CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller TMP88PS38BNG/FG

The TMP88PS38B is the high-speed and high performance 8-bit signal chip microcomputers which built in a program storage area (64 Kbytes), an OSD font storage area (24 Kbytes) and the one-time PROM of vector table storage area (256 bytes). The TMP88PS38B is pin compatible with the TMP88CS38B. The operation possible with the TMP88PS38B can be performed by writing programs to PROM. The TMP88PS38B can write and verify in the same way as the TC571000D an EPROM programmer.

Product No.	OTP	RAM	Package	Adaptor Socket
TMP88PS38BNG	64 Kbytes (256 bytes)	2 Kbytes	SDIP42-P-600-1.78	BM11174A
TMP88PS38BFG	24 Kbytes	2 Noyles	P-QFP44-1414-0.80K	BM11175A

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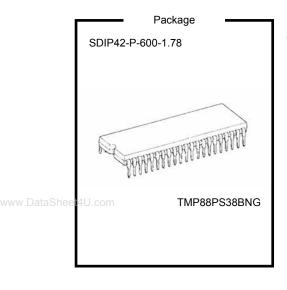
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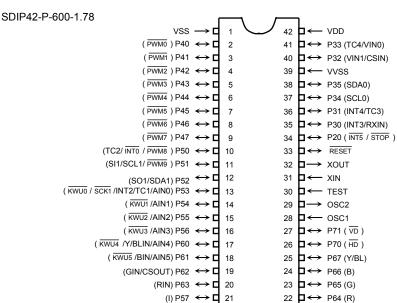
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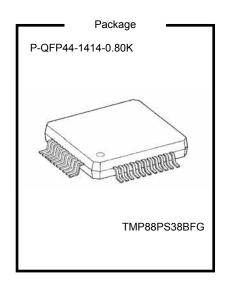


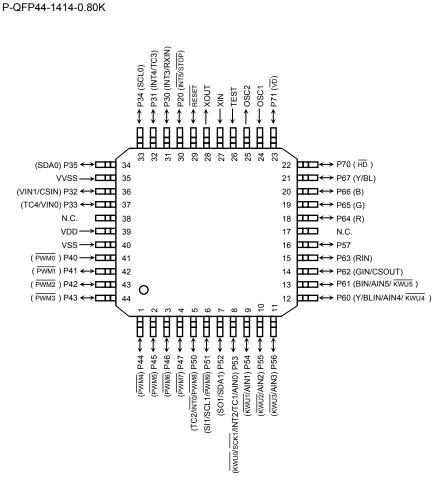
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Pin Assignments









Operational Description

The configuration and function of the TMP88PS38B are the same as those of the TMP88CS38B, except in that a one-time PROM is used instead of an on-chip mask ROM.

1. Operation Mode

The TMP88PS38B has two mode: MCU and PROM.

1.1 MCU Mode

The MCU mode is activated by fixing the TEST/VPP pin at low level. In the MCU mode, operation is the same as with the TMP88CS38B.

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1.1.1 Program Memory

The TMP88PS38B has a 64 Kbytes (Addresses 04000H to 13EFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 10000H to 1FEFFH in the PROM mode) of program storage area, 24 Kbytes (Addresses 20000H to 25FFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 0A000H to 0FFFFH in the PROM mode) and 256 bytes (Addresses FFF00H to FFFFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 1FF00H to 1FFFFH in the PROM mode) one-time PROM of vector table storage area.

1.1.2 Data Memory

The TMP88PS38B has an on-chip 2-Kbyte data memory (Static RAM).

