

# **TFT LCD Tentative Specification**

**MODEL NO.: V370H3 – LH1** 

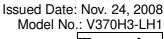
Approved Dy	TVHD			
Approved By	LY Chen			
Reviewed By	QA Dept.	Product Development Div.		
Treviewed by	Kc-Ko	WT Lin		
Dropored Dy	LCD TV Marketing and	Product Management Div.		
Prepared By	WY Li	Chloe Chen		





# - CONTENTS -

REVISION HISTORY		3
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 1.1 OVERVIEW 1.2 FEATURES 1.3 APPLICATION 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS		4
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT 2.2 PACKAGE STORAGE 2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS 2.3.1 TFT LCD MODULE 2.3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT		5
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT 3.2.1 CCFL(Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) CHARAC	TERISTICS	7
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE		10
<ul> <li>5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION</li> <li>5.1 TFT LCD MODULE</li> <li>5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT</li> <li>5.3 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE</li> <li>5.4 LVDS INTERFACE</li> <li>5.5 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT</li> </ul>		11
6. INTERFACE TIMING 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE		19
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS		22
8. DEFINITION OF LABELS 8.1 CMO MODULE LABEL		26
9. PACKAGING 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS 9.2 PACKING METHOD		27
10. PRECAUTIONS 10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS 10.3 SAFETY STANDARDS		29
11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS		30







# **REVISION HISTORY**

		_		NEVISION RISTORT
Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver 1.0	Nov. 24,'08	All	All	Tentative Specification was first issued.



#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

V370H3 - LH1 is a 37" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 10-CCFL Backlight unit and 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 FHD format and can display true **1.0G colors (10-bit/color).** The inverter module for backlight is not built-in.

## 1.2 FEATURES

- -High brightness (500 nits)
- Ultra-high contrast ratio (5000:1)
- Faster response time (Gray to gray average 4ms)
- High color saturation NTSC 72%
- Ultra wide viewing angle: 176(H)/176(V) (CR>20) with Super MVA technology
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- Color reproduction (nature color)
- Optimized response time for 120 Hz Frame rate
- Low color shift function
- RoHS compliance

## 1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD TVs
- Multi-Media Display

## 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	819.36(H) x 460.89 (V) (37" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	827.8 (H) x 469.4 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	
Pixel Pitch (Sub Pixel)	0.14225 (H) x 0.42675 (V)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	
Display Colors	1.0G	color	
Display Operation Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally black	-	
Surface Treatment	Glare type, Hard coating (3H)	-	

## 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	876	877	878	mm	(1)
Module Size	Vertical(V)	513.6	514.6	515.6	mm	(1)
Module Size	Depth(D)	32.2	33.2	34.2	mm	To TOP Side
Depth(D)		47.2	48.2	49.2	mm	To PCB Cover
W	eight	-	7770	-	g	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



#### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

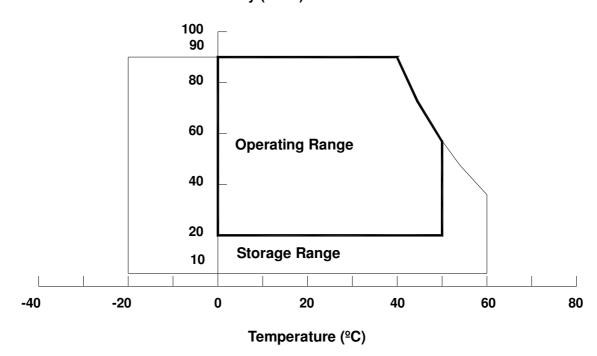
## 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

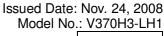
Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note		
item	Syllibol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	ōC	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	ōC	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S <sub>NOP</sub>	-	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	$V_{NOP}$	-	1.0	G	(4), (5)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  40  ${}^{\circ}$ C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65 °C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.
- Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ ,  $\pm Z$ .
- Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 10 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

## **Relative Humidity (%RH)**









#### 2.2 PACKAGE STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.

- (a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C at normal humidity without condensation.
- (b) The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

#### 2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

## 2.3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Itom	Symbol	Va	lue	Lloit	Note	
Item	Syllibol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	13.5	V	(1)	
Input Signal Voltage	VIN	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)	

## 2.3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Itom	Item Symbol		lue	Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Ullit	Note	
Lamp Voltage	$V_{W}$	_	3000	$V_{RMS}$		

Note (1) No moisture condensation or freezing.



