

T-46-23-15

**Description**

The devices listed below are fast-page dynamic RAMs organized as 4,194,304 words by 1 bit and designed to operate from a single power supply.

Optional features are power supply voltage (+5 V or +3.3 V) and a new refresh mode called "self-refresh."

μPD	Options
Second-generation products	
424100-xx	+5 V
424100-xxL	+5 V; low-power
Third-generation products	
424100A-xx	+5 V
42S4100A-xx	+5 V; self-refresh, low-power
424100L-Axx	+3.3 V
42S4100L-Axx	+3.3 V; self-refresh, low-power

-xx indicates speed grade (RAS access time).

Advanced polycide technology minimizes silicon area and provides high storage cell capacity, high performance, and high reliability. A single-transistor dynamic storage cell and CMOS circuitry throughout ensure minimum power dissipation, while an on-chip circuit internally generates the negative-voltage substrate bias—automatically and transparently.

The three-state output is controlled by  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  independent of  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ . After a valid read or read-modify-write cycle, data is held on the output by maintaining  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  low. The data output returns to high impedance when  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  goes high. Fast-page read and write cycles can be executed by cycling  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ .

Refreshing may be accomplished by a  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  before  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  cycle that internally generates the refresh address. Refreshing may also be accomplished by  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only refresh cycles or by normal read or write cycles on the 1024 address combinations of  $A_0 - A_9$  during a 16-ms refresh period.

The self-refresh mode is entered by holding  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  low for longer than 100 μs during a CBR cycle. Detection of this long  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  time starts an internal oscillator that maintains data integrity without external clocking. The slow refresh reduces the data hold current to less than 200 microamperes. Self-refresh mode is used with microprocessors that have a "sleep mode" for low-power applications such as notebook PCs.

**Features**

- 4,194,304 by 1-bit organization
- Single +5- or +3.3-volt power supply
- Fast-page option
- Self-refresh option (slow internal automatic refresh)
- Low power dissipation
- $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  before  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  refreshing
- Multiplexed address inputs
- On-chip substrate bias generator
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Nonlatched, three-state outputs
- Low input capacitance
- 1024 refresh cycles every 16 ms
- 26/20-pin SOJ, 20-pin ZIP, and 26/20-pin TSOP plastic packaging

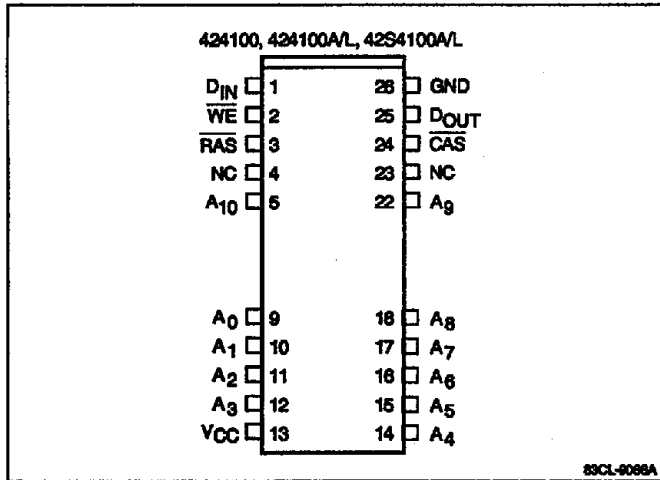
**Pin Identification**

Name	Function
$A_0 - A_{10}$	Address inputs
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$	Column address strobe
$D_{IN}$	Data input
$D_{OUT}$	Data output
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$	Row address strobe
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Write enable
GND	Ground
$V_{CC}$	+5-volt power supply
NC	No connection

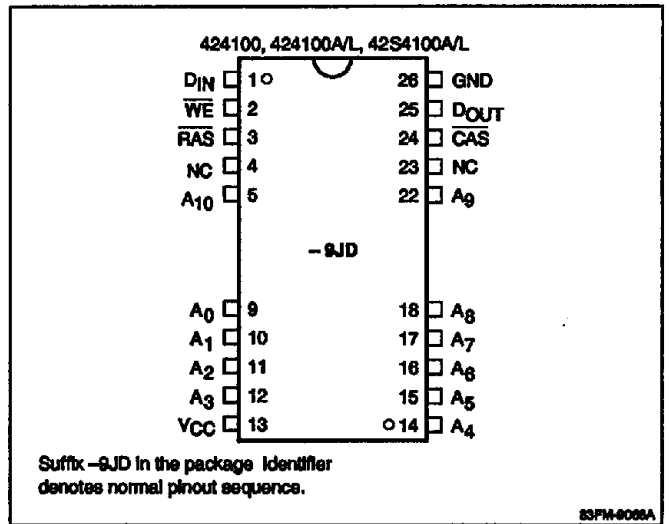
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Pin Configurations

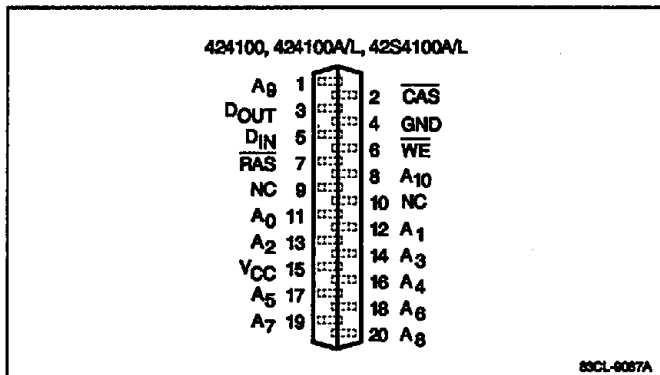
26/20-Pin Plastic SOJ



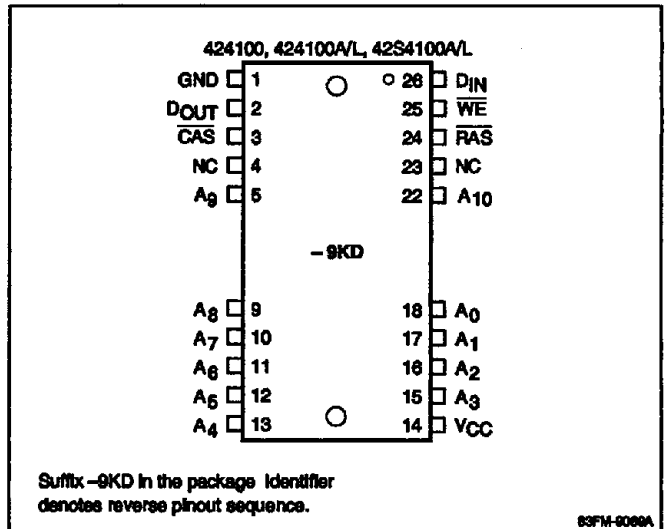
26/20-Pin Plastic TSOP (Normal Pinouts)



20-Pin Plastic ZIP



26/20-Pin Plastic TSOP (Reverse Pinouts)



**Ordering Information, μPD424100 (+ 5 V; standard version; 2nd generation product)**

Part Number	RAS Access Time (max)	R/W Cycle Time (max)	Fast-Page Cycle (max)	Power Option	Package
μPD424100LA-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Standard	26/20-pin plastic SOJ (300-mil)
LA-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
LA-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
LA-10	100 ns	190 ns	60 ns		
μPD424100LA-60L	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Low-power	
LA-70L	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
LA-80L	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
LA-10L	100 ns	190 ns	60 ns		
μPD424100V-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Standard	20-pin plastic ZIP
V-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
V-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
V-10	100 ns	190 ns	60 ns		
μPD424100V-60L	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Low-power	
V-70L	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
V-80L	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
V-10L	100 ns	190 ns	60 ns		
μPD424100GS-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Standard	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (normal pinouts)
GS-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
GS-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD424100GS-60L	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Low-power	
GS-70L	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
GS-80L	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD424100GSM-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Standard	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (reverse pinouts))
GSM-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
GSM-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD424100GSM-60L	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	Low-power	
GSM-70L	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
GSM-80L	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		

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**Ordering Information, μPD424100A (+ 5 V; standard version; 3rd-generation product)**

Part Number	RAS Access Time (max)	R/W Cycle Time (max)	Fast-Page Cycle (max)	Package
μPD424100ALA-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	26/20-pin plastic SOJ (300-mil)
LA-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	
LA-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	
LA-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	
μPD424100AV-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	20-pin plastic ZIP
V-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	
V-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	
V-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	
μPD424100AGS-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (normal pinouts)
GS-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	
GS-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	
GS-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	
μPD424100AGSM-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (reverse pinouts)
GSM-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns	
GSM-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	
GSM-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	

