

# Caution

- 1. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use only in electronic devices in the areas of audio control, office automation, industrial control, home appliances, etc. The modules should not be used in applications where module failure could result in physical harm or loss of life, and Kyocera expressly disclaims any and all liability relating in any way to the use of the module in such applications.
- 2. Customer agrees to indemnify, defend and hold Kyocera harmless from and against any and all actions, claims, losses, damages, liabilities, awards, costs, and expenses, including legal fees, resulting from or arising out of Customer's use, or sale for use, of Kyocera modules in applications.
- 3. Kyocera shall have the right, which Customer hereby acknowledges, to immediately scrap or destroy tooling for Kyocera modules for which no Purchase Orders have been received from the Customer in a two-year period.



#### Revision Record

Date		Design	ed by:	Engineering D	ept.	Confirmed by	: QA Dept.
рате	,	Prepa	red	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
Rev. No.	Date		Page		Description	ons	



# 1. Application

This data sheet defines the specification for a  $(640 \times R. G.B) \times 480$  dot, amorphous silicon TFT transmissive color dot matrix type Liquid Crystal Display with CFL backlight. "RoHS Compliant"

# 2. Construction and Outline

 $(640 \times R.G.B) \times 480$  dots, COG type LCD with CFL backlight.

Backlight system : "U" figured type CFL (1 tube).

Inverter : Option.

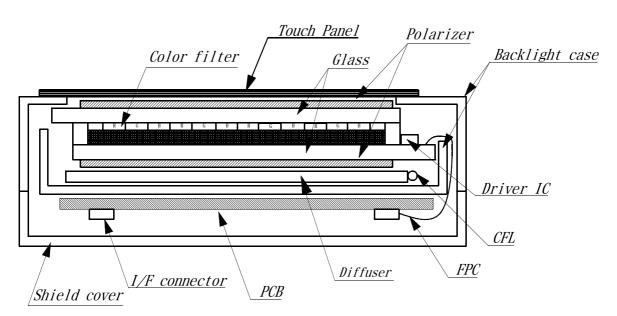
Recommended Inverter: CXA-LO612A-VJL (TDK)

or Equivalent.

Polarizer : Glare treatment.

Additional circuits: Timing controller, Power supply (3.3V input)

Touch Panel : Analog type. Non-Glare treatment.



This drawing is showing conception only.



# 3. Mechanical Specifications

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
Outline dimensions	144.0 (W) $\times$ (104.8) (H) $\times$ 14.8 (D)	mm
Effective viewing area	117.2 (W) × 88.4 (H)	mm
Dot number	(640×R.G.B) (W) × 480 (H)	Dots
Dot pitch	$0.06~(W)~\times~0.18~(H)$	mm
Display mode *1	Normally white	_
Mass	(260)	g

\*1 Due to the characteristics of the LCD material, the color vary with environmental temperature.

#### 3-2. Mechanical Specifications of touch panel

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
Input	Radius-0.8 stylus or Finger	_
Actuation Force	$0.5 \mathrm{N} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{N}$	g
Transmittance	Typ. 80	%
Surface hardness	pencil hardness 2H or more according	_

# 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### 4-1. Electrical absolute maximum ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	Min.	Max.	UNIT
Power input voltage	VDD	0	4.0	V
Input signal voltage *1	Vin	-0.3	6.0	V
Touch panel supply voltage	Vtp	0	6.0	V
Touch panel Input current	Itp	0	0.5	mA

\*1 Input signals : CK, RO~R5, GO~G5, BO~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D, V/Q



#### 4-2. Environmental absolute maximum ratings

ITEM		SYMBOL	Min.	Max.	UNIT
Operating temperature	*1	Тор	-10	70	°C
Storage temperature	*2	Tsto	-30	80	°C
Operating humidity	*3	Нор	10	*4	%RH
Storage humidity	*3	Hsto	10	*4	%RH
Vibration		_	*5	*5	_
Shock		_	*6	*6	_

\*1 Operating temperature means a temperature which operation shall be guaranteed. Since display performance is evaluated at 25°C, another temperature range should be confirmed.

\*2 Temp. =  $-30~^{\circ}\text{C} < 48~\text{h}$  , Temp =  $80~^{\circ}\text{C} < 168~\text{h}$  Store LCD panel at normal temperature/humidity. Keep it free from vibration and shock. LCD panel that is kept at low or high temperature for a long time can be defective due to the other conditions, even if the temperature satisfies standard. (please refer to 13. Precautions for use as detail).

\*3 Non-condensation.

\*4 Temp.  $\leq 40^{\circ}\rm{C},~85\%\,RH$  Max. Temp.  $> 40^{\circ}\rm{C},~Absolute$  Humidity shall be less than 85% RH at 40°C.

