

1M-BIT CMOS SYNCHRONOUS FAST SRAM  
32K-WORD BY 32-BIT**Description**

The  $\mu$ PD431232AL is a 32,768-word by 32-bit synchronous static RAM fabricated with advanced CMOS technology using N-channel memory cell.

The  $\mu$ PD431232AL integrates unique synchronous peripheral circuitry, 2-bit burst counter and output buffer as well as SRAM core.

All input registers are controlled by a positive edge of the single clock input (CLK).

The  $\mu$ PD431232AL is suitable for applications which require synchronous operation, high speed, low voltage, high density and wide bit configuration, such as cache and buffer memory.

ZZ pin has to be set LOW at the normal operation. When ZZ is set HIGH, the SRAM enters Power Down State ("Sleep"). In the "Sleep" state, the SRAM internal state is preserved. When ZZ pin is set LOW again, the SRAM resumes normal operation.

The  $\mu$ PD431232AL is packaged in 100-pin plastic TQFP with a 1.4 mm package thickness (LQFP in EIAJ) for high density and low capacitive loading.

**Features**

- Single 3.3 V power supply
- Synchronous operation
- Burst Read/Write: Interleaved burst and Linear burst sequence
- Fully registered inputs and outputs for Pipelined operation
- LVTTTL compatible: All inputs and outputs
- Fast clock access time: 7ns/83 MHz, 8 ns/66 MHz, 10 ns/60 MHz, 12 ns/50 MHz
- Asynchronous output enable:  $\overline{G}$
- Burst sequence selectable: MODE
- Power down (Sleep) mode: ZZ (ZZ = Open or Low: Normal operation)
- Separate byte write enable:  $\overline{BW1}$ - $\overline{BW4}$ ,  $\overline{BWE}$  and global write enable:  $\overline{GW}$
- Three chip enables for easy depth expansion
- Common I/O using three state outputs
- 5 V - tolerant inputs (except I/O pins)

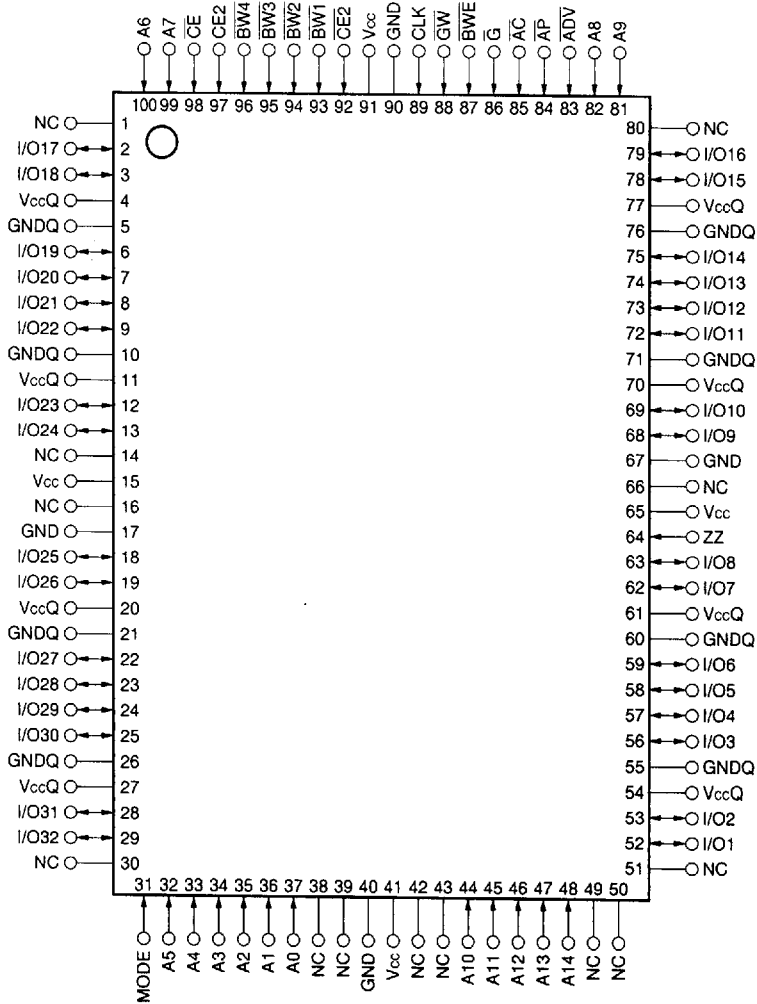
The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

Ordering Information

Part number	Access time ns (MAX.)	Clock frequency MHz	Burst sequence	Operation	Package
μPD431232ALGF-A7	7	83	Interleaved and linear	Pipelined operation	100-pin plastic TQFP (14 × 20 mm)
μPD431232ALGF-A8	8	66			
μPD431232ALGF-A10	10	60			
μPD431232ALGF-A12	12	50			

