

# Operational Amplifier TTL Compatible

TCA 321; A; W

TCA 322

TCA 325; A; W

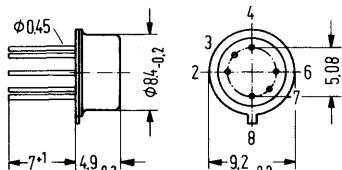
An economical operational amplifier which is well suited to be used as a Schmitt-trigger or comparator for control applications and automobile electronics. The output has been designed to control TTL-circuits directly. In addition to a high gain, low offset voltage, small temperature- and supply voltage dependence, the amplifier features:

- Wide common-mode range
- Large supply voltage range
- Wide control range
- High output current
- Low output saturation voltage
- TTL compatible

Type	Ordering codes
TCA 321	Q67000-A1006
TCA 321 A	Q67000-A1007
TCA 321 W	Q67000-A1008
TCA 322	Q67000-A1009
TCA 325	Q67000-A1010
TCA 325 A	Q67000-A562
TCA 325 W	Q67000-A1012

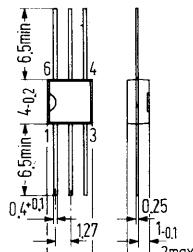
## Package outlines

TCA 321, TCA 322, TCA 325



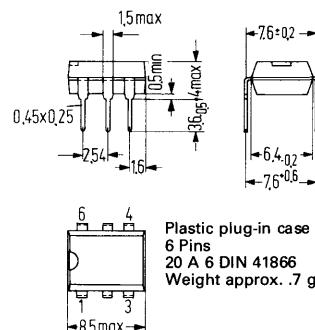
Case 5 H 6  
DIN 41873  
(similar T0-78)  
Weight approx. 1 g

TCA 321 W, TCA 325 W



Miniature plastic case  
6 Pins  
Weight approx. .1 g  
Colour code  
TCA 321 W green/white  
TCA 325 W green/yellow

TCA 321 A, TCA 325 A



Plastic plug-in case  
6 Pins  
20 A 6 DIN 41866  
Weight approx. .7 g

Dimensions in mm

## Maximum ratings

	TCA 321/A/W TCA 322 TCA 325/A/W	
Supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	±15
Output current	$I_Q$	70 mA
Current (pin R)	$I_R$	10 mA
Differential input voltage	$V_{ID}$	$\pm V_{CC}$
Junction temperature	$T_J$	150 °C
Storage temperature	$T_S$	-55 to +150 °C
Thermal resistance:		
System-case (TCA 321, TCA 322, TCA 325)	$R_{thScase}$	80 K/W
System-ambient air (TCA 321, 322, 325)	$R_{thSamb}$	190 K/W
System-ambient air (TCA 321 A, TCA 325 A)	$R_{thSamb}$	140 K/W
System-ambient air (TCA 321 W, TCA 325 W)	$R_{thSamb}$	200 K/W

## Range of operation

Supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	±2 to ±15	V
Ambient temperature in operation TCA 321/A/W	$T_{amb}$	0 to +70	°C
TCA 325/A/W	$T_{amb}$	-25 to +85	°C
TCA 322	$T_{amb}$	-55 to +125	°C

