



# Model Name: T420HW07 V5

Issue Date: 2010/06/23

( )Preliminary Specifications(\*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date				
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## **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/03/22		First Preliminary Spec Release
0.1	2010/3/29	4	Update haze from 13% to 11%
		16	Update Color Coordinates Gx 0.3 to 0.33 / By 0.05 to 0.04
		24	Update the panel label V1 to V5
1.0	2010/6/23	26	Update Gx from 0.33 to 0.32;By from 0.04 to 0.045
			*





## 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420HW07 V5. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420HW07 V5 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 4 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

#### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.00	inch	
Display Area	930.24(H) x 523.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	973.2(H) x 566.2 (V) x 22.4(D)	mm	D : Front bezel to T-CON cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4845	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=11%



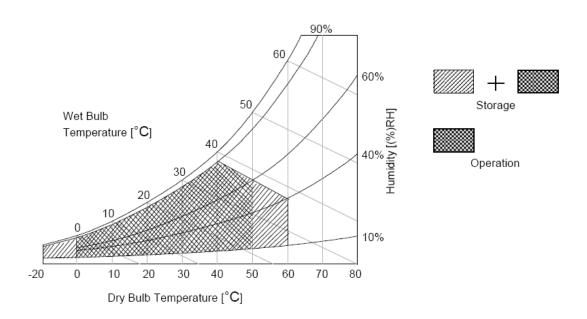
## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.







## 3. Electrical Specification

The T420HW07 V5 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second is employed for LED lightbar.

### 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

	Dozomotov	Cumbal		Value		Unit	Note
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Sup	$V_{DD}$	10.8	12	13.2	$V_{DC}$	1	
Power Sup	ply Input Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	1.15	1.27	Α	2
Power Con	sumption	Pc		13.8	15.2	Watt	2
Inrush Curr	ent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	ī	4	Α	3
LVDS Interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TH</sub>			+100	mV <sub>DC</sub>	4
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TL</sub>	-100			mV <sub>DC</sub>	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{DC}$	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> (High)	2.7	1	3.3	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> (Low)	0	1	0.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Backlight P	ower Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>		85		Watt	5
Life Time (N	MTTF)		30000			Hours	6

#### Note:

1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of  $V_{\text{CC}}$ 

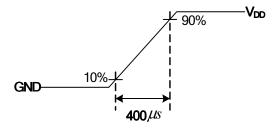
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- 2. Test Condition:
  - (1)  $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
  - (2) Fv = Type Timing, 60Hz, 120Hz or Other
  - (3)  $F_{CLK} = Max freq.$
  - (4) Temperature = 25 °C
  - (5) Test Pattern: White Pattern

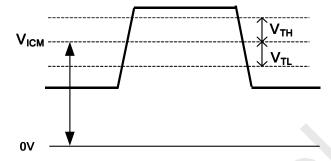


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Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



**4.**  $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$ 



- temperatures, the brightness of LED will drop and the life time of LED will be reduced.
- 6. The lifetime(MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of the LED is 50% compared to its original value.

[Operating condition: Continuous operating at  $Ta = 25\pm2^{\circ}C$ ]





### 3.2 Interface Connections

● LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

Mating connector:

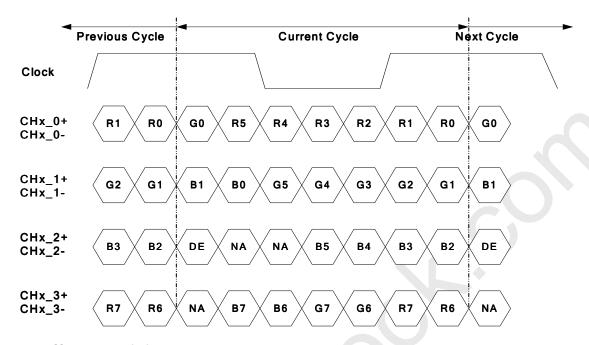
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	26	GND	Ground
2	NC	No connection	27	GND	Ground
3	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	NC	No connection	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	34	GND	Ground
10	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	43	GND	Ground
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	NC	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	49	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	50	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated





