



Date: 2009/10/13

Product Functional Specification

46" Full HD Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T460HW03 VD

() Preliminary Specification (*) Final Specification





Contents

No	
	CONTENTS
	RECORD OF REVISIONS
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION
3-1	ELECTRIACL CHARACTERISTICS
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTOR
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATION
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORM
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERENCE
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE
3-7	BACK LIGHT POWER SPECIFICATION
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATION
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
6	RELIABILITY
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARD
8	PACKING
9	PRECAUTION





Record of Revision

Version	Data	Page.	Old Description	New Description	Remark
0.0	2009/5/25		First release	N/A	N/A
1.0	2009/10/13		Final version release	N/A	N/A
		4			
100					





1. General Description

This specification applies to the 46 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T460HW03 VD. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920x1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 46 inch. This module supports Full HD mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T460HW03 VD has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, EBU Gamut (72% NTSC), wide viewing angle, and high color depth are very important.

The T460HW03 VD backlight unit is using inverter-less solution (inductor type balance board), and need to be powered by integrated power system by customers.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	46	inches	Diagonal
Display Area	1018.08(H) x 572.67(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1083.0(H) x 627.0(V) x 50.6(D)	mm	With Balance Board
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Color Gamut	72	%	NTSC
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Pixel Pitch	0.53025	mm	
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	HC, 3H		
RoHS	RoHS compliance		





2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

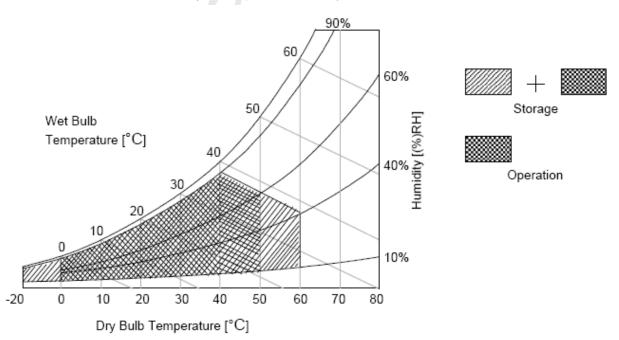
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit	Note
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	14.0	V_{DC}	1
Input Voltage of Signal	V _{IN}	-0.3	3.6	V_{DC}	1
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	∞	2
Operating Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	2
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	∞	2
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	2
Panel Surface Temperature	T _{SUR}		+65	°C	2
Shock (non-operation)	±x, ±y		40	G	3
Shock (non-operation)	±z		30	G	3
Vibration (non-operation)			1.5	G	4

Note 1: Duration = 50ms

Note 2: Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 °C and no condensation. The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 °C or less. At temperatures greater than 40 °C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 ℃.

Note 3: Sine wave, 11ms, direction: ±x, ±y, ±z (one time each direction)

Note 4: Wave form: random, vibration level: 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth: 10--300Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 30min (one time each direction)



©Copyright AU Optronics Corp. 2009 All Rights Reserved. No Reproduction and Redistribution Allowed

T460HW03 VD





3. Electrical Specification

The T460HW03 VD requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input, which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an integrate power (I/P) system.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

Pa	Parameter			Value		Unit	Note
га	rameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
Power Supply I	nput Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V_{DC}	
Power Supply I	nput Current	I _{DD}		1.1	1.32	Α	1
Power Consum	ption	Pc		13.2	15.84	Watt	1
Inrush Current		I _{RUSH}			4.5	Α	5
	Differential Input						
	High Threshold	V_{TH}			+100	mV_{DC}	4
	Voltage						
LVDS	Differential Input						
Interface	Low Threshold	V _{TL}	-100)		mV_{DC}	4
	Voltage						
	Common Input	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1.10	1.25	1.40	V_{DC}	
	Voltage	V _{CIM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V DC	
	Input High	V _{IH}	2.4		3.3	V_{DC}	
CMOS	Threshold Voltage	(High)	2.4		3.3	V DC	
Interface	Input Low	V_{IL}	0		0.7	V	
	(Low)	U		0.7	V_{DC}		
Backlight Powe	r Consumption (ref.)	P _{BL}		210		Watt	2
Life Time			50000			Hours	3

The performance of the Lamp in LCD panel, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the balance board and I/P board. All the parameters should be carefully designed as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output. While design or order balance board, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and balance board (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. After confirmation, the LCD Panel should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.





Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action, because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.

When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

Note:

- 1. V_{DD} =12.0V, f_V =60Hz, fcLK=81.5Mhz, 25 °C, V_{DD} duration time=400 μ s, test pattern: white pattern
- 2. The backlight power consumption shown above is tested by lamp current $I_L=7.6$ mA.
- 3. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25±2°C.
- 4. $V_{CIM} = 1.25V$

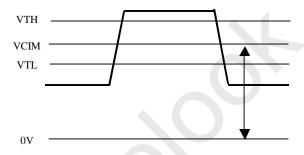
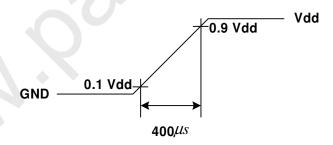


Figure: LVDS Differential Voltage

Measurement condition: rising time=400μs







3.2 Interface Connections

LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF (JAE)Mating connector: FI-RE51S-HL (JAE)

PIN#	Signal Name	Description
1	V_{DD}	12V power supply
2	V_{DD}	12V power supply
3	V_{DD}	12V power supply
4	V_{DD}	12V power supply
5	V_{DD}	12V power supply
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	RO_0-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
11	RO_0+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
12	RO_1-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
13	RO_1+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
14	RO_2-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
15	RO_2+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
16	GND	Ground
17	RO_CLK-	Clock Signal(-)
18	RO_CLK+	Clock Signal(+)
19	GND	Ground
20	RO_3-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
21	RO_3+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
22	NC	No connection
23	NC	No connection
24	GND	Ground
25	RE_0-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
26	RE_0+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
27	RE_1-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
28	RE_1+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
29	RE_2-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
30	RE_2+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
31	GND	Ground

©Copyright AU Optronics Corp. 2009 All Rights Reserved. No Reproduction and Redistribution Allowed

T460HW03 VD





PIN#	Signal Name	Description
32	RE_CLK-	Clock Signal(-)
33	RE_CLK+	Clock Signal(+)
34	GND	Ground
35	RE_3-	Negative(-) LVDS differential data input
36	RE_3+	Positive(+) LVDS differential data input
37	NC	No connection
38	NC	No connection
39	GND	Ground
40	NC	No connection
41	NC	No connection
42	NC	No connection
43	NC	No connection
44	NC	No connection
45	LVDS	Select LVDS data order (NS: High/Open, JEIDA: Low)
46	NC	No connection
47	NC	No connection
48	NC (reserved)	No connection (AUO internal use)
49	NC (reserved)	No connection (AUO internal use)
50	NC (reserved)	No connection (AUO internal use)
51	NC (reserved)	No connection (AUO internal use)

Note 1: All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

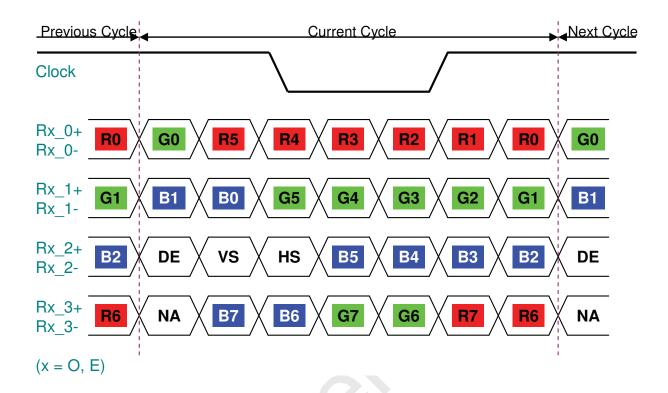
Note 2: All V_{DD} (power input) pins should be connected together.

Note 3: All NC (no connection) pins should be open without voltage input.

