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T546HW04 V3 Product Specification Rev.0 1

# Model Name: T546HW04 V3

Issue Date : 2011/03/14

() Preliminary Specifications(\*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date			
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Yen Ting Chiu				
Note	5	Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Reviewed By Project Leader Yi Tse Lin Prepared By PM Robyn Huang				
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# **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/10/11		First release
0.1	2011/03/01	P19	Update power sequence for backlight
		P6	Power supply input current, max = 1.68A
		P6	Power consumption, max = 20.16Watt
		P6	Inrush current, max = 4A
		P16	T2, max = 50ms
		P20	Lum, min = 320nits
		P25/26	Front/Back view update
	2011/03/29	P17	V-EPWM(Max)=3.3V
		P20	Color Coordinates ,By=0.05
		•	
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大UO AU Optronics T546HW04 V3 Product Specification Rev.0 1

# **1. General Description**

This specification applies to the 54.6 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T546HW04 V3. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 54.6 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T546HW04 V3 has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

#### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	54.6	inch	
Display Area	1209.6(H) x 680.4(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	Outline Dimension 1255.6(H) x 726.4(V) x 25(D)		D : Front bezel to Driver cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	1217.6 (H) x 688.4 (V)	mm	
Display Colors	10 bit(8+FRC), 1073.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.21 (H) x 0.63(W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	AG		Haze=2%
Rotate Function	Achievable		Note 1

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.



# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

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The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

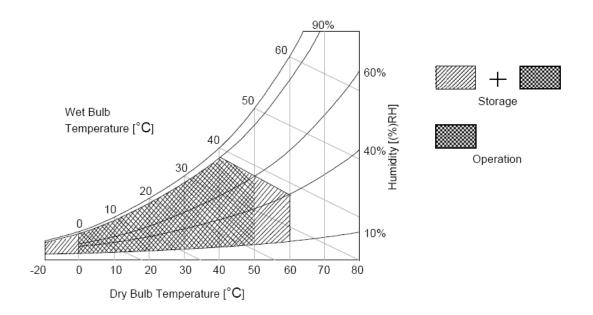
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be  $39^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$  and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50  $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$  Dry condition





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# 3. Electrical Specification

The T546HW04 V3 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

### **3.1 Electrical Characteristics**

### 3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
	i alametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	NOLE
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	10.8	12	13.2	$V_{\text{DC}}$	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		0.45	1.68	А	1
Power Co	nsumption	Pc		5.4	20.16	Watt	
Inrush Cu	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	4	А	2	
	Input Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	400	600	3	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TH</sub>	+100		+300	4	3
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TL</sub>	-300		-100	4	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	VICM	1.1	1.25	1.4	4	3
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> (High)	2.7		3.3	4	4
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> (Low)	0		0.6	5	4
Backlight	Power Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>		112	116	Watt	5
Life time (	MTTF)		30000			Hour	

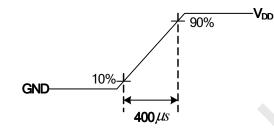
# 3.1.2: AC Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	note
	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW (CP)</sub>	-500		+500	ps	6
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	7
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	7
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	8



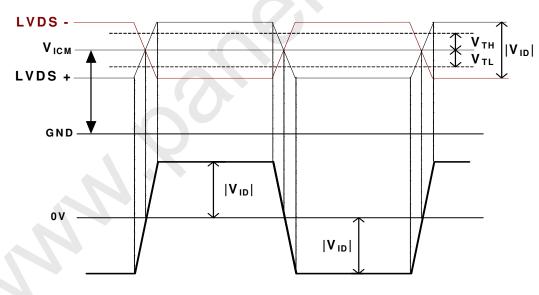
#### Note :

- 1. Test Condition:
  - (1)  $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
  - (2) Fv = Type Timing, 60Hz, 120Hz or Other
  - (3) Fclk= Max freq.
  - (4) Temperature = 25  $^{\circ}C$
  - (5) Typ. Input current : White Pattern
  - Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO
  - >> refer to "Section:3.3 Signal Timing Specification, Typical timing"
- 2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us



- 3. Test Condition:
  - (1) The measure point of  $V_{\text{RP}}\,$  is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
  - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.



