

Model Name: T460HW07 V2

Issue Date : 2010/3/1

()Preliminary Specifications(*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date			
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Frank Hsu Frank Hsu 2010, 3, 12				
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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
1.0	2010/03/1		First release



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 46 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T460HW07 V2. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920 x 1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 46 inch. This module supports 1920 x 1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T460HW07 V2 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	46	inch	
Display Area	1018.08(H) x 572.67(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1083.0(H) x 627.0(V) x 59.0(D)	mm	With Inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.53025	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=11%



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

Item	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2,4
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2,4
Panel Surface Temperature	PST	-	65	[°C]	Note 3

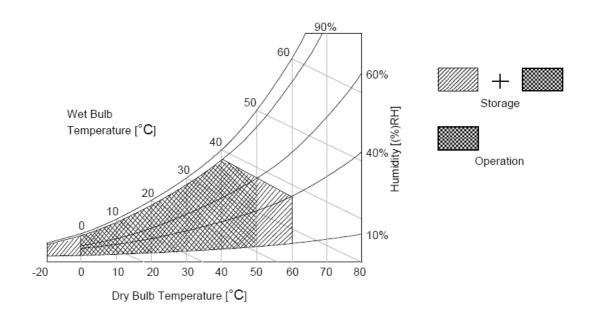
Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be $39^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50 $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ Dry condition

Note 4: Storage period should refer to RA criteria





3. Electrical Specification

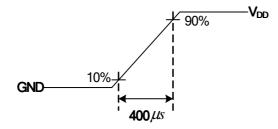
The T460HW07 V2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power inverter.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Nete
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Power Sup	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	1
Power Sup	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		1.32	1.45	Α	2
Power Cor	nsumption	Pc		15.84	17.40	Watt	2
Inrush Cur	rent	I _{RUSH}			4.5	Α	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}			+100	mV_{DC}	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-100			mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V _{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	
Backlight F	Backlight Power Consumption			120	126	Watt	
Life Time			50,000			Hours	5,6,7,8

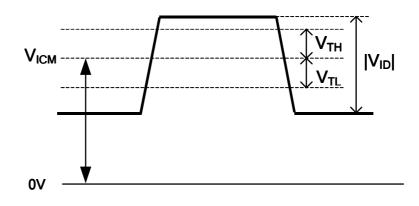
Note :

- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of $V_{\mbox{\tiny CC}}$
- 2. V_{DD} = 12.0V, Fv = 60Hz, F_{CLK} = 82MHz , 25 °C , Test Pattern : White Pattern >> refer to "Section:3.3 Signal Timing Specification, Typical timing"
- 3. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us





4. V_{ICM} = 1.25V



- 5. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter (no light, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
- 6. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 °C or less. At temperatures greater than 40 °C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 °C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- 8. Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.
 [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C]



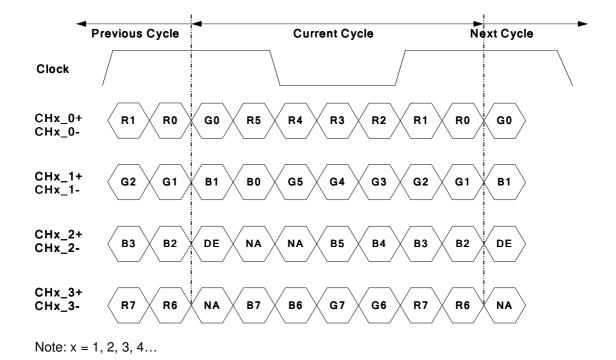
3.2 Interface Connections

LCD connector: CN1:FI-RE51S-HF (JAE, LVDS connector)

