AUO

Product Description: T420XW01 V4 TFT-LCD PANEL			
AUO Model Name: T420XW01 V4			
Customer Part No/Project Name:			
Customer Signature	**Date**	AUO	**Date**
		Approved By: PL Chen	
		Reviewed By: Hong Jye Hong	
		Prepared By: Star Ho	

T420XW01 V4

Product Functional Specification

42" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module
Model Name: T420XW01 V4

( ) Preliminary Specification
(*) Final Specification

Note : This specification is subject to change without notice.

Contents

Record of Revision

Version	Date	No	Old Description	New Description	Remark
1.0	2006/09/01		First release		

1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420XW01 V4. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 42 inch. This module supports 1366x768 WXGA mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420XW01 V4 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.02	inches	
Display Area	930.25(H) x 523.01(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	983.0(H) x 576.0(V) x 52.7(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.681	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Lamp quantity, type	20pcs, Straight type	pcs	
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

| Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	8.0	[Volt]	1
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	5.0	[Volt]	1
BLU Input Voltage	V_{DDB}	-0.3	27.0	[Volt]	1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	BL_{ON}	-0.3	5.5	[Volt]	1
Ambient Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	0	+50	[^{o}C]	2
Ambient Operating Humidity	H_{OP}	10	80	[%RH]	2
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	+60	[^{o}C]	2
Storage Humidity	H_{ST}	10	80	[%RH]	2
Shock (non-operation)		-	50	G	3
Vibration (non-operation)		-	1.5	G	4
Thermal shock		-20	60	C	5
Altitude test	50000feet (12Kpa)				

Note 1 : Duration = 50msec

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 50℃ and No condensation. 40℃/95%Humidity is for reference

Note 3 : Half sine wave, shock level : 50G(11ms), direction : ±x, ±y, ±z (one time each direction)

Note 4 : Wave form : random, vibration level : 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth : 10~500Hz

Duration : X,Y,Z 60min (one time each direction)

Note 5 : -20C/1hr ~ 60C/1hr, 100 cycles
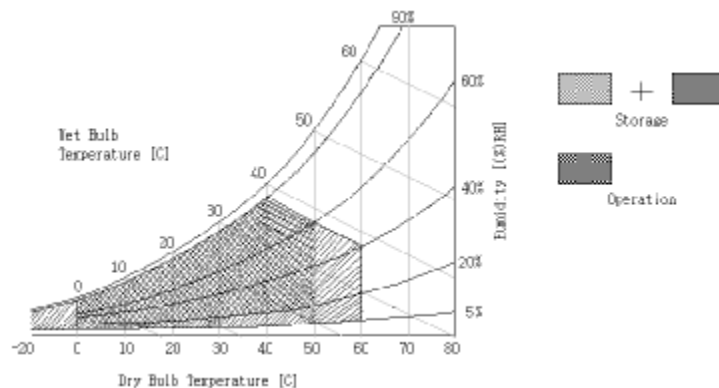
3. Electrical Specification

The T420XW01 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input, which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
LCD:							
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vdd	4.5	5	5.5	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current		Idd	-	1.8	2.2	A	1
Power Consumption		Pc	-	9.0	10.0	Watt	1
Inrush Current		I_{RUSH}	-	-	4.5	A	5
LVDS Interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}			+100	mV	4
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{TL}	-100			mV	4
	Common Input Voltage	V_{CIM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V	
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{IH} (High)	2.4		3.3	Vdc	
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{IL} (Low)	0		0.7	Vdc	
Backlight Power Consumption			-	175	184	Watt	2
Life Time			50000	60000		Hours	3

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you

confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.

The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 ℃ or less. At temperatures greater than 40℃, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39℃. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

Note :

1. Vdd=5.0V, fv=60Hz, f_{CLK}=81.5 Mhz , 25℃, Vdd Duration time= 400 ms , Test pattern : white pattern

2. The Backlight power consumption shown above does include loss of external inverter at 25 ℃. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current

3. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25 ±2℃.
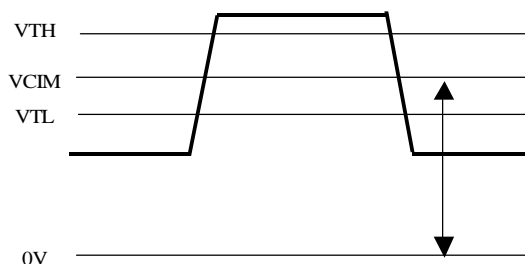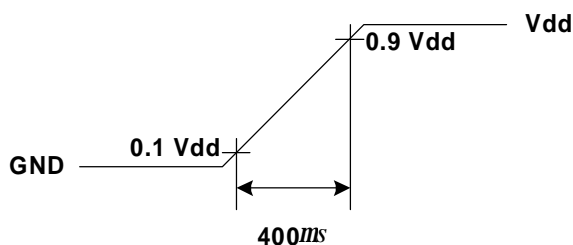
4. VCIM = 1.2V

VTH

VCIM

VTL

0V

Figure : LVDS Differential Voltage

5. Measurement Condition: Rising time = 400 μ s
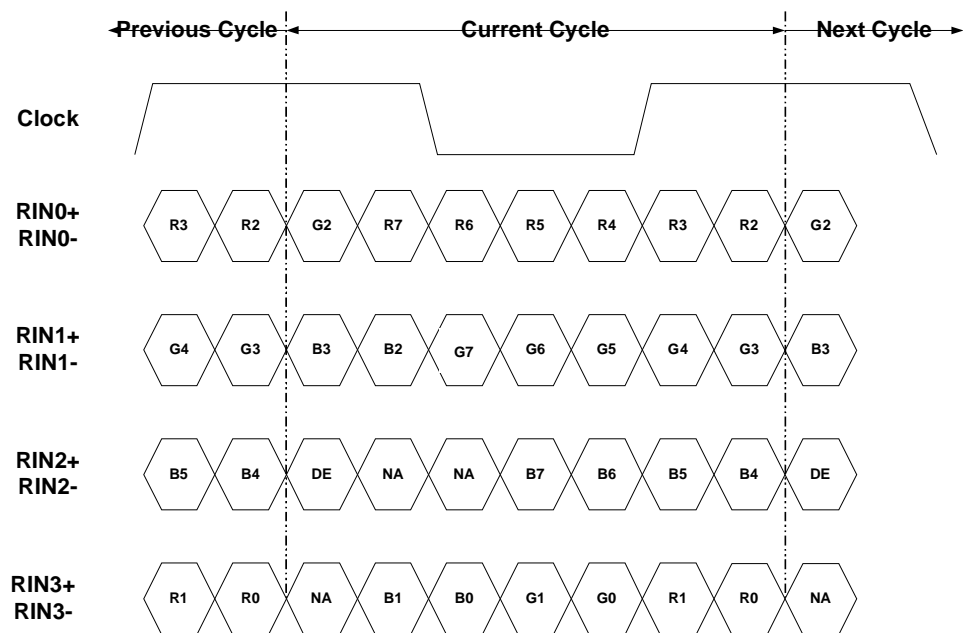
Vdd

0.9 Vdd

0.1 Vdd

GND

400ms

3-2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector: FI-X30SSL-HF (JAE)

