



Model Name: T420HW06 V0

Issue Date: 2010/05/03

)Preliminary Specifications (*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date					
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Frank Hsu						
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen						
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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description						
0.1	2009/09/07		First release						
0.2	2009/09/28	4	Add note:color display 8bit						
		20	Outline Dimension 983.0x576.0x44.1						
0.3	2009/10/21	17	Brightness is modified from 450nits to 480nits						
			CR is modified from 4000 to 3000						
0.4	2010/02/03	14	Update Striking Voltage						
0.5	2010/02/11	14	Revise BL operating Voltage						
			Delete Lamp specification						
			Revise total lamp current from 130→125mA(min)						
1.0	2010/2/24	4;19	Outline Dimension 983.0x576.0x45.6						
		19	Weight 11100g→10300g						
		20;21	Update the drawing						
1.1	2010/2/25	20;21	Update the drawing						
1.2	2010/5/3	13	Update T2 Max to 150 ms						



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420HW06 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420HW06 V0 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.02	inch	
Display Area	930.24(H) x 523.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	983.0(H) x 576.0(V) x 45.6(D)	mm	Without inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M(8 bit)	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920X1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4845	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating		Haze=11%





2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

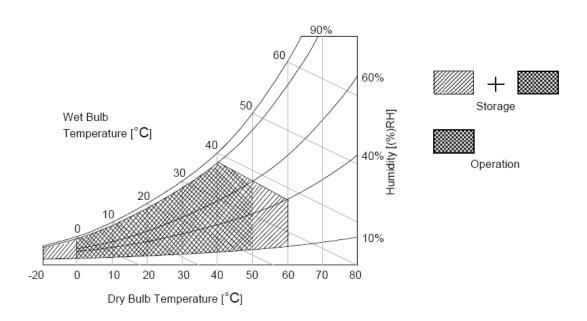
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T420HW06 V0 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power inverter.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Sup	ply Input Voltage	V _{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V_{DC}	1
Power Sup	ply Input Current	I _{DD}		1	1.5	Α	2
Power Con	sumption	Pc		12		Watt	2
Inrush Curr	ent	I _{RUSH}			3	Α	3
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}		1	+100	mV _{DC}	4
LVDS Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-100)		mV _{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	0.6	1.2	1.8	V_{DC}	4
LVDS Interface	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t _{SKEW (CP)}	-500		+500	ps	5
CMOS Interface Input High Threshold Voltage Input Low Threshold Voltage		V _{IH} (High)	2.7	1	3.3	V _{DC}	
		V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	
Backlight P	ower Consumption	P _{BL}		130		Watt	
Life Time	- 13		50000			Hours	8

Note:

1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}

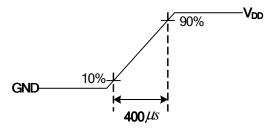
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- 2. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = Type Timing, 60Hz
 - (3) $F_{CLK} = Max freq.$
 - (4) Temperature = 25 $^{\circ}$ C
 - (5) Test Pattern: White Pattern

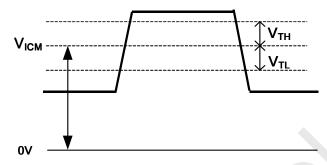




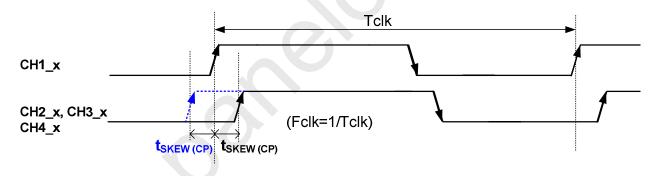
3. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us



4. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



- **6.** Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- 8. Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.
 [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C]





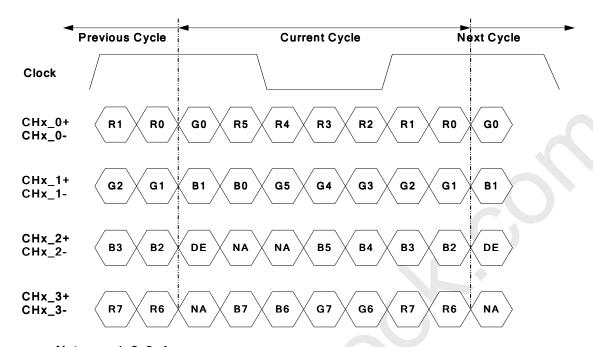
3.2 Interface Connections

• LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	26	GND	Ground
2	NC	No connection	27	GND	Ground
3	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	NC	No connection	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	NC	No connection	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	NC	No connection	34	GND	Ground
10	NC	No connection	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	43	GND	Ground
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	NC	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	49	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	50	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