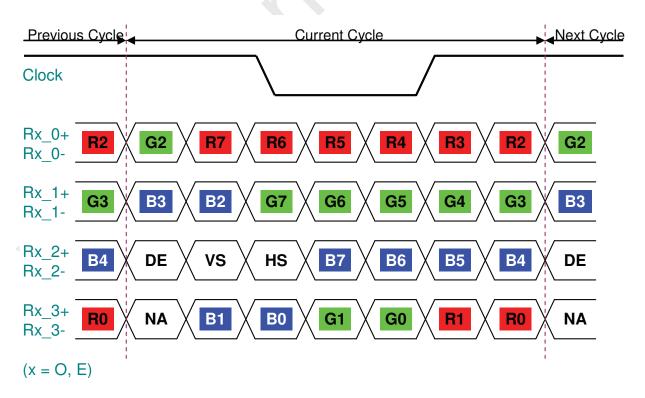




LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



©Copyright AU Optronics Corp. 2009 All Rights Reserved. No Reproduction and Redistribution Allowed

T460HW03 VD





3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

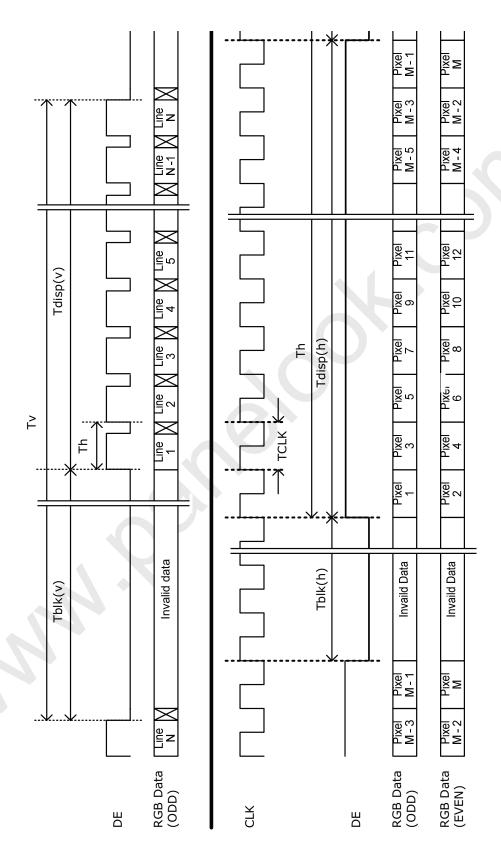
Vertical Frequency Range (60Hz)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	T _V	1090	1125	1480	T _H
Vertical Section	Active	T _{DISP} (V)	_{SP} (V) 1080			T _H
	Blanking	T _{BLK} (V)	10	45	400	T _H
	Period	T _H	1030	1100	1325	T _{CLK}
Horizontal Section	Active	T _{DISP} (H)		960		T _{CLK}
	Blanking	T _{BLK} (H)	70	140	365	T _{CLK}
Clock	Frequency	F _{CLK}	50	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	F _V	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	FH	60	67.5	73	KHz





3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms



©Copyright AU Optronics Corp. 2009 All Rights Reserved. No Reproduction and Redistribution Allowed

T460HW03 VD





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

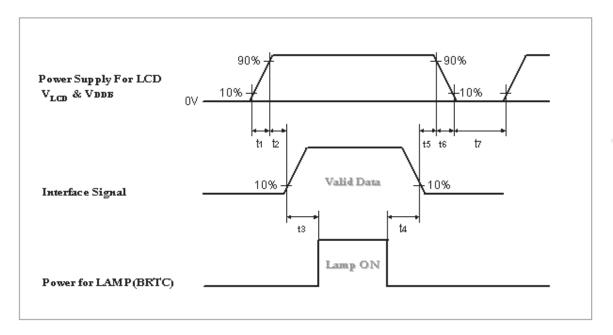
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											I	npu	t Co	lor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD							GRI	EEN	1						BL	UE			
	Coloi	MS	В					L	SB	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					L	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence



Parameter		Values		Unit		
i arameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic		
t1	0.4		30	ms		
t2	0.1		50	ms		
t3	300*			ms		
t4	10			ms		
t5	0.1		50	ms		
t6			300	ms		
t7	500			ms		

^{*} If t3=200ms, input black signal till 300ms from system is necessary. In case of t3<200ms, the abnormal display will be happened. But it will not damage timing controller.

Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

Caution: The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.



3.7 Backlight Power Specification

Specification

(Ta= $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C, Turn-on after 60mins)

Electrical specification

	Des	cription		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition				
1	BL Operating Voltage		VBL	488	688	888	Vrms	BL one side operating voltage at dimming ratio 100% Calculation method: (notes 1)				
2	BL Operating Cur	rent	IBL	142	152	162	mArms	BL one side operating current at dimming ratio 100%				
3	Starting Voltage	Starting Voltage		2400		-	Vrms	BL two side striking voltage. Measurement by disconnect IPB and				
		25 ℃	Vs	2200		-		BL				
4	Operating frequer	fo	45	47	49	kHz						
5	Striking time		St	-	-	1	sec					
6	Power Consumpt	ion	PBL	-	210	-	Watt					
7	PWM Operating Frequency		F_PWM	140	150	160	Hz	95~140Hz might cause waterfall noise but not influence panel function				
8	PWM Dimming D	D_PWM	20	-	100	%	1. luminance is from 10% to 100% 2. note 2					
9	Lamp type				Straight type							
10	Number of lamps	20			pcs							
11	Type of current ba	ir	nductano	е								

(Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Protection Circuit (Feedback Signal)

12	Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	10	12	15	V_{DC}	
13	Current Feedback Signal	V_{FB}	1.8	2.0	2.2	V_{RMS}	
14 L	amp Datastian (LD)	$V_{LD}(H)$	11.4	12	12.6	V_{DC}	Lamp normal status
14	Lamp Detection (LD)	$V_{LD}(L)$	0	1	0.8	V_{DC}	Lamp protection status

Lamp specification (Recommendation)

•			•			
	Description		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
1	Lamp Voltage	Vlamp	1350	1376	1400	Vrms
2	Lamp Current	llamp	7.1	7.6	8.1	mArms
3	Lamp frequency	flamp	40	45	60	KHz
4	Starting Voltage	0°C	-	-	2400	Vrms
		25℃	-	-	2200	Vrms
5	Striking time	St	-	-	1	sec
6	Discharge Stabilization Time		-	-	4	Min
7	Life time		50K	-	-	hr

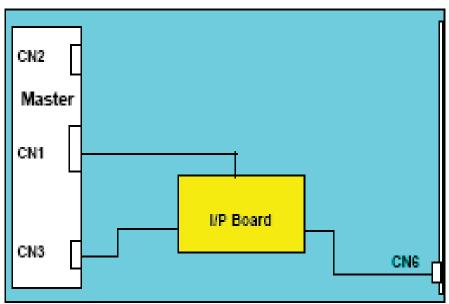
©Copyright AU Optronics Corp. 2009 All Rights Reserved. No Reproduction and Redistribution Allowed

T460HW03 VD

16/30







CN2 or CN3: YeonHO_130001WR-02E (LF)

PIN#	Symbol	Description	
1	HV1+	I/P board high voltage supply	
2	HV1+	/P board high voltage supply	

CN6: YeonHO_130001WR-02E (LF)

PIN#	Symbol	Description	
1	HV2 -	I/P board high voltage supply	
2	HV2-	I/P board high voltage supply	

CN1: HIROSE_KN30-7P-1.25H

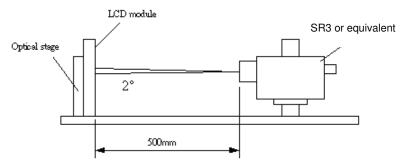
PIN#	Symbol	Description		
1	VCC	Power Supply for Protection Circuit		
2	IFB	amp Current feedback Signal (Full wave current)		
3	IFB	amp Current feedback Signal (Full wave current)		
4	GND	Signal Ground		
5	GND	Signal Ground		
6	LD	Lamp detection		
7	LD	Lamp detection		





4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0 °.



