

Model Name: T420HW06 V4

Issue Date: 2010/11/19

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date							
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Yen Ting Chiu								
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen								
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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/11/19		First release
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1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420HW06 V4. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420HW06 V4 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 4 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.02	inch	
Display Area	930.24(H) x 523.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	983.0(H) x 576.0(V) x 45.6(D)	mm	D: front bezel to T-con cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	939 (H) x 531 (V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bit + FRC, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4845	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%
Rotate Function	Achievable		Note 1

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Lamp Input Voltage	VL	- 1.		Vrms	Note 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 3
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 3
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 3
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 3
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 4

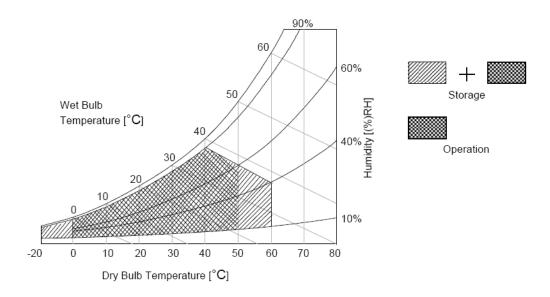
Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2: Duration: 2 sec

Note 3 :Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 $^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than 40 $^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 $^{\circ}$ C.

Note 4: Surface temperature is measured at 50 ℃ Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T420HW06 V4 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Cymbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Farametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V _{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		1	1.5	А	1
Power Co	nsumption	Pc			18	Watt	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}		1	4	А	2
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	+100		+300	mV _{DC}	3
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{TL}	-300		-100	mV _{DC}	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	3
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7	1	3.3	V _{DC}	4
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	4
Backlight	Power Consumption	P _{BL}	110	115	120	Watt	
Life time			5000			Hour	9,10

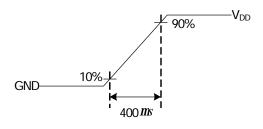


3.1.2: AC Characteristics

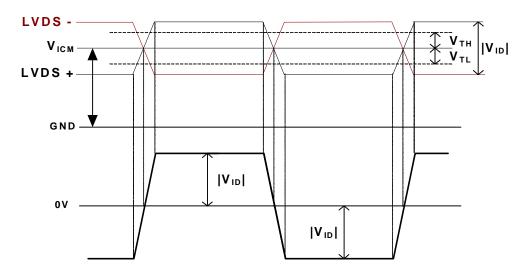
	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note	
	ralametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	5	14010	
	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t _{SKEW (CP)}	-500		+500	ps	5	
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%	-	Fclk +3%	MHz	6	
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	1	200	KHz	6	
	Receiver Data Input Margin							
	Fclk = 85 MHz	tRMG	-0.4		0.4	ns	7	
	Fclk = 65 MHz		-0.5		0.5			

Note:

- 1. V_{DD} = 12.0V, Fv = 120Hz, Fclk= 77.29MHz , 25 $^{\circ}$ C, Test Pattern : White Pattern
- **2.** Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us

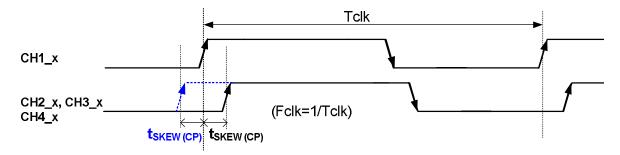


3. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



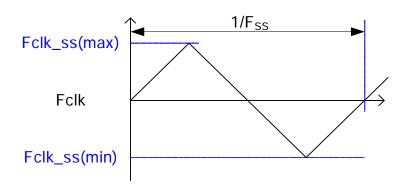


- **4.** The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

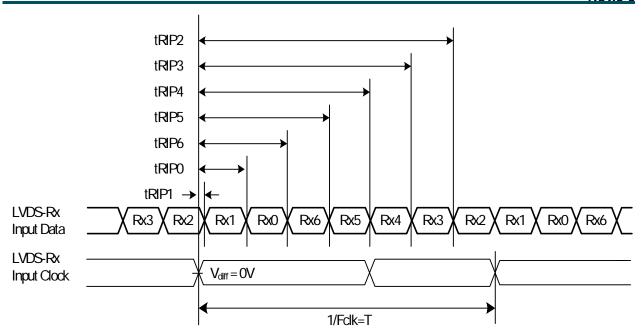
6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating		Unit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note	
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk	
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns		
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns		





- **8.** Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 9. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 $^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than 40 $^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 $^{\circ}$ C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- **10.** Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.

[Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C]



3.2 Interface Connections

LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	No connection	21	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	22	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-
3	N.C.	No connection	23	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+
4	N.C.	No connection	24	GND	Ground
5	N.C.	No connection	25	GND	Ground
6	N.C.	No connection	26	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-
7	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+
8	N.C.	No connection	28	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-
9	GND	Ground	29	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+
10	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	30	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-
11	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+	31	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+
12	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-	32	GND	Ground
13	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+	33	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -
14	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-	34	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +
15	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+	35	GND	Ground
16	GND	Ground	36	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-
17	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -	37	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+
18	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +	38	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-
19	GND	Ground	39	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+
20	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-	40	GND	Ground
			41	GND	Ground

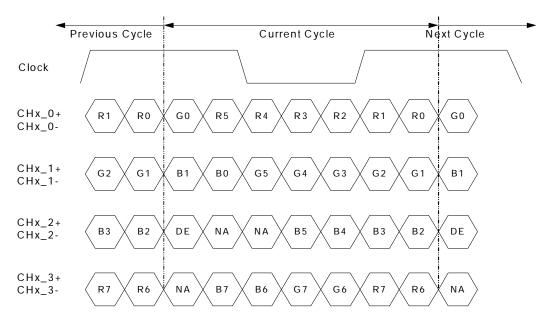
Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).



PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	26	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
3	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	BITSEL	LVDS 8/10bit Input Selection Open/High(3.3V) : 10bits Low(GND) : 8bits	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	34	GND	Ground
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
18	GND	Ground	43	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	N.C.	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	49	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	50	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

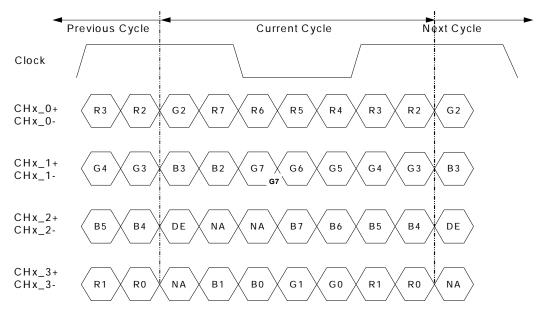


LVDS Option = High/Openè NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Lowè JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

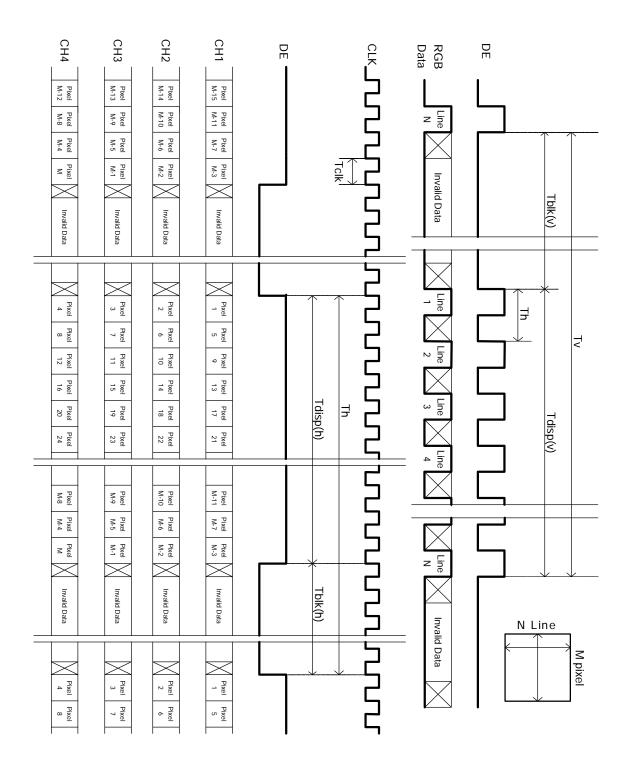
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1090	1130	1392	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)				
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	50	312	Th
	Period	Th	540	570	580	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	60	90	100	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	120 135.6 139		