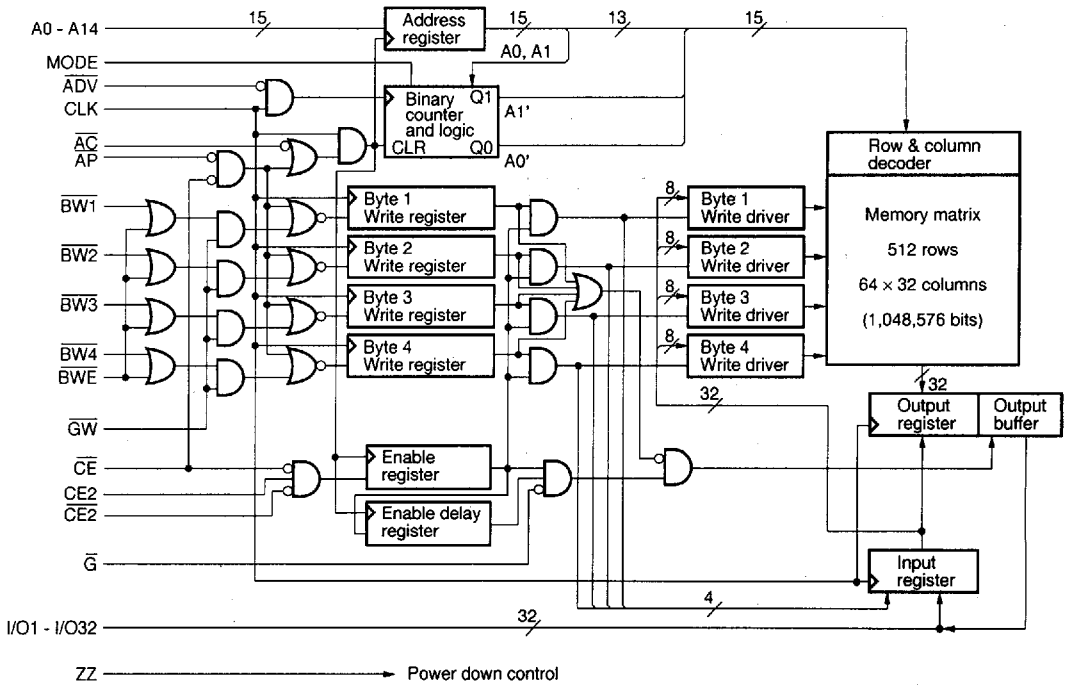
Pin Configuration (Marking Side)

100-pin plastic TQFP (14 × 20 mm)



- |                |                              |      |                               |
|----------------|------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| A0 - A14       | : Address inputs             | CLK  | : System clock input          |
| I/O1 - I/O32   | : Data inputs/outputs        | MODE | : Burst sequence select input |
| ADV            | : Burst address advance      | ZZ   | : Power down state input      |
| AC             | : Controller address status  | Vcc  | : Power supply (3.3 V)        |
| AP             | : Processor address status   | GND  | : Ground                      |
| CE, CE2, CE2   | : Chip enable                | VccQ | : Power for outputs (3.3 V)   |
| BW1 - BW4, BWE | : Byte write enable          | GNDQ | : Ground for outputs          |
| GW             | : Global write               | NC   | : No connection               |
| G              | : Asynchronous output enable |      |                               |

Block Diagram



**Burst Sequence Table**

Burst sequence is controlled by MODE input pin. MODE pin has to be tied to Vcc or GND during normal operation.

**1. Interleaved burst sequence [MODE = Vcc]**

External Address	A14 - A2, A1, A0
1st Burst Address	A14 - A2, A1, $\overline{A0}$
2nd Burst Address	A14 - A2, $\overline{A1}$ , A0
3rd Burst Address	A14 - A2, $\overline{A1}$ , $\overline{A0}$

**Remark** The burst sequence wraps around to its initial state upon completion.

**2. Linear burst sequence [MODE = GND]**

External Address	A14 - A2, 0, 0	A14 - A2, 0, 1	A14 - A2, 1, 0	A14 - A2, 1, 1
1st Burst Address	A14 - A2, 0, 1	A14 - A2, 1, 0	A14 - A2, 1, 1	A14 - A2, 0, 0
2nd Burst Address	A14 - A2, 1, 0	A14 - A2, 1, 1	A14 - A2, 0, 0	A14 - A2, 0, 1
3rd Burst Address	A14 - A2, 1, 1	A14 - A2, 0, 0	A14 - A2, 0, 1	A14 - A2, 1, 0

**Remark** The burst sequence wraps around to its initial state upon completion.

**Asynchronous Truth Table**

Operation	$\overline{CS}$	I/O
Read Cycle	L	D <sub>OUT</sub>
	H	Hi-Z
Write Cycle	x	Hi-Z, D <sub>IN</sub>
Deselected	x	Hi-Z

