

Model Name: T370HW05 V2

Issue Date: 2011/02/22

()Preliminary Specifications(*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date						
Approved By		Approval By PM Director YenTing Chiu							
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen							
		Reviewed By Project Leader Ebola Lee							
		Prepared By PM Eric Lin							



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2011/01		First Release



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 37.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T370HW05 V2. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 37.0 inch. This module supports 1,920 x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T370HW05 V2 has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	37.00	inch	
Display Area	819.36(H) x 460.89(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	856.4(H) x 501 (V) x 10.8 (D)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	826.4(H) x 468	Colors	
Number of Pixels	8 bits, 16.7M	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	1,920x1080	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	0.4268 (H) x 0.4268 (W)		
Display Operation Mode	RGB vertical stripe		
Surface Treatment	Normally Black		Haze=2%



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

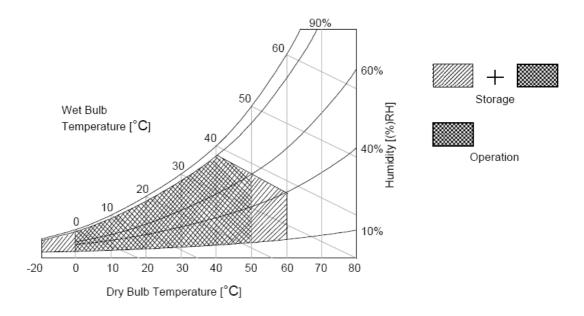
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration: 50 msec.

Note 2: Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at 40° C or less. At temperature greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at $50^{\circ}\!\!\!\subset$ Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T370HW05 V2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second is employed for LED lightbar.

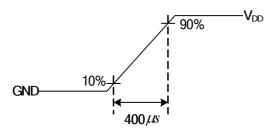
3.1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offit	Note
LCD							
Power Supp	oly Input Voltage	V _{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	1
Power Supp	oly Input Current	I _{DD}	-	0.41	1.02	А	2
Power Cons	sumption	Pc		4.92	12.24	Watt	2
Inrush Curre	ent	I _{RUSH}			4	А	3
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	Vтн	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	4
LVDS Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	VTL	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	VICM	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH (HIGH)	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL (LOW)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	
Backlight Po	ower Consumption	P _{BL}		57.6	61	Watt	
Life Time (N	ITTF)		30000			Hours	8

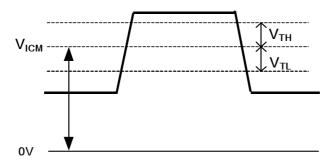
Note:

- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
- 2. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = 60Hz
 - (3) $F_{CLK} = 80.74MHZ$
 - (4) Temperature = 25 °C
 - (5) Test Pattern: White Pattern
- 3. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us

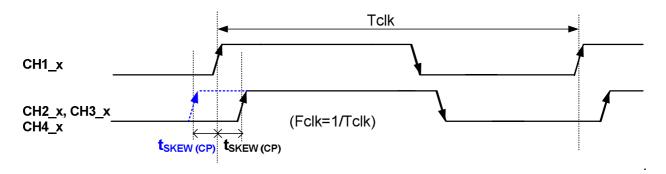




4. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



- **6.** The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperature of 40° C or less. At temperature greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operating at high temperature, the brightness of LED will drop and the life time of LED will be reduced.
- 7. The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time where luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at $Ta = 25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$]



3.2 Interface Connections

LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)
187060-41221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

Mating connector:41Pin: 187087-4119351Pin: 187087-51193

) F . 10 / U0	1-51185			
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	No connection	21	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	22	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-
3	N.C.	No connection	23	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+
4	N.C.	No connection	24	GND	Ground
5	N.C.	No connection	25	GND	Ground
6	N.C.	No connection	26	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-
7	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+
8	N.C.	No connection	28	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-
9	GND	Ground	29	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+
10	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	30	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-
11	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+	31	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+
12	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-	32	GND	Ground
13	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+	33	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -
14	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-	34	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +
15	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+	35	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground	36	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-
17	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -	37	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+
18	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +	38	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-
19	GND	Ground	39	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+
20	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-	40	GND	Ground
			41	GND	Ground

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).



