Model Name: T645HW04.1 SKD

Issue Date : 2013/6/14

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date		
Approved By		Approval By PM Director CP Wang			
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen			
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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2013/06/14		First release
_			

1. General Description

This specification applies to the 65.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T645HW04 V1. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 65.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T645HW04 V1 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	65.00	inch	
Display Area	1428.48 (H) x 803.52 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1461.98 (H) x 839.24 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 1073.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.744 (H) x 0.744 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	SC		
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1

* General Information

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

			aj eddee danij	oporation of e	
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

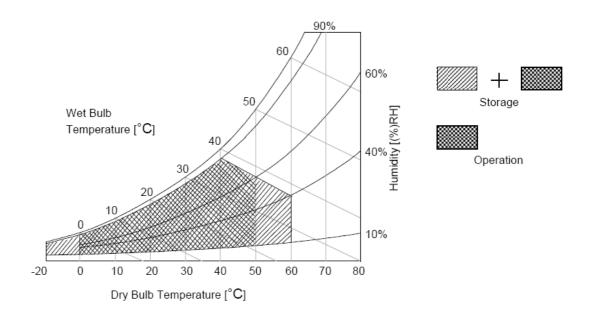
The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be $39^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50 $^\circ\! \mathbb C$ Dry condition



3. Electrical Specification

The T645HW04 V1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power back light unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol		Value		Unit	Nata
Parameter			Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Sup	ply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	
Power Sup	ply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.61	0.75	А	1
Inrush Cur	rent	I _{RUSH}			7.5	А	2
Permissible	e Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage	Vrp			Vdd * 5%	$mV_{pk\text{-}pk}$	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	+100		+300	$\mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{DC}}$	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{TL}	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V_{DC}	5
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V _{DC}	5

LED lightbar and LED Backlight structure are designed by customers, AUO can not guarantee life time and backlight power consumption.

3.1.2: AC Characteristics

	Parameter			Value	Unit	Note	
				Тур.	Max	Unit	NOLE
	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t _{SKEW (CP)}	-500		+500	ps	6
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	7
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	7
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	8
	SCL clock frequency	F _{SCL}	0		400	KHZ	
	I2C clock high level	T _{SCHi}	0.6			us	
12C	I2C clock low level	T _{SCLo}	1.2			us	
Interface	I2C data setup time	T _{SDS}	100			ns	
menace	I2C data hold time	T_{SDH}	0		900	ns	
	SDA and SCL rise time	T _R			1000	ns	
	SDA and SCL fall time	T _F			300	ns	

3.1.3: Driver Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
Driver Surface Temperature	DST		100	[°C]	Note

Note : Any point on the driver surface must be less than 100° under any conditions.

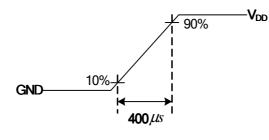
3.1.4: TCON Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
TCON Surface Temperature	TST		85	[°C]	Note

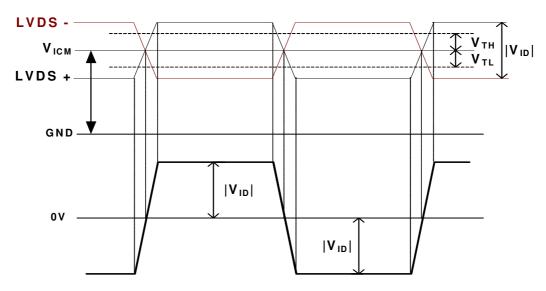
Note : Any point on the TCON surface must be less than 85° under any conditions.

Note :

- 1. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = 60Hz
 - (3) Fclk= 82MHz
 - (4) Temperature = 25 $^{\circ}C$
 - (5) Typ. Input current : White Pattern Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO
- 2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us

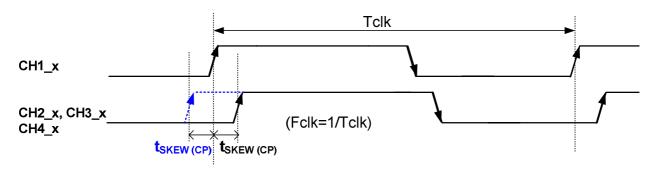


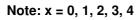
- 3. Test Condition:
 - (1) The measure point of $V_{\text{RP}}\,$ is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
 - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.
- **4.** V_{ICM} = 1.25V



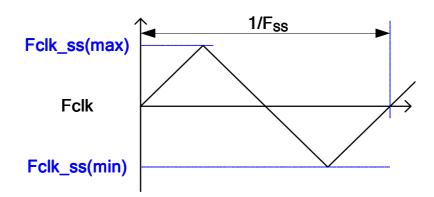
5. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.

6. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin.





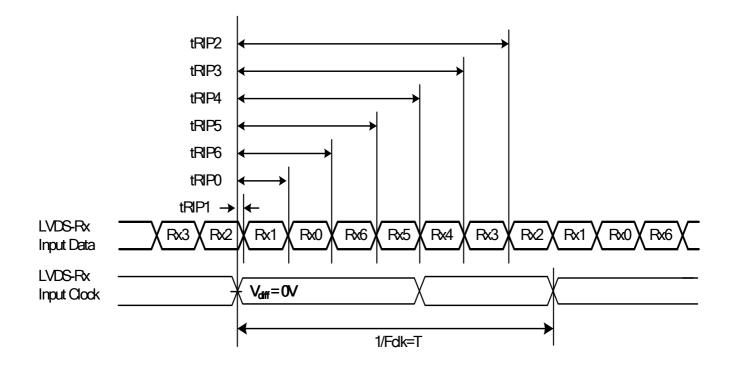
7. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.





8. Receiver Data Input Margin

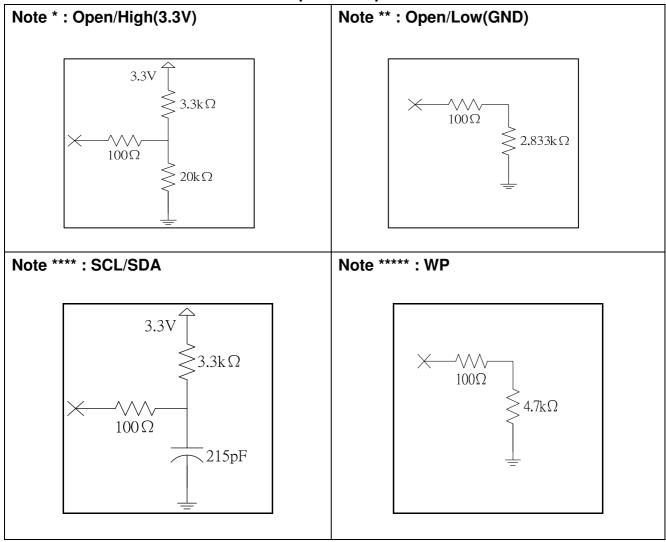
Parameter	Symbol		Unit	Note		
Parameter	Parameter Symbol Min Type		Туре	Max	Unit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





3.2 Interface Connections

3.2.1: LVDS connector control and I2C pin description





3.2.2:

LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF (JAE, LVDS connector)

Mating connector: please PM fill in

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description	
		No connection (for AUO test only. Do not			No connection (for AUO test only. Do	
1	N.C.	connect)	26	N.C.	not connect)	
					No connection (for AUO test only. Do	
2	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock	27	N.C.	not connect)	
		EEPROM Write Protection				
3	WP	High(3.3V) for Writable,	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	
5		Low(GND) for Protection	20		LVDS Ghanner 2, Signar 0-	
4	SDA	EEPROM Serial Data	00			
4	SDA		29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+	
5	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-	
		connect)				
6	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+	
		connect)		_		
7	LVDS SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS,	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-	
	_	Low(GND) for JEIDA		_		
8	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+	
		connect)		_		
9	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not	34	GND	Ground	
		connect)	0.	GIND		
10	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -	
		connect)				
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +	
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground	
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-	
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+	
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2,Signal 4-(for 10bit	
					input)	
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2,Signal 4+(for 10bit	
10	0111_2				input)	
17		IVDS Channel 1. Sizzal 0.	40	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do	
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	N.C.	not connect)	
10		Oracinal	40	NO	No connection (for AUO test only. Do	
18	GND	Ground	43	N.C.	not connect)	
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground	
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground	
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground	
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do	