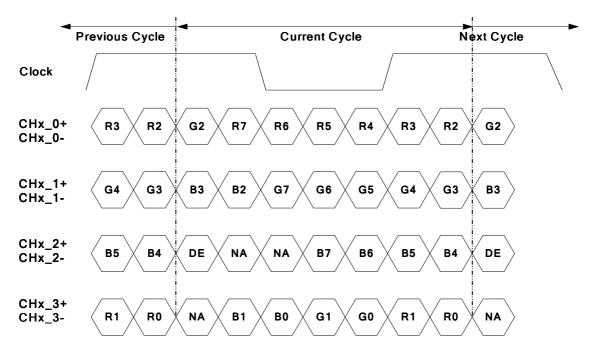
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	26	 CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
2	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	27	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
3	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	28	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
4	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	29	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
5	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	30	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
6	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	31	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	32	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
8	GND	Ground	33	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
9	GND	Ground	34	GND	Ground
10	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	35	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
11	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	36	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
12	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	37	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
13	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	38	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
14	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	39	GND	Ground
15	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	40	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock
16	GND	Ground	41	SDA	EEPROM Serial Data
17	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	42	NC	No connection
					EEPROM Write Protection
18	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	43	WP	High(3.3V) for Writable,
19	GND	Ground	44	Danal SEI	Low(GND) for Protection reserve 0603 footprint of resistor to ground
19	GIND	Cround	44	Panel_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS,
20	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	45	LVDS_SEL	Low(GND) for JEIDA
21	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	46	OD_SEL	Open/Low(GND): OD on,
21	_		40	OD_GEL	High(3.3V): OD off
22	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	47	NC	No connection
23	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	48	NC	No connection
24	GND	Ground	49	NC	No connection
25	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	50	TCON_RDY	Connect 2200hm resistance to 3.3V
			51	NC	No connection



LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



LVDS Option = Low/GND-JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	
	Period	Τv	1090	1125	1480	Th	
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080			
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th	
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk	
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		Tclk			
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk	
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz	
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz	
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz	

Notes:

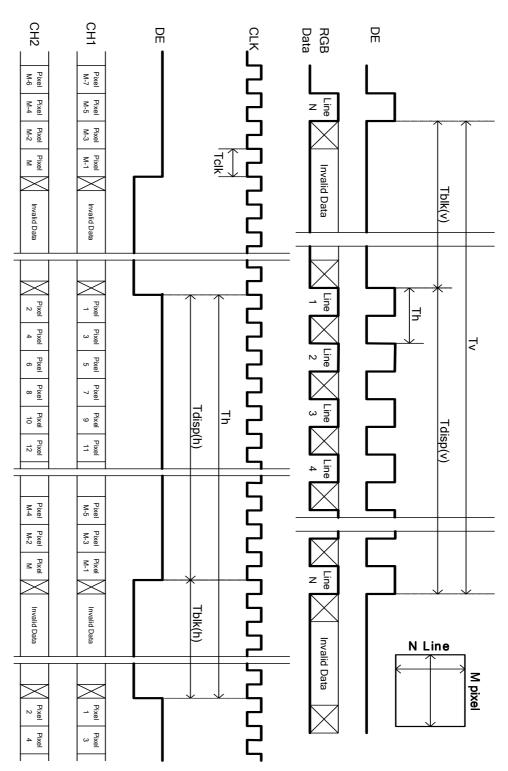
(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

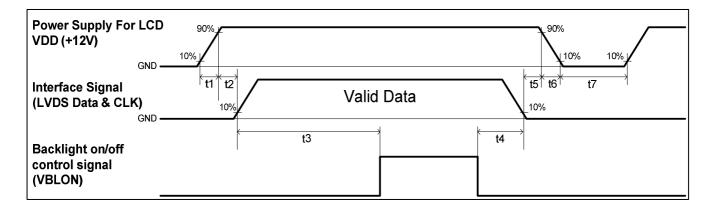
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Color Data Reference

											I	npu	t Co	olor I	Data	a		-							
	Color	RED						GREEN						BLUE											
	00101	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	BB	MS	В	1				LS	зв
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G			<u></u>																						
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В		-																							
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Describer		11.04				
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit		
t1	0.4		30	ms		
t2	0.1			ms		
t3	300			ms		
t4	0*1			ms		
t5	0			ms		
t6			*2	ms		
t7	500			ms		

Note:

(1) T4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) T6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 12 CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

3.7.1: Electrical specification

ltem	Cum.	hal	Condition		Spec		Unit	Note
Item	Sym	וסס	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Input Voltage	VDE	ЭВ	-	21.6	24	26.4	VDC	-
Input Current	I _{DD}	В	VDDB=24V	4.75	5	5.25	ADC	1
Input Power	PDD	ЭB	VDDB=24V	114	120	126	W	1
Inrush Current	I _{RUS}	SH	VDDB=24V	-	-	7.875	ADC	2
	M	ON		3.3	-	5.5	VDC	-
On/Off control voltage	V_{BLON}	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
On/Off control current	I _{BLC}	DN	VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
Dimming Control Voltogo		MAX	VDDB=24V	3.0	-	3.3	VDC	-
Dimming Control Voltage	V_DIM	MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-
Dimming Control Current	I_D	M	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM	_R	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
External PWM		MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3	VDC	-
Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
External PWM Control Current	I_EP	MM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
External PWM Duty ratio	D_EP	WM	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
External PWM Frequency	F_EP	WM	VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25±5°C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