\*5

Frequency	10∼55 Hz	Converted to acceleration value:
Vibration width	0.15 mm	$(0.3 \sim 9 \text{ m/s}^2)$
Interval	10-55-10 Hz	1 minute

2 hours in each direction  $\rm\,X/Y/Z$  (6 hours as total) E1AJ ED-2531

\*6 Acceleration:  $490\text{m/s}^2$  Pulse width : 11 ms

3 times in each direction :  $\pm X/\pm Y/\pm Z$ .

EIAJ ED-2531

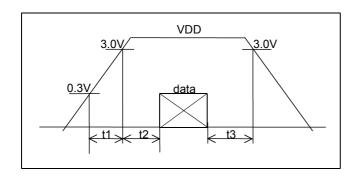


# 5. Electrical Characteristics

5-1. LCD Temp. =  $-10 \sim 70^{\circ}$ C

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power input voltage *1	VDD=3.3V	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Current consumption *2	Temp. =25°C	IDD	_	210	270	mA
Permissive input ripple v	VRP	_	_	100	mVp-p	
Input signal voltage (L	VIL	0	_	0.3VDD	V	
Input signal voltage (H	VIH	0.7VDD	_	VDD	V	

#### \*1 VDD-turn-on conditions



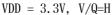
 $0 < t \ 1 \leq 2 \ 0 \ \text{ms}$ 

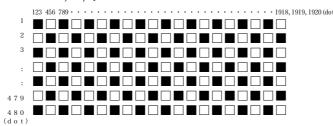
 $0 < t \ 2 \le 5 \ 0 \ \text{ms}$ 

 $0 < t \ 3 \le 1 s$ 

#### \*2 Power consumption

Black & White pattern:





\*3 Input signals : CK, R0 $\sim$ R5, G0 $\sim$ G5, B0 $\sim$ B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/D, V/Q

#### 5-2. Touch Panel

5-2-1. Terminal resistance

Between xL and xR : 200  $\sim$  1000  $\Omega$ Between yU and yL : 200  $\sim$  1000  $\Omega$ 

5-2-2. Linearity

 $\pm 1.5\%$ 

5-2-3. Insulation resistance

 $100 \text{M}\Omega$  or more at DC25V



# 6. Optical Characteristics

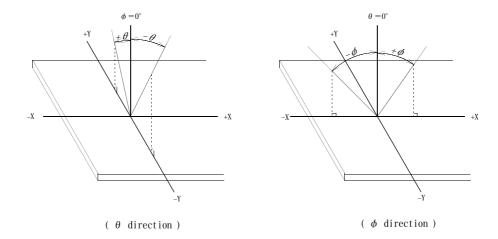
Measuring points =  $\phi$ 6.0mm , Temp. = 25°C

ITEN	Л	SYMBOL	CONDI	TION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Response	Rise	τr	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		_	(10)	_	ms	
time	Down	τd	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		_	(25)	_	ms	
		0		Upper	_	(80)	_	doa	
Viewing angle	*****	θ	CD > F	Lower	_	(70)	_	deg.	
Viewing angle	range	1	CR≧ 5	Left	_	(80)	_	1	
		φ		Right	_	(80)	_	deg.	
Contrast rati	CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		(280)	(400)	_	_		
Brightness (IL=4.0mArms.)				L	(200)	(280)	_	cd/m²	
	Red	X	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		(0.56)	(0.61)	(0.66)		
		У			(0.29)	(0.34)	(0.39)		
	Chaon	X	0 4	0°	(0. 26)	(0.31)	(0.36)		
Chromoticity	Green	У	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		(0.49)	(0.54)	(0.59)	_	
Chromaticity coordinates	Dluc	X	0 4	0°	(0.10)	(0.15)	(0.20)		
	Blue	У	$\theta = \phi$	=0	(0.08)	(0.13)	(0.18)		
	White	X	0 4	0°	(0.27)	(0.32)	(0.37)		
	White	У	$\theta = \varphi$	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		(0.33)	(0.38)		

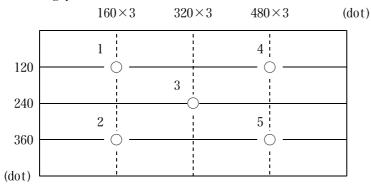
# 6-1. Contrast ratio is defined as follows:



# 6-2. Definition of viewing angle



6-3. Measuring points



- 1) Rating is defined as the average brightness inside the viewing area.
- 2) 30 minutes after CFL is turned on. (Ambient Temp. =25°C)
- 3) The inverter should meet the rating of the CFL.

  Sine, symmetric waveform without spike in positive and negative.

