CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller

TMP86C846N, TMP86CH46N, TMP86CM46N

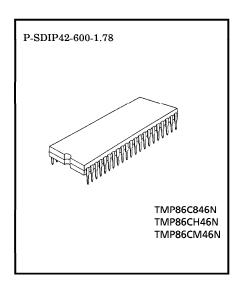
The TMP86C846/H46/M46 are the high-speed, high-performance and low-power consumption 8-bit microcomputer, including ROM, RAM, multi-function timer/counter, serial interface a 10-bit AD converter on chip.

Product No.	ROM	RAM	Package	OTP MCU
TMP86C846N	8 K × 8 bits	540 OL':		
TMP86CH46N	16 K × 8 bits	512 × 8 bits	P-SDIP42-600-1.78	TMP86PM46N*
TMP86CM46N	32 K × 8 bits	1 K × 8 bits		

^{*} Under development

Features

- ◆ 8-bit single chip microcomputer TLCS-870/C series
- Instruction execution time: 0.25 μs (at 16 MHz) $122 \mu s (at 32.768 kHz)$
- ◆ 132 types and 731 basic instructions
- ◆ 18 interrupt sources (External: 6, Internal: 12)
- ◆ Input/output ports (33 pins)
- 16-bit timer counter: 1 ch
 - Timer, Event counter, Pulse width measurement, Programmable Pulse Generator (PPG), External trigger timer Window modes
- ▶ 8-bit timer counter: 2 ch
 - Timer, PWM, PPG, PDO, Event counter modes
- Time Base timer
- ◆ Divider output



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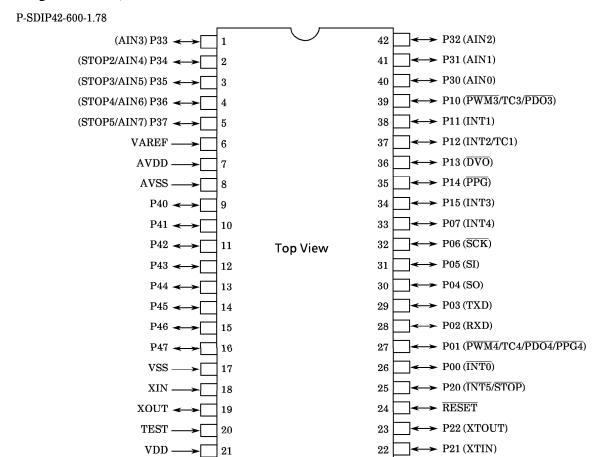
86CM46-1 2002-10-29

- ♦ Watchdog Timer
 - Interrupt source/reset output (programmable)
- ◆ Serial interface
 - 8-bit SIO: 1 ch8-bit UART: 1 ch
- ◆ 10-bit successive approximation type AD converter
 - Analog input: 8 ch
- ♦ Key on wake up: 4 ch
- ♦ Dual clock operation
 - Single/Dual-clock mode
- ♦ Nine power saving operating modes
 - STOP mode: Oscillation stops. Battery/Capacitor back-up. Port output hold/High-impedance.
 - SLOW 1 mode: Low power consumption operation using low-frequency clock.
 - SLOW 2 mode: Low power consumption operation using high and low frequency clock.
 - IDLE 0 mode: CPU stops, and peripherals operate using high-frequency clock of Time-Base-Timer. Release by falling edge of the source clock which is set by TBTCR<TBTCK>.
 - IDLE 1 mode: CPU stops, and peripherals operate using high-frequency clock. Release by interruputs.
 - IDLE 2 mode: CPU stops, and peripherals operate using high and low frequency clock. Release by interruputs.
 - SLEEP 0 mode: CPU stops, and peripherals operate using low-frequency clock of Time-Base-Timer.

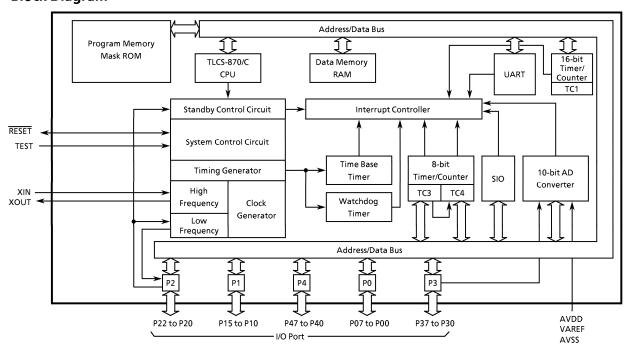
 Release by falling edge of the source clock which is set by TBTCR < TBTCK >.
 - SLEEP 1 mode: CPU stops, and peripherals operate using low-frequency clock. Release by interruputs.
 - SLEEP 2 mode: CPU stops, and peripherals operate using high and low frequency clock. Release by interruputs.
- ♦ Wide operating voltage: 1.8 to 5.5 V at 4.2 MHz/32.768 kHz

