

Document Version: 1 Date: 2009/7/8

Product Specifications

37" HDTV Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T370HW03. V4

> () Preliminary Specifications (*) Final Specifications



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	No	Old Description	New Description	Remark
0	2009/4		First issue		
1	2009/7			Modify drawing and modify spec	



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 37.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T370HW03 V4. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920*1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 37.0 inch. This module supports 1920*1080 HDTV mode (Non-interlace). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T370HW03 V4 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

The T370HW03 V4 model is RoHS verified which can be distinguished on panel label.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	37.01	inch	
Display Area	819.36 (H) x 460.89(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	877(H) x 514.6(V) x 54.3(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.42675(H) x 0.42675(W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze = 11

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause permanent damage to the unit.

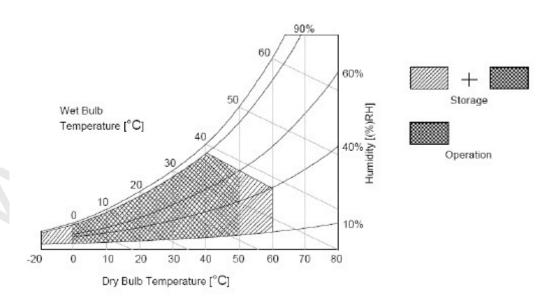
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	28	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	(°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39℃ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50° C Dry condition







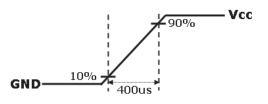
The T370HW03 V4 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter. (INV)

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter			Va	lues	Unit	Notes
			Min	Тур	Max		
LCD:							
Power	Supply Input Voltage	Vcc	10.8	12	13.2	Vdc	1
Power	Supply Input Current	Icc	-	1.3		A	2
Power	Consumption	Pc		15.5		Watt	2
Inrush (Current	I_{RUSH}	-	-	3	Apeak	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold	VTH			100	mV	4
Interface	Voltage						
	Differential Input Low Threshold	VTL	-100			mV	4
	Voltage						
	Common Input Voltage	VCIM	1.13	1.20	1.38	V	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH	2			Vdc	
Interface		(High)					
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL			0.8	Vdc	
	D .	(Low)					
Backlight	Power Consumption	PDDB	104	110	116	Watt	
Life Time			50,000			Hours	5.7.8

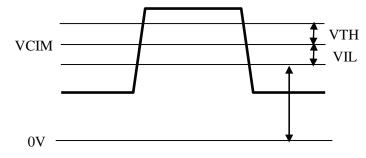
Note:

- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
- 2. Vcc=12.0V, f_v = 60Hz, fCLK=81.5Mhz , 25 °C , Test Pattern : White Pattern
- **3.** Measurement condition :





4. VCIM = 1.2V



- 5. The performance of the Lamp in LCD panel, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. After confirmation, the LCD panel should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
- **6.** Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- 8. Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.

 [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C]