- Mating connector: FI-30C2L (JAE)

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VCC	+5V, DC, Regulated	
2	VCC	+5V, DC, Regulated	
3	VCC	+5V, DC, Regulated	
4	VCC	+5V, DC, Regulated	
5	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
6	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
8	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
9	LVDS Option	Low for Normal (NS), High/Open for JEIDA	Default: JEIDA mode
10	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
11	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
12	RXIN0-	LVDS Channel 0 negative	
13	RXIN0+	LVDS Channel 0 positive	
14	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
15	RXIN1-	LVDS Channel 1 negative	
16	RXIN1+	LVDS Channel 1 positive	
17	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
18	RXIN2-	LVDS Channel 2 negative	
19	RXIN2+	LVDS Channel 2 positive	
20	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
21	RXCLKIN-	LVDS Clock negative	
22	RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock positive	
23	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
24	RXIN3-	LVDS Channel 3 negative	
25	RXIN3+	LVDS Channel 3 positive	
26	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
27	GND	Open or Ground	
28	GND	Open or Ground	
29	GND	Open or Ground	
30	GND	Open or Ground	

LVDS Option = High/Open è JEIDA

	Previous Cycle		Current Cycle							Next Cycle
Clock										
RIN0+ RIN0-	R3	R2	G2	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	G2
RIN1+ RIN1-	G4	G3	B3	B2	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	B3
RIN2+ RIN2-	B5	B4	DE	NA	NA	B7	B6	B5	B4	DE
RIN3+ RIN3-	R1	R0	NA	B1	B0	G1	G0	R1	R0	NA

LVDS Option = Low è NS

	Previous Cycle		Current Cycle							Next Cycle
Clock										
RIN0+ RIN0-	R1	R0	G0	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G0
RIN1+ RIN1-	G2	G1	B1	B0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	B1
RIN2+ RIN2-	B3	B2	DE	NA	NA	B5	B4	B4	B2	DE
RIN3+ RIN3-	R7	R6	NA	B7	B6	G7	G6	R7	R6	NA
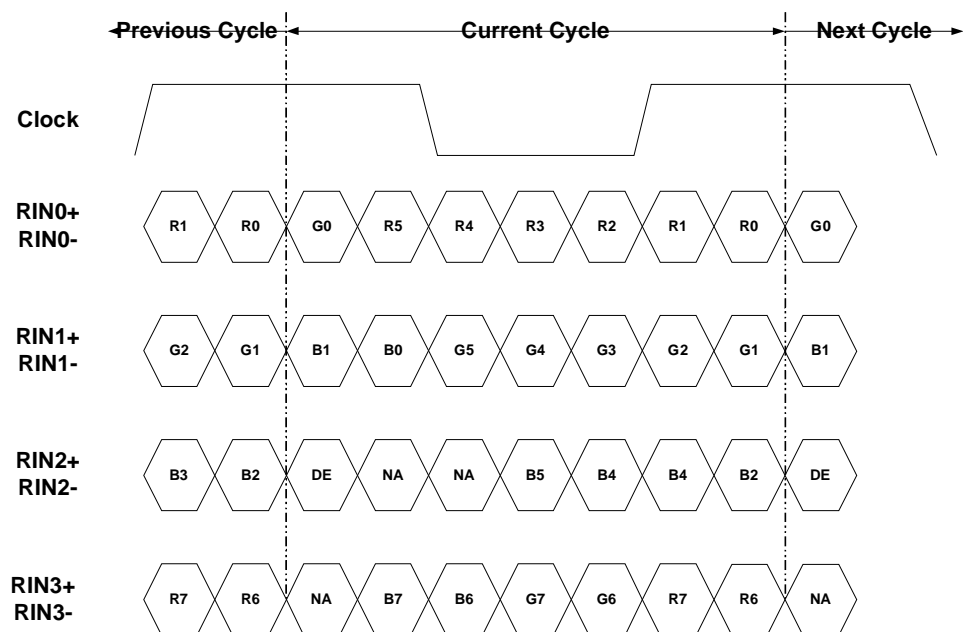
Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

1. Electrical specification

No	ITEM	SYMBOL		CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Note
1	Input Voltage	V_{DDB}		---	22.8	24.0	26.4	V_{DC}	
2	Input Current	I_{DDB}		V_{DDB}=24V 100% Brightness	6.935	7.3	7.66	A_{DC}	1
3	Input Power	P_{DDB}		V_{DDB}=24V 100% Brightness	---	175	---	W	1
4	Input inrush current	I_{RUSH}		V_{DDB}=24V 100% Brightness	---	---	12	A_{DC}	2
5	Output Frequency	F_{BL}		V_{DDB}=24V	---	58	---	kHz	
6	ON/OFF Control Voltage	V_{BLON}	ON	V_{DDB}=24V	2.0	---	3.3	V_{DC}	
			OFF	V_{DDB}=24V	0.0	---	0.8	V_{DC}	
7	ON/OFF Control Current	I_{BLON}		V_{DDB}=24V	0	---	2	mA_{DC}	
8	External PWM Control Voltage	EV_{PWM}	MAX	---	2.0	---	3.3	V_{DC}	
			MIN	---	0	---	0.8	V_{DC}	
9	External PWM Control Current	EI_{PWM}	MAX	PWM=100%	0	---	2	mA_{DC}	
			MIN	PWM=30%	0	---	2	mA_{DC}	
10	External PWM Duty Ratio	ED_{PWM}		---	30	---	100	%	
11	External PWM Frequency	EF_{PWM}		---	140	180	300	Hz	
12	Internal PWM Control Voltage	IV_{PWM}		V_{DDB}=24V	0	---	3.3	V_{DC}	

（Ta=25±5℃, Turn on for 45minutes）

Note 1 : ADIM=Open or 1.6V; PDIM = Open/High

Note 2 : Duration = 20 ms

2. Input specification

<u>Master Board:</u>

Connector 1: S14B-PH-SM3-TB(JST) or equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	V_{DDB}	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BL_{GND}	Ground and Current Return
7	BL_{GND}	Ground and Current Return
8	BL_{GND}	Ground and Current Return
9	BL_{GND}	Ground and Current Return
10	BL_{GND}	Ground and Current Return
11	A_{DIM}[1]	GND: 80%; Open/1.6V: 100%; High (3.3V) 110%, Luminance
12	V_{BLON}	BL On-Off: Open/High (3.3V) for BL On as default
13	P_{DIM}[2]	External PWM (AC Signal Control Duty); Internal PWM (DC Power Control Duty, 0~3.3V); Open/High (+3.3V, 100% Duty) for 100%
14	P_{DIM} Selection[3,4]	GND: External PWM dimming; Open/High (3.3V): Internal PWM dimming.

