

## 1. General Descriptions

TRA1309AP is a speaker amplifier that can accept PWM signal and doesn't need any external device for these input signals. PWM input supports mainly for TRITAN'S PWM output. The TRA1309AP contains advanced de-pop circuitry which eliminates pops during chip enable and disable. The gain can be adjusted by connecting a resistor between RGAIN and SPKN to determine gain. Internal sound processing is added for better sound quality.

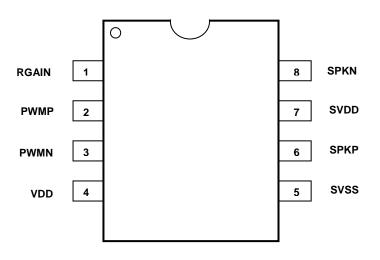
#### 2. Features

- Accept PWM and doesn't need any external devices for these input signals.
- Mute function
- Wide operation voltage : 2.4V~5.5V
- sound processing for better sound quality
- Auto power ON/OFF
- Low standby current : 2u A, typical.
- High output power Pout = 0.8W (VDD=5.5V, THD=1%)

#### 3. Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Type	Description
TRA1309AP-P	DIP 8	Plastic dual in-line package; 8 leads (300mil); PWM mode
TRA1309AP-S	SO 8	Plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body with 3.9 mm; PWM mode

#### 4.1 Pin Configuration



• This chip only applicable for Tritan's SPEECH series PWM and TRD16P101/102/201 PWM



# 4.2 Packaging and Pads Information

Signal Name	Pin Type	Signal Description
SVDD		Speaker driver power input
SVSS		Speaker driver ground input
VDD	I	Internal circuit power input
PWMP	I	PWMP signal input
PWMN	I	PWMN signal input
RGAIN	I	Gain adjust pad
SPKP	0	Positive speaker output
SPKN	0	Negative speaker output

# 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.5 to 5.5	V
Input Voltage	Vi	-0.5 to Vdd+0.5	V
Operating Temperature Range	Та	-20 to 75	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 to 150	°C

### **5.2 DC/AC Characteristics**

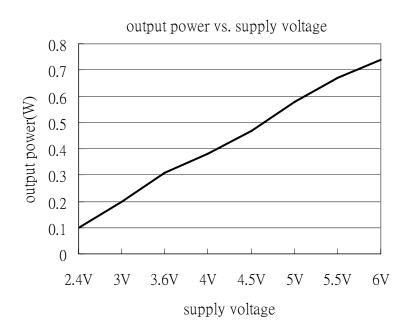
#### Ta=25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	rs	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	
Power supply I	range	VDD	2.4 V	-	5.5 V	
Operating curr	ent	lop		6mA		VDD=5.5V
Standby currer	nt	Imute		2uA		PWMP=floating PWMN=floating
Input high volta	age	Vih	1V			VDD=2.4V~5.5V
Input low volta	ge	Vil			0.5V	VDD=2.4V~5.5V
Input current		lc			5 uA	When PWMP or PWMN connect to VSS will sink this current
Pull up resistor		Rpull-h		2Meg ohm		VDD=3.3V PWMP & PWMN
Output power	SOP DIP	Pout		0.6W 0.8W		VDD=5.5V,THD=1%, $R_L=8\Omega$
Mute time		Mt		30mS 200mS		T <sub>on</sub> T <sub>off</sub>
THD+Noise		THD+N		1%		VDD=5V,Pout=0.6W,R <sub>L</sub> =8Ω,Gain=2

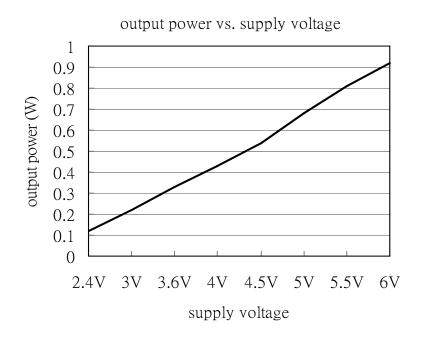


### 5.3 Output power perfomance

1. Output power vs. supply voltage (Fin = 1Khz,  $R_L = 8\Omega$ , THD=1%, normal mode)



2. Output power vs. supply voltage (Fin = 1Khz,  $R_L = 8\Omega$ , THD=1%, PB mode)





# 6. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### 6.1 PWM signal transfer to Analog signal

The PWMP direct connect to TRA1309A's PWMP and the PWMN direct connect to TRA1309A's PWMN (Fig 7-1). No external output components are needed.