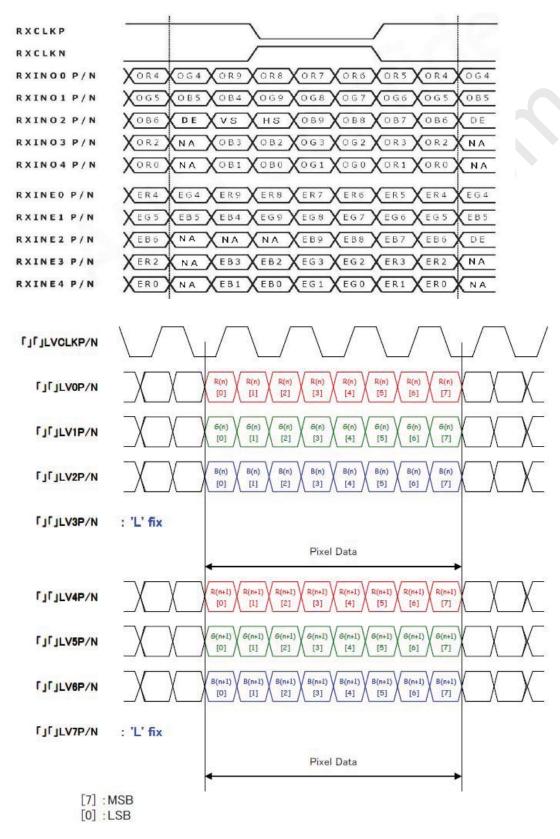
3-2 Interface Connections

LCD connector (CN1): JAE FI-RE51S-HF

LCD connector (CN1): JAE FI-RESTS-HF								
	JAE FI-RE51S-HF or equivalent							
VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated							
VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated							
VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated +12V, DC, Regulated							
VCC								
VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
RO[0]-	Odd LVDS Signal -							
RO[0]+	Odd LVDS Signal +							
RO[1]-	Odd LVDS Signal -							
RO[1]+	Odd LVDS Signal +							
RO[2]-	Odd LVDS Signal -							
RO[2]+	Odd LVDS Signal +							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
ROCLK-	Odd LVDS Signal -							
ROCLK+	Odd LVDS Signal +							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
RO[3]-	Odd LVDS Signal -							
RO[3]+	Odd LVDS Signal +							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
RE[0]-	Even LVDS Signal -							
RE[0]+	Even LVDS Signal +							
RE[1]-	Even LVDS Signal -							
RE[1]+	Even LVDS Signal +							
RE[2]-	Even LVDS Signal -							
RE[2]+	Even LVDS Signal +							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
RECLK-	Even LVDS Clock -							
RECLK+	Even LVDS Clock +							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
RE[3]-	Even LVDS Signal -							
RE[3]+	Even LVDS Signal +							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
GND	Ground and Signal Return							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
LVDS Option	High/Open for Normal (NS), Low for JEIDA							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							
Reserved	Please leave it open							



LVDS / Mini-LVDS mapping





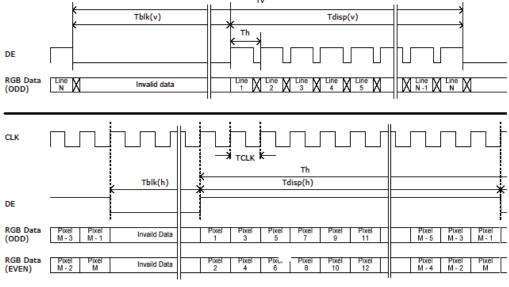
3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

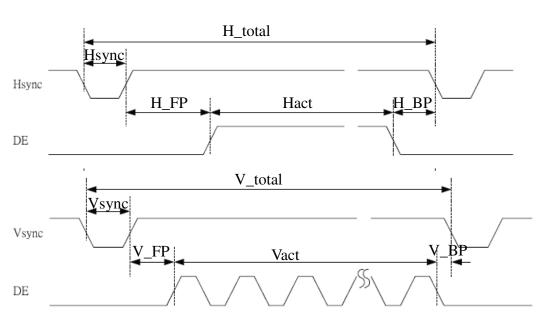
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Symbol	Unit	AUC	AUO TEST (SA MODE)						
PCLK	[MHz]	73(min)	74.47(typ.)	75(max)					
Hfreq	[kHz]		67.455						
Vfreq	[Hz]		59.96						
Htotal	[CLK]		2208						
Hact	[CLK]								
H_FP	[CLK]								
H_BP	[CLK]		208						
Hsync	[CLK]		32						
Vtotal	[Line]		1125						
Vact	[Line]		1080						
V_FP	[Line]								
V_BP	[Line]								
Vsync	[Line]								



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms







3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

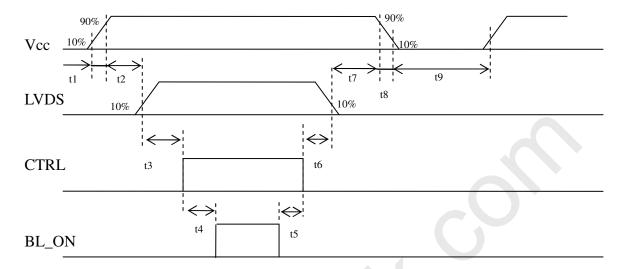
			Input Color data																						
1					R	ed							Gr	een							B	lue			
color		$\mathbf{R}0$	R1	R2	m R3	R4	m R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
or	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red																					į				
	254	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ä	001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green																									
0	254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u> </u>	000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
О	001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue																					<u> </u>				
I	254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





3-6 Power Sequence for LCD Module

3.6.1 Power Sequence for LCD



CTRL: T-BINT, SA_MODE, BUS_SW, PANEL_ON_RESET

Parameter		Values		Units
Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t1	0.47		5	mS
t2	110		150	mS
t3	10	-	20	mS
t4	500	_	-	mS
t5	200		-	mS
t6	0	-	-	mS
t7	0		50	mS
t8	0.47	-	300	mS
t9	1000	-	-	mS





