TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TA8145FN

Stereo Headphone Amplifier (1.5V USE)

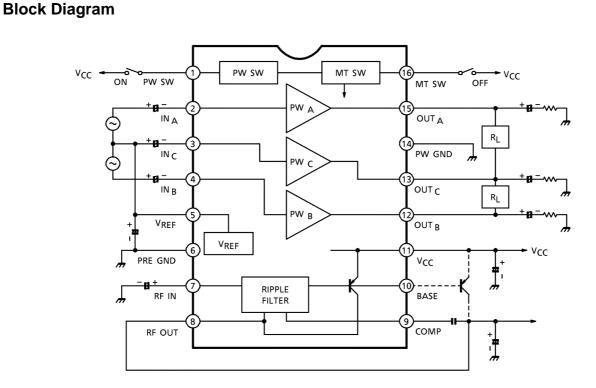
The TA8145FN is a stereo headphone power amplifier IC, which is developed for low voltage operation (1.5V). It is especially suitable for a stereo headphone cassette player.

### Features

- OCL (output condenser-less)
- Built–in a ripple filter
- G<sub>V</sub> = 22dB (typ.)
- Output power:  $P_0 = 8mW$  (typ.) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.5V, R<sub>L</sub> = 16Ω, THD = 10%, Ta = 25°C)
- Built-in a power switch.
- Built-in a power amplifier mute.
- Excellent ripple rejection ratio: RR = 52dB (typ.)
- Low noise:  $V_{no} = 27 \mu V_{rms}$  (typ.)
- Operating supply voltage range (Ta = 25°C) VCC (opr) = 0.9~2.2V

# SSOP16-P-225-0.65B

Weight: 0.09g (typ.)



**Terminal Explanation** Terminal Voltage: Typical Terminal Voltage at no Signal with Test Circuit ( $V_{CC}$  = 1.2V, Ta = 25°C)

|     | erminal          | Function  | Internal Circuit | Terminal    |  |  |
|-----|------------------|---|------------------|-------------|--|--|
| No. | Name             |   |                  | Voltage (V) |  |  |
| 1   | PW SW            | Power on / off switch.<br>V <sub>CC</sub> : Power ON<br>GND / OPEN: Power OFF | vcc<br>v vcc     | _           |  |  |
| 16  | MT SW            | Muting switch.<br>V <sub>CC</sub> : Muting OFF<br>GND / OPEN: Muting ON       |                  | _           |  |  |
| 2   | INA              | Input of power amplifier  |                  | 0.75        |  |  |
| 4   | IN <sub>B</sub>  |   |                  | 0.10        |  |  |
| 15  | OUTA             | - Output of power amplifier   |                  | 0.6         |  |  |
| 12  | OUTB             |   |                  |             |  |  |
| 3   | IN <sub>C</sub>  | Input of center amplifier   | $V_{\text{REF}}$ | 0.75        |  |  |
| 13  | OUT <sub>C</sub> | Output of center amplifier  |                  | 0.6         |  |  |
| 5   | VREF             | Reference voltage   |                  | 0.75        |  |  |
| 6   | PRE GND          | _   | _                | 0           |  |  |
| 7   | RF IN            | Ripple filter terminal  |                  | 1.2         |  |  |

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| Te<br>No. | erminal<br>Name | Function   | Internal Circuit | Terminal<br>Voltage (V) |
|-----------|-----------------|--|------------------|-------------------------|
| 8         | RF out          | Ripple filter output.                                      | V <sub>CC</sub>  | 1.1                     |
| 9         | Comp            | Phase–compensation terminal for a ripple filter circuit.   |                  | 0.7                     |
| 10        | Base            | Base bias for an external PNP transistor of ripple filter. |                  | 0.5                     |
| 11        | V <sub>CC</sub> | —  | _                | 1.2                     |
| 14        | PW GND          | —  | —                | 0                       |

### **Application Note**

(1) Center amplifier

It is necessary to insert the coupling capacitor between the terminal of center amplifier input and  $V_{REF}$ , because it is necessary to stabilize the center amplifier circuit. Input signal should not be applied to the input terminal of center amplifier, because the internal circuit has unbalance and center amplifier doesn't operate normally.

