

# **SPECIFICATION**

# FOR LCD MODULE

MODEL NO:	TM204ABCWVBYA
CUSTOMER:	
CUSTOMER P/N.	
VERSION	V1.0
CUSTOMER	
APPROVED	

- □Preliminary specification
- ■Final specification

PREPARED BY	CHECKED BY	VERIFIED BY QA DEPT.	APPROVED BY

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# **REVISION RECORD**

Version	Page	Revision Items	Name	Date
1.0		First release for new IC	Chenrong	2008.1.15



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## 1 Description

The TM204ABCWVBYA, Character LCM unit consists of 20-character  $\times$  4-line dot-matrix(5 $\times$ 8 dot) LCD panel, LCD driver, controller LSI on a single PCB. Incorporating mask ROM-based character generator and display data RAM in the controller LSI, the unit can efficiently display the desired character under microprocessor control.

- Wide viewing direction.
- Wide Operating temperature.
- Requirements on environmental protection: RoHS.

## 2 Features

Item	Contents
LCD type	STN
LCD type	Positive
LCD Duty	1/16
LCD Bias	1/5
Polarizer	Transflective
LCD background color	Yellow-Green
Segment color	Blue-Black
Backlighting	LED
Backlighting type	Area
Backlighting color	Yellow-Green
Backlighting drive	240mA
View direction	6:00(Wide view direction)
Operating temperature	-20℃~+70℃
Storage temperature	-30℃~+80℃
Controller	ST7066U
Frame	SPCC(Black)
Technology	COB
Power supply	VDD=5.0V
Data Transfer	8 -Bit Parallel

#### Notes:

- Color tone can slightly change with temperature and driving voltage.
- Color tone will be changed by backlight.



3 Absolute maximum ratings

(Without LED backlighting ,Ta=25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Logic circuit supply voltage	VCC	-0.3	+7.0	٧	
LCD driving voltage	VLCD	VCC-10.0	VCC+0.3	٧	
Operating temperature range	Тор	-20	+70	$^{\circ}\!$	No
Storage temperature range	Tst	-30	+80	${\mathbb C}$	Condensation

## Note:

- LCD operating voltage V<sub>LCD</sub>=V<sub>CC</sub> −V<sub>ee</sub>
- If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged.
- V<sub>CC</sub> >V<sub>SS</sub> must be maintained.

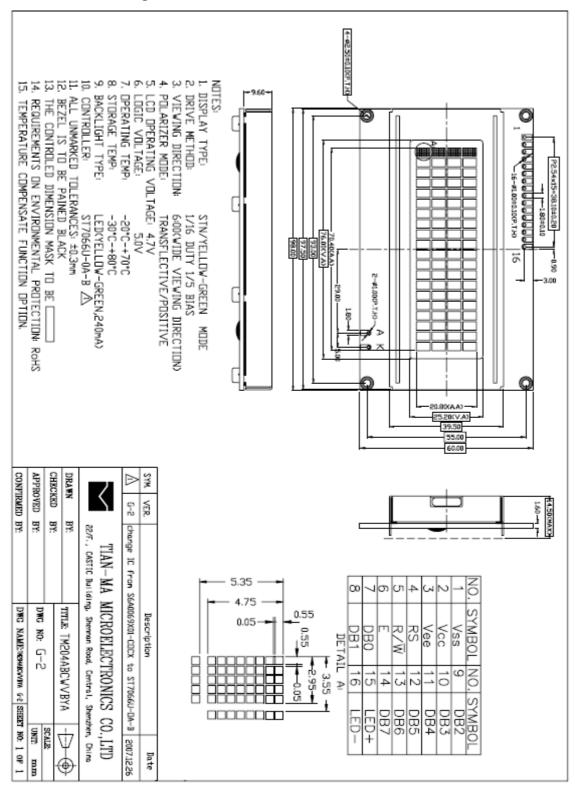
# **4 Mechanical Characteristics**

## 4.1 Mechanical features

Parameter	Standard Value	Unit
Display type	Character Module	
Character size(W×H)	2.95×4.75	mm
Number of dots/characters (W×H)	20×4(5×8)	
View area (W×H)	76.00 × 25.20	mm
Active Area (W×H)	$70.40 \times 20.80$	mm
Dot Size (W×H)	$0.55 \times 0.55$	mm
Dot Pitch (W×H)	$0.60 \times 0.60$	mm
Module size(W×H×D)	$98.00 \times 60.00 \times 14.50 (MAX)$	mm
Module total weight (approx)	80	g
Module outline dimensions	Refer to page 5-"Outline drawing"	



