

# THOMSON-EFCIS

Integrated Circuits

TEA2015 A

## VERTICAL SWEEP FOR BLACK AND WHITE AND 90° COLOR T.V SETS

The TEA2015 A is a complete vertical sweep system designed for TV sets. It includes a fly-back generator a triggerable ramp generator, a power amplifier, a blanking-pulse generator and safety systems.

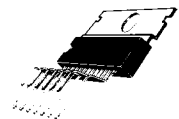
Its large output transistors and special "single in-line" case make it able to work without any external power stage and give it a good reliability, it is protected against thermal over load and short-circuit.

### MAIN FEATURES

- V<sub>CC</sub> max. 30 V  
60 V (Flyback)
- I<sub>OUT</sub> = ± 1 A
- No frequency adjustment
- Linearity adjustment possible to suppress
- Frequency and linearity adjustments may be suppressed for standard operation.

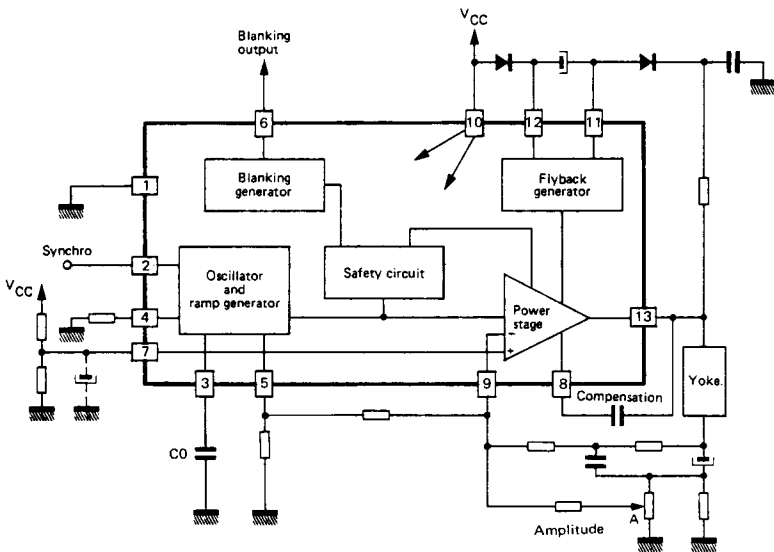
## VERTICAL SWEEP FOR BLACK AND WHITE AND 90° COLOR TV SETS

CASE CB-230



SP SUFFIX  
PLASTIC PACKAGE

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



NT4118-A 1/16

### THOMSON-EFCIS

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**THOMSON-CSF**  
COMPONENTS

**FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

This integrated circuit, specially intended for 90° color TV sets, includes the following built in units :

**Oscillator**

It provides a linear positive going ramp voltage. The amplitude keeps proportional to  $V_{CC}$ . The free running frequency is fixed by external components : one capacitor and one resistor. The frequency drift versus  $V_{CC}$  or temperature is very low.

**Synchronization**

The synchro stage is gated in order to allow input pulse action only during the last fourth of free running period.

**Blanking**

During normal operation the circuit provides a positive blanking pulse of 12.6 Volts amplitude. The duration is slightly adjustable around 1.3 ms, depending on the value of an external resistor (pin 4).

**Power amplifier**

The output stage is a complete power amplifier with high current capability, allowing direct driving of deflection coils. It includes thermal and short circuit protection.

**Fly-back generator**

During the retrace time the output voltage is permitted to reach  $2 \times V_{CC}$ , due to a built in system (fly-back generator) and few external components.

But, the circuit can be used without fly-back generator.