Developed	Cumahad	Values			Llmit	Nistas
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	4000	5000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	400	500		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.3		3
Response Time (Average)	Тү		6.5		ms	4 (Gray to Gray)
Color Coordinates						
Red	R _X		0.640			
	R_{Y}	Тур0.03	0.330	Тур.+0.03		
Green	G _X		0.290			
	G_Y		0.600			
Blue	B _X		0.150			
	B _Y		0.060			
White	W _X		0.280			
	W_Y		0.290			
Viewing Angle						(Contrast Ratio>10)
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	5
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	5
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	5
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	5





1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio (CR)=
$$\frac{\text{Brightness of the "white" state}}{\text{Brightness of the "black" state}}$$

2. Surface Luminance is luminance value at point 5 with 100% dimming across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see Fig. 4-2. When lamp current $I_L=7.6$ mA, $I_{LWH}=I_{cn5}$, where I_{cn5} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.

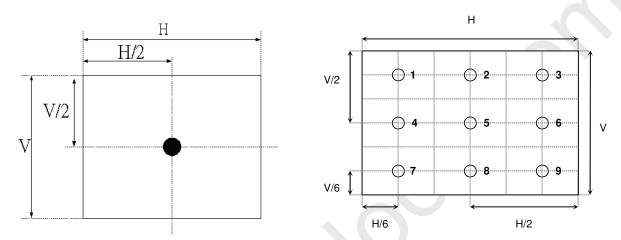


Fig.4-2 Optical measurement point

3. The variation in surface luminance, $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$ is defined under brightness of I_L=7.6mA as:

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}(9P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on9}}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, ..., L_{\text{on9}})$$

4. Response time $T\gamma$ is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% brightness matrix) and is based on f_v =60Hz to optimize.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		t:0%-25%	t:0%-50%	t:0%-75%	t:0%-100%
25%	t:25%-0%		t:25%-50%	t:25%-75%	t:25%-100%
50%	t:50%-0%	t:50%-25%		t:50%-75%	t:50%-100%
75%	t:75%-0%	t:75%-25%	t:75%-50%		t:50%-100%
100%	t:100%-0%	t:100%-25%	t:100%-50%	t:100%-75%	

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal (or x-axis) and the vertical (or y-axis) with respect to the z-axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Fig. 4-4.



Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

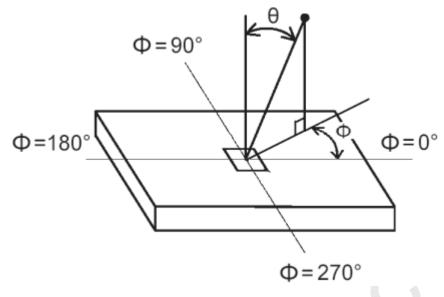


Fig.4-4 Viewing angle definition





5. Mechanical Characteristics

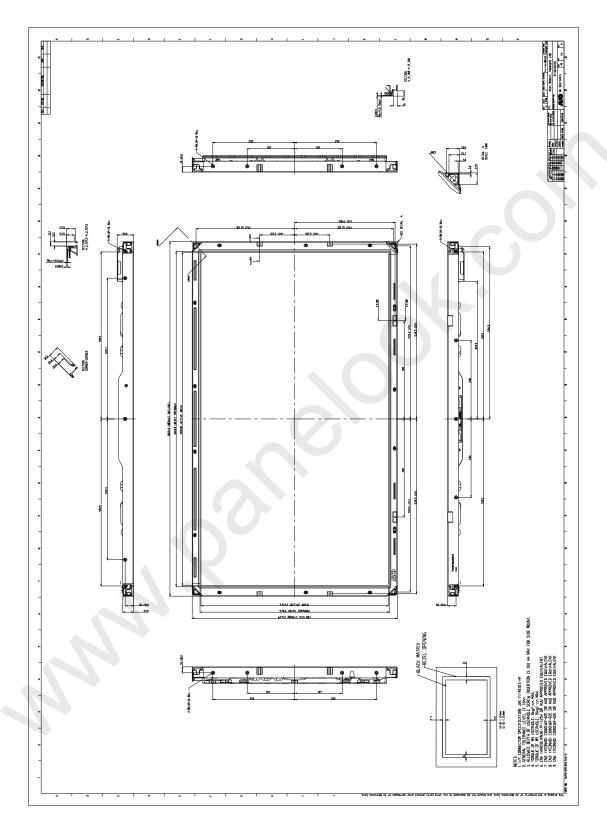
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T460HW03. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal (typ.)	1083.0 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical (typ.)	627.0 mm		
	Depth (typ.)	50.6 mm (with balance board)		
Bezel Area	Horizontal (typ.)	1024.4 mm		
Dezel Alea	Vertical (typ.)	578.6 mm		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1018.08 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	572.67 mm		
Weight	15500g (Max)			
Surface Treatment	HC, 3H			





