TOSHIBA

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC7MZ273FK

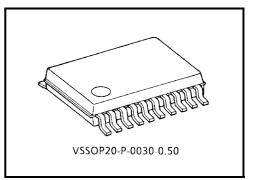
Low-Voltage Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with Clear with 5-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC7MZ273FK is a high-performance CMOS octal D-type flip-flop. Designed for use in 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power dissipation.

The device is designed for low-voltage (3.3-V) applications, but can also be used to interface both inputs and outputs with a 5-V supply environment.

D-input signal is sent to Q-output when clock rises. Clear input is Low-active and all flip-flop outputs are reset Low.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits to guard against static discharge.



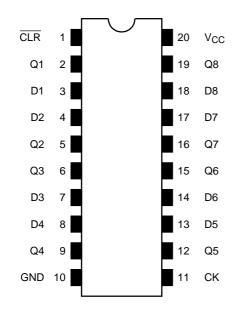
Weight: 0.03 g (typ.)

#### Features

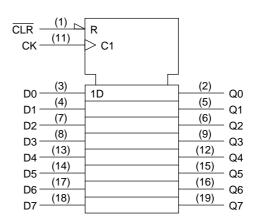
- Low voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 2.0 V \sim 3.6 V$
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd}$  = 8.5 ns (max) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V~3.6 V)
- Output current:  $|I_{OH}|/I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA} \text{ (min)} (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V})$
- Latch-up performance: ±500 mA
- Package: VSSOP (US20)
- Power-down protection is provided for all inputs and outputs.
- Pin and function compatible with the 74 Series (74AC/VHC/HC/F/ALS/LS etc.) 273 type.

#### Pin Assignment (top view)

TOSHIBA



#### **IEC Logic Symbol**

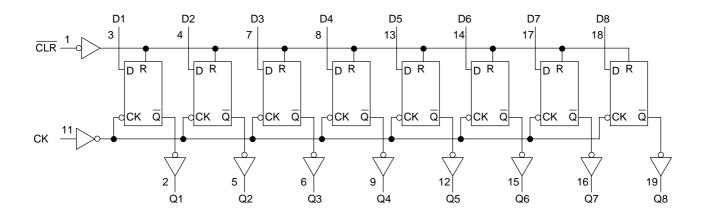


#### **Truth Table**

	Inputs			Function
CLR	D	СК	Q	Tunction
L	Х	Х	L	Clear
н	L		L	—
н	Н		Н	—
Н	Х		Qn	No change

X: Don't care

#### System Diagram



## **TOSHIBA**

#### **Maximum Ratings**

Characteristics	Characteristics Symbol Rating		Unit	
Supply voltage range	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5~7.0	V	
DC input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5~7.0	V	
DC output voltage	V	-0.5~7.0 (Note1)	V	
De oulput voltage	Vout	-0.5~V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 (Note2)	v	
Input diode current	I <sub>IK</sub>	-50	mA	
Output diode current	I <sub>OK</sub>	±50 (Note3)	mA	
DC output current	IOUT	±50	mA	
Power dissipation	PD	180	mW	
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current	I <sub>CC</sub> /I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65~150	°C	

Note1: Output in off-state

Note2: High or low state.  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I}}_{\ensuremath{\mathsf{OUT}}}$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note3:  $V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$ 

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.0~3.6	V	
Supply vollage	VCC	-1.5~3.6 (Note4)	v	
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	0~5.5	V	
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	0~5.5 (Note5)	V	
Output voltage		0~V <sub>CC</sub> (Note6)	v	
Output current	IOH/IOI	±24 (Note7)	mA	
Culput current	'OH/'OL	±12 (Note8)	IIIA	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~85	°C	
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0~10 (Note9)	ns/V	

Note4: Data retention only

Note5: Output in off state

Note6: High or low state

Note7:  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$ 

Note8:  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \sim 3.0 \text{ V}$ 

Note9:  $V_{IN} = 0.8 \sim 2.0 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ 

## <u>TOSHIBA</u>

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

#### DC Characteristics (Ta = -40~85°C)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test	Test Condition		Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	High level	VIH		—		2.0	—	V
input voltage	Low level	VIL	_		2.7~3.6	_	0.8	v
Hiah level			I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7~3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2			
	High level	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2	_	V
	_			I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4	_	
Output voltage				I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	3.0	2.2		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7~3.6		0.2	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	
	V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0		0.4		
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0		0.55		
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~5.5 V		2.7~3.6		±5.0	μA
Power off leakag	e current	IOFF	$V_{IN}/V_{OUT} = 5.5 V$		0		10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current	ICC	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ $V_{IN} = 3.6 \sim 5.5 \text{ V}$		2.7~3.6		10.0		
				2.7~3.6		±10.0	μA	
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per input		Δlcc	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$		2.7~3.6		500	

