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T320XVN02.5 SKD Preliminary Spec. Rev.0.1

Model Name: T320XVN02.5 (SKD)

Issue Date : 2012/12/26

(*) Preliminary Specifications

() Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date						
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Kelly Kao							
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader ED Lee Prepared By PM Reynold Chen							

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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.1	2012/12/26		First release
	1	I	<u> </u>



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1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD SKD model T320XVN02.5. This LCD Open Cell Unit has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This Open Cell Unit supports 1,366x768 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in horizontal stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

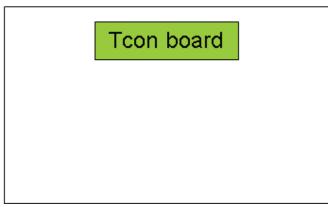
Items Specification Unit Note Active Screen Size 31.50 inch 697.684(H) x 392.256(V) **Display Area** mm Outline Dimension 713.68(H) x 408.72(V) x 1.4(D) D: pure cell thickness mm Driver Element a-Si TFT active matrix **Display Colors** 8 bit, 16.7M Colors Number of Pixels 1,366x768 Pixel Pixel Pitch 0.51075 (H) x 0.51075(W) mm Pixel Arrangement **RGB** horizontal stripe **Display Operation Mode** Normally Black Haze=3% Surface Treatment Anti-Glare, 3H Rotate Function Unachievable Note 1 **Display Orientation** Signal input with "ABC" Note 2

* General Information

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.

Note 2: LCD display as below illustrated when signal input with "ABC".

Rear side



Front side





2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

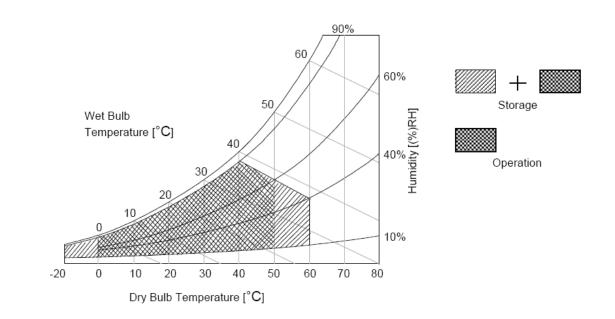
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be $39^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50 $^\circ \! \mathbb{C}$ Dry condition





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3. Electrical Specification

The T320XVN02.5 Open Cell Unit requires power input which is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

3-1-1: DC Characteristics

				Value	~		
	Parameter	Symbol		value	Γ	Unit	Note
			Min.	Тур.	Max		
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.39	0.53	А	1
Power Co	nsumption	Pc		4.68	5.28	Watt	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}	-		4	А	2
Permissib	le Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage	V _{RP}	ł		V _{DD} * 5%	$mV_{pk\text{-}pk}$	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	$\mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{DC}}$	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V _{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	6
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	6

3-1-2: AC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
	Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Onit	NOLE
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	8
LVDS interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	8
Internace	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	9



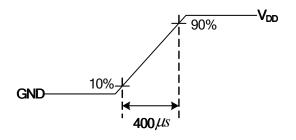
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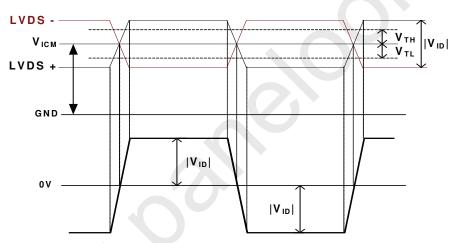
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Note :

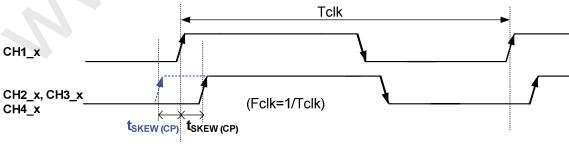
- 1. V_{DD} = 12.0V, Fv = 60Hz, Fclk= Max freq., 25 $^{\circ}$ C, Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us



- 3. Test Condition:
 - (1) The measure point of V_{RP} is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
 - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.
- **4.** $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



- 5. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 6. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin

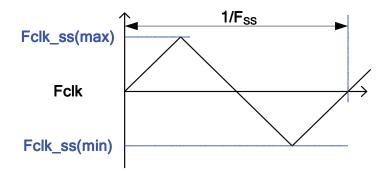


Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4



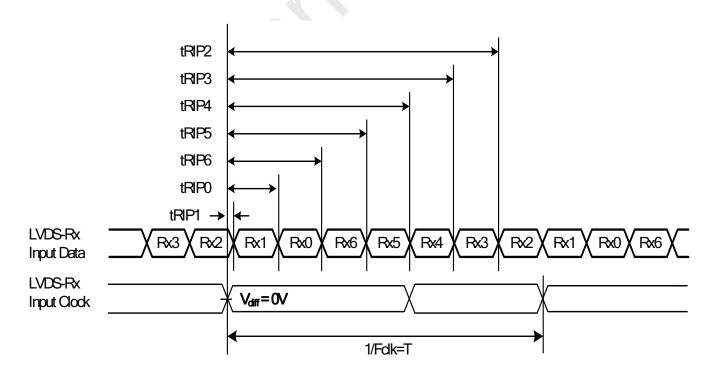
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7. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



8. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol							
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Мах	Unit	Note			
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk			
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns				
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns				



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3-2 Interface Connections

• LCD connector: P-Two 196161-30041-3

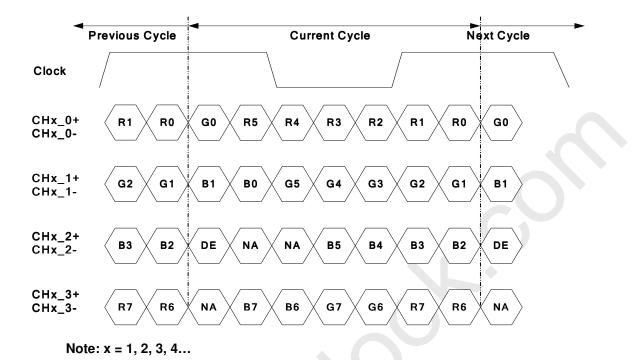
PIN	Symbol	Description					
1	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect)					
2	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock					
3	SDA	EEPROM Serial Data					
4	GND	Ground					
5	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-					
6	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+					
7	GND	Ground					
8	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-					
9	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+					
10	GND	Ground					
11	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-					
12	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+					
13	GND	Ground					
14	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -					
15	CH1_CLK+ LVDS Channel 1, Clock +						
16	GND	Ground					
17	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-					
18	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+					
19	GND	Ground					
20	Reserve	TV set reserved					
21	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA					
		EEPROM Write Protection					
22	WP	High(3.3V) for Writable,					
		Low(GND) for Protection					
23	GND	Ground					
24	GND	Ground					
25	Reserve	TV set reserved					
26	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
27	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
28	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
29	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					
30	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated					

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

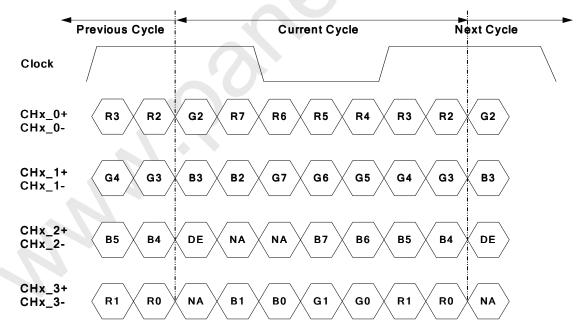


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LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



LVDS Option = Low-JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

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3-3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Τv	788	810	1015	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)				
	Blanking Period tion Active	Tblk (v)	20	42	247	Th
	Period	Th	1460	1648	2000	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	94	282	634	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	53	80	86	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	KHz

Notes:

Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

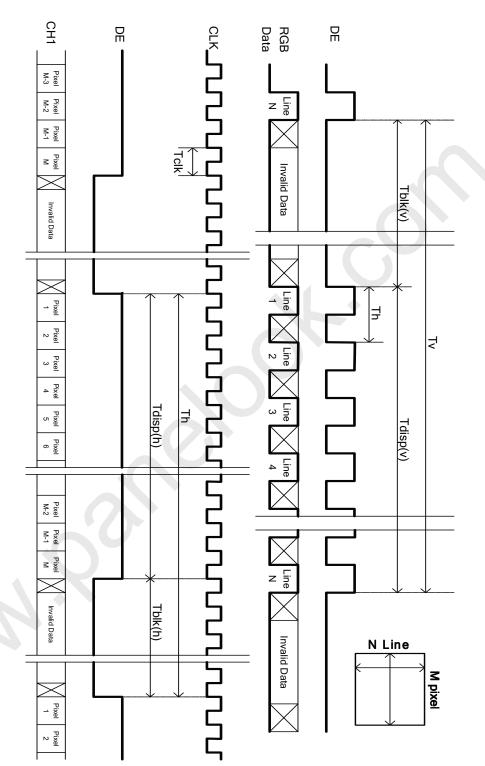
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



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3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

											I	npu	t Co	olor I	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ED							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
	Color	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	BB	MS	В					LS	SВ
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

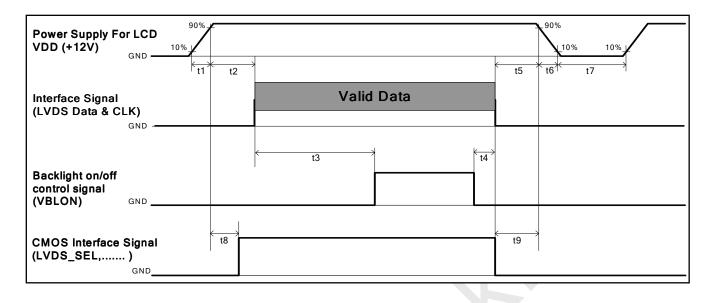
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

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3-6 Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter		Values		Linit
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10 ^{*3}		50	ms
t9	0			ms

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

(3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.



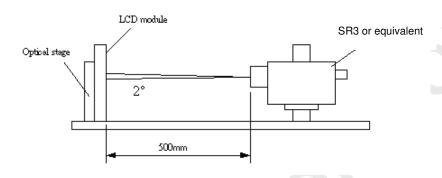
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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the open cell unit and light source has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Values		Lloit	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max	ax // // // // // // // // // // // // //	notes
Contrast Ratio	CR		2400	3000			1,2
White Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}}$	With AUO Module			1.33		1,3
Response Time (G to G)	Тγ			6.5		ms	4
Center Transmittance	Т%			6.8		%	1,7
Color Chromaticity							5
Red	R _X			0.656			1
	R _Y			0.325			1
Green	Gx			0.271			1
	G _Y	With CS-1000T	Тур0.03	0.592	T		1
Blue	B _x	Standard light source "C"		0.140	Typ.+0.03		1
	B _Y			0.097			1
White	W _X			0.297			1
	W _Y			0.337			1
Viewing Angle							1,6
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ _r			89		degree	1
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι	With AUO Module		89		degree	1
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ _u			89		degree	1
y axis, down (φ=270°)	down (ϕ =270°) θ_d			89		degree	1

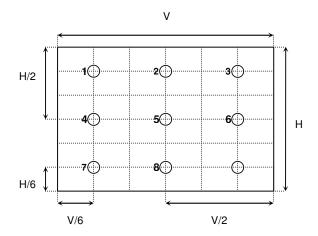
- 1. Light source here is the BLU of AUO T320XVN02.2 module.
- 2. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:



Contrast Ratio= $\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{on5}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{off5}}$

3. The white variation, δ WHITE is defined as:

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}} = Maximum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}}) / Minimum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})$



4. Response time T_Y is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v =60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target				
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

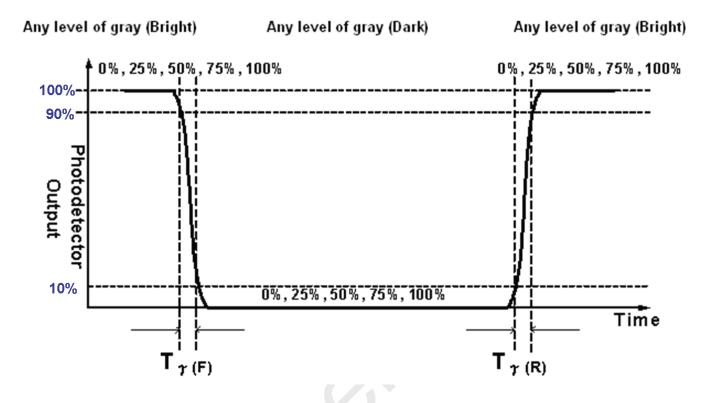
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".