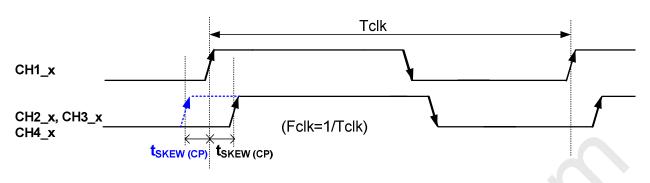


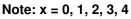
5. The measure points of  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.



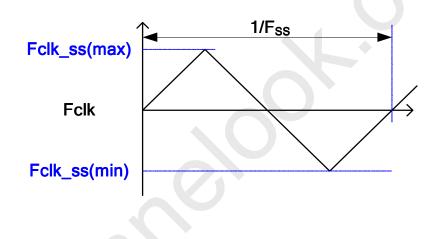


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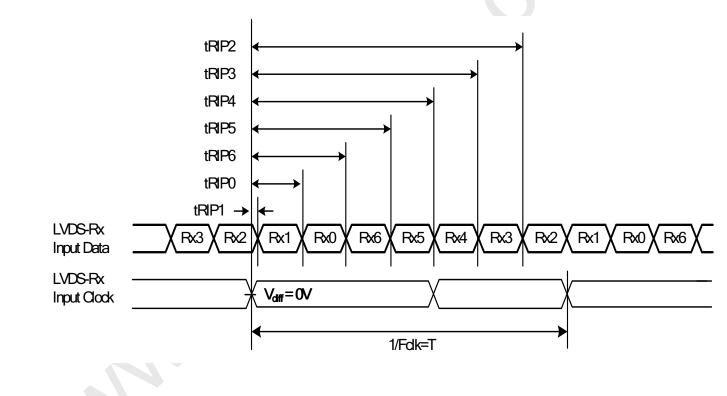
7. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.





8. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Unit	Note		
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





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#### 3.2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector: 187059-5122(Manufactured by P-TWO)
- Mating connector:

	<u> </u>				
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	26	GND	Ground
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	GND	Ground
3	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	BITSEL	LVDS 8/10bit Input Selection Open/High(3.3V) : 10bits Low(GND) : 8bits	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	ROTATE	Panel Rotation Display Control High(3.3V) : Rotate Enable Open/Low(GND) : Rotate Disable	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	34	GND	Ground
10	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0- 💧	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	43	GND	Ground
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	N.C.	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	49	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	50	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).





$\bullet$	LCD connector : 187060-4122 (Manufactured by P-TWO)
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PIN		Description	PIN	Symbol	Description		
1	N.C.	No connection	21	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+		
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	22	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-		
3	N.C.	No connection	23	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+		
4	N.C.	No connection		GND	Ground		
5	N.C.	No connection	25	GND	Ground		
6	N.C.	No connection	26	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-		
7	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+		
8	N.C.	No connection	28	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-		
9	GND	Ground	29	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+		
10	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	30	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-		
11	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+	31	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+		
12	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-	32	GND	Ground		
13	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+	33	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -		
14	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-	34	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +		
15	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+	35	GND	Ground		
16	GND	Ground	36	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-		
17	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -	37	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+		
18	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +	38	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-		
19	GND	Ground	39	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+		
20	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-	40	GND	Ground		
		20	41	GND	Ground		
41  GND  Ground							

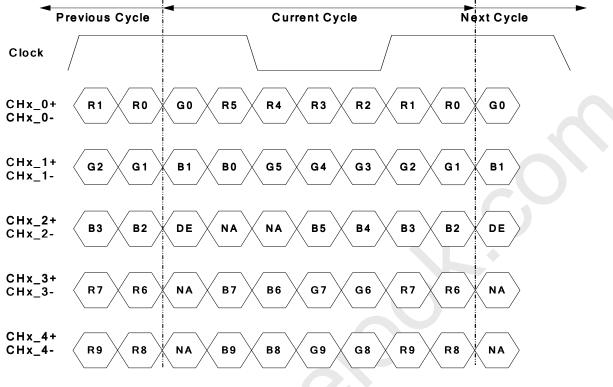
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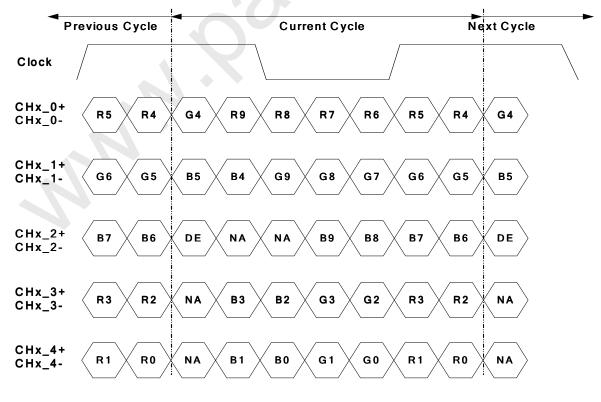
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# LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