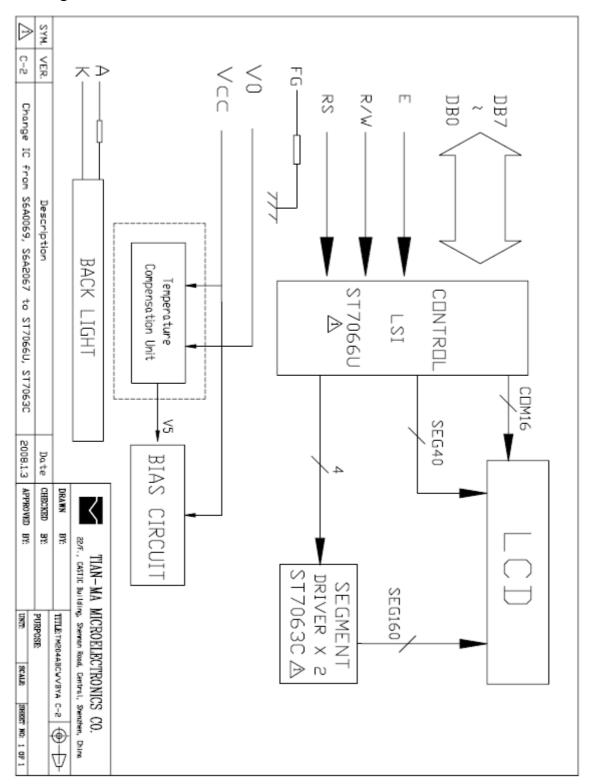
## 4.2 Mechanical drawing.





## **5 Circuit**

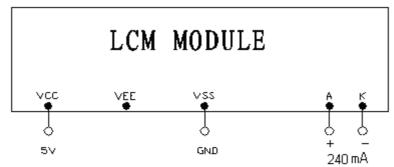
## 5.1 Block Diagram



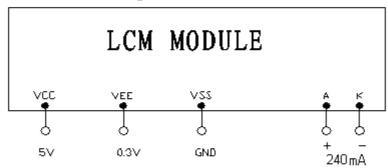


## 5.2 Recommend power supply circuit

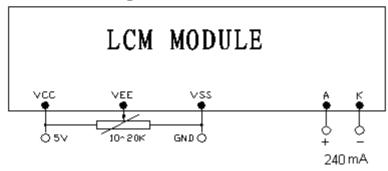
The first driving method



The second driving method



The third driving method



#### Note:

- You can control the contrast of module outside by add a VR (the third driving method, please remove R11 on PCB)
- You can use fixed current or 4.2VDC to drive the backlight



# 6 Interface description .

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	VSS	0V	Ground
2	VCC	5.0V	Power supply voltage for logic and LCD(+)
3	VEE	0.3V	Power supply voltage for LCD(-)
4	RS	I/O	Selects registers (H: Data L: Instruction)
5	R/W	I/O	Selects read or write
6	E	I/O	Data read/write enable signal
7	DB0	I/O	Data bit0
8	DB1	I/O	Data bit1
9	DB2	I/O	Data bit2
10	DB3	I/O	Data bit3
11	DB4	I/O	Data bit4
12	DB5	I/O	Data bit5
13	DB6	I/O	Data bit6
14	DB7	I/O	Data bit7
15	A	240	Power supply voltage for LED(+)
16	K	240mA	Power supply voltage for LED(-)



## 7 Instruction Code & Timing characteristics

## 7.1 COMMAND

The module TM204ABCWVBYA include the controller-ST7066U. The table below lists the types of commands, including the code of each command. more details refer to ST7066U data sheet please.

,						nd Co					to 3170000 data sneet plea.	Execution
Command	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Command Description	time (fsoc= 270kHz)
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM, and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC.	1.52ms
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	X	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.52ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	Sets cursor move direction and specifies display shift. These operations are performed during data write and read.	37us
Display ON/OFF Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	D=1:entire display on C=1:cursor on B=1:cursor position on	37us
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	X	X	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing DDRAM data.	37us
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	X	X	Set interface data length (DL : 4-bit/8-bit), numbers of display line (N : 1-line/2-line), display font type(F : 5 X 8 dots/ 5 X 11 dots)	37us
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC	AC 0	Set CGRAM address in address counter.	37us
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0	Set DDRAM address in address counter.	37us
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC	AC 0	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	Ous
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	37 us
Read Data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM).	37 us

Be sure the ST7066U is not in the busy state(BF=0) before sending an instruction from the MPU to the



ST7066U.If an instruction is sent without checking the busy flag, the time between the first instruction and next instruction will take much longer than the instruction time itself. Refer to instruction Table for the list of each instruction execution time.

