HITACHI

Hitachi Displays, Ltd.

Date : Nov. 23, 2005

TECHNICAL DATA TX80D17VC0CAC

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DESCRIPTION

The following specifications are applied to the following Super-TFT module. Note : Inverter for back light unit is built in this module.

Product Name : TX80D17VC0CAC

General Specifications

Effective Display Are	ea :	(H)697.6845	×(V)392	2.256	(mm)			
Number of Pixels	:	(H)1,366×(V)768		(pixels)			
Pixel Pitch	:	(H)0.51075	×(V)0.5	1075	(mm)			
Color Pixel Arrangem	ent :	B+G+R Ver	tical Stri	pe				
Display Mode	:	Transmissive Normally B		de				
Top Polarizer Type	:	Anti-Glare						
Number of Colors	:	16,777,216		(c	olors)			
Viewing Angle Range	::	Super Wide V (Horizontal		al : 178°,	, CR≧10)			
Input Signal	: 1	-channel LV	DS (LVI	OS:Low	Voltage Diffe	rential Sig	naling)	
Back Light	: 1	l6 pcs. of CC	CFL					
External Dimensions	:(H)760.0×(V	7)450.0×	(t)54.0	(mm)			
Weight	: 7	7,200g typ.						
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<u>1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</u>

	Oper	ating	Sto	orage	Unit	Nut
ITEM	Min.	M ax.	M in.	M ax.	Unit	Note
Temperature	0	50	-20	60	°C	1),5)
Humidity	2	2)	2)		%RH	1)
Vibration	-	4.9(0.5G)	-	14.7 (1.5G)	m/s 2	3)
Shock	-	29.4(3G)	-	294 (30G)	m/s 2	4)
Corrosive Gas	Not Acc	ceptable	Not Ac	cceptable	_	
Illumination at LCD Surface	-	50,000	-	50,000	lx	

1.1 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

Note 1) Temperature and Humidity should be applied to the glass surface of a Super-TFT module, not to the system installed with a module.

The temperature at the center of rear surface should be less than 70°C on the condition of operating. The brightness of a CCFL tends to drop at low temperature. Besides, the life-time becomes shorter at low temperature.

- 2) Ta \leq 40 °C · · · · · Relative humidity should be less than 85% RH max. Dew is prohibited. $Ta > 40 \degree C \cdots Relative$ humidity should be lower than the moisture of the 85% RH at 40°C.
- 3) Frequency of the vibration is between 15Hz and 100Hz. (Remove the resonance point)
- 4) Pulse width of the shock is 10 ms.

All mounting holes should be fixed.

Rear mounting hole (4 locations).

5) Long operation under low temperature may cause some portion of display area to be reddish for several minutes after turning on the product.

However, it does not affect the characteristics and reliability of the product.

1.2 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings

					$v_{33} = 0 v_{13}$
ITEM	SYMBOL	M in.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vdd	0	13.2	V	
Input Voltage for logic	VI	-0.3	3.6	V	1)
Electrostatic Durability	Vesd0	±1	00	V	2),3)
	Vesd1	± 8		k V	2),4)

Note 1)It is applied to pixel data signal and clock signal.

2)Discharge Coefficient : $200 \text{pF} \cdot 250 \Omega$, Environmental : $25^{\circ}\text{C} \cdot 70^{\circ}\text{RH}$

3)It is applied to I/F connector pins.

4) It is applied to the surface of a metallic bezel and a LCD panel.

(2) Back-light Inverter

ITEM	SYM BOL	Min.	M ax.	Unit	Note
Input Voltage	Vin	0	32	V	
ON/OFF Control Input Voltage	ON/OFF	0	5.5	V	
Brightness Control Input Voltage	BRT	0	5.5	V	

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Vss = 0 V

Vss = 0 V

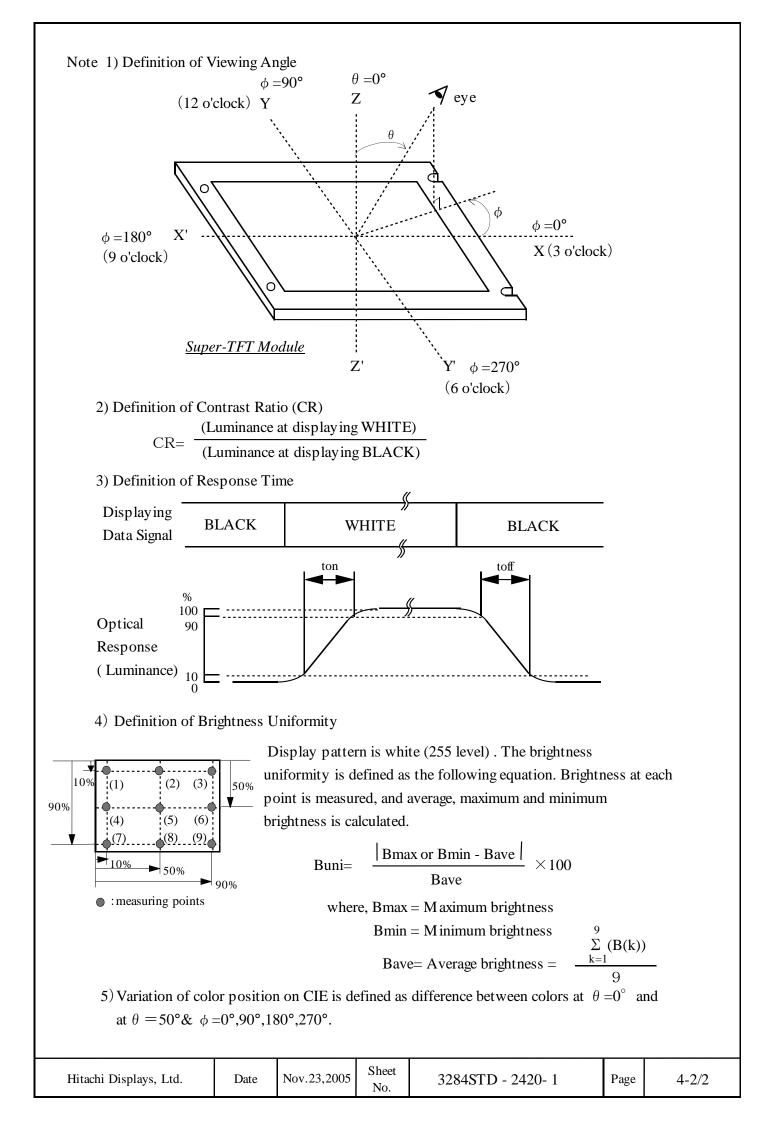
2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The following optical characteristics are measured under stable conditions. It takes about 30 minutes to reach stable conditions. The measuring point is the center of display area unless otherwise noted. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent state.