#### LVDS Option = Low-JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

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### 3.3 Signal Timing Specification

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This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

### Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Τv	1090	1130	1392	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	50	312	Th
	Period	Th	540	570	580	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	480		Tclk	
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	60	90	100	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz

Notes:

(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

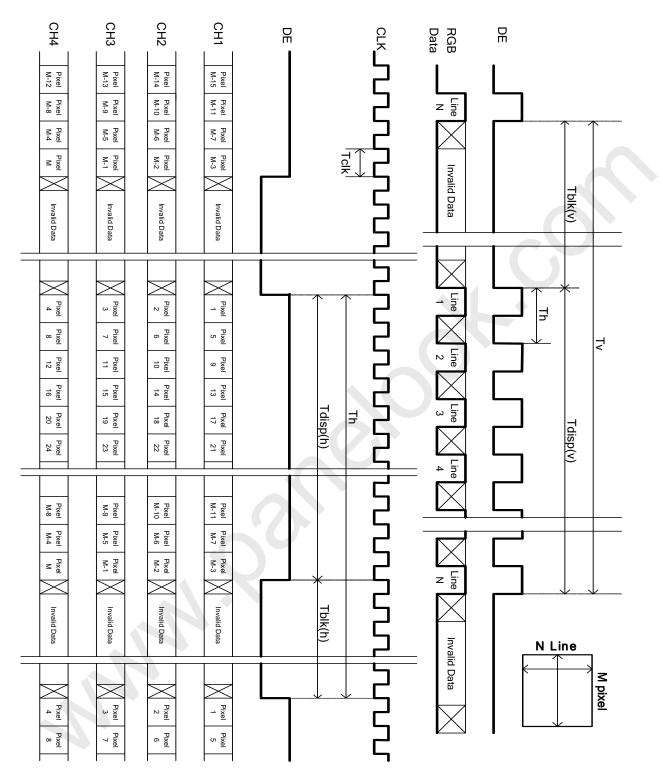
- (2)Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



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### 3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

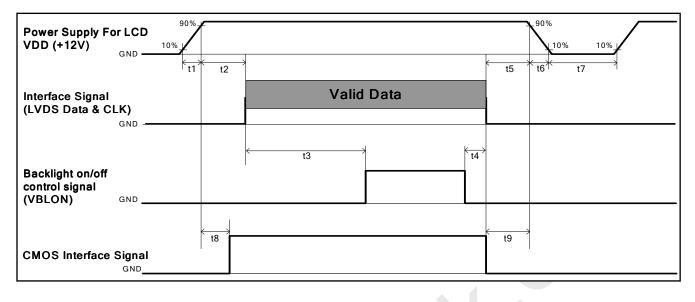
								С	OL	.OF	R	DA	TA	F	REF	FEF	REN		Ξ												
														Ir	nput	Col	or [	Data	l												
	Calar					RE	Đ								(	GRE	EEN	1								BL	UE				
	Color	MS	SB							L	SB	MSB LSB						MS	βB							L	SB				
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																															
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																															
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																															
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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### 3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Devenuetor		Linit		
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10		50	ms
t9	0			ms

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



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# 3.7 Backlight Specification (independent driver board)

The backlight unit contains 4pcs light bar.