[www.DataSheet.in](http://www.DataSheet.in)

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Direct supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	35	V
Flyback peak voltage	$V_{FB}$	65	V
Output current (repetitive)	$I_O$	$\pm 2$	A
Output current (non repetitive)	$I_O$	$\pm 2,5$	A
Storage and junction temperature	$T_j - T_{stg}$	-40 - +150	°C
Current at pin 13			
non repetitive	$I_{FB}$	$\pm 2,5$	A
repetitive *	$I_{FB}$	$\pm 2$	A

\*  $t \leq 1$  ms for  $t_o = 20$ ms

PIN CONFIGURATION

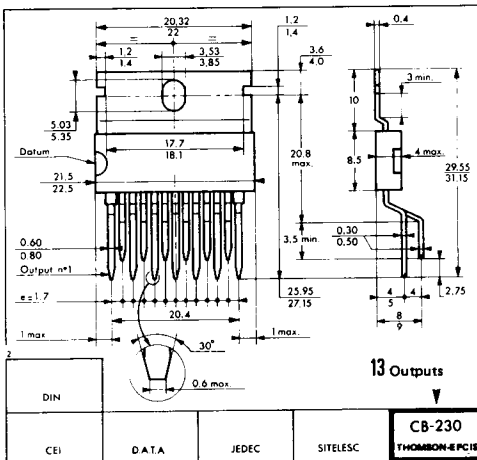
CASE CB-230



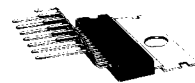
- |   |                                     |    |                             |
|---|-------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Substrate                           | 7  | Power amplifier + input     |
| 2 | Synchronization                     | 8  | Compensation                |
| 3 | Oscillator capacitor                | 9  | Power amplifier - input     |
| 4 | Reference current                   | 10 | +V <sub>CC</sub>            |
| 5 | Oscillator output and F. adjustment | 11 | Flyback generator           |
| 6 | Blanking output                     | 12 | V <sub>CC</sub> power stage |
|   |                                     | 13 | Output                      |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Junction-ambient thermal resistance	R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	50	°C/W
Junction-case thermal resistance	R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>	7	°C/W

