

## TONE RINGER (For telephone set)

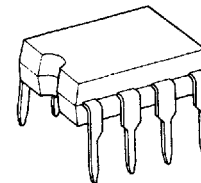
- Current consumption is small. (at no-load)
- Package is compact. (DIP-8 pin)
- Oscillation frequency is variable.
- Built-in threshold circuits prevent false triggering due to power noise as well as "chirps" due to rotary dial.
- Few external components.

## DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TA31002P/F AND TA31002AP/AF

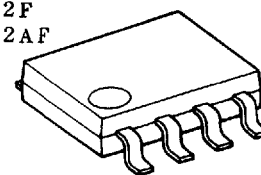
NAME OF PRODUCT	INITIATION SUPPLY VOLTAGE	SUSTAINING SUPPLY VOLTAGE
TA31002P/F	19V (Typ.)	12V (Typ.)
TA31002AP/AF	16V (Typ.)	9V (Typ.)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	30	V
Power Dissipation	P/AP Type	800	mW
	F/AF Type	350	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~150	°C

TA31001P  
TA31002P  
TA31002AP

DIP8-P-300A

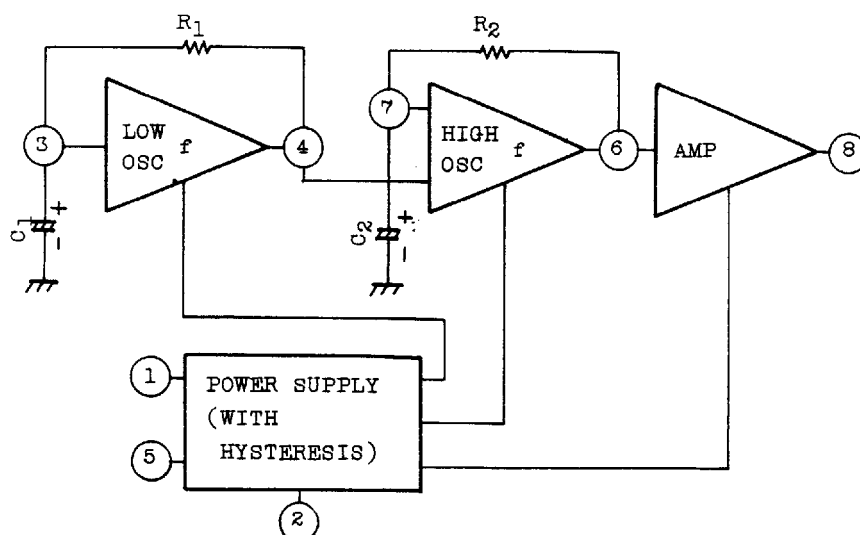
TA31001F  
TA31002F  
TA31002AF

SOP8-P-225

Weight:

DIP16-P-300A: 1.0g(Typ.)  
SSOP16-P-225: 0.2g(Typ.)

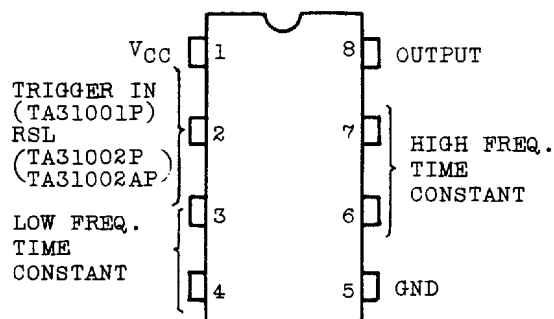
## BLOCK DIAGRAM

Note: R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub> and C<sub>2</sub> are parts externally mounted.