# 3.7.1 Electrical specification

	Itom	Item Symbol				Spec		Unit	Note
	item	Syli		Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note
1	Input Voltage	VD	VDDB		22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I <sub>D</sub>	DB	VDDB=24V		4.67	4.81	ADC	1
3	Input Power	Pc	DB	VDDB=24V		112	116	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I <sub>RL</sub>	ISH	VDDB=24V	-	-	7	ADC	2
5		V	ON	VDDB=24V	2	-	5.5	VDC	-
5	On/Off control voltage	V <sub>BLON</sub>	OFF	עשי=24 ע	0	-	0.8	VDC	3
6	On/Off control current	I <sub>BLON</sub>		VDDB=24V		-	1.5	mA	-
7	External PWM	V EPWM		VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3	VDC	-
/	Control Voltage	V_EPVVIVI	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
8	External PWM Control Current	I_EF	WM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EI	PWM	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	4
10	External PWM Frequency	F_EF	F_EPWM		140	180	240	Hz	-
44		DET	ні		Ope	Open Collec		VDC	5
11	DET status signal	DET	Lo	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	5
12	Input Impedance	R	Rin		300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25±5°C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3: When BLU off ( VDDB = 24V , VBLON = 0V) , IDDB (max) = 0.02A

Note 4: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

Note 5: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector

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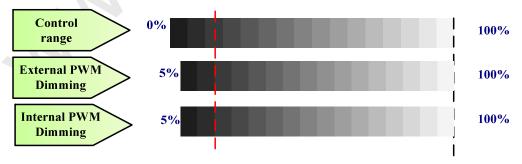


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# 3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

LED driver board connector : Cvilux CI0114M1HR0-NH

Pin	Symbol	Description					
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated					
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated					
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated					
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated					
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated					
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return					
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return					
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return					
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return					
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return					
		BLU status detection:					
11	DET	Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector					
		(Recommend Pull high $R > 10K$ , $VDD = 3.3V$ )					
		BLU On-Off control:					
12	VBLON	High/Open (2~5.5V) : BL On ;					
		Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off					
10		Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 5~100% Duty, open for 100%)					
13	VDIM	< NC ; when External PWM mode>					
14		External PWM (5%~100% Duty, open for 100%)					
14	PDIM(*)	< NC ; when Internal PWM mode>					



PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

(Note\*) IF External PWM function includes 5% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

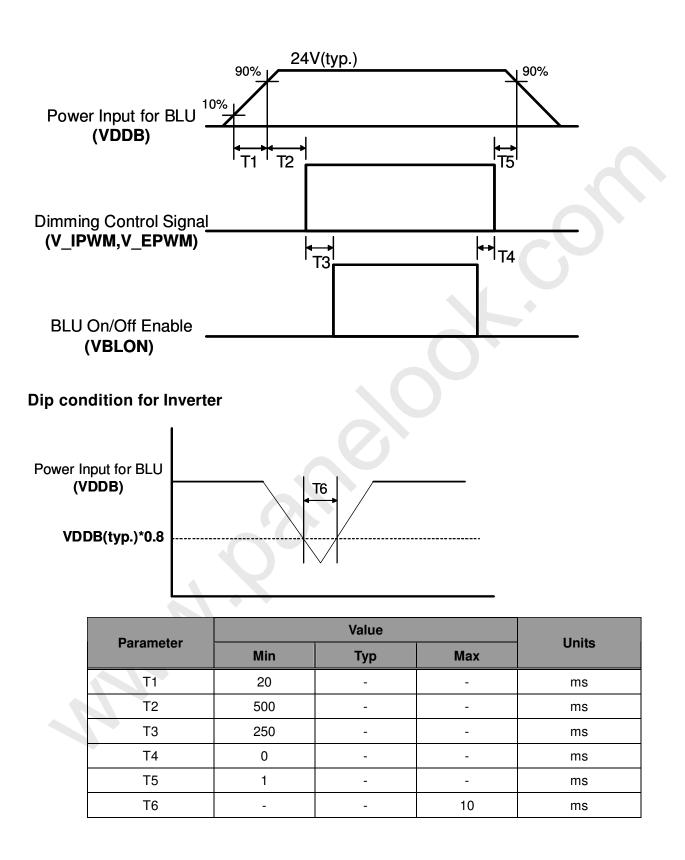
- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed

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3.7.3 Power Sequence for Backlight



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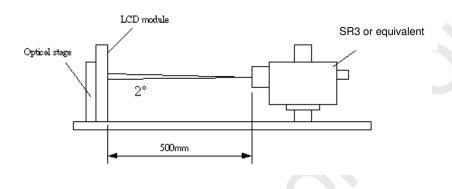