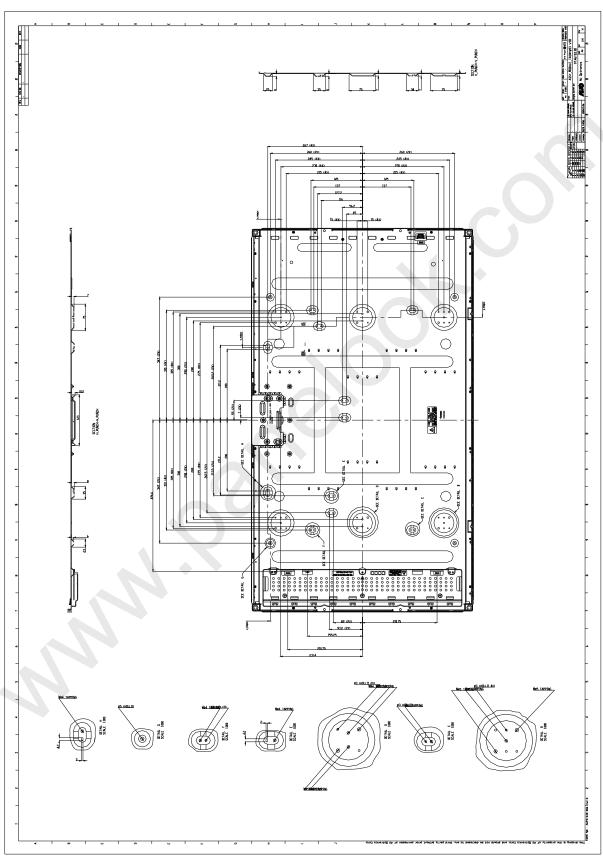
2D Drawing (Front)







2D Drawing (Rear)



©Copyright AU Optronics Corp. 2009 All Rights Reserved. No Reproduction and Redistribution Allowed

T460HW03 VD

23/30





6. Reliability

Panel condition in RA test

Brightness: 500nits

Lamp Current (Hot side): 7.6mA

No	Test Item	Condition		
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 300h		
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 300h		
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 300h		
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=-5°C 300h		
5	Vibration test	Wave form : random		
	(non-operating)	Vibration level : 1.5G RMS		
		Bandwidth: 10-300Hz		
		Duration: X, Y, Z 30min		
		One time for each direction		
6	Shock test	Shock level: 50G		
	(non-operating)	Waveform: half since wave, 20ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z		
	(non operating)	One time each direction		
7	Vibration test	Wave form: random		
-		Vibration level: 1.5G RMS		
	(with carton)	Bandwidth: 10-200Hz,		
		Duration: X, Y, Z 30min		
		One time each direction		
8 Drop test Height: 25cm				
	(with carton)	1corner, 3edges, 6flats		

Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.





7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

- (1) UL6500, UL 60065 Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (AUO file number: E204356) Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- (3) EN60950: 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

IEC 60065: version 7th

European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

7-3. Green Mark Description

- (1) For Pb Free products, AUO will add (Ps)

for identification.

