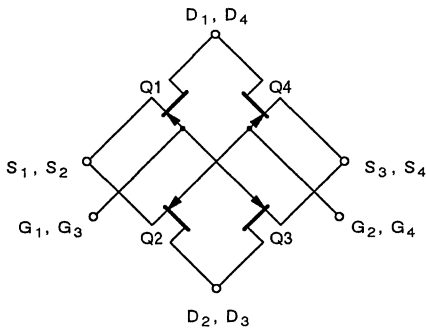


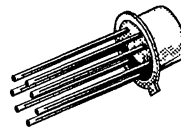
N-Channel JFET Ring Demodulator

The U350 is a set of four matched n-channel JFETs connected as a ring demodulator. The matched set of JFETs has low $r_{DS(ON)}$, high g_{fs} , and square law operation which gives high conversion gain and a very high intermodulation intercept point. Best device performance is in the HF-VHF frequency range. The hermetic TO-99 package shields the die set as well as lending itself to military processing.

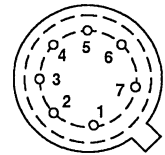
PART NUMBER	$V_{(BR)GSS}$ MIN (V)	g_{fs} MIN (mS)	I_{GSS} MAX (nA)	NF TYP (dB)
U350	-25	10	-1	7



TO-99 (TO-78)



BOTTOM VIEW



- 1 GATE 1, GATE 3
- 2 DRAIN 1, DRAIN 4
- 3 SOURCE 1, SOURCE 2
- 4 GND & CASE
- 5 SOURCE 3, SOURCE 4
- 6 DRAIN 2, DRAIN 3
- 7 GATE 2, GATE 4

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNITS
Gate-Drain Voltage	V_{GD}	-25	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	-25	
Forward Gate Current	I_G	25	mA
Power Dissipation	P_D	1	W
Power Derating		8	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-65 to 150	
Lead Temperature (1/16" from case for 10 seconds)	T_L	300	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ¹			LIMITS			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP ²	U350		UNIT
				MIN	MAX	
STATIC						
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = -1 \mu A, V_{DS} = 0 V$	-35	-25		V
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage ⁴	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 1 nA$	-3	-2	-6	
Saturation Drain Current ^{3, 4}	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$	45	24	60	mA
Gate Reverse Current ⁴	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = -15 V$ $V_{DS} = 0 V$ $T_A = 125^\circ C$	-0.002		-1	nA
			-0.001		-1	
Gate-Source Forward Voltage ⁴	$V_{GS(F)}$	$I_G = 1 mA, V_{DS} = 0 V$	0.7		1	V
DYNAMIC						
Common-Source Forward Transconductance ⁴	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 10 mA$ $f = 1 kHz$	15	10	18	mS
			100		150	
Common-Source Output Conductance ⁴	g_{os}					μS
Drain-Source On-Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 0 mA, f = 1 kHz$	33		90	Ω
Common-Source Input Capacitance	C_{gs}	$V_{GS} = -10 V, I_D = 0 mA$ $f = 1 MHz$	4		5	pF
Common-Source Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{gd}	$V_{GD} = -10 V, I_S = 0 mA$ $f = 1 MHz$	2		2.5	
Conversion Gain	G_c	$V_{DS} = 20 V, V_{GS} = \frac{1}{2} V_{GS(OFF)}$ $f = 100 MHz, R_L = 1700 \Omega$ See Figure 1	4			dB
Noise Figure	NF		7			
Intercept Point			33			dBm
MATCHING						
Saturation Drain Current Ratio ³	$\frac{I_{DSS}}{I_{DSS}}$	$V_{DS} = 15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$	0.95	0.9	1	
Transconductance Ratio	$\frac{g_{fs}}{g_{fs}}$	$V_{DS} = 15 V, I_D = 10 mA$ $f = 1 kHz$	0.95	0.9	1	
Output Conductance Ratio	$\frac{g_{os}}{g_{os}}$		0.95	0.9	1	
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage Ratio	$\frac{V_{GS(OFF)}}{V_{GS(OFF)}}$	$V_{DS} = 15 V, I_D = 1 nA$	0.95	0.9	1	

NOTES:

- $T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted.
- For design aid only, not subject to production testing.
- Pulse test; $PW = 300 \mu s$, duty cycle $\leq 3\%$.
- Other gate terminal clamped to $-8 V$.

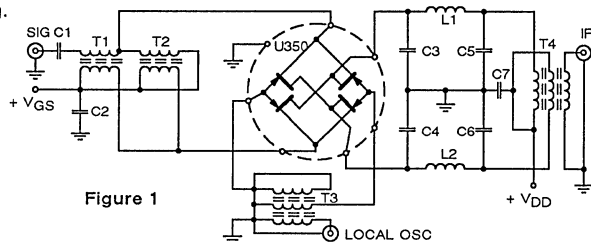


Figure 1