**Remark** x means "Don't care".

Synchronous Truth Table

Operation	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{CE2}$	CE2	$\overline{AP}$	$\overline{AC}$	$\overline{ADV}$	$\overline{WRITE}^{Note 2}$	CLK	Address
Deselected <sup>Note 1</sup>	H	x	x	x	L	x	x	L-H	N/A
Deselected <sup>Note 1</sup>	L	x	L	L	x	x	x	L-H	N/A
Deselected <sup>Note 1</sup>	L	H	x	L	x	x	x	L-H	N/A
Deselected <sup>Note 1</sup>	L	x	L	H	L	x	x	L-H	N/A
Deselected <sup>Note 1</sup>	L	H	x	H	L	x	x	L-H	N/A
Read cycle/Begin burst	L	L	H	L	x	x	x	L-H	External
Read cycle/Begin burst	L	L	H	H	L	x	H	L-H	External
Read cycle/Continue burst	x	x	x	H	H	L	H	L-H	Next
Read cycle/Continue burst	H	x	x	x	H	L	H	L-H	Next
Read cycle/Suspend burst	x	x	x	H	H	H	H	L-H	Current
Read cycle/Suspend burst	H	x	x	x	H	H	H	L-H	Current
Write cycle/Begin burst	L	L	H	H	L	x	L	L-H	External
Write cycle/Continue burst	x	x	x	H	H	L	L	L-H	Next
Write cycle/Continue burst	H	x	x	x	H	L	L	L-H	Next
Write cycle/Suspend burst	x	x	x	H	H	H	L	L-H	Current
Write cycle/Suspend burst	H	x	x	x	H	H	L	L-H	Current

**Notes 1.** Deselected status is held until new "Begin Burst" entry.

**2.**  $\overline{WRITE} = L$  means any one or more byte write enables ( $\overline{BW1}$ ,  $\overline{BW2}$ ,  $\overline{BW3}$ , or  $\overline{BW4}$ ) and  $\overline{BWE}$  are low or  $\overline{GW}$  is low.

$\overline{WRITE} = H$  means all byte write enables are high.

**Remark** x means "Don't care".

Partial Truth Table for Write Enables

Operation	$\overline{GW}$	$\overline{BWE}$	$\overline{BW1}$	$\overline{BW2}$	$\overline{BW3}$	$\overline{BW4}$
Read cycle	H	H	x	x	x	x
	H	L	H	H	H	H
Write cycle/Byte1 only	H	L	L	H	H	H
Write cycle/All bytes	H	L	L	L	L	L
	L	x	x	x	x	x

**Note** x means "Don't care".

Pass-through Truth Table

Previous cycle				Present cycle						Next cycle
Operation	Address	<sup>Note1</sup> $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$	I/O	Operation	Address	$\overline{\text{CEs}}$ <sup>Note2</sup>	<sup>Note1</sup> $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$	$\overline{\text{G}}$	I/O	Operation
Write cycle	Ak	L	Dn(Ak)	Read cycle (Begin burst)	Am	L	H	L	Q1(Ak)	Read Q1 (Am)
				Deselect-ed	-	H	x	x	Hi-Z	No carryover from previous cycle

**Notes** 1.  $\overline{\text{WRITE}} = \text{L}$  means any one or more byte write enables ( $\overline{\text{BW1}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{BW2}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{BW3}}$ , or  $\overline{\text{BW4}}$ ) and  $\overline{\text{BWE}}$  are low or  $\overline{\text{GW}}$  is low.

$\overline{\text{WRITE}} = \text{H}$  means all byte write enables are high.

2.  $\overline{\text{CEs}} = \text{L}$  means  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  is low,  $\overline{\text{CE2}}$  is low and CE2 is high.

$\overline{\text{CEs}} = \text{H}$  means  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  is high or  $\overline{\text{CE2}}$  is high or CE2 is low.

**Remark** x means "Don't care".

ZZ (Sleep) Truth Table

ZZ	Chip status
$\leq 0.2 \text{ V}$	Active
Open	Active
$\geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$	Sleep

**Electrical Characteristics**

- The device is tested under the minimum transverse air flow of 2.5 meters per second for the DC and AC specifications shown in the tables.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5 to +4.6	V
Output supply voltage	V <sub>CCQ</sub>	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5 <sup>Note</sup> to +6.0	V
Input/Output voltage	V <sub>I/O</sub>	-0.5 <sup>Note</sup> to V <sub>CCQ</sub> + 0.5	V
Operating ambient temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	0 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to +125	°C

**Note** -2.5 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 3 ns)

**Caution** Exposing the device to stress above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings could cause permanent damage. The device is not meant to be operated under conditions outside the limits described in the operational section of this specification. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.1	3.3	3.6	V
Output supply voltage	V <sub>CCQ</sub>	3.1	3.3	3.6	V
High level input voltage-Input pins	V <sub>I(HIN)</sub>	2.0		5.5	V
High level input voltage-I/O pins	V <sub>I(HI/O)</sub>	2.0		V <sub>CCQ</sub> + 0.3	V
Low level input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.5 <sup>Note</sup>		+0.8	V
Operating ambient temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	0		+70	°C

**Note** -2.5 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 3 ns)

**Capacitance (T<sub>A</sub> = +25 °C, f = 1 MHz)**

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V			4	pF
Input/Output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V			7	pF
Clock input capacitance	C <sub>clk</sub>	V <sub>clk</sub> = 0 V			4	pF

- Remarks**
1. V<sub>IN</sub>: Input voltage
  2. These parameters are periodically sampled and not 100 % tested.