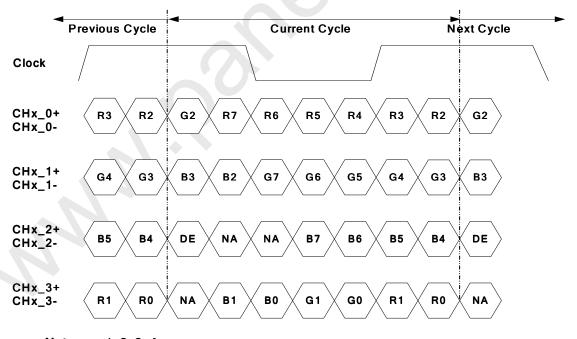


LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...





3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit			
	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th			
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080					
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th			
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk			
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960					
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk			
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz			
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz			
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz			

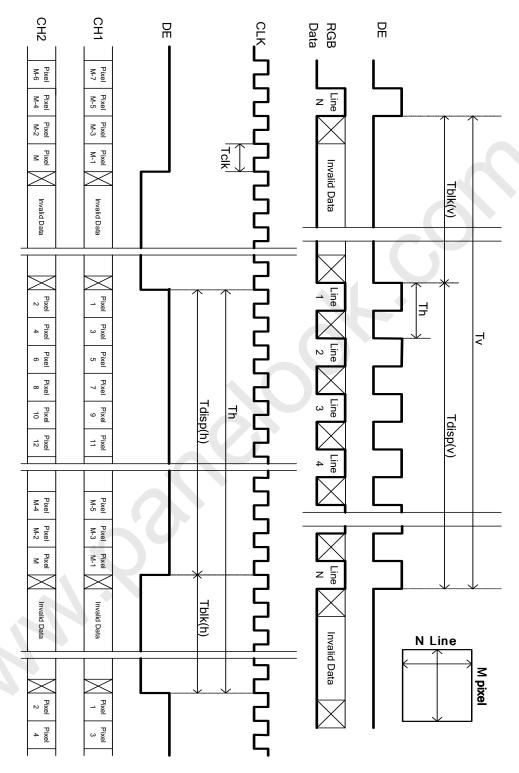
Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.





3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms







3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

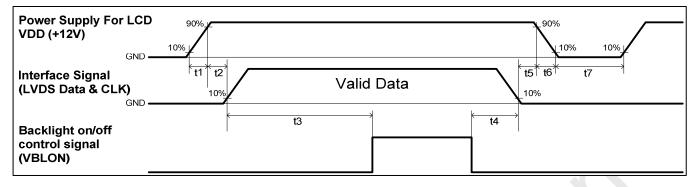
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

												npu	t Cc	lor	Data	a									
					RE	ΞD							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	Color	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G															3	3									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



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3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



D		l lada			
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit	
t1	0.4		30	ms	
t2	0.1		150	ms	
t3	300			ms	
t4	0*1			ms	
t5	0			ms	
t6			*2 	ms	
t7	500			ms	

Note:

- (1) T4=0: concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) T6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



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3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 14-I type CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

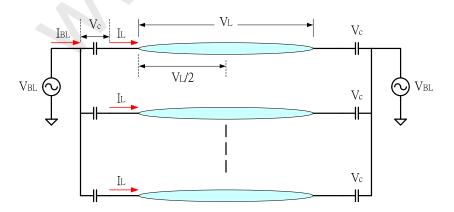
3.7.1 Electrical specification

	0	0 1111		Spec		11	Note
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
BL Operating Voltage	V_{BL}	-	830	1030	1230	Vrms	Note 1
BL Operating Current	I _{BL}	-	125	140	150	mArms	
BL Total Power Dissipation	P _{BL}	-	-	130	-	Watt	
Christian Valtage	Valle	-	1360	-	-	Vivia	
Striking Voltage	Vstk	-	-	-		Vrms	
Striking Time	Ts	-	1000	-	1500	msec	
Operating Frequency	fo	-	59	62	65	kHz	
PWM Operating Frequency	F_PWM	-	140	180	240	Hz	
PWM Dimming Duty Ratio	D_PWM	-	10	-	100	%	Note 2&3
Lamp Ty			Straight type				
Number of L	_amps			14		pcs	
Type of current balance				Capacitor			
C ballast	Cb	-		27		pF	