## 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

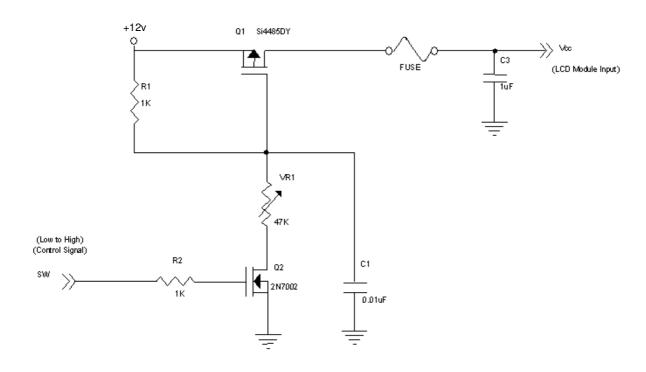
# 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

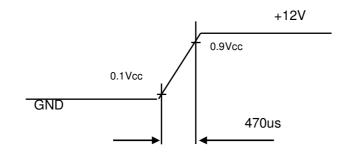
	Parameter		Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
			Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Power Su	pply Voltage		$V_{CC}$	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	(1)
Power Su	pply Ripple Vo	Itage	$V_{RP}$	-	1	350	mV	
Rush Curr	ent		I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	4.5	Α	(2)
	White			-	1.67	1.872	Α	
Power Su	pply Current	Black	I <sub>cc</sub>	-	0.98	1.118	Α	(3)
		Vertical Stripe		-	1.469	1.755	Α	
LVDS	Common Inpu	ıt Voltage	$V_{LVC}$	1.125	1.25	1.375	V	
Interface	Terminating Resistor		R⊤	-	100	-	ohm	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage		$V_{IH}$	2.7	-	3.3	V	
interface	Input Low Thr	eshold Voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	-	0.7	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:

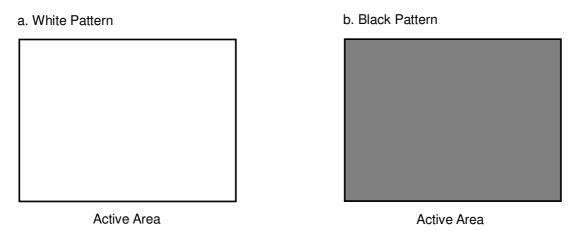


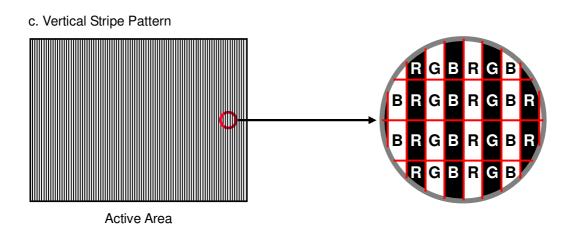
# Vcc rising time is 470us





Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 12 V,  $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60 \,^{\circ}\text{Hz}$ , whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

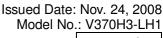




## 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

# 3.2.1 CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Voltage	$V_W$	ı	850	-	Lamp	Ih = 12.0mA
Lamp Current	Ι <sub>L</sub>	11.5	12.0	12.5	$mA_{RMS}$	(1)
Lauran Olaut'uan Mallaura	.,	ı	-	1410	Lamp	$V_{\mathrm{S}}$
Lamp Starting Voltage	Vs	-	-	1290		
Operating Frequency	Fo	30	-	80	Operati	Fo
Lamp Life Time	$L_BL$	50,000	-	-	Lamp	$L_BL$