## 7.2 Interface Timing characteristics

Note: Please refer to IC: <u>ST7066U</u> data sheet for more details.

 $(VCC = 5V, TA = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

Mode	Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Enable Cycle Time	$T_{\rm C}$	1200	-	-	
	Enable Rise / Fall Time	$T_R, T_F$	-	-	25	
Write Mode	Enable Pulse Width	$T_{PW}$	140	-	-	
(refer to	Address Setup Time	$T_{AS}$	0	-	-	ns
Figure-1)	Address Hold Time	$T_{AH}$	10	-	-	
	Data Setup Time	$T_{DSW}$	40	-	-	
	Data Hold Time	$T_{\mathrm{H}}$	10	-	-	

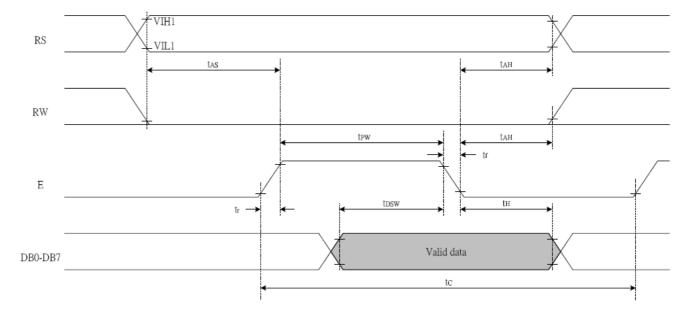


Figure 1. Write Mode Timing Diagram

(VCC =	5V,	Ta =	25℃)
--------	-----	------	------

Mode	Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Enable Cycle Time	$T_{\rm C}$	1200	1	-	
	Enable Rise / Fall Time	$T_R, T_F$	-	1	25	
Read Mode	Enable Pulse Width	$T_{PW}$	140	-	-	
(refer to	Address Setup Time	$T_{AS}$	0	-	-	ns
Figure-2)	Address Hold Time	$T_{AH}$	10	-	-	
	Data Setup Time	$T_{DDR}$	-	-	100	
	Data Hold Time	$T_{H}$	10	-	-	

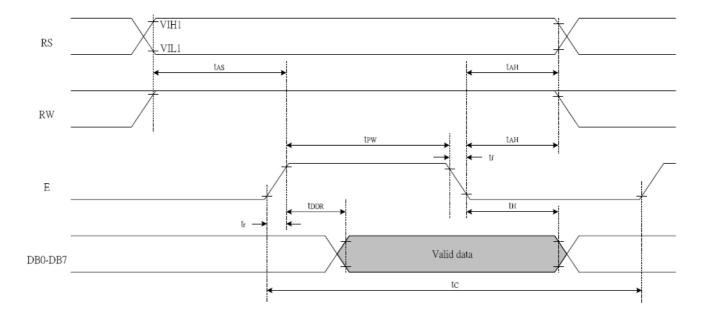


Figure 2. Read Mode Timing Diagram



## 7.3 character generator code map (Please refer to ST7066U datasheet for other character code map)

67-64 63-60	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
0000	G AM⊖															
0001	(2)															
0010	(3)															
0011	4															
0100	(5)															
0101	(6)															
0110	(7)															
0111	(8)															
1000	(1)							**								
1001	(2)															
1010	(3)															
1011	(4)															
1100	(5)															
1101	(6)															
1110	(7)															
1111	(8)															

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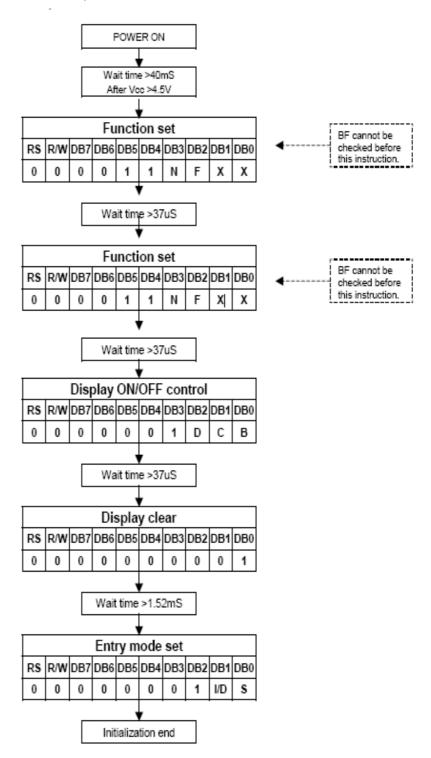
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## 7.4 Initialization flow map