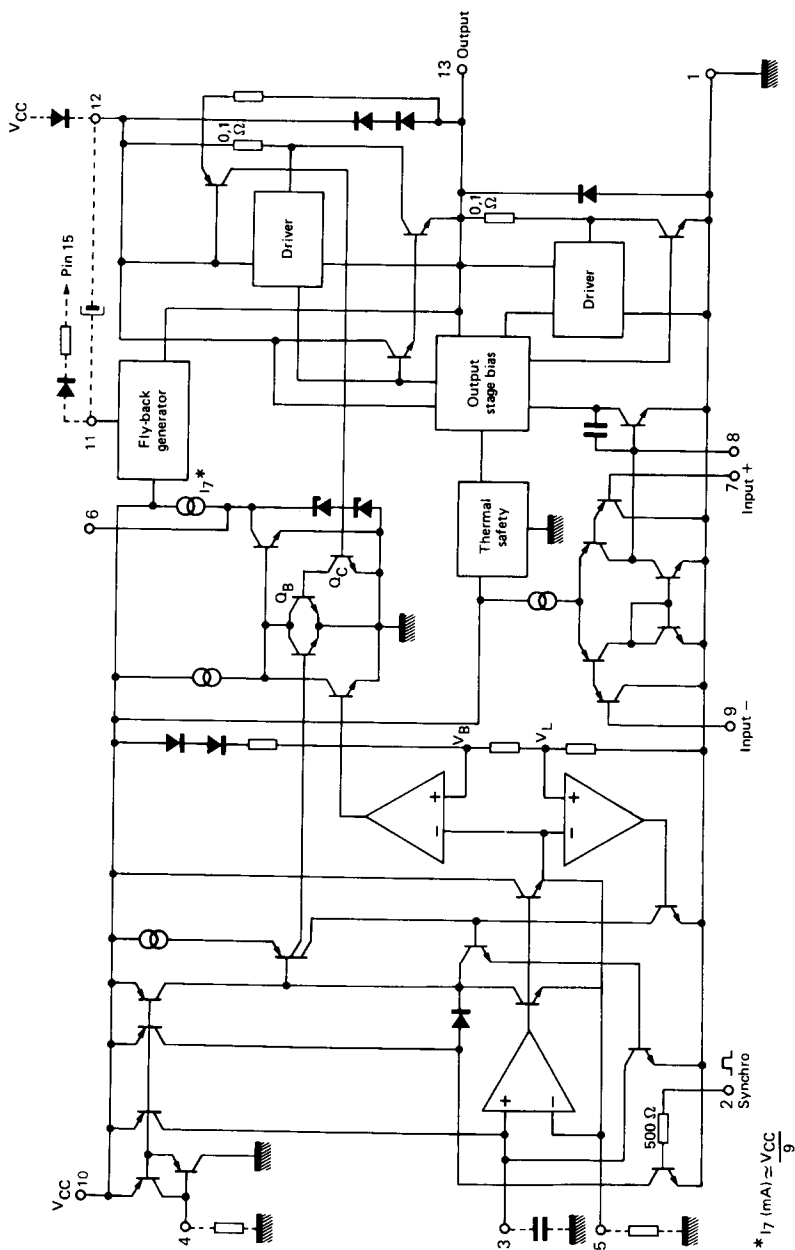


CASE CB-230



SP SUFFIX  
PLASTIC PACKAGE

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



**GENERAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (refer to the test circuit)  $V_{CC} = 23 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ \text{C}$** 

PARAMETERS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Supply current without load (P10 and P12)	$I(10) + I(12)$		25	50	mA
Triggering time (pull-in-range)	$t_o = 23.5 \text{ ms}$		5.8		ms
Free period time	$C_o = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ $R4 = 63,4 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R5 = 7,87 \text{ k}\Omega$	21,6	23,5	25,4	ms
Pin 5 peak to peak oscillator saw-tooth voltage	$C_o = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ $R4 = 63,4 \text{ k}\Omega$ $V_{CC} = 22 \text{ V}$		$V_{CC}/3$		V
Blanking pulse time	$C_o = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ $R4 = 63,4 \text{ k}\Omega$	1,15	1.3	1,45	ms
Pin 6 blanking pulse amplitude			12.6		V
Blanking available pin 6* current			150		$\mu\text{A}$
Blanking time drift versus temperature $\frac{dt}{dT_j}$			1		$\mu\text{s}/^\circ\text{C}$
Amplifier input bias current	$I(9) - I(7)$		100		nA
Synchronisation Pin 2 input current Input impedance Maximum voltage			1 0.5 1.5		$\mu\text{A}$ $\text{k}\Omega$ V
Oscillator frequency drift versus supply voltage $\frac{dF}{dV_{CC}}$	$V_{CC} = 15 + 25 \text{ V}$		0.1		Hz/V
Oscillator frequency drift versus temperature $\frac{dF}{dT_{case}}$			0.003		Hz/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal protection			140		$^\circ\text{C}$

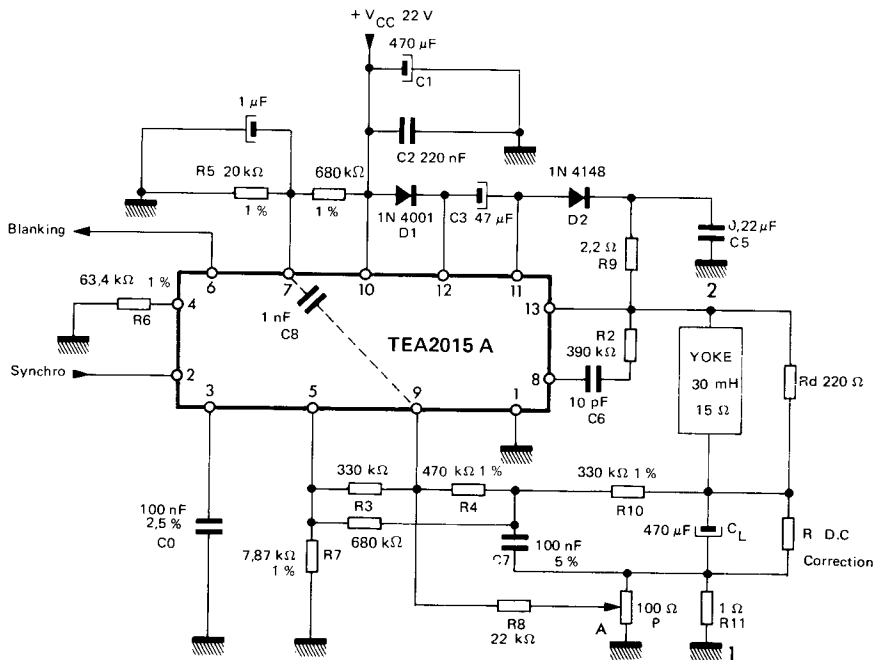
\* To get an upper blanking current, put an external resistor from 6 to  $V_{CC}$   
The pin 6 capability to switching an external current to ground is 4 mA