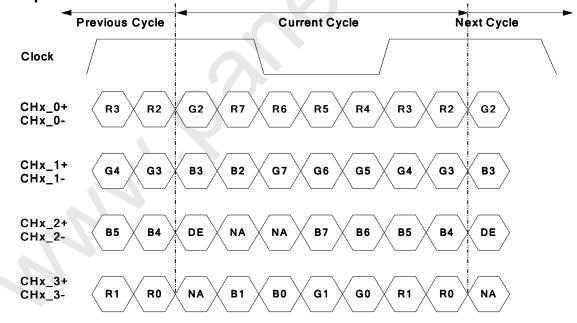
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### LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

### LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...





### 3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

### **Timing Table**

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th
	Period	Th 1030		1100	1325	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960		
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz

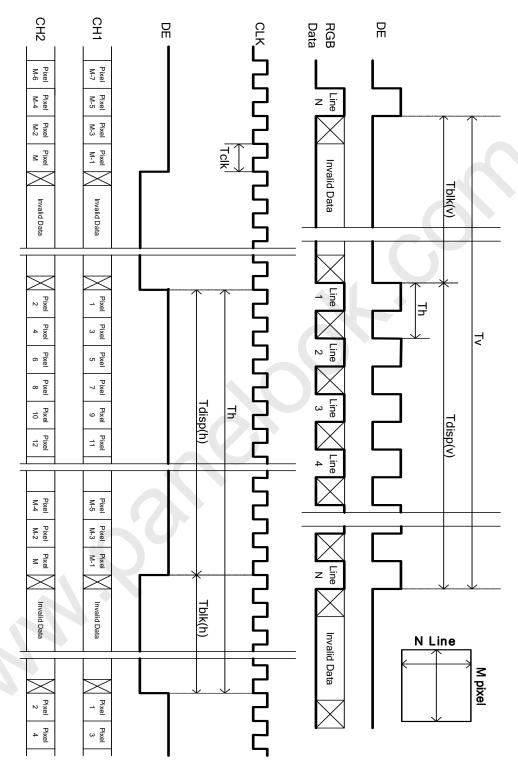
#### Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
  Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.





## 3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms







## 3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

### COLOR DATA REFERENCE

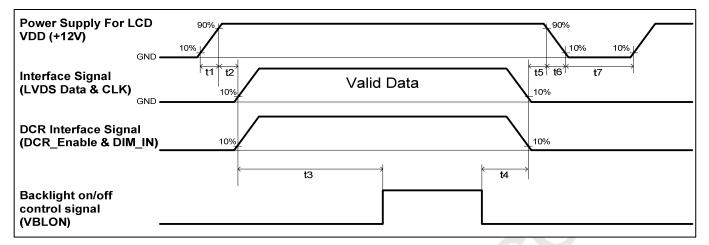
											I	npu	t Cc	lor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD							GRI	EEN	l						BL	UE			
	Coloi	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	B	MS	В					LS	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G		<b>-</b>																				Č			
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В		•																						5	
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





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### 3.6 Backlight Specification



Daramatar		Unit			
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Offic	
t1	0.4		30	ms	
t2	0.1		50	ms	
t3	300			ms	
t4	0*1			ms	
t5	0			ms	
t6			*2 	ms	
t7	500			ms	

#### Note:

<sup>(1)</sup> T4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

<sup>(2)</sup> T6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



### 3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 4pcs LED lightbar

### 3.7.1 Electrical specification

Parameter	Symbol		Values	Unit	Note		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onic	Note	
Forward Current	Anode	IF (anode)		240		mA	
(one lightbar)	Cathode	IF (cathode)		120	126	mA	
Forward Voltage	VF	75.4	88.4	93.6	V		
Forward Voltage Variation		△VF			1.8	V	
Total Power Consumption (4 I	ightbars)	PBL	61	72	77	W	
PWM Operation Frequency	F_PWM	140	180	240	Hz	Note 1&2	
PWM Dimming Duty Ratio		D_PWM	10		100	%	



Note 1: Dimming range



PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

Note 2: Low dimming ratio operation

When PWM dimming duty ratio is operated lower than recommended value, feedback signal and all protection functions should be confirmed by LIPS design. Display performance should also be confirmed by customer's implement.