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FIG.3 Response Time



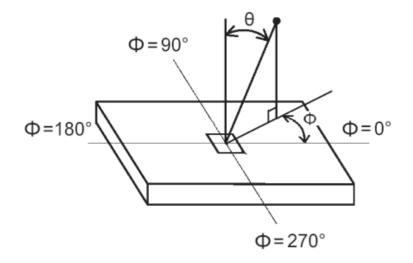
- 5. Light source here is the standard light source "C" which is defined by CIE and driving voltages are based on suitable gamma voltages. The calculating method is as following :
 - A. Measure the "Module" and "BLU" optical spectrums (W, R, G, B).
 - B. Calculate cell spectrum from "Module" and "BLU" spectrums.
 - C. Calculate color chromaticity by using cell spectrum and the spectrum of standard light source "C".
- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

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FIG.4 Viewing Angle



7. Definition of Transmittance (T%):

Transmittance = $\frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module}}{\text{Luminance of backlight}} * 100\%$

During transmittance measurement, the backlight of LCD module contains no brightness enhancement film. Two diffuser sheets which diffuse the light source uniformly are suggested to use for transmittance measurement.

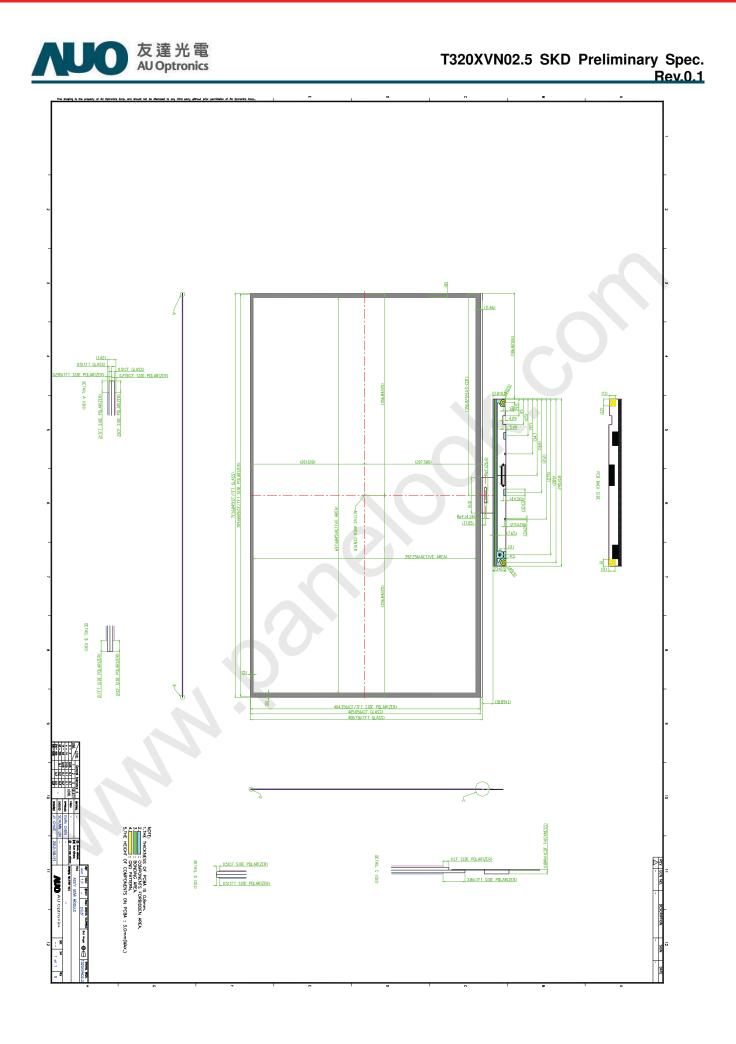
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5. Mechanical Characteristics