Note 1: For a new C balancer design model condition, V_{BL}(typ) could be estimated as below:

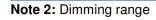
$$V_{BL} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{V_L}{2}\right)^2 + \left(V_C\right)^2}$$

- IL: Lamp current design value
- VL: Lamp typical operating Voltage value in Lamp Spec
- $Vc = IL^*R_{Vc} \approx IL^* \frac{1}{2\pi}$
- F= Working frequency
- C= Balancer value(typ)





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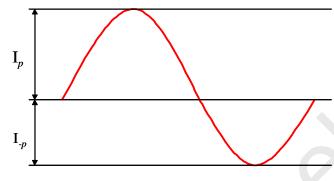
PWM Dimming: include Internal and External PWM Dimming

Note 3: Low dimming ratio operation

When PWM dimming duty ratio is operated lower than recommended value, feedback signal and all protection functions should be confirmed by LIPS design. Display performance should also be confirmed by customer's implement.

Note 1: Waveform definition

Please light on the lamp with symmetrical voltage and current waveform (unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%, crest factor within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$).



Unsymmetrical Ratio = $|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$

Crest Factor = I_p (or I_p) / I_{rms}

I_n: High side peak value

 I_n : Low side peak value

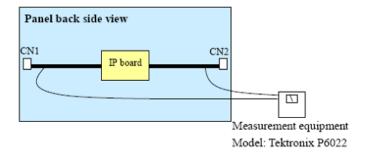
I_{rms}: Root mean square value

3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

CN1:130001WR-02E (YeonHo)

Pin	Symbol	Description				
1	HV+	+ High Voltage				
2	HV-	- High Voltage				

Measurement method

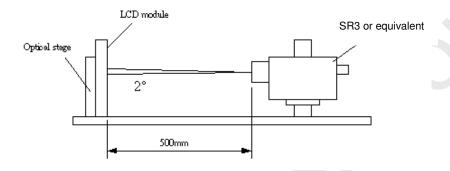




4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Doromotor		Values			Llait	Natar
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ra	itio	CR		3000			1
Surface Luminance (White)		L _{WH}	360	480		cd/m ²	2
Luminance	Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.3		3
Response T	ime (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut		NTSC		72		%	
Color Coord	dinates						
	Red	R _X		0.640			
	•	R _Y		0.330			
Ì	Green	G _X		0.281			
ĺ		G_Y	Tun 0.02	0.590	T 0.00		
į	Blue	B _X	Тур0.03	0.144	Typ.+0.03		
		B _Y		0.060			
	White	W _X		0.280			
		W_{Y}		0.290			
Viewing Angle							5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	
	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
5	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
[y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	

Note:



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1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

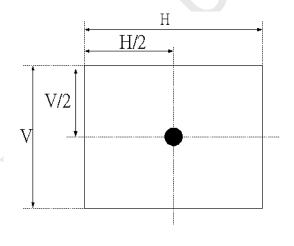
Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

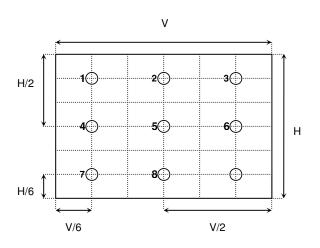
- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 11$ mA. $L_{WH} = Lon5$ where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$ = Maximum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,..., L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,... L_{on9})
- Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v=60Hz to optimize. For more information see FIG3.

Measured		Target					
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%	
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%	
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%	
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%	
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%		

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance









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FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".

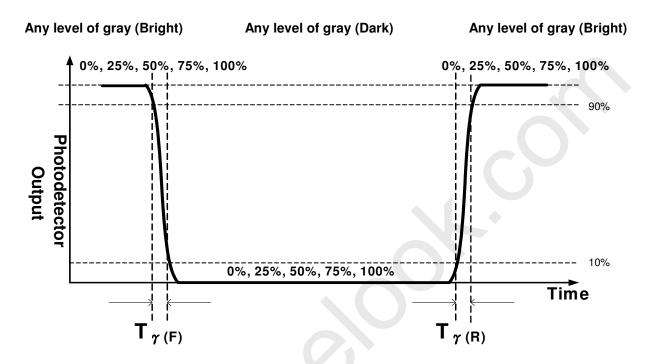
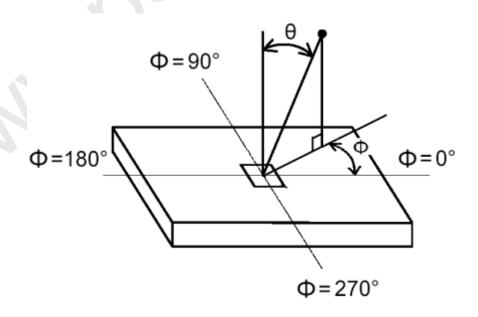