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1 st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1 st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

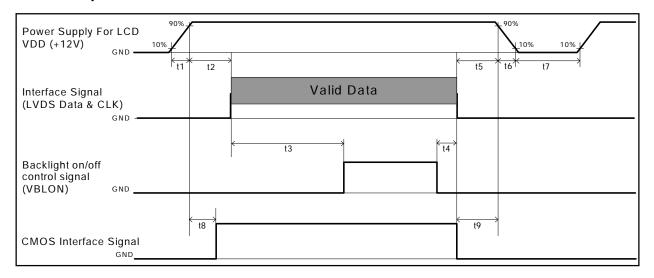
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

												npu	t Co	olor l	Data	a									
	Color				RI	ΞD							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	Coloi	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	MSB LSB						MSB LSB								
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	В4	ВЗ	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2 	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10		50	ms
t9	0			ms

Note:

(1) t4=0: concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 10-I type CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

3.7.1 Electrical specification

Item	Symbol	bol Condition	Spec			Unit	Note	
iteili			Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note	
Operating Voltage	Vo	-	760	960	1160	Vrms		
Operating Current	lo	-	12.4	13.0	13.6	mArms		
BL Total Power Dissipation	PBL	-	-	115	-	Watt		
Chrildia a Valta a a	Vstk	At 0°C	1320	-	-	Vrms		
Striking Voltage		VSIK	VSIK	At 25°℃	1660	-	-	VIIIIS
Striking Time	Ts	-	500	-	2000	msec		
Operating Frequency	fo	-	53	55	57	kHz		
PWM Operating Frequency	F_PWM	-	140	180	240	Hz		
PWM Dimming Duty Ratio	D_PWM	-	10	-	100	%	Note 1&2	
Lamp Type			Straight type					
Number of Lamps			10		pcs			

(Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 1: Dimming range



PWM Dimming: include Internal and External PWM Dimming

Note 2: Low dimming ratio operation

When PWM dimming duty ratio is operated lower than recommended value, feedback signal and all protection functions should be confirmed by LIPS design. Display performance should also be confirmed by customer's implement.



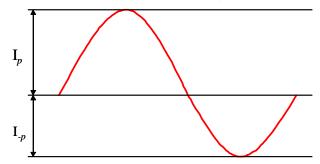
3.7.2 Lamp specification

Item	Symbol	Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note
Lamp voltage	VL		760	960	1160	Vrms	
Lamp current	IL		-	13	-	mArms	
Lamp frequency	fL		35		80	kHz	
Starting voltage	Vs	At 0°C	-	-	1820	Vrms	
		At 25℃	-	-	1450	Vrms	
Delayed discharge time	TD		-	-	0.5	sec	
Life time	TL		50K	-	-	hr	
Unsymmetrical ratio	UR		-	-	10%	-	Note 4
Crest factor	C.F.		$\sqrt{2} - 10\%$	$\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{2} + 10\%$	-	Note 1.

The above characteristics are measured under the conditions: Ambient temperature: 25±2°C, Relative Humidity: 65±20%RH.

Note 1: Waveform definition

Please light on the lamp with symmetrical voltage and current waveform (unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%, crest factor within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$).