Measuring equipment: CS-1000A, or equivalent

Ambient Temperature =25°C, VDD=12.0V, f V=60Hz, Vin=24V BRT:High(Duty:95%)

ITEM	1	SYMBOL	CONDITION	Min.	Typ.	M ax.	UNIT	NOTE
Contrast I	Ratio	CR		600	800	-	-	2)
Response	Rise	ton] [-	9	20	ms	3)
Time	Fall	toff		-	7	20	ms	3)
Brightness of	white	Bwh		420	500	-	cd/m ²	
Brightness ur	niformity	Buni		-	-	30	%	4)
Color	Red	χ] [0.61	0.64	0.67		
	Reu	У	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	0.29	0.32	0.35		
Chromaticity	Green	χ	1)	0.26	0.29	0.32		
(CIE)	Oleen	У		0.58	0.61	0.64		[Gray scale
	Blue	χ		0.12	0.15	0.18		=255]
	Diuc	У		0.04	0.07	0.10		
	White	χ		0.247	0.277	0.307		
	white	У		0.248	0.278	0.308		
Variation of	Red	Δχ		-	-	0.04		
Color Position	Rea	Δ y	$\theta = +50^{\circ}$	-	-	0.04		
(CIE)	Green	$\Delta \chi$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}$	-	-	0.04		5)
	Green	Δ y	180°,270°	-	-	0.04	-	[Gray scale
	Blue	$\Delta \chi$	1)	-	-	0.04		=255]
	Diuc	Δ y	ŕ	-	-	0.04		
	White	Δχ		-	-	0.04		
	white	Δ y	ļ	-	-	0.04		
Contrast Ratio at 89°		CR89°		10	-	-	-	Estimated value

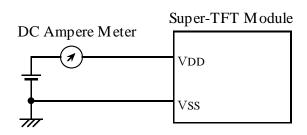


<u>3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS</u>

3.1 TET_I CD Module

3.1 TFT-LCD Module Ta=25°C, Vss=0V								
ITEM	SYMBOL	M in.	Typ.	M ax.	Unit	Note		
Power Supply Voltage	Vdd	11.4	12.0	12.6	V			
Power Supply Current	Idd	-	0.58	0.77	А	1),2)		
Ripple Voltage of Power Supply	Vddr	_	-	0.15	V			

Note 1) DC current at fv=60.0Hz, fCLK=82MHz, VDD=12.0V and Display pattern is white.



2) Current fuse is built in a module. Current capacity of power supply for VDD should be larger than 4A, so that the fuse can be opened at the trouble of power supply.

3.2 Back Light

				VALUE				
ITE	Μ	SYMBOL	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes	
Input Voltage		Vin	21.6	24.0	26.4	V		
Input Current		Iin		4.1	5.0	А	Vin=24.0V, BRT=2.92V	
ON/OFF Control	ON		2.2		5.5	v		
Input Voltage	OFF	ON/OFF	0	—	0.8	v		
Brightness Control	Min.Brightness	BRT		0		V		
Input Voltage	Max.Brightness		_	-	2.92	v		
Output Current		IL	4.0	5.0	6.0	mArms	BRT=2.92V(On-Duty:95%)	
	Min.Brightness	0	—	30	_		BRT=0V	
PWM Duty	Max.Brightness	On-Duty	_	_	95	%	BRT=2.92V max.	
Open Output Voltage		Vopen		1800	1900	Vrms		
Output Frequency		f	45	47	50	kHz		
CFL Life Time		_	60,000	_	_	hours		

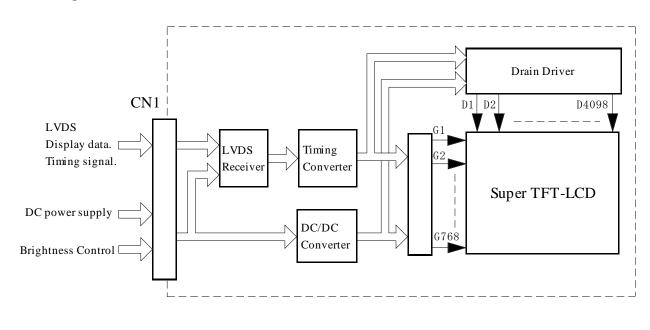
1) Life time of a lamp is defined. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the Note lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at that typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.IL=5.0mA(Duty:95%)