# 3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment 4 lightbar (2string/lightbar)

	P1	P2				
CN Type	20010WR-12 (YEONHO)	20010WR-13 (YEONHO)				
	12 pin	13 pin				
1	#1 Anode (240mA)	#3 Anode(240mA)				
2	NC	NC				
3	#1-1 Cathode (120mA)	#3-1 Cathode (120mA)				
4	#1-2 Cathode (120mA)	#3-2 Cathode (120mA)				
5	NC	NC				
6	NC	NC				
7	NC	NC				
8	NC	NC				
9	#2-2 Cathode (120mA)	NC				
10	#2-1 Cathode (120mA)	#4-2 Cathode (120mA)				
11	NC	#4-1 Cathode (120mA)				
12	#2 Anode(240mA)	NC				
13		#4 Anode(240mA)				

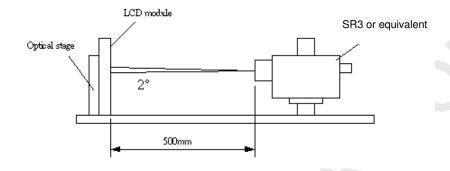




## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Doromotor	Cymbol	Values			Unit	Nieles
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L <sub>WH</sub>	320	400		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>	()		1.3		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	R <sub>X</sub>		0.64			
	R <sub>Y</sub>		0.33	1		
Green	G <sub>X</sub>		0.32	1		
	G <sub>Y</sub>	T 0.00	0.62	T 0.00		
Blue	B <sub>X</sub>	Typ0.03	0.15	- Typ.+0.03		
	B <sub>Y</sub>		0.045	1		
White	W <sub>X</sub>		0.28	]		
	W <sub>Y</sub>		0.29	1		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89	]	degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	$\theta_{\text{u}}$		89	]	degree	
y axis, down (φ=27	'0°) θ <sub>d</sub>		89		degree	





Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio= 
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current  $I_H = 11 \text{mA}$ .  $L_{WH}$ =Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta WHITE$  is defined (center of Screen) as:

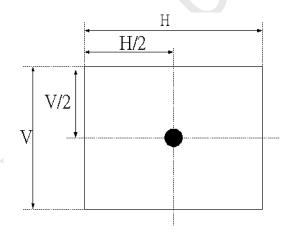
 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1},\ L_{on2},...,L_{on9})/\ Minimum(L_{on1},\ L_{on2},...L_{on9})$ 

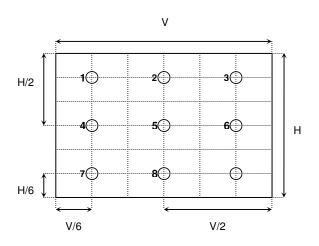
4. Response time  $T_{\gamma}$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on  $F_{\nu}$ =60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target					
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%	
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%	
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%	
	<b>75</b> %	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%	
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%		