(For 8-Bit Interface F<sub>OSC</sub>=270KHz)





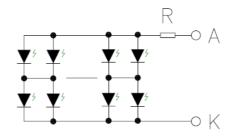
## 8 Electrical characteristics

 $V_{CC}=5.0V$ ,  $V_{SS}=0V$ , Ta=25°C

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Logic circuit supply voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>		4.8	5.0	5.2		
Power supply LCD		V <sub>LCD</sub>		4.4	4.7	5.0		
Input voltage for logic	"H"level	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.7V <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
circuit	"L"level	V <sub>IL</sub>	V 50V	-0.3		0.6		
Output voltage for	"H"level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0V	3.9		V <sub>CC</sub>		
logic circuit	"L"level	V <sub>OL</sub>				0.4		
Logic power supply current (Without backlighting)		Icc	F <sub>OSC</sub> =270KHz VCC=5.0V			3.0	mA	
Used driver IC		ST7066U OF SITRONIX						

# 9 LED backlight characteristics

Ta=25°C



## Circuit diagram (LED 2x24=48 dies)

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_{f}$	I <sub>f</sub> =240mA	3.85	4.05	4.25	٧
Luminous intensity*	Вр		150	210		cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Luminous Uniformity*	△Вр	I <sub>f</sub> =240mA	70			%
Peak Wave length	λр		569	572	575	nm

#### Note:

- Measured at the bare LED backlight unit.
- If the backlight is above these maximum ratings for long time, the service life of the LED backlight

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will reduce or it will cause poor reliability.

• There is a pair of resistors on LCM PCB for adjusting backlight voltage.

## 10 Optical Characteristics

## 10.1 Optical Characteristics

Ta=25□

Parameter		Cumbal		Ratings		Unit	Measuring	Reference	
Farai	neter	Symbol	Min	Type	Max.	UIIIL	Temp.	Reference	
Operatin	g voltage	V <sub>o</sub>	4.5	4.7	4.9	V	25℃	(Note10-1)	
Frame fr	equency	f		70		Hz		(Note10-2)	
Contrast ratio		Cr(θ=20°, Φ=90° or 270°)		10			25℃	(Note10-3)	
	Turn on				250	ma	25℃		
Response		t <sub>on</sub>				ms	0℃	(Note10-4)	
time	T				200	m.a	25℃	(Note 10-4)	
	Turn off	t <sub>off</sub>				ms	0℃		
Viewing angle (Cr≥2)	Up-down	<i>θ</i> 1 ( <i>Φ</i> =90° or 270°)		-45~60		deg	25℃	(Note10-5)	
	Left-right	<i>θ</i> 2 ( <i>Φ</i> =0° or 180°)		-35~35		deg	25℃	(C-OTBION)	

(Note10-1) The maximum and minimum ratings don't mean the LCD works well in the whole range of Vo. Vo must be adjusted to optimize the viewing angle and contrast. Refer to definition of drive voltage, refer to 10.2.

(Note10-2) The frequency shouldn't be too low to avoid flicker. Refer to definition of drive voltage, refer to 10.2.

(Note10-3) Refer to 10.2/10.3/10.4/10.5.

(Note10-4) The selected state is dark and non-selected state is white (or bright) with positive type, reversely the selected state is white (or bright) and non-selected state is dark with negative type. Refer to 10.6 definition of response time.

(Note10-5) Generally the viewing direction is 6:00 or12:00, sometimes 3:00 or 9:00. The range of left to right and up to down based on Cr=2 show the viewing angle. Viewing angle range isn't the range of defects inspection. Refer to 10.4.