## PIN CONNECTION

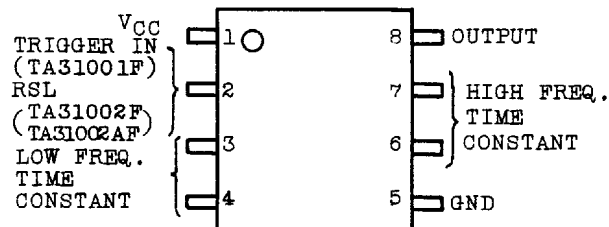
TA31001P/TA31002P/TA31002AP

(TOP VIEW)



TA31001F/TA31002F/TA31002AF

(TOP VIEW)



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C) TA31001P/F, TA31002P/F

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Operating Voltage	$V_{opr}$	-		-	-	29	V	
Initiation Supply Voltage	$V_{si}$	-	(Note 1)	17	19	21	V	
Sustaining Supply Voltage	$V_{sus}$	-	(Note 2)	10.5	12	-	V	
Initiation Current Consumption	$I_{si}$	-	No-Load	1.4	3.3	4.2	mA	
Sustaining Current Consumption	$I_{sus}$	-		0.7	1.4	2.5	mA	
Oscillation Frequency (Note 3)	$f_L$	-	$C_1=0.47\mu F, R_1=165k\Omega$	9	10	11	Hz	
	$f_{H1}$	-	$C_2=6800pF, R_2=191k\Omega$	461	512	563		
	$f_{H2}$	-		576	640	703		
Output Voltage	"H" Level	$V_{OH}$	-	$V_{CC}=24V, I_{OH}=-10mA$ PIN 7=GND	20.0	21.5	22.5	V
	"L" Level	$V_{OL}$	-	$V_{CC}=24V, I_{OL}=10mA$ PIN 7=7V	0.7	1.0	2.0	
TRIGGER IN Terminal Operating Voltage (TA31001P/F)	$V_{Trig}$	-	$V_{CC}=15V$ $I(PIN)=100\mu A$	7.8	10	11.5	V	

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C) TA31002AP/AF

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Voltage		V <sub>opr</sub>	-		-	-	29	V
Initiation Supply Voltage		V <sub>si</sub>	-	(Note 1)	14	16	18	V
Sustaining Supply Voltage		V <sub>sus</sub>	-	(Note 2)	8.4	9.0	-	V
Initiation Current Consumption		I <sub>si</sub>	-	No-Load	1.1	2.7	3.6	mA
Sustaining Current Consumption		I <sub>sus</sub>	-		0.3	0.8	1.8	mA
Oscillation Frequency (Note 3)		f <sub>L</sub>	-	C <sub>1</sub> =0.47μF, R <sub>1</sub> =165kΩ	9	10	11	Hz
		f <sub>H1</sub>	-	C <sub>2</sub> =6800pF, R <sub>2</sub> =191kΩ	461	512	563	
		f <sub>H2</sub>	-		576	640	703	
Output Voltage	"H" Level	V <sub>OH</sub>	-	V <sub>CC</sub> =24V, I <sub>OH</sub> =-10mA PIN 7=GND	20.0	21.5	22.5	V
	"L" Level	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	V <sub>CC</sub> =24V, I <sub>OL</sub> =10mA PIN 7=5V	0.7	1.0	2.0	

Note 1. Initiation Supply Voltage (V<sub>si</sub>) is a supply voltage required to start oscillation of the tone ringer.

2. Sustaining Supply Voltage (V<sub>sus</sub>) is a supply voltage required to maintain oscillation of the tone ringer.

3. Oscillation frequency is determined by the following equations 1,2, and 3.

$$(1) f_L = 1/1.234 \cdot R_1 \cdot C_1 \text{ (Hz)}, \quad (2) f_{H1} = 1/1.515 \cdot R_2 \cdot C_2 \text{ (Hz)}, \quad (3) f_{H2} = 1.24 f_{H1} \text{ (Hz)}$$

## METHOD OF USING PIN 2

## 1. TA31001P/F METHOD OF USING TRIGGER IN

Usually PIN 2 is used at an open state, but in the TA31001P/F, the TRIGGER IN terminal can prohibit oscillation and also can change the initiation supply voltage ( $V_{si}$ ).

When the TA31001P/F is oscillating ( $V_{sus} < V_s$ ), if PIN 2 is connected to GND as shown in Fig. 1a, the TA31001P/F can stop oscillating. Further, the oscillation of the TA31001P/F can be stopped by connecting PIN 2 to voltage  $V_I$  through the resistor  $R_I$  as shown in Fig. 1b.

In case of  $V_{sus} < V_s \leq V_{si}$ , the oscillation of the TA31001P/F can be started by forcing a current  $I_E$  ( $4\mu A < I_E < 1mA$ ) into PIN 2.