**Ordering Information, μPD42S4100A (+ 5 V; self-refresh, low-power version; 3rd-generation product)**

Part Number	RAS Access Time (max)	R/W Cycle Time (max)	Fast-Page Cycle (max)	Self-Refresh Current (max)	Package
μPD42S4100ALA-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	200 μA	26/20-pin plastic SOJ (300-mil)
LA-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns		
LA-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
LA-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD42S4100AV-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	200 μA	20-pin plastic ZIP
V-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns		
V-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
V-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD42S4100AGS-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	200 μA	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (normal pinouts)
GS-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns		
GS-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
GS-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD42S4100AGSM-50	50 ns	100 ns	35 ns	200 μA	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (reverse pinouts)
GSM-60	60 ns	120 ns	40 ns		
GSM-70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns		
GSM-80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		

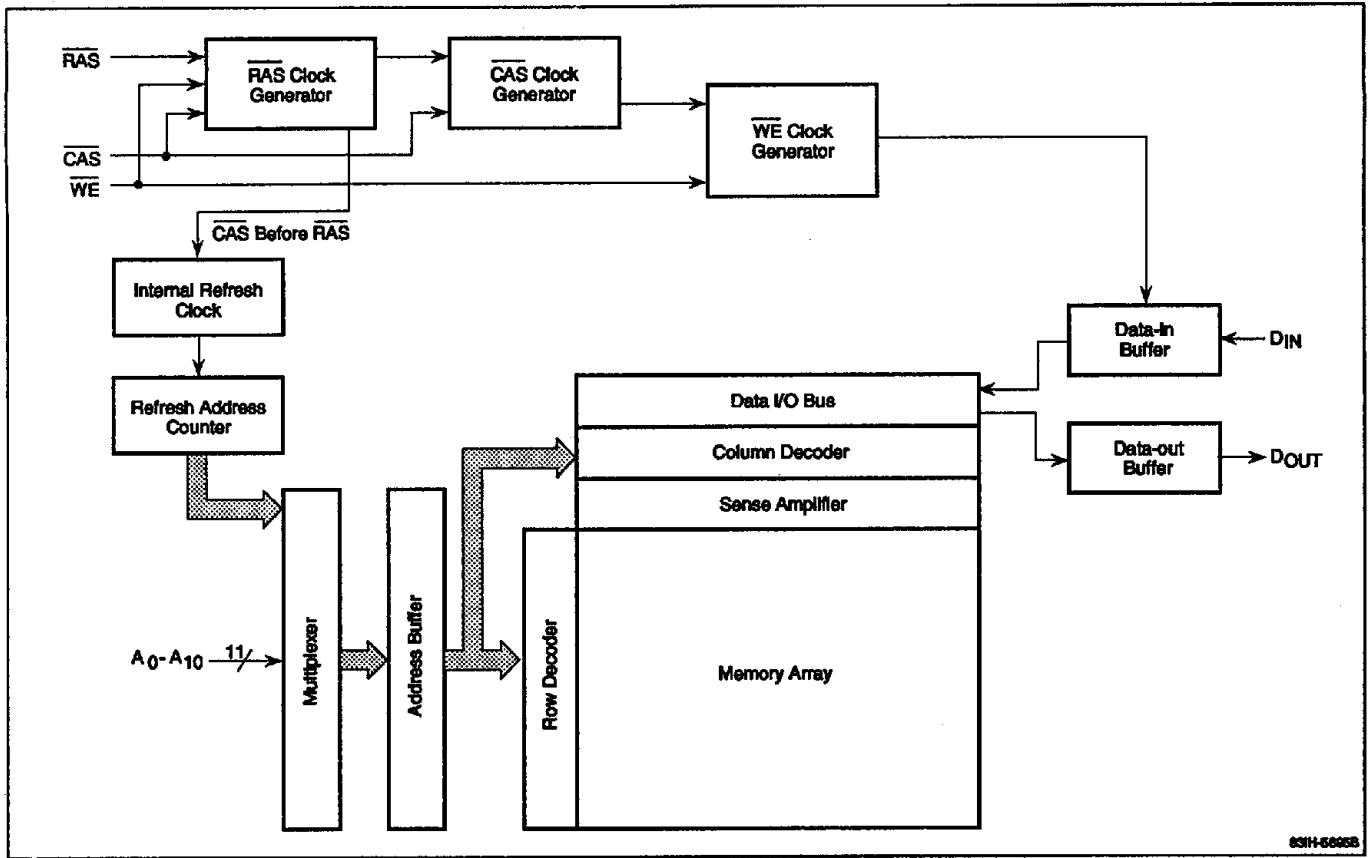
**Ordering Information, μPD424100L (+ 3.3 V; standard version; 3rd-generation product)**

Part Number	RAS Access Time (max)	R/W Cycle Time (max)	Fast-Page Cycle (max)	Package
μPD424100LLA-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	26/20-pin plastic SOJ (300-mil)
LA-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	
μPD424100LV-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	20-pin plastic ZIP
V-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	
μPD424100LGS-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (normal pinouts)
GS-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	
μPD424100LGSM-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (reverse pinouts)
GSM-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns	

**Ordering Information, μPD42S4100L (+ 3.3 V; self-refresh, low-power version; 3rd-generation product)**

Part Number	RAS Access Time (max)	R/W Cycle Time (max)	Fast-Page Cycle (max)	Self-Refresh Current (max)	Package
μPD42S4100LLA-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	100 μA	26/20-pin plastic SOJ (300-mil)
LA-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD42S4100LV-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	100 μA	20-pin plastic ZIP
V-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD42S4100LGS-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	100 μA	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (normal pinouts)
GS-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		
μPD42S4100LGSM-A70	70 ns	140 ns	45 ns	100 μA	26/20-pin plastic TSOP (reverse pinouts)
GSM-A80	80 ns	160 ns	50 ns		

Block Diagram



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltage on any pin relative to GND	
5-volt devices	-1.0 to +7.0 V
3.3-volt devices	-0.5 to +4.6 V
Operating temperature, $T_{OPR}$	0 to +70°C
Storage temperature, $T_{STG}$	-55 to +125°C
Short-circuit output current, $I_{OS}$	
5-volt devices	50 mA
3.3-volt devices	20 mA
Power dissipation, $P_D$	1.0 W

Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability; exceeding the ratings could cause permanent damage. The device should be operated within the limits specified under DC and AC Characteristics.

### Capacitance

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Pins Under Test
Input capacitance	$C_{I1}$	5	pF	Addresses, $D_{IN}$
	$C_{I2}$	7	pF	$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ , $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ , $\overline{\text{WE}}$
Output capacitance	$C_O$	7	pF	$D_{OUT}$

### DC Characteristics; 5-Volt Devices

Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	424100, 424100A		42S4100A		Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
Standby current	$I_{CC2}$		2.0		2.0	mA	$\overline{\text{RAS}} = \overline{\text{CAS}} \geq V_{IH}(\text{min}); I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$
			1.0		0.2	mA	$\overline{\text{RAS}} = \overline{\text{CAS}} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$
Input leakage current	$I_{I(L)}$	-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$ ; all other pins not under test = 0 V
Output leakage current	$I_{O(L)}$	-10	10	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$	$D_{OUT}$ disabled; $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$
Output voltage, low	$V_{OL}$		0.4		0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 4.2 \text{ mA}$
Output voltage, high	$V_{OH}$	2.4		2.4		V	$I_{OH} = -5 \text{ mA}$
Self-refresh current	$I_{CC7}$	Not applicable			200	$\mu\text{A}$	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$ ; all input pins $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ or $\leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ or open; $t_{RAS} \geq 100 \mu\text{s}$ ; 1024 refresh cycles must be performed within 16 ms before entering self-refresh and after exiting self-refresh

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### DC Characteristics; 3.3-Volt Devices

Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	424100L		42S4100L		Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
Standby current	$I_{CC2}$		2.0		0.5	mA	$\overline{\text{RAS}} = \overline{\text{CAS}} \geq V_{IH}(\text{min}); I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$
			0.5		0.1	mA	$\overline{\text{RAS}} = \overline{\text{CAS}} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$
Input leakage current	$I_{I(L)}$	-5	5	-5	5	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$ ; all other pins not under test = 0 V
Output leakage current	$I_{O(L)}$	-5	5	-5	5	$\mu\text{A}$	$D_{OUT}$ disabled; $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$
Output voltage, low	$V_{OL}$		0.4		0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$
Output voltage, high	$V_{OH}$	2.4		2.4		V	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$
Self-refresh current	$I_{CC7}$	Not applicable			100	$\mu\text{A}$	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$ ; all input pins $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ or $\leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ or open; $t_{RAS} \geq 100 \mu\text{s}$ ; 1024 refresh cycles must be performed within 16 ms before entering self-refresh and after exiting self-refresh