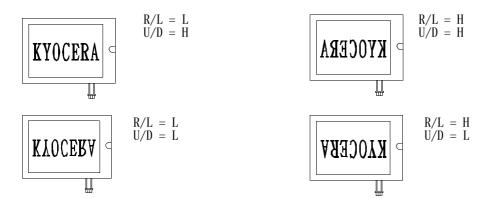


# 7. Interface signals

7-1. LCD PIN NO.	CVMDOI	DECOLDATON	1 /0	Moto
PIN NU.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	I/0	Note
1	GND	GND		
2	CK	Clock signal for sampling each data signal	l l	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal (negative)	Ţ	
4	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal (negative)	l	
5	GND	GND	_	
6	RO	RED data signal (LSB)	I	
7	R1	RED data signal	I	
8	R2	RED data signal	I	
9	R3	RED data signal	I	
10	R4	RED data signal	I	
11	R5	RED data signal (MSB)	I	
12	GND	GND	_	
13	GO	GREEN data signal (LSB)	I	
14	G1	GREEN data signal	Ī	
15	G2	GREEN data signal	Î	
16	G3	GREEN data signal	Î	
17	G4	GREEN data signal	Ī	
18	G5	GREEN data signal (MSB)	Ī	
19	GND	GND	_	
20	BO	BLUE data signal (LSB)	I	
21	B1	BLUE data signal	Î	
22	B2	BLUE data signal	Î	
23	B3	BLUE data signal	Ī	
24	B4	BLUE data signal	Ī	
25	B5	BLUE data signal (MSB)	Ī	
26	GND	GND	_	
27	ENAB	Signal to settle the horizontal display position (positive)	T	*1
28	VDD	3.3V power supply	_	T1
29	VDD	3.3V power supply	_	
30	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal		*2
30	K/L	L: Normal, H: Left / Right reverse mode	1	472
31	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal	I	*2
31	0/10	H: Normal, L: Up / Down reverse mode	1	ተረ
32	V/Q	H: Normal	Т	
33	GND	GND	1	
აა	GND	UND	_	

: 08-6210-033-340-800+ (ELCO) LCD connector Recommended matching connector: 0.5 mm pitch FFC or FPC

\*1 The horizontal display start timing is settled in accordance with a rising timing of ENAB signal. In case ENAB is fixed "Low", the horizontal start timing is determined as described in 8-2. Don't keep ENAB "High" during operation. \*2



7-2. C F I		
PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	НОТ	Inverter output high voltage side
2	NC	_
3	COLD	Inverter output low voltage side

BHR-03VS-1 LCD side connector SM02 (8. 0) B-BHS-1 (JST) SM02 (8. 0) B-BHS-1-TB (LF) (SN) (JST) · · · RoHS Recommended matching connector

\* Please be careful NOT to connect inversely an inverter-output high voltage side to the CFL low voltage side. It may result in damage or electric shock.



#### 7-3. Touch panel

PIN No.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	yU	y-Upper terminal
2	xL	x-Left terminal
3	уL	y-Lower terminal
4	xR	x-Right terminal

# 8. Timing Characteristics of input signals

# 8-1. Timing characteristics

I	TEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	_	25. 18	28.33	MHz	V/Q=H
Clock	Duty ratio	Tch/Tc	40	50	60	MHz  %  ns  ns  μs  clock  clock  line  line  clock  ns	
Data	Set up time	Tds	5	_	ı	ns	
Data	Hold time	Tdh	10	_		ns	
Horizontal sync.	Cycle	ТН	30.0	31.8		μs	V/Q=H
signal		ΙП	770	800	900	clock	
	Pulse width	ТНр	2	96	200	clock	
Vertical sync.	Cycle	TV	515	525	560	line	V/Q=H
signal	Pulse width	TVp	2	_	34	line	
Horizontal displa	y period	THd	640			clock	
HsyncClock phas	e difference	ТНС	10	_	Tc-10	ns	
HsyncVsync. phase difference		TVh	0	_	ТН-ТНр	ns	
Vertical sync.sig	TVs	34		line	V/Q=H		
Vertical display	period	TVd		480		line	

<sup>\*</sup>In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of the display quality, flicker etc., may occur.

#### 8-2. Horizontal display position

The horizontal display position is determined by ENAB signal.

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Enable gignel	Set up time	Tes	5	_	Tc-10	ns	
Enable signal	Pulse width	Тер	2	640	TH-10	clock	
HsyncEnable signal phase difference		The	44	_	104	clock	V/Q=H

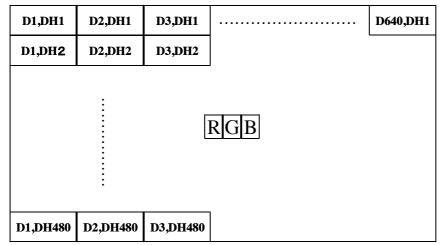
<sup>\*</sup> When ENAB is fixed at "Low", the display starts from the data of C104 (clock) as shown in 8-5.