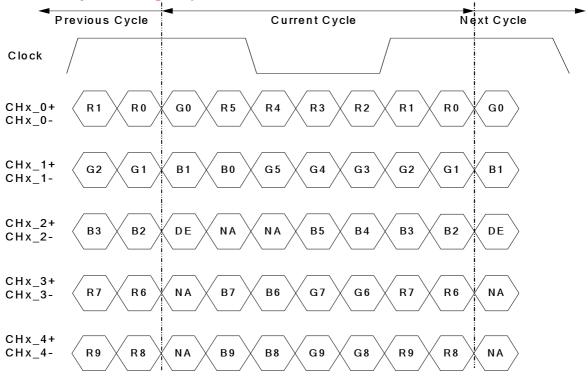
T370HW05 V2 Product Specification Rev. 00

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	26	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
3	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	LVDS 8/10bit Input Selection BITSEL Open/High(3.3V): 10bits Low(GND): 8bits		30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	ROTATE	Panel Rotation Display Control High(3.3V): Rotate Enable Open/Low(GND): Rotate Disable	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	34	GND	Ground
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
18	GND	Ground	43	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	N.C.	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	49	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	50	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

Note: N.C.: please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

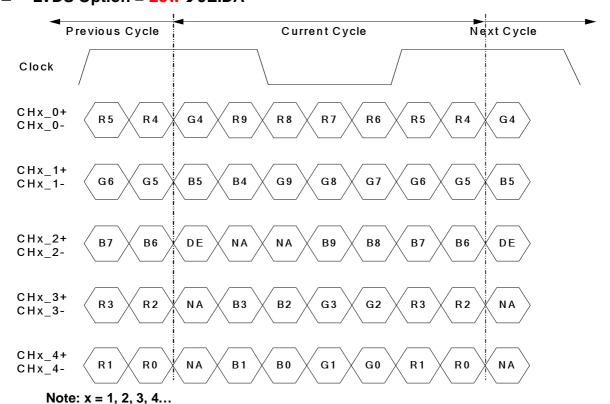


■ LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

■ LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA





3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

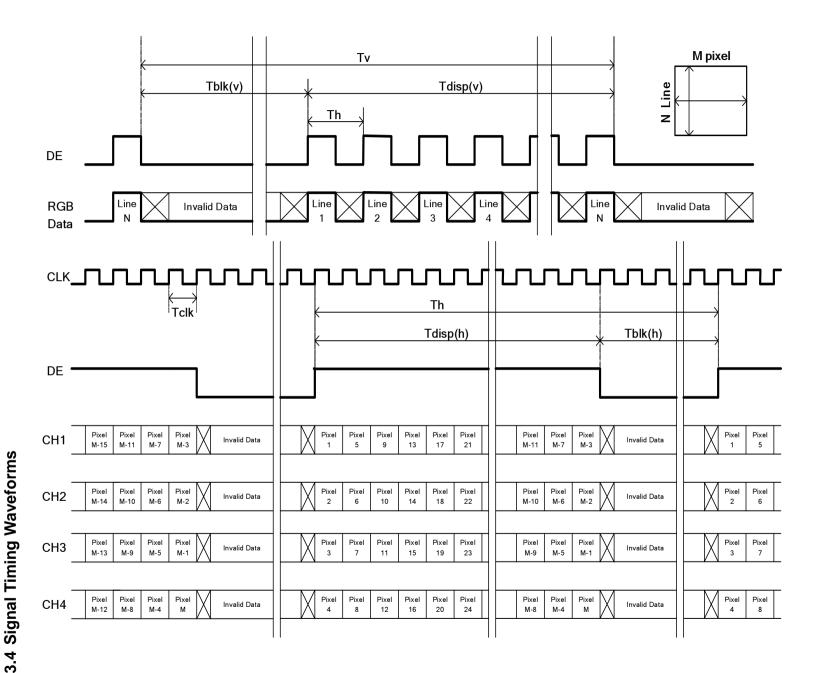
Timing Table

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit		
	Period	Tv	1090	1130	1392	Th		
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080				
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	50	312	Th		
	Period	Th	540	570	580	Tclk		
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		480		Tclk		
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	60	90	100	Tclk		
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz		
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz		

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.







3.5 Color Input Data Reference

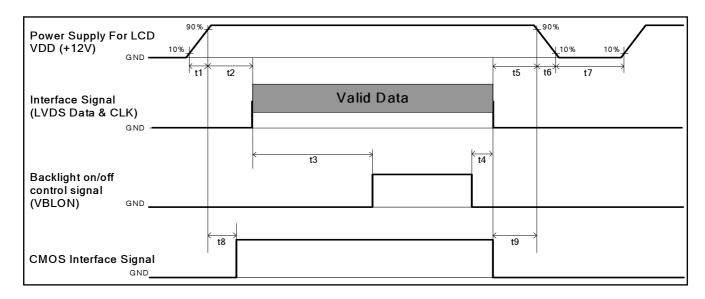
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