Note (1)   A_{DIM} (amplitude dimming) is control signal for Inverter 's output power to back light lamp bulb. Input signal should be able to control amplitude of Inverter output voltage. From 0V to 3.3V, Inverter output voltage should be able to vary to control brightness of lamp from 80% to 110% luminance variation. Approximate 1.6V might be 100% luminance control point.

Note (2)   P_{DIM} is PWM duty control input for +3.3V TTL level signal or DC voltage by Pin 14 input. This input signal is (a) continuous pulse signal with +3.3V, TTL level signal spec, or (b) DC power with 0~3.3V. If this is Open or +3.3V, 100% duty (i.e. +3.3V, DC level), back light should perform 100% luminance. Duty ratio of this input signal should be proportional relationship in certain range of control without any kind of inherent side effect like waterfall effect on screen. Guaranteed duty range and dimming ratio should be specified with supplementary measurement result.

Note (3)   Pin 14 is the selection pin for PWM control method; if this pin is connected to GND, PDIM input of Pin 13 should have logic level duty signal for PWM control. If this is set to High or Open, Pin 13 should have DC level signal therefore the Inverter should have Saw Tooth Wave Generator to generate internal PWM signal. Default setting is "Not Connected", Pin 13 of PWM control should have DC Level signal for PWM.

Note (4)　Pin 14 selection vs. Pin 11/13 control function table:

	Pin 11 (DC Power Control Duty Amplitude) **Function Always Turn On** Default: Open/1.6V: 100%	**Pin 13** Default: Open/High: 100%
Pin 14 = GND	GND: 80%; Open/1.6V: 100%; High (3.3V) 110%, Luminance	External PWM (AC Signal Control Duty)
Pin 14 = Open/High		Internal PWM (DC Power Control Duty)

Slave Board:

Connector 2: S12B-PH-SM3-TB(JST) or equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	V$_{DDB}$	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	V$_{DDB}$	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	V$_{DDB}$	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	V$_{DDB}$	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	V$_{DDB}$	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BL$_{GND}$	Ground and Current Return
7	BL$_{GND}$	Ground and Current Return
8	BL$_{GND}$	Ground and Current Return
9	BL$_{GND}$	Ground and Current Return
10	BL$_{GND}$	Ground and Current Return
11	NC	
12	NC	

3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Vertical Frequency Range A (60Hz)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	778		980	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)	—	768	—	Th
Vertical Section	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10		120	Th
	Period	Th	1414		1936	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)	—	1366	—	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Blanking	Tblk (h)	48		570	Tclk
Clock	Period	CLK	11.36	—	15.38	ns
	Frequency	Freq	60		88	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	58	60	62	Hz
Horizntal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	45.76		50.96	KHz

Vertical Frequency Range B (50Hz)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	778		980	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)	—	768	—	Th
Vertical Section	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10		120	Th
	Period	Th	1414		1936	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)	—	1366	—	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Blanking	Tblk (h)	48		570	Tclk
Clock	Period	CLK	13.51	—	18.52	ns
	Frequency	Freq	54		88	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	48	50	52	Hz
Horizntal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	37.87		42.74	KHz

3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms
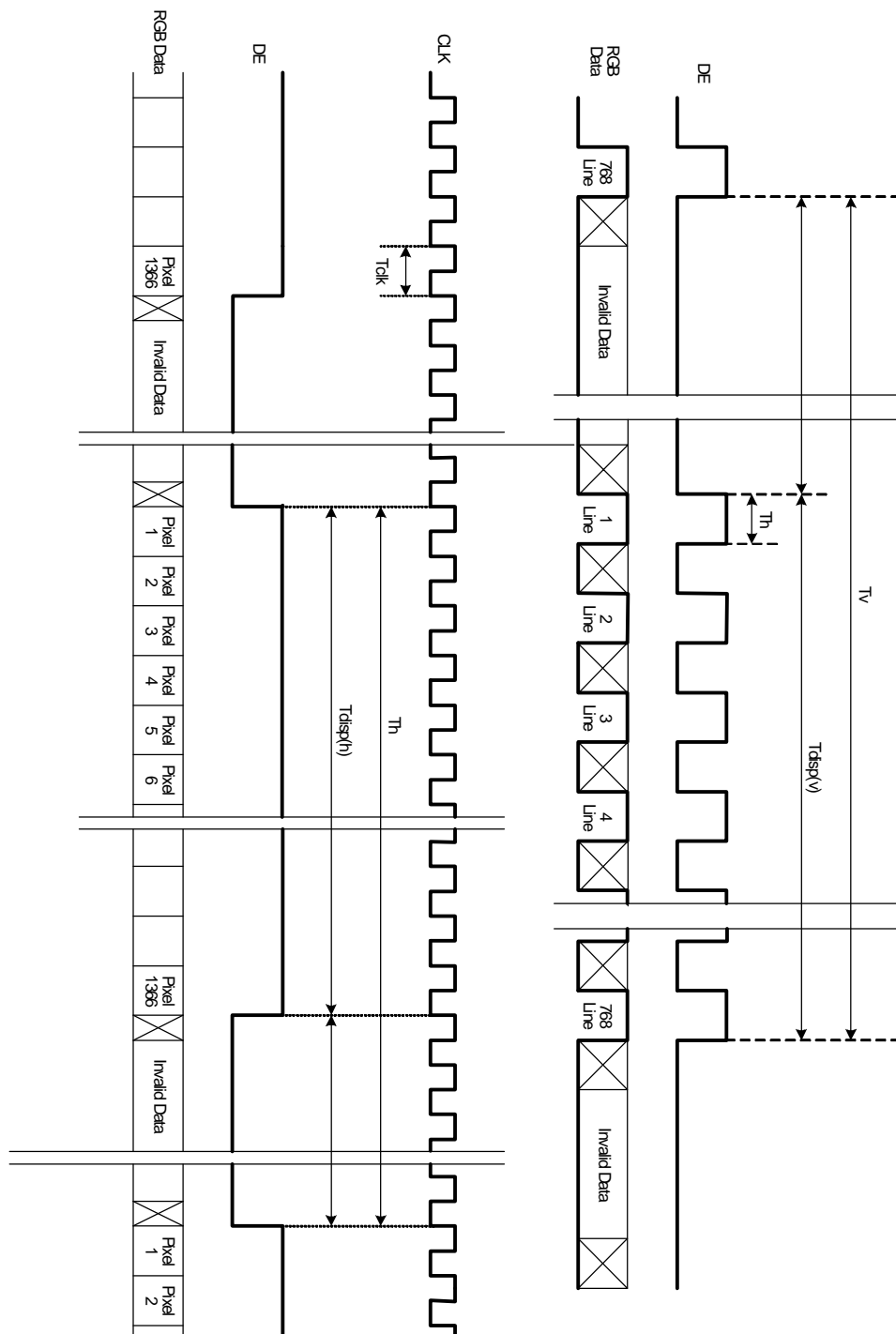
3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR　DATA　REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																						
		RED								GREEN								BLUE							
		MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3-6 Power Sequence