(2) Power amplifier input

The input signal should be applied to power amplifier input through a coupling capacitor, because in case that DC current or DC voltage is applied to the terminal of INA (pin 2) and INB (pin 4), the internal circuit has unbalance and center amplifier doesn't operate normally.

(3) Muting switch

The leak current flows through the terminal of MT SW (pin 16), in case that the terminal is connected with  $V_{CC}$  line independently, even though this IC is off-mode (the terminal of PW SW (pin 1) is off-mode).

(4) Power switch

It is necessary to connect an external pull-down resistor with the terminal of PW SW (pin 1), in case that this IC is turned on due to external noise etc.

## Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Cha               | aracteristic                           | Symbol                | Rating  | Unit |  |
|-------------------|--|-----------------------|---------|------|--|
| Supply voltage    |  | V <sub>CC</sub>       | 4.5     | V    |  |
|                   | Power amplifier                        | I <sub>O (peak)</sub> | 60      | mA   |  |
| Output current    | Ripple filter<br>(built–in transistor) | I <sub>RF</sub>       | 5       |      |  |
| Power dissipation | on (Note)                              | PD                    | 400     | mW   |  |
| Operating temp    | erature                                | T <sub>opr</sub>      | -25~75  | °C   |  |
| Storage tempera   | ature                                  | T <sub>stg</sub>      | -55~150 | 0    |  |

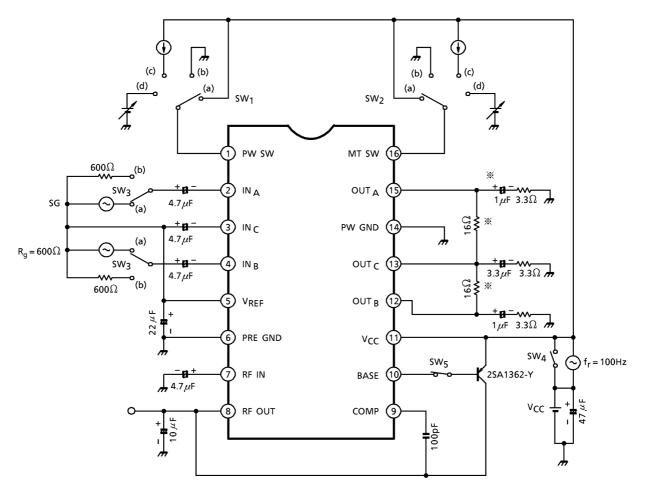
Note: Derated above Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C in the proportion of 3.2mW / °C.

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless Otherwise Specified.  $V_{CC}$  = 1.2V,  $R_L$  = 16 $\Omega$ ,  $R_g$  = 600 $\Omega$ , f = 1kHz, Ta = 25°C SW<sub>1</sub>: a, SW<sub>2</sub>: a, SW<sub>3</sub>: a, SW<sub>4</sub>: ON, SW<sub>5</sub>: ON