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## 10.2 Definition of drive voltage

#### (1) Definition of drive voltage and waveform

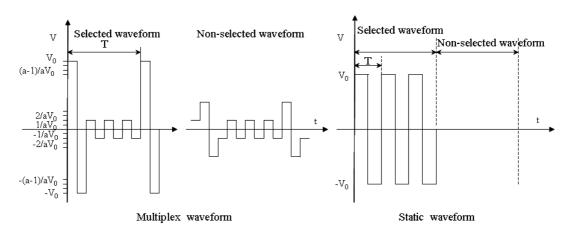


Fig.1 Definition of drive voltage and waveform

Operating voltage: V<sub>o</sub> Frame frequency: f=1/T

Duty: 1/N Bias: 1/a

#### (2) Operating voltage: Vo

TIANMA can evaluate whether the LCD can be redesigned to obtain customer preferable performance if customer's LCD drive voltage isn't adjustable.

## 10.3 Optical characteristics measurement equipment and method

The setup and test method are showed in fig.2. Test methods are different according to different illumination mode.

Transmissive mode: light resource is placed at the back of LCD.

Reflective mode and transflective mode: light resource is placed at the front side of LCD.

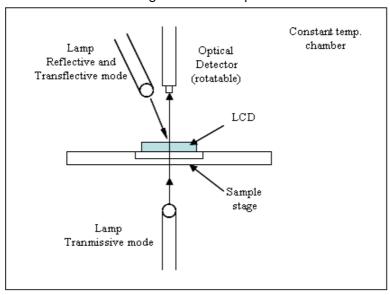


Fig.2 Optical characteristics measurement equipment

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The chamber temperature, light resource and driving signal should be stable before testing. If test the characteristics under high or low temperature, the test system should be stable for more than 10 minutes before testing.

## 10.4 Definition of viewing direction

Refer to the graph below marked by  $\theta$  and  $\Phi$ 

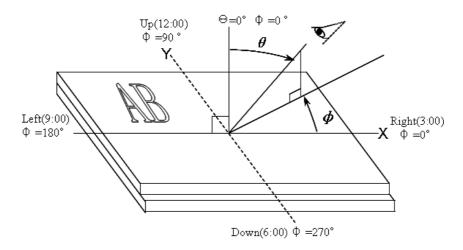


Fig.3 Definition of viewing direction

#### 10.5 Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio can be calculated by the formula (10-1) below for positive type. If the LCD is negative type,  $Cr(\theta, \Phi)$  is equal to luminance  $(\theta, \Phi)$ , non-selected state) divided by luminance  $(\theta, \Phi)$ , selected state). Note3-4 shows the relationship between selected state, non-selected state and bright state, dark state.

$$Cr(\theta, \phi) = \frac{L_2}{L_1} = \frac{Luminance(\theta, \phi) \text{ (Bright state)}}{Luminance(\theta, \phi) \text{ (Dark state)}}$$
(10-1)

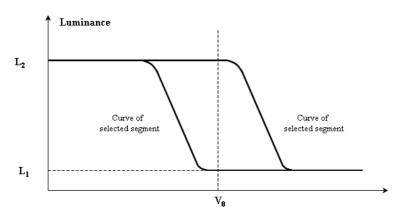


Fig.4 Electro-optical characteristic (EOC) graph (positive type)

## 10.6 Definition of response time

Turn on time (rise time):  $t_{on} = t_d + t_r$  (from non-selected state to selected state) Turn off time (fall time):  $t_{off} = t_D + t_R$  (from selected state to non-selected state)

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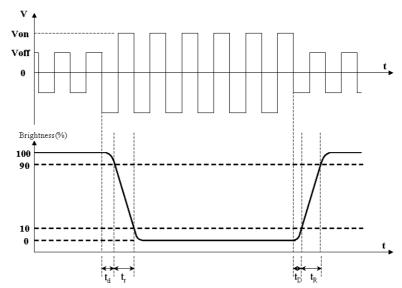


Fig.5 Definition of response time (positive type)

## 10.7 Definition of viewing angle

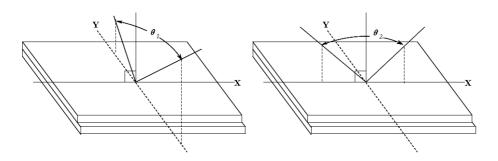


Fig 6 Definition of viewing angle

 $\theta_1$  ——range of viewing angle from up to down

 $\theta_2$  ——range of viewing angle from left to right.



