

DUAL VERY LOW NOISE PREAMPLIFIER

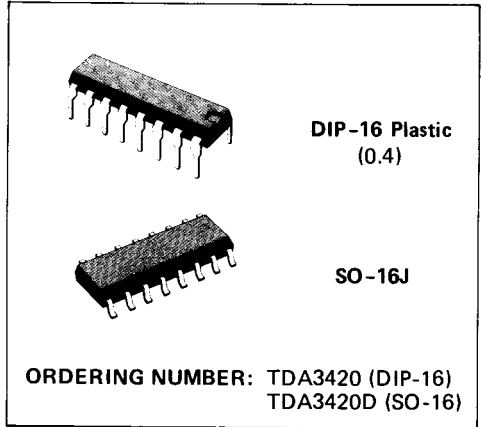
The TDA 3420D is a dual preamplifier for applications requiring very low noise performance, as **stereo cassette players** and quality audio systems. Each channel consists of two independent amplifiers.

The first one has a fixed gain while the second one is an operational amplifier for audio application.

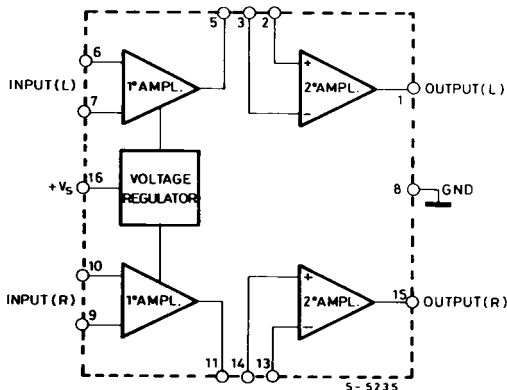
The TDA 3420D is available in two packages: 16-lead dual in-line plastic and 16 lead micro-package.

Its main features are:

- Very low noise
- High gain
- Low distortion
- Single supply operation
- Large output voltage swing
- Short circuit protection



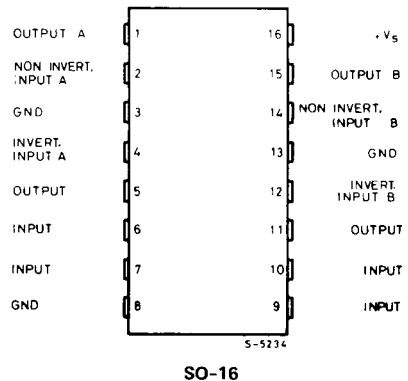
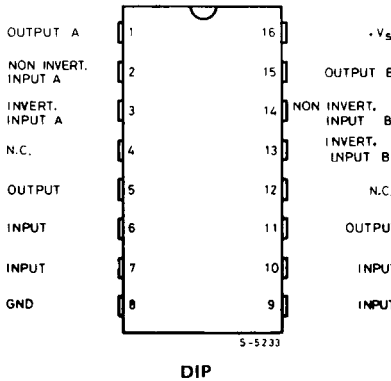
BLOCK DIAGRAM(Pin numbers refer to the DIP)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | | | |
|----------------|---|------------|------------------|
| V_s | Supply voltage | 20 | V |
| P_{tot} | Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 70^\circ\text{C}$ Dip-16 SO-16 | 550 400 | mW |
| T_j, T_{stg} | Storage and junction temperature | -40 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

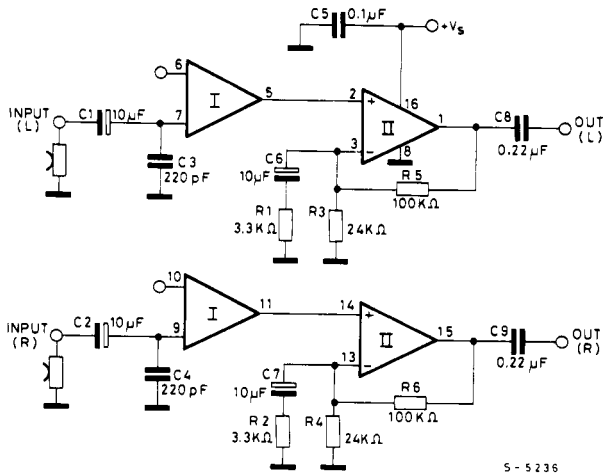


THERMAL DATA

| | | | DIP | SO-16 |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| $R_{th\ j-amb}$ | Thermal resistance junction-ambient | max | 150 $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | 200 $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ (*) |

* The thermal resistance is measured with the device mounted on a ceramic substrate (25 x 16 x 0.6 mm).

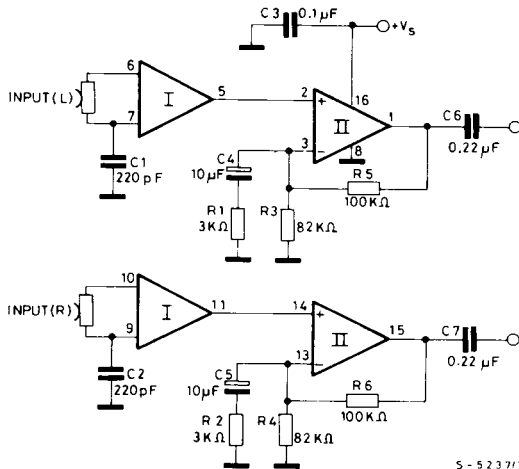
Fig. 1 - Test circuit



Note: Pin numbers refer to DIP.

5 - 5236

Fig. 2 - Test circuit without input capacitors



Note: Pin numbers refer to the DIP.