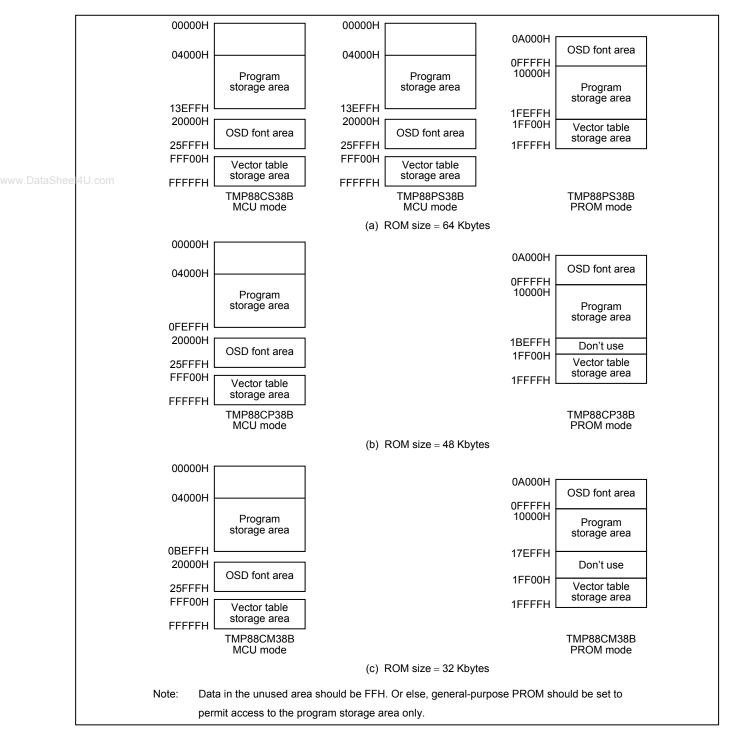
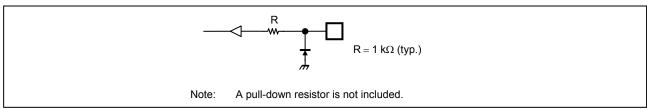


Figure 1.1 Program Storage Area

1.1.3 Input/Output Circuit for Pins

(1) Control pins

The TMP88PS38B is identical to the TMP88CS38B and TMP88CM38B/CP38B except that it has a TEST pin without a pull-down resistor.



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Figure 1.2 TEST Pin

(2) I/O ports

The input/output circuit for the TMP88PS38B I/O port is the same as that for the TMP88CS38B and TMP88CM38B/CP38B.

1.2 PROM Mode

The PROM mode is used to write and verify programs with a general-purpose PROM programmer. The high-speed programming mode can be used for program operation.

The TMP88PS38B is not supported an electric signature mode, so the ROM type must be set to TC571000D.

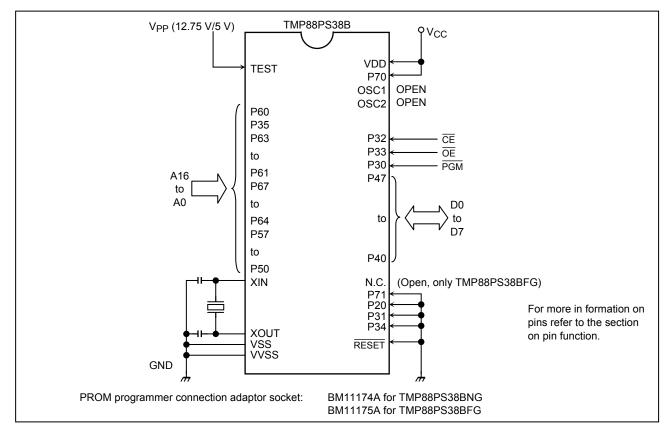


Figure 1.2.1 Setting for PROM Mode

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	Pin Name (EPROM mode)	Input/Output	Function	Pin Name (MCU mode)	
	A16			P60	
	A15 to A8	Input	PROM address inputs	P35, P63 to P61, P67 to P64	
	A7 to A0			P57 to P50	
	D7 to D0	I/O	PROM data inputs/outputs	P47 to p40	
	CE		Chip enable signal input (Active low)	P32	
	ŌE	Input	Output enable signal input (Active low)	P33	
	PGM		Program mode signal input	P30	
	VPP		+12.75 V/5 V (Program supply voltage)	TEST	
	VCC	Power supply	+6.25 V/5 V	VDD	
	GND		0 V	VSS, VVSS	
www.DataShe	P70		PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at high level.		
	P71, P20, P31, P34	Input	PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at low level.		
	RESET		PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at low level.		
	XIN	Input			
	XOUT	Output	Connect an 8 MHz oscillator to stabilize the state.		
	OSC1, OSC2	I/O	Open		
	N.C.	Open	Open		

PROM programmer connection adaptor socket: BM11174A for TMP88PS38BNG BM11175A for TMP88PS38BFG

1.3 Programming Flowchart (High-speed Programming Mode)

The high-speed programming mode is achieved by applying the program voltage (+12.75 V) to the VPP pin when Vcc = 6.25 V. After the address and input data are stable, the data is programmed by applying a single 0.1ms program pulse to the \overline{PGM} input. The programmed data is verified. If incorrect, another 0.1ms program pulse is applied. This process should be repeated (up to 25 times) until the program operates correctly. After that, change the address and input data, and program as before. When programming has been completed, the data in all addresses should be verified with Vcc = Vpp = 5 V.