2.7 to 5.5 V at 8 MHz/32.768 kHz 4.5 to 5.5 V at 16 MHz/32.768 kHz

Pin Assignments (Top View)



Block Diagram



Pin Functions

Pin Name	I/O	Functi	ons			
P07 (INT4)	I/O (Input)		External interrupt input			
P06 (SCK)	I/O (I/O)					
P05 (SI)	I/O (Input)	8-bit I/O port.	SIO input/output			
P04 (SO)	I/O (Output)	When used as input port, external interrupt input, serial clock input/output, serial data				
P03 (TXD)	I/O (Output)	input/output and timer/counter 4	UART Data output			
P02 (RXD)	I/O (Input)	input/output, the latch must be set to "1".	UART Data input			
P01 (PWM4/TC4/ PDO4/PPG4)	I/O (I/O)		Timer/Counter input PPG output, PWM output, PDO output			
P00 (INT0)	I/O (Input)		External interrupt 0 input			
P15 (INT3)	I/O (Input)		External interrupt 3 input			
P14 (PPG)	I/O (Output)	O his 1/O mant with last ab	PPG output			
P13 (DVO)	I/O (Output)	8-bit I/O port with latch. Each bit of these ports can be individually	Divider output			
P12 (INT2/TC1)	I/O (Input)	configured as an input or an output under software control. An output latch is set to "1" when using it	External interrupt input. Timer/Counte input			
P11 (INT1)	I/O (Input)	as a functional terminal.	External interrupt input.			
P <u>10</u> (PWM3/TC3/PDO3)	I/O (I/O)		Timer/Counter input PWM output, PDO output			
P20 (INT5/STOP)	I/O (Input)	3-bit I/O port with latch. When used as input port, external interrupt	External interrupt 5 input STOP mode release signal input			
P21 (XTIN)	I/O (Input)	input, and STOP mode release signal input, the latch must be set to "1".	Low Frequency Clock input			
P22 (XTOUT)	I/O (Output)	the latch must be set to 11.	Low Frequency Clock input			
P37 (AIN7/STOP5)			STOD mod			
P36 (AIN6/STOP4)			STOP mod			
P35 (AIN5/STOP3)		8-bit I/O port.	signa input			
P34 (AIN4/STOP2)	I/O (Input)	Each bit of these ports can be individually configured as an input or output under	Imput			
P33 (AIN3)	i/O (iriput)	software control.	AD converter analog inputs			
P32 (AIN2)		When used as analog input, then must be set to "1".	_			
P31 (AIN1)						
P30 (AIN0)						
P47						
P46						
P45		8 hit I/O mant with lateh				
P44	I/O	8-bit I/O port with latch. Each bit of these ports can be individually				
P43	1/0	configured as an input or an output under software control.	_			
P42		John Ware Control.				
P41						
P40						
TEST	Input	Test pin for out-going test. Be fixed to Low.				
RESET	I/O	Reset signal input or watchdog timer output/ reset output	address-trap-reset output/system clock			
XIN	Input	Resonator connecting pins for high-frequency	y clock. For inputting external clock, XIN			
XOUT	Output	is used and XOUT is opened.				
VSS		0.0 [V] (GND)				
VDD		+5V				
AVSS	Power Supply	AD circuit GND				
AVDD		AD circuit power supply				
VAREF		Analog reference voltage inputs				

Operational Description

1. CPU Core Functions

The CPU core consists of a CPU, a system clock controller, and an interrupt controller.

This section provides a description of the CPU core, the program memory, the data memory, the external memory interface, and the reset circuit.

1.1 Memory Address Map

The TMP86C846/H46/M46 memory consist of 4 blocks: ROM, RAM, DBR (Data Buffer Register) and SFR (Special Function Register). They are all mapped in 64-Kbyte address space. Figure 1-1 shows the TMP86C846/H46/M46 memory address map. The general-purpose registers are not assigned to the RAM address space.