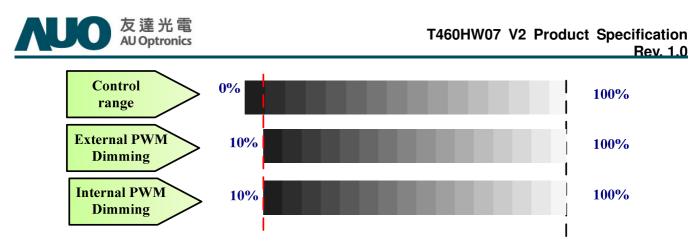
Note 3: Less than10% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened.



3.7.2: Input Pin Assignment

CN2: CI0114M1HRL-NH (Cvilux)

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection:
	DET	Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector
		BLU On-Off control:
12	VBLON	High/Open (3.3V~5.5V) : BL On ;
		Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL off
13	VDIM(**)	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%)
13	י אווע יי	< NC ; at External PWM mode>
14		External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%)
14	PDIM(*)	< NC ; at Internal PWM mode>



PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

(Note*) IF External PWM function includes 10% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

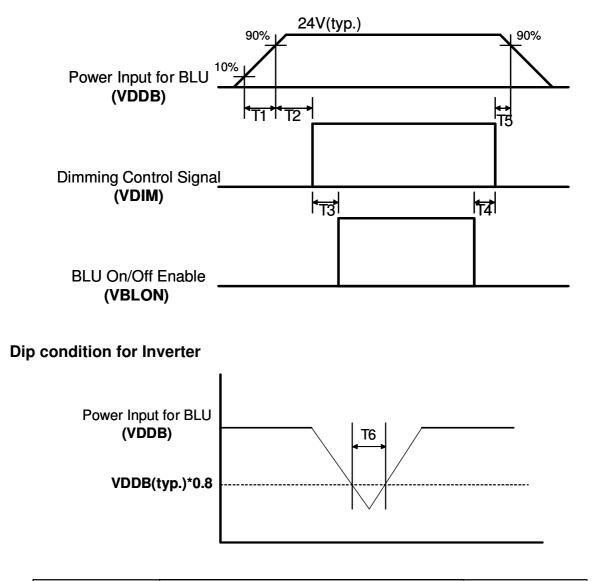
1.) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.

2.) All protection function must work normally.

3.) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed!



3.7.3 Power Sequence for Inverter



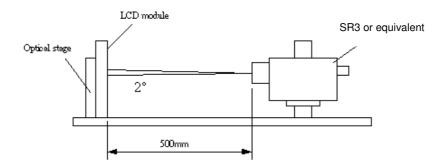
Parameter		Units		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
Т6	-	-	10	ms



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Devementer	Symbol	Values			11.2	N .
	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio		CR	4,000	5,000			1
Surface Luminance (White)		L _{WH}	360	450		cd/m ²	2
Luminar	nce Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.3		3
Respon	se Time (G to G)	Тγ		6.5		Ms	4
Color Ga	amut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Co	oordinates						
	Red	R _X		0.645			
		R _Y		0.330			
	Green	G _X		0.290			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G _Y	T 0.00	0.615	Тур.+0.03		
	Blue	B _X	Тур0.03	0.145			
		B _Y		0.055			
	White	W _X		0.280			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	W _Y	-	0.290			
Viewing Angle							5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ _r		89		degree	
	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ _u		89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ _d		89		degree	

Note:



1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

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Contrast Ratio= Surface Luminance of L_{on5} Surface Luminance of L_{off5}

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 5mA$. L_{WH} =Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:
 δ_{WHITE(9P)}= Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...L_{on9})
- 4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v=60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target					
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%	
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%	
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%	
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%	
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%		