|                                 | Cha   | aracteristic         | SymbolTest<br>Cir-<br>cuitTest ConditionMin.Typ.Max. |   | Unit   |     |     |     |                   |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|--|---|--|-----|-----|-----|-------------------|
|                                 |   | I <sub>CCO1</sub>    | —  | Power off, SW <sub>1</sub> : b, SW <sub>2</sub> : b | -  | 0.1 | 5   | μA  |                   |
| Quiescent current               |   |                      | I <sub>CCO2</sub>                                    |   | Mute on, SW <sub>2</sub> : b   | —   | 1.6 | 3   | mA                |
|                                 |   | I <sub>CCO3</sub>    | V <sub>in</sub> = 0, SW <sub>3</sub> : b             |   | —  | 10  | 14  |     |                   |
|                                 | Voltage g   | gain                 | GV   |   | $V_{0 (A)} = V_{0 (B)} = -22 dBV$  | 20  | 22  | 24  | dB                |
|                                 | Channel balance                                   |                      | СВ   | ] _   | V <sub>o</sub> = -22dBV  | _   | 0   | 1.5 | uБ                |
| er                              | Output power                                      |                      | Po   | _   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5V, THD = 10%<br>V <sub>in (A)</sub> = V <sub>in (B)</sub>                                     | 5   | 8   | _   | mW                |
| Power amplifier                 | Total harmonic distortion                         |                      | THD  | _   | $V_{CC} = 1V$<br>P <sub>0</sub> (A) = P <sub>0</sub> (B) = 0.5mW   | _   | 0.7 | 1.5 | %                 |
|                                 | Output no   | Output noise voltage |  | _   | SW <sub>3</sub> : b, BPF = 20Hz~20kHz  | _   | 27  | 40  | μV <sub>rms</sub> |
| Ч                               | Cross talk  |                      | СТ   |   | V <sub>o</sub> = -22dBV  | 31  | 37  | _   |                   |
|                                 | Ripple rejection ratio                            |                      | RR1  |   | $V_{CC}$ = 1V, f <sub>r</sub> = 100Hz<br>V <sub>r</sub> = -32dBV, SW <sub>4</sub> : open                           | 45  | 52  | _   | dB                |
|                                 | Muting at   | ttenuation           | ATT  | 1   | V <sub>o</sub> = –22dBV, SW <sub>2</sub> : a→b   | 65  | 80  |     | 1                 |
| Ripple filter output<br>voltage |   | V <sub>RF</sub>      | _  | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1V, I <sub>RF</sub> = 30mA        | 0.86   | 0.9 | _   | V   |                   |
|                                 | Ripple rejection ratio of<br>ripple filter output |                      | RR2  | _   | $V_{CC}$ = 1V, I <sub>RF</sub> = 30mA<br>f <sub>r</sub> = 100Hz, V <sub>r</sub> = -32dBV<br>SW <sub>4</sub> : open | 30  | 37  | _   | dB                |
| Pow                             | ver<br>switch                                     | Power on<br>current  | I <sub>1</sub>                                       | -   | $V_{CC}$ = 0.9V, $V_5 \ge 0.5V$ , SW <sub>1</sub> : c  | 5   | _   | _   | μA                |
|                                 |   | Power off voltage    | V <sub>1</sub>                                       | _   | $V_{CC} = 0.9V, V_5 \le 0.1V$<br>SW <sub>1</sub> : d   | 0   | _   | 0.3 | V                 |
| Mut                             | e   | Mute off<br>current  | I <sub>16</sub>                                      | _   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9V, V <sub>13</sub> ≥ 0.3V, SW <sub>2</sub> : c  | 5   | _   | _   | μA                |
| SV                              | switch  | Mute on<br>voltage   | V <sub>16</sub>                                      | _   | $V_{CC} = 0.9V, V_{13} \le 0.3V$<br>SW <sub>2</sub> : d  | 0   | _   | 0.3 | V                 |