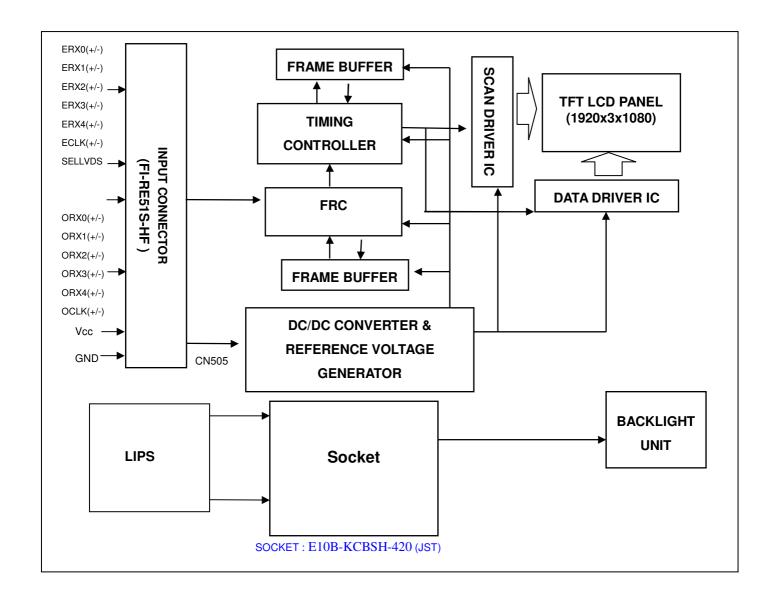


- Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing AC current probe and its value is average by measuring master and slave board.
- Note (2) The lamp starting voltage  $V_S$  should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency of the display input signals, and it may result in line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) The life time of a lamp is defined as when the brightness is larger than 50% of its original value and the effective discharge length is longer than 80% of its original length (Effective discharge length is defined as an area that has equal to or more than 70% brightness compared to the brightness at the center point of lamp.) as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition at Ta = 25  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C and  $I_L = 11.5^{\sim} 12.5$ mArms.



## 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

## **4.1 TFT LCD MODULE**



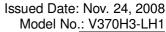


# 5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

# **5.1 TFT LCD MODULE**

# **CN505 Connector Pin Assignment**

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VIN	+12.0V power supply
2	VIN	+12.0V power supply
3	VIN	+12.0V power supply
4	VIN	+12.0V power supply
5	VIN	+12.0V power supply
6	NC	No connection
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	ODD_RIN0N	Negative transmission data of First pixel 0
11	ODD_RIN0P	Positive transmission data of First pixel 0
12	ODD_RIN1N	Negative transmission data of First pixel 1
13	ODD_RIN1P	Positive transmission data of First pixel 1
14	ODD_RIN2N	Negative transmission data of First pixel 2
15	ODD_RIN2P	Positive transmission data of First pixel 2
16	GND	Ground
17	ODD_RINCLKN	Negative of First clock
18	ODD_RINCLKP	Positive of First clock
19	GND	Ground
20	ODD_RIN3N	Negative transmission data of First pixel 3
21	ODD_RIN3P	Positive transmission data of First pixel 3
22	ODD_RIN4N	Negative transmission data of First pixel 4
23	ODD_RIN4P	Positive transmission data of First pixel 4
24	GND	Ground
25	EVEN_RIN0N	Negative transmission data of Second pixel 0
26	EVEN_RIN0P	Positive transmission data of Second pixel 0
27	EVEN_RIN1N	Negative transmission data of Second pixel 1
28	EVEN_RIN1P	Positive transmission data of Second pixel 1
29	EVEN _RIN2N	Negative transmission data of Second pixel 2
30	EVEN_RIN2P	Positive transmission data of Second pixel 2
31	GND	Ground
32	EVEN _RINCLKN	Negative of Second clock
33	EVEN_RINCLKP	Positive of Second clock
34	GND	Ground
35	EVEN_RIN3N	Negative transmission data of Second pixel 3
36	EVEN_RIN3P	Positive transmission data of Second pixel 3
37	EVEN _RIN4N	Negative transmission data of Second pixel 4
38	EVEN _RIN4P	Positive transmission data of Second pixel 4
39	GND	Ground
40	SCL_I	SEC define
41	SDA I	SEC define

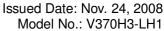






42	TCON_CHECK	SEC define
43	TST_PGM	SEC define
44	HSYNC	SEC define
45	LVDS_FORMAT	SEC define
46	I2C_SCL	SEC define
47	FRC_NRESET	SEC define
48	I2C_SDA	SEC define
49	SW_PVCC	SEC define
50	MAIN_CHECK	SEC define
51	NC	No connection

Note (1) CN505 Connector Part No.: JAE Taiwan(台灣航空電子) FI-RE51S-HF or equal.