1. Power sequence of panel
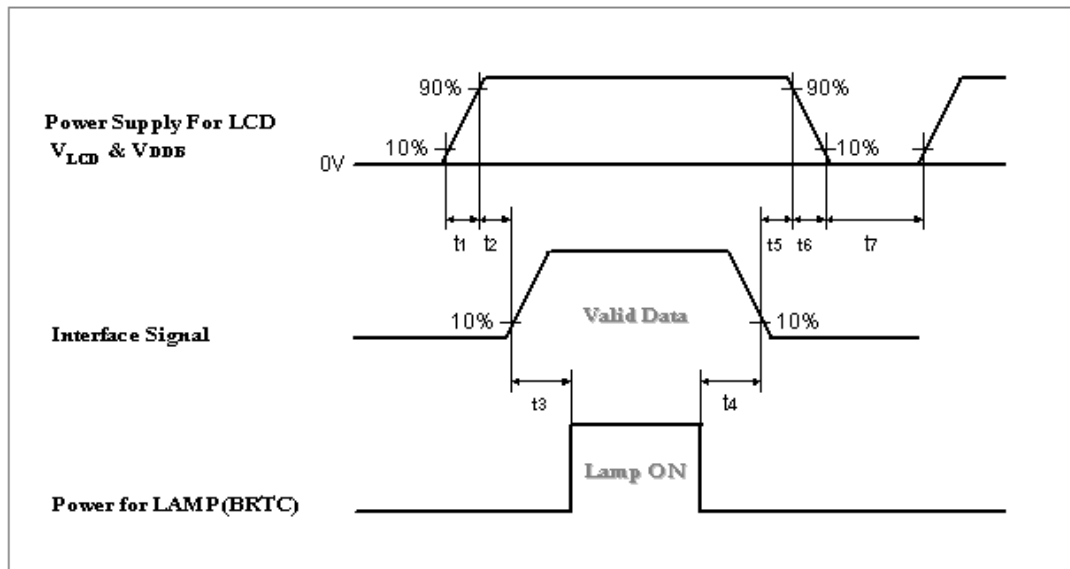
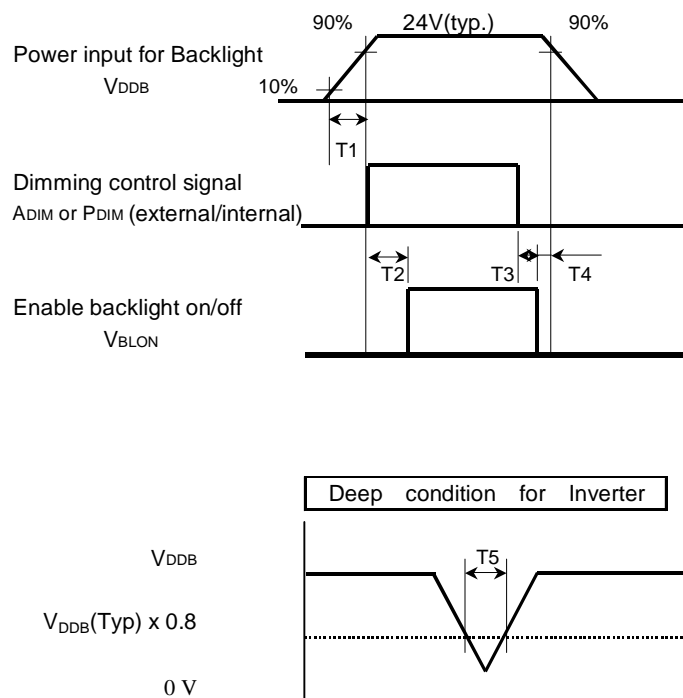| Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t1	400	-	20000	us
t2	0	-	50	ms
t3	700 or (200)*	-	-	ms
t4	200	-	-	ms
t5	0	-	-	ms
t6	0.47	-	30	ms
t7	0.3	-	-	s

* : If t3=200ms, input black signal till 700ms from system is necessary. In case of t3<200ms, the abnormal display will be happened. But it will not damage timing controller.

Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

Caution : The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.