**Low-Power Battery Backup (Low-Power and Self-Refresh Versions Only)**

Symbol	424100-xxL	42S4100A	42S4100L	Unit	t <sub>RAS</sub>	CAS Before RAS Refresh Cycle	Standby Conditions
I <sub>CC6</sub> (max)	500	300	150	μA	≤ 1 μs	1024 refresh cycles (min) every 128 ms;	RAS = CAS ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V; D <sub>IN</sub> , WE, Addresses ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V or ≤ 0.2 V; D <sub>OUT</sub> open
	300	200	100	μA	≤ 200 ns	RAS = CAS ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V or ≤ 0.2 V, as appropriate; D <sub>OUT</sub> open; all other inputs ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V or ≤ 0.2 V	

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	5-Volt Devices			3.3-Volt Devices			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input voltage, high	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.4		V <sub>CC</sub> + 1.0	2.0		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
Input voltage, low	V <sub>IL</sub>	-1.0		0.8	-0.3		0.8	V
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Ambient temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	0		+70	0		+70	°C

**AC Characteristics**

Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	-50		-60		-70		-80		Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Operating current, average	I <sub>CC1</sub> (+5 V)		100		120		100		90	mA	RAS and CAS cycling; t <sub>RC</sub> = t <sub>RC</sub> min; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 mA (Note 5)
	I <sub>CC1</sub> (+3.3 V)						70		60	mA	
Operating current, RAS-only refresh cycle, average	I <sub>CC3</sub> (+5 V)		100		120		100		90	mA	RAS cycling; CAS ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> ; t <sub>RC</sub> = t <sub>RC</sub> min; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 mA (Note 5)
	I <sub>CC3</sub> (+3.3 V)						70		60	mA	
Operating current, fast-page cycle, average	I <sub>CC4</sub> (+5 V)		90		90		80		70	mA	RAS ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> ; CAS cycling; t <sub>PC</sub> = t <sub>PC</sub> min; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 mA (Note 5)
	I <sub>CC4</sub> (+3.3 V)						60		50	mA	
Operating current, CAS before RAS refresh cycle, average	I <sub>CC5</sub> (+5 V)		100		120		100		90	mA	RAS cycling; CAS before RAS; t <sub>RC</sub> = t <sub>RC</sub> min; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 mA (Note 5)
	I <sub>CC5</sub> (+3.3 V)						70		60	mA	
Access time from column address	t <sub>AA</sub>		25		30		35		40	ns	(Notes 3, 4, 7, 8, 11)
Access time from CAS precharge (rising edge)	t <sub>ACP</sub>		30		35		40		45	ns	(Notes 3, 4, 7, 11)
Column address setup time	t <sub>ASC</sub>	0	5	0	5	0	10	0	15	ns	(Note 9)
Row address setup time	t <sub>ASR</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns	
Column address to WE delay time	t <sub>AWD</sub>	25		30		35		40		ns	(Note 16)
Access time from CAS (falling edge)	t <sub>CAC</sub>		15		15		20		20	ns	(Notes 3, 4, 7, 8, 11)
Column address hold time	t <sub>CAH</sub>	15		15		15		15		ns	
CAS pulse width	t <sub>CAS</sub>	15	10,000	15	10,000	20	10,000	20	10,000	ns	
CAS hold time for CAS before RAS refresh cycle	t <sub>CHR</sub>	10		15		15		15		ns	



AC Characteristics (cont)

Parameter	Symbol	-50		-60		-70		-80		Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ hold (CBR self-refresh)	$t_{\text{CHS}}$	-50		-50		-50		-50		ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to output in low impedance	$t_{\text{CLZ}}$	0		0		0		0		ns	(Note 7)
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ precharge time, fast-page cycle	$t_{\text{CP}}$	10	10	10	10	10	15	10	20	ns	(Note 9)
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ precharge time, nonpage cycle	$t_{\text{CPN}}$	10		10		10		10		ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ precharge time	$t_{\text{CRP}}$	10		10		10		10		ns	(Note 12)
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ hold time	$t_{\text{CSH}}$	50		60		70		80		ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ setup time for $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh cycle	$t_{\text{CSR}}$	10		10		10		10		ns	
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ delay	$t_{\text{CWD}}$	15		20		20		20		ns	(Note 16)
Write command to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ lead time	$t_{\text{CWL}}$	15		15		15		15		ns	
Data-in hold time	$t_{\text{DH}}$	10		15		15		15		ns	(Note 15)
Data-in setup time	$t_{\text{DS}}$	0		0		0		0		ns	(Note 15)
Output buffer turnoff delay	$t_{\text{OFF}}$	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	20	ns	(Note 10)
Fast-page cycle time	$t_{\text{PC}}$	35		40		45		50		ns	(Note 6)
Fast-page read-modify-write cycle time	$t_{\text{PRWC}}$	55		65		70		75		ns	(Note 6)
Access time from $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	$t_{\text{RAC}}$		50		60		70		80	ns	(Notes 3, 4, 7, 8)
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to column address delay time	$t_{\text{RAD}}$	15	30	15	30	15	35	17	40	ns	(Note 9)
Row address hold time	$t_{\text{RAH}}$	10		10		10		12		ns	
Column address lead time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ (rising edge)	$t_{\text{RAL}}$	25		30		35		40		ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ pulse width	$t_{\text{RAS}}$	50	10,000	60	10,000	70	10,000	80	10,000	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ pulse width, fast-page cycle	$t_{\text{RASP}}$	50	125,000	60	125,000	70	125,000	80	125,000	ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ width (CBR self-refresh)	$t_{\text{RASS}}$	100		100		100		100		μs	
Random read or write cycle time	$t_{\text{RC}}$	100		120		140		160		ns	(Note 8)
		—		—		130		150		ns	(Notes 6, 18)
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ delay time	$t_{\text{RCD}}$	20	30	20	40	20	50	25	60	ns	(Notes 8, 9)

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**AC Characteristics (cont)**

Parameter	Symbol	-50		-60		-70		-80		Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Read command hold time referenced to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$	$t_{\text{RCH}}$	0		0		0		0		ns	(Note 13)
Read command setup time	$t_{\text{RCS}}$	0		0		0		0		ns	
Refresh period	$t_{\text{REF}}$		16		16		16		16	ms	Addresses $A_0 - A_9$ (Note 19)
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ hold time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ precharge	$t_{\text{RHCP}}$	30		35		40		45		ns	
RAS precharge time	$t_{\text{RP}}$	40		50		60		70		ns	
		—		—		50		60		ns	(Note 18)
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ precharge $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ hold time	$t_{\text{RPC}}$	10		10		10		10		ns	
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ precharge (CBR self-refresh)	$t_{\text{RPS}}$	90		110		130		150		ns	
Read command hold time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	$t_{\text{RRH}}$	10		10		10		10		ns	(Note 13)
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ hold time	$t_{\text{RSH}}$	15		15		20		20		ns	
Read-write cycle time	$t_{\text{RWC}}$	125		145		165		185		ns	(Note 6)
		—		—		155		175		ns	(Notes 6, 18)
RAS to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ delay	$t_{\text{RWD}}$	50		60		70		80		ns	(Note 16)
Write command to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ lead time	$t_{\text{RWL}}$	20		20		20		20		ns	
Rise and fall transition time	$t_{\text{T}}$	3	50	3	50	3	50	3	50	ns	(Note 3)
Write command hold time	$t_{\text{WCH}}$	10		10		15		15		ns	(Note 14)
Write command setup time	$t_{\text{WCS}}$	0		0		0		0		ns	(Note 16)
$\overline{\text{WE}}$ hold time	$t_{\text{WHR}}$	15		15		15		15		ns	
Write command pulse width	$t_{\text{WP}}$	10		10		15		15		ns	(Note 14)
$\overline{\text{WE}}$ setup time	$t_{\text{WSR}}$	10		10		10		10		ns	

### AC Characteristics

#### Notes:

- (1) All voltages are referenced to GND.
- (2) An initial pause of 100 μs is required after power-up, followed by any eight RAS cycles, before proper device operation is achieved. At the end of the initial power-up sequence, it is recommended that either a  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only or CAS before RAS refresh cycle be executed while  $\overline{\text{WE}} \geq V_{IH}$  to ensure normal operation.
- (3) Ac measurements assume  $t_T = 5$  ns.
- (4)  $V_{IH}$  (min) and  $V_{IL}$  (max) are reference levels for measuring the timing of input signals. Transition times are measured between  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$ .
- (5)  $I_{CC1}$ ,  $I_{CC3}$ ,  $I_{CC4}$ , and  $I_{CC5}$  depend on output loading and cycle rates. Specified values are obtained with the output open.  $I_{CC3}$  is measured assuming that all column address inputs are held at either a high level or a low level during RAS-only refresh cycles.  $I_{CC4}$  is measured assuming that all column address inputs are switched only once during each fast-page cycle.
- (6) The minimum specifications are used only to indicate the cycle time at which proper operation over the full temperature range ( $T_A = 0$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ) is assured.
- (7) Load = 2 TTL (-1 mA, +4 mA) loads and 100 pF.
- (8) For random read cycles, access time is defined as follows.