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# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

### Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Devenenter	Ourseland I		Values		Linit	Nataa
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast	Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface L	uminance (White)	L <sub>WH</sub>	320	380		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminan	ce Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>			1.33		3
Respons	e Time (G to G)	Тү		5.5		ms	4
Color Ga	mut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Co	ordinates	P					
	Red	R <sub>x</sub>		0.630			
		R <sub>Y</sub>	1	0.330			
	Green	G <sub>X</sub>		0.320			
		G <sub>Y</sub>	Turn 0.00	0.620	Ture : 0.00		
	Blue	B <sub>X</sub>	Тур0.03	0.150	Тур.+0.03		
		B <sub>Y</sub>		0.050			
	White	W <sub>X</sub>		0.280			
		W <sub>Y</sub>		0.290			
Viewing A	Angle						5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ <sub>r</sub>		89		degree	
2D	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
	y axis, up(φ=90 °)	θ <sub>u</sub>		89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ <sub>d</sub>		89		degree	



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

#### Surface Luminance of L<sub>on5</sub> Contrast Ratio= Surface Luminance of L<sub>off5</sub>

- Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When LED current I<sub>F</sub> = typical value (without driver board), LED input VDDB =24V, I<sub>DDB</sub>. = Typical value (with driver board), L<sub>WH</sub>=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta$ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

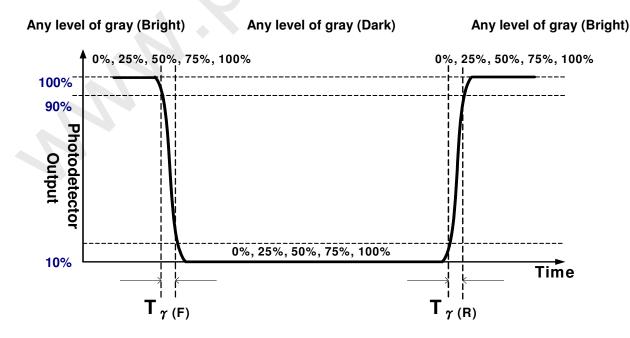
 $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}} = Maximum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}}) / Minimum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})$ 

4. Response time T<sub> $\gamma$ </sub> is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F<sub>v</sub>=120Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target								
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%				
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%				
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%				
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%				
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%				
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%					

 $T_{\gamma}$  is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period.

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".



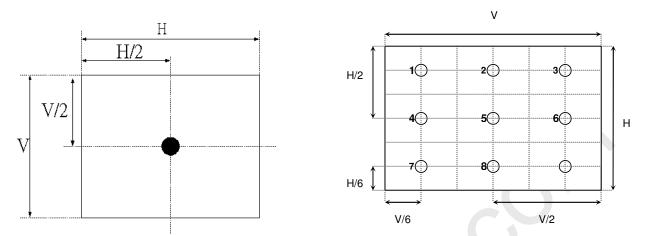
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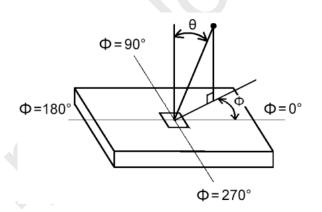
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#### FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