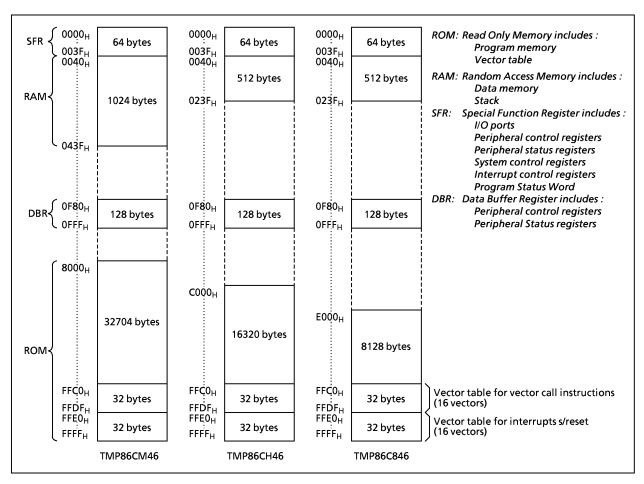


Figure 1-1. Memory Address Maps

1.2 Program Memory (ROM)

The TMP86C846 has a 8 K×8 bits (Address $E000_H$ to FFFF_H), TMP86CH46 has a 16 K×8 bits (Address $C000_H$ to FFFF_H), and the TMP86CM46 has a 32 K×8 bits (address 8000_H to FFFF_H) of program memory (mask programmed ROM). However, placing program memory on the internal RAM is deregulated if a certain procedure is executed (See 2.4.5 Address trap).

4. Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings $(V_{SS} = 0 V)$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		- 0.3 to 6.5	
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		- 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3] ,
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}		- 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3] '
	I _{OUT1} I _{OH}	P1, P3, P4 port	- 1.8	
Output Current (Per 1 pin)	I _{OUT2} I _{OL}	P1, P3 port	3.2	
	I _{OUT3} I _{OL}	P0, P2, P4 port	30	
Output Correct (Total)	Σl _{OUT1}	P1, P3 port	60	mA
Output Current (Total)	ΣI _{OUT2}	P0, P2, P4 port	80	
Power Dissipation [T _{opr} = 85℃]	PD		250	
Soldering Temperature (Time)	Tsld		260 (10 sec)	
Storage Temperature	Tstg		– 55 to 125	°c
Operating Temperature	Topr		- 40 to 85	

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values, which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Recommended Operating Condition

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V, Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Condition		Min	Max	Unit
				NORMAL1, 2 mode	4.5		
			fc = 16 MHz	IDLE1, 2 mode	4.5		
			C. O.B.411	NORMAL1, 2 mode	2.7		
			fc = 8 MHz	IDLE1, 2 mode	2.7		
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}			NORMAL1, 2 mode		5.5	
			fc = 4.2 MHz	IDLE1, 2 mode			
			1.00 700 111	SLOW mode	1.8		
				SLEEP mode			
				STOP mode			V
	V _{IH1}	Except Hysteresis input	$V_{DD} \ge 4.5 V$ $V_{DD} < 4.5 V$		$V_{DD} \times 0.70$		
Input high Level	V _{IH2}	Hysteresis input			$V_{DD} \times 0.75$	V_{DD}	
	V _{IH3}				$V_{DD} \times 0.90$		
	V _{IL1}	Except Hysteresis input		_{oD} ≧ 4.5 V		$V_{DD} \times 0.30$	
Input low Level	V_{IL2}	Hysteresis input	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	5D ≡ 4.3 V	0	$V_{DD} \times 0.25$	
	V _{IL3}		V _C	_{DD} < 4.5 V		$V_{DD} \times 0.10$	
			V _{DD} =	= 4.5 to 5.5 V		16.0	
Clock Frequency	fc	XIN, XOUT	$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.0	8.0	MHz
Clock Frequency						4.2	
	fs	XTIN, XTOUT			30.0	34.0	kHz

