

N-CHANNEL MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR FOR SWITCHING

DESCRIPTION

The μ PA1870 is a switching device which can be driven directly by a 2.5-V power source.

The μ PA1870 features a low on-state resistance and excellent switching characteristics, and is suitable for applications such as power switch of portable machine and so on.

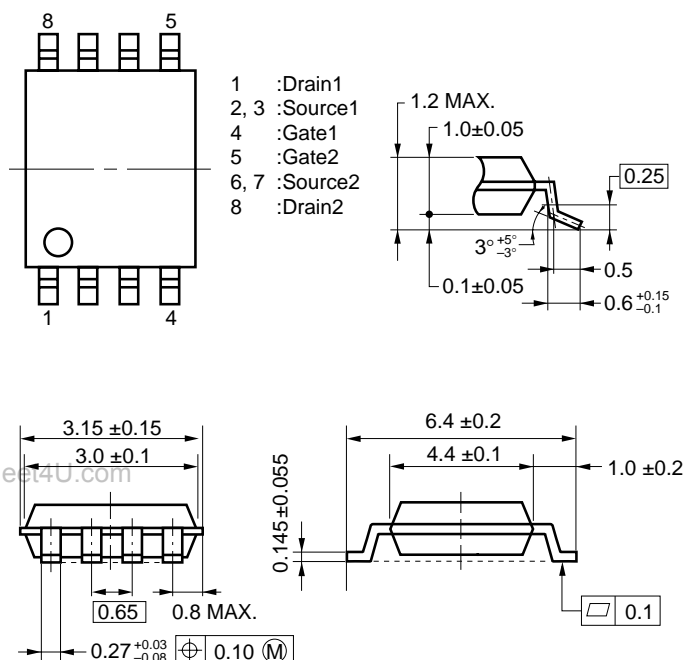
FEATURES

- Can be driven by a 2.5-V power source
- Low on-state resistance
 - $R_{DS(on)1} = 20.0 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$ ($V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}$)
 - $R_{DS(on)2} = 21.0 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$ ($V_{GS} = 4.0 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}$)
 - $R_{DS(on)3} = 27.0 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$ ($V_{GS} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.0 \text{ A}$)
- Built-in G-S protection diode against ESD

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
μ PA1870GR-9JG	Power TSSOP8

PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)



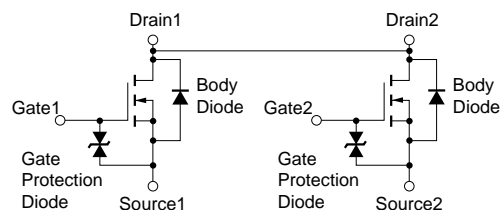
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Drain to Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	20	V
Gate to Source Voltage	V_{GSS}	± 12	V
Drain Current (DC)	$I_{D(DC)}$	± 6.0	A
Drain Current (pulse) ^{Note 1}	$I_{D(pulse)}$	± 80	A
Total Power Dissipation ^{Note 2}	P_T	2.0	W
Channel Temperature	T_{ch}	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- Notes 1.** $PW \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 1\%$
- 2.** Mounted on ceramic substrate of $50 \text{ cm}^2 \times 1.1 \text{ mm}$

Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



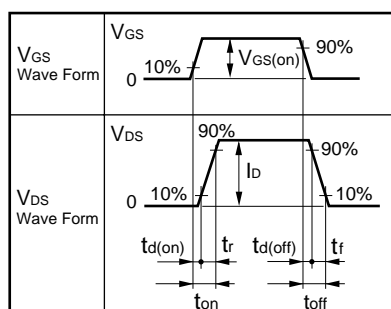
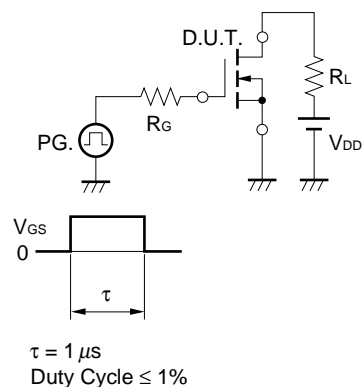
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Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