														In	put	Со	lor [Data	ì												
	Color					RE	ΕD								(GRI	EEN	1								BL	UE				
	COIOI	MS	В	ı	1					L	SB	M	SB							LS	SB	MS	B							L	SB
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В9	B8	В7	В6	В5	В4	ВЗ	B2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R										<u></u>	<u></u>																<u></u>				
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																															
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В										ļ	ļ						ļ										ļ				
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Danamatan		Values		1.1
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		150	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10		50	ms
t9	0			ms

Note:

(1) t4=0: concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



3.7.1 Electrical specification

	Item	Com	ah al	Condition		Spec		Unit	Note
	item	Syn	nbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
1	Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I _D	DB	VDDB=24V		2.4	2.54	ADC	1
3	Input Power	Pc	DDB	VDDB=24V		57.6	61	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{Rl}	JSH	VDDB=24V			5	ADC	2
_	0.40%		ON	\/DDD 04\/	2	-	5.5	\/D0	-
5	On/Off control voltage	V_{BLON}	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
6	On/Off control current	I _{BL}	.ON	VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	Dimming Control Voltage	V DIM	MAX	\/DDD 04\/	3.0	-	5.5	VDC	-
7		V_DIM	MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-
8	Dimming Control Current	I_C	DIM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIN	/I_R	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	3
40	External PWM	\	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	5.5	\/D0	-
10	Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
11	External PWM Control Current	I_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EI	PWM	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	3
13	External PWM Frequency	F_EF	⊃WM	VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-
4.4	DET status signal	DET	HI	\/DDD 24\/	Оре	en Colle	ctor	VDC	4
14	4 DET status signal	DET	Lo	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	4
15	Input Impedance	R	in	VDDB=24V	300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

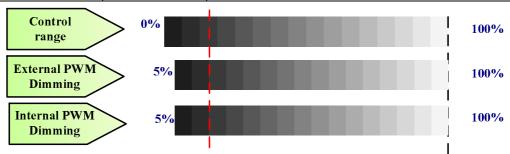
Note 4: Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector



3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

LED driver board connector: Cvilux CI0114M1HR0-NH

Pin	Symbol	Description	
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
		BLU status detection:	
11	DET	Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector	
		(Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)	
		BLU On-Off control:	
12	VBLON	High/Open (2~5.5V) : BL On ;	
		Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off	
13	VDIM(**)	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 5~100% Duty, open for 100%)	
13		< NC ; at External PWM mode>	
14	PDIM(*)	External PWM (5%~100% Duty, open for 100%)	
14	F DIIVI()	< NC ; at Internal PWM mode>	



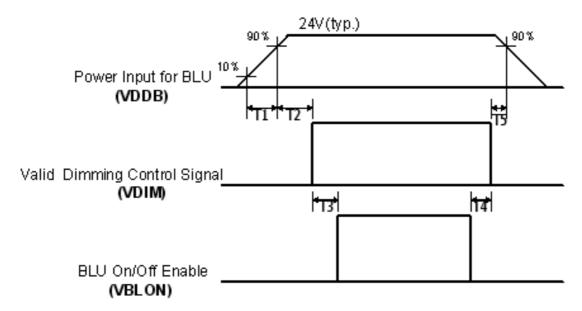
PWM Dimming: include Internal and External PWM Dimming

(Note*) IF External PWM function includes 5% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

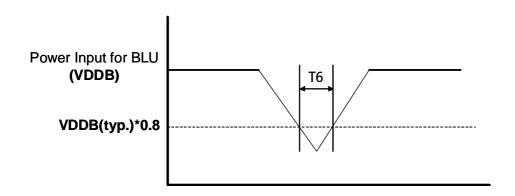
- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed



3.7.3 Power Sequence for LED Driver



Dip condition for LED Driver



Parameter		Units		
	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms

Note:

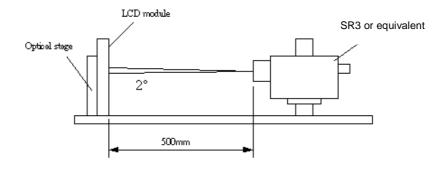
(1) When CMOS Interface is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, T8 timing spec can be negligible



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Dozomator	Cumahal	Values			I India	Natas
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	3600	4000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	320	400		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	R _X		0.63		1	
	R _Y		0.330			
Green	G _X		0.32	T 0.00		
	G_Y	T 0.02	0.620			
Blue	B _X	Тур0.03	0.150	Typ.+0.03		
	B _Y		0.04			
White	W _X		0.280			
	W_{Y}		0.290			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. At driver current I_{DDB} = 2.4A, L_{WH}=L_{on5} where L_{on5} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