3-7 Backlight Power Specification for LCD Module

3.7.1 Electrical specification

Item	Course	.h _1	Condition		Spec		11	Note
nem	Sym	IDOI	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Note
Input Voltage	V_{D}	DB		22.5	24	26.4	VDC	
Input Current	I_{DI}	ЭB	VDDB=24V	-	4.58	4.81	ADC	1
Input Power	P _D	DB	VDDB=24V	104	110	116	W	1
Inrush current	I_{RU}	SH	VDDB=24V	-	-	7.22	ADC	2
Output Frequency	F_{BL}		VDDB=24V	53	55	57	KHz	
On/Off control violtogo	V_{BLON}	ON	VDDB=24V	2	-	5	VDC	
On/Off control voltage		OFF	7 VDDD=24V	0		0.8		
Dimming Control Voltage	V_{DIM}	MAX	VDDB=24V	0		3.3	VDC	
Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM	I_R		20	\limits	100	%	
DWM control Voltage	V_EPWM	MAX	VDDB=24V	2		3.3	VDC	
PWM control Voltage		MIN	VDDB=24V	0		0.8		
External PWM control Current	I_EPWM		VDDB=24V			2	mADC	
External PWM Duty ratio	D_EF	D_EPWM		10		100	%	3
External PWM Frequency	External PWM Frequency F EPWM		VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	

Note1 : VDIM= 3.3V (MAX) ($Ta=25\pm5^{\circ}C$, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20 ms (VDDB : $10\% \sim 90\%$); Note 3: (a) Uniformity and flicker do not guarantee below 20% dimming control. (b) 5% dimming control is function okay and no backlight shut down

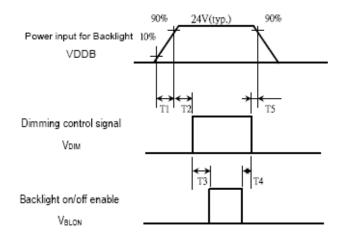


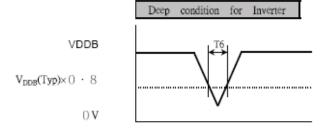


Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: High/Open (3.3V~5.5V) : BL On ; Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL off
13	VDIM ^(**)	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 20~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at External PWM mode>
14	PDIM(*)	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at Internal PWM mode>



3.7.3 Power Sequence for Inverter





Parameter		Units		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	50	-	-	ms
Т3	0	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	0	-	-	ms
Т6	-	-	10	ms



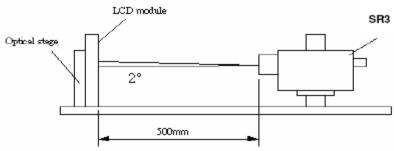




4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 $^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 $^{\circ}$.

 ${\bf Fig. 1\ 1\ presents\ additional\ information\ concerning\ the\ measurement\ equipment\ and\ method.}$



Parameter	Symbol	abol Values		Units	Notes	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	>	
Contrast Ratio	CR	3500	4000			1
Surface Luminance, white	LWH	360	450		cd/m³	2
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE} 9 p			1.30	1	3
Response time G to G	Τγ		5.5	8	ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
RED	R_X		0.64			
	R_{Y}		0.33			
GREEN	G_X		0.29			
	G_{Y}	Typ0.03	0.60	Typ.+0.03		
BLUE	B_X	1yp0.03	0.15	1yp.+0.03		
	B_{Y}		0.06			
WHITE	W_{X}		0.28	.]		
	W_{Y}		0.29			
Viewing Angle						
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	5
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θ_1		89			
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89			
y axis, down (φ=0°)	$\theta_{ m d}$		89			





1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\begin{aligned} \textbf{Contrast Ratio=} & \frac{\textbf{Surface Luminance of } L_{on5}}{\textbf{Surface Luminance of } L_{off5}} \end{aligned}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When VDDB = 24V, IDDB = 5A, L_{WH} =Lon5, where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9})$
- 4. Response time $T\gamma$ is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on f_v =60Hz to optimize.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		t:0%-25%	t:0%-50%	t:0%-75%	t:0%-100%
25%	t:25%-0%		t:25%-50%	t:25%-75%	t:25%-100%
50%	t:50%-0%	t:50%-25%		t:50%-75%	t:50%-100%
75%	t:75%-0%	t:75%-25%	t:75%-50%		t:50%-100%
100%	t:100%-0%	t:100%-25%	t:100%-50%	t:100%-75%	