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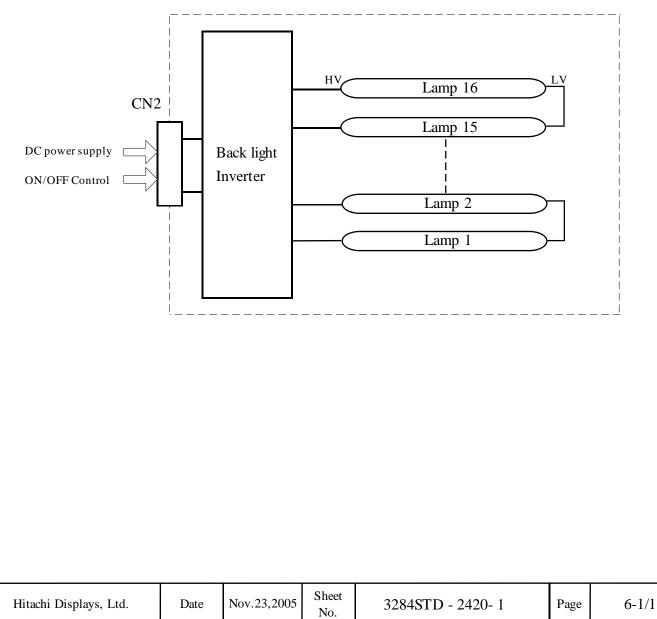
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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

(1) Super-TFT Module



(2) Back light unit



5. INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT-LCD MODULE

CN1: JAE FI-X30SSL-HF

 $(Matching\ connector: JAE\ FI-X30C2L\ or\ equivalent)$

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VDD	Power Supply (typ.+12V)	1)
2	VDD		
3	VDD		
4	VDD		
5	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
6	VSS		
7	VSS		
8	VSS		
9	IC		4)
10	IC		
11	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
12	Rx0-	Pixel Data	3)
13	Rx0+		
14	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
15	Rx1-	Pixel Data	3)
16	Rx1+		-
17	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
18	Rx2-	Pixel Data	3)
19	Rx2+		
20	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
21	CLK-	Pixel Clock	3)
22	CLK+		
23	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
24	Rx3-	Pixel Data	3)
25	Rx3+		
26	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
27	IC		4)
28	BRT	High:Max. Brightness, Low:Min. Brightness	5)
29	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
30	VSS		

Notes 1) All VDD pins shall be connected to +12.0V(Typ.).

2) All VSS pins shall be grounded. Metal bezel is internally connected to VSS.

3) Rx n+ and Rx n- (n=1,2,3) should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

4) All IC pins shall be open.

5) High level (ON) : 2.92V max., Low level (OFF) : 0V

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5. 2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT

CN2: JST S14B-PH-SM3-TB

(Matching connector : JST PHR-14 or equivalent)

Pin No.	SYMBOL	Description	Note
1	VIN		
2	VIN		
3	VIN	Power supply(Typ. 24.0V)	1)
4	VIN		
5	VIN		
6	VSS		
7	VSS		
8	VSS	GND(0V)	2)
9	VSS		
10	VSS		
11	IC	Keep open	4)
12	ON/OFF	High:Lamp ON, Low:Lamp OFF	3)
13	IC	Keep open	4)
14	IC	Keep open	4)

Notes 1) All VIN pins shall be connected to +24.0V(Typ.).

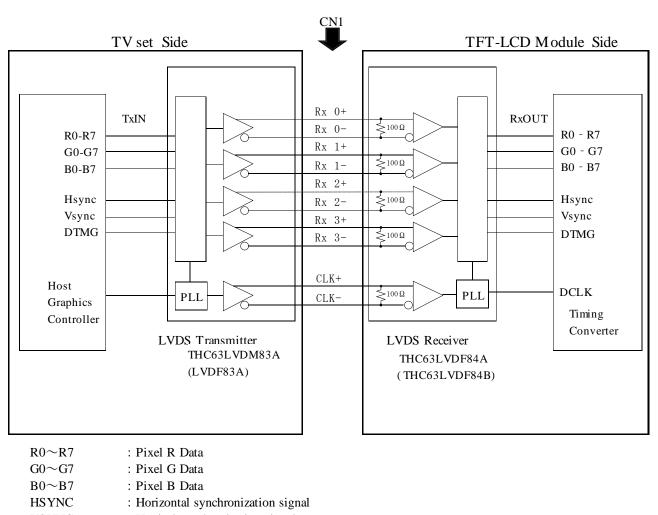
2) All VSS pins shall be grounded. Metal bezel is internally connected to VSS.

3) High level: $2.2 \sim 5.5$ V, Low level: $-0 \sim 0.8$ V

4) All IC pins shall be open.

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BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE



- VSYNC : Vertical synchronization signal
- DTMG : Display timing signal

Notes 1) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.

2) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is used differentially.