DC Characteristics (Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

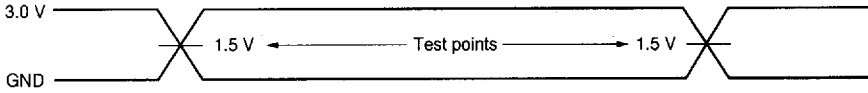
Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> (except ZZ and MODE) = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> , ZZ, MODE = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>	-2		+2	μA
Output leakage current	I <sub>LO</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> , Output is disabled	-2		+2	μA
Operating supply current	I <sub>CC</sub>	Device selected, V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IO</sub> = 0 mA, Freq. = MAX.			250	mA
	I <sub>CC1</sub>	Suspend read cycle, AC, AP, ADV, GW, BWS ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IO</sub> = 0 mA, Freq. = MAX.			45	
Standby supply current	I <sub>SB</sub>	Device deselected, V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> , Cycle = 0 MHz, All inputs are static			20	mA
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	Device deselected, V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 0.2 V or V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V, Cycle = 0 MHz, All inputs are static			2	
	I <sub>SB2</sub>	Device deselected, V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> , Freq. = MAX.			50	
Power down supply current	I <sub>SBZZ</sub>	ZZ ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V		0.2	1	mA
High level output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	2.4			V
Low level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA			0.4	V

**Remark** V<sub>IN</sub>: Input voltage

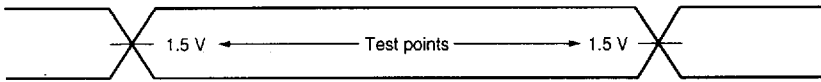
AC Characteristics (Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

AC Test Conditions

Input waveform (Rise/fall time ≤ 3 ns)



Output waveform



Output load

Fig. 1

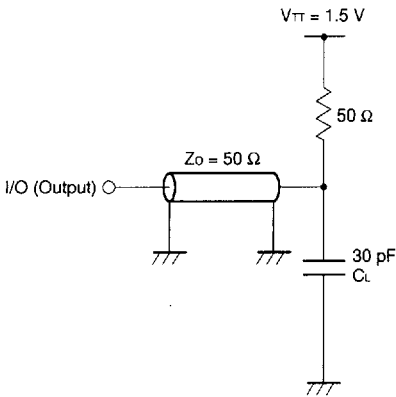
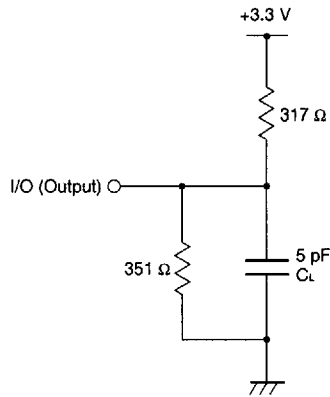


Fig. 2

(For TDC1, TDC2, TOLZ, TOHZ, TCZ)



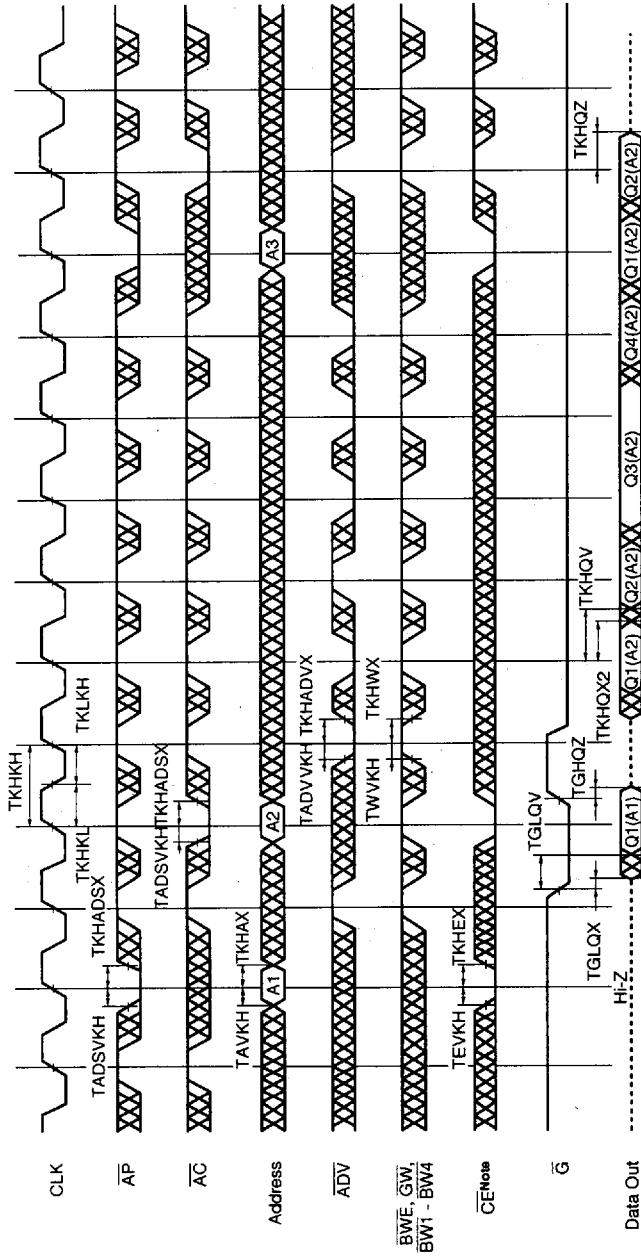
Remark C<sub>L</sub> includes capacitances of the probe and jig, and stray capacitances.