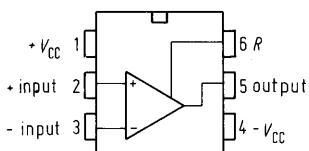
**TCA 321; A; W**

**TCA 322**

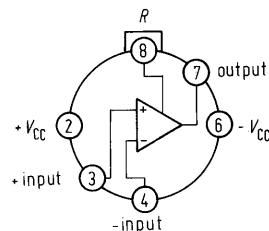
**TCA 325; A; W**

### Pin connection

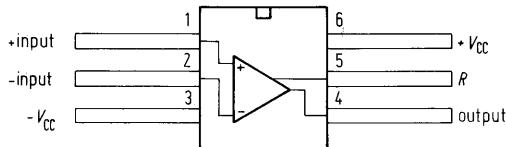
TCA 321 A  
TCA 325 A



TCA 321  
TCA 322  
TCA 325

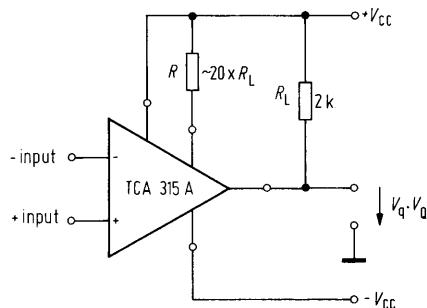


TCA 321 W  
TCA 325 W

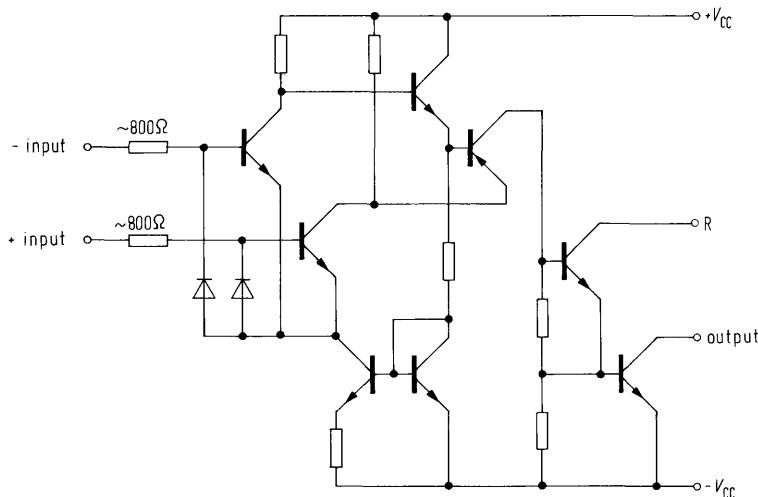


### Connection diagram

$R_L$  = load resistance



**Circuit diagram**



**Operating characteristics**  
( $V_{CC} = \pm 15$  V,  
 $R = 6.8$  k $\Omega$ )

Supply current $I_{CC}$	$V_{IO}$	min	typ	max	$V_{QPP}$	min	typ	max	$V_{QPP}$	min	typ	max
Supply current $I_{CC}$	$V_{IO}$	-7.5	1.5	2.5	$V_{QPP}$	-7.5	1.5	2.5	$V_{QPP}$	-7.5	1.5	2.5
Input offset voltage ( $R_G = 50$ $\Omega$ )	$I_{IO}$	-300	$\pm 80$	300	$R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$	-100	$\pm 50$	100	$R_L = 620$ $\Omega$	-300	300	nA
Input offset current $I_{IO}$	$I_I$	.5	.5	1.0	$f = 100$ kHz	.3	.3	.7	$R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$	.7	1.0	$\mu A$
Input current $I_I$	$V_{QPP}$	14.9		-14.8	$V_{QPP}$	14.9		-14.8	$V_{QPP}$	14.8	-14.6	V
Output voltage ( $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ )	$V_{QPP}$	14.9		-14.0	$V_{QPP}$	14.9		-14.0	$V_{QPP}$	14.8	-13.5	V
( $R_L = 620$ $\Omega$ )			$\pm 10$			$\pm 10$						V

**TCA 321/A/W  
TCA 325/A/W**

$T_{amb} = 25$  °C

**TCA 322**

$T_{amb} = 25$  °C

$T_{amb} = -55$  to 125 °C

	min	typ	max									
Supply current $I_{CC}$												
Input offset voltage ( $R_G = 50$ $\Omega$ )												
Input offset current $I_{IO}$												
Input current $I_I$												
Output voltage ( $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ )												
( $R_L = 620$ $\Omega$ )												
$V_{QPP}$												
$V_{QPP}$												