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LVDS INTERFACE

		TRA	NSMITTER	INTERFACE CO	NNECTOR	REC	EIVER	TFT
	SIGNAL	THC	63LVDM83A			THC	63LVDF84A	CONTROL
		PIN	INPUT	PC	TFT-LCD	PIN	OUTPUT	INPUT
	R2	51	Tx IN0			27	Rx OUT0	R2
	R3	52	Tx IN1			29	Rx OUT1	R3
	R4	54	Tx IN2	TA OUT0+	Rx 0+	30	Rx OUT2	R4
	R5	55	Tx IN3			32	Rx OUT3	R5
	R6	56	Tx IN4			33	Rx OUT4	R6
	R7	3	Tx IN6	TA OUT0-	Rx 0-	35	Rx OUT6	R7
	G2	4	Tx IN7			37	Rx OUT7	G2
	G3	6	Tx IN8			38	Rx OUT8	G3
	G4	7	Tx IN9			39	Rx OUT9	G4
	G5	11	Tx IN12	TA OUT1+	Rx 1+	43	Rx OUT12	G5
	G6	12	Tx IN13			45	Rx OUT13	G6
	G7	14	Tx IN14			46	Rx OUT14	G7
	B2	15	Tx IN15	TA OUT1-	Rx 1-	47	Rx OUT15	B2
24bit	B3	19	Tx IN18			51	Rx OUT18	В3
	B4	20	Tx IN19			53	Rx OUT19	B4
	B5	22	Tx IN20			54	Rx OUT20	B5
	B6	23	Tx IN21	TA OUT2+	Rx 2+	55	Rx OUT21	B6
	B7	24	Tx IN22			1	Rx OUT22	B7
	HSYNC	27	Tx IN24			3	Rx OUT24	HSYNC
	VSYNC	28	Tx IN25	TA OUT2-	Rx 2-	5	Rx OUT25	VSYNC
	DTMG	30	Tx IN26			6	Rx OUT26	DTMG
	R0	50	Tx IN27			7	Rx OUT27	R0
	R1	2	Tx IN5			34	Rx OUT5	R1
	G0	8	Tx IN10	TA OUT3+	Rx 3+	41	Rx OUT10	G0
	G1	10	Tx IN11			42	Rx OUT11	G1
	B0	16	Tx IN16			49	Rx OUT16	B0
	B1	18	Tx IN17	TA OUT3-	Rx 3-	50	Rx OUT17	B1
	RSVD 1)	25	Tx IN23			2	Rx OUT23	not connect
	DCLK	31	TxCLK IN	TxCLK OUT+	RxCLK IN+	26	RxCLK OUT	DCLK
				TxCLK OUT-	RxCLK IN-			

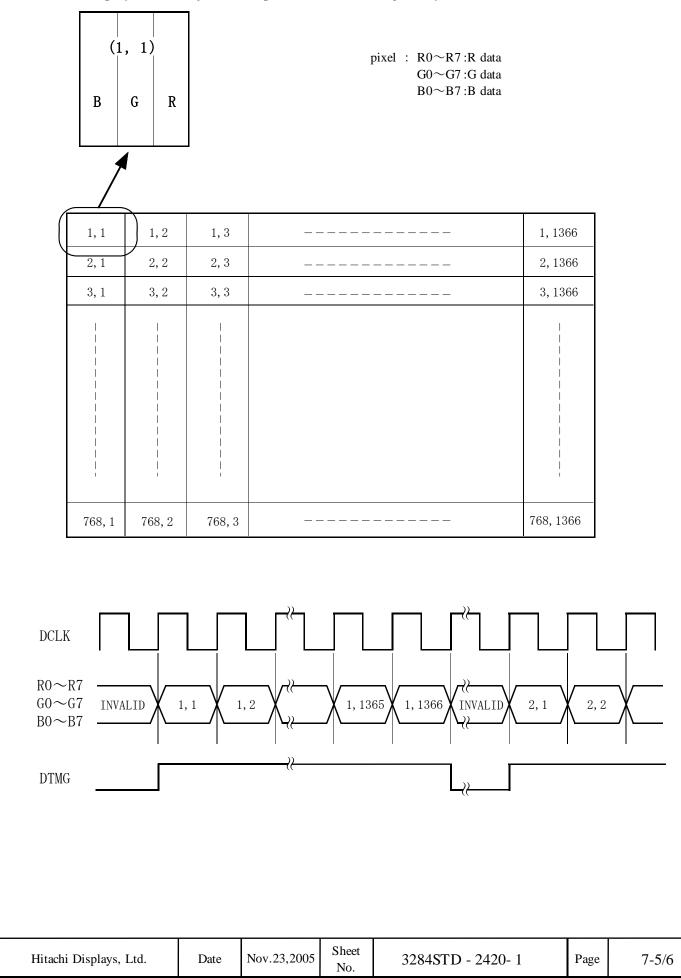
R0~R7	: Pixel R Data	(7; MSB,	0;LSB)
$G0\sim G7$: Pixel G Data	(7; MSB,	0;LSB)
B0~B7	: Pixel B Data	(7; MSB,	0;LSB)
HSYNC	: Horizontal sync	hronization sig	nal
VSYNC	: Vertical synchro	onization signal	
DTMG	: Display timing	signal	

Notes 1) RSVD(reserved) pins on the transmitter shall be "H" or "L".

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CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN INPUT DATA AND DISPLAY IMAGE

Display data of adjacent one pixel is latched during one cycle of DCLK.



RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT SIGNALS

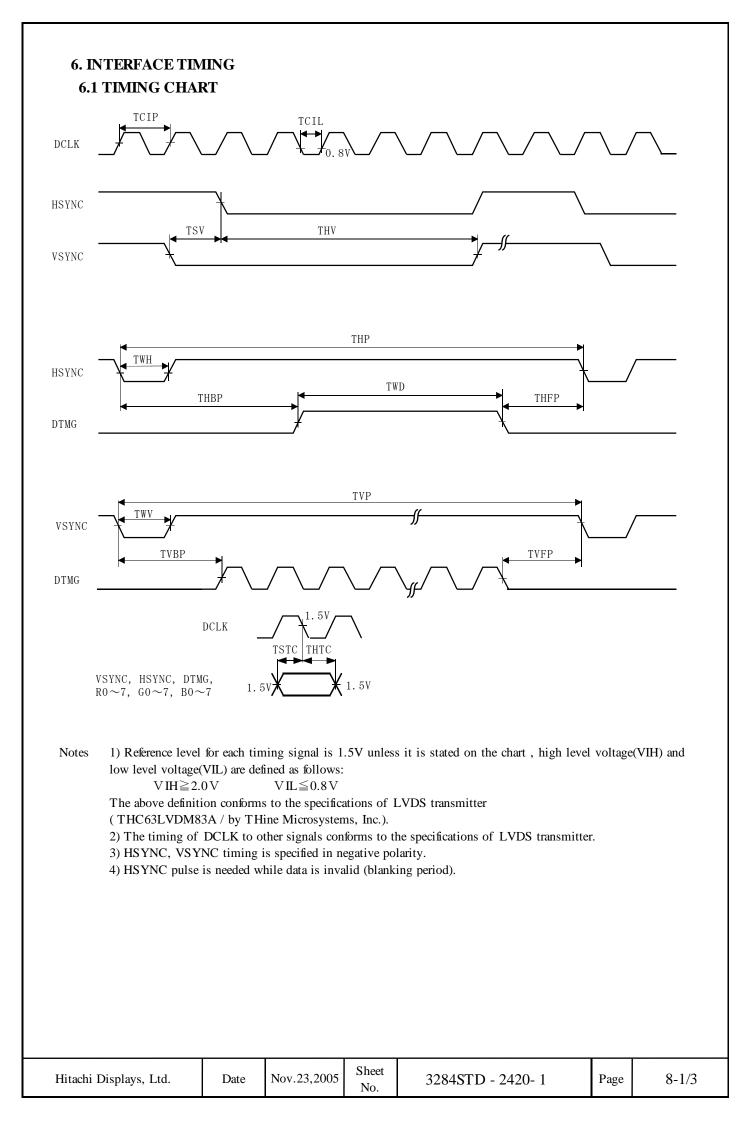
				Red	Dat	ta						Gre	en I	Data	l					B1u	ie Da	ata			
	Input	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	RO	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	GO	Β7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
Color		MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Notes 1) Definition of gray scale:

 $Color(n) \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot Number in parenthesis indicates gray scale level. Larger n corresponds to brighter level.$

2) Data: 1:High, 0:Low

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6.2 INTERFACE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fCLK	78	82	87	MHz	D=TCIL/TCIP
	Duty	D	0.35	0.50	0.65	-	
HSYNC	Frequency	fH	-	48	-	kHz	3)
	Period	THP	1410	1708	1992	TCIP	
	Width-Active	TWH	8	-	240	TCIP	
VSYNC	Frequency	fV	58	60	62	Hz	
	Set up Time	TSV	0	-	-	TCIP	to HSYNC
	Hold Time	THV	8	-	-	TCIP	
	Period	TVP	784	800	816	THP	
	Width-Active	TWV	1	-	120	THP	
DTMG	Horizontal Back porch	THBP	16	-	-	TCIP	1)
	Horizontal Front Porch	THFP	0	-	-	TCIP	
	Vertical Back Porch	TVBP	2	-	-	THP	
	Vertical Front porch	TVFP	2	-	-	THP	
	Width-Active	TWD	1366	1366	1366	TCIP	
COMMON	Set up Time	TSTC	5	-	-	ns	2)
	Hold Time	THTC	3	-	-	ns	

In addition to the above, these timing should conforms to the followings.

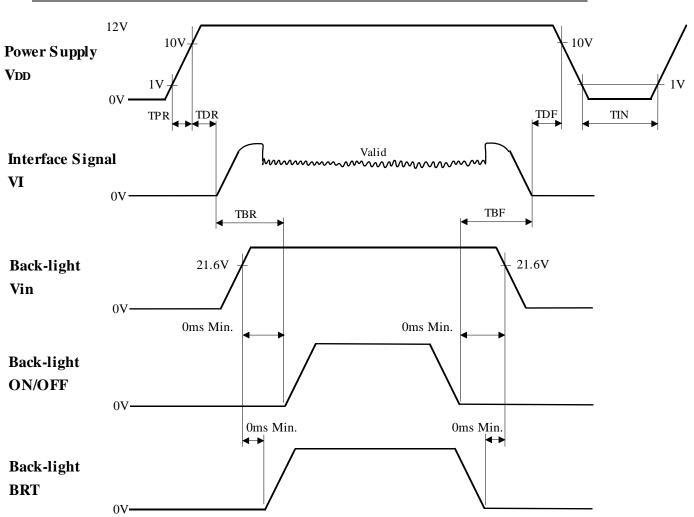
1) TSTC and THTC conforms to the specifications of LVDS transmitter.

It is preferable to check the specifications of LVDS transmitter in your system.

2) Frequency of power supply for a CFL may cause the interference with HSYNC frequency and cause beat or flicker on the display. Therefore, HSYNC frequency shall be as possible from lamp frequency in order to avoid the interference.