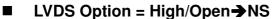
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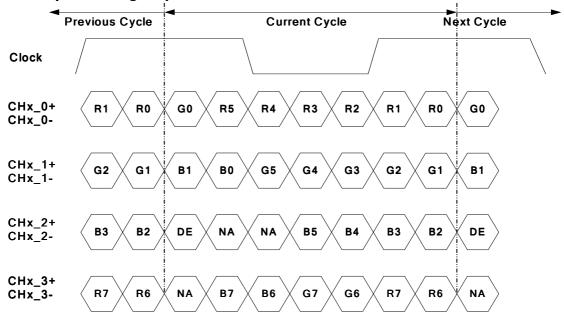
					nev. ut
					not connect)
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1,Signal 4-(for 10bit input)	49	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1,Signal 4+(for 10bit input)	50	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High). Note: Open / High(3.3V) / Low(GND)/ WP / SDA / SCL described in 3.2.1



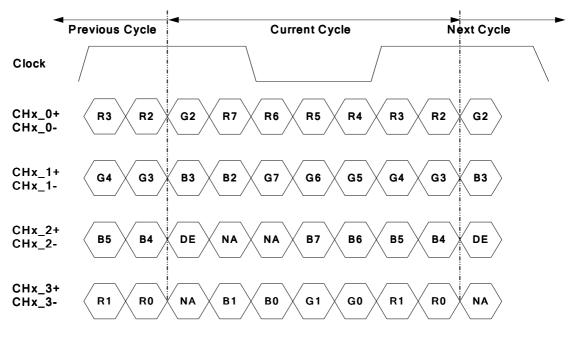
3.2.3: LVDS Option for 8bit





Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

■ LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Τv	1100	1125	1480	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	20	45	400	Th
	Period	Th 1040		1100	1328	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	960			
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	1100 1125 (v) 1080 v) 20 45 1040 1100 (h) 960 h) 80 140	368	Tclk	
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz

Notes:

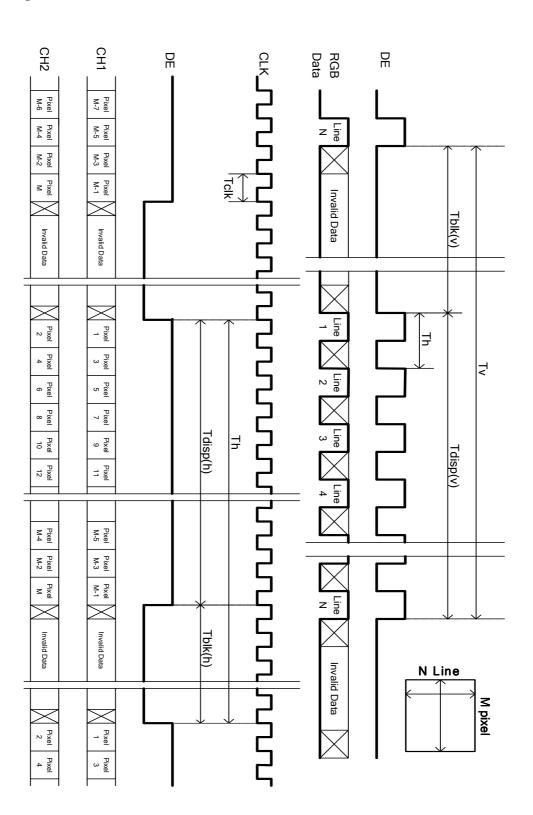
(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

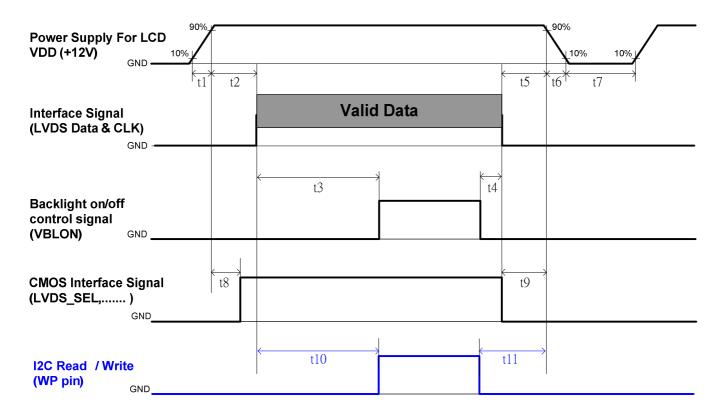
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

	Input Color Data																								
	Color				R	ED							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	COIOI	MS	В					LS	SΒ	MSB			LSB MS			ISB LS				SB					
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

COLOR DATA REFERENCE



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Demonster		1.1		
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10*3		50	ms
t9	0			ms
t10	450			ms
t11	150			ms