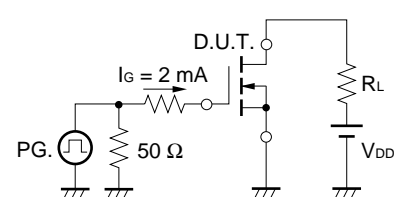
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			10	μA
Gate Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 12\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			± 10	μA
Gate Cut-off Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	0.5	1.0	1.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	$ y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 3.0\text{ A}$	5			S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	$R_{DS(on)1}$	$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 3.0\text{ A}$	12.0	15.0	20.0	$\text{m}\Omega$
	$R_{DS(on)2}$	$V_{GS} = 4.0\text{ V}, I_D = 3.0\text{ A}$	13.0	15.5	21.0	$\text{m}\Omega$
	$R_{DS(on)3}$	$V_{GS} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_D = 3.0\text{ A}$	15.0	20.8	27.0	$\text{m}\Omega$
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$		900		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		295		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$		170		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 3.0\text{ A}$		55		ns
Rise Time	t_r		$V_{GS(on)} = 4.0\text{ V}$		210	
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_G = 10\ \Omega$		300		ns
Fall Time	t_f				340	
Total Gate Charge	Q_G	$V_{DD} = 16\text{ V}$		10		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q_{GS}	$V_{GS} = 4.0\text{ V}$		2		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{GD}	$I_D = 6.0\text{ A}$		6		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{F(S-D)}$	$I_F = 6.0\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		0.80		V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_F = 6.0\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		400		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	$di/dt = 50\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		1000		nC