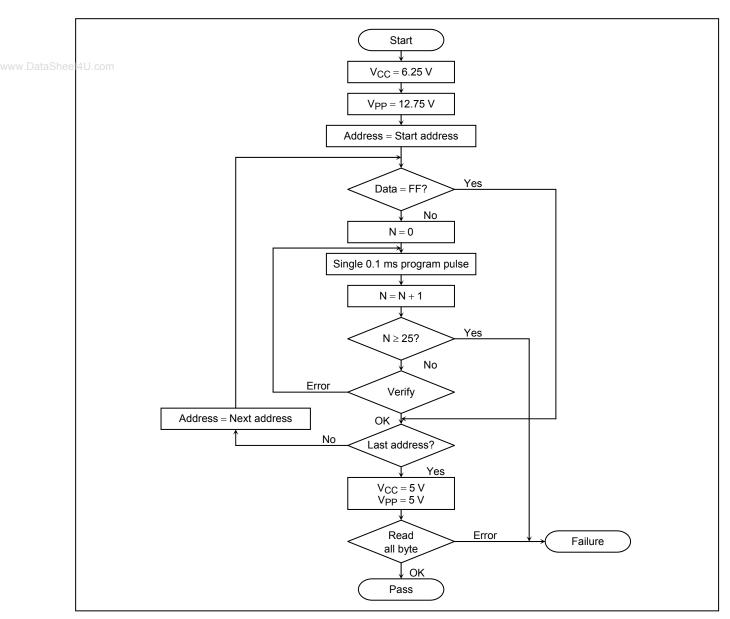


Figure 1.3.1 Flow Chart of High-speed Programming

1.4 Writing Method for General-purpose PROM Program

(1) Adapters

BM11174A: TMP88PS38BNG BM11175A: TMP88PS38BFG

- (2) PROM programmer specifying
 - i) PROM type is specified to TC571000D. (Note 1)

Writing voltage: 12.75 V (high-speed programming mode)

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ii) Data transfer (copy) (Note 1)

In the TMP88PS38B, EPROM is within the addresses 10000H to 1FEFFH (Program storage area) and 0A000H to 0FFFFH (OSD font area) and 1FF00H to 1FFFFH (Vector table storage area). Data is required to be transferred (copied) to the addresses where it is possible to write. The program area in MCU mode and PROM mode is referred to "Program memory area" in Figure 1.1.

iii) Writing address is specified. (Note 1)

Start address: 0A000H End address: 1FFFFH

(3) Writing

Writing/Verifying is required to be executed in accordance with PROM programmer operating procedure.

- Note 1: The specifying method is referred to the PROM programmer description. Either write the data FFH to the unused area or set the PROM programmer to access only the program storage area.
- Note 2: When MCU is set to an adapter or the adapter is set to PROM programmer, a position of pin 1 must be adjusted. If the setting is reversed, MCU, the adapter and PROM program is damaged.

Input/Output Circuit

(1) Control pins

The input/output circuitries of the TMP88PS38B control pins are shown below.

(Control Pin	I/O	Input/Output Circuitry	Remarks
	XIN XOUT	I/O	Osc.enable fc VDD VDD Rf XIN XOUT	Resonator connection pins (High frequency) $R_f=1.2~M\Omega~(typ.)$ $R_O=0.5~k\Omega~(typ.)$
	RESET	I/O	Address-trap-reset Watchdog-timer-reset System-clock-reset	Sink open-drain output Hysteresis input Pull-up resistor $R_{IN} = 220 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$ $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$
	STOP / INT5 (P20)	Input	P20/STOP / INT5	Hysteresis input $R=1\ k\Omega\ (typ.)$
	TEST	Input	R	R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
	OSC1 OSC2	I/O	Osc. enable VDD o Rf Ro VDD OSC1 OSC2	Pin for connecting a resonator for on-screen display $R_f=1.2~\text{M}\Omega~(\text{typ.})$ $R_O=0.5~\text{k}\Omega~(\text{typ.})$