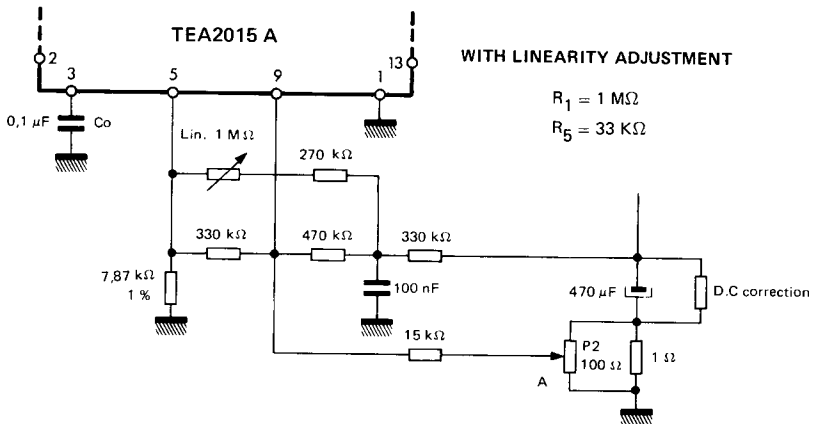
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR DEFLECTION CIRCUIT WITH VIDEOCOLOR PIL A 421 X SERIES COILS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOLS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
YOKE FEATURES PIL S4						
Resistance	$R_d$			15		$\Omega$
Inductance	$L_d$			30		mH
Peak to peak yoke current	$I_{CC}$			0,9		A
Supply voltage	$V_{CC}$		20	22		V
Supply current		$V_{CC} = 22\text{ V}$		155		mA
Fly-back time		$V_{CC} = 22\text{ V}$		1		ms
IC power dissipation	$P_D$	$V_{CC} = 22\text{ V}$		2,3		W
Pin 12 operating peak current in fly-back generator	$I_{FB}$			$\pm 0,45$		A
Non repetitive (accidental) maximum peak current in fly-back		$t = 1\text{ ms}$ $t_o = 20\text{ ms}$		$\pm 2$		A
Pin 13 non repetitive (accidental) maximum peak output current				$\pm 2,5$		A
Fly-back voltage				44		V
Pin 5 oscillator saw-tooth amplitude		$C_3 = 100\text{ nF}$ $V_{CC} = 22\text{ V}$ $R_4 = 63,4\text{ k}\Omega$		9		V
Pin 6 blanking time		$C_3 = 100\text{ nF}$ $V_{CC} = 22\text{ V}$ $R_4 = 63,4\text{ k}\Omega$		1,3		ms
Junction temperature with heatsink of $R_{th} = 10^\circ\text{C/W}$	$T_j$	$V_{CC} = 22\text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 30^\circ\text{C}$		70		$^\circ\text{C}$

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT FOR 90° COLOR TV SETS USING A 421 X TUBE WITH NO LINEARITY ADJUSTMENT



If necessary connect a capacitor 1 nF between pins 9 and 7 to reject line influence.