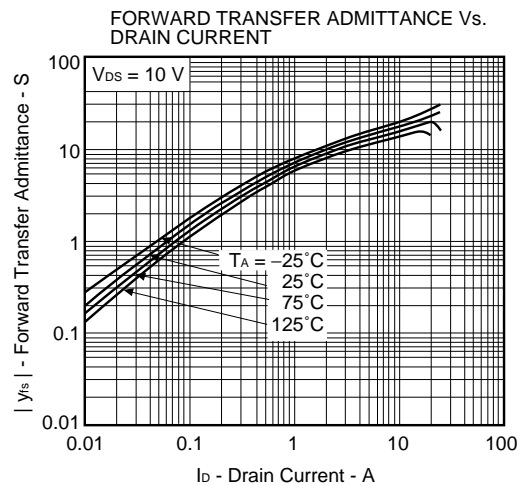
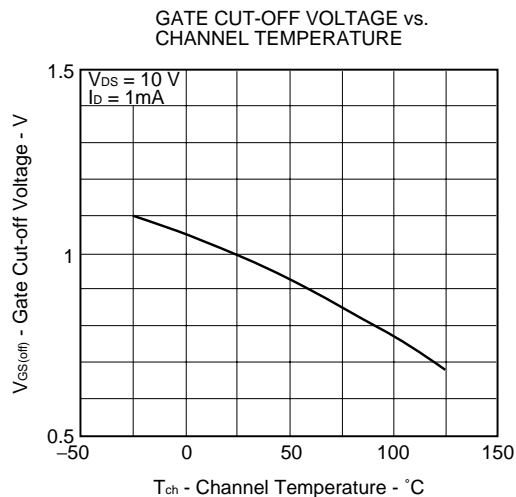
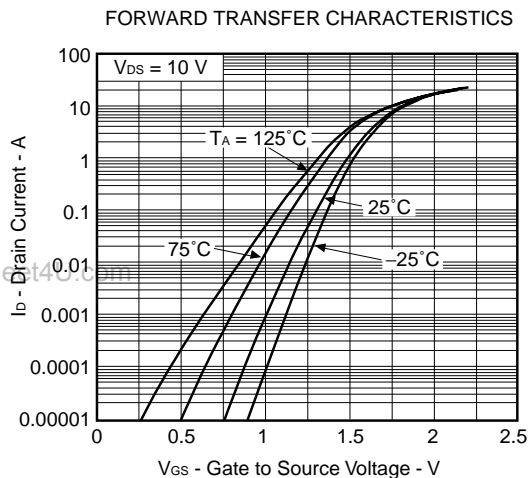
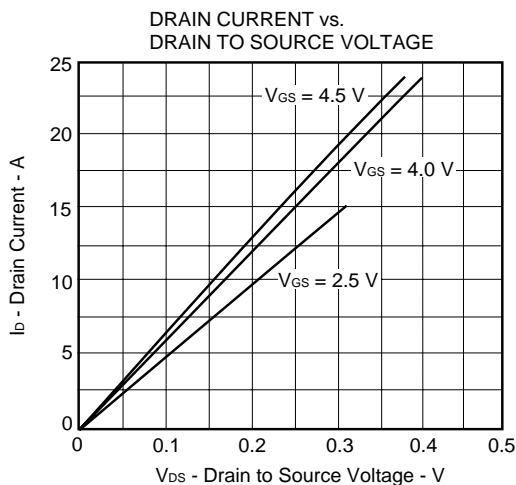
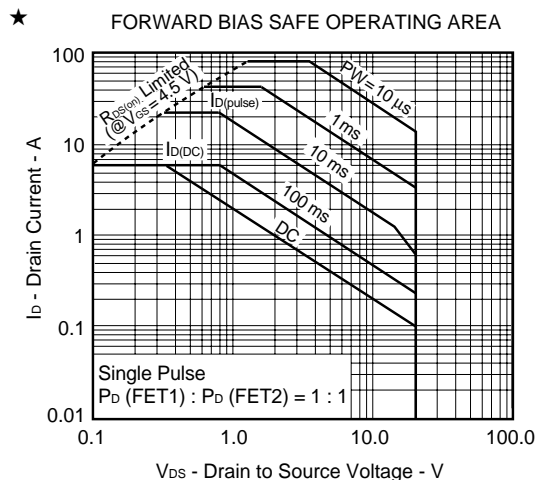
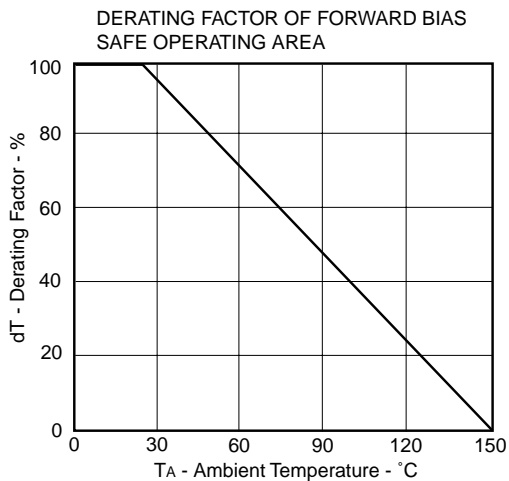
TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME

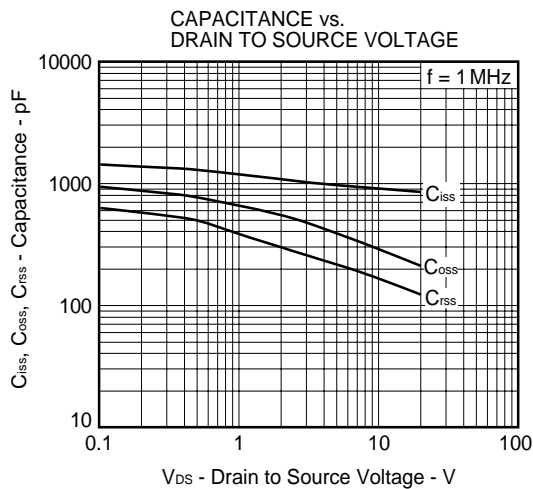
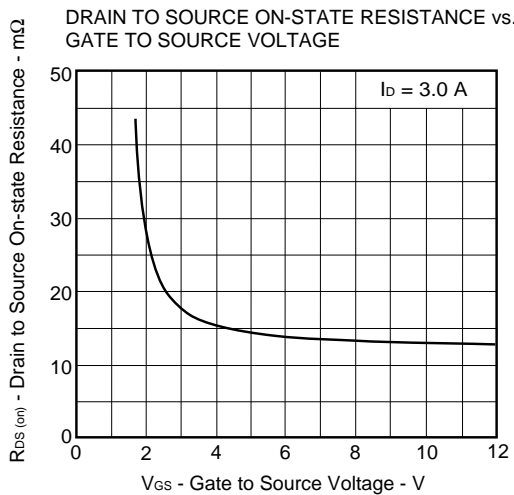
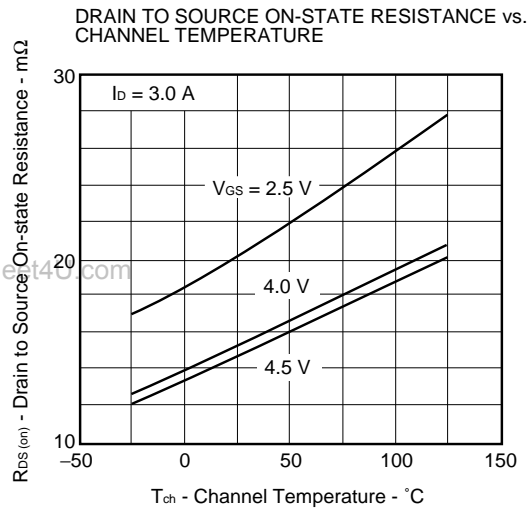
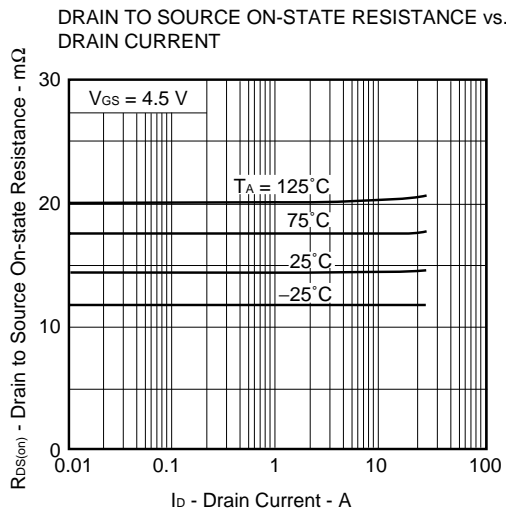
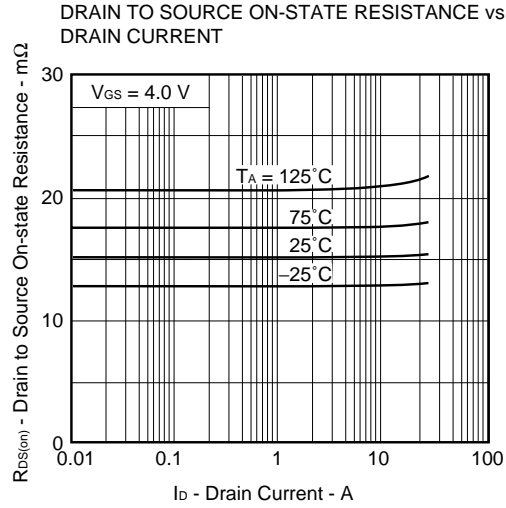
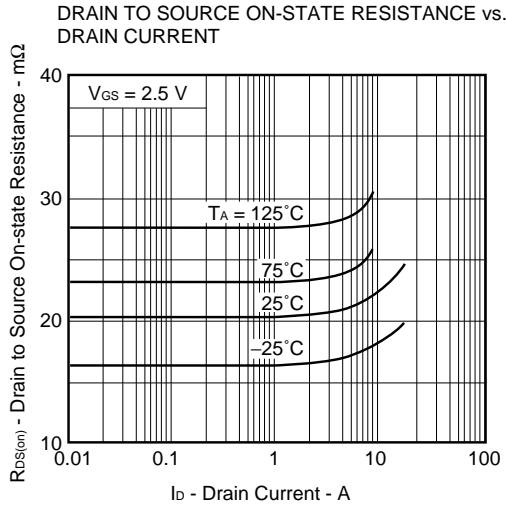


TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE

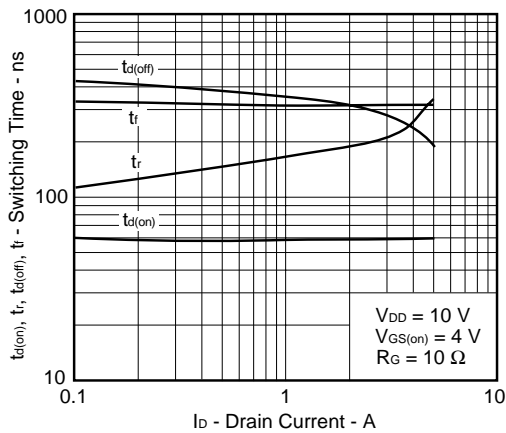


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

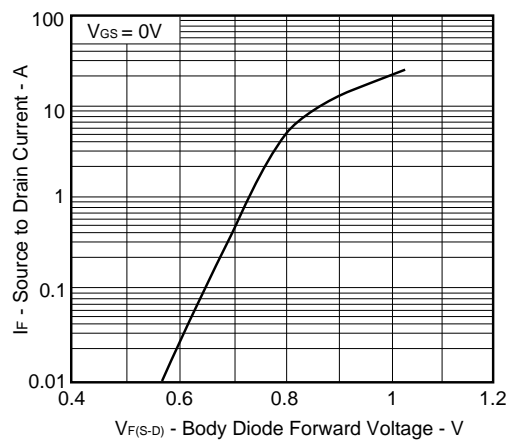




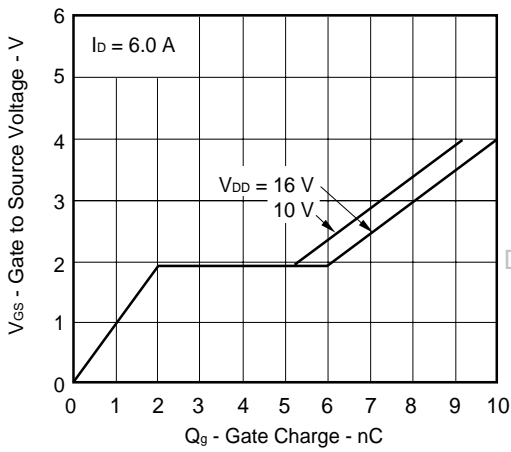
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



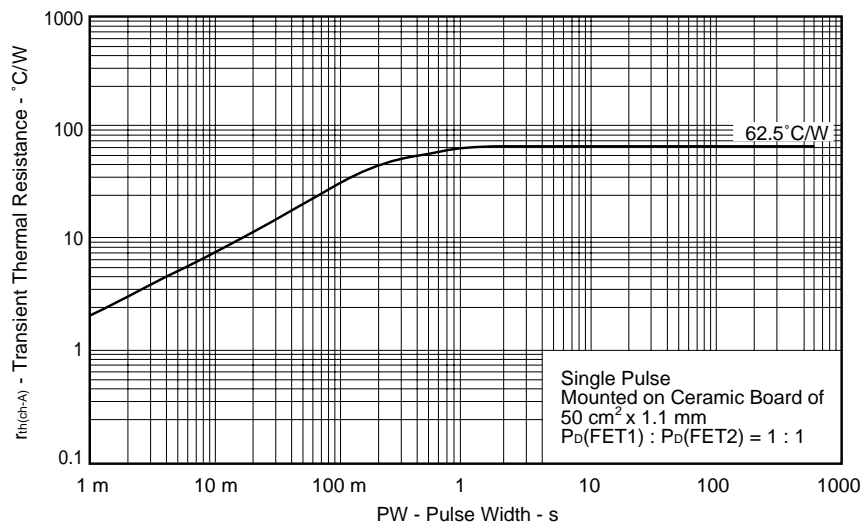
SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



DYNAMIC INPUT CHARACTERISTICS



TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



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