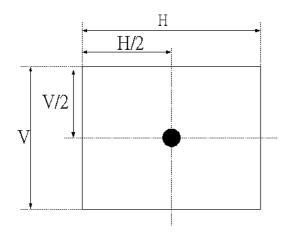
 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$ = Maximum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,..., L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,... L_{on9})

4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_{ν} =120Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target						
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance



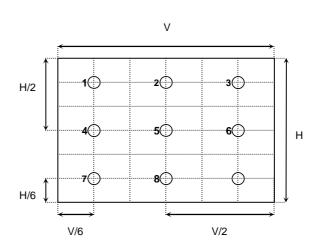




FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

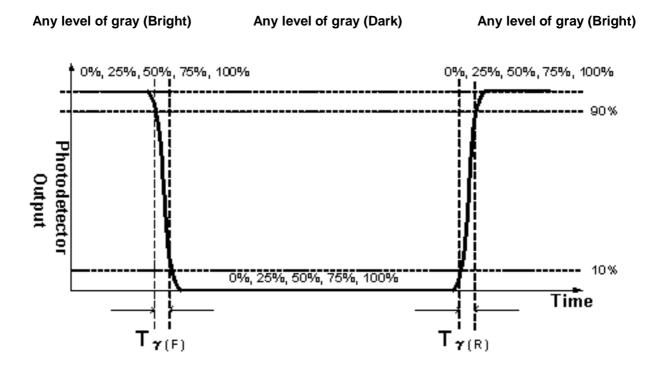
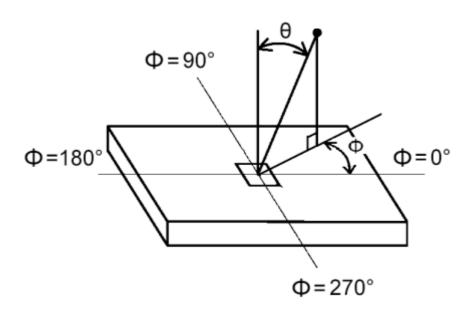


FIG.4 Viewing Angle





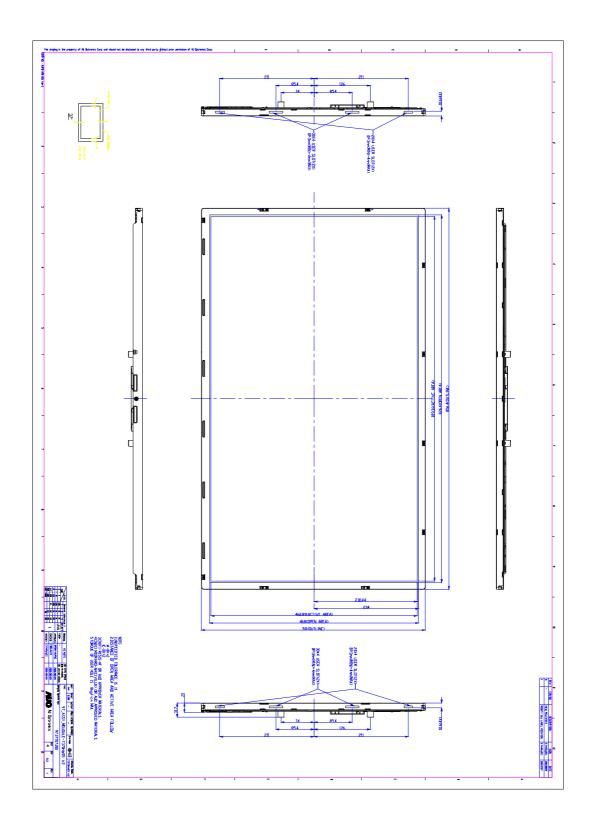
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T370HW05 V2. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	856.4 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	501.0 mm		
	Depth	10.8mm		
Decid Operation	Horizontal	826.4 mm		
Bezel Opening	Vertical	468.0 mm		
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	819.36mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	460.89mm		
Weight	7500 g (Typ.)			
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H			