## 11 Reliability

## 11.1 Content of Reliability Test

Ta=25□

No	Test Item	Test condition	Criterion
1	High Temperature Storage	80℃±2℃ 120H Restore 2H at 25℃ Power off	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30°C±2°C 120H Restore 2H at 25°C Power off	
3	High Temperature Operation	70°C±2°C 120H Restore 2H at 25°C Power on	
4	Low Temperature Operation	-20°C±2°C 120H Restore 4H at 25°C Power on	After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects
5	High Temperature & Humidity Operation	should not happen.	
6	Temperature Cycle	-30°C →25°C →80°C 30min 5min 30min after 10cycle, Restore 2H at 25°C Power off	
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz, 100m/s <sup>2</sup> , 120min	
8	Shock Test	Half-sine wave,300m/s <sup>2</sup> ,11ms	
9	Drop Test(package state)	800mm, concrete floor,1corner, 3edges, 6 sides each time	1.After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects should not happen. 2.the product should remain at initial place 3.Product uncovered or package broken is not permitted.

#### Notes:

- 1. Each test item applies for a test sample only once, The test sample can not be used again in any other test item.
- 2. The test sample is inspected after 2 hours or more storing at room temperature and room humidity after each test item is finished.
- 3. The criteria refer to 11.2.

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11.2 Inspection of criteria

Remark NO.	Content
1	Functional test is OK. Missing Segment, shorts, unclear segment, nondisplay, display abnormally, liquid crystal leak are unallowable.
2	After testing, cosmetic defects should not happen, no low temperature bubbles, seal loose and fall, frame rainbow, ACF bubble growing are unallowable in the appearance test.
3	Total current consumption should not be over 10% of initial value.
4	After tests being executed, Contrast must be larger than 70% of its initial value prior to the tests.
5	No glass crack, chipped glass, end seal loose frame crack and so on.
6	No structure loose and fall.



## 12 Quality level

#### 12.1 Classification of defects

Major defects (MA): A major defect refers to a defect that may substantially degrade usability for product applications. All functional defects: no display display abnormally open or missing segment short circuit, missing component, outline dimension beyond the drawing, and progressive defects and those affecting reliability.

Miner defects (MI): A minor defect refers to a defect which is not considered to be able substantially degrade the product application or a defect that deviates from existing standards almost unrelated to the effective use of the product or its operation. Black spot, White spot, Bright spot, Pinhole, Black line, White line, Contrast variation, Bubble(Bubble in the cell is not included), Glass defect, and Polarizer defect beyond the standard as follows.

## 12.2 Definition of inspection range

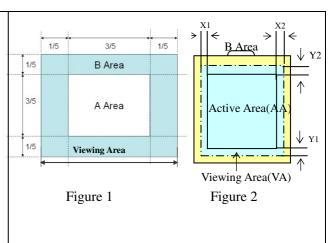
For dot defect of TFT LCD which is not smaller than 3 inches, dividing three areas to make a judgment (according to figure 1).

A zone : center of viewing area B zone : periphery of viewing area C zone : Outside viewing area

For other defects, dividing two areas to make a judgment (according figure 2).

A zone : Inside Viewing area B zone : Outside Viewing area

 $X1(A.A\sim V.A)$ : 2mm  $X2(A.A\sim V.A)$ : 2mm  $Y1(A.A\sim V.A)$ : 2mm  $Y2(A.A\sim V.A)$ : 2mm



#### 12.3 Inspection items and general notes

12.5 mspe	Cilon ilems and general il	71C3				
General notes	be determined by mutual agree  Viewing area should be the a  Limited sample should be pri  Viewing judgment should be  Inspection conditions Inspection distance: 250 mm Inspection angle : 45 degree inspected from this direction)	under static pattern.				
	Pinhole, Bright spot, Black spot, White spot, Black line, White Line, Foreign particle, Bubble	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon doesn't change with voltage				
Inspection	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage				
items	Polarizer defect	Scratch, Dirt, Particle, Bubble on polarizer or between polarizer and glass				
	Dot defect (TFT LCD)	the pixel appears bright or dark abnormally when display.				
	Functional defect	no display, display abnormally, open or missing segment, short circuit, False viewing direction				

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Glass defect	Glass crack, Shaved corner of glass, Surplus glass
Segment defect	Pin holes or cracks in segment, Transformation of segment
PCB defect	Components assembly defect

12.4 Outgoing Inspection level

Outgoing Inspection	Inspection conditions		Inspection						
standard			Max.	Unit	IL	AQL			
Major Defects	See 13.3 general notes	S	See 13.5		II	0.65			
Minor Defects	Minor Defects See 13.3 general notes		See 13.5			1.5			
Note: Sampling standard conforms to GB2828									