TCA 321; A; W

TCA 322

TCA 325; A; W

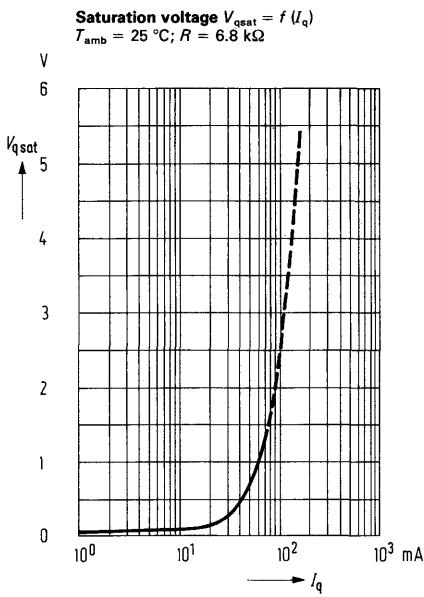
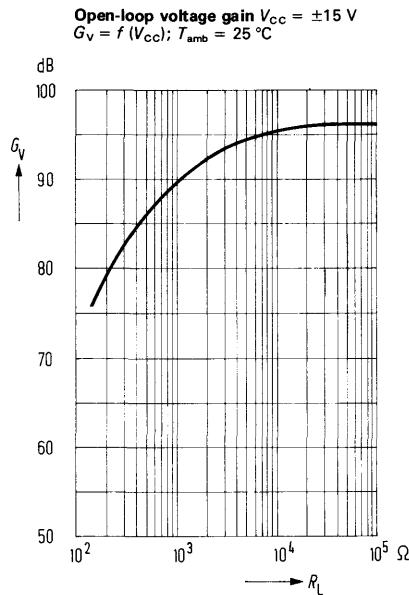
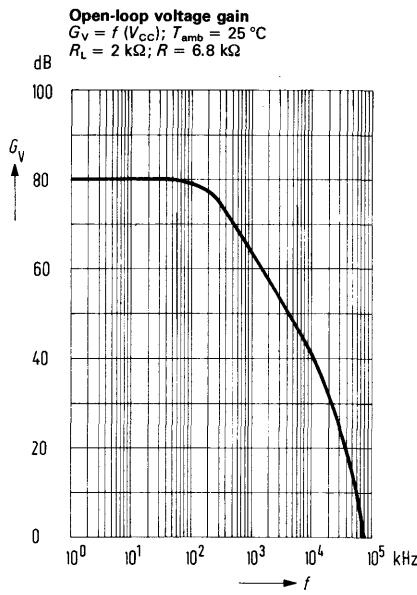
**Operating  
characteristics**  
 $V_{CC} = \pm 15 V$ ,  
 $R = 6.8 k\Omega$

	$Z_i$	TCA 321/A/W TCA 325/A/W $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$			TCA 322			$k\Omega$	
		$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$			$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$				
		min	typ	max	min	typ	max		
Input impedance ( $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ )	$Z_i$	200			200				
Open-loop voltage gain ( $R_L = 2 k\Omega, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ ) $G_V$		75	80		80	83		75	
( $R_L = 10 k\Omega, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ ) $G_V$			85			88			
( $R_L = 2 k\Omega, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ) $G_V$			60			60			
Input common- mode range ( $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ )	$V_{icm}$	13		-13	13		-13		
Common-mode rejection ration ( $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ )	$CMRR$	60	74		65	77			
Sensitivity to supply voltage variations	$\frac{\Delta V_{io}}{\Delta V_{cc}}$	25	200		25	200			
Temperature- coefficient of $V_{io}$ ( $R_G = 50 \Omega$ )	$\alpha_{vio}$		6			6	25		
Temperature- coefficient of $I_{io}$ ( $R_G = 50 \Omega$ )	$\alpha_{lio}$		.3			.3	1.5		
Rise time of $V_q$ for non-inverting operation (test circuit 1, TAA861)	$\frac{dV_q}{d_{tr}}$		50			50			
Output saturation voltage ( $I_q = 10 \text{ mA}$ )	$V_{qsat}$			200			200	400	
Output leakage current	$I_{qik}$		1	10		1	10		
$V_{CC} = \pm 5 V; R = 6.8 k\Omega$									
Input offset voltage ( $R_G = 50 \Omega$ )	$V_{io}$	-7.5		7.5	-5		5		
Input offset current	$I_{io}$	-300	$\pm 50$	300	-100		100		
Input current	$I_i$		.5	1.0		.3	.7		
Open-loop voltage gain ( $R_L = 2 k\Omega, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ )	$G_V$	65			70				

**TCA 321; A; W**

**TCA 322**

**TCA 325; A; W**



For further performance curves  
see TAA 761