(2) Input/output ports

Port	I/O	Input/Output Circuitry	Remarks
P20	I/O	Initial "High-Z"	Sink open-drain output Hysteresis input $R=1\ k\Omega\ (typ.)$
P30 to P33 P50, P57 P70, P71	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable	Tri-state I/O Hysteresis input $R=1\ k\Omega\ (typ.)$
P34, P35, P51, P52	I/O	Open drain output enable Disable	Tri-state I/O or open-drain output programmable Hysteresis input $R=\ 1\ k\Omega\ (typ.)$
P40 to P47	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable	Tri-state I/O $R=1~k\Omega~(typ.)$
P53 to P56	I/O	Disable Disable RA	Tri-state I/O Hysteresis input Key-on wakeup input ($V_{IL4} = 0.65 \times V_{DD}$) $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$ $R_A = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$ $C_A = 22 \text{ pF (typ.)}$

Port	I/O	Input/Output Circuitry	Remarks
P60, P61	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable CA RA Key-on wakeup	Sink open-drain output High current output $I_{OL}=20$ mA (typ.) $R=1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$ $R_A=5 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$ $C_A=22 \text{ pF (typ.)}$ Key-on wakeup input $(V_{IL4}=0.65 \times V_{DD})$
P62 (at CSOUT)	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable	Tri-state I/O High current output $I_{OL}=20$ mA (typ.) $R=~1~k\Omega~(typ.)$
P62, P63	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable	Sink open-drain output High current output $I_{OL} = 20$ mA (typ.) $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$
P64 to P67	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable	Tri-state I/O $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings	$(V_{SS} = 0 V)$
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Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Ratings	Unit	
Supply voltage	V _{DD} –		-0.3 to 6.5		
Programmable voltage	V_{PP}	TEST/V _{PP} Pin	-0.3 to 13.0	V	
Input voltage	V _{IN}	Т	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Output voltage	V _{OUT1}	-	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$		
Output ourrent (Par 1 pin)	I _{OUT1}	Ports P2, P3, P4, P5, P64 to P67, P7	3.2		
Output current (Per 1 pin)	I _{OUT2}	Ports P60 to P63	30	mA	
Output ourrent (Total)	Σ l _{OUT1}	Ports P2, P3, P4, P5, P64 to P67, P7	120	IIIA	
Output current (Total)	Σ l _{OUT2}	Ports P60 to P63	120		
Power dissipation [Topr = 70°C]	PD	-	600	mW	
Soldering temperature (Time)	Tsld	-	260 (10 s)		
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-55 to 125	°C	
Operating temperature	Topr	=	–30 to 70		

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Recommended Operating Conditions

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
			fc = 16 MHz	NORMAL mode			
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	_	fc = 16 MHz	IDLE mode	4.5	5.5	
			_	STOP mode			
Input high voltage	V _{IH1}	Except hysteresis input	V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V		$V_{DD} \times 0.70$	- V _{DD}	V
input night voitage	V _{IH2}	Hysteresis input	VDD = 4.3 to 5.5V		$V_{DD}\times 0.75$		
	V _{IL1}	Except hysteresis input	\/			$V_{DD} \times 0.30$	
Input low voltage	V_{IL2}	Hysteresis input	V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V		0	$V_{DD}\times 0.25$	
	V_{IL4}	Key-on wakeup input	V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V			$V_{DD} \times 0.65$	
	fc	XIN, XOUT	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5$	5.5V	8.0	16.0	
Clock frequency	food	f 0001 0003	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5$	fc = 8 MHz	8.0	12.0	MHz
	iosc	f _{OSC} OSC1, OSC2		fc = 16 MH	z 16.0	24.0	

- Note 1: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (Supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to
- Note 2: Clock frequency fc: Supply voltage range is specified in NORMAL mode and IDLE mode.
- Note 3: Smaller value is alternatively specified as the maximum value.