12.5 Inspection Items and Criteria

	inspection items	Jana Ontona			ludama	nt standar	·4		
					Judgme	Acceptable number			
	Inspec	tion items	Category						
			- January			A zone		B zone	
	Black spot,			A Φ≦0.10 B 0.10<Φ≦0.15		Neglected			
		spot, b			)<Φ≦0.15	2			
	Bright Spot, Pinhole, Foreign		С		5<Φ≦0.20		1		
1	Particle, Bubble	a	D	(	).20<Ф	(	)	Neglected	
	and Particle in or on glass, Scratch on glass	Φ=(a+b)/2(m	То		ive point(B,C)		3		
		W. K	Α	٧	V≦0.01	Neglecte	ed		
	Black line, White line, Bubble and	Width	В	0.01 <w L≦3.0</w 	≦0.03	2	2		
2	Particle Between Polarizer and	L:Length(mm)	С			1		Neglected	
	glass, Scratch on glass		D 0.05 <w< td=""><td colspan="2">0</td><td>1</td></w<>		0		1		
	on glass	1433			ive point(B,C)	3			
		<u> </u>	Α		Φ≦0.2	Negl	ected		
		b	В	0.2	2<Φ≦0.3	2		Neglecte	
3	Contrast	<u> </u>	С	0.3	3<Φ≦0.4	1		d	
	variation	a (1)/2(1)	D		Ο 0.4<Φ		0		
		$\Phi = (a+b)/2(mm)$	To	Total defective point(B,C)		3			
		TFT LCD is smaller	LC	D Class	Defect	A z	one	B zone	
		than 3 inches			Bright dot	-	1		
			A Dark dot		Dark dot	2		•	
					Total		2	Neglecte	
					Bright dot		2	d	
	Dot defect (if			В	Dark dot		3		
4	TFT LCD is	TETLODI			Total		4	_	
	used)	TFT LCD between	LC	D Class	Defect	A zone	B zone	C zone	
		3~10.4 inches			Bright dot	1	1		
				Α	Dark dot	1 2			
					Total		1	Neglecte	
					Bright dot	2	2	d	
				B Dark dot		2	3		
					Total	(	3		

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	Micro electroni	1							
		Notes: Bright dot: in R、G、E Dark dot: in R、G、B Defect area must be le	or w	hite display figure,	, the pixe	el appears dark.			
5	Bubble inside cell	_ = 5.001 a. 04401 00 10	any size			none	none		
	Polarizer defect	Scratch ,damage on polarizer, Particle on polarizer or between polarizer and glass.	Refer to item 1 and item 2.						
6	(if Polarizer is	Polarizer is Bubble, dent and		A Φ≦0.3 Neglected					
	used)	convex	В	0.3<Φ≦0.7	7	2	Neglecte		
			С	0.7<Ф	(D, O)	0	d		
		Stage surplus glass	10	tal defective point(	(B,C)	2			
	Cumplus	otage surplus glass	b ≤ 0.3mm						
7	Surplus glass	Surrounding surplus glass	Sho	Should not influence outline dimension and assem					
8	Open segment or open common			permitted					
9	Short circuit			permitted					
10	False viewing direction			permitted					
11	Contrast ratio une	ven	Acc	cording to the limit	specime	en			
12	Crosstalk		According to the limit specimen						
13	Black /White spot(	display)	Refer to item 1						
14	Black /White line(c	display)	Refer to item 2						
15		- + - a		not counted	Max	.3 dots allowed			
				x<0.1mm	0.1	mm≤x≤0.2mm			
	Pin holes	a-1 F-	x=(a+b)/2				Marrio		
	and cracks in segment	-D -V		not counted	Max	.2 dots allowed	Max.3 dots allowed		
				A<0.1mm		mm≤A≤0.2mm D<0.25mm			

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16	Transformation of segment	4	not counted	Max.1 defects allowed each segment	
			x<0.1mm	0.1mm≤x≤0.2mm	
			X=	Max.3 defects	
		D-++-0.	not counted	Max.1 defects allowed each segment	allowed
			a<0.1mm	0.1mm≤a≤0.2mm D>0	
			a=measure	V≤a≤1.2W ed value of width al value of width	Max.2 defects allowed

				ludament atandard			
Inspection items				Judgment standard			
				Category(application: B zone)			
		☐The front of lead terminals	Α	If a □ t and b □1.0, c is not limited			
			В	a □ t, 1□b□2mm, c□3mm			
		b c	С	If glass crack cover alignment mark and patterns, b□0.5mm.			
	Glass		D	Crack at two sides of lead terminals should not cover patterns and alignment mark			
47		t					
17	defect crack	②Surrounding crack—non-contact side  seal  c b a t		b < Inner borderline of the seal			
		Inner border line of the seal Outer border line of the seal					