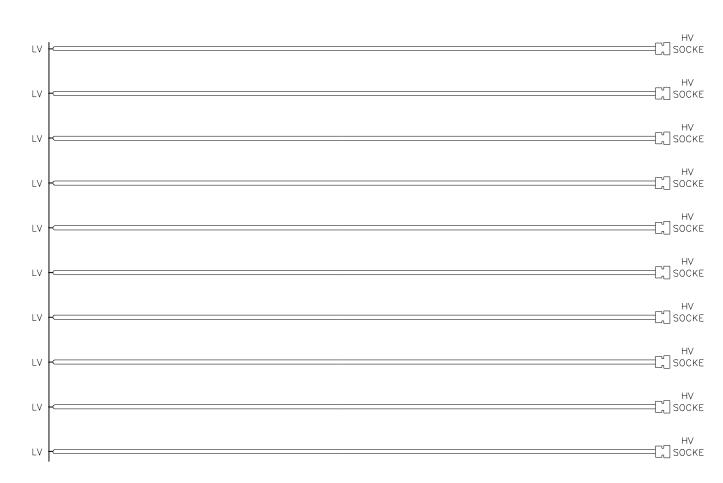


## **5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT**

The pin configuration for the housing and leader wire is shown in the table below.

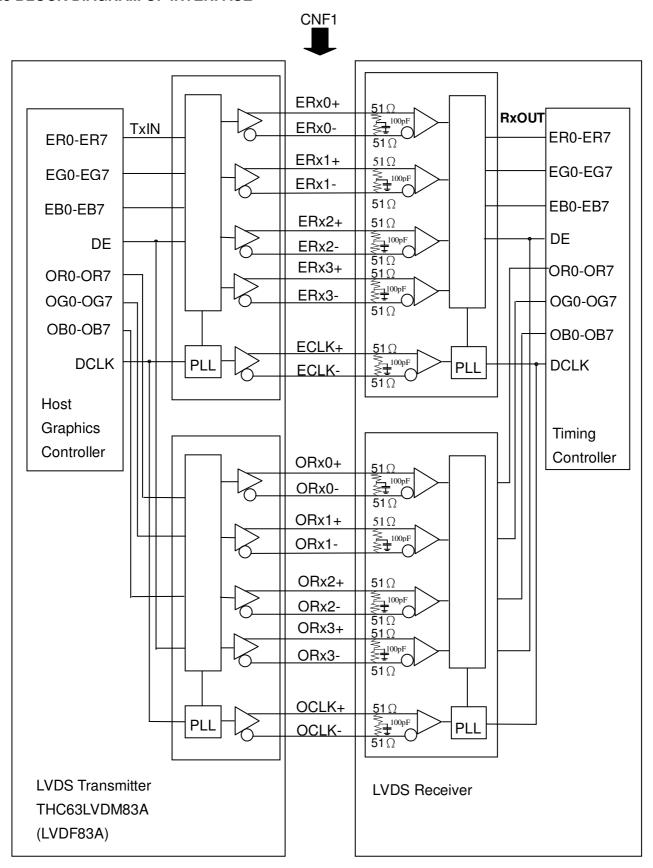
Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Wire Color
NA	NA	NA	NA

Note (1) The backlight interface housing for high voltage side is a model E10B-KCBSH-420 (SOCKET), manufactured by JST.

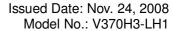




#### **5.3 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE**



ER0~ER7: Even pixel R data

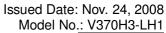






EG0~EG7: Even pixel G data
EB0~EB7: Even pixel B data
OR0~OR7: Odd pixel R data
OG0~OG7: Odd pixel G data
OB0~OB7: Odd pixel B data
DE: Data enable signal
DCLK: Data clock signal

- Note (1) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.
- Note (2) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is used differentially.
- Note (3) Two pixel data send into the module for every clock cycle. The first pixel of the frame is odd pixel and the second pixel is even pixel.