2. Power sequence of inverter

Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
T3	0	-	-	ms
T4	1	-	-	ms
T5	-	-	10	ms

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes in a dark environment at 25℃. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.
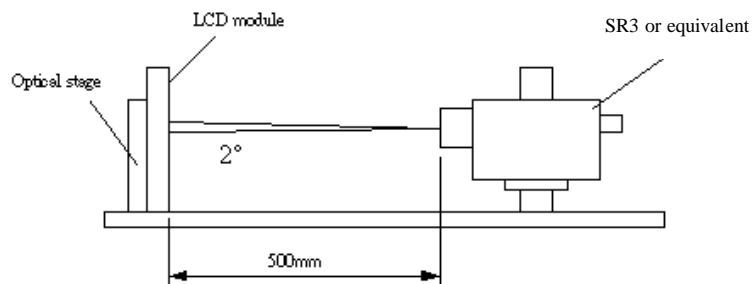
Fig.4-1 Optical measurement equipment and method

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio		CR	1000	1200			1
Surface Luminance, white		LWH	400	500		cd/㎡	2
Luminance Variation		δ_{WHITE}　5p			1.25		3
Response Time (Average)		Tγ		6		ms	4,5 (Gray to Gray)
	Rise Time	Tr		15		ms	4
	Decay Time	Tf		5		ms	4
Color Coordinates							
	RED	R_X		0.640			
		R_Y		0.330			
	GREEN	G_X		0.290			
		G_Y	Typ.-0.03	0.600	Typ.+0.03		
	BLUE	B_X		0.150			
		B_Y		0.060			
	WHITE	W_X		0.280			
		W_Y		0.290			
Viewing Angle							Contrast Ratio>10
x axis, right(φ=0°)		θ_r		89		Degree	6
x axis, left(φ=180°)		θ_l		89			
y axis, up(φ=90°)		θ_u		89			
y axis, down (φ=0°)		θ_d		89			

Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Brightness on the "white" state}}{\text{Brightness on the "black" state}}$$

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see Fig. 4-2. When V_{DDB} = 24V, I_{DDB} = 7.3A. $L_{WH}=L_{on1}$, Where L_{on1} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.
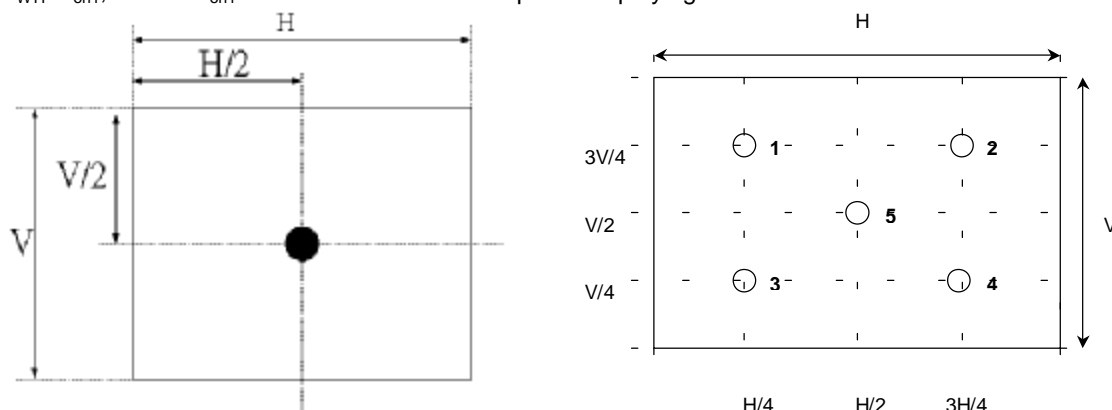
Fig.4-2 Optical measurement point

3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined under 100% brightness as:

$$\delta_{WHITE(5P)}=\text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2},…,L_{on5})/\text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2},…L_{on5})$$

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white(L255) to black(L0) (Decay Time, Tr_D=Tf) and from black(L0) to white(L255) (Rise Time, Tr_R=Tr). For additional information see Fig. 4-3.
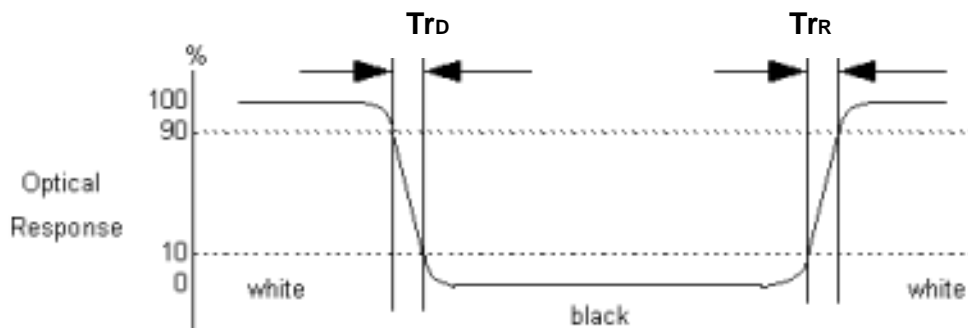
Fig.4-3 Response time

5. The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal among 0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% luminance. For additional information see Fig. 4-4.
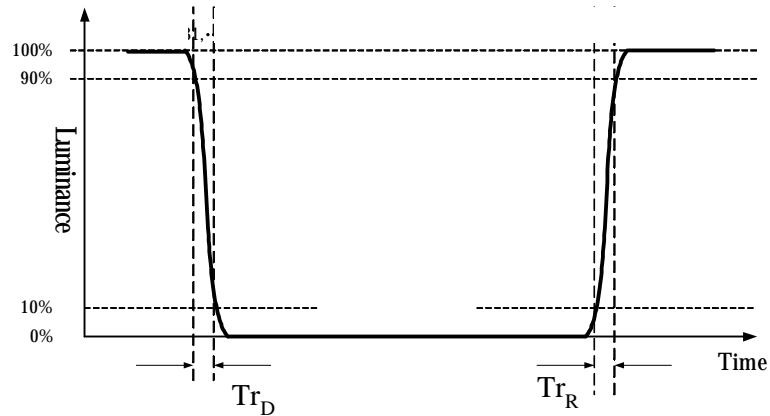
Fig.4-4 Response time

6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Fig. 4-5. (Optical measurement by SR3)
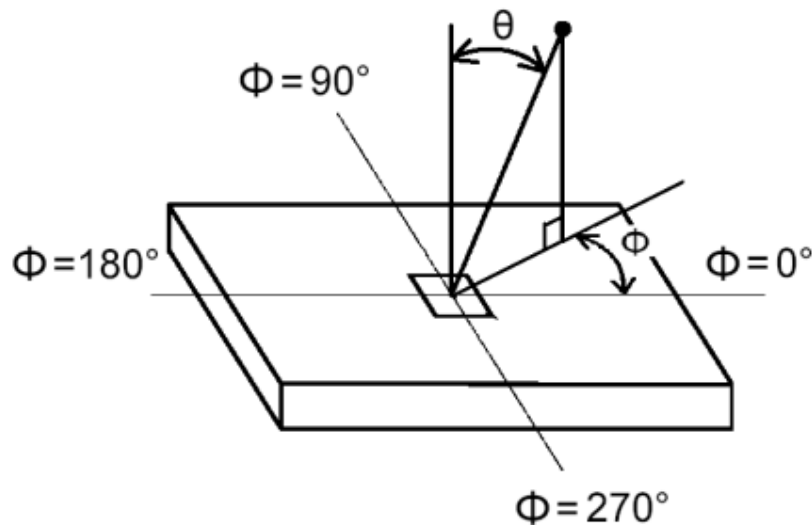
Fig.4-5 Viewing Angle Definition