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

#### FIG. 2 Luminance

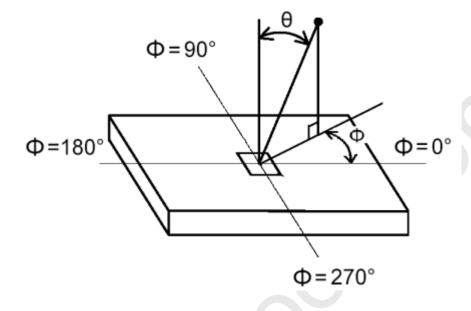






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FIG.3 Viewing Angle







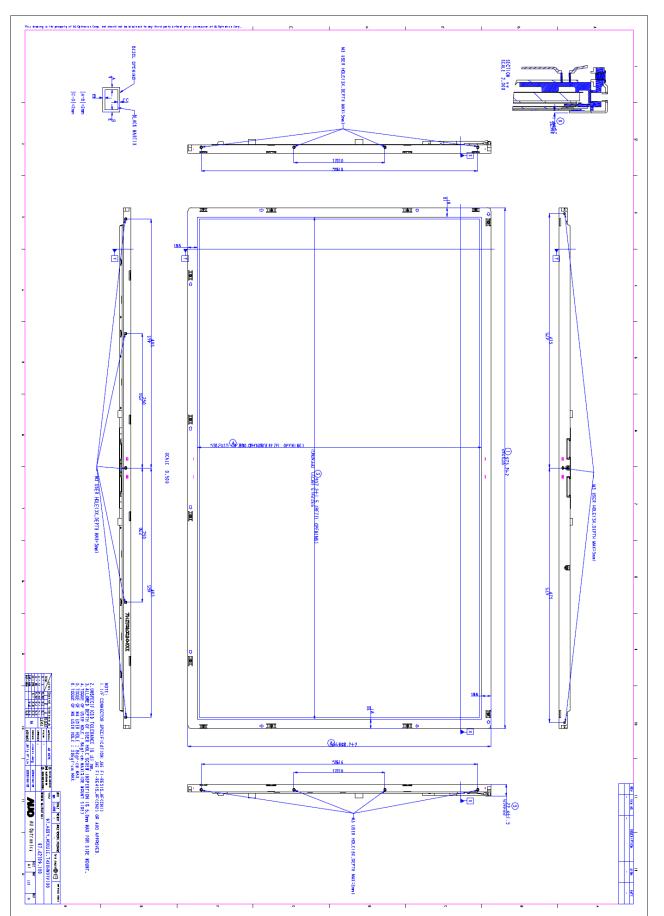
### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420HW07 V5. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	973.2 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	566.2 mm		
	Depth	22.4 mm (Front bezel to T-CON cover)		
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	937.2 mm		
	Vertical	530.2 mm		
A .: D: 1 A	Horizontal	930.24 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.26 mm		
Weight	8700 g (Typ.)			
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H			



## **Front View**



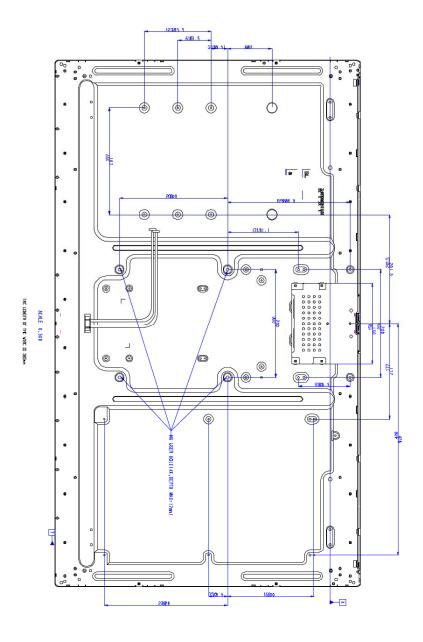
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## **Back View**







## 6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition	
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°ℂ , 300hrs	
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs	
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°ℂ , 300hrs	
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs	
			Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS	
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-200Hz,	
			Duration: X, Y, Z 10min	
			One time each direction	
			Shock level: 50G	
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms	
			Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction	
7	Vibration test (With carton)	1 (PKG)	Random wave (1.0G RMS, 10-200Hz) 10mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes	
8	Drop test (With carton)	1 (PKG)	Height: 25.4 cm(ASTMD4169-1) 6 surfaces(ASTMD5276)	