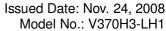






## **5.4 LVDS INTERFACE**

	SIGI	NAL		NSMITTER 3LVDM83A	INTERI CONNE			ECEIVER C63LVDF84A	TFT CONTROL INPUT			
	LVDS_SEL=H or OPEN	LVDS_SEL =	PIN	INPUT	Host	TFT-LCD	PIN	OUTPUT	LVDS_SEL=H or OPEN	LVDS_SEL =		
	R0	R2	51	TxIN0			27	Rx OUT0	R0	R2		
	R1	R3	52	TxIN1			29	Rx OUT1	R1	R3		
	R2	R4	54	TxIN2	TA OUT0+	Rx 0+	30	Rx OUT2	R2	R4		
	R3	R5	55	TxIN3			32	Rx OUT3	R3	R5		
	R4	R6	56	TxIN4			33	Rx OUT4	R4	R6		
	R5	R7	3	TxIN6	TA OUT0-	Rx 0-	35	Rx OUT6	R5	R7		
	G0	G2	4	TxIN7			37	Rx OUT7	G0	G2		
	G1	G3	6	TxIN8			38	Rx OUT8	G1	G3		
	G2	G4	7	TxIN9			39	Rx OUT9	G2	G4		
	G3	G5	11	TxIN12	TA OUT1+	Rx 1+	43	Rx OUT12	G3	G5		
	G4	G6	12	TxIN13			45	Rx OUT13	G4	G6		
	G5	G7	14	TxIN14			46	Rx OUT14	G5	G7		
	В0	B2	15	TxIN15	TA OUT1-	Rx 1-	47	Rx OUT15	В0	B2		
	B1	B3	19	TxIN18			51	Rx OUT18	B1	В3		
	B2	B4	20	TxIN19			53	Rx OUT19	B2	B4		
24	B3	B5	22	TxIN20			54	Rx OUT20	B3	B5		
bit	B4	В6	23	TxIN21	TA OUT2+	Rx 2+	55	Rx OUT21	B4	B6		
	B5	В7	24	TxIN22			1	Rx OUT22	B5	B7		
	DE	DE	30	TxIN26			6	Rx OUT26	DE	DE		
	R6	R0	50	TxIN27	TA OUT2-	Rx 2-	7	Rx OUT27	R6	R0		
	R7	R1	2	TxIN5			34	Rx OUT5	R7	R1		
	G6	G0	8	TxIN10			41	Rx OUT10	G6	G0		
	G7	G1	10	TxIN11			42	Rx OUT11	G7	G1		
	B6	B0	16	TxIN16	TA OUT3+	Rx 3+	49	Rx OUT16	B6	B0		
	B7	B1	18	TxIN17			50	Rx OUT17	B7	B1		
	RSVD 1	RSVD 1	25	TxIN23			2	Rx OUT23	NC	NC		
	RSVD 2	RSVD 2	27	TxIN24	TA OUT3-	Rx 3-	3	Rx OUT24	NC	NC		
	RSVD 3	RSVD 3	28	TxIN25			5	Rx OUT25	NC	NC		
	DC	LK	31	TxCLK IN	TxCLK	RxCLK	26	RxCLK OUT	DO	CLK		
					OUT+	IN+						
					TxCLK	RxCLK						
					OUT-	IN-						







R0~R7: Pixel R Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB) G0~G7: Pixel G Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB) B0~B7: Pixel B Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE: Data enable signal

Note (1) RSVD (reserved) pins on the transmitter shall be "H" or "L"





## **5.6 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

															D	ata	_	nal													
	Color						ed									Gre	-										ue				
		R9	R8		R6	R5			R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	_	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	_		B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red (1021)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
rieu	Red (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curry	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green (1021)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Curry	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gray Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
-	Blue (1021)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Blue	Blue (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



# 6. INTERFACE TIMING

## **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

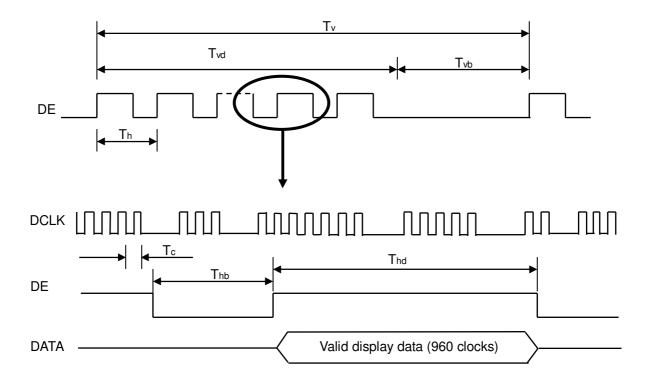
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	1/Tc	60	74	80	MHz	
LVDS Receiver Clock	Input cycle to cycle jitter	Trcl	-	-	200	ps	
LVDS Receiver Data	Setup Time	Tlvsu	600	-	-	ps	
LVD3 Receiver Data	Hold Time	Tlvhd	600	ı	ı	ps	
	Frame Rate	Fr5	47	50	53	Hz	(1)
	Trame riale	Fr6	57	60	63	Hz	(2)
Vertical Active Display Term	<u>Total</u>	<u>Tv</u>	1115	1125	1135	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	35	45	55	Th	-
	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	960	960	960	<u>Tc</u>	=
	<u>Blank</u>	Thb	90	140	190	Тс	-

