

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74ACT174P, TC74ACT174F

## Hex D-Type Flip Flop with Clear

The TC74ACT174 is an advanced high speed CMOS HEX D-TYPE FLIP FLOP fabricated with silicon gate and double-layer metal wiring C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology.

It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent Bipolar Schottky TTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

This device may be used as a level converter for interfacing TTL or NMOS to High Speed CMOS. The inputs are compatible with TTL, NMOS and CMOS output voltage levels.

Information signals applied to D inputs are transferred to the Q outputs on the positive going edge of the clock pulse.

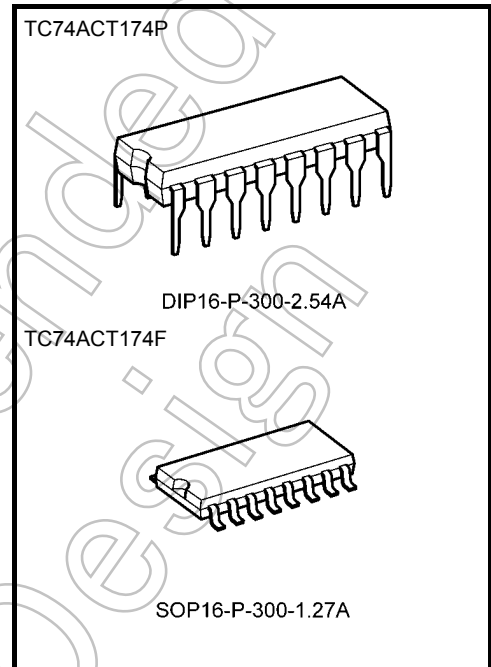
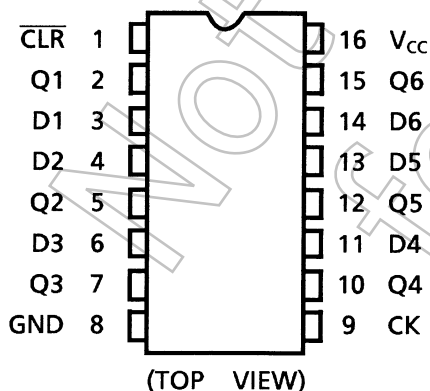
When the CLR input is held low, the Q output are in the low logic level independent of the other inputs.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

### Features

- High speed:  $f_{max} = 155 \text{ MHz (typ.)}$  at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$
- Low power dissipation:  $I_{CC} = 8 \mu\text{A (max)}$  at  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- Compatible with TTL outputs:  $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V (max)}$   
 $V_{IH} = 2.0 \text{ V (min)}$
- Symmetrical output impedance:  $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA (min)}$   
Capability of driving  $50 \Omega$  transmission lines.
- Balanced propagation delays:  $t_{pLH} \approx t_{pHL}$
- Pin and function compatible with 74F174

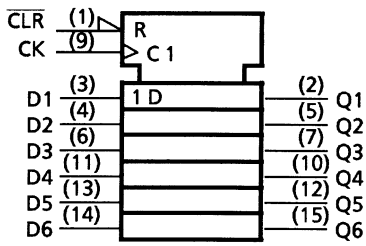
### Pin Assignment



|                   |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Weight            |                 |
| DIP16-P-300-2.54A | : 1.00 g (typ.) |
| SOP16-P-300-1.27A | : 0.18 g (typ.) |