FIG.4 Viewing Angle







5. Mechanical Characteristics

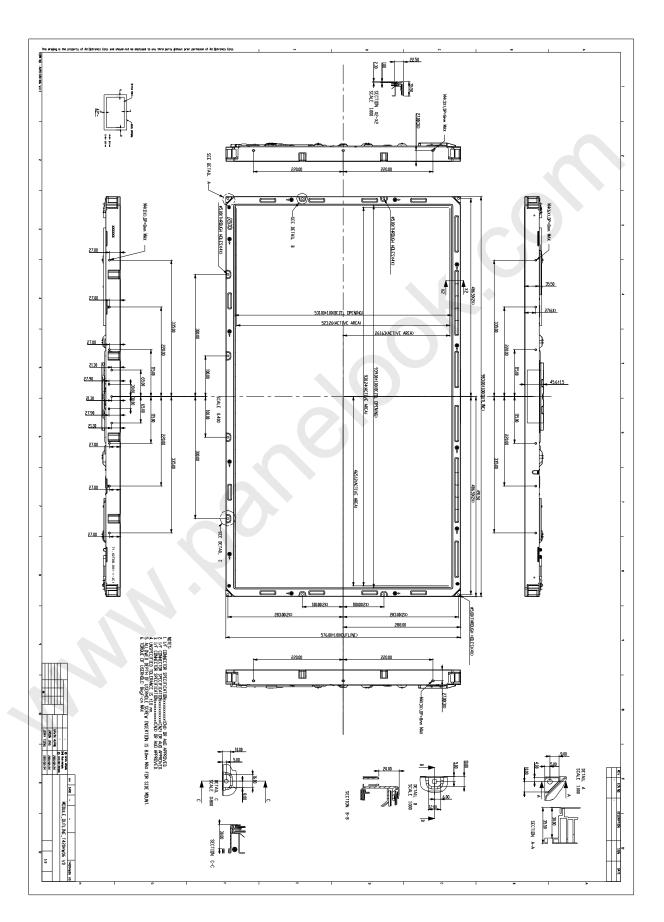
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420HW06 V0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	983.0 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	576.0 mm		
	Outline Dimension Depth Horizontal Vertical Horizontal Active Display Area Vertical Vertical Vertical	45.6 mm		
Borol Oroning	Horizontal	939.0 mm		
Bezei Opening	Vertical	531.0 mm		
Active Dieploy Area	Horizontal	930.24mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.26 mm		
Weight	10300 g (Typ.)			
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H			



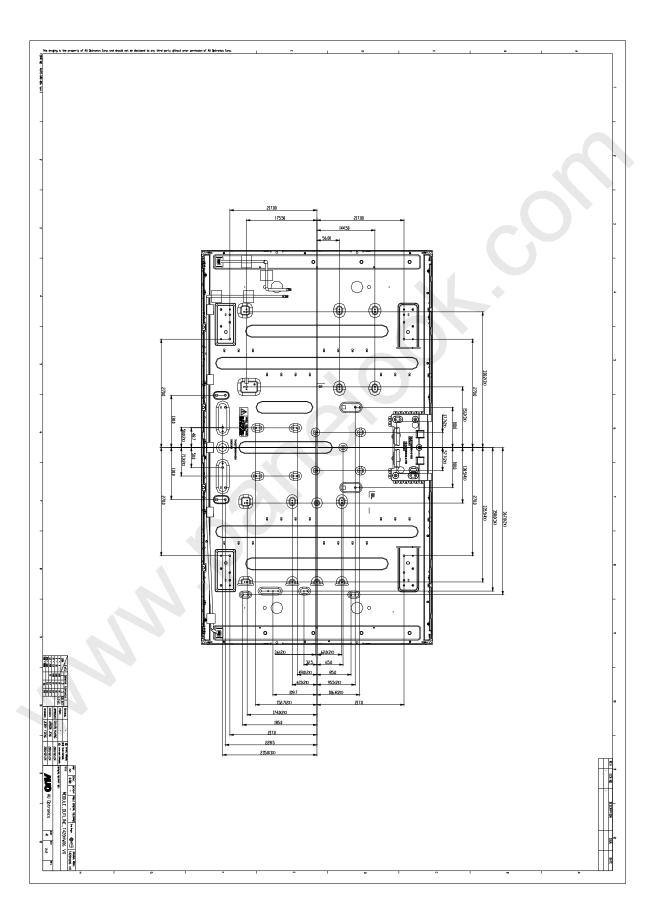


Front View





Back View







6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 30min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
7	Vibration test (With carton)	7	Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz) 30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
8	Drop test (With carton)	7	Height: 254m 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)