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance

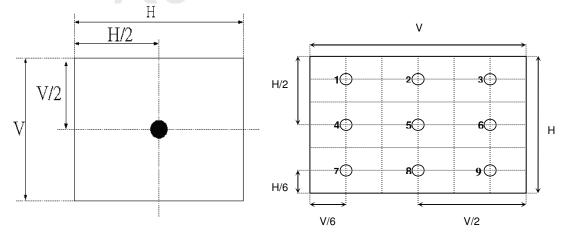






FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

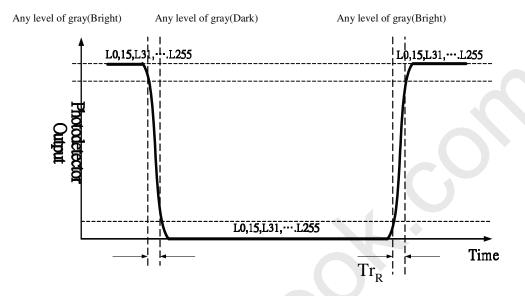
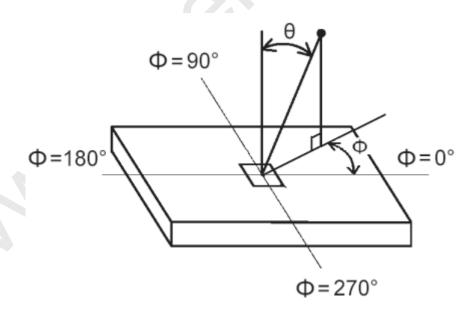


FIG.4 Viewing angle







5. Mechanical Characteristics

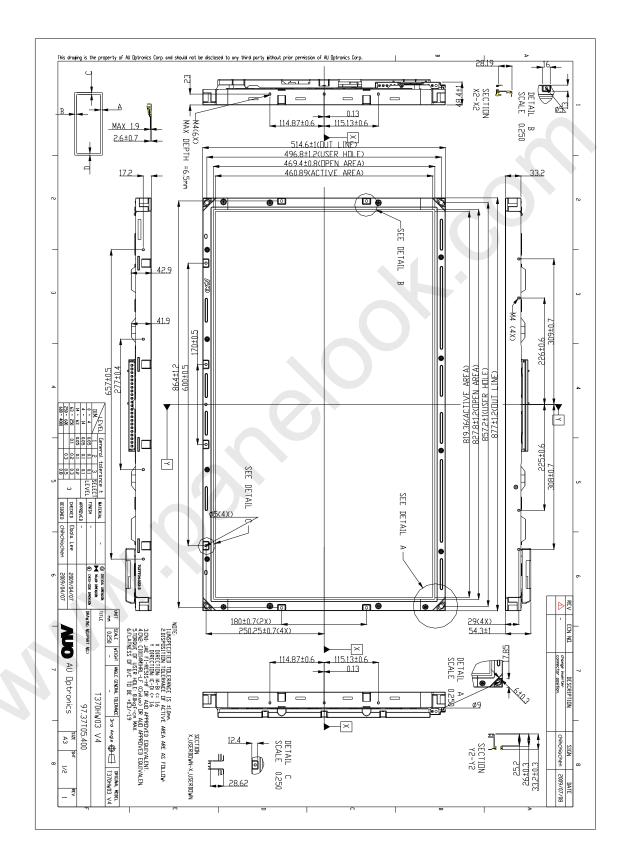
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T370HW03 V4. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	877.0 mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	514.6mm	
Outilité Difficusion	Depth	54.3 mm(with inverter)	
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	827.8 mm	
	Vertical	469.4 mm	
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	819.36 mm	
Active Display Area	Vertical	460.89 mm	
Weight	8000g (Typ.)		



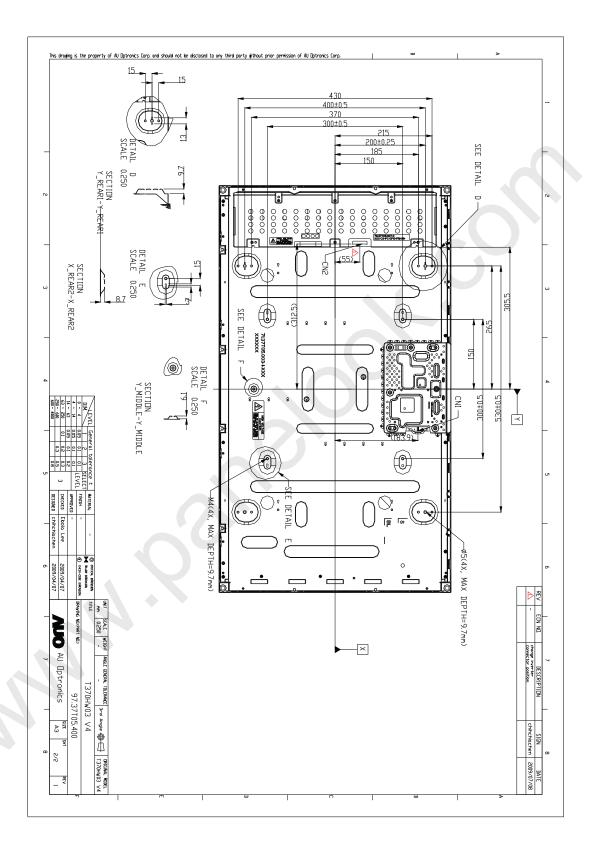


Mechanical Figure:











6. Reliability:

Environment test condition

	Test Items	Q'ty	Conditions	
1	High Temperature Stroage	3	60℃ 300 hrs	
2	Low Temperature Stroage	3	-20℃, 300 hrs	
3	High Temperature Operation	3	50℃, 300 hrs	
4	Low Temperature Operation	3	-5℃, 300 hrs	
5	Vibration (non-operation)	3	(10 ~ 300Hz/1.5G/11min SR, XYZ 30min/axis) Vibration level : 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 30min,	
6	Shock (non-operation)	Shock level: 50G Waveform: have sine wave, 11ms Direction: ±X,±Y, ±Z One time each direction		
7	Vibration (With carton)	3	Random wave (1.5 Grms 10~200Hz) 30mins / Per each X.Y.Z axes	
8	Drop (With carton)	3	Height: 38cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)	





7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

(1) UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.

(2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95/60950 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

(3) EN60950: 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998





8. Packing

Panel label:



TW8800900028-ZM0200

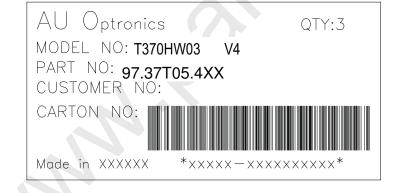
TW88009: T: Taiwan, A/B: China 00028: Panel Serial Number ZM0: AUO internal code

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Manufactured 08/36: 2008 week 36

Made In Taiwan: Taiwan made

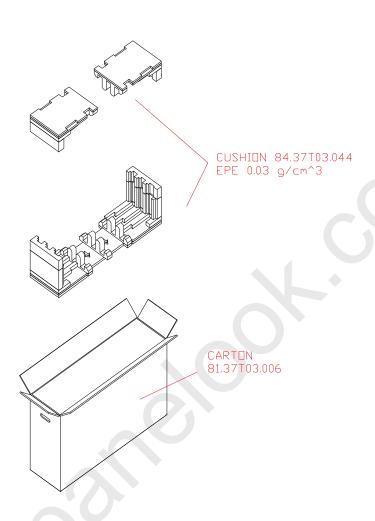
Carton Label:







Carton:

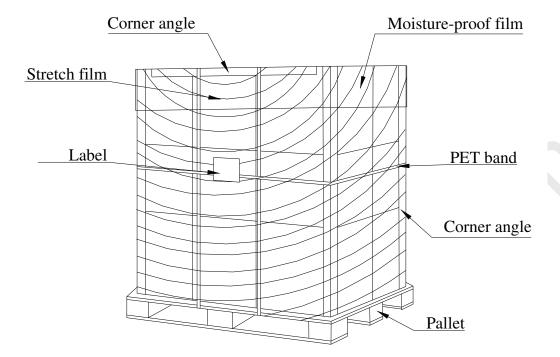


Pallet and Shipment information

	Item		Specification				
nem		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark		
1	Packing BOX	3 pcs/box	965(L)mm*280(W)mm*610(H)mm	30			
2	Pallet	1	1140(L)mm*980(W)mm*140(H)mm 15				
3	Boxes per Pallet	8 boxes/Paller	8 boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 12 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)				
4	Panels per Pallet	24pcs/pallet(I	24pcs/pallet(By Air) ; 36 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)				
	Pallet after packing	24 (by Air)	1140(L)mm*980(W)mm*1360(H)mm (by Air)	257 (by Air)			
		36(by Sea)	1140(L)mm*980(W)mm*2110(H)mm (by Sea)	393 (by Sea)			







9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.





9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: $V=\pm200 \text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE+

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



Appendix - A

i. EMI specification

Model name: T370HW03 V4

Item	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
EMI level (Note)			-6	$dB(\mu V/m)$
SSCG		350		ps

Note:

甲、Criteria: CISPR22

 \angle · Signal generator: PSG400 (Sony EMCS)

丙、EMI site: Sony EMCS Ichinomiya Tec. or using correlation value

op op Find result should be checked by connecting with TV-set