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6.3 TIMING BETWEEN INTERFACE SIGNALS AND POWER SUPPLY

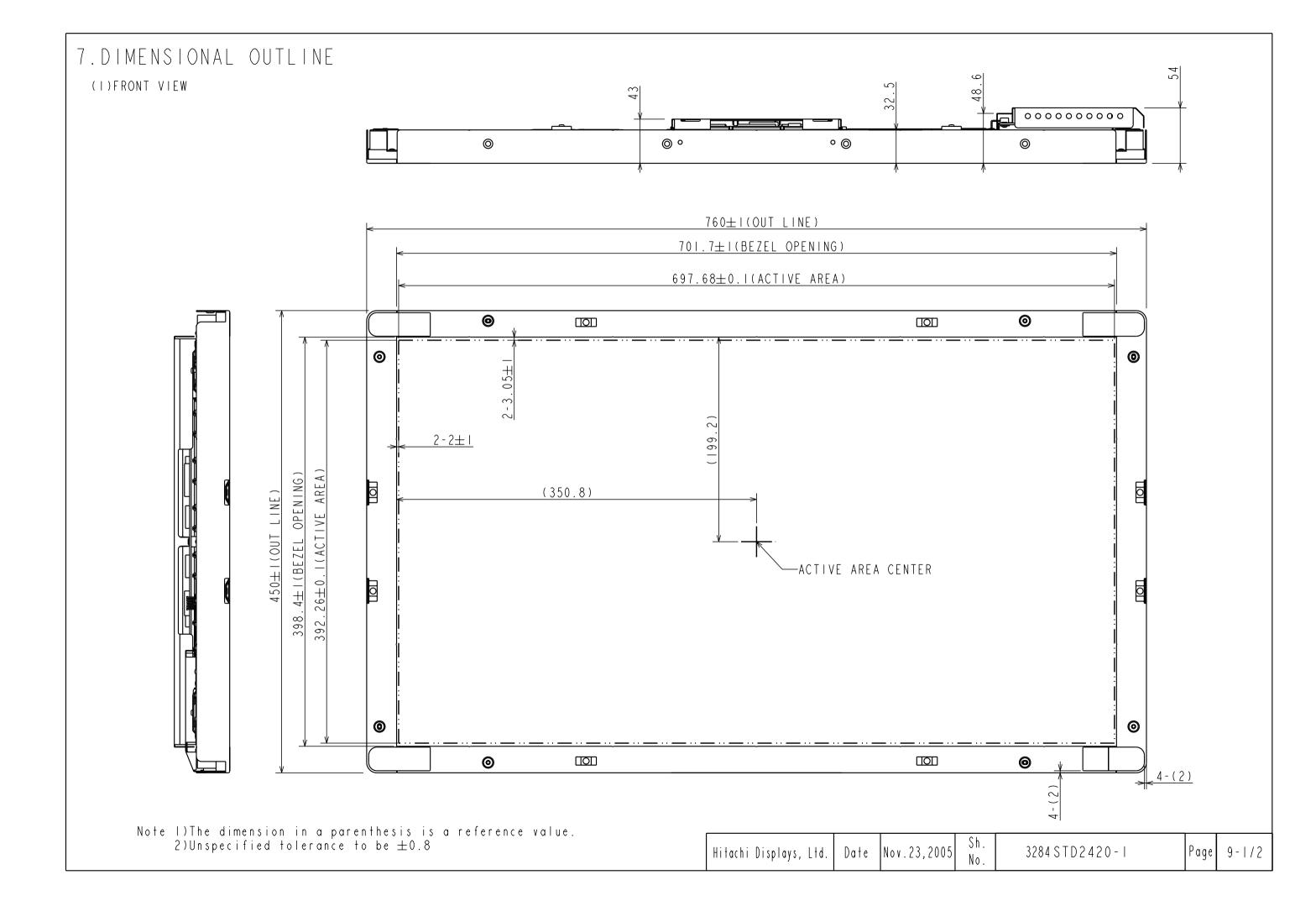


Note

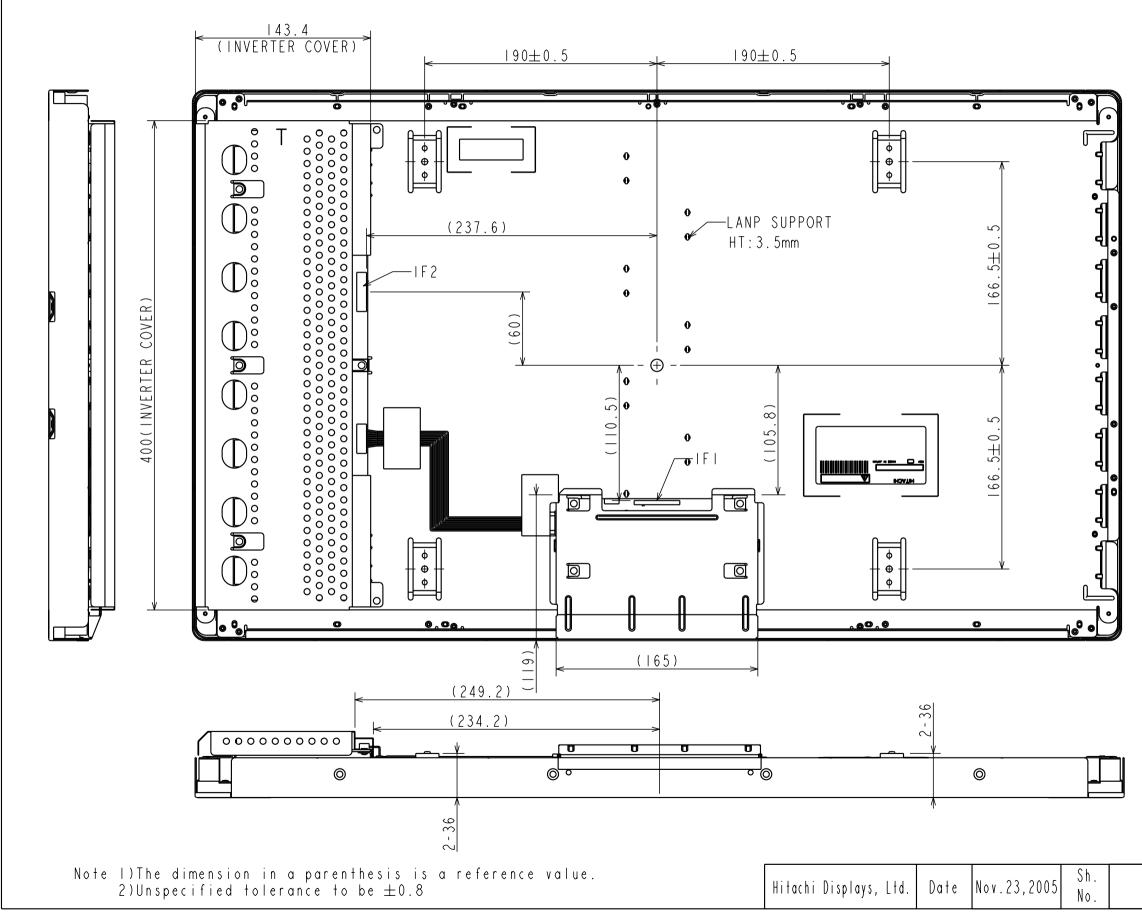
1)Timing of power supply voltage and input signals should be used under the following specifications.