Start of commercial production  
1989-11

**IEC Logic Symbol**

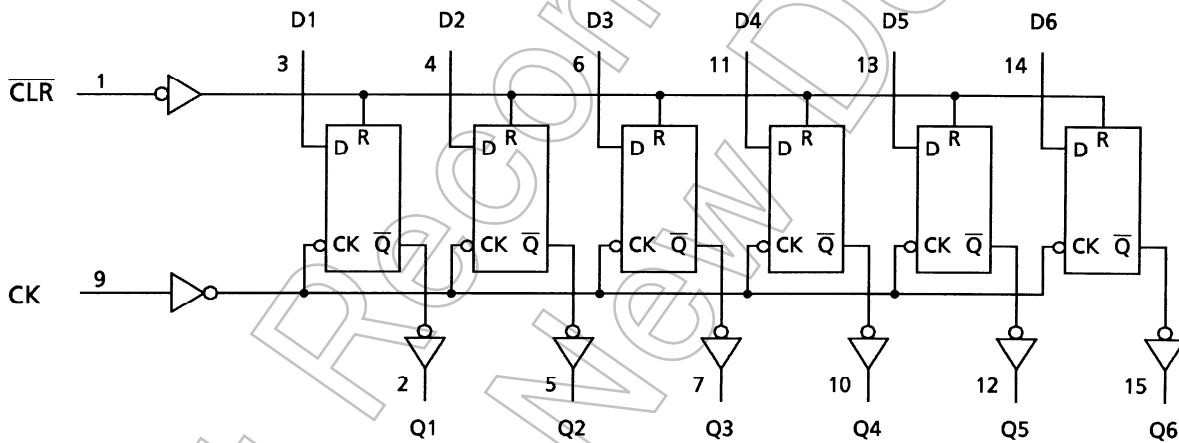


**Truth Table**

| Inputs                  |   |    | Output | Function  |
|-------------------------|---|----|--------|-----------|
| $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ | D | CK | Q      |           |
| L                       | X | X  | L      | Clear     |
| H                       | L |    | L      | —         |
| H                       | H |    | H      | —         |
| H                       | X |    | Qn     | No Change |

X: Don't care

**System Diagram**



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

| Characteristics             | Symbol    | Rating                       | Unit               |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Supply voltage range        | $V_{CC}$  | -0.5 to 7.0                  | V                  |
| DC input voltage            | $V_{IN}$  | -0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$       | V                  |
| DC output voltage           | $V_{OUT}$ | -0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$       | V                  |
| Input diode current         | $I_{IK}$  | $\pm 20$                     | mA                 |
| Output diode current        | $I_{OK}$  | $\pm 50$                     | mA                 |
| DC output current           | $I_{OUT}$ | $\pm 50$                     | mA                 |
| DC $V_{CC}$ /ground current | $I_{CC}$  | $\pm 150$                    | mA                 |
| Power dissipation           | $P_D$     | 500 (DIP) (Note 2)/180 (SOP) | mW                 |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$ | -65 to 150                   | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: 500 mW in the range of  $T_a = -40$  to  $65^{\circ}\text{C}$ . From  $T_a = 65$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  a derating factor of  $-10$  mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  should be applied up to 300 mW.

### Operating Ranges (Note)

| Characteristics          | Symbol    | Rating        | Unit               |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|
| Supply voltage           | $V_{CC}$  | 4.5 to 5.5    | V                  |
| Input voltage            | $V_{IN}$  | 0 to $V_{CC}$ | V                  |
| Output voltage           | $V_{OUT}$ | 0 to $V_{CC}$ | V                  |
| Operating temperature    | $T_{opr}$ | -40 to 85     | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Input rise and fall time | dt/dV     | 0 to 10       | ns/V               |

Note: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

## Electrical Characteristics

### DC Characteristics

| Characteristics           | Symbol          | Test Condition  |                                 | Ta = 25°C           |      |      | Ta = -40 to 85°C |      | Unit |     |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|------------------|------|------|-----|
|                           |                 |   |                                 | V <sub>CC</sub> (V) | Min  | Typ. | Max              | Min  |      | Max |
| High-level input voltage  | V <sub>IH</sub> | —   |                                 | 4.5 to 5.5          | 2.0  | —    | —                | 2.0  | —    | V   |
| Low-level input voltage   | V <sub>IL</sub> | —   |                                 | 4.5 to 5.5          | —    | —    | 0.8              | —    | 0.8  | V   |
| High-level output voltage | V <sub>OH</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>                      | I <sub>OH</sub> = -50 μA        | 4.5                 | 4.4  | 4.5  | —                | 4.4  | —    | V   |
|                           |                 |   | I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA        | 4.5                 | 3.94 | —    | —                | 3.80 | —    |     |
|                           |                 |   | I <sub>OH</sub> = -75 mA (Note) | 5.5                 | —    | —    | —                | 3.85 | —    |     |
| Low-level output voltage  | V <sub>OL</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>                      | I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA         | 4.5                 | —    | 0.0  | 0.1              | —    | 0.1  | V   |
|                           |                 |   | I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA         | 4.5                 | —    | —    | 0.36             | —    | 0.44 |     |
|                           |                 |   | I <sub>OL</sub> = 75 mA (Note)  | 5.5                 | —    | —    | —                | —    | 1.65 |     |
| Input leakage current     | I <sub>IN</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND                                  |                                 | 5.5                 | —    | —    | ±0.1             | —    | ±1.0 | μA  |
| Quiescent supply current  | I <sub>CC</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND                                  |                                 | 5.5                 | —    | —    | 8.0              | —    | 80.0 | μA  |
|                           | I <sub>C</sub>  | Per input: V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.4 V<br>Other input: V <sub>CC</sub> or GND |                                 | 5.5                 | —    | —    | 1.35             | —    | 1.5  | mA  |

Note: This spec indicates the capability of driving 50 Ω transmission lines.