4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG. 2 Luminance

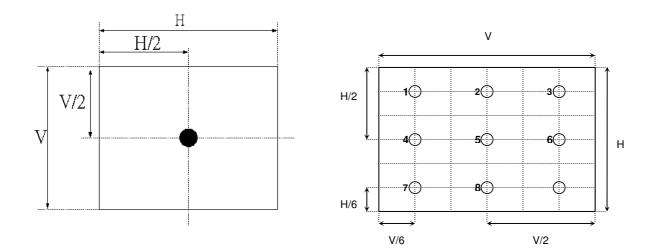
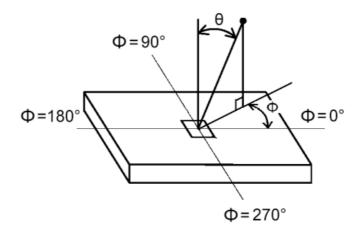




FIG.3 Viewing Angle





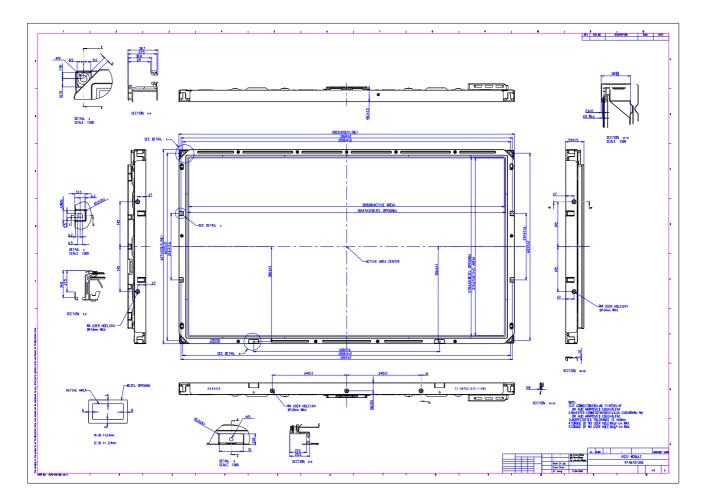
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T460HW07 V2. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	1083.0mm	
	Vertical	627.0mm	
Outline Dimension	Depth	59.0mm (w/ inverter & shielding)	
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	1024.9 mm	
	Vertical	578.6 mm	
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1018.08 mm	
Active Display Alea	Vertical	572.67 mm	
Weight	13000 g(Тур.)		
Surface Treatment	AG, Haze=11%, 3H		

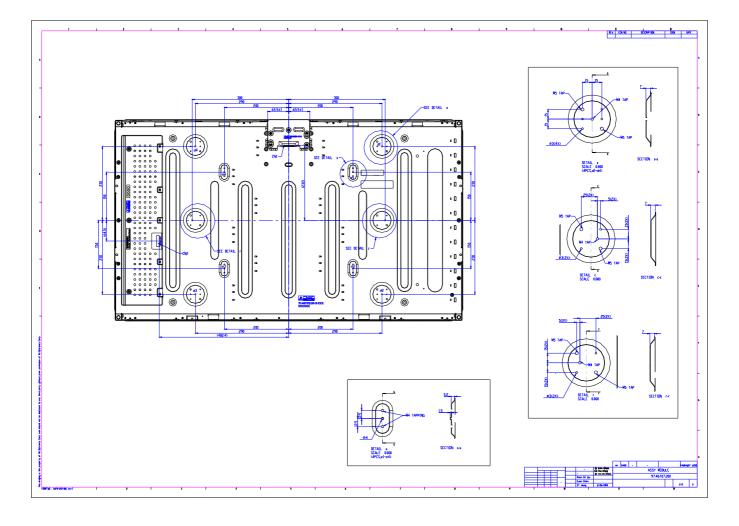


Front View





Back View





6. Reliability Test Items

Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
High temperature storage test	h temperature storage test 3 60°C, 300hrs	
Low temperature storage test 3 -20°C, 300hrs		-20℃, 300hrs
High temperature operation test	3	$50^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$, 300 hrs
Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
		Wave form : random
		Vibration level : 1.5G RMS
Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz
		Duration: X, Y, Z 30min
		One time for each direction
		Shock level: 50G
Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms
		Direction: $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$, One time each direction
		Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz)
vibration test (With Carton)	1(PCK)	30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
	1(PCK)	Drop Height: 25.4 cm (ASTMD4169-I)
Drop test (With carton)		6 surfaces (refer ASTM D 5276)
	High temperature storage test Low temperature storage test High temperature operation test Low temperature operation test Low temperature operation test Vibration test (non-operation) Shock test (non-operation) Vibration test (With carton)	High temperature storage test3Low temperature storage test3High temperature operation test3Low temperature operation test3Low temperature operation test3Vibration test (non-operation)3Shock test (non-operation)3Vibration test (With carton)1(PCK)