Read and Write Cycle

Parameter	Symbol		-A7 (83 MHz)		-A8 (66 MHz)		-A10 (60 MHz)		-A12 (50 MHz)		Unit	Note
	Standard	Alternate	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Cycle time	TKHKH	TCYC	12	-	15	-	16.7	-	20	-	ns	
Clock access time	TKHQV	TCD	-	7	-	8	-	10	-	12	ns	
Output Enable to output valid	TGLQV	TOE	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	6	ns	
Clock high to output active	TKHQX1	TDC1	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	ns	
Clock high to output change	TKHQX2	TDC2	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns	
Output Enable to output active	TGLQX	TOLZ	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	ns	
Output disable to output Hi-Z	TGHQZ	TOHZ	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	6	ns	
Clock high to output Hi-Z	TKHQZ	TCZ	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	6	ns	
Clock high pulse width	TKHKL	TCH	4.5	-	5	-	5	-	6	-	ns	
Clock low pulse width	TKLKH	TCL	4.5	-	5	-	5	-	6	-	ns	
Setup times	Address	TAVKH	TAS	2.5	-	2.5	-	3	-	3	-	ns
	Address status	TADSVKH	TSS									
	Data In	TDVKH	TDS									
	Write Enable	TWVKH	TWS									
	Address advance	TADVVKH	-									
	Chip Enable	TEVKH	-									
Hold times	Address	TKHAX	TAH	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
	Address status	TKHADSX	TSH									
	Data In	TKHDX	TDH									
	Write Enable	TKHWX	TWH									
	Address advance	TKHADVX	-									
	Chip Enable	TKHEX	-									
Power down entry setup	TZZES	TZZES	8	-	8	-	8	-	8	-	ns	1
Power down entry hold	TZZEH	TZZEH	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	1
Power down recovery setup	TZZRS	TZZRS	8	-	8	-	8	-	8	-	ns	1
Power down recovery hold	TZZRH	TZZRH	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	1

**Note 1.** Although ZZ signal input is asynchronous, the signal must meet specified setup and hold times in order to be recognized.

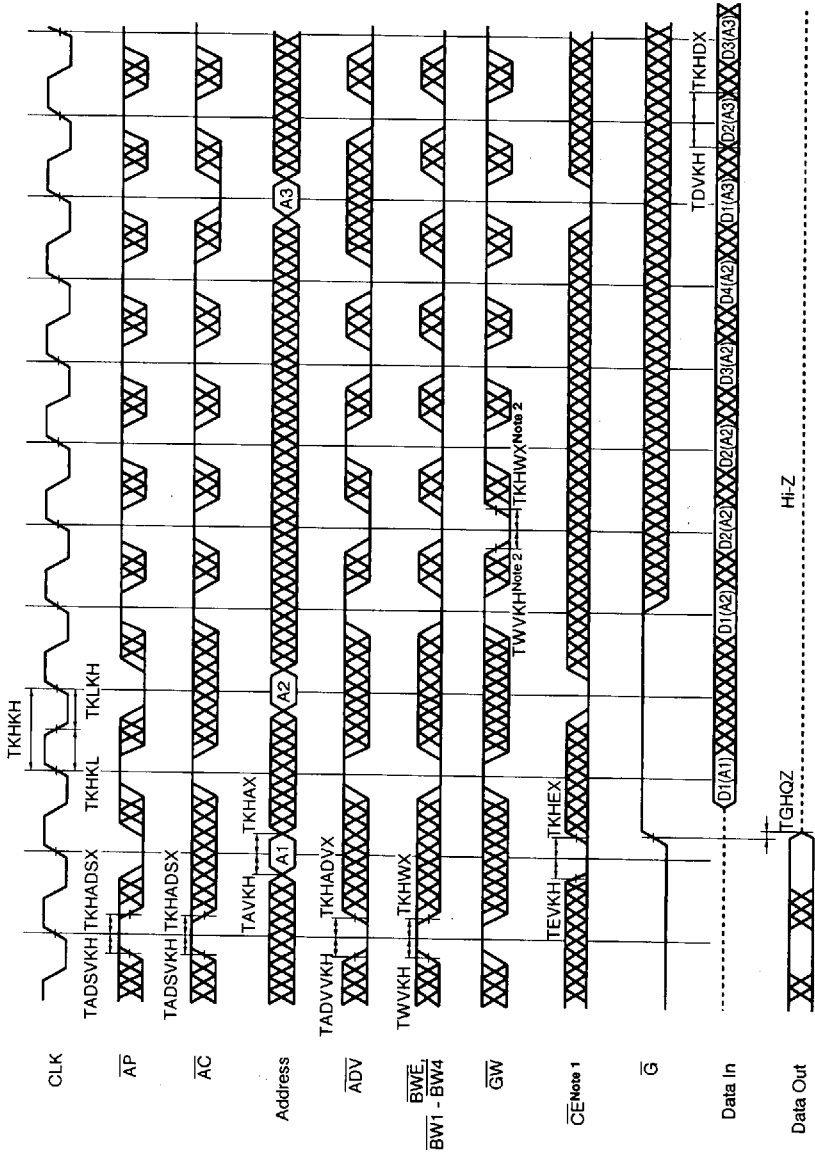
Read Cycle



**Note**  $\overline{CE2}$  and  $CE2$  have the same timing as  $\overline{CE}$ . In this timing, when  $\overline{CE}$  is low,  $\overline{CE2}$  is low and  $CE2$  is high. When  $\overline{CE}$  is high,  $\overline{CE2}$  is high and  $CE2$  is low.