#### FIG.3 Viewing Angle



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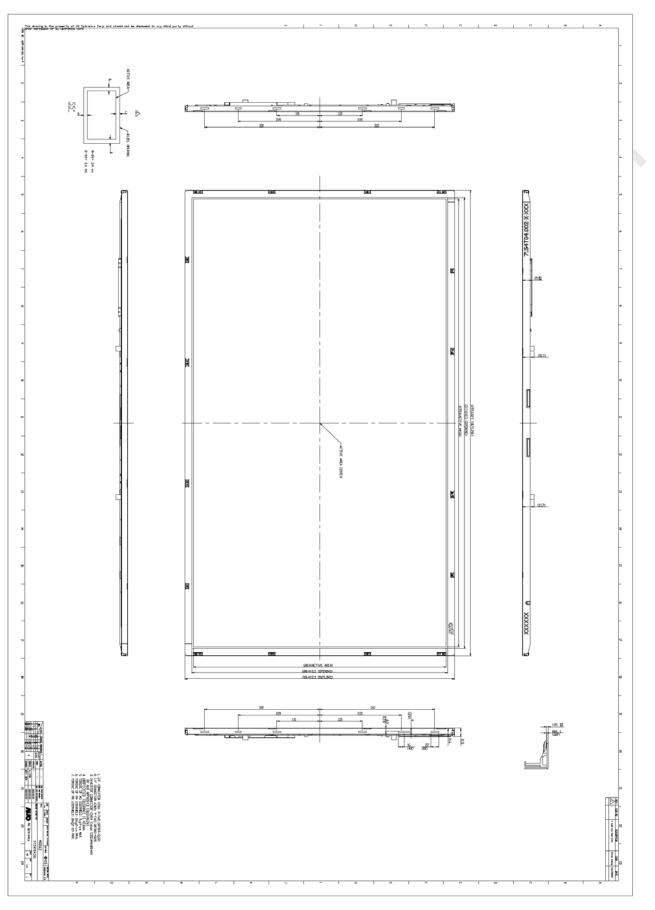
# **5. Mechanical Characteristics**

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T546HW04 V3. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

It	tem	Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	1255.6	mm	
	Vertical	726.4	mm	
Outline Dimension	Depth (Dmin)	10.8	mm	to rear
	Depth (Dmax)	25	mm	to inverter cover
Weight	160	00	g	

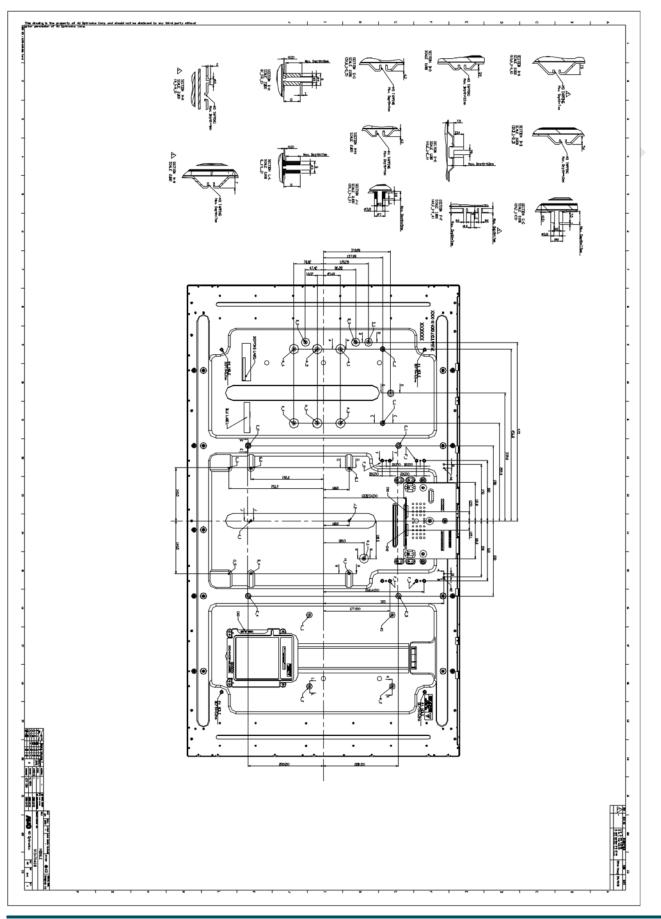


# **Front View**





# **Back View**



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# 6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃ , 300hrs
2	2 Low temperature storage test		-20℃, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test		-5°C, 300hrs
			Wave form: random
			Vibration level : 1.0G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth : 10-300Hz
			Duration : X,Y,Z 10min per axes
			X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up
			30G,11ms in ±X,Y,Z axis
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half sine wave
			Direction: One time each direction
			Random wave (1.05Grms 10~200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	3	Duration : X,Y,Z 10min per axes
			Height: 25.4cm (ASTMD4169-I)
8	Drop test (With carton)	3	1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces
			(refer ASTM D 5276)