5 - 5237/1

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_s = 14.4\text{V}$, $G_v = 60\text{ dB}$ refer to the test circuit of fig. 1, unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | | Test conditions | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------------------|
| I_s | Supply current | $V_s = 8\text{V to } 20\text{V}$ | | | 8 | | mA |
| I_o | Output current | Source | $V_s = 8\text{V to } 20\text{V}$ | | 10 | | mA |
| | | Sink | | | 1 | | mA |
| G_v | Gain | | | | 60 | | dB |
| R_i | Input resistance | $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ | | 50 | 100 | | $\text{K}\Omega$ |
| R_o | Output resistance | | | | 50 | | Ω |
| THD | Total harmonic distortion without noise | $V_o = 300\text{ mV}$ | $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ | | 0.05 | | % |
| | | | $f = 10\text{ KHz}$ | | 0.05 | | % |
| V_o | Peak to peak output voltage | $f = 40\text{ Hz to } 15\text{ KHz}$ | | | 12 | | V |
| e_n | Total input noise ($^{\circ}$) | $R_s = 50\ \Omega$ | | | 0.25 | 0.7 | μV |
| | | $R_s = 600\ \Omega$ | | | 0.4 | | μV |
| | | $R_s = 5\ \text{K}\Omega$ | | | 1.3 | | μV |
| S/N | Signal to noise ratio ($^{\circ}$) | $V_{in} = 0.3\text{ mV}$ | $R_s = 600\ \Omega$ | | 57 | | dB |
| | | $V_{in} = 1\text{ mV}$ | $R_s = 0$ | | 73 | | |
| S/N | Signal to noise ratio ($^{\circ\circ}$) | $V_{in} = 0.3\text{ mV}$ | $R_s = 600\ \Omega$ | | 55 | | dB |
| | | $V_{in} = 1\text{ mV}$ | $R_s = 0$ | | 71 | | |
| CS | Channel separation | $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ | | | 60 | | dB |
| SVR | Supply voltage rejection ($^{\circ\circ\circ}$) | $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ | $R_s = 600\ \Omega$ | | 110 | | dB |

AMPLIFIER N° 1

| | | | | | | |
|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------|------|---------------|
| G_v | Gain (pin 6 to pin 5) | | 27.5 | 28.5 | 29 | dB |
| d | Distortion | $V_o = 300\text{ mV}$ | $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ | 0.05 | 0.05 | % |
| | | | $f = 10\text{ KHz}$ | | | |
| e_n | Total input noise ($^{\circ}$) | $R_s = 600\ \Omega$ | | | 0.4 | μV |
| Z_o | Output impedance (pin 5) | $f = 1\text{ KHz}$ | | | 100 | Ω |
| I_o | Output current (pin 5) | | | | 1 | mA |
| V5 | DC output voltage (pin 5) | Test circuit fig. 2 | | | 2.8 | V |
| | | Test circuit fig. 1 | | 1.0 | 1.5 | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|------|-----------|
| G_V | Open loop voltage gain | | 100 | | dB |
| I_B | Input bias current | | 0.2 | | μA |
| V_{OS} | Input offset voltage | | 2 | | mV |
| I_{OS} | Input offset current | | 50 | | nA |
| e_n | Total input noise ($^{\circ}$) | $R_S = 600\Omega$ | 2 | | μV |
| R_i | Input impedance | $f = 1 \text{ KHz}$ (open loop) | 150 | 500 | $K\Omega$ |

- ($^{\circ}$) Weighting filter : curve A.
- ($^{\circ\circ}$) Weighting filter : Dolby CCIR/ARM.
- ($^{\circ\circ\circ}$) Referred to the input.

Fig. 3 - Total input noise vs. source resistance (curve A)

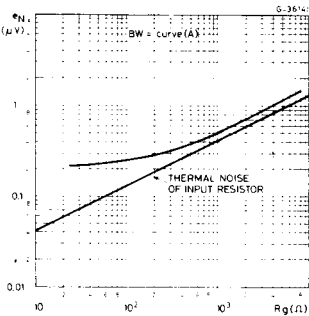


Fig. 4 - Total input noise vs. source resistance (BW=22 Hz to 22 KHz)

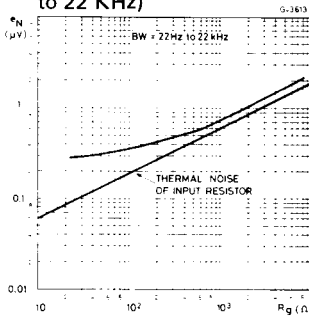


Fig. 5 - Total harmonic distortion vs. output voltage

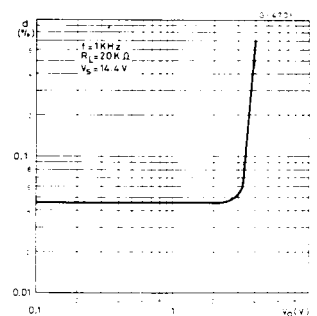


Fig. 6 - Output voltage vs. frequency

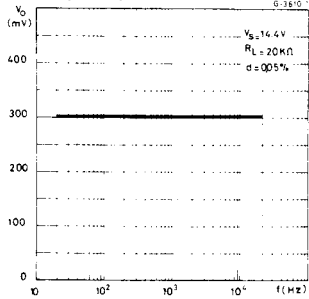


Fig. 7 - Distortion vs. input level (test circuit of fig. 1)

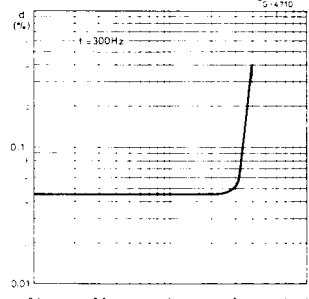


Fig. 8 - Frequency response of the circuit of fig. 10