Unsymmetrical Ratio = $|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$

Crest Factor = I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}

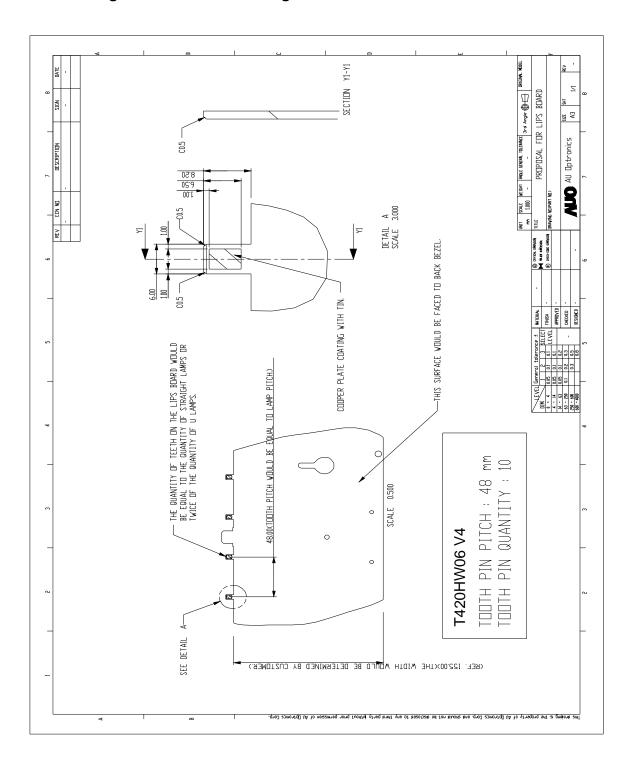
 I_p : High side peak value

 I_{-p} : Low side peak value

 I_{rms} : Root mean square value



3.7.3: Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

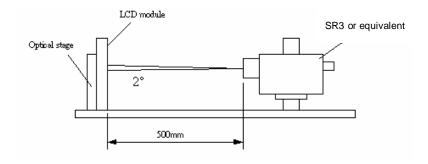




4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25° C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0° .

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Dozomator	Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	140103
Contrast Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	320	400		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	R _X		0.640			
	R_Y		0.330			
Green	G _X		0.281			
	G_Y	T. m. 0.02	0.590	Turn 10.02		
Blue	B _X	Тур0.03	0.144	Тур.+0.03		
	B _Y		0.060			
White	W _X		0.280			
	W_{Y}		0.290			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θ_{l}		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ_{d}		89		degree	

Note:



1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current I_H = 11mA. L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

$$\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$$
= Maximum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,..., L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1} , L_{on2} ,... L_{on9})

4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v=120Hz to optimize.

Me	asured			Target		
Respo	onse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

 T_{γ} is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated) The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

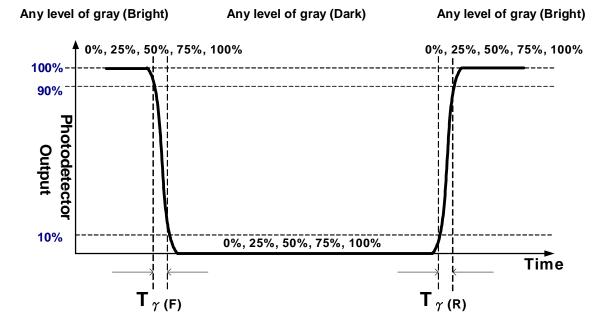
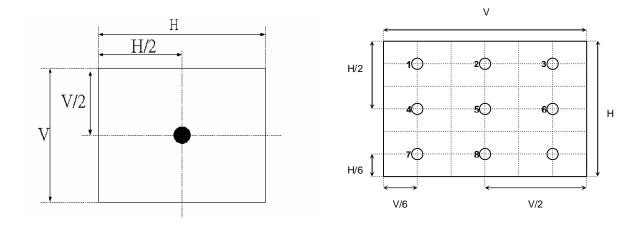