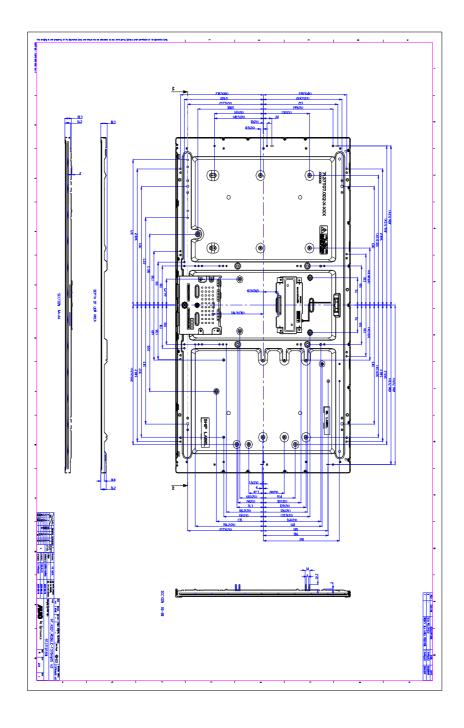


Front View





Back View





6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition	
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs	
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs	
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C, 300hrs	
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs	
			Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS	
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz,	
			Duration: X, Y, Z 10min	
			One time each direction	
			Shock level: 50G	
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms	
			Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction	
7	Vibration test (With carton)	5	Random wave (1.05Grms, 10-200Hz) 10mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes	
8	Drop test (With carton)	5	Height: 30.5cm (ASTMD4169-1) 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 flats(ASTM D5276)	



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950: 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

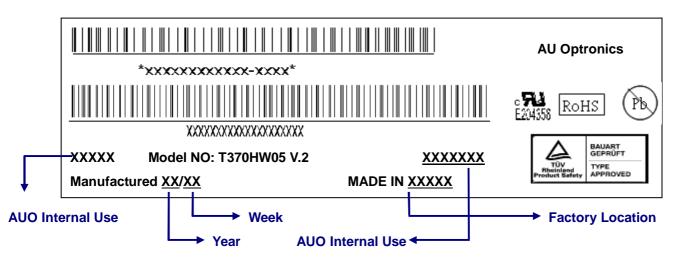


8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



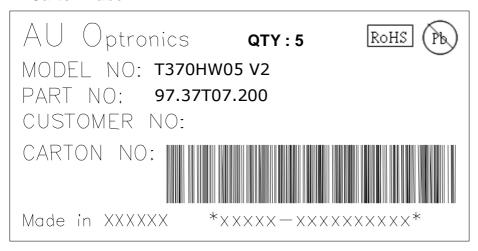


Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

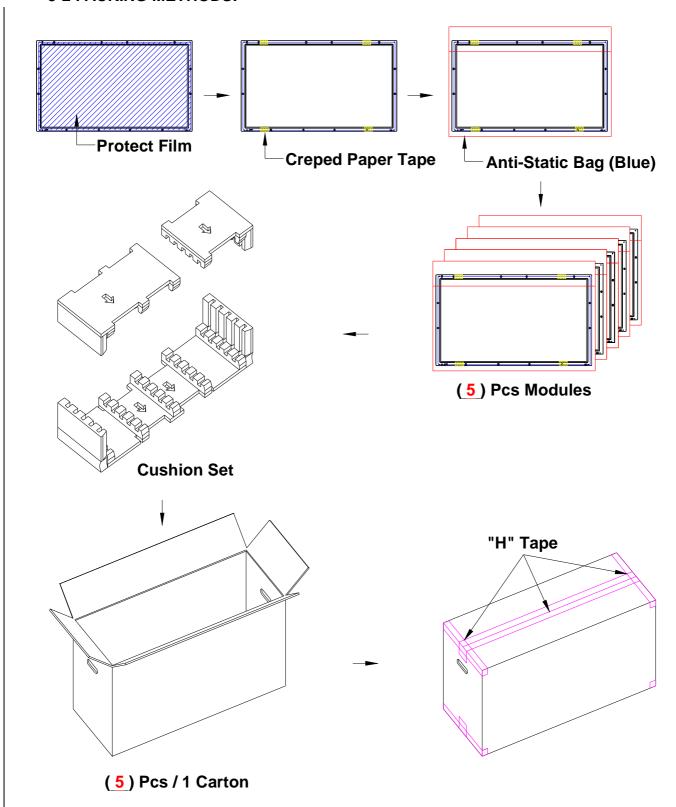
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





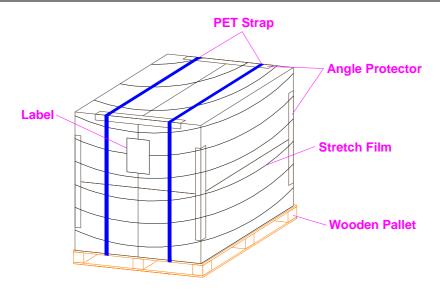
8-2 PACKING METHODS:





8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

Item			Packing		
	item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark
1	Packing BOX	5pcs/box	900(L)*280(W)*610(H)	43	
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)*910(W)*132(H)	14	
3	Boxes per Pallet	3 boxes/pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet	40 pcs/pallet			





8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer...)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.