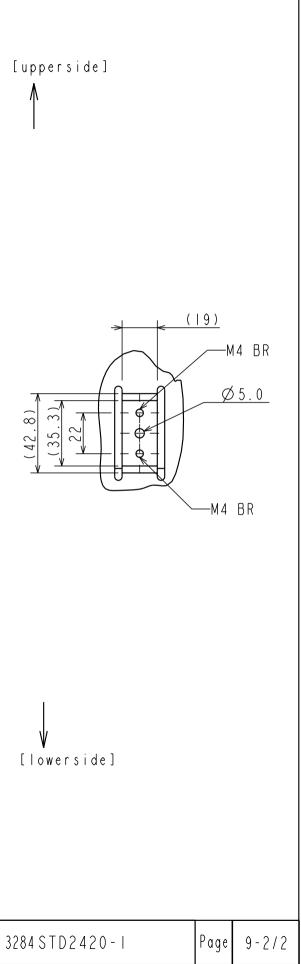
 $0ms \leq TPR \leq 10ms$ $10ms \leq TDR \leq 50ms$ $0ms \leq TDF \leq 50ms$ $TIN \geq 1s$ $200ms \leq TBR$ $TBF \leq 100ms$

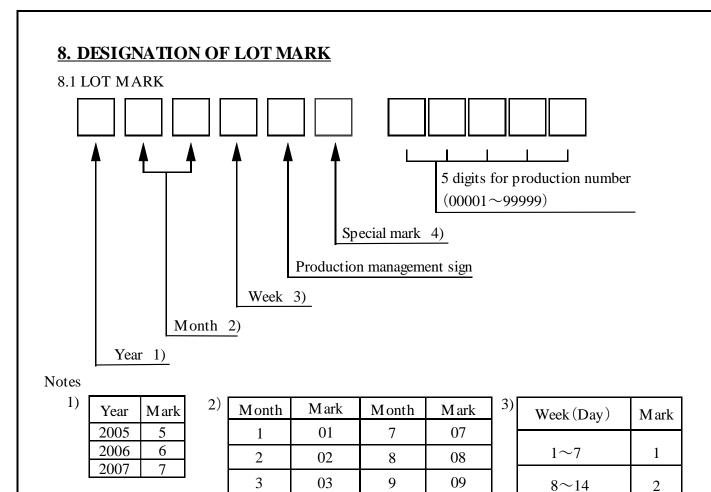
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REV. is the column for manufacturing convenience. A-Z except I and O may be written on this column.

correspondence with production number.

4) It is the mark that was opened up by production person to take

8.3 Location of lot mark

Lot mark is printed on a label. The label is on the metallic bezel as shown in 7. External Dimensional. The style of character will be changed without notice.

 $15 \sim 21$

 $22 \sim 28$

29~31

10 - 1/1

	The style of charact	er will be	changed with		<i>.</i>	
Lot 1	REV		▲高電圧差 CAUTION HIGH			
REV	* TX8 本ディスプレイユニット内の律	金光管には水銀が含	D5101H 00001A * 5まれております。液晶 期に従って廃棄して下 LOR LCD CONTAINS MERC EQULATIONS FOR ITS DI	デ ^ィ ィス ⁷ レイの廃棄 さし。 URY SPOSAL.		
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9. PRECAUTION

Please pay attention to the followings when a Super-TFT module with a back-light unit is used, handled and mounted.

9.1 Precaution to handling and mounting

- (1) Applying strong force to a part of the module may cause partial deformation of frame or mold, and cause damage to the display.
- (2) The module should gently and firmly be held by both hands. Never hold by just one hand in order to avoid any internal damage. Never drop or hit the module.
- (3) The module should be installed with mounting holes at each corner of a module.
- (4) Uneven force such as twisted stress should not be applied to a module when a module is mounted on the cover case. The cover case must have sufficient strength so that external force can not be transmitted directly to a module.
- (5) It is recommended to leave a space between a module and a holding board of a module so that partial force is not applied to a module.