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# 7. International Standard

### 7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

### 7.2 EMC

- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



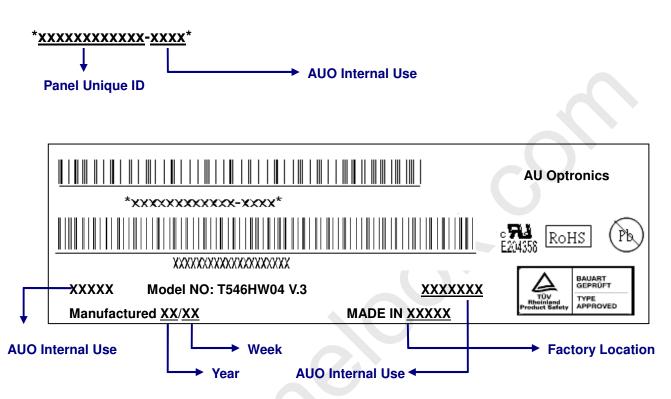
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8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



#### Green mark description

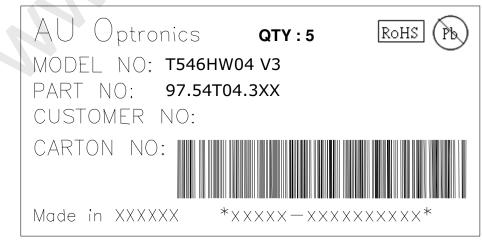
(1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (b) for identification.

(2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green

team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

# B. Carton Label:



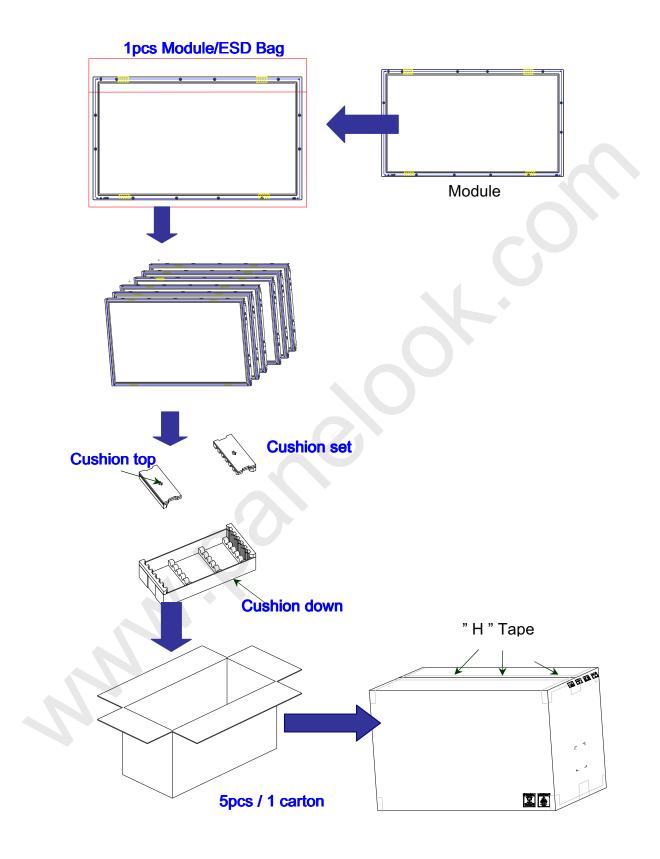
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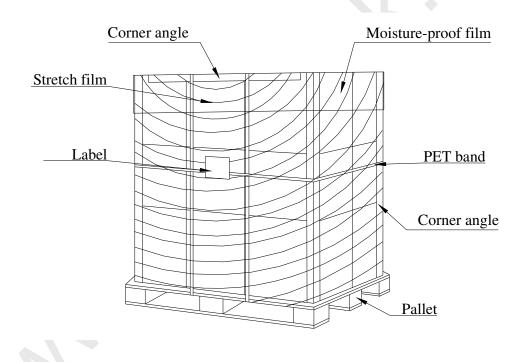
8-2 PACKING METHODS:





# 8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	ltem		Packing Remark			
	llem	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)		
1	Packing BOX	5pcs/box	1355(L)*375(W)*830(H)	105		
2	Pallet	1	1390(L)*1150(W)*132(H)	17		
3	Boxes per Pallet		3 boxes/pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet	15 pcs/pallet				
	Pallet after packing	15pcs	1390(L)*1150(W)*962(H)	332		



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# 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:
  V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall

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be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

# 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

### 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between  $5^{\circ}$ C and  $35^{\circ}$ C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.