### 7. International Standard

### 7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### **7.2 EMC**

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



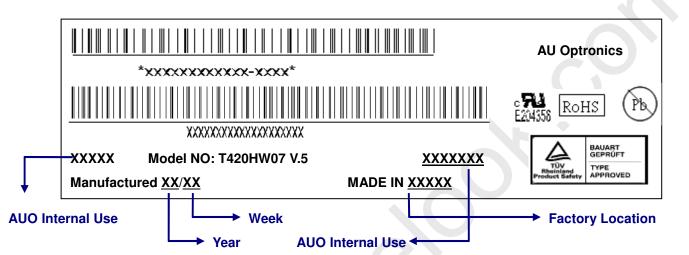


## 8. Packing

### 8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



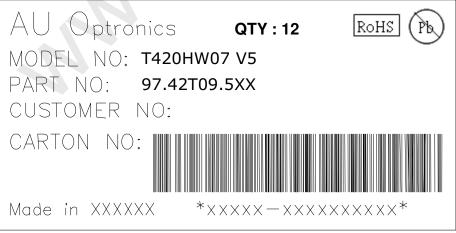


### **Green mark description**

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add hor identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

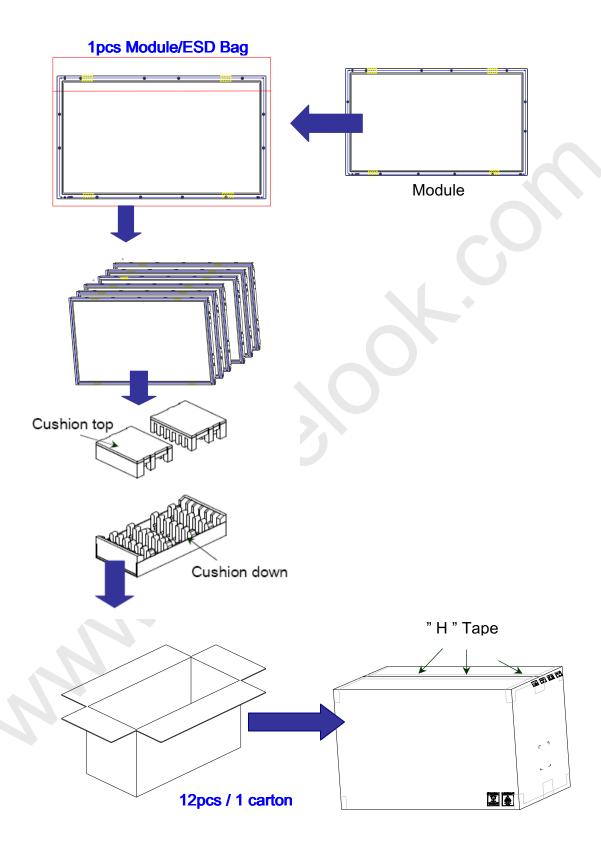
### **B. Carton Label:**







### 8-2 PACKING METHODS:



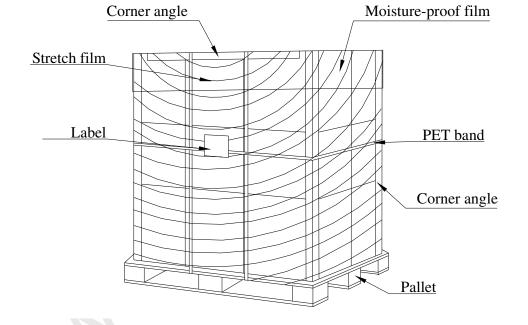




# T420HW07 V5 Product Specification

## 8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item		Packing Remark			
item		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	r acking memark	
1	Packing BOX	12pcs/box	1060(L)*560(W)*660(H)	100		
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)*1070(W)*132(H)	16		
3	Boxes per Pallet	2 boxes/pallet				
4	Panels per Pallet	24pcs/pallet				
	Pallet after packing	24	1150(L)*1070(W)*798(H)	116		





### T420HW07 V5 Product Specification Rev. 00

### 7. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to

polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.

- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall





be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

### 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.