Note: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

DC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V, Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Hysteresis Voltage	V _{HS}	Hysteresis input		-	0.9	-	٧
	I _{IN1}	TEST					
Input Current	I _{IN2}	Sink Open-drain, Tri-state	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$	-	-	± 2	μΑ
	I _{IN3}	RESET, STOP					
Input Resistance	R _{IN1}	TEST Pull-Down		_	70	-	kΩ
input Resistance	R _{IN2}	RESET Pull-Up		100	200	450	N22
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	Sink Open-drain, Tri-state	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 5.5 \text{ V/0 V}$	-	-	± 2	μA
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	Tri-state Port	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OH} = -0.7 \text{ mA}$	4.1	_	_	V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	Except X _{OUT} , P0, P4, P2 Port	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V, I_{OL} = 1.6 mA$	-	-	0.4]
Output Low Current	I _{OL}	High Current Port (P0, P2, P4 Port)	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V, V_{OL} = 1.0 V$	-	20	-	
Supply Current in NORMAL1, 2 mode			V _{DD} = 5.5 V V _{IN} = 5.3/0.2 V	-	7.5	9	mA
Supply Current in IDLE0, 1, 2 mode			fc = 16 MHzz fs = 32.768 kH	_	5.5	6.5	
Supply Current in SLOW1 mode] .		V _{DD} = 3.0 V	-	8	20	
Supply Current in SLEEP1 mode	I _{DD}		V _{IN} = 2.8/0.2 V fs = 32.768 kHz	-	5	15	
Supply Current in SLEEP0 mode			13 - 32.700 KHZ	-	4	13	μΑ
Supply Current in STOP mode			$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $V_{IN} = 5.3/0.2 V$	-	0.5	10	

Note 1: Typical values show those at Topr = 25° C, $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$

Note 2: Input current (I_{IN1} , I_{IN3}); The current through pull-up or pull-down resistor is not included.

Note 3: IDD does not include IREF current.

Note 4: The supply current in SLOW 2 and SLEEP 2 mode are similar with the supply current in IDLE0, 1, 2 mode.

AD Conversion Characteristics

$(V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage	V _{AREF}		A _{VDD} - 1.0	-	A _{VDD}	
Power Supply Voltage of Analog Control Circuit	A _{VDD}			V _{DD}		
Analog Reference Voltage Range	$\triangle V_{AREF}$		3.5	-	_]
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS}	-	V _{AREF}	
Power Supply Current of Analog Reference Voltage	I _{REF}	$V_{DD} = A_{VDD} = V_{AREF} = 5.5 V$ $V_{SS} = AVSS = 0.0 V$	-	0.6	1.0	mA
Non linearity Error			-	_	± 2	
Zero Point Error		$V_{DD} = A_{VDD} = 5.0 \text{ V},$	-	_	± 2]
Full Scale Error		$V_{SS} = AVSS = 0.0 V$ $V_{ARFF} = 5.0 V$	-	-	± 2	LSB
Total Error		- AILL	-	-	± 2	

$(V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}, 2.7 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}, \text{Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage	V _{AREF}		A _{VDD} - 1.0	-	A _{VDD}	
Power Supply Voltage of Analog Control Circuit	A _{VDD}			V _{DD}		$\Big]_{V}$
Analog Reference Voltage Range	$\triangle V_{AREF}$		2.5	-	_]
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS}	-	V _{AREF}	
Power Supply Current of Analog Reference Voltage	I _{REF}	$V_{DD} = A_{VDD} = V_{AREF} = 4.5 V$ $V_{SS} = AVSS = 0.0 V$	-	0.5	0.8	mA
Non linearity Error			-	_	± 2	
Zero Point Error		$V_{DD} = A_{VDD} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	_	_	± 2	1
Full Scale Error		$V_{SS} = AVSS = 0.0 V$ $V_{AREF} = 2.7 V$	-	-	± 2	LSB
Total Error		ANE	_	-	± 2	

 $(V_{SS} = 0.0 \ V, \, 2.0 \ V \ to \, 2.7 \ V, \, Topr = -40 \ to \, 85^{\circ}C) \ (V_{SS} = 0.0 \ V, \, 1.8 \ V \ to \, 2.0 \ V, \, Topr = -10 \ to \, 85^{\circ}C)$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage	V _{AREF}		A _{VDD} - 0.9	=	A _{VDD}	
Power Supply Voltage of Analog Control Circuit	A _{VDD}			V _{DD}		
Analag Reference Voltage Bange	Δv	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.0 \text{ V}$	1.8	-	_	V
Analog Reference Voltage Range	\triangle V _{AREF}	$2.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} < 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.0	=	-	
Analog Input Voltage	V_{AIN}		V _{SS}	-	V _{AREF}	
Power Supply Current of Analog Reference Voltage	I _{REF}	$V_{DD} = A_{VDD} = V_{AREF} = 2.7 V$ $V_{SS} = AVSS = 0.0 V$	-	0.3	0.5	mA
Non linearity Error			-	-	± 4	
Zero Point Error		$V_{DD} = A_{VDD} = 1.8 V,$ $V_{SS} = AVSS = 0.0 V$	-	-	± 4	LSB
Full Scale Error		$V_{SS} = AV33 = 0.0 V$ $V_{AREF} = 1.8 V$	-	-	± 4	LJB
Total Error		ANE	_	ı	± 4	

- Note 1: The total error includes all errors except a quantization error, and is defined as a maximum deviation from the ideal

- Note 2: Conversion time is different in recommended value by power supply voltage.