#### 8-3. Vertical display position

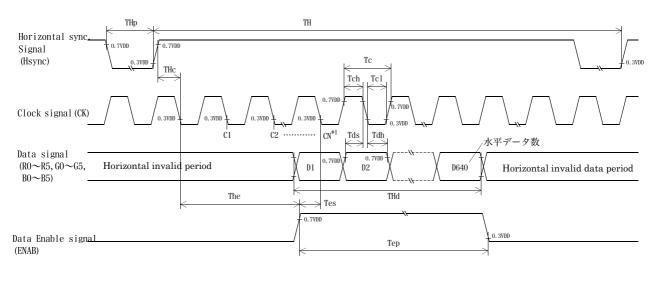
The vertical display position (TVs) is fixed at 34th line. (V/Q=H) Note) ENAB signal is independent of vertical display position.

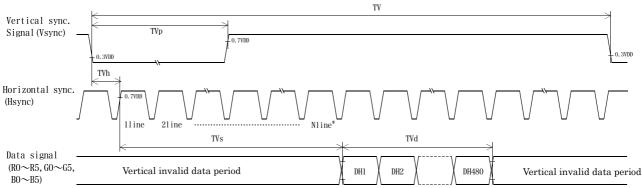


## 8-4. Input Data Signals and Display position on the screen



# 8-5. Input Timing Characteristics





- \*1 When ENAB is fixed "Low" the display starts from the data of ClO4(Clock)
- \*2 The vertical display position(TVs) is fixed at  $34^{th}$  line.



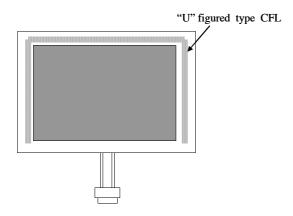
## 9. Backlight Characteristics

Temp. =  $25^{\circ}$ C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	NOTE
Starting	VS		1	1,550 Vrms.	−10 °C
discharge Voltage *1	VS		1	1,035 Vrms.	25 °C
Discharging tube current *2	IL	3.0 mArms.	4.0 mArms.	5.0 mArms.	_
Discharging tube voltage	VL	_	685 Vrms.	_	IL=4.0 mArms.
Operating life *3	Т	60,000 h	75,000 h	_	IL=4.0 mArms.
Operating frequency *4	F	30 kHz	_	100 kHz	_

- \*1 The Non-load output voltage (VS) of the inverter should be 1.3 times the maximum VS at the low temperature to provide margin to assure that the CFL will start, because actual VS may increase due to leakage current from the CFL cables. (Reference value: 2,015 Vrms Min.)
- \*2 We recommend that you should set the discharging tube current at lower than typical value so as to prevent the heat accumulation of CFL tube from deteriorating a performance of the LCD.
- \*3 End of life is defined as when the illuminance or quantity of light has decreased to 50% of the initial value. Illuminance of light will drastically decrease when LCD is operated at lower temperature for long hours.
- \*4 The driving frequency of the CFL may interfere with the horizontal synchronous signal, leaving interference stripes on the display. So please evaluate LCD panels beforehand.

  To avoid interference stripes, we recommend to separate as far as possible the CFL frequency from the horizontal synchronous signal and its high harmonic frequency.
- \* There may be cases where interface noise on LCD PCB, generated by high-voltage products such as inverters, may leave stripes on the display. Please be careful when designing a mold to take into consideration that the inverter shall be located as far as possible from PCB. Shield protection may be effective.
- \* Prolonged storage in darkness and/or low temperature may slow the ignition and rise to full brightness of the CFL in an LCD Module. Please use an inverter designed to provide sufficient driving voltage for more than 1 second. Also a decreased Starting Discharge Voltage or shortened ignition time may not turn ON the CFL lamp.
- \* CFL arrangement figure





#### 10. Design Guidance for Analog Touch-Panel (T/P)

#### 10-1. Electrical

In customer's design, please remember the following considerations.

- 1. Do not use the current regulated circuit.
- 2. Keep the current limit with top and bottom layer. (See Sec, 4-1)
- 3. Analog T/P can not sense two point touching separately.
- 4. A contact resistance is appeared at the touch point between top and bottom layer. After this resistance has stable read of the T/P position data.
- 5. Analog T/P is also a "Capacitor" in an equivalent circuit.

  Design your sensing circuit and low-pass filter with considering this "Capacitor" value.
- 6. Because noise of inverter or peripheral circuits may interfere signal of touch panel itself it is necessary to design carefully in advance to avoid these noise problem.

#### 10-2. Software

- 1. Do the "User Calibration".
- 2. "User Calibration" may be needed with long term using. Include "User Calibration" menu in your software.
- 3. When drawing a line with a stylus, there may be a slight discontinuity when the stylus passes over a spacer-dot. If necessary, please provide a compensation feature within your software.