Note (1) (ODSEL) = (H). Please refer to 5.1 for detail information.

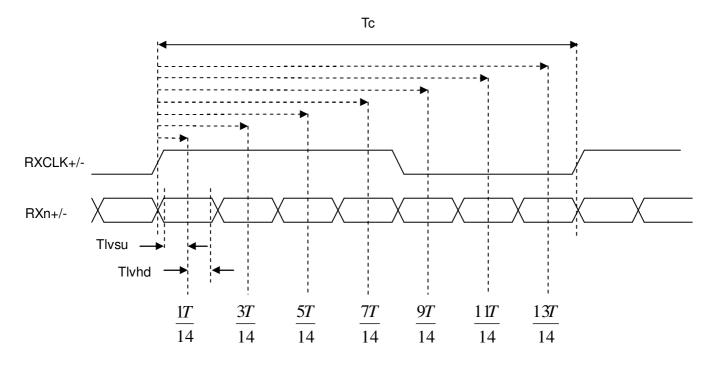
(2) (ODSEL) = (L). Please refer to 5.1 for detail information.

## **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**





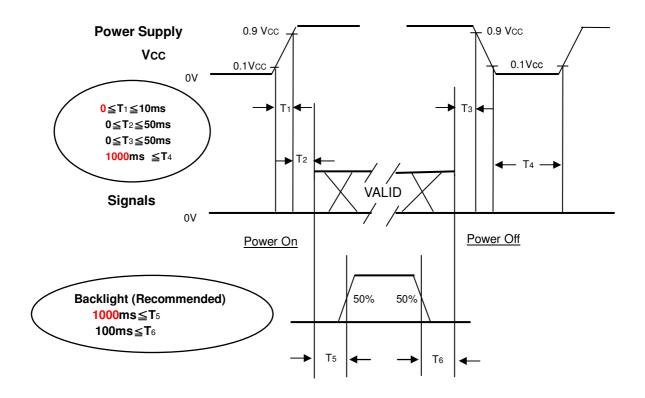
# LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM





#### 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



## **Power ON/OFF Sequence**

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of Vcc is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.



# 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	12	V
Input Signal	According to typical va	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL (	CHARACTERISTICS"
Lamp Current(HV)	I <sub>L</sub>	$12.0 \pm 0.5$	mA
Oscillating Frequency (Balance Board)	F <sub>w</sub>	63±3	KHz
Frame rate		120	Hz

## 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

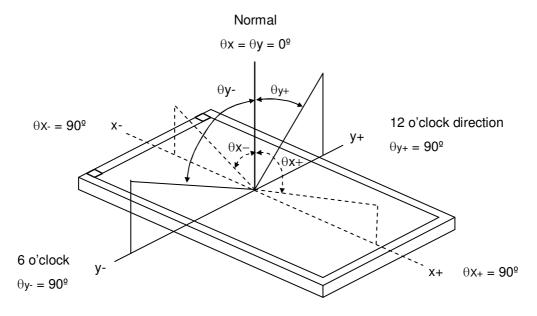
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Ita	am .	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Item Contract Ratio			Condition			iviax.	Offic		
Contrast Ratio		CR		4000	5000	-	-	(2)	
Response Tim	е	Gray to gray average		1	(4)	(8)	ms	(3)	
Center Lumina	nce of White	L <sub>C</sub>		450	500	-	cd/	(4)	
White Variation	า	δW		ı	-	1.3		(7)	
Cross Talk		CT	0 00 0 00	ı	-	4.0	%	(5)	
	Red	Rx	$\theta_x=0^\circ$ , $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		(0.634)		-		
	neu	Ry	Viewing angle at		(0.319)		-		
	Green	Gx	Normal direction		(0.284)		-		
Color		Gy	Normal direction	Тур. –	(0.592)	Typ. +	-	(6)	
Color	Blue	Bx		0.03	(0.149)	0.03	-		
Chromaticity		Ву			(0.059)		-		
	White	Wx			0.280		-		
	vvriite	Wy			0.290		-		
	Color Gamut	CG		70	72		%	NTSC	
	Harizantal	$\theta_x$ +		80	88	-			
Viewing	Horizontal	$\theta_{x}$ -	CR≥20	80	88	- Deg		(1)	
Angle	Vertical	$\theta_{Y}$ +	U⊓≥∠U	80	88				
	vertical	$\theta_{Y}$ -		80	88	-			



Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):

Viewing angles are measured by EZ-Contrast 160R (Eldim)



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

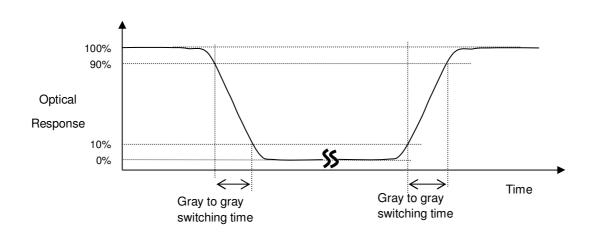
Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (7).

## Note (3) Definition of Gray to Gray Switching Time:





The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 63, 127, 191, 255.

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0 ,63,127,191,255 to each other .

## Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>, L<sub>AVE</sub>):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point and 5 points

$$L_C = L(5)$$

$$L_{AVE} = [L(1) + L(2) + L(3) + L(4) + L(5)] / 5$$

where L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the figure in Note (7).

## Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

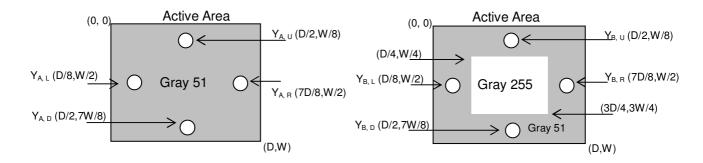
$$CT = | Y_B - Y_A | / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

Where:

(a)

Y<sub>A</sub> = Luminance of measured location without gray level 255 pattern (cd/m<sup>2</sup>)

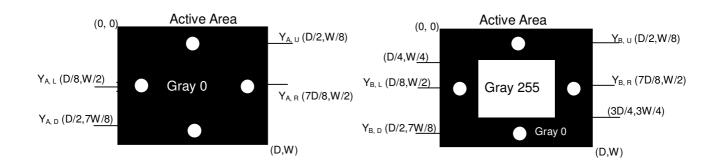
Y<sub>B</sub> = Luminance of measured location with gray level 255 pattern (cd/m<sup>2</sup>)



(b)

Y<sub>A</sub> = Luminance of measured location without gray level 255 pattern (cd/m<sup>2</sup>)

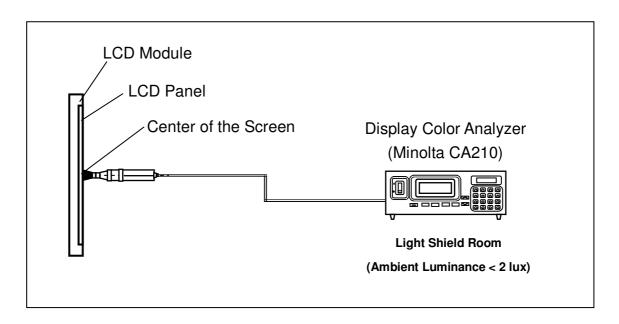
Y<sub>B</sub> = Luminance of measured location with gray level 255 pattern (cd/m<sup>2</sup>)





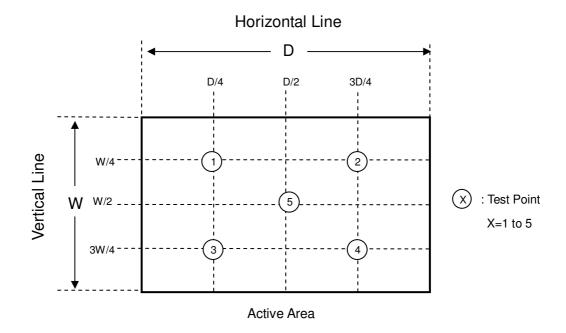
#### Note (6) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 1 hour in a windless room.