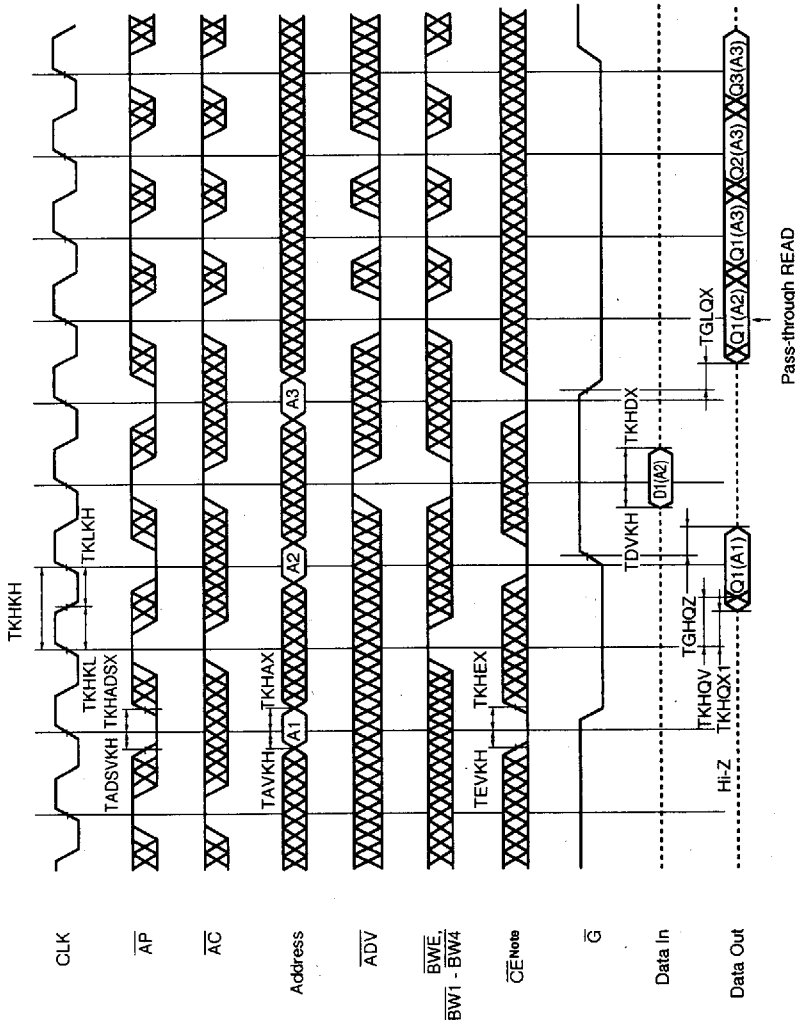
**Remark**  $Qn(A2)$  refers to output from address  $A2$ .  $Q1 - Q4$  refers to outputs according to burst sequence.

Write Cycle



- Notes 1.**  $\overline{CE2}$  and  $\overline{CE2}$  have the same timing as  $\overline{CE1}$ . In this timing, when  $\overline{CE1}$  is low,  $\overline{CE2}$  is low and  $\overline{CE2}$  is high. When  $\overline{CE1}$  is high,  $\overline{CE2}$  is high and  $\overline{CE2}$  is low.
- 2.** All bytes WRITE can be initiated by  $\overline{GW}$  low or  $\overline{BW}$  high and  $\overline{BWE}$ ,  $\overline{BW1-BW4}$  low.