#### 10-3. Mounting on display and housing bezel

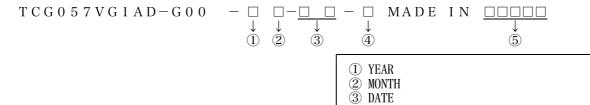
- 1. Do not use an adhesive tape to bond it on the front of T/P and hang it to the housing bezel.
- 2. Never expand the T/P top layer (PET-film) like a balloon by internal air pressure. The life of the T/P will be extremely short.
- 3. If a dew will be on the heat-sealed area or exposed traces at the end of a flexible tail, the migration of silver can occur.

  This will cause sometimes a short circuit.



# 11. Lot Number Identification

The lot number shall be indicated on the back of the backlight case of each LCD.



4 Version Number5 Country of origin (Japan or China)

YEAR	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
CODE	6	7	8	9	0	1
MONTH	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY.	JUN.
CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6
MONTH	JUL.	AUG.	SEP.	ост.	NOV.	DEC.
CODE	7	8	9	X	Y	Z

# 12. Warranty

#### 12-1. Incoming inspection

Please inspect the LCD within one month after your receipt.

# 12-2. Production Warranty

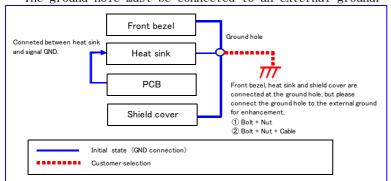
Kyocera warrants its LCDs for a period of 12 months after receipt by the purchaser, and within the limits specified. Kyocera shall, by mutual agreement, replace or rework defective LCDs that are shown to be Kyocera's responsibility.



#### 13. Precautions for use

#### 13-1. Installation of the LCD

1. The LCD's bezel must be grounded. The heat sink and shield cover are connected at the ground hole. The ground hole is located on the right side of the LCD when viewed from the front. The ground hole must be connected to an external ground.



- 2. A transparent protection sheet shall be added to protect the LCD and its polarizers.
- 3. The LCD shall be installed so that there is no pressure on the LSI chips.
- 4. The LCD shall be installed flat, without twisting or bending.
- 5. The display window size should be the same as the effective viewing area.
- 6. In case you use outside frame of effective viewing area as outward appearance of your product, unevenness of its outward appearance is out of guarantee.
- 7. Please refer to the following our recommendable value of Clamp-down torque when installing. Clamp-down torque:3.3 $\pm$ 0.3kgf.cm Please set up'SPEED-LOW', 'SOFT START-SLOW' when using electric driver .

Recommendable screw P-TITE screw nominal dia.3.0mm

installing boss hole depth  $3.5\pm0.5$ mm

Please be careful not to use high torque which may damage LCD module in installation.

- 8. A transparent protection sheet is attached to the polarizer. Please remove the protection film slowly before use, paying attention to static electricity.
- 9. Do not pull the CFL lead wires and do not bend the root of the wires. Housing should be designed to protect CFL lead wires from external stress.
- 10. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use in general electronic devices, but not for use in a special environment such as usage in an active gas.

  Hence, when the LCD is supposed to be used in a special environment, evaluate

the LCD thoroughly beforehand and do not expose the LCD to chemicals such as an active gas.

### 13-2. Static Electricity

1. Since CMOS ICs are mounted directly onto the LCD glass, protection from static electricity is required. Operation should wear ground straps.

#### 13-3. LCD Operation

- 1. The LCD shall be operated within the limits specified. Operation at values outside of these limits may shorten life, and/or harm display images.
- 2. Operation of the LCD at temperature below the limit specified may cause image degradation and/or bubbles.

It may also change the characteristics of the liquid crystal.

<u>This phenomenon may not recover.</u> The LCD shall be operated within the temperature limits specified.

## 13-4. Storage

- 1. The LCD shall be stored within the temperature and humidity limits specified. Store in a dark area, and protected the LCD from direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- 2. Always store the LCD so that it is free from external pressure onto it.



13-5. Caution items when handling the LCD.

- 1. DO NOT store in a high humidity environment for extended periods.
- Image degradation, bubbles, and/or peeling off of polarizer may result.