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

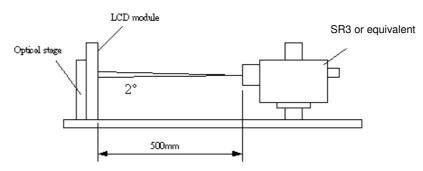
(3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Values	Unit	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	notes
Contrast Ratio	CR		4000	5000			1
Surface Luminance	1			300		cd/m ²	2
(White)	L _{WH}			300		Cu/III	2
256 Gray Gamma(Center)			1.9	2.2	2.5		3
L/R Gamma			-0.25	Center	+0.25		3
Low Gray Uniformity		*			55%		3
(Center 5nits)					5578		5
Color Uniformity (9 point)			-0.011	0	0.011		3
∆ж , ∆у			-0.011	0	0.011		5
Response Time (G to G)	Тγ			8		Ms	4
Center Transmittance	Т%			4.35		%	7
Color Chromaticity							5
Red	R _X			0.650			
	R _Y			0.329			
Green	G _X			0.313			
	Gy	*	Тур0.03	0.638	Typ.+0.03		
Blue	B _X		Typ0.03	0.153	Typ.+0.05		
	B _Y			0.036			
White	W _X			0.276]		
	W _Y			0.292			
Viewing Angle		With AUO Module					6
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ _r			89		degree	

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				 	nev. ui
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89	 degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ		89	 degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ_{d}		89	 degree	

1. Light source here is the BLU of AUO T645HW05 V0 module.

* The typical values of contrast ratio, surface luminance, luminance variation, and color chromaticity are based on the average value of DVT samples with T645HW05 V0 backlight.

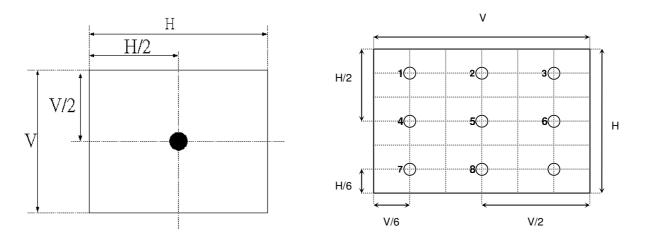
* T650HW05 V0 LED lightbar and LED backlight structure are designed by customers, AUO can not guarantee the typical value of NTSC, RGBW, contrast ratio, luminance, and maximum value of luminance variation.

2. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance of L_{on5} Contrast Ratio= Surface Luminance of L_{off5}

3. The criteria is for reference. When condition about out of criteria happened, to clarify root cause due to open cell or back light unit is necessary.

FIG. 2 Luminance



4. The variation in surface luminance, $\delta WHITE$ is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}} = Maximum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}}) / Minimum(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})$

5. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_{ν} =240Hz to optimize.

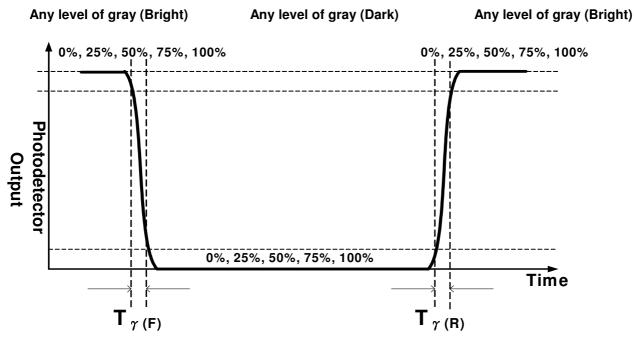
Ме	asured			Target		
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

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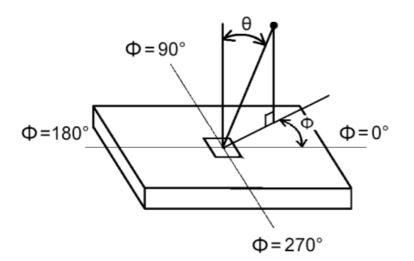
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".