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

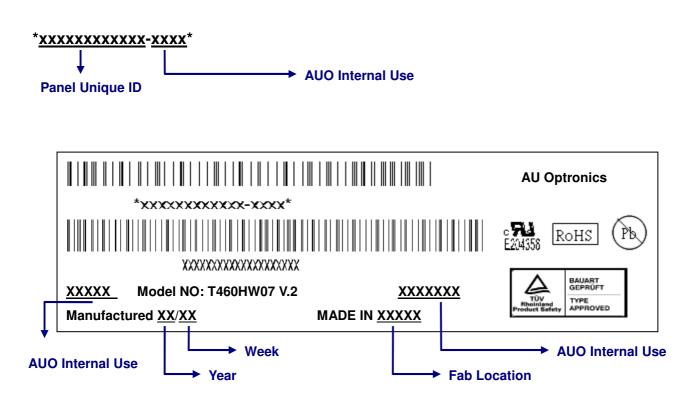
- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

8-1 Definition of Label :

A. Panel Label:



Green mark description

(1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.

(2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

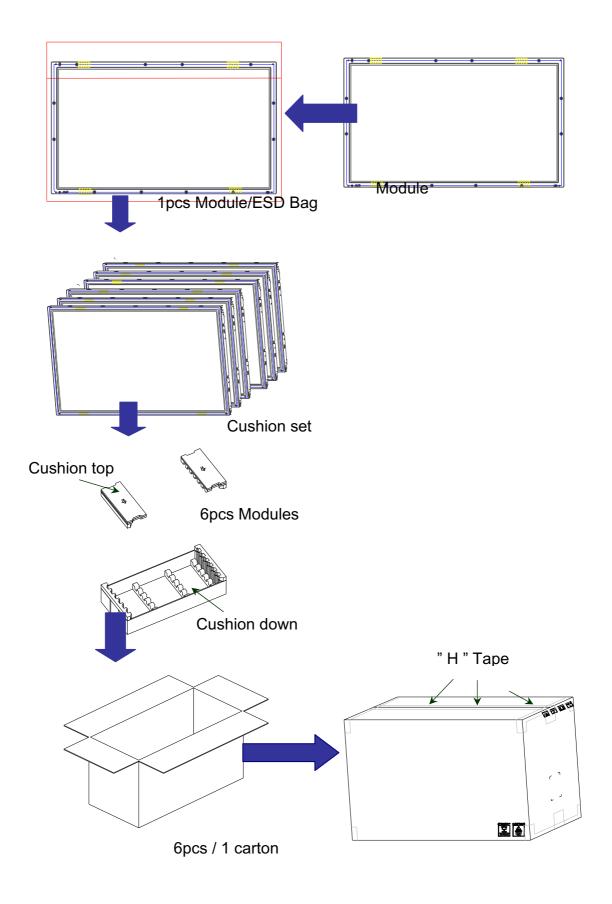
B. Carton Label:



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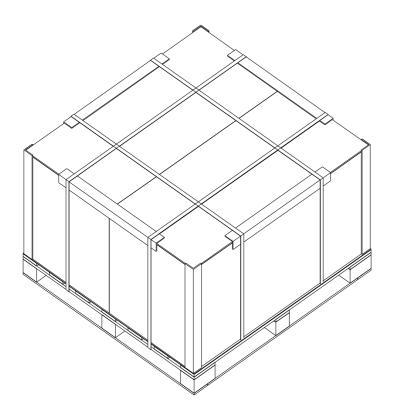
8-2 Packing Methods:





8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

			Packing				
	Item	Qty.	Qty. Dimension We		Remark		
1	Packing Box	6 pcs/box	6 pcs/box 1160(L)mm*547(W)mm*680(H)mm 97				
2	Pallet	1	1 1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*132(H)mm 18				
3	Boxes per Pallet	2 boxes/Pal	2 boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 2 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)				
4	Panels per Pallet	12pcs/pallet	12pcs/pallet(By Air) ; 12 pcs/Pallet (By Sea)				
5	Pallet	12(by Air)	ir) 1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*812(H)mm (by Air) 212 (by Air)				
	after packing	36(by Sea) 1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*2436(H)mm (by Sea) 636 (by Sea)			40ft HQ		





9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of LED depends on the temperature. And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize



the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.