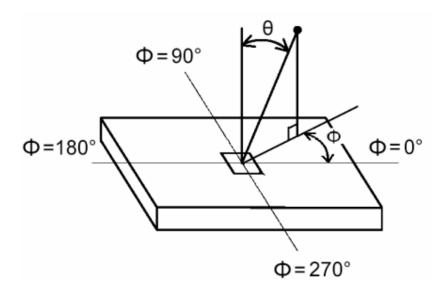


FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG.3 Viewing Angle





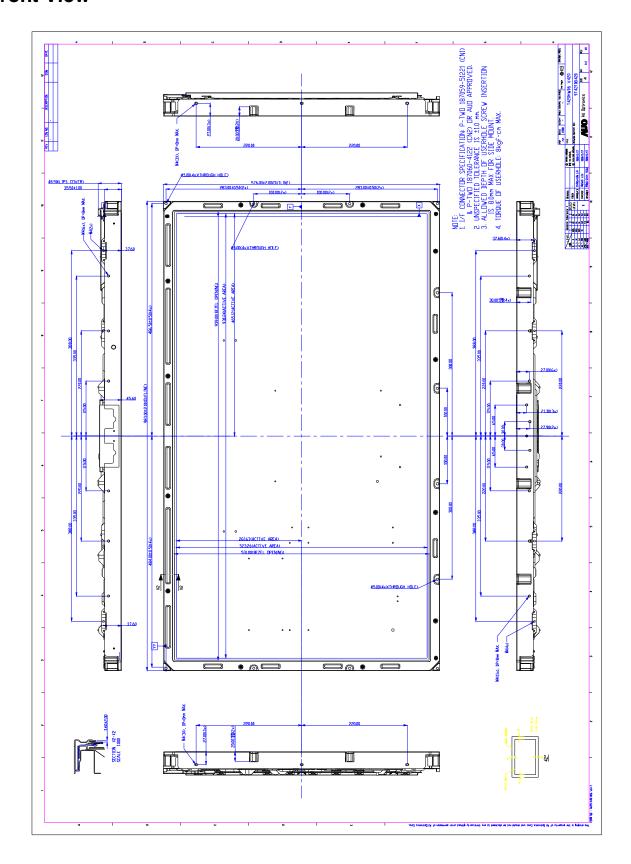
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420HW06 V4. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Item		Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	983.0	mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	576.0	mm	
	Depth (Dmin)	35.5	mm	to rear
	Depth (Dmax)	49.5	mm	to BLU emboss
Weight	930	0	g	typ

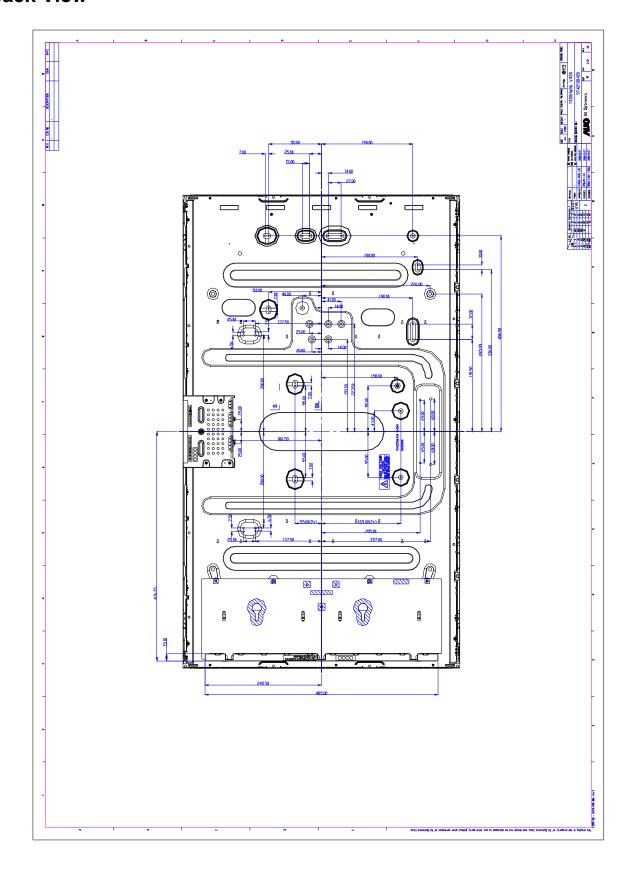


Front View





Back View





6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60 ℃, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20 °C, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50 ℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5 °C, 300hrs
			Wave form: random
			Vibration level: 1.5G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz,
			Duration: X, Y, Z 30min
			One time each direction
			Shock level: 50G
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms
			Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
		_	Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	3	30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
			Height: 25.4cm (ASTMD4169-I)
		3	1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces
8	Drop test (With carton)		(refer ASTM D 5276)