One output should be tested at a time for a 10 ms maximum duration.

### Timing Requirements (input: t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 3 ns)

| Characteristics                                  | Symbol                                   | Test Condition | Ta = 25°C           | Ta = -40 to 85°C | Unit |       |
|--|--|----------------|---------------------|------------------|------|-------|
|  |  |                | V <sub>CC</sub> (V) | Limit            |      | Limit |
| Minimum pulse width (CK)                         | t <sub>w</sub> (L)<br>t <sub>w</sub> (H) | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5           | 5.0              | 5.0  | ns    |
| Minimum pulse width ( $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ )  | t <sub>w</sub> (L)                       | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5           | 5.0              | 5.0  | ns    |
| Minimum set-up time                              | t <sub>s</sub>                           | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5           | 3.5              | 3.5  | ns    |
| Minimum hold time                                | t <sub>h</sub>                           | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5           | 2.0              | 2.0  | ns    |
| Minimum removal time ( $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ ) | t <sub>rem</sub>                         | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5           | 3.0              | 3.0  | ns    |

### AC Characteristics ( $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 500 \text{ } \Omega$ , input: $t_r = t_f = 3 \text{ ns}$ )

| Characteristics   | Symbol                 | Test Condition | Ta = 25°C |     |      | Ta = -40 to 85°C |     | Unit |     |
|---|------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----|------|------------------|-----|------|-----|
|   |                        |                | VCC (V)   | Min | Typ. | Max              | Min |      | Max |
| Propagation delay time<br>(CK-Q)                        | $t_{pLH}$<br>$t_{pHL}$ | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5 | —   | 7.1  | 10.1             | 1.0 | 11.5 | ns  |
| Propagation delay time<br>( $\overline{\text{CLR}}-Q$ ) | $t_{pHL}$              | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5 | —   | 7.4  | 11.8             | 1.0 | 13.5 | ns  |
| Maximum clock frequency                                 | $f_{max}$              | —              | 5.0 ± 0.5 | 85  | 140  | —                | 85  | —    | MHz |
| Input capacitance                                       | $C_{IN}$               | —              | —         | —   | 5    | 10               | —   | 10   | pF  |
| Power dissipation capacitance                           | $C_{PD}$<br>(Note)     | —              | —         | —   | 32   | —                | —   | —    | pF  |

Note:  $C_{PD}$  is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/6 \text{ (per F/F)}$$

And the total  $C_{PD}$  when n pcs of Flip Flop operate can be gained by the following equation.