Input Conditions	Access Time
$t_{RAD} \leq t_{RAD}(\text{max}), t_{RCD} \leq t_{RCD}(\text{max})$	$t_{RAC}$
$t_{RAD} \geq t_{RAD}(\text{max}), t_{ASC} \leq t_{ASC}(\text{max})$	$t_{AA}$
$t_{RAD} \geq t_{RAD}(\text{max}), t_{ASC} \geq t_{ASC}(\text{max})$	$t_{CAC}$

- (9)  $t_{RCD}(\text{max})$ ,  $t_{RAD}(\text{max})$ ,  $t_{ASC}(\text{max})$ , and  $t_{CP}(\text{max})$  are specified as reference points only; they are not restrictive operating parameters. They are used to determine which access time ( $t_{RAC}$ ,  $t_{AA}$ ,  $t_{CAC}$ , or  $t_{ACP}$ ) is to be used for determining when output data will be available.
- (10)  $t_{OFF}(\text{max})$  and  $t_{OEZ}(\text{max})$  define the time at which the outputs become open-circuit and are not referenced to  $V_{OH}$  or  $V_{OL}$ .

- (11) For fast-page read operation, access time is defined follows.

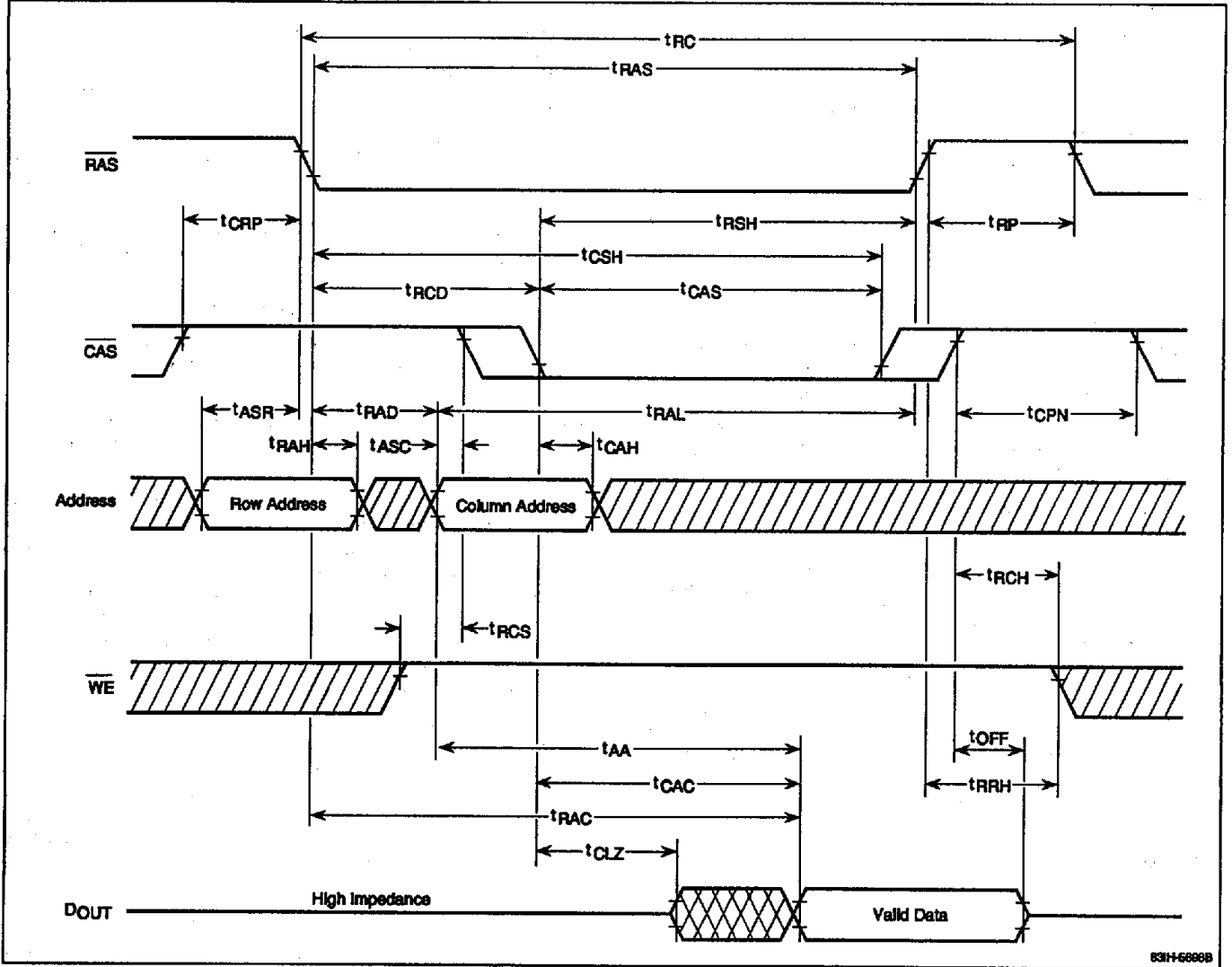
CAS and Column Address Input Conditions	Access Time
$t_{CP} \leq t_{CP}(\text{max}), t_{ASC} \geq t_{CP}$	$t_{ACP}$
$t_{CP} \leq t_{CP}(\text{max}), t_{ASC} \leq t_{CP}$	$t_{AA}$
$t_{CP} \geq t_{CP}(\text{max}), t_{ASC} \leq t_{ASC}(\text{max})$	$t_{AA}$
$t_{CP} \geq t_{CP}(\text{max}), t_{ASC} \geq t_{ASC}(\text{max})$	$t_{CAC}$

- (12) The  $t_{CRP}$  requirement should be applicable for  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ /CAS cycles preceded by any cycle.
- (13) Either  $t_{RRH}$  or  $t_{RCH}$  must be satisfied for a read cycle.
- (14) Parameter  $t_{WP}$  is applicable for a delayed write cycle such as a read-write/read-modify-write cycle. For early write cycles, both  $t_{WCS}$  and  $t_{WCH}$  must be met.
- (15) These parameters are referenced to the falling edge of  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  for early write cycles and to the falling edge of  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  for delayed write or read-modify-write cycles.
- (16)  $t_{WCS}$ ,  $t_{RWD}$ ,  $t_{CWD}$ , and  $t_{AWD}$  are restrictive operating parameters in read-write/read-modify-write cycles only. If  $t_{WCS} \geq t_{WCS}(\text{min})$ , the cycle is an early write cycle and the data output will remain open-circuit throughout the entire cycle. If  $t_{CWD} \geq t_{CWD}(\text{min})$ ,  $t_{RWD} \geq t_{RWD}(\text{min})$ , and  $t_{AWD} \geq t_{AWD}(\text{min})$ , then the cycle is a read-write cycle and the data output will contain data read from the selected cell. If neither of the above conditions is met, the condition of the data output (at access time and until CAS returns to  $V_{IH}$ ) is indeterminate.
- (17) A test mode may be initiated by executing a  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  before RAS refresh cycle with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  held at  $V_{IL}$ . This mode also may inadvertently be initiated during power-up because external control of the signal lines is very difficult during this period. It is therefore recommended that while  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  is held at  $V_{IH}$ , either a  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only or CAS before RAS refresh cycle should be executed at any time after the end of the initial power-up sequence to ensure normal device operation.
- (18) Applies to  $\mu\text{PD424100L}$  and  $\mu\text{PD42S4100L}$ .
- (19) 1024 refresh cycles must be performed within 16 ms before entering self-refresh and after exiting self-refresh.