 About conversion time, please refer to "2.8.2 Register Framing".

 Note 3: Please use input voltage to AIN input Pin in limit of V_{AREF} V_{SS}.

 When voltage of range outside is input, conversion value becomes unsettled and gives affect to other channel conversion value.
- Note 4: Analog Reference Voltage Range: $\triangle V_{AREF} = V_{AREF} V_{SS}$

conversion line.

AC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, Topr = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
		NORMAL1, 2 mode			_	
Machine Cycle Time	+0.4	IDLE0, 1, 2 mode	0.25	_	4	
	tcy	SLOW1, 2 mode		422.2	μS	
		SLEEP0, 1, 2 mode	117.6	_	133.3	
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XIN input)				ns
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL	fc = 16 MHz	_	31.25	-	113
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twsH	For external clock operation (XTIN input)		15.26		
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twsL	fs = 32.768 kHz	_	15.26	_	μS

$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 4.5 \text{ V}, Topr = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
		NORMAL1, 2 mode			_	
Machine Cycle Time	+0.4	IDLE0, 1, 2 mode	0.5	_	4	
	tcy	SLOW1, 2 mode	447.6		133.3	μS
		SLEEP0, 1, 2 mode	117.6	-		
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XIN input)		62.5	-	ns
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL	fc = 8 MHz	_			113
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twsH	For external clock operation (XTIN input)		45.26		c
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twsL	fs = 32.768 kHz	ı	15.26	_	μS

$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}, Topr = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
		NORMAL1, 2 mode			_	
Machine Cycle Time	+41.	IDLE0, 1, 2 mode	0.95	_	4	
	tcy	SLOW1, 2 mode	447.6	117.6 –	133.3	μS
		SLEEP0, 1, 2 mode	117.6			
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XIN input)		119.05	_	ns
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL	fc = 4.2 MHz	_			115
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twsH	For external clock operation (XTIN input)		45.26		
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twsL	fs = 32.768 kHz	ı	15.26	-	μS

Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 1

$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Danamatan	0 331 4	Oscillation			Recommended Constant		
Parameter	Parameter Oscillator		Recom	Recommended Oscillator		C ₂	
		16 MHz	MURATA	CSA16.00MXZ040	10 pF	10 pF	
High-frequency Oscillation Ceramic Resonator	8 MHz	MURATA	CSA8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF		
	8 IVITIZ		CST8.00MTW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)		
Oscillation		4.19 MHz	MURATA	CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF	
		4. 19 IVITZ		CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)	
Low-frequency	Crystal Oscillator	32.768 kHz	SII	VT-200	6 pF	6 pF	
Oscillation	Crystal Oscillator	32.700 KHZ	ווכ	V 1-200	o pi	o pi	

Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 2

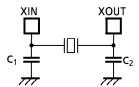
$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Parameter	Oscillator	Oscillation	Recommended Oscillator		Recommended Constant	
		Frequency			C ₁	C ₂
High-frequency Oscillation	Ceramic Resonator	8 MHz	MURATA	CSA8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF
				CST8.00MTW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)
		4.19 MHz	MURATA	CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF
				CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)

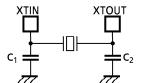
Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 3

$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, Topr = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Do no ma et an	Oscillator	Oscillation	Recommended Oscillator		Recommended Constant	
Parameter		Frequency			C ₁	C ₂
High-frequency	Ceramic Resonator	4.19 MHz	MURATA	CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF
Oscillation				CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)



(1) High-frequency Oscillation



(2) Low-frequency Oscillation

- Note 1: An electrical shield by metal shield plate on the surface of IC package is recommended in order to protect the device from the high electric field stress applied from CRT (Cathodic Ray Tube) for continuous reliable operation.
- Note 2: The product numbers and specifications of the resonators by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. are subject to change. For up-to-date information, please refer to the following URL;

http://www.murata.co.jp/search/index.html