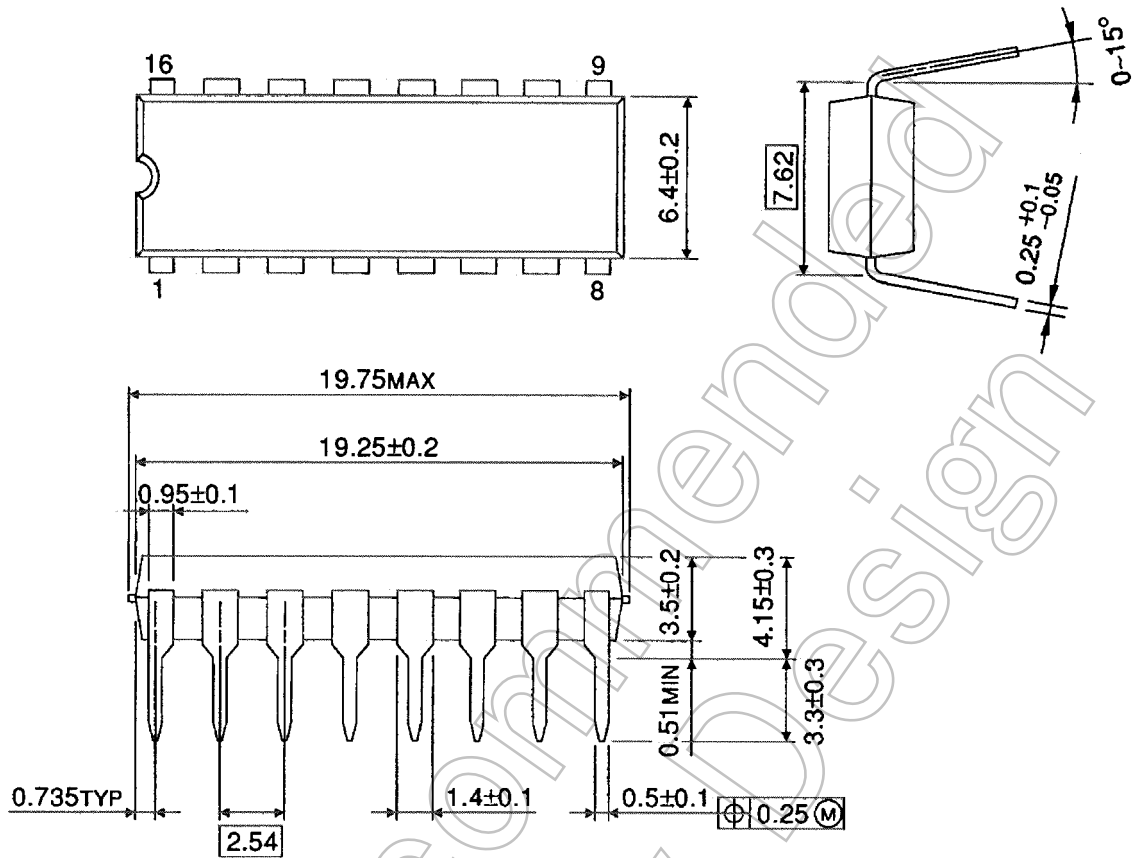
$$C_{PD (total)} = 20 + 12 \cdot n$$

Not Recommended for New Design

**Package Dimensions**

DIP16-P-300-2.54A

Unit : mm



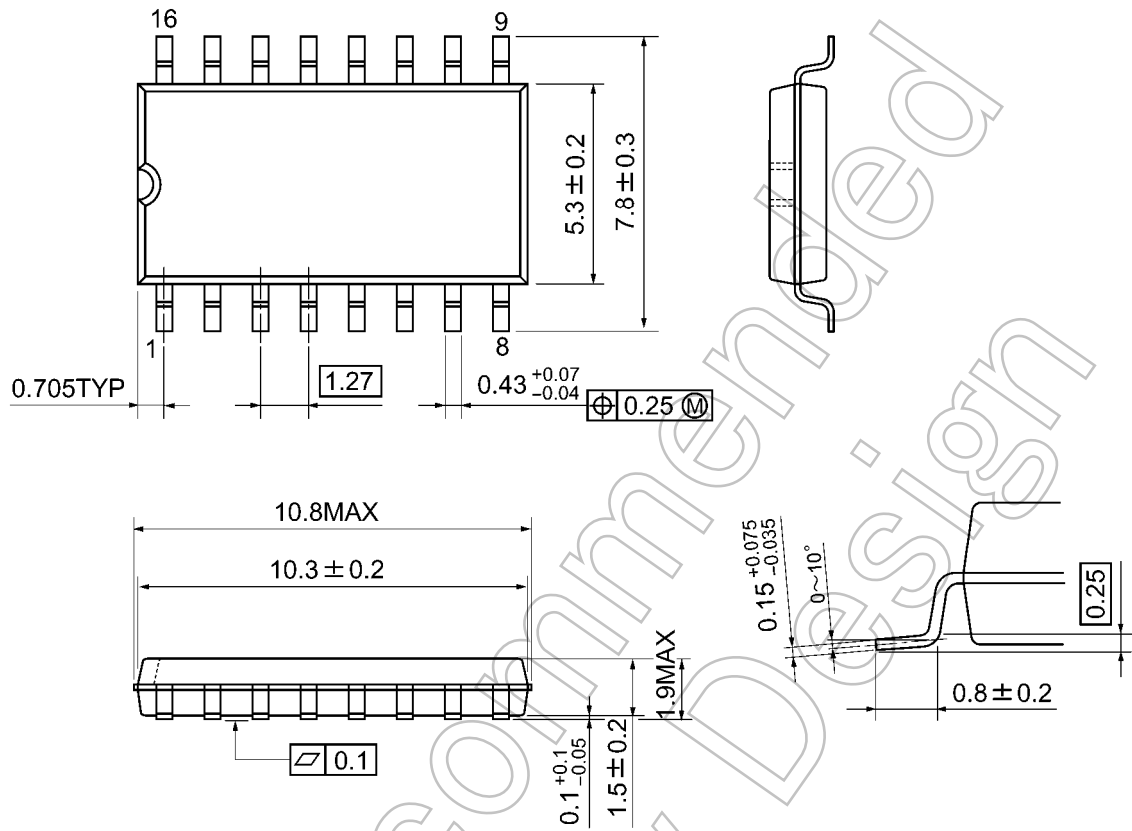
Weight: 1.00 g (typ.)

Not Recommended for New Design

**Package Dimensions**

SOP16-P-300-1.27A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.18 g (typ.)

Not Recommended for New Design

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