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420XW01. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal (typ.)	983.0mm
	Vertical (typ.)	576.0mm
	Depth (typ.)	52.7mm (with inverter)
Bezel Area	Horizontal (typ.)	939.0mm
	Vertical (typ.)	531.3mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	930.25mm
	Vertical	523.01mm
Weight	15000g (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H	

2D drawing

T420XW01 V4
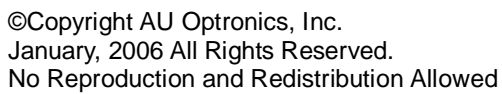
6. Reliability

No	Test Item	Condition
1	**High temperature storage test**	Ta=60℃, 500hr judge
2	**Low temperature storage test**	Ta=-20℃, 500hr judge (-25℃, 500hr for reference)
3	**High temperature/High humidity operation test**	Ta=50℃, 80%RH, 500hr judge (interval 3min) (40℃, 95%RH, 500hr for reference)
4	**High temperature operation test**	Ta=50℃, 500hr judge
5	**Low temperature operation test**	Ta=-5℃, 500hr judge
6	**Thermal shock**	-20C/1hr ~ 60C/1hr, 100cycle (-25C/1hr ~ 60C/1hr, 100cycle for reference)
7	**Vibration test (non-operating)**	Wave form: Random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth: 10-500Hz Duration: X, Y, Z (1hr each direction)
8	**Shock test (non-operating)**	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z (One time each direction)
9	**Vibration test (with carton)**	Wave form: Random Vibration level: 2.16G RMS, Bandwidth: 10~50Hz Duration: X=15min Y=15min, Z=60min (total 90min)
10	**Drop test (with carton)**	Height: 46cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)
11	**ESD**	Level: Class C, Contact: ±20KV, Air: ±20KV 150pF, 330ohm, 1sec, 8 points/panel, 25 times/point
12	**Dust test**	Test Method: JIS D0207 F3 Dust density: 100mg/m³ Dust blow time: 7.5min, Stop time: 7.5min Test time: 8hrs (32 cycles) Dust spec: 日本関東砂第八種(5~10μm) Dust pressure : 0.5kg/cm²
13	**Cracking test**	Test time: power on ~0.5hr, power off ~0.5hr Test equipment: 1m between Microphone and panel Judge criteria: Noise level > 30dB => total count 0 times

7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

(1) UL6500, UL60065, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (AUO file number : E204356)

  Audio and video electronic apparatus, safety requirement.

(2) CSA E60065, Canadian Standards Association

  Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus, safety requirement.

(3) IEC 60065 ver. 7th,European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC)

  Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus, safety requirement

7-2. EMC

(1) Use CISPR22-EN55022 Class B standard.

(2) Use FCC 47 CFR Part 15 standard.

(1) Packing

Packing Instruction

1pcs Module/ESD Bag

Module

3pcs Modules

Cushion set

3pcs / 1 carton
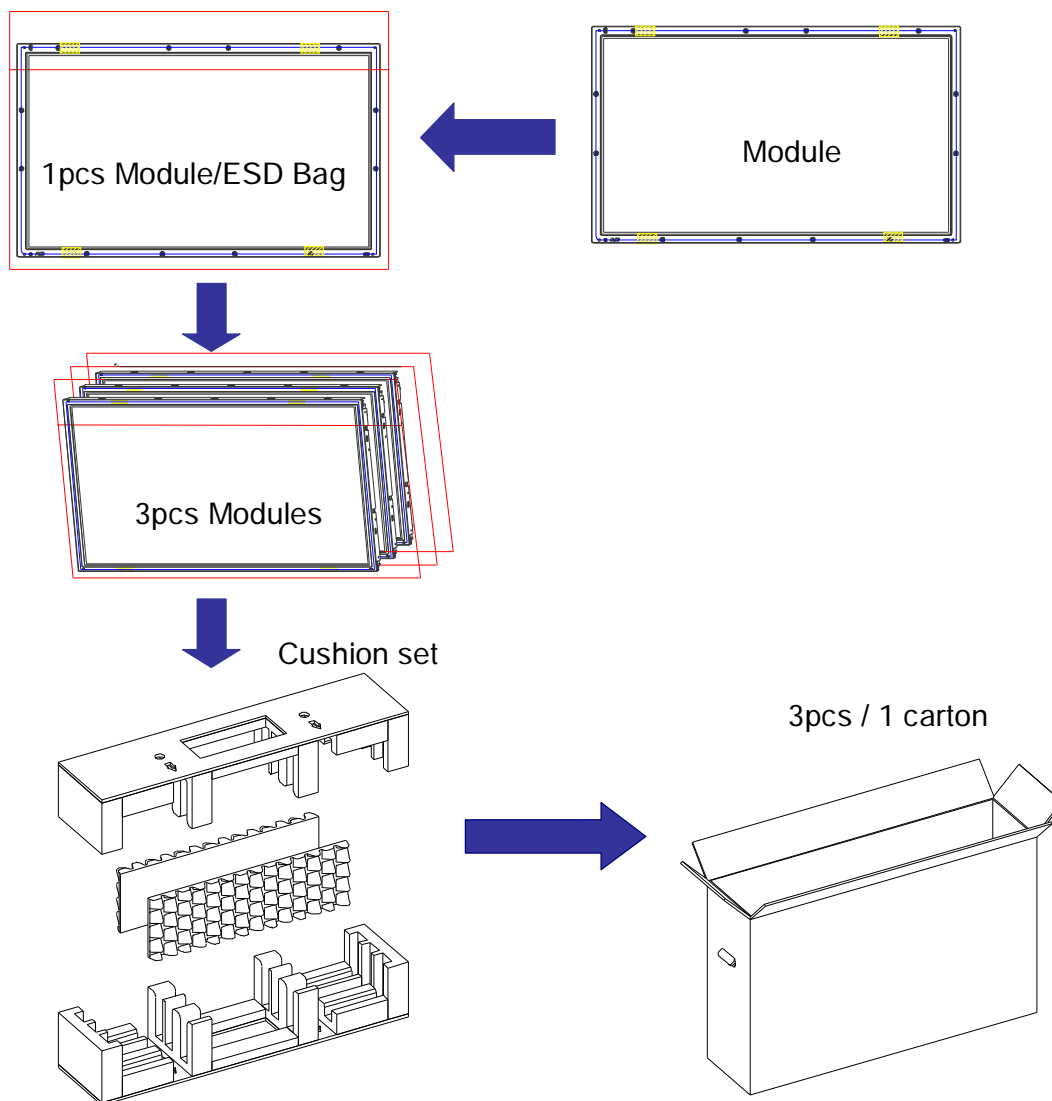
Package information:

Carton outside dimension : 1087x285x716mm

Carton/Package weight : 3kg

Gross weight(per Box) : 48kg

T420XW01 V4

Shipping label

Manufactured XXXX
Model No: T420XW01   VX
AU Optronics
MADE IN TAIWAN(ROC)

Rating: XV---; XA

Green Mark Description:

For Pb Free products, AUO will add   for identification.