If PIN 2 is connected to  $V_s$  as shown in Fig. 2a, oscillation can be started under a lower supply voltage than the initiation supply voltage at the time when PIN 2 is used at an open state.

Further, the initiation supply voltage ( $V_{si}$ ) can be changed by using a zener diode as shown in Fig. 2b.

$V_{si}$  is determined by the following formulas:

$$V_{si} = V_{Trig} + V_Z + 4R_E$$

$$R_E = (M\Omega)$$

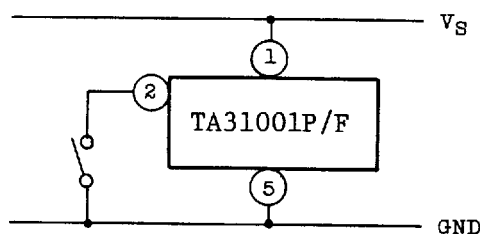


Fig. 1a

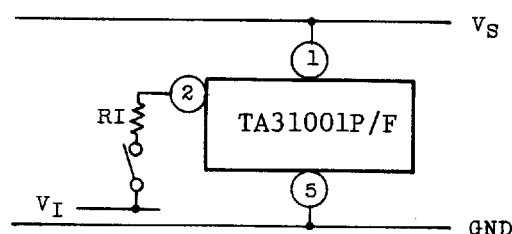
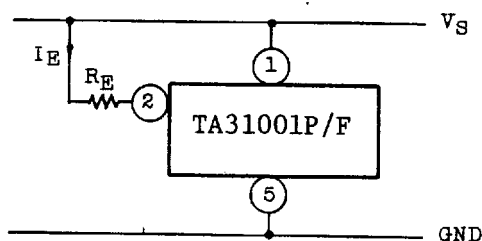


Fig. 1b  $0 \leq V_I \leq 0.5V$   
 $0 \leq R_I \leq 20k\Omega$



$$10k\Omega < R_E < \frac{(V_s - 10)}{4} (M\Omega)$$

Fig. 2a

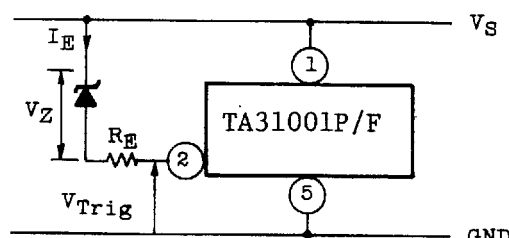


Fig. 2b

## 2. TA31002P/F, TA31002AP/AF METHOD OF USING RSL

In the TA31002P/F, TA31002AP/AF the initiation current consumption ( $I_{Si}$ ) can be changed by using the RSL terminal.

The resistor  $R_{SL}$  is connected to GND from PIN 2 as shown in Fig. 3.

Further, the initiation current consumption ( $I_{Si}$ ) can be changed by changing the value of  $R_{SL}$ .

Fig. 4 and Fig. 5 show the graph of  $V_S$ - $I_S$

characteristic at the time when  $R_{SL}$  has been changed to three values. The  $V_S$ - $I_S$  characteristic in TA31002P/F at the time when  $R_{SL}=6.8k\Omega$  coincides with that at the time when PIN 2 of the TA31001P/F has been used at an open state.