FIG.3 Response Time



6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG.4 Viewing Angle



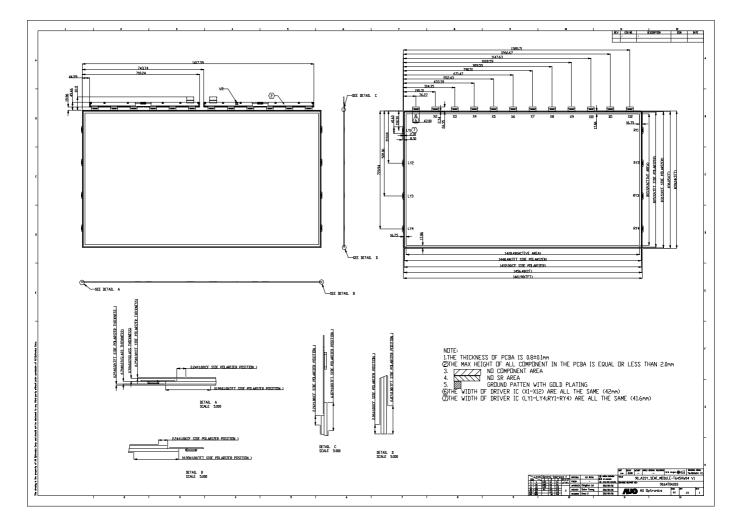
7. Definition of Transmittance (T%):

Transmittance =
$$\frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module}}{\text{Luminance of backlight}} * 100\%$$

During transmittance measurement, the backlight of LCD module contains no brightness enhancement film. Two diffuser sheets which diffuse the light source uniformly are suggested to use for transmittance measurement.



5. Open Cell Drawing



6. Reliability Test Items (Reference Only)

Open cell reliability is based on T645HW04 V0 module RA result, except open cell packing vibration and drop.

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃ , 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃ , 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (With carton)	1(PKG)	Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz) 30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
6	Drop test (With carton)	1(PKG)	Drop Height: 10.2 cm, 6 Flats (Front→Rear→Left→Right→Top→Bottom) (ASTMD4169-I)

Note: Test item 1~4Test item 1~4 RA tests are done on AUO T645HW04 V0 panels.



7. Packing

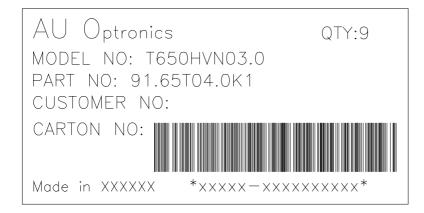
7-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Open cell shipping Label:



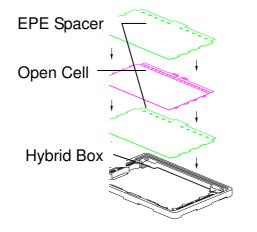
- (1) AUO internal code
- (2) Manufactured date
- (3) Model name

B. Carton Label:





7-2 PACKING METHODS:



1Box for 9 pcs cells & 10 pcs spacers

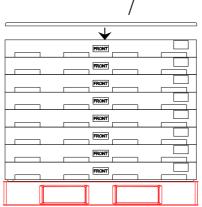




9 Pcs/Box,



EPP Top Cover

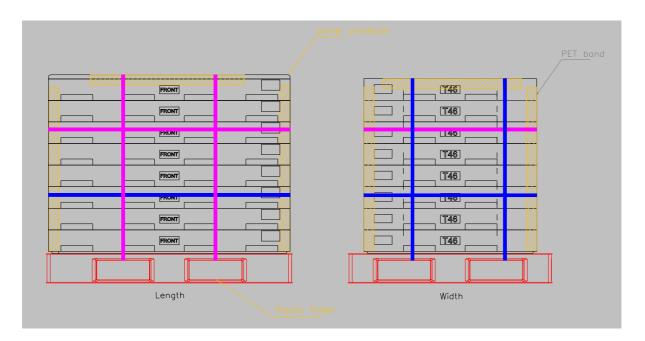


Pallet Dimension:1680*1150*140 mm 8 Boxes/Pallet, after stack 8 boxes, then put EPP top cover on it.



7-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

			Specification							
	Item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark					
1	Packing Box	9 pcs/box	1650(L)mm*1070(W)mm*123(H)mm	52						
2	Pallet	1	1680(L)mm*1150(W)mm*145(H)mm	20						
3	Boxes per Pallet	9 boxes/Palle	boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 9 Boxes/Pallet*Double Pallet (By Sea)							
4	Panels per Pallet	81 pcs/pallet(l	By Air) ; 81 pcs/Pallet*Double Pallet (By Sea)							
5	Pallet	81 (by Air)	1680(L)mm*1070(W)mm*1079(H)mm (by Air)	438 (by Air)						
	after packing	162(by Sea)	1200(L)mm*1000(W)mm*2158(H)mm (by Sea)	876 (by Sea)	40ft HQ					





8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

8-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

8-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

8-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

8-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

8-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

8-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.