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

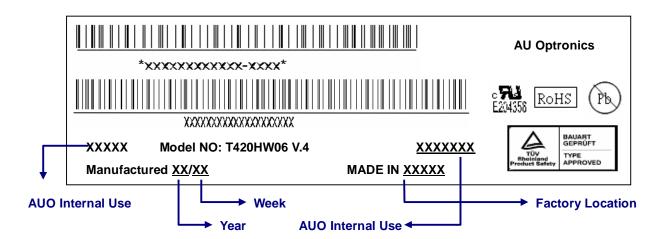


8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



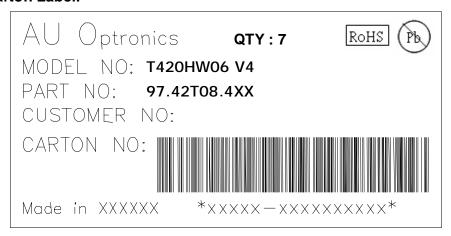


Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

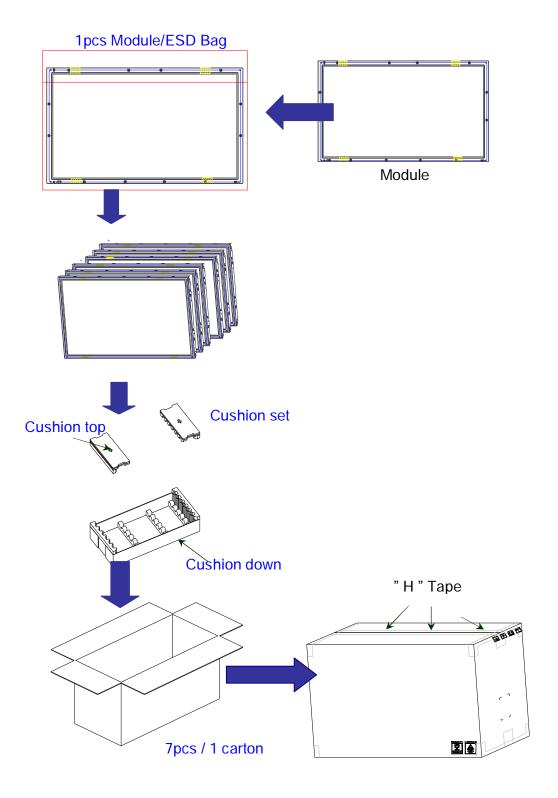
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





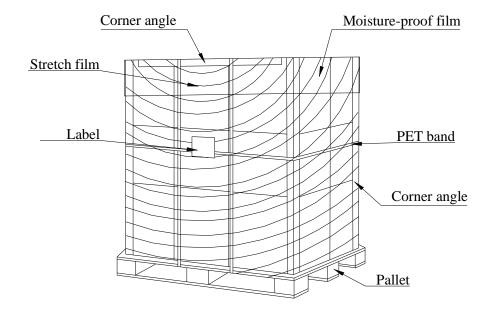
8-2 PACKING METHODS:





8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item		Dooking Domork			
	item	Qty. Dimension		Weight (kg)	Packing Remark	
1	Packing BOX	7pcs/box	1060(L)*560(W)*680(H)	80		
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)*1070(W)*138(H)	16		
3	Boxes per Pallet					
4	Panels per Pallet					
	Pallet after packing	14	1150(L)*1070(W)*818(H)	180		





11.PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.