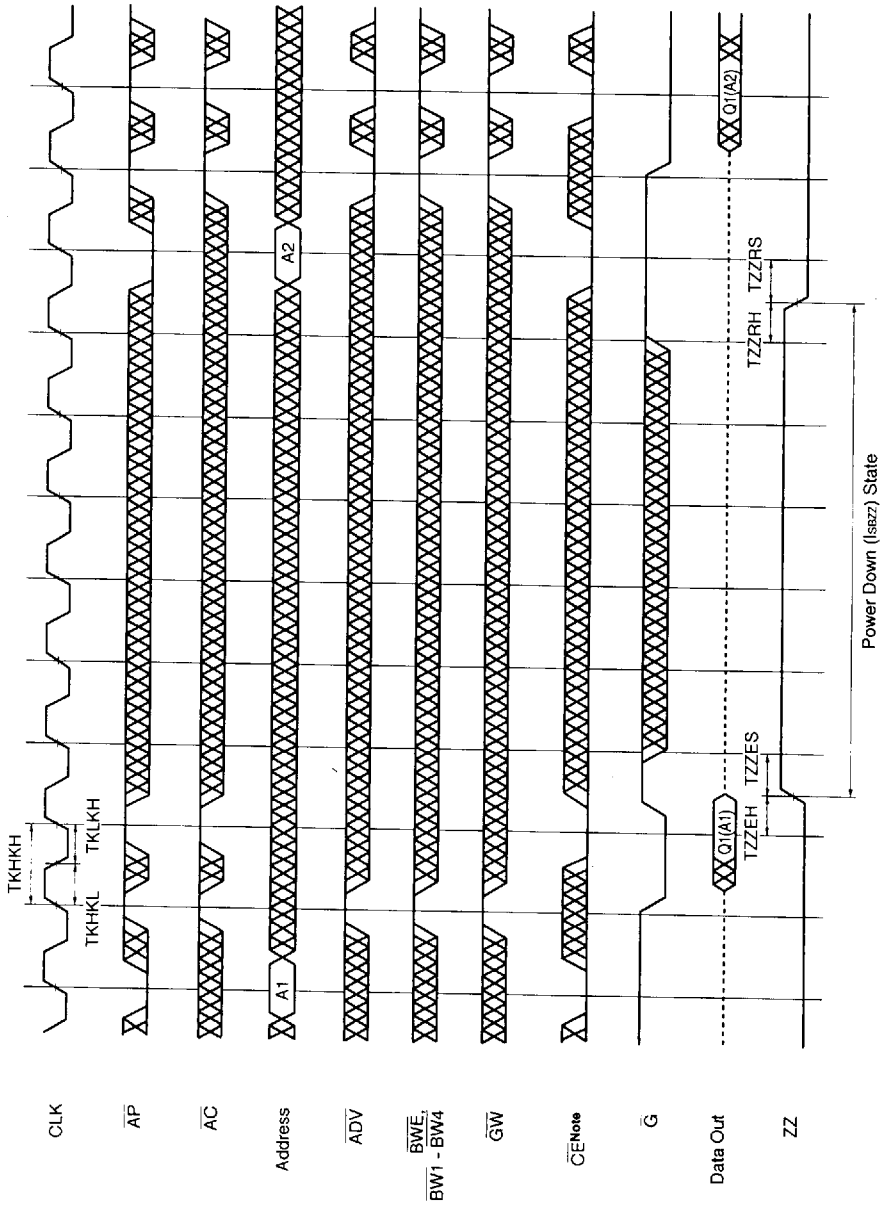
Read/Write Cycle



**Note**  $\overline{CE2}$  and  $\overline{CE2}$  have the same timing as  $\overline{CE}$ . In this timing, when  $\overline{CE}$  is low,  $\overline{CE2}$  is low and  $\overline{CE2}$  is high. When  $\overline{CE}$  is high,  $\overline{CE2}$  is high and  $\overline{CE2}$  is low.

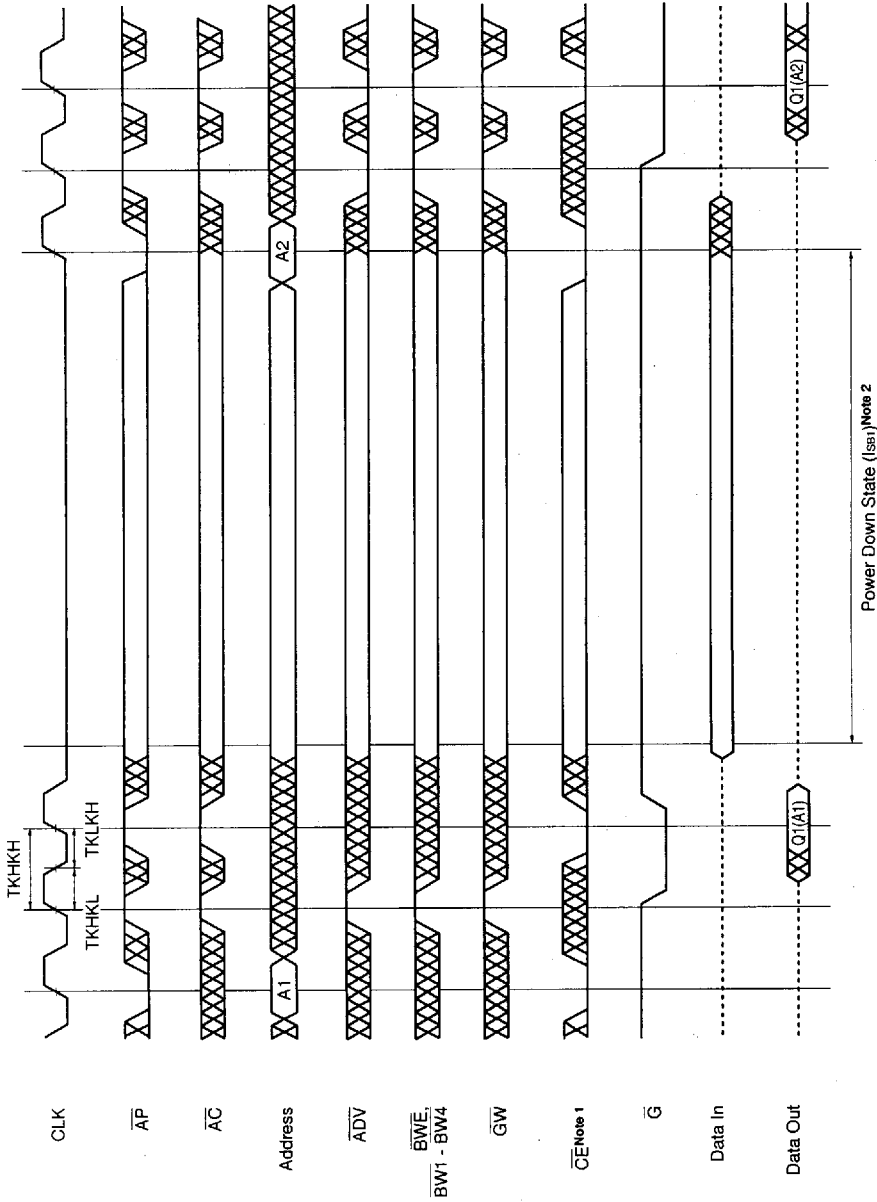
- Remarks**
- $\overline{GW}$  is high.
  - The data out remains in Hi-Z following a WRITE cycle unless an  $\overline{AP}$ ,  $\overline{AC}$  or  $\overline{ADV}$  cycle is performed.