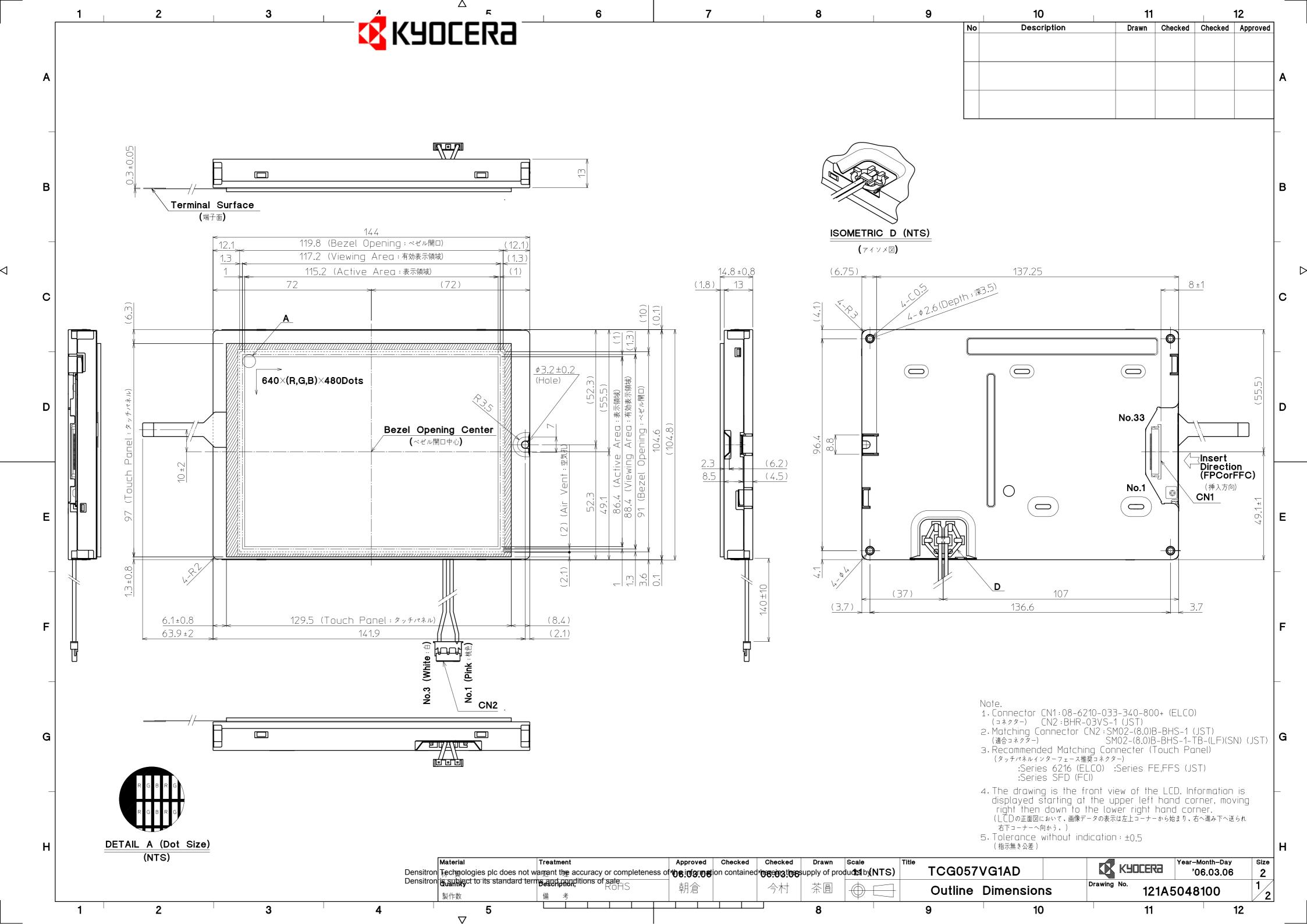
  2. Do not push or rub the touch panel's surface with hard to sharp objects such as knives, or the touch panel may be scratched.
- 3. When the touch panel is dirty, gently wipe the surface with a soft cloth, sometimes moistened by mild detergent or alcohol. If a hazardous chemical is dropped on the touch panel by mistake, wipe it off right away to prevent human contact.
- 4. Touch panel edges are sharp. Handle the touch panel with enough care to prevent cuts.
- 5. Always keep the LCD free from condensation during testing. Condensation may permanently spot or stain the polarizers.
- 6. Do not disassemble LCD module because it will result in damage.
- 7. Please do not use solid-base image pattern for long hours because a temporary afterimage may appear. We recommend to use screen saver etc. in cases where a solid-base image pattern must be used.
- 8. Liquid crystal may leak when the module is broken. Be careful not to let the fluid go into your eyes and mouth. In the case the fluid touches your body, rinse it off right away with water and soap.