(2) For RoHS compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

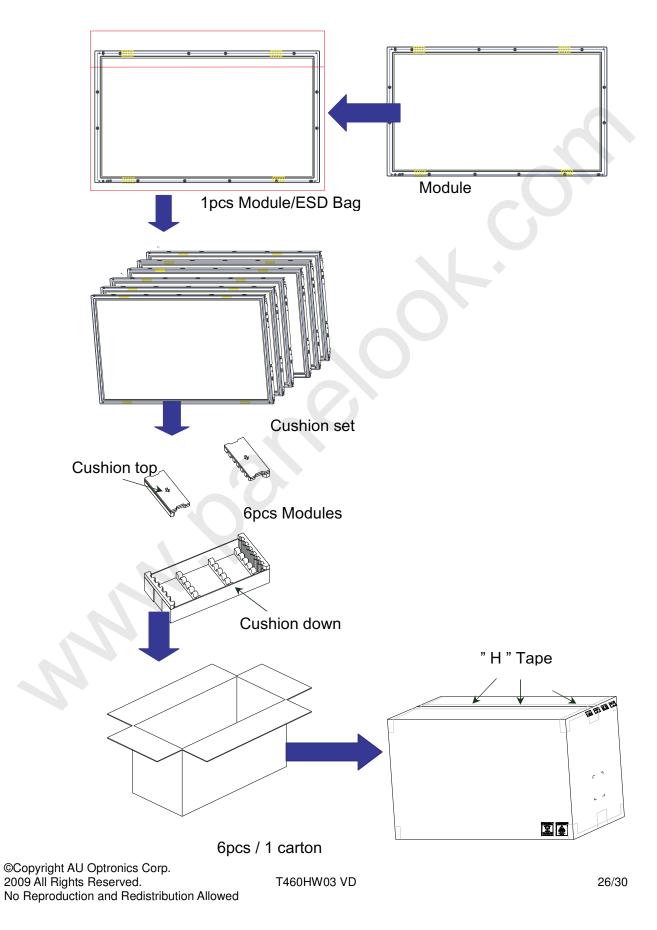
Note. The Green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO Internal Green Team. (The definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)





8. Packing

Packing Instruction



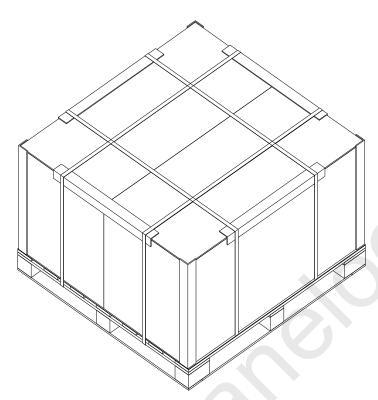


Pallet information

Pallet Dimension: 1180 x 1150 x 132 mm Carton Dimension: 1160 x 547 x 680 mm

 $\underline{\text{By air cargo}}\textsc{:}\ (2\ x\ 1)\ x\ 1\ \text{layers, one pallet put 2 boxes, total 12 pcs module.}$

Pallet after Packing Dimension: 1180 x 1150 x 812 mm



By sea: (2 x 1) x 1 layers, one pallet put 2 boxes, 40ft HQ stack 3 pallet, total 36 pcs module.

		Specification			Packing	
	Item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark	
1	Packing Box	6 pcs/box	1160(L)mm*547(W)mm*680(H)mm	97		
2	Pallet	1	1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*132(H)mm 18			
3	Boxes per Pallet	2 boxes/Pal	2 boxes/Pallet (By Air); 2 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)			
4	Panels per Pallet	12pcs/palle	12pcs/pallet(By Air); 12 pcs/Pallet (By Sea)			
5	Pallet	12(by Air) 1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*812(H)mm (by Air) 212 (by Air)				
	after packing	36(by Sea)	1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*2436(H)mm (by Sea)	636 (by Sea)	40ft HQ	

RoHS

QTY:6





Carton Label



MODEL NO: T460HW03 VD PART NO: 97.46T03.XXX

CUSTOMER NO:

CARTON NO:

Made in XXXXXX



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged on back side of panel
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:
 V=±200mV (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.
- (7) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application.

©Copyright AU Optronics Corp. 2009 All Rights Reserved. No Reproduction and Redistribution Allowed

T460HW03 VD

29/30





9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 ℃ and 35 ℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.