WITH LINEARITY ADJUSTMENT

$$R_1 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$$

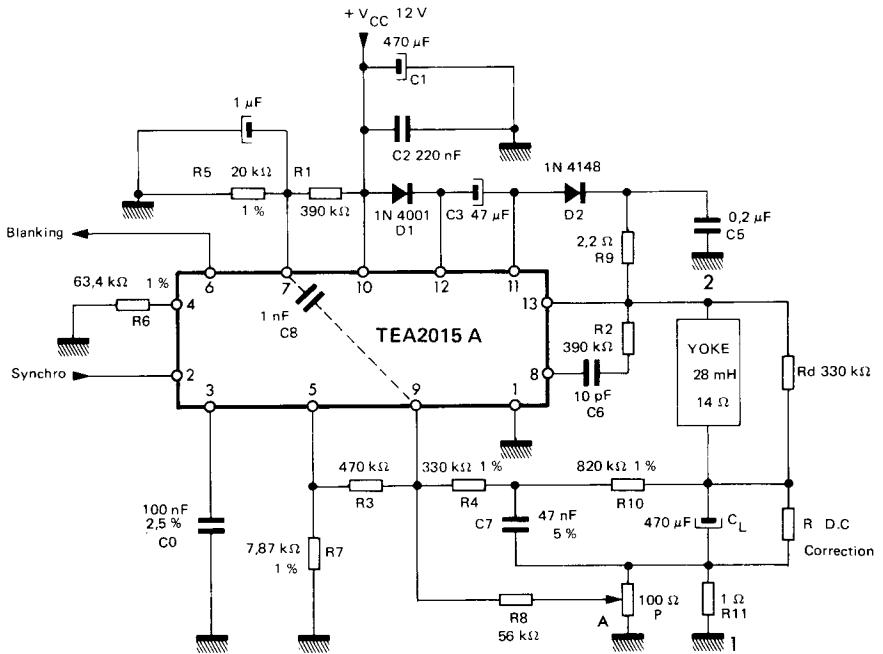
$$R_5 = 33 \text{ K}\Omega$$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR SMALL SCREEN/W DEFLECTION CIRCUIT WITH SERIES COILS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOLS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
YOKE FEATURES SERIES COILS						
Resistance	Rd			14		$\Omega$
Inductance	Ld			28		mH
Peak to peak yoke current	I <sub>CC</sub>			0,6		A
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>			12		V
Fly-back time		V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V		1,2		ms
Power dissipation in the IC	P <sub>D</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V		0,9		W
Pin 11 operating peak current in fly-back generator				± 0,3		A
Non repetitive (accidental) maximum peak current in fly-back		t <sub>r</sub> = 1 ms t <sub>o</sub> = 20 ms		± 2		A
Pin 13 non repetitive (accidental) maximum peak output current				±2,5		A
Fly-back voltage				24		V
Pin 5 oscillator saw-tooth amplitude		V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V		4,7		V
Pin 6 blanking time		V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V		1,3		ms
Junction temperature without heatsink	T <sub>j</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V T <sub>amb</sub> = 30 °C		75		°C

## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT FOR SMALL SCREEN B/W TV SET SERIES COILS

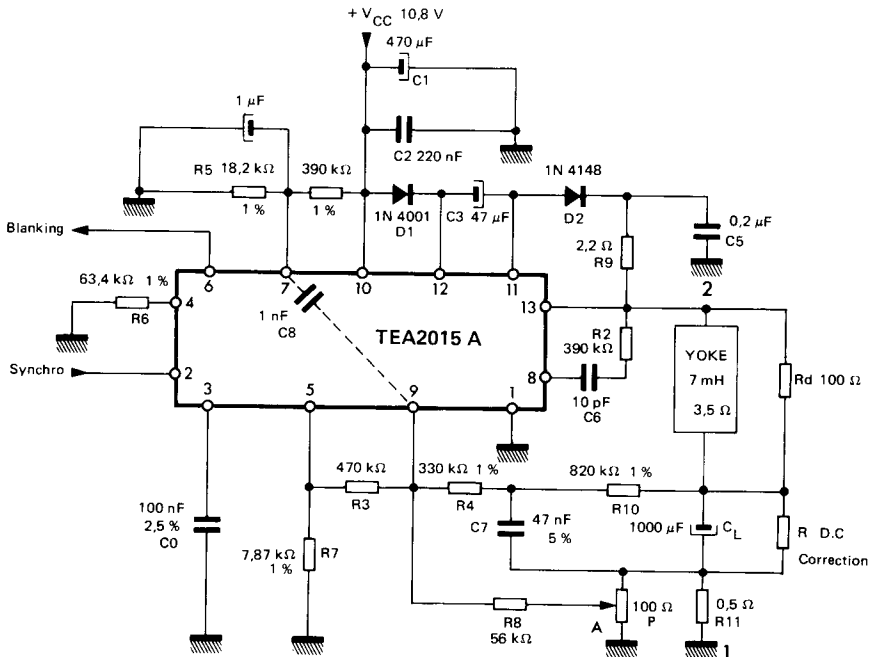


If necessary connect a capacitor 1 nF between pins 9 and 7 to reject line influence.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR SMALL SCREEN B/W DEFLECTION CIRCUIT WITH PARALLEL COILS