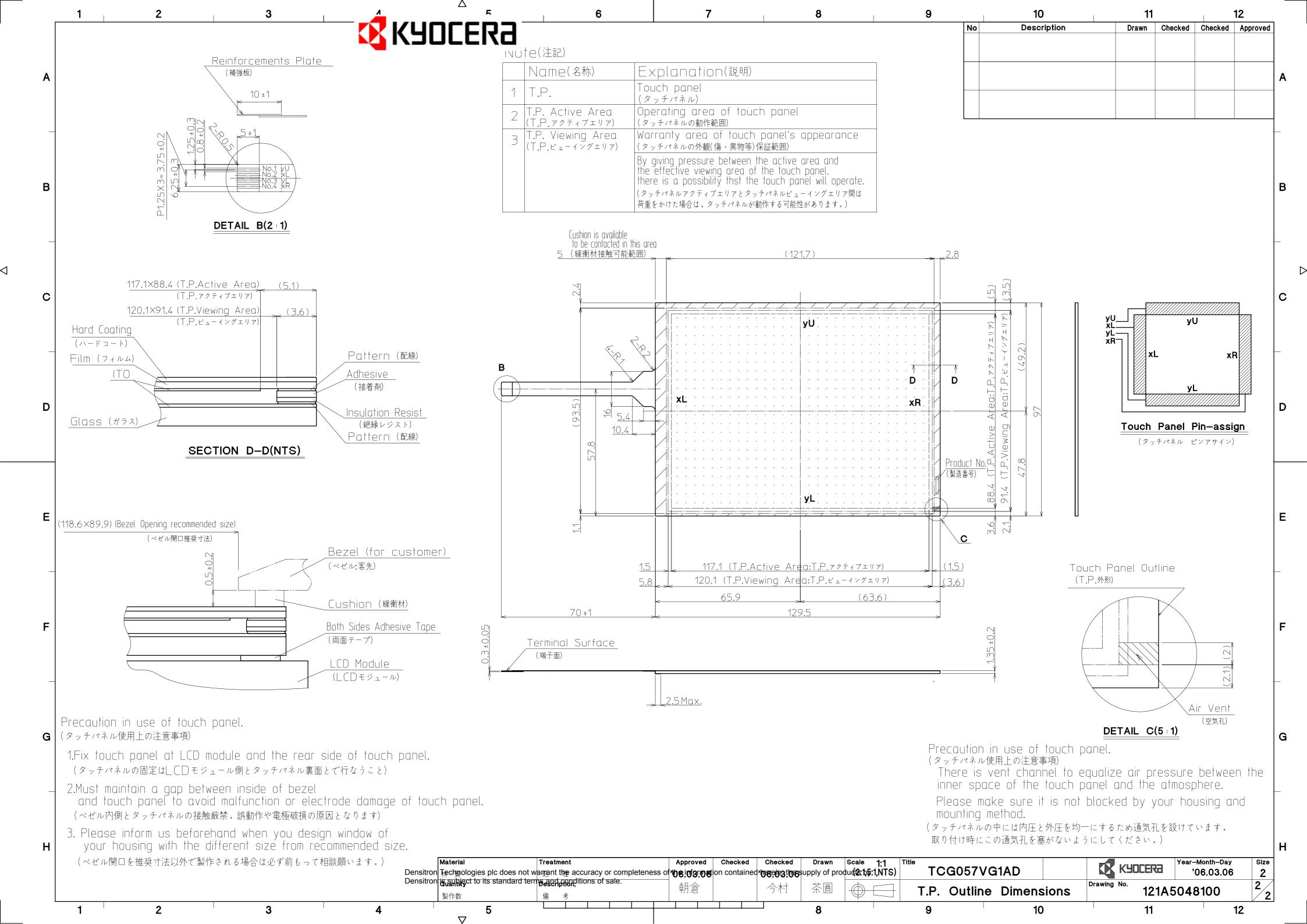


# 14. Reliability Data / Environmental Test

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	TEST TIME	RESULT
High Temp. Atmosphere	80°C	240 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
Low Temp. Atmosphere	−30°C	240 h	Low Temp. Bubble : None Solid Crystallization of Liquid Crystal : None Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
High Temp. Humidity Atmosphere	40°C 90 %RH	240 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Current Consumption : No defect
Temp. Cycle	-30°C 0.5 h R.T. 0.5 h 80°C 0.5 h	10 cycles	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Bubble on Cell : None
High Temp. Operation	70°C	500 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
Point Activation life	Polyacetal stylus (RO.8) Hitting force 3N Hitting speed 2 time/s	one million times	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect

- \* Each test item uses a test LCD only once. The tested LCD is not used in any other tests.
- \* The LCD is tested in circumstances in which there is no condensation.
- \* The tested LCD is inspected after 24 hours of storage at room temperature and room humidity after each test is finished.
- \* The reliability test is not an out-going inspection.
- \* The results of the reliability test are for your reference purpose only. The reliability test is conducted only to examine the LCD's capability.