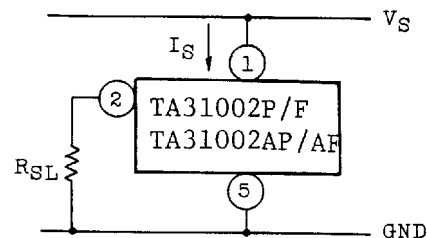


Fig. 3

## TA31002P/F SUPPLY VOLTAGE-CURRENT CONSUMPTION

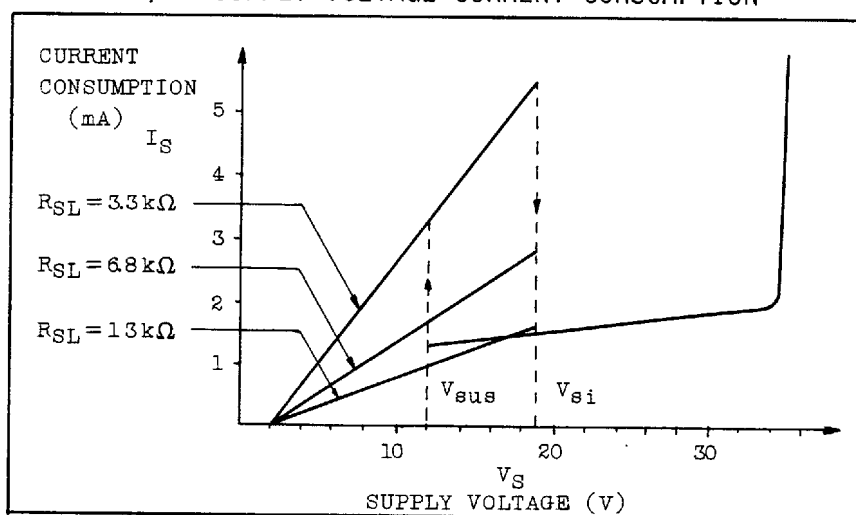


Fig. 4

## TA31002AP/AF SUPPLY VOLTAGE-CURRENT CONSUMPTION

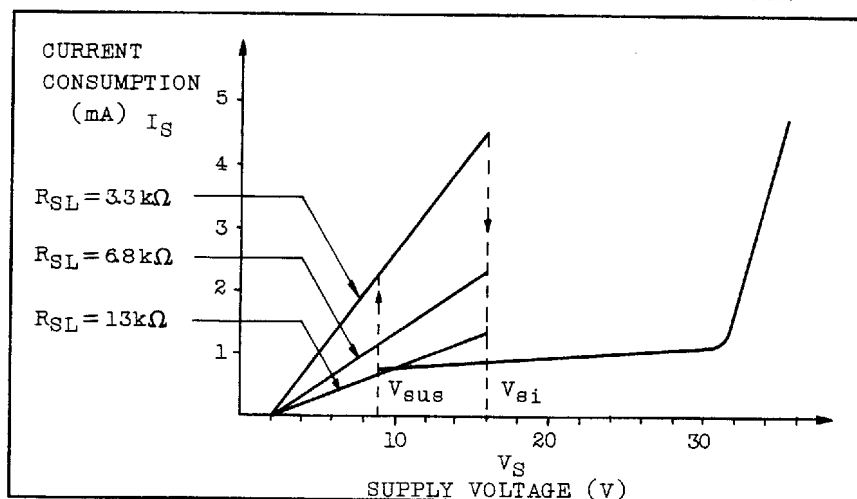
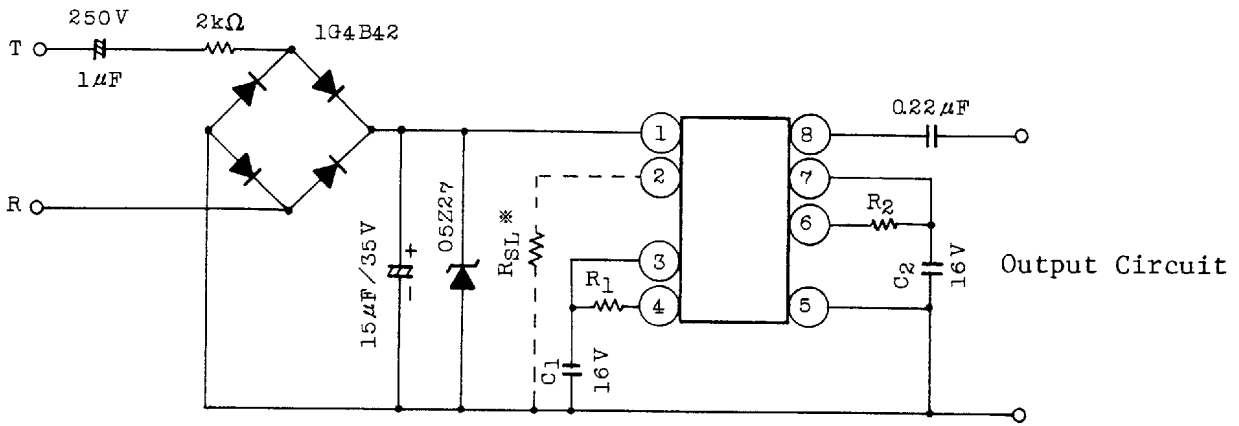