5a

Timing Waveforms

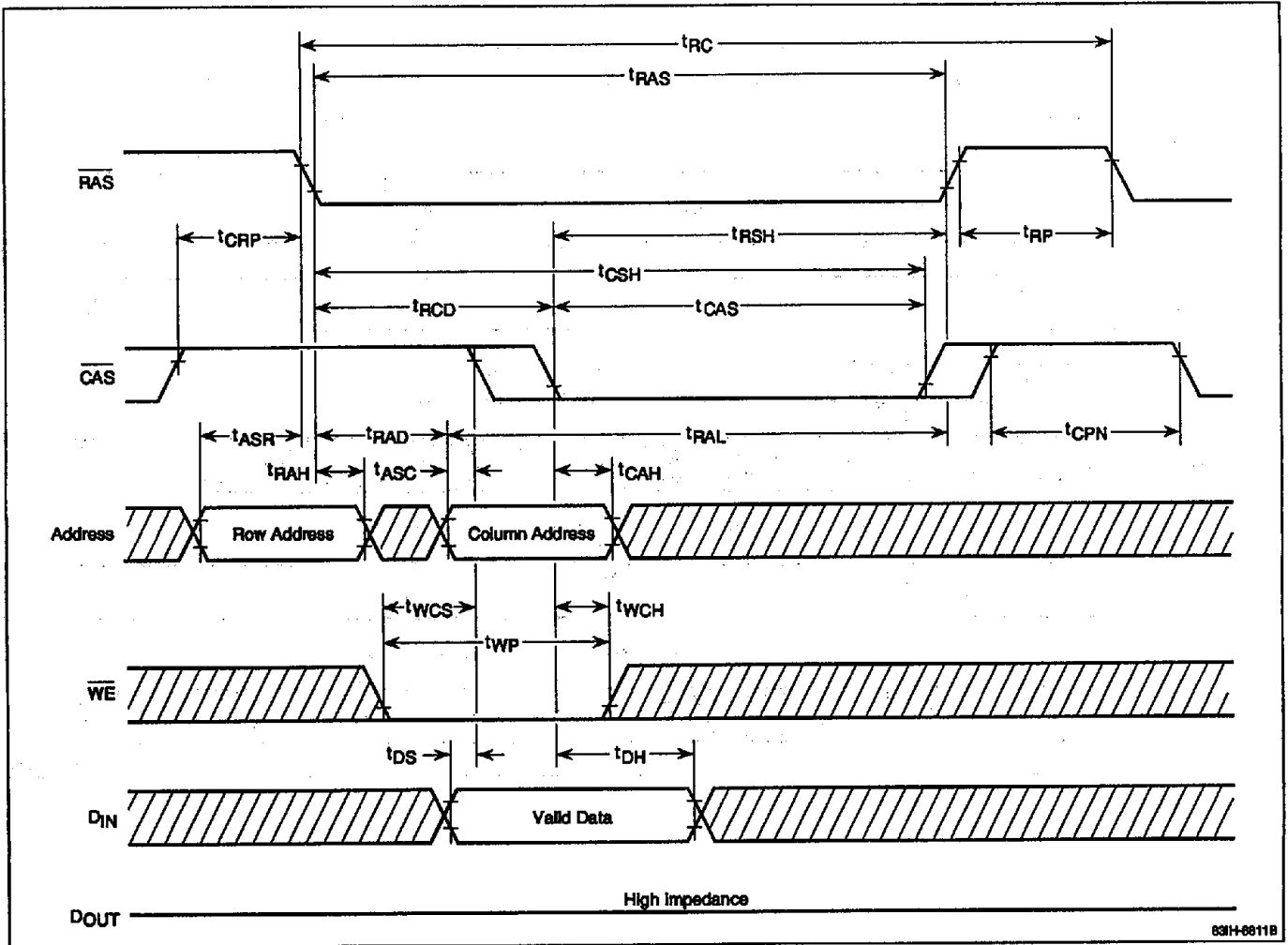
Read Cycle





Timing Waveforms (cont)

Early Write Cycle

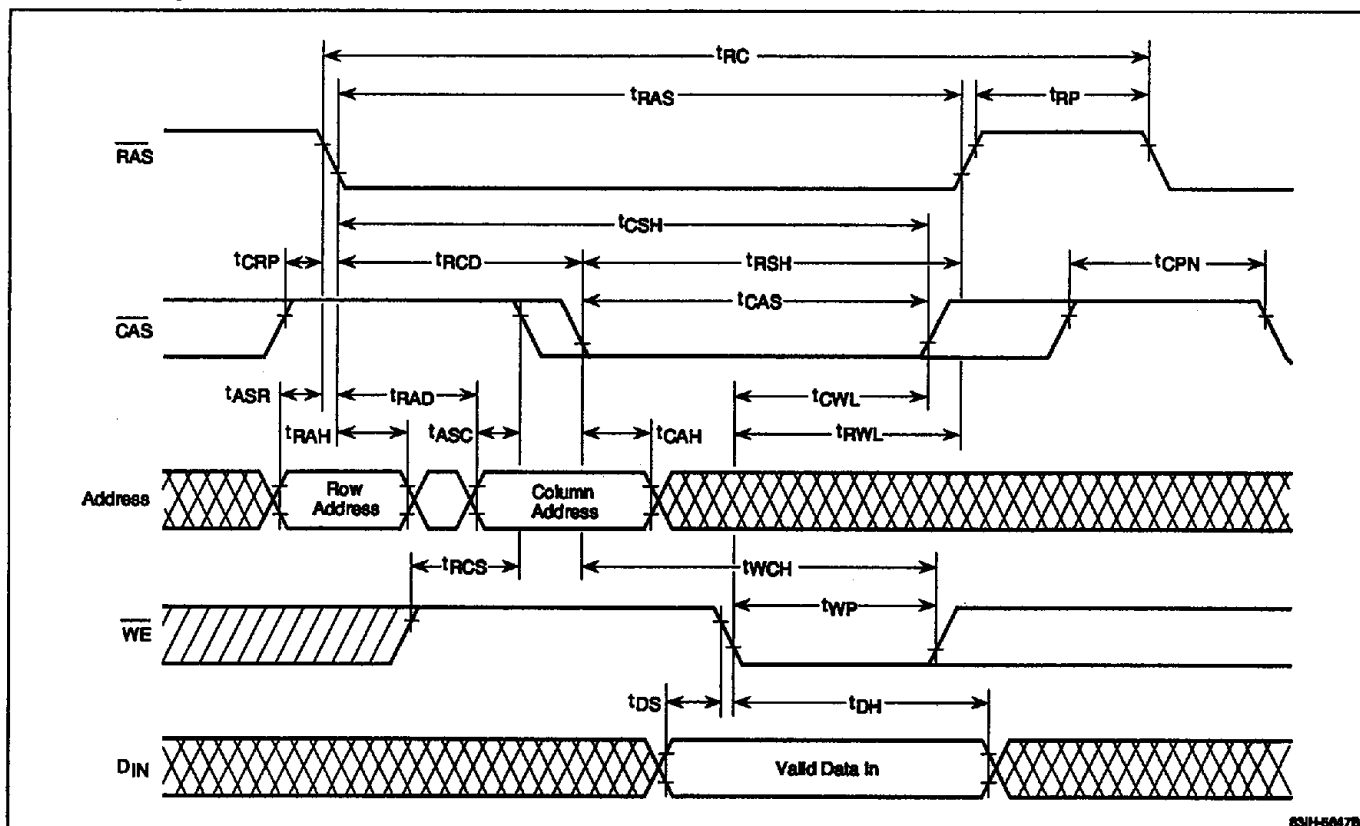


5a

831H-8811B

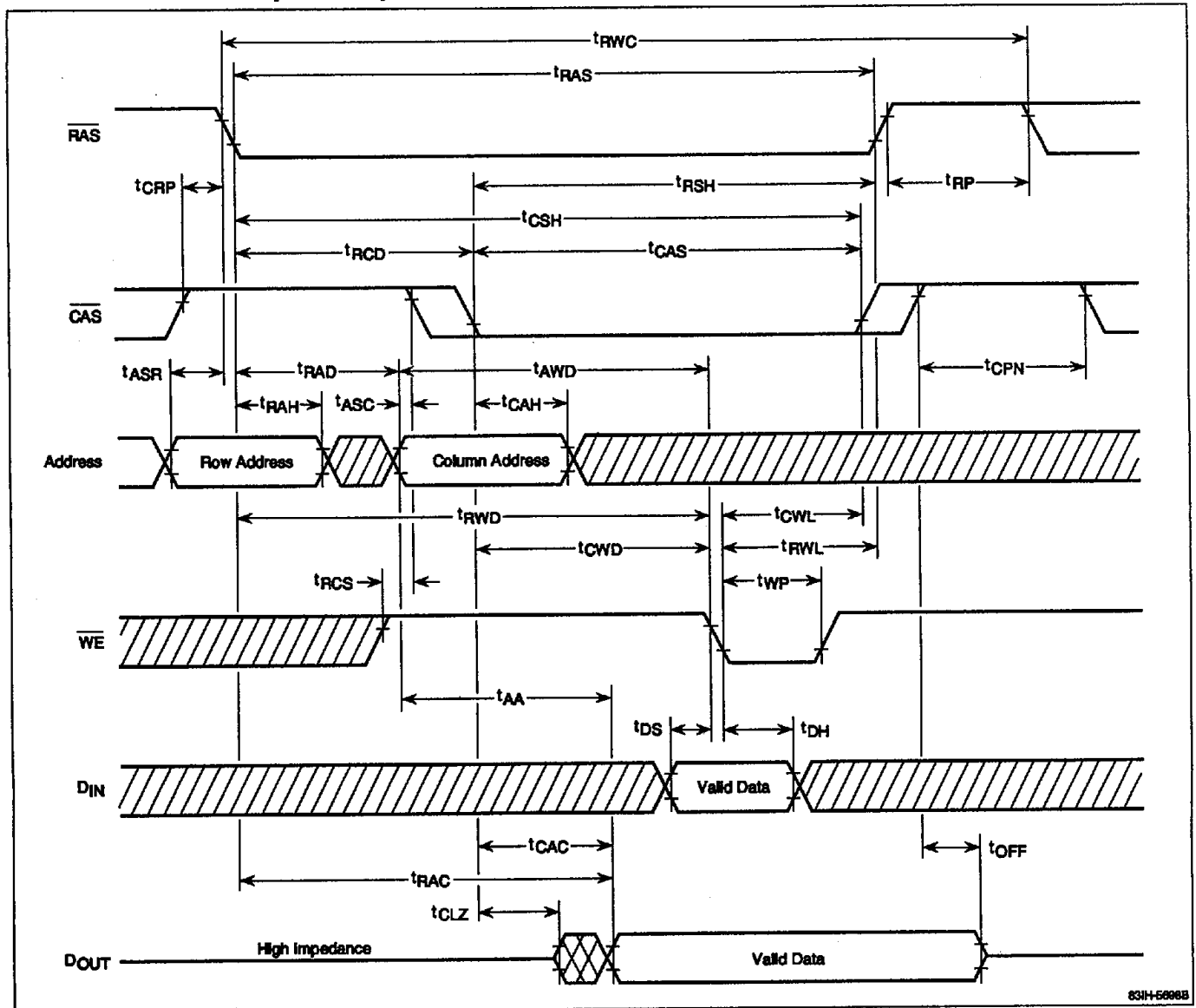
Timing Waveforms (cont)