$E \cup B$	
TUK	•

# KYOCERA INSPECTION STANDARD

<u>TYPE</u>: TCG057VG1AD-G00

KYOCERA CORPORATION KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT LCD DIVISION

Original	Designed	by :Engineer	Confirmed by :QA Dept.		
Issue Date	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
June 13, 2006	y Yomazaki	A. Tohumord	M.FijiTani	He Staf	T. Minami



#### Revision Record

Date —		Designed by: Engineering Dept.			ept.	Confirmed by: QA Dept.		
		Prepa	red	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved	
Rev. No.	Date		Page		Description	ons		



# 1) Note

-			Note
General	shall be revi		defined within this inspection standard an additional standard shall be
	2. Inspection Co Luminance Inspection d Temperature Direction	: 500 Lux m	From the sample) C
Definition of Inspection item	Dot defect	Bright dot defect	The dot is constantly "on" when power applied to the LCD, even when all "Black" data sent to the screen.  Inspection tool:5% Transparency neutral density filter.  Count dot:If the dot is visible through the filter  Don't count dot:If the dot is not visible through the filter.  RGBRGBRGB RGBRGB RGBRGB RGBRGBRGB RGBRGBRGB
		Black dot defect	The dot is constantly "off" when power applied to the LCD, even when all "white" data sent to the screen.
		Adjacent dot	Adjacent dot defect is defined as two or more bright dot defects or black dot defects.
			RGBRGBRGB RGBRGBRGB
	External inspection	Bubble, Scratches, Foreign particle (Polarizer, Cell, Backlight)	Visible operating (all pixcels "Black" or "White") and non operating.
		Appearance inspection	Does not satisfy the value at the spec.
	Others	CFL wires	Damaged to the CFL wires, connector, pin, functional failure or appearance failure.
	Definition of size	Definition of ci	



# 2) Standard

Classification Inspecti		on item		Judgement	stan	dard												
defect (in LCD	Dot defect	Bright dot de	fect	Acceptable number	er : 4 k ing : 5 m		t dots defects more											
glass)		Black dot defect		Acceptable number : 5 black dots defects Black dot spacing : 5 mm or more														
		2 dots join Bright dot defect		Acceptable number	er : 2													
			Black dot defect	Acceptable number	er : 3													
		3 or more dot	s join	Acceptable number	er : 0													
		Total dot def	ects	Acceptable number	er : 5 N	Max												
	Others White dot, Dark dot		Size(mm	1)	A	cceptable Number												
		(Circle)		d<0	0. 2		(neglected)											
				0.2 <d≦0< td=""><td>0.4</td><td></td><td>5</td></d≦0<>	0.4		5											
				0.4 <d≦0< td=""><td>0.5</td><td></td><td>3</td></d≦0<>	0.5		3											
				0.5 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></d<>			0											
				L	I													
	pection			Width (mm)	Length(m	m)	Acceptable Number											
(Defect o Polarize	r or			W≤0.1	_		(neglected)											
between -er and					L≦§	5.0	(neglected)											
glass)				$0.1 < W \le 0.3$	5.0 < L		0											
				0.3 <w< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td colspan="2">0</td></w<>	-		0											
				Size(mm	1)	A	cceptable Number											
				d<0.2			(neglected)											
				$0.2 < d \le 0.3$			5											
				$0.3 < d \le 0.5$		3												
				0. 5 < d		0												
				Size(mm)		Acceptable Number												
												d<		d<0			(neglected)	
										0.2 <d≦0< td=""><td>0.4</td><td colspan="2">5</td></d≦0<>	0.4	5						
										0.4 <d≦< td=""><td colspan="2">. 5 3</td><td>3</td></d≦<>	. 5 3		3					
				0.5 <d< td=""><td colspan="2">0</td></d<>		0												
		Foreign Parti	cle															
		(Linear shape Scratches	),	Width (mm)	Length(m	m)	Acceptable Number											
		Scratches		W≦0.03	_		(neglected)											
					L≦S	2. 0	(neglected)											
				$0.03 < W \le 0.1$	2.0 <l≦4.0< td=""><td>3</td></l≦4.0<>		3											
					4.0 <l< td=""><td>0</td></l<>		0											
				0.1 <w< td=""><td>_</td><td></td><td>(According to Circular shape)</td></w<>	_		(According to Circular shape)											
							· ·											



Classification	Inspection item	Ju	dgement standa	rd		
Touch Screen portion	Scratch	Width (mm)	Length(mm)	Acceptable number		
		W < 0.05		neglected		
		$0.05 \le W < 0.10$	10 < L	3		
		0.10 ≦ W		0		
	Glass crack (Corner crack)	X	Y	Z		
		OK ≦ 3	0K ≦ 3	0K ≦ t		
	Glass crack (Cracks in other area than in corner)	·If one of X, Y, Z is not satisfied, it is regarded as				
		NG. •Regarding the corner crack, within 0.5 mm depth is regarded as OK. (t=thickness of Touch panel)				
				Z		
		X	Y	Z		
		0K ≦ 3	OK ≦ 3	0K ≦ t		
		·If one of X,Y,Z is NG. ·Regarding the corne regarded as OK.	r crack, within			