Fig. 5

APPLICATION CIRCUIT OF TONE RINGER



\* Use for TA31002P/F, TA31002AP/AF

$$f_L = 1 / 1.234 R_1 \cdot C_1$$

$$f_{H1} = 1 / 1.515 R_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$f_{H2} = 1.24 f_{H1}$$

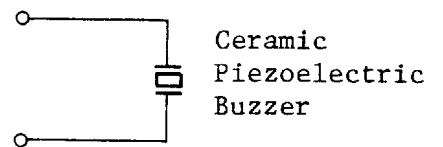
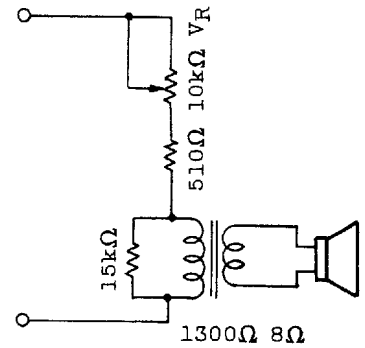
Example  $R_1 = 165k\Omega$      $R_2 = 191k\Omega$   
 $C_1 = 0.47\mu F$      $C_2 = 0.0068\mu F$

$$f_L \doteq 10Hz$$

$$f_{H1} \doteq 500Hz$$

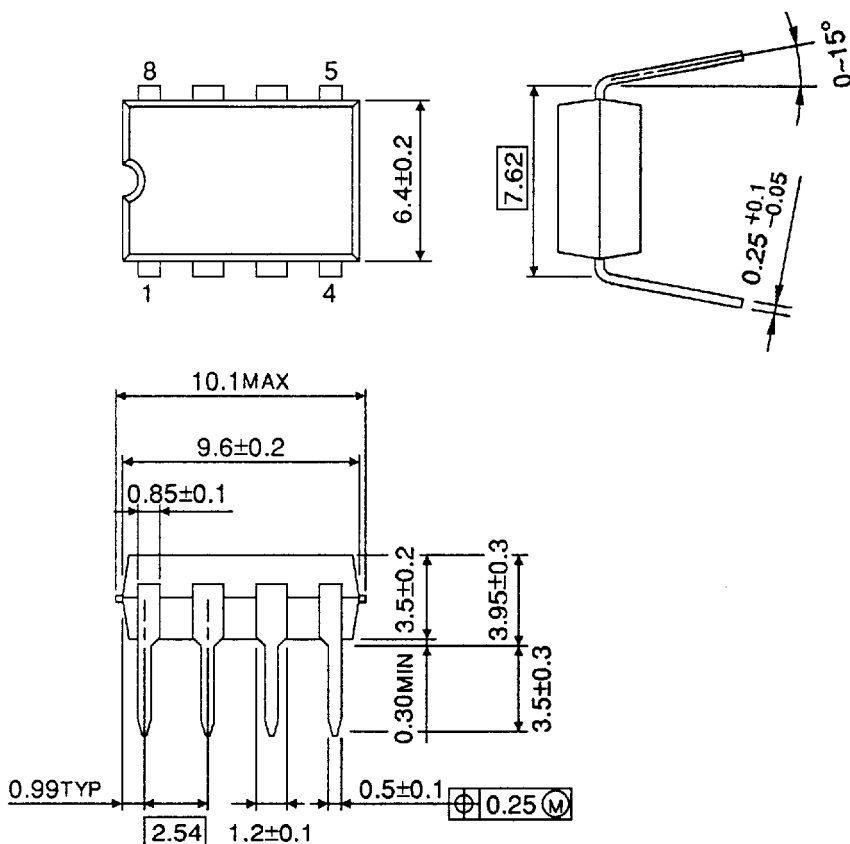
$$f_{H2} \doteq 630Hz$$

Example of Output Circuit



OUTLINE DRAWING  
DIP8-P-300A

Unit in mm



Weight : 0.5g (Typ.)

9097247 0019618 348

TA31001P-7

1991-5-29

TOSHIBA CORPORATION