Late Write Cycle



Timing Waveforms (cont)

Read-Write/Read-Modify-Write Cycle

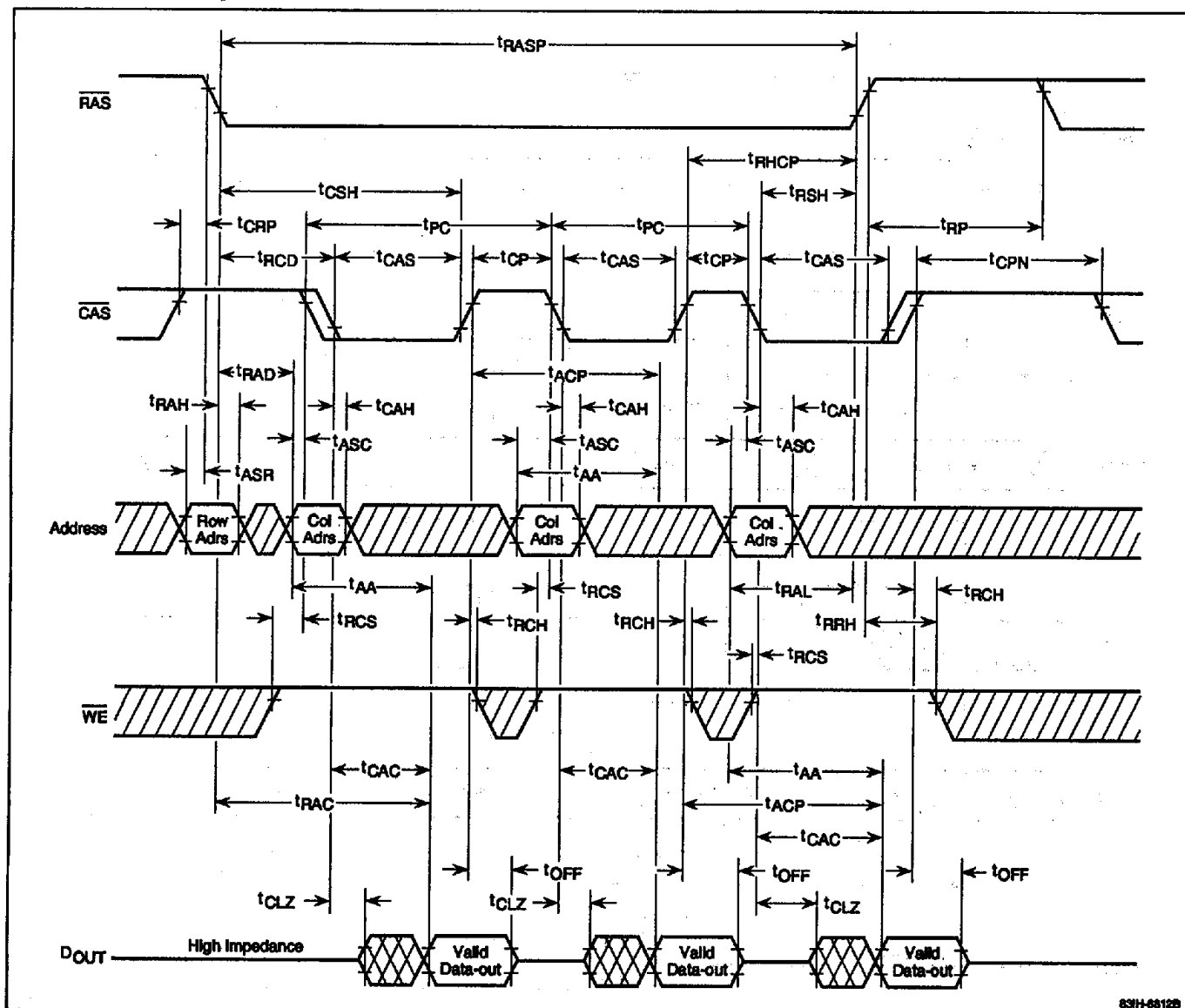


5a

831H-6008B

### Timing Waveforms (cont)

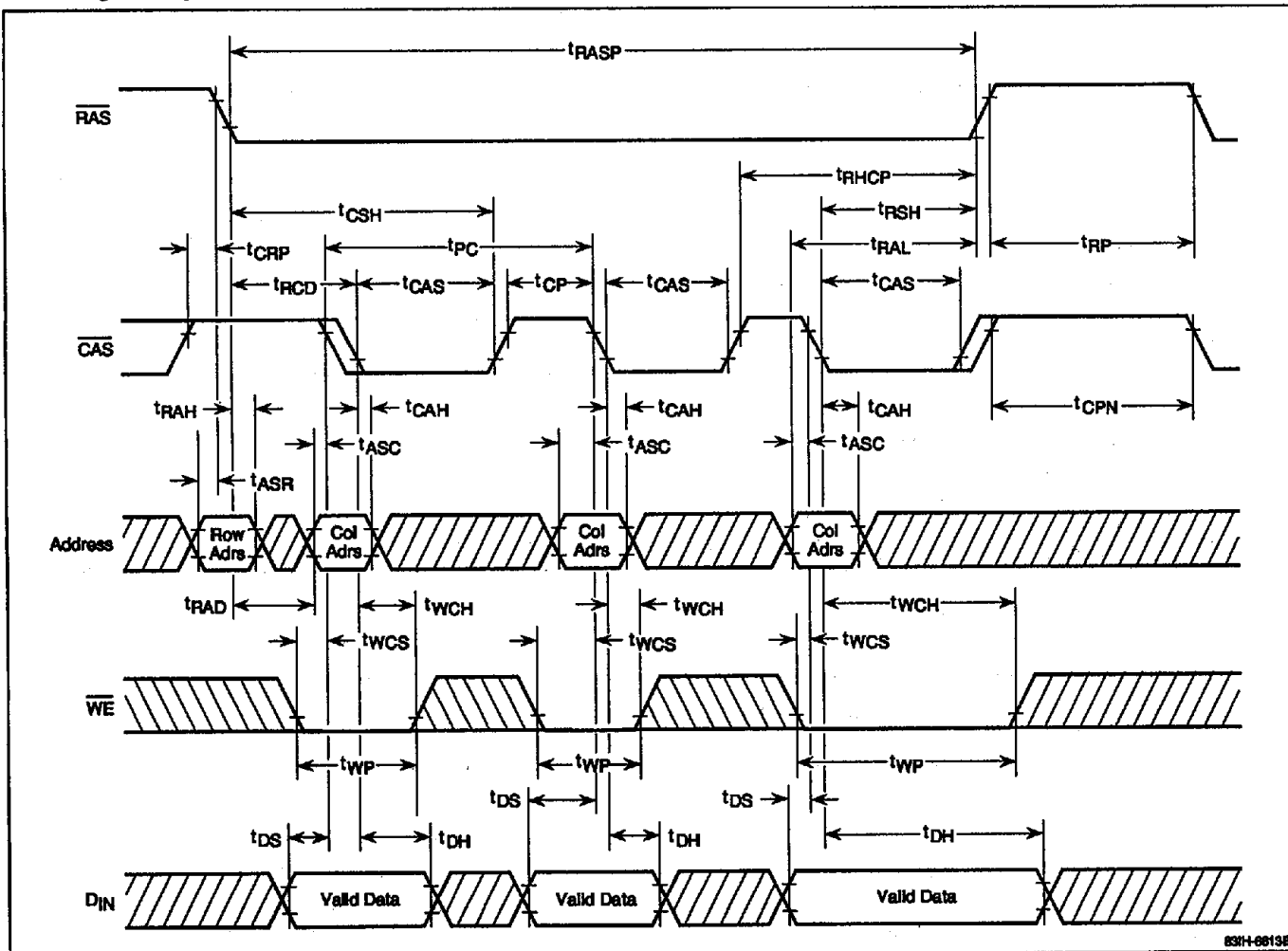
#### Fast-Page Read Cycle





### Timing