Power Down (ZZ) Cycle



**Note**  $\overline{CE2}$  and  $\overline{CE1}$  have the same timing as  $\overline{CE}$ . In this timing, when  $\overline{CE}$  is low,  $\overline{CE2}$  is low and  $\overline{CE1}$  is high. When  $\overline{CE}$  is high,  $\overline{CE2}$  is high and  $\overline{CE1}$  is low.

Stop Clock Cycle



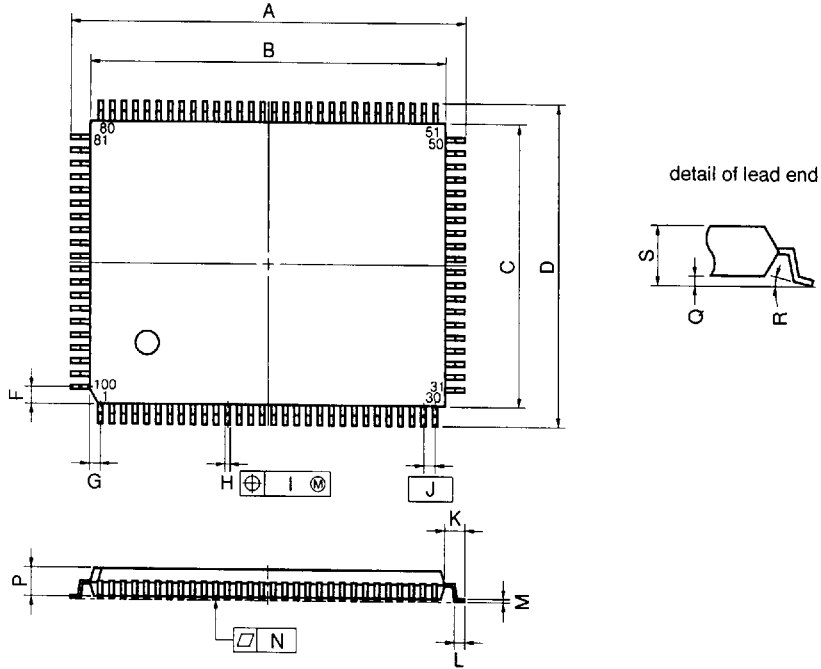
**Notes 1.**  $\overline{CE2}$  and  $\overline{CE}$  have the same timing as  $\overline{CE}$ . In this timing, when  $\overline{CE}$  is low,  $\overline{CE2}$  is low and  $\overline{CE2}$  is high. When  $\overline{CE}$  is high,  $\overline{CE2}$  is high and  $\overline{CE2}$  is low.

**2.**  $V_{IN} \leq 0.2 V$  or  $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 V$  ( $V_{IN}$ : Input voltage)



Package Drawing

100 PIN PLASTIC LQFP (14 X 20)



NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm (0.005 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS	INCHES
A	22.0±0.2	0.866±0.008
B	20.0±0.2	0.787 <sup>+0.009</sup> <sub>-0.008</sub>
C	14.0±0.2	0.551 <sup>+0.009</sup> <sub>-0.008</sub>
D	16.0±0.2	0.630±0.008
F	0.825	0.032
G	0.575	0.023
H	0.32 <sup>+0.08</sup> <sub>-0.07</sub>	0.013±0.003
I	0.13	0.005
J	0.65 (T.P.)	0.026 (T.P.)
K	1.0±0.2	0.039 <sup>+0.009</sup> <sub>-0.008</sub>
L	0.5±0.2	0.020 <sup>+0.008</sup> <sub>-0.009</sub>
M	0.17 <sup>+0.06</sup> <sub>-0.05</sub>	0.007±0.002
N	0.10	0.004
P	1.4	0.055
Q	0.125±0.075	0.005±0.003
R	3 <sup>+7</sup> <sub>-3</sub>	3 <sup>+7</sup> <sub>-3</sub>
S	1.7 MAX.	0.067 MAX.

S100GF-65-8ET

Remark TQFPs with a 1.4 mm package thickness are called LQFP in EIAJ.

**Recommended Soldering Conditions**

Please consult with our sales offices for soldering conditions of  $\mu$ PD431232AL.

**Type of Surface Mount Device**

$\mu$ PD431232ALGF: 100-pin plastic TQFP (14 × 20 mm)