Gain can be adjusted using R1(or VR). Since PWM signal is harder to be simply defined. Power gain description is as followed :

Suppose using Tritan's 3AB/5AB, PWM is connected to 8 ohm speaker, the output power is P1.

P2 is the speaker power output using above circuit, condition is same as P1.

P2 = 1.1 x P1

This gain setting will almost assure output signal in "non-distortion" area in any VDD/SVDD. But if 3AB/5AB chip uses lower VDD and 1309AP uses higher VDD(and SVDD), then the output power gain(P2/P1) will be higher. Output power gain will increase proportionally to the ratio of these two VDDs.

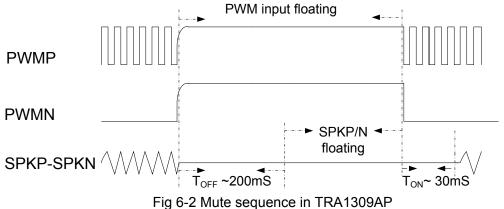
Note : Load capacitance on SPKP/SPKN must be take care of as followed :

Reisitor load between SPKP and SPKN	Maximum load capacitance
Open	100pF
8ohm	300pF

In case stability problem is found, connect a 22pF ~ 100pF capacitor between RGAIN and SPKN.

### 6.2 Mute function(AutoPowerOn/Off)

When PWM input is disabled (floating), TRA1309AP will enter standby mode automatically with mute-off sequence. SPKP/N will be floated after ~200mS. When PWM is enabled, TRA1309AP will be turned on automatically and mute-on sequence is executed (Fig 6-2). SPKP/N will work after ~30mS.

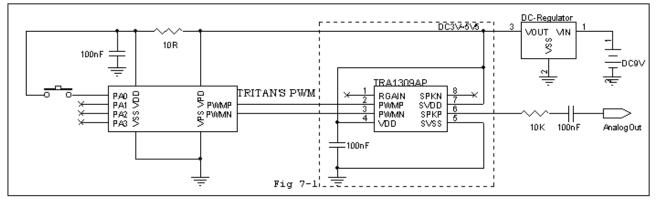


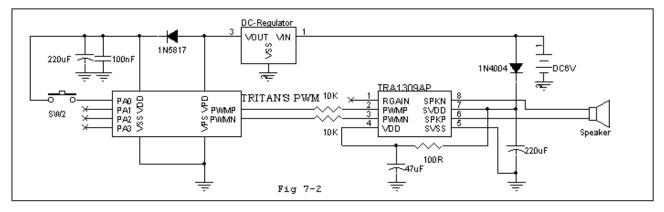
#### \*1 : PWM Input floating (Mute) must consider as below

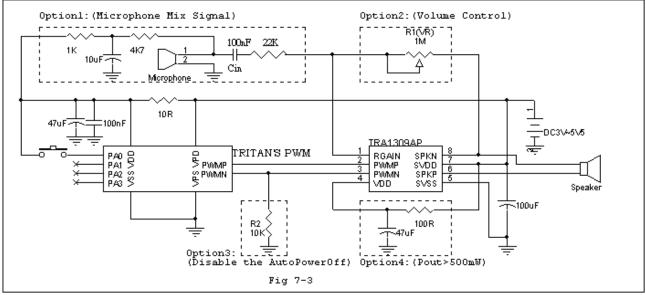
Parasitic capacitor (Maximum)	Rise time after PWM floating (Maximum)
50pF	100uS