## Note (7) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points  $\delta W = \text{Maximum } [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / \text{Minimum } [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]$ 

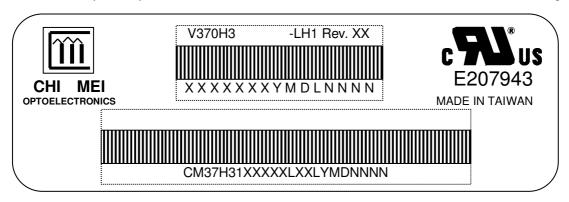


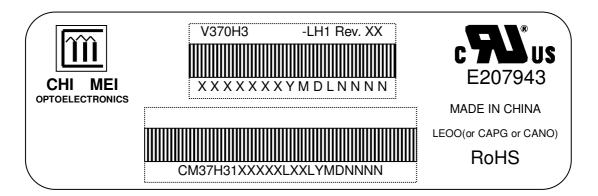


## 8. DEFINITION OF LABELS

## 8.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.





(a) Model Name: V370H3-LH1

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
X-XX	CMO internal use	-
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: Jan. ~ Dec.=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1 <sup>st</sup> to 31 <sup>st</sup> =1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

#### (d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-40H15-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
37H31	Model number	V370H3-LH1=37H31



Х	Revision code	C1=A, C2=B,C9=I
X	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C,
Х	Gate driver IC code	OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Cell line #	1~12=0~C
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Module line #	1~12=0~C
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: Jan. ~ Dec.=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1 <sup>st</sup> to 31 <sup>st</sup> =1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U
NNNN	Serial number	By LCD supplier

# 9. PACKAGING

## 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 5 LCD TV modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 954(L)x378(W)x602(H)mm

(3) Weight: approximately 42.5 Kg (5 modules per box)

# 9.2 PACKING METHOD

Figures 10-1 and 10-2 are the packing method

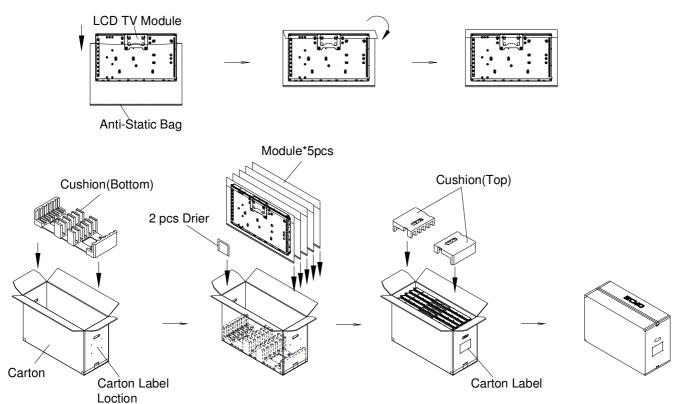
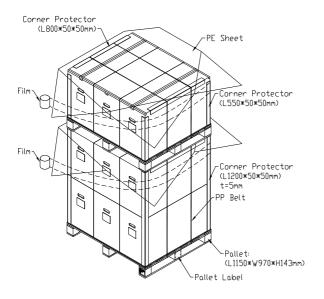


Figure.9-1 packing method



## Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)



## Air Transportation

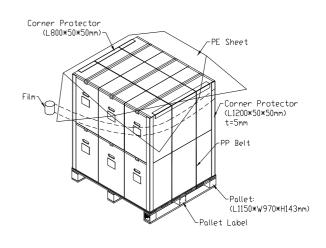
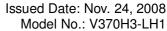


Figure.9-2 Packing method







## 10. PRECAUTIONS

#### 10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and backlight.
- (4) Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.
- (5) Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may deteriorate the performance of LCD module. Please store LCD modules in the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than that of room temperature.

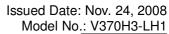
## **10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) The startup voltage of a backlight is over 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

## **10.3 SAFETY STANDARDS**

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

(1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.



Tentative



- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.
- (3) UL60065 or updated standard.
- (4) IEC60065 or updated standard.



# 11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