#### AC Characteristics (Ta = -40~85°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
			2.7			
Maximum clock frequency	f <sub>MAX</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	150		MHz
Propagation delay time (CK-Q)	tPLH	Figure 1, Figure 2	2.7	_	9.5	ns
Propagation delay time (CK-Q)	t <sub>PHL</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	1.5	8.5	ns
Propagation delay time ( CLR -Q)	tour	Figure 1, Figure 3	2.7	_	9.5	ns
Flopagation delay time (CER -Q)	<sup>t</sup> PHL		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	1.5	8.5	
Minimum mula a minite (OI4)	t <sub>w (H)</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	2.7	3.3	—	ns
Minimum pulse width (CK)	t <sub>w (L)</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	3.3	—	115
Minimum bus width ( $\overline{CLR}$ )	<b>+</b>	Figure 2	2.7	3.3	—	ns
	t <sub>w (L)</sub>	Figure 3	$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	3.3	—	115
Minimum set-up time		Figure 1, Figure 2	2.7	2.5	_	ns
Minimum sel-up time	t <sub>s</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	2.5	_	115
Minimum hold time		Figure 1, Figure 2	2.7	1.5	_	-
	t <sub>h</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	0.3 1.5	_	ns
Minimum removal time	t <sub>rem</sub>	Figure 4	2.7	2.5		ns
			$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	2.0		115
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(1)	2.7	_		ns
	t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note10)	$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	_	1.0	115

Note10: This parameter is guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

www.DataSheet4U.com

## <u>TOSHIBA</u>

### Dynamic Switching Characteristics

#### (Ta = 25°C, Input: t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 2.5 ns, C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R<sub>L</sub> = 500 $\Omega$ )

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLP</sub>	$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	0.8	V
Quiet output minimum dynamic VOL	V <sub>OLV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	0.8	V

#### **Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	_	3.3	7	pF
Output capacitance	C <sub>OUT</sub>	—	0	8	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub> = 10 MHz (Note11)	3.3	25	pF

Note11: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:  $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/8$  (per bit)

## **TOSHIBA**

#### **AC Test Circuit**

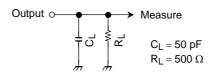
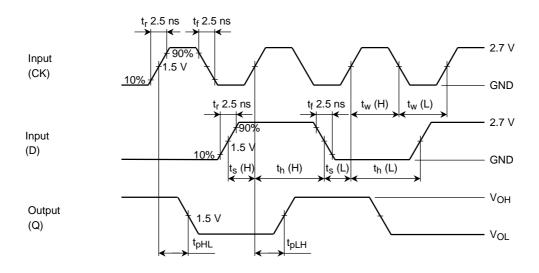


Figure 1

#### AC Waveform



 $\label{eq:Figure 2} \quad t_{pLH}, \, t_{pHL}, \, t_w, \, t_s, \, t_h$ 

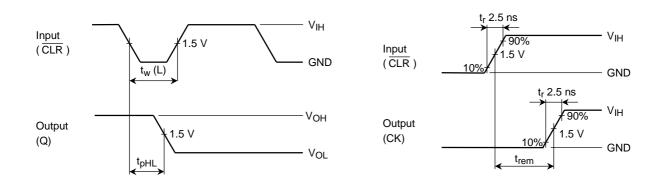


Figure 3 tpLH, tpHL

Figure 4 trem

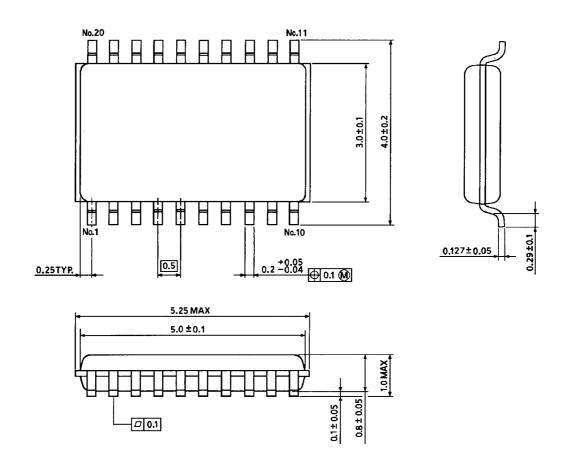
TC7MZ273FK

#### Package Dimensions

TOSHIBA

VSSOP20-P-0030-0.50

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.03 g (typ.)



#### **RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE**

000707EBA

- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.
  In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc..
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in this document shall be made at the customer's own risk.
- The products described in this document are subject to the foreign exchange and foreign trade laws.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.
- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.