DC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions		Тур.	Max	Unit
Hysteresis voltage	V_{HS}	Hysteresis inputs		-	0.9	-	V
	I _{IN1}	TEST	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{IN} = 5.5 V/0 V	-	-	±2	
Input current	I _{IN2}	Open-drain ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±2	μА
input current	I _{IN3}	Tri-state ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V/0 V}$	-	-	±2	μА
	I _{IN4}	RESET, STOP	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V/0 V}$	-	-	±2	
Input resistance	R _{IN2}	RESET	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$	100	220	450	kΩ
Output leakage	I _{LO1}	Sink open-drain ports	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{OUT} = 5.5 V	-	-	2	μА
current 4U.com	I _{LO2}	Tri-state ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 5.5 \text{ V/0 V}$	-	-	±2	
Output high voltage	V _{OH2}	Tri-state ports	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OH} = -0.7 \text{ mA}$	4.1	-	-	
Output low voltage	V _{OL}	Except XOUT, OSC2 and ports P60 to P63	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$	-	-	0.4	V
Output low current	I _{OL3}	Port P60 to P63	V _{DD} = 4.5 V, V _{OL} = 1.0 V	-	20	-	
Supply current in NORMAL mode			V _{DD} = 5.5 V fc = 16 MHz (Note 3)	-	25	30	mA
Supply current in IDLE mode	I _{DD}	_	$V_{IN} = 5.3 \text{ V/0.2 V}$ (Note 3)	-	20	25	
Supply current in STOP mode			V _{DD} = 5.5 V V _{IN} = 5.3 V/0.2 V	-	0.5	10	μА

Note 1: Typical values show those at Topr = 25° C, VDD = 5 V.

Note 2: Input Current I_{IN3}: The current through resistor is not included.

Note 3: Supply Current I_{DD} : The current (Typ. 0.5 mA) through ladder resistors of ADC is included in NORMAL mode and IDLE mode.

AD Conversion Characteristics

(VSS = 0 V, VDD = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70° C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Analog reference voltage	V _{AREF}	supplied from V _{DD} pin.	-	V_{DD}	=	
Analog reference voltage	V _{ASS}	supplied from V _{SS} pin.	-	0	=	V
Analog reference voltage range	ΔV_{AREF}	$=V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	-	V_{DD}	=	V
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS}	-	V_{DD}	
Nonlinearity error			-	=	±1	
Zero point error		7	=	=	±2	LSB
Full scale error		V _{DD} = 5.0 V	-	-	±2	
Total error			_	_	±3	

Note: The total error means all error except quanting error.

AC Characteristics

$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V} \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$$

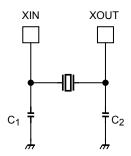
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Machine cycle time	t.	in NORMAL mode	0.5		1.0	μS
Machine Cycle time	t _{cy}	in IDLE mode	0.5	_		μ5
High level clock pulse width	T _{WCH}	for external clock operation	31.25			ne
Low level clock pulse width	T _{WCL}	(XIN input), fc = 16 MHz	31.20	_	_	ns

Recommended Oscillating Conditions

(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} =
$$4.5$$
 V to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70 °C)

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Parameter	Parameter Oscillator		Recommended Oscillator		Recommended Constant		
i arameter	Oscillator	Frequency Recommended Oscillator		mended Oscillator	C ₁	C ₂	
High-frequency oscillation	Ceramic resonator	8 MHz	Murata	CSA 8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF	
		16 MHz	Murata	CSA 16.00MXZ040	5 pF	5 pF	



High-frequency oscillation

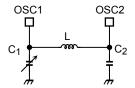
- Note 1: To keep reliable operation, shield the device electrically with the metal plate on its package mold surface against the high electric field, for example, by CRT (Cathode ray tube).
- Note 2: The product numbers and specifications of the resonators by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. are subject to change. For up-to-date information, please refer to the following URL:
 - http://www.murata.co.jp/search/index.html

Recommended Oscillating Conditions

$$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V} \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$$

Item	Resonator	Oscillation	Recommended Parameter Value			
		Frequency	L (μH)	C ₁ (pF)	C ₂ (pF)	
Oscillation for OSD	LC resonator	8 MHz	33	5 to 30	10	
		12 MHz	15	5 to 30	10	
		16 MHz	10	5 to 30	10	
		20 MHz	6.8	5 to 25	10	
		24 MHz	4.7	5 to 25	10	

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Oscillation for OSD

The frequency generated in LC oscillation can be obtained using the following equations.

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}, C = \frac{C_1 \cdot C_2}{C_1 + C_2}$$

C₁ is not fixed at a constant value. It can be changed to tune into the desired frequency.

Note 1: Toshiba's OSD circuit determines a horizontal display start position by counting clock pulses generated in LC oscillation. For this reason, the OSD circuit may fail to detect clock pulses normally, resulting in the horizontal start position becoming unstable, at the beginning of oscillation, if the oscillation amplitude is low.

Changing L and C₂ from the values recommended for a specific frequency may hamper a stable OSD display.

If the LC oscillation frequency is the same as a high-frequency clock value, the oscillation of the high-frequency oscillator may cause the LC oscillation frequency to fluctuate, thus making OSD displays flicker.

