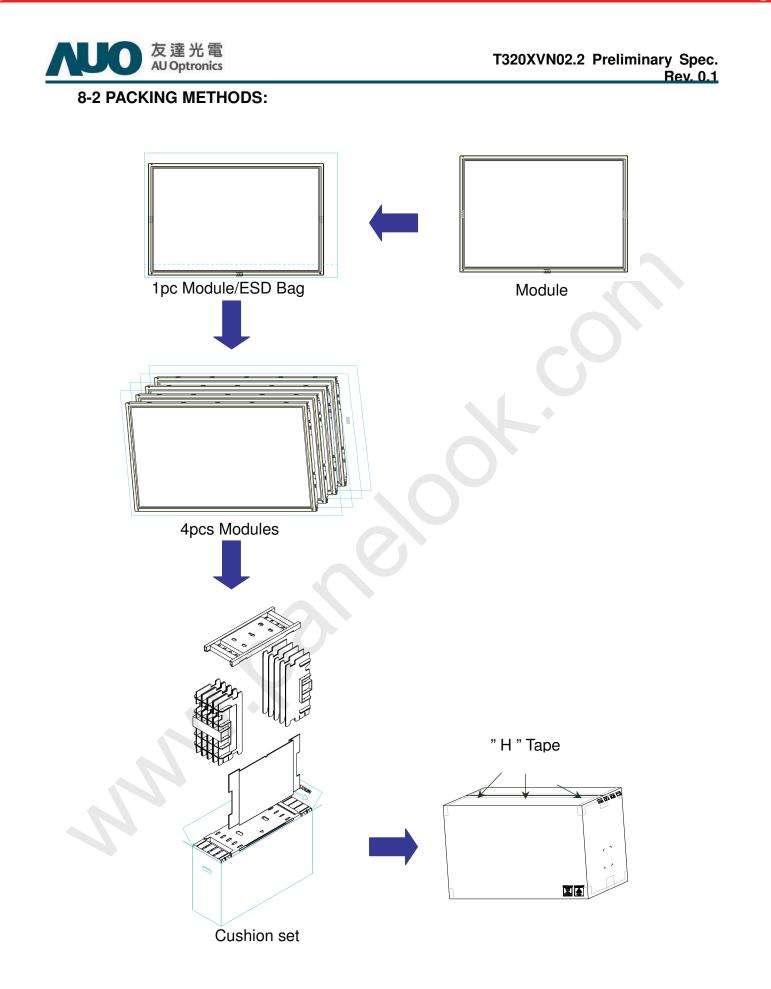
(2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green

team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:

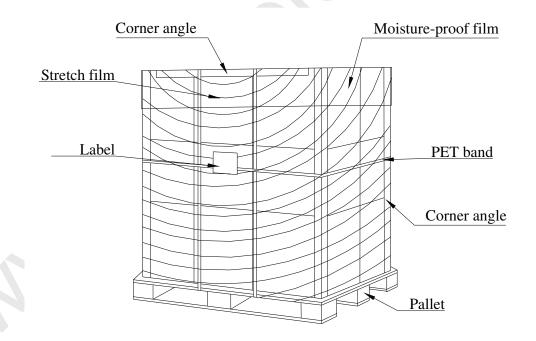






8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item	Quantity	Dimension	Total Weight (kg)	Packing Remark
1	Packing BOX	4pcs/box	ocs/box 832(L)mm*283(W)mm*545(H)mm		Carton=1.79kg Cushion=2.04kg
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*132(H)mm	15kg	
3	Boxes per Pallet		A. 4 boxes/pallet B. 8 boxes/pallet		
4	Panels per		A. 16pcs/pallet		
4	Pallet		B. 32 pcs/pallet		
5	Pallet after packing (40' container)	56	A. 1150(L)*840(W)*677(H) B. 1150(L)*840(W)*1222(H)	A. 110.32kg B. 205.64kg	





12. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.