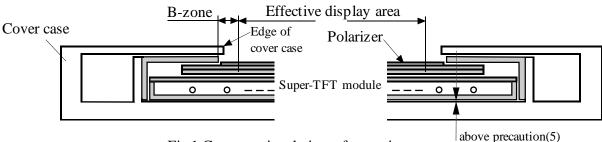


Fig.1 Cross sectional view of a monitor set

- (6) The edge of a cover case should be located inside more than 1mm from the edge of a module front frame.
- (7) A transparent protective plate should be added on the display area of a module in order to protect a polarizer and Super-TFT cell. The transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength so that the plate can not touch a module by external force.
- (8) Materials included acetic acid and choline should not be used for a cover case as well as other parts and boards near a module. Acetic acid attacks a polarizer. Choline attacks electric circuits due to electro-chemical reaction.
- (9) The polarizer on a TFT cell should carefully be handled due to its softness, and should not be touched, pushed or rubbed with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. The surface of a polarizer should not be touched and rubbed with bare hand, greasy clothes or dusty clothes.
- (10) The surface of a polarizer should be gently wiped with absorbent cotton, chamois or other soft materials slightly contained petroleum benzene when the surface becomes dirty. Normal-hexane as cleaning chemicals is recommended in order to clean adhesives which fix front/rear polarizers on a Super-TFT cell. Other cleaning chemicals such as acetone, toluen and alcohol should not be used to clean adhesives because they cause chemical damage to a polarizer.
- (11) Saliva or water drops should be immediately wiped off. Otherwise, the portion of a polarizer may be deformed and its color may be faded.
- (12) The module should not be opened or modified. It may cause not to operate properly.

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- (13) Metallic bezel of a module should not be handled with bare hand or dirty gloves. Otherwise, color of a metallic frame may become dirty during its storage. It is recommended to use clean soft gloves and clean finger stalls when a module is handled at incoming inspection process and production (assembly) process.
- (14) Lamp(CCFL) cables should not be pulled and held.

9.2 Precaution to operation

- (1) The ambient temperature near the operated module should be satisfied with the absolute maximum ratings. Unless it meets the specifications, sufficient cooling system should be adopted to system.
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of a module. The level of spike noise should be as follows: -200mV<=over- and under- shoot of VDD<= +200mV</p>

VDD including over- and under- shoot should be satisfied with the absolute maximum ratings.

- (3) Optical response time, luminance and chromaticity depend on the temperature of a Super-TFT module. Response time and saturation time of CCFL luminance become longer at lower temperature operation.
- (4) Sudden temperature change may cause dew on and/or in the a module. Dew males damage to a polarizer and/or electrical contacting portion. Dew causes fading of displayed quality.
- (5) Fixed patterns displayed on a module for a long time may cause after-image. It will be recovered soon.
- (6) A module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to electromagnetic interference should be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be effective to minimize the interference.
- (7) Noise may be heard when a back-light is operated. If necessary, sufficient suppression should be done by system manufacturers.
- (8) The module should not be connected or removed while a main system works.
- (9) Inserting or pulling I/F connectors causes any trouble when power supply and signal dates are on-state.I/F connectors should be inserted and pulled after power supply and signal dates are turned off.

9.3 Electrostatic discharge control

- (1) Since a module consists of a Super-TFT cell and electronic circuits with CMOS-ICs, which are very weak to electrostatic discharge, persons who are handling a module should be grounded through adequate methods such as a list band. I/F connector pins should not be touched directly with bare hands.
- (2) Protection film for a polarizer on a module should be slowly peeled off so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.

9.4 Precaution to strong light exposure

(1) A module should not be exposed under strong light. Otherwise, characteristics of a polarizer and color filter in a module may be degraded.

9.5 Precaution to storage

When modules for replacement are stored for a long time, following precautions should be taken care of:

- (1) Modules should be stored in a dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light during storage. Modules should be stored at 0 to 35°C at normal humidity (60%RH or less).
- (2) The surface of polarizers should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that modules should be stored in the Hitachi's shipping box.

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9.6 Precaution to handling protection film

- (1) The protection film for polarizers should be pealed off slowly and carefully by persons who are electrically grounded with adequate methods such as a list band. Besides, ionized air should be blown over during peeling action. Dusts on a polarizer should be blown off by an ionized nitrogen gun and so on.
- (2) The protection film should be peeling off without rubbing it to the polarizer. Because, if the film is rubbed together with the polarizer, since the film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of adhesive, the adhesive may remain on a polarizer.
- (3) The module with protection film should be stored on the conditions explained in 10.5 (1). However, in case that the storage time is too long, adhesive may remain on a polarizer even after a protection film is peeled off. Besides, in case that a module is stored at higher temperature and/or higher humidity, adhesive may remain on a polarizer. The remained adhesive may cause non-uniformity of display image.
- (4) The adhesive can be removed easily with Normal-Hexane. The remained adhesive or its vestige on the polarizer should be wiped off with absorbent cotton or other soft materials such as chamois slightly contained Normal-Hexane.

9.7 Safety

- (1) Since a Super-TFT cell and lamps are made of glass, handling to the broken module should be taken care sufficiently in order not to be injured. Hands touched liquid crystal from a broken cell should be washed sufficiently.
- (2) The module should not be taken apart during operation so that back-light drives by high voltage.

9.8 Environmental protection

- (1) The Super-TFT module contains cold cathode fluorescent lamps. Please follow local ordinance or regulations for its disposal.
- (2) Flexible circuits board and printed circuits board used in a module contain small amount of lead. Please follow local ordinance or regulations for its disposal.

9.9 Use restrictions and limitations

- (1) This product is not authorized for use in life support devices or systems, military applications or other applications which pose a significant risk of personal injury.
- (2) In no event shall Hitachi, Ltd., be liable for any incidental, indirect or consequential damages in connection with the installation or use of this product, even if informed of the possibility thereof in advance. These limitations apply to all causes of action in the aggregate, including without limitation breach of contact, breach of warranty, negligence, strict liability, misrepresentation and other torts.

9.10 Others

(1) Electrical components which may not affect electrical performance are subjective to change without notice because of their availability.