<ul> <li>4Corner</li> <li>A a □ t, b □ 3.0, c □ 3.0</li> <li>*Glass crack should not cover patterns u and alignment mark and patterns.</li> </ul>	3 Surrounding crack— contact side seal  c t a  Inner border line of the seal  Outer border line of the seal		b < Outer borderline of the seal
	a t	*Glass	s crack should not cover patterns u and

18	PCB defect	Component soldering: No cold soldering, short, open circuit, burr, tin ball The flat encapsulation component position deviation must be less than 1/3 width of the pin (Pic.1); the sheet component deviation: Pin deviates from the pad and contact with the near components is not permitted (Pic.2) lead defect: The lead lack must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead burr must be less than 1/3 of the seam; Impurities connect with the near leads is not permitted	Soldering pad Lead L1>0
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V	Micro electronics Co.,LTD	MODULE NOTM204ABGWVBTA VT.0
	Connector soldering: Soldering tin is at contact position of the plug and socket is not permitted No foundation is scald Serious cave distortion on plug and socket contact pin is not permitted	Soldering tin is not permit in this area  Soldering tin is not permit in this area
		socket Base Board
	Glue on root of the speaker receiver and motor lead:  The insulative coat of the lead must join into the PCB; the protected glue must envelop to the insulative coat.	Glue Lead PCB Insulative coat



## 13 Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

## 13.1 Handling Precautions

- 13.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 13.1.2 Liquid in LCD is hazardous substance, if the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, thoroughly and promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 13.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 13.1.4 Don't touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module with anything harder than an HB pencil lead, the polarizer is soft and easily scratched, handle it carefully.
- 13.1.5 Don't put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving any marks on.
- 13.1.6 If the display surface is contaminated or becomes dusty, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. do not scrub hard to avoid damage the surface. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 13.1.7 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 13.1.8 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 13.1.9 Avoid using the same display pattern long time (continous ON segment). Software must be prepared so that the pattern will be changed
- 13.1.10 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
  - a. Be sure to ground the body and electric appliances when handling the LCD Modules. It is preferable to use conductive mat on table and wear cotton clothes or conductive processed fibre. Synthetic fibre is not recommended.
  - b. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
  - c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
  - d. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be careful and slow when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated. It is recommended to use ionic fan or machine when operating. It is recommended to remove the protection foil slowly (> 3 sec.).
  - e. It is preferable to wear gloves etc, to avoid damaging the LCD. Please do not touch electrodes with bare hands or avoid any other contamination.

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## 13.2 Storage precautions

- 13.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 13.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

Temperature :  $5\square \sim 40\square$  Relatively humidity:  $\leq 80\%$ 

- 13.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in a clean environment or room, free from acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- 13.2.4 Store the module in anti-static electricity container and without any physical load.

## 13.3 Transportation precautions

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.

## 13.4 Soldering

- 13.4.1 Use the high quality solders, only solder the I/O terminals.
- 13.4.2 No higher than 280 □ and time less than 3-4 second during soldering.
- 13.4.3 Rewiring: no more than 3 times.
- 13.4.4 when you remove connector or cable soldered to I/O terminals, please confirm that solder is fully melted. If you remove by force, electrodes at I/O terminals may be damaged (or stripped off). It is recommended to use solder suction machine.



# 14. LCD Module Part Numbering System

TM	204	Α	В	C	W	V	В	Y	Α
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			$\sim$						
(1)	(9)	(2)	(11)	(F)	(B)	(7)	(0)	(Q)	(10)
(1)	2	(3)	( <del>4</del> )	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(8)	(10)

NO.	Explanation						
1	TIANMA module indicating						
2	Modu	le type: 3 DIGITS, 20-Character × 4-Line,					
3	TIANI	MA module series (A,B,C,D)					
	LCD t	ype					
4)	В	Positive, Yellow-Green mode, STN					
(5)	Backlight type						
9	С	Transflective, LED					
6	Temperature range						
0	W	Wide temperature					
(7)	Viewing Angle						
	V	Wide viewing direction					
8	Technology						
0	В	COB (including SMT)					
9	The color of backlight						
9	Υ	Yellow-green					
(10)	Function choice						
(10)	Α	Basic function					

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