When determining these parameters, please check the oscillation frequency and the stability of oscillation on your TV sets.

Also check the determined parameters on your final products, because the optimum parameter values may vary from one product to another.

Note 2: When using the LSI package in a strong electric field, such as near a CRT, electrically shield the package so that its normal operation can be maintained.

DC/AC Characteristics (PROM mode)

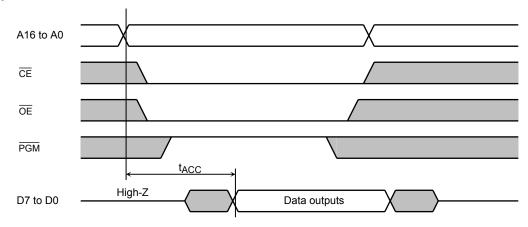
 $(V_{SS} = 0 V)$

(1) Read operation (V_{DD} = 5.0 ± 0.25 V, Topr = 25 ± 5 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input high voltage (A0 to A16, $\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{PGM}}$)	V _{IH4}		$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	-	VDD	
Input low voltage (A0 to A16, $\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{PGM}}$)	V _{IL4}		0	-	0.8	V
Program power supply voltage	V _{PP}		4.75	5.0	5.25	
Address access time	t _{ACC}		-	1.5tcyc + 300	_	ns

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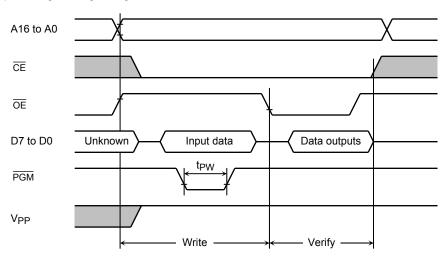
Note: tcyc = 400 ns at 10 MHz



(2) High-speed programming operation (Topr = 25 ± 5 °C, V_{DD} = 6.25 ± 0.25 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input high voltage (D0 to D7, A0 to A16, $\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{PGM}}$)	V _{IH4}		V _{DD} × 0.7	-	V_{DD}	
Input low voltage (D0 to D7, A0 to A16, $\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{PGM}}$)	V _{IL4}		0	-	0.8	٧
Program power supply voltage	V _{PP}		12.5	12.75	13.0	
Initial program pulse width	t _{PW}	V _{DD} = 6.0 V	0.095	0.1	0.105	ms

High-speed Programming Timing



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Note 1: When Vcc power supply is turned on or after, Vpp must be increased.

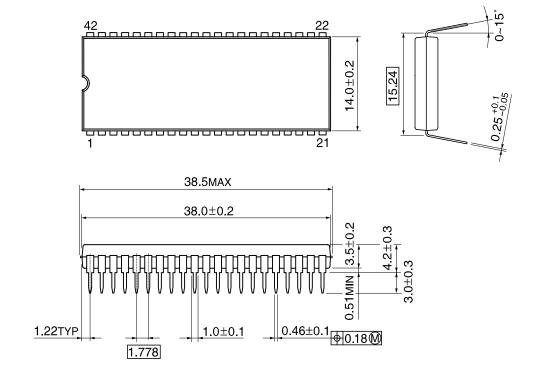
When Vcc power supply is turned off or before, Vpp must be increased.

- Note 2: The device must not be set to the EPROM programmer or picked up from it under applying the program voltage (12.75 V \pm 0.25 V) to the Vpp pin as the device is damaged.
- Note 3: Be sure to execute the recommended programing mode with the recommended programing adaptor. If a mode or an adaptor except the above, the misoperation sometimes occurs.

Package

P-SDIP42-600-1.78

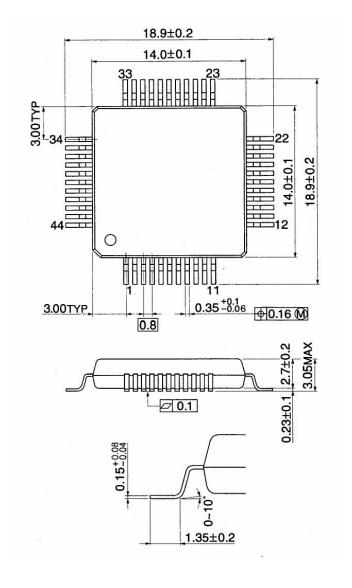
Unit: mm



P-QFP44-1414-0.80K

Unit: mm

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