For RoHS compatible products, AUO will add   for identification.

Note: The Green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO

Internal Green Team. (The definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

Carton label

AU Optronics   QTY: 3
MODEL NO: T420XW01 VX
PART NO: 97.42T01.XXX
CUSTOMER NO:
CARTON NO:
Made in Taiwan   *PM100-01A1600001*
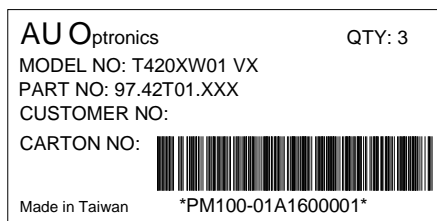
Pallet information

By air cargo : : (4x1) x2 layers, one pallet put 8 boxes, total 24 pcs module.

By sea : (4x1) x3 layers, one pallet put 12 boxes, total 36 pcs module.

Pallet dimension : 1150x1100x120mm

Pallet weight : 10kg

By air total weight : 48 kg/box X 8 boxes=384 kg (with pallet weight 394kg)

By sea total weight : 48 kg/box X 12 boxes=576 kg (with pallet weight 586kg)

Corner angle   Moisture-proof film
Stretch film
Label   PET band
Corner angle
Pallet
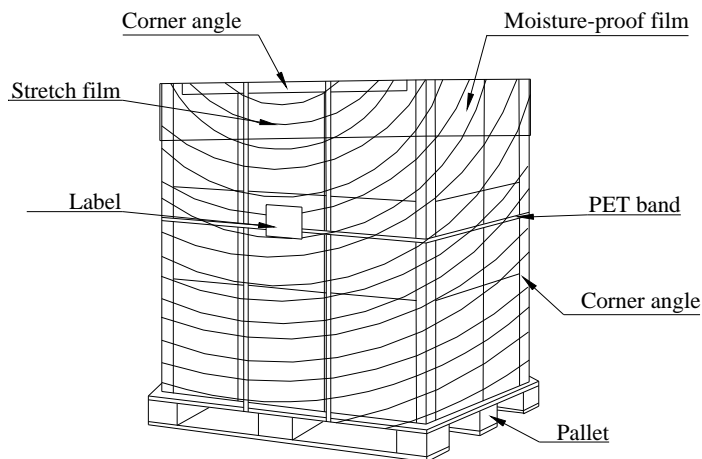
(2) PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

(1) You must mount a module using holes arranged on back side of panel.

(2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.

(3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.

(4) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.

(5) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)

(6) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.

(7) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.

(8) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

(1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=$\pm$200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)

(2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)

(3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.

(4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.

(5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

(6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference

shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don 't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

(1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.

(2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

(1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.

(2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.

(3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

Date of Preparation:	09/01/2006
Name of Company:	AU Optronics Corporation
Name of Department:	Service engineering

We declare the following verified results on the environmental impact substances:

1. Information on survey applicable part:

1) Part Name — T420XW01 v.4

2) Sharp Part Code Number

3) Manufacturer's Part Code Nu 97.42T01.400

AUO declares RoHS substances, others are for your reference

2. Presence of banned substances in the part (material)

No.	Substances	Details (Criteria)	Verified Result
1	Hexavalent chromium compound	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added. (*1)	Not present/Present
2	Bis(tri-n-butyltin) oxide	Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
3	Tibutyl tins(TBTs) and Triphenyl tins(TPTs)	Not intentionally added. (Only tributyl tin compound and triph tin compound are subject to the regulation.)	Not present/Present
4	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
5	Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
6	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	Not intentionally added. (Only polychlorinated biphenyl and polychlorinated triphenyl are subject to the regulation.)	Not present/Present
7	Polychlorinated naphthalene	Not intentionally added. (Only poly chlorinated naphthalene w three chlorines and more is subject to the regulation.)	Not present/Present
8	Short chain chlorinated paraffin	Not intentionally added.(Only C:10-13 are subject to the regu	Not present/Present
9	Asbestos	Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present

Note: When the verified results show the substances are "present", the part or material is prohibited by the SHARP standard.

3. Presence of banned substances depending on application

No.	Substances	Details (Criteria)	Verified Result(*2)
1	Cadmium and its compound	Content is 100ppm or less. Not intentionally added. (*1)	Not present/Present
2	Lead and its compound	Not intentionally added. Content in plastics is 300ppm or less Content in others is 1000ppm or less. (*1)	Not present/Present
3	Mercury and its compound	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added. (*1)	Not present/Present
4	Ozone-depleting substances	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added. (Only (ll substances regulated by the Montreal Protocol are subject to the	Not present/Present Not present/Present
5	Arsenic and its compound	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
6	Beryllium and its compound	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
7	Azo colorants	Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
8	Polyvinyl Chloride	Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
9	Phthalate esters	Content is 1000ppm or less. Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
10	Radioactive substances	Not intentionally added.	Not present/Present
11	Formaldehyde	Wood component: atmospheric concentration is 0.1ppm or le (by the chamber method). Plastics/fibers: content is 75ppm or less.	Not present/Present Not present/Present Not present/Present

*1) For packaging part and packaging material, the total concentration of these 4 heavy maetals in part/material, ink and

paint which constitute a package is 100ppm or less each.

*2) When the verified result shows the substances are "present", please complete and return the "CONFIRMATION OF USE"

form which details use of each substance.

Name of person representative: H.L. Wang J.H Kuo

Signature:

To: SHARP Corporation

Date of Preparation:	09/01/2006
Name of Company:	AU Optronics Corporation
Name of Department:	Service engineering

1. Information on survey applicable part

1) Part Name — T420XW01 v.4
2) Sharp Part Code Number —
3) Manufacturer's Part Code Num — 97 42T01.400

2. Detail of verified result

Please indicate with a "O" in the **verified results** column if any of the restricted substances are used for the following reasons.