### **Test Circuit**



% Tantalum condenser

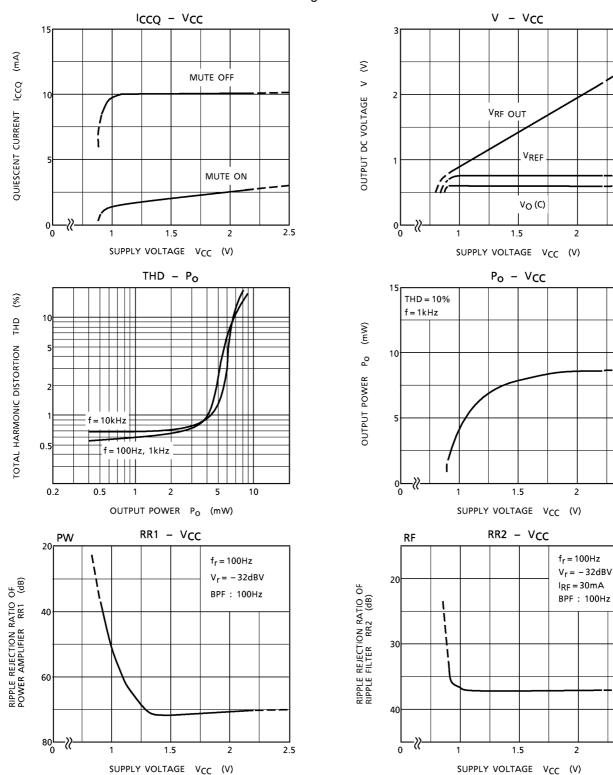
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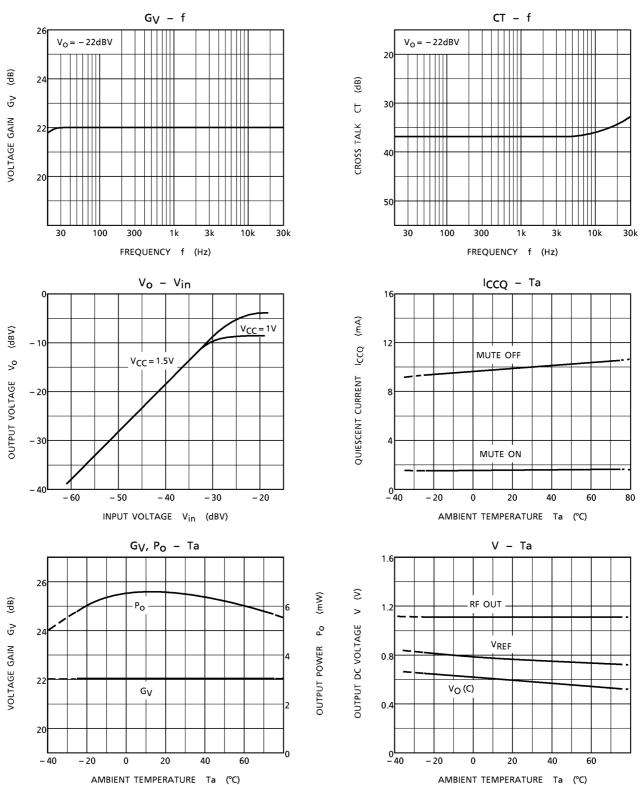
2.5

2.5

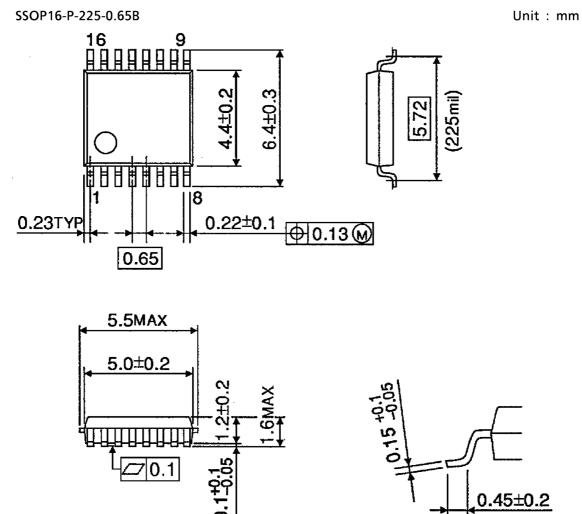
### **Characteristics Curves**

Unless Otherwise Specified,  $V_{CC}$  = 1.2V,  $R_g$  = 600 $\Omega$ , f = 1kHz,  $R_L$  = 16 $\Omega$ , Ta = 25°C





### **Package Dimensions**



Weight: 0.09g (typ.)

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