Item	Тур	Unit	Note
Weight	880	g	

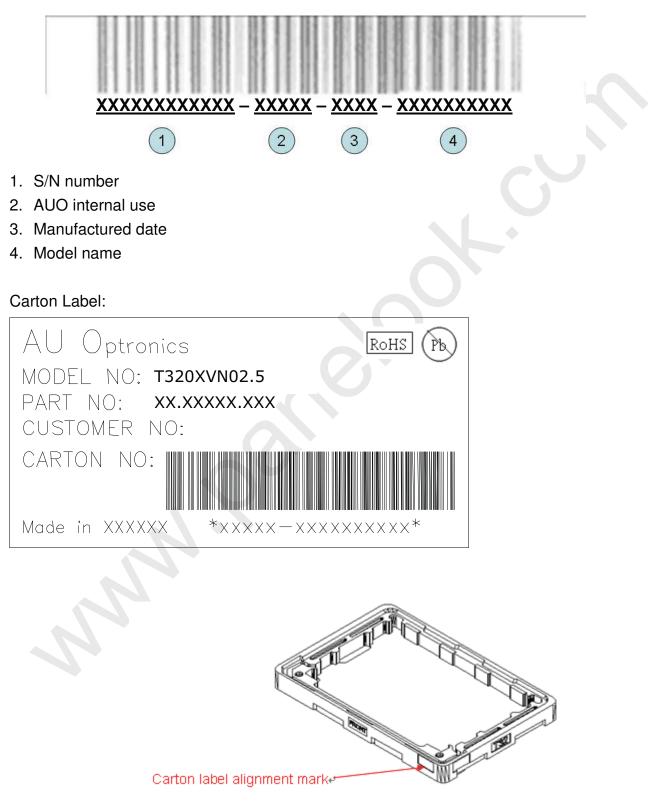




6. Packing

6-1 Definition of Labels

Open cell shipping label (35*7mm)

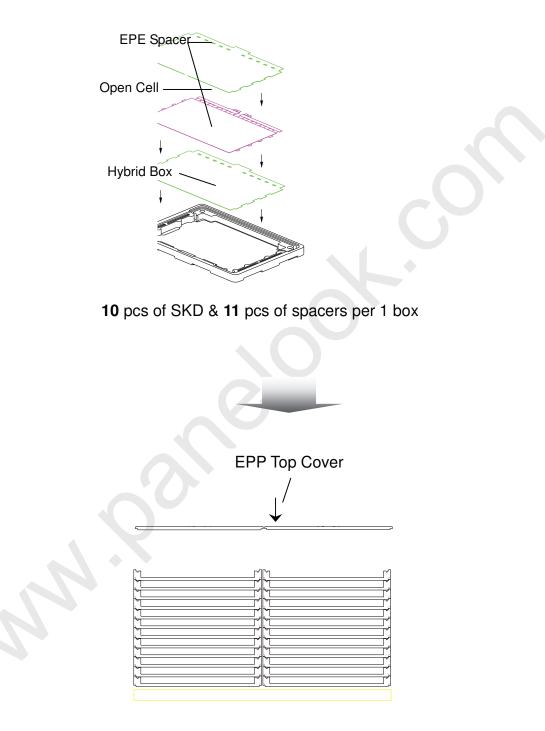


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6-2 Packing Method Packing Process:



Pallet Dimension : **1200** x **1000** x**145** mm **24** Boxes/Pallet, after stack **24**boxes, then put EPP top cover on it.

6-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

PP Box : 880(L)mm*595(W)mm*86(H)mm Pallet : 1200mm*1000mm*145mm

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7. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD Open Cell unit.

7-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

(1) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the cell. And the frame on which a cell is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the cell.

(2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.

(3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.

(3) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.

(4) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)

(5) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.

(6) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.

(7) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

7-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

(1) The open cell unit listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application

(2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:

V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)

- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (4) Brightness/transmittance depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in
- lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer
- or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be

done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

7-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a open cell unit is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.



7-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

7-5 STORAGE

When storing open cell units as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

(1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the open cell unit to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 $^{\circ}$ C and 35 $^{\circ}$ C at normal humidity.

(2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

7-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM OF POLARIZER

The protection film of polarizer is still attached on the surface as you receive open cell units. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is easily generated on the polarizer surface. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.