Waveforms (cont)

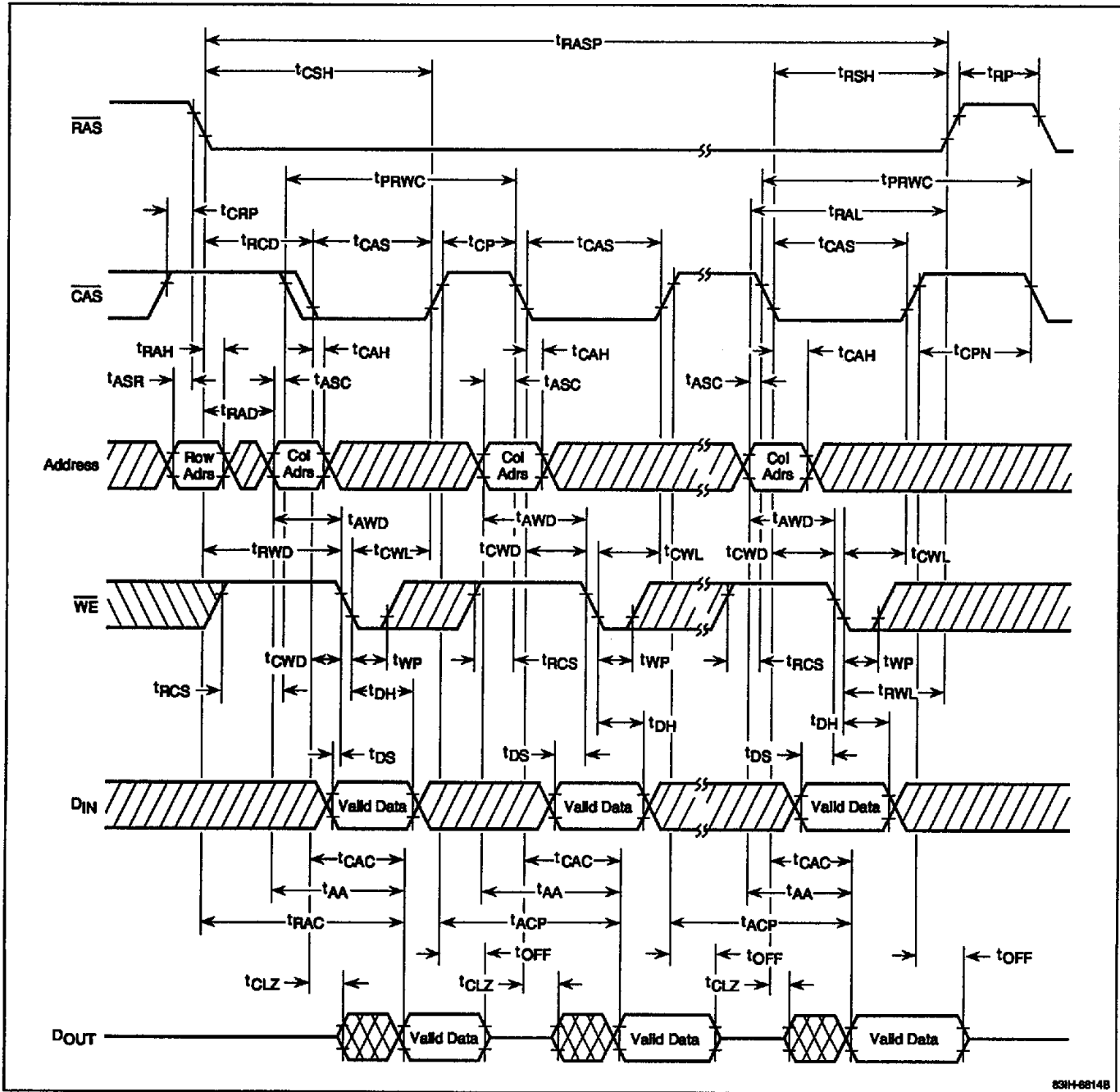
#### Fast-Page Early Write Cycle



5a

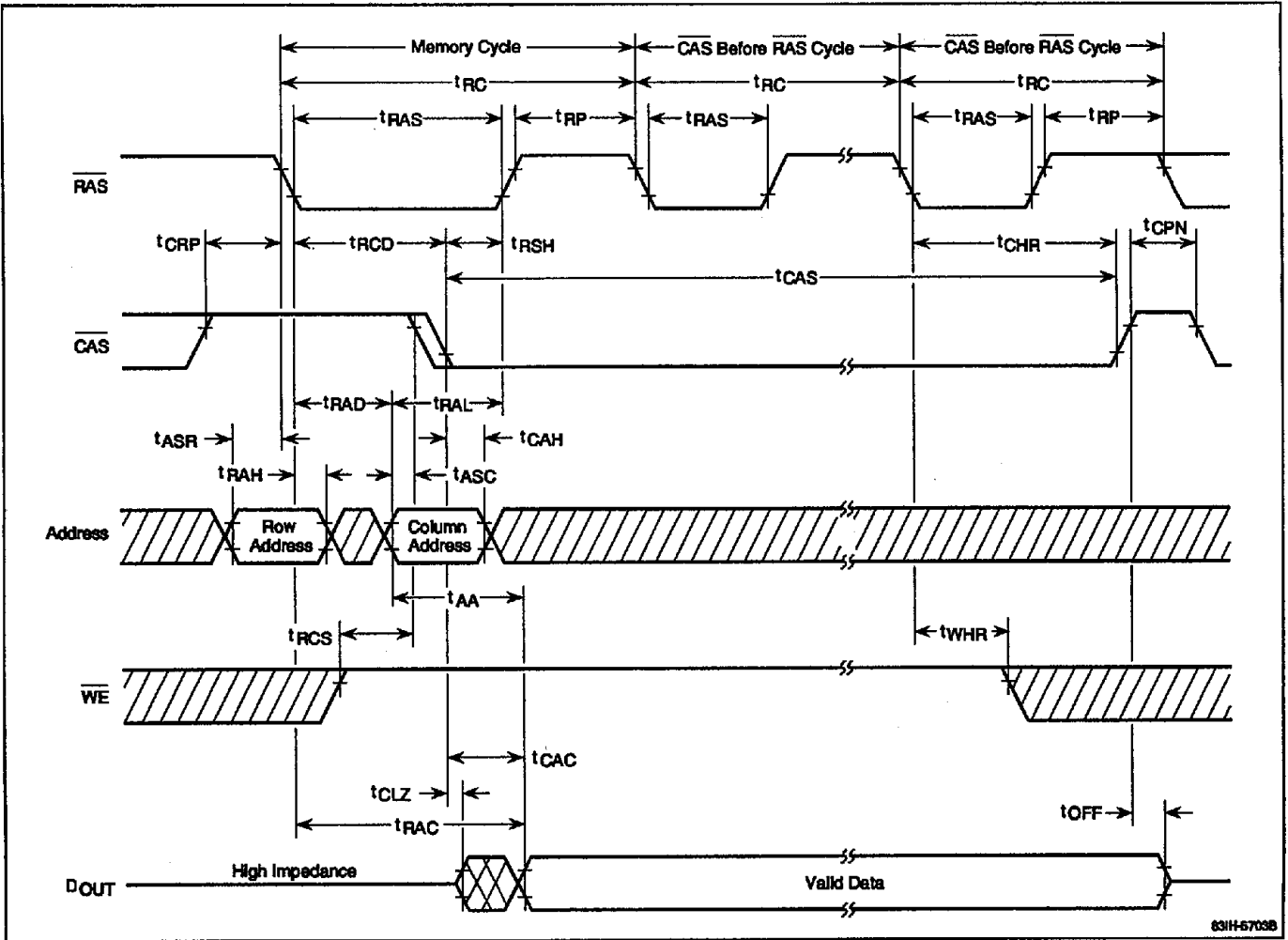
**Timing Waveforms (cont)**

**Fast-Page Read-Write/Read-Modify-Write Cycle**



Timing Waveforms (cont)