No.	Substances	Check point (criteria)	Verified Results	Usability under the SHARP standard
1	Cadmium and its compound	(1) Used for electric contacts that require high-reliability for which alternative material is lacking.		Usable
		(2) Used for optical glass and filter glass.		
		(3) Battery is compliant with the EU Battery Directive (96/109/EC).		
		(4) Used in stabilizer, pigment and colorant for plastics including rubber.		Banned
		(5) Used in pigment, paint and ink.		
		(6) Used in surface treatment including metal plating, and coating.		
		(7) Used for compact fluorescent lamp.		
		(8) Used in packaging material and packaging part for Sharp product.		
		(9) Used in every application other than the above (1–8)		
2	Lead and its compound	(1) Used in high melting point solder (in case where lead based solder contains more than 85Wt% each).	O	Usable
		(2) Used for electronic ceramics part including piezoelectric component and ceramics dielectric material.	O	
		(3) Used in glass for cathode-ray tube, electronic component and fluorescent tube.		
		(4) Contained in alloy component.	O	
		(Lead content should be less than 0.35 Wt%, 0.4 Wt% and 4Wt% in steel material, aluminum material and copper material, respectively.)		
		(5) Used in compliant pin connector system.		
		(6) Used in solder for the connection between the die and the package of microprocessors.		
		(In case where lead content of more than 80% and less than 85% by weight.)		
		(7) Used in solders to complete a viable electrical connection between semiconductor die and carrier within integrated circuit Flip Chip packages.		
		(8) Used for optical glass and filter glass.		
		(9) Used in coating material for a thermal conductive module (a ring).		
		(10) Used in lead-bronze bearing shells and bushes.		
		(11) Used for the stabilizer or the additive agent at the time of Electroless Nickel Plating and Electroless Gold Plating.	O	
		(Content should be less than 0.1Wt% in plating.)		
		(12) Battery is compliant with the EU Battery Directive (96/109/EC).		
		(13) Used in stabilizer, pigment and colorant for plastics (including rubber) for AC adaptor, power cable, connection cable and etc.		
		(14) Used in pigment, paint and ink.		Banned
		(15) Used in balance weight.		
		(16) Used in packaging material and packaging part for Sharp product.		
		(17) Used in soldering treatment of external electrode and lead terminal for parts including electrical part, semiconductor device and heat sink.		
		(18) Used in soldering of chip-type component and hand soldering of assembly boards, printed circuit board and etc.		
		(19) Used in the other than the above (1–18)		
3	Mercury and its compound	(1) Used in compact fluorescent lamp. (Content should be less than 5mg per unit.)	O	Usable
		(2) Used in straight fluorescent lamp for general purpose.		
		(Halophosphate content should be less than 10mg per unit.)		
		(Triphosphate with normal lifetime content should be less than 5mg per unit.)		
		(Triphosphate with long lifetime content should be less than 8mg per unit.)		
		(3) Used in lamps including high-pressure mercury lamp other than compact fluorescent lamp and straight fluorescent lamp.		
		(4) Battery is compliant with the EU Battery Directive (96/109/EC).		
		(5) Used in pigment, colorant and additives for plastics, including rubber.		
		(6) Used in pigment, paint and ink.		Banned
		(7) Used in relay, switch and sensor.		
		(8) Used in packaging material and packaging part for Sharp product.		
		(9) Used in the other than the above (1–8).		
4	Ozone-depleting substances	(1) Used for the refrigerant (HCFC) for air conditioners.		Usable
		(2) Used for the other than the above (1).		Banned
5	Arsenic and its compound	(1) Used for the exception items. (exception items: semiconductor, glass, resin, magnet filter, copper foil and battery)	O	Usable
		(2) Used for the parts excluding exception items.		Banned
6	Beryllium and its compound	(1) Used for the exception items. (exception items: alloy, ceramics and glass)		Usable
		(2) Used for the parts excluding exception items.		Banned
7	Azo colorants	(1) Used in a contact part with human body of a product (ex: electric carpet, earphone, strap and etc.) which is manufactured based on the premise that the product continuously contacts human body, and may produce amine when decomposed.		Banned
		(2) Used in every application other than the above (1). (Used in a part which does not continuously contact with human body.)		Usable
8	Ozone Chemical	(1) Used in packaging material and packaging part for Sharp product.		Banned
		(2) Used for the other than the above (1).		Usable
9	Phthalate esters	(1) Used in a direct human body contact part of a product which is intended to contact with human body at the time of use, or used in a product with a wearable face contact. (Only Dioctyl phthalate (DOP) is subject to this regulation.)		Banned
		(2) Used for the other than the above (1).		Usable
10	Radioactive substances	(1) Used in the magnetron of a microwave oven. (Only Thorium is subject to this regulation.)		Usable
		(2) Used in the electric bulb of a LCD projector (Only Krypton 85 is subject to the regulation.)		
		(3) Used in the other than the above (1–2).		Banned
11	Formaldehyde	(1) Used for wooden parts.		Banned
		(2) Used in a direct human body contact part of a product which is intended to continuously contact with human body (ex: electric carpet, earphone, strap and etc.)		
		(3) Used in every application other than the above (1–2).		Usable

Note: When the verified results correspond to "banned", the part concerned is prohibited by the SHARP standard.

Name of person representative: H.I. Wang   Prepared: J.H Kuo

Signature: Signature:

AUO

Product Chemical Summary

The chemical analysis report from third party test laboratory are submitted by vender.
AUO summarize for your reference.

Model : T420XW01 v.0
P/N : 97.42T01.400
Date : 8/18/2006

Item	Parts	Content (ppm)						Report Number
		Lead (Pb)	Cadmium (Cd)	Mercury (Hg)	Chromium VI (Cr^{6+})	Polybrominated biphenyl(PBBs)	Polybrominated biphenyl ethers(PBDEs)	
1	PCBA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	SGS:CE/2006/20737
2	CCFL	ND	17	0.84mg	ND	ND	ND	Intertek:THJ0011614
3	LC	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	M.S.D.S
4	CF	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	AUO in house
5	Polarizer	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	SGS:CE/2005/80696
6	Glass	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	SGS:CE/2005/41749A
7	FFC	10.7	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	N.D	SGS:CE/2006/13422

* Remark
N.D.= Not Detected

T420XW01 V4