PARAMETERS	SYMBOLS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
YOKE FEATURES PARALLEL COILS						
Resistance	$R_d$			3,5		$\Omega$
Inductance	$L_d$			7		mH
Peak to peak yoke current	$I_{CC}$			1,2		A
Supply voltage	$V_{CC}$		8,8	10,8		V
Fly-back time		$V_{CC} = 10,8 \text{ V}$		0,8		ms
Power dissipation in the IC	$P_D$	$V_{CC} = 10,8 \text{ V}$		1,5		W
Pin 11 operating peak current in fly-back generator				$\pm 0,6$		A
Non repetitive (accidental) maximum peak current in fly-back		$t = 1 \text{ ms}$ $t_o = 20 \text{ ms}$		$\pm 2$		A
Pin 13 non repetitive (accidental) maximum peak output current				$\pm 2,5$		A
Fly-back voltage				21		V
Pin 5 oscillator saw-tooth amplitude		$V_{CC} = 10,8 \text{ V}$		4		V
Pin 6 blanking time		$V_{CC} = 10,8 \text{ V}$		1,3		ms
Junction temperature with heatsink of $R_{th} = 30^\circ \text{C/W}$	$T_j$	$V_{CC} = 10,8 \text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = 30^\circ \text{C}$		85		$^\circ \text{C}$

## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT FOR SMALL SCREEN B/W SET PARALLEL COILS



If necessary connect a capacitor 1 nF between pins 9 and 7 to reject line influence.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

**Blanking time**

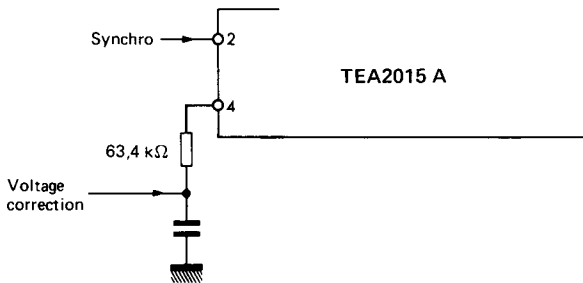
Can be adjusted by the value of R4

$$R4 = 63,4 \text{ k}\Omega \quad C_o = 0,1 \text{ }\mu\text{F} \quad t_{\text{blank}} = 1,3 \text{ ms}$$

**Automatic format correction**

The saw-tooth amplitude is proportional to  $V_{CC}$  so that the format is made automatically when the supply voltage is given by the horizontal transformer. In an other case two other possibilities.

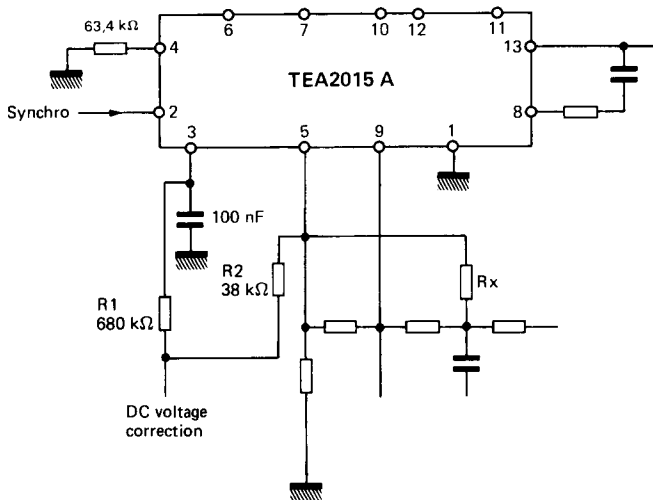
a – When the voltage correction coming from the beam current increase and the amplitude must decrease.



Format correction	5 %
$V_{CC}$	20 V
Voltage correction	0 - 1 V
No effect on the free frequency	

In this case if the amplitude decreases of 5% the blanking time increases of 5%.

b – When the voltage correction decreases and the amplitude must decrease

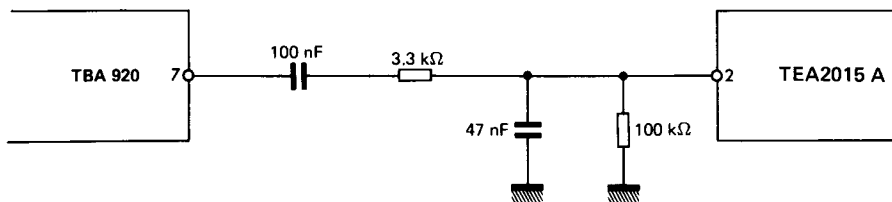


Rx must be adjusted to compensate the parabolic effect of R1 if there is no linearity adjustment.