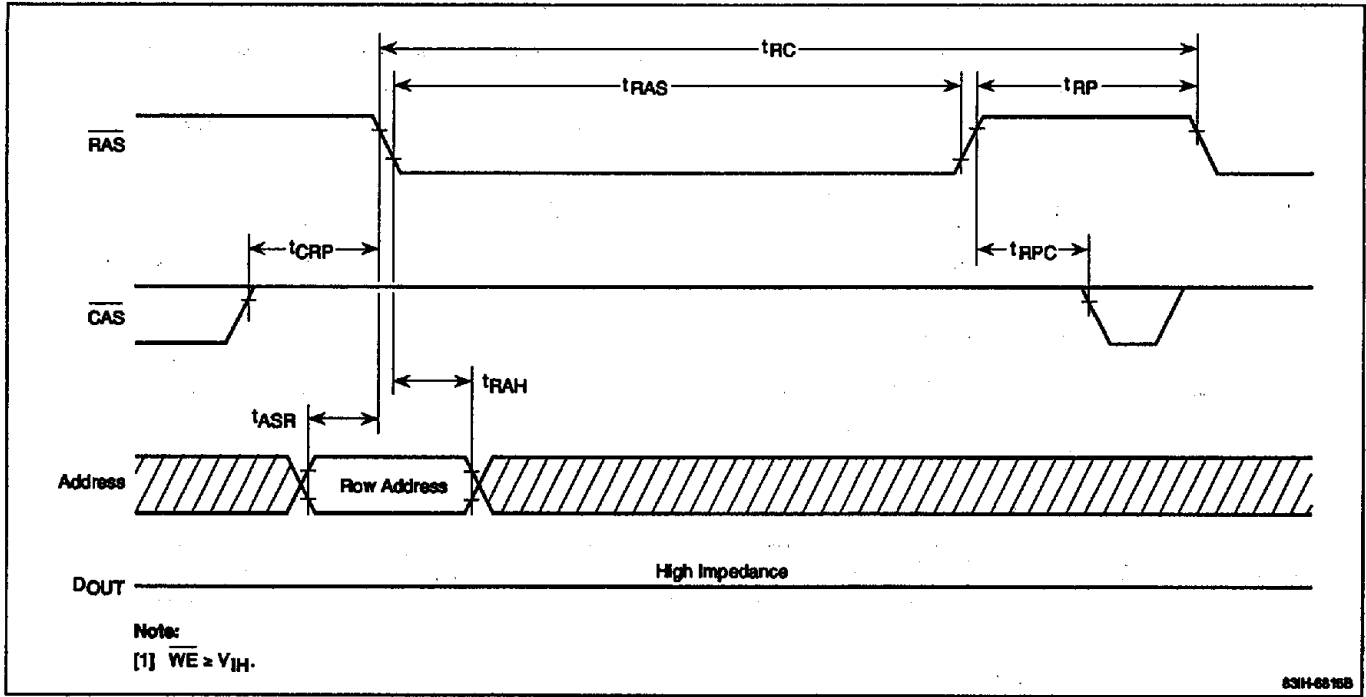
Hidden Refresh Cycle



5a

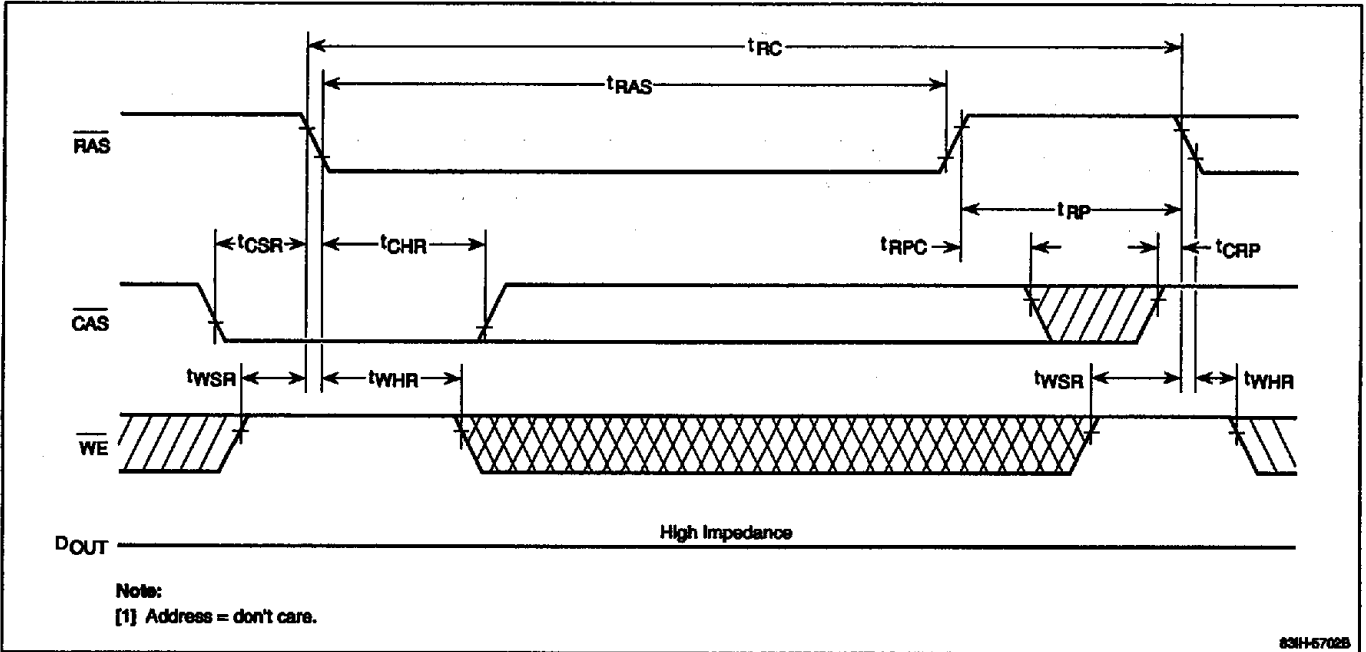
**Timing Waveforms (cont)**

**RAS-Only Refresh Cycle**



63H-6816B

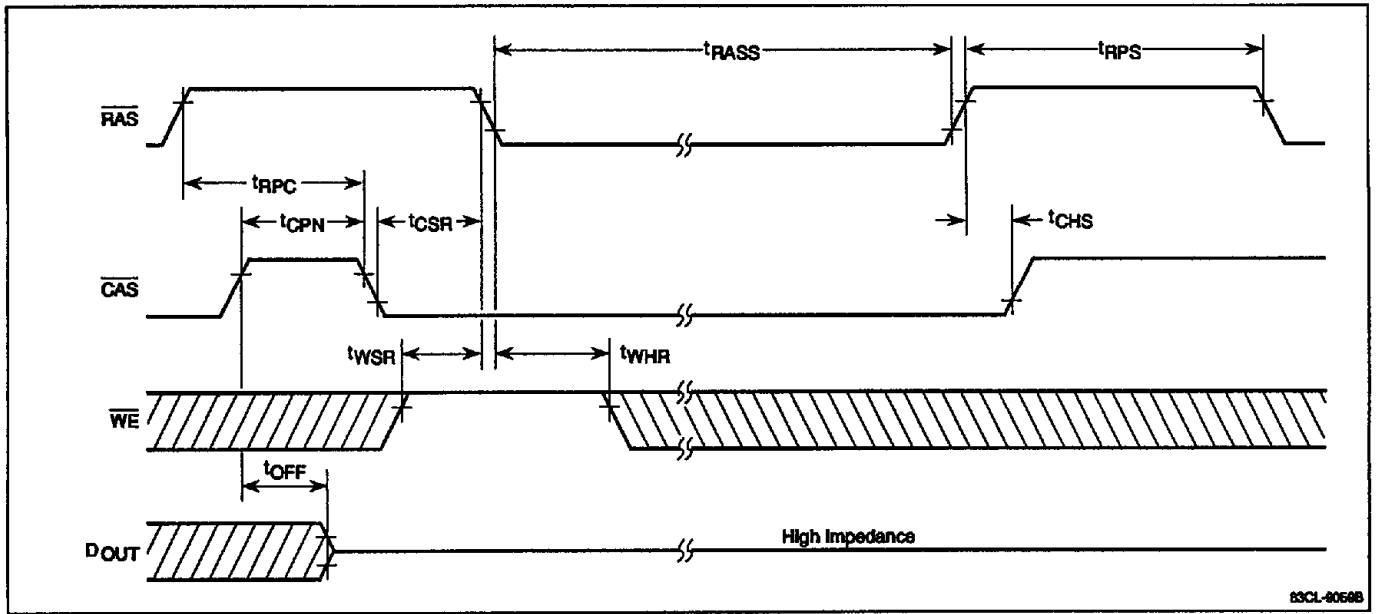
**CAS Before RAS Refresh Cycle**



63H-6702B

Timing Waveforms (cont)

**CBR Self-Refresh Cycle**



5a