# 7. Application circuit



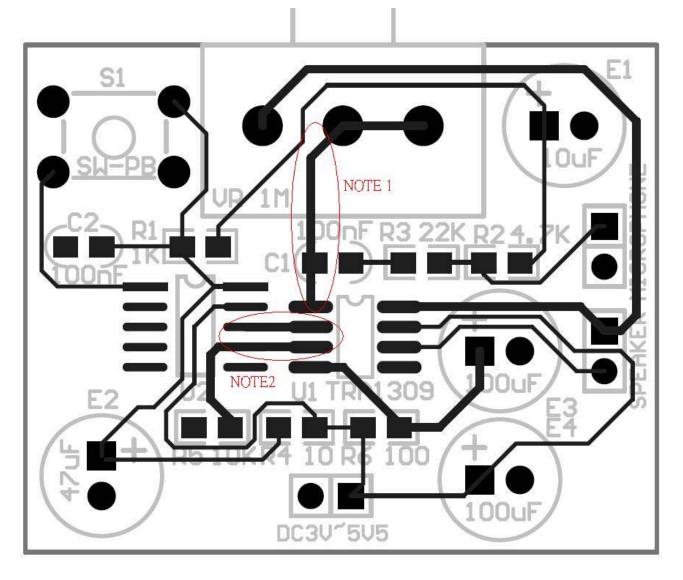




- If VR is used(Option2), 1MΩ is suggested, wire of RGAIN must be kept as short as possible
- An analog mix signal input may be used or not. (Option 1) It's gain = (VR // 250K)/Rin1 .
- If output power is small. (Output power < 0.5W) SVDD can be shorted to VDD. When high output power is needed (Output power > 0.5W). Option 4 must be used.
- R2=10Kohm(Option3) can be disable the Auto Power Off function.



# The PCB layout example of Fig 7-3



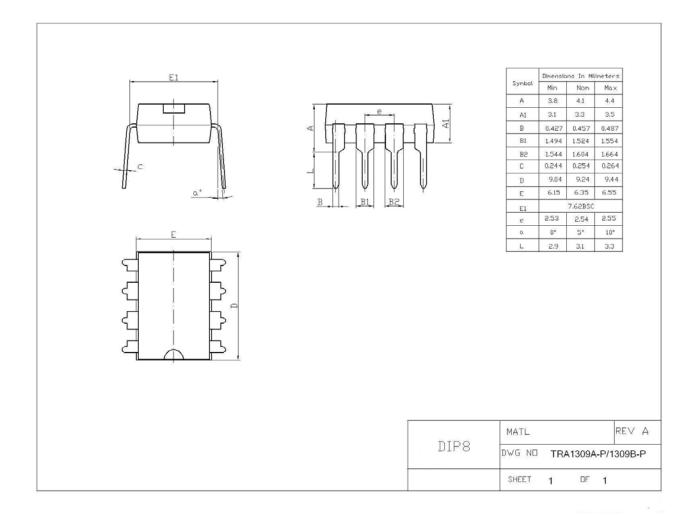
Note 1 : TRA1309AP RGAIN wire to VR and MIC input as short as possible (<2cm is needed)

Note 2: Tritan's PWM wire to TRA1309AP input as short as possible (<2cm is needed)



# 8.PACKAGE OUTLINES

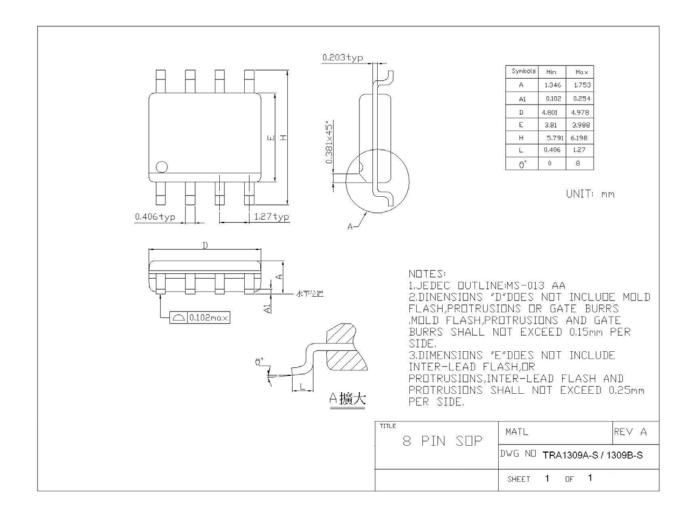
# 8.1 DIP8: plastic dual in-line package; 8 leads (300mil)



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## 8.2 SOP8: plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3.9mm





# **REVISION HISTORY**

REVISION	DESCRIPTION	PAGE	DATE
V1.0	New created, PWM mode with package, extracted/modified from TRA1309A_V1.5		2009.05.07
V1.2	Gain calculated. gain = (VR // 250K)/Rin1	5	2010/06/11
V1.3	The note of the applicable IC	1	2011/12/19
V1.4	Mute consideration and PCB layout example	4,6	2012/03/15