7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

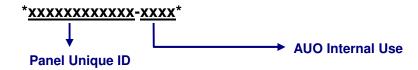


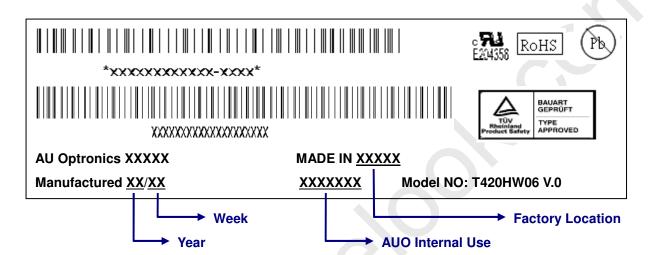


8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



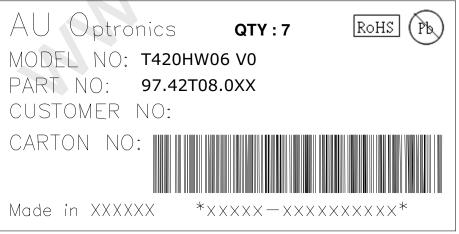


Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

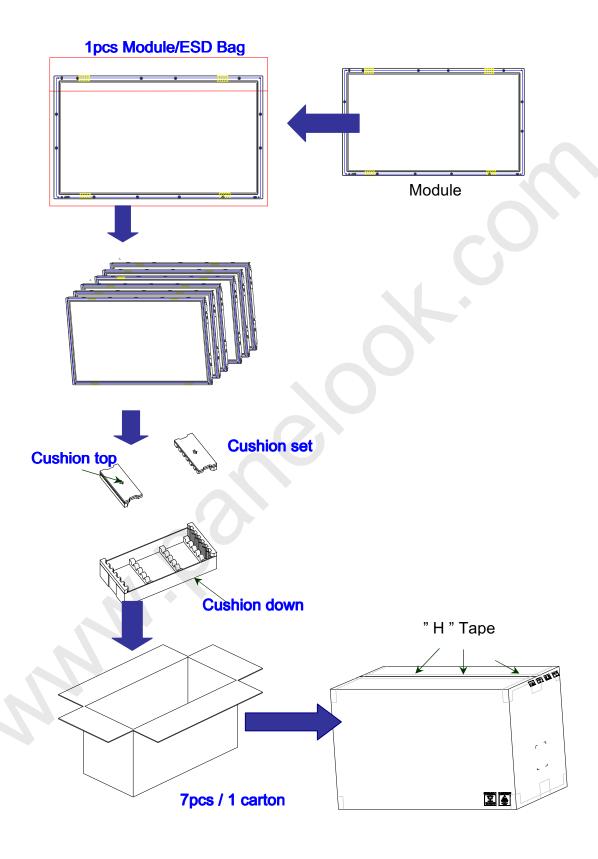
B. Carton Label:







8-2 PACKING METHODS:

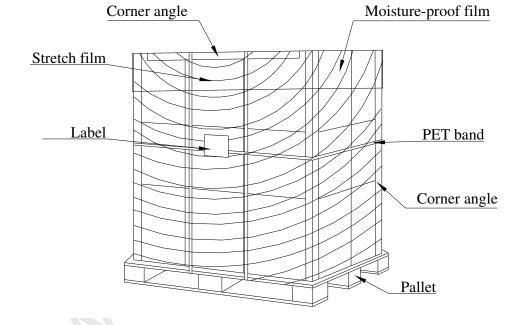






8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	ltem		Packing Remark		
		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	racking hemark
1	Packing BOX	7pcs/box	1050(L)*280(W)*650(H)	80	
2	Pallet	1	1140(L)*1060(W)*138(H)	16	
3	Boxes per Pallet	8 boxes/pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet	24pcs/pallet			
_	Pallet after packing	24	1140(L)*1060(W)*1438(H)	180	







9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to

polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.

- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall





be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.