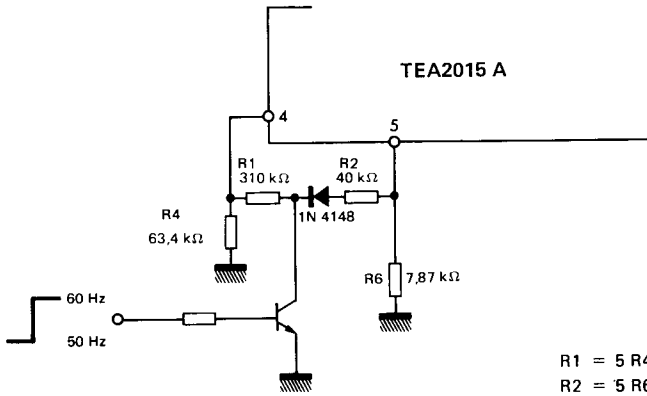
Format correction    5 %  
 DC voltage correction 2 V – 0  
 $V_{CC}$                 20 V

- no effect on free frequency
- Blanking time variation  $\leq 3\%$

Synchronization network for synchro coming from TBA 920 Pin 7

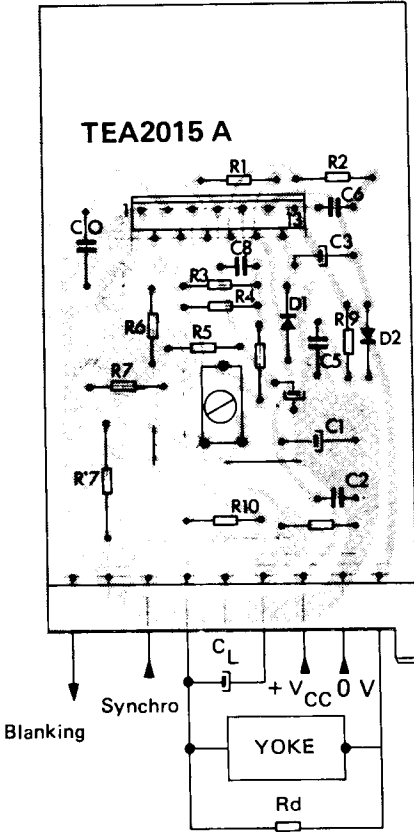


## Automatic standard switching with constant amplitude (50 Hz - 60 Hz)

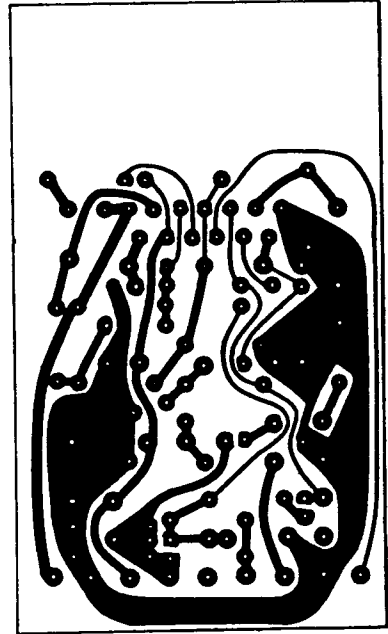


Printed circuit board layout information referred to the application diagram 90° COLOR TV SET

COMPONENT SIDE



COPPER SIDE



Each power ground 1, 2, 3 (refer to the application diagram 90° COLOR TV SET) must be connected to the -supply (pin 1) with a minimum copper resistance.  
Other grounds (oscillator and outputs) must be well decoupled from the power ground and connected to the -supply.

Copper connections to pins 7 and 9 as short as possible to reject the line influence.

These specifications are subject to change without notice.  
Please inquire with our sales offices about the availability of the different packages.