□Tentative Specification
□Preliminary Specification
■Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: V500HJ1

SUFFIX: P01

Customer:

APPROVED BY SIGNATURE

Name / Title _____ _____

Note

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
Chao-Chun Chung	Carlos Lee	WT Hsu

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver. 0.0	Sep. 16, 2011	All	All	The Tentative specification was first issued.
Ver. 1.0	Oct. 04, 2011	5 8 25 32 35	1.2 3.1 7.2 10 11	UPDATE FEATURES UPDATE TFT LCD Module UPDATE OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS UPDATE Packaging UPDATE MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC
Ver. 2.0	Aug. 10,2012	5 8 25 32 34~35	1.2 3.1 7.1 10 11	Update FEATURES Update TFT LCD Module Update TEST CONDITIONS Update PACKING SPECIFICATIONS Update MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC

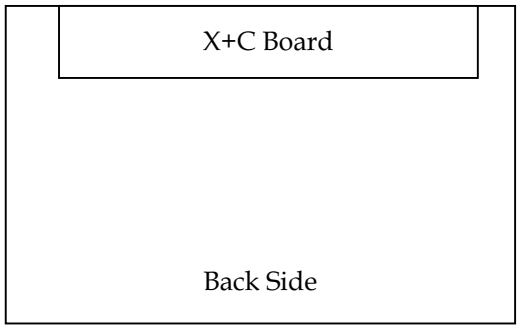
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

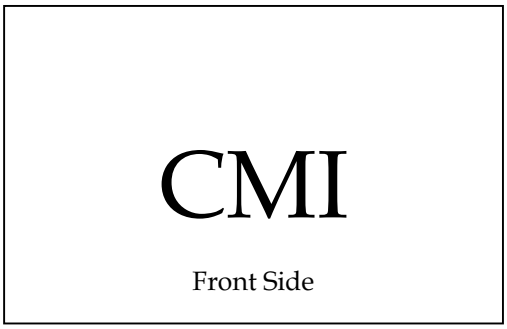
1.1 OVERVIEW

V500HJ1-P01 is a 50" TFT Liquid Crystal Display product with driver ICs and 2ch-LVDS interface. This product supports 1920 x 1080 HDTV format and can display true 16.7M colors (8-bits /color). The backlight unit is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

CHARACTERISTICS ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
Pixels [lines]	1920 × 1080
Active Area [mm]	1095.84(H) x (V) 616.41
Sub-Pixel Pitch [mm]	0.21(H) x 0.63(V)
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Weight [g]	2910
Physical Size [mm]	1110.44 (W) x 631.61(H) x 1.705(D) Typ
Display Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally black
Contrast Ratio	4000:1 Typ. (Typical value measured at CMI's module)
Glass thickness (Array / CF) [mm]	0.7 / 0.7
Viewing Angle (CR>20)	+88/-88(H),+88/-88(V) Typ. (Typical value measured at CMI's module)
Color Chromaticity	R=0.646, 0.327 G=0.296, 0.599 B=0.144, 0.074 W=0.325, 0.367 * Please refer to "color chromaticity" on 7.2
Cell Transparency [%]	5.3% Typ. (Typical value measured at CMI's module)
Polarizer Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 3.5%) Hardness 3H
Rotation Function	Unachievable
Display Orientation	Signal input with "CMI"



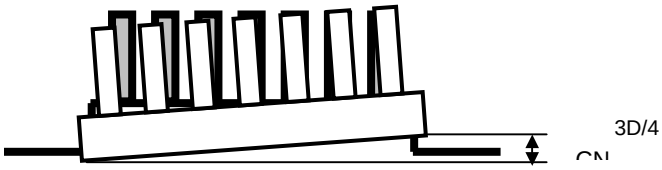


1.3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Weight	-	3450	-	g	-
I/F connector mounting position	The mounting inclination of the connector makes the screen center within ± 0.5mm as the horizontal.				(2)

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Connector mounting position



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	+60	ºC	(1), (3)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_{OP}	0	50	ºC	(1), (2), (3)

Note (1)Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

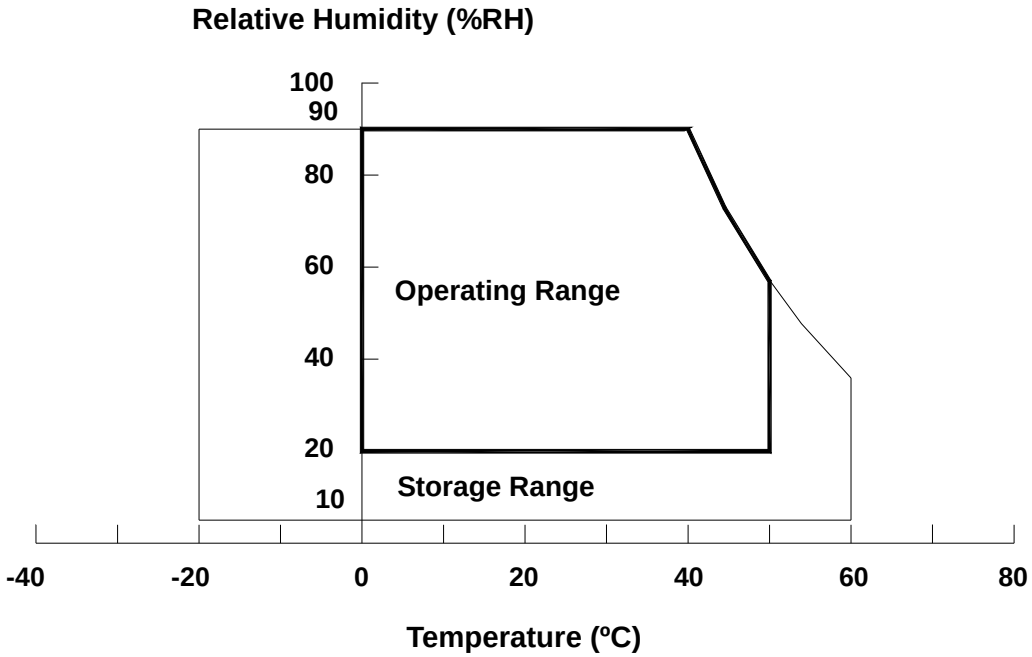
(a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta ≦ 40 ºC).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 ºC Max. (Ta > 40 ºC).

(c) No condensation.

Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65 ºC with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 ºC. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.

Note (3) The rating of environment is base on LCD module. Leave LCD cell alone, this environment condition can't be guaranteed. Except LCD cell, the customer has to consider the ability of other parts of LCD module and LCD module process.



2.2 PACKAGE STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.

(a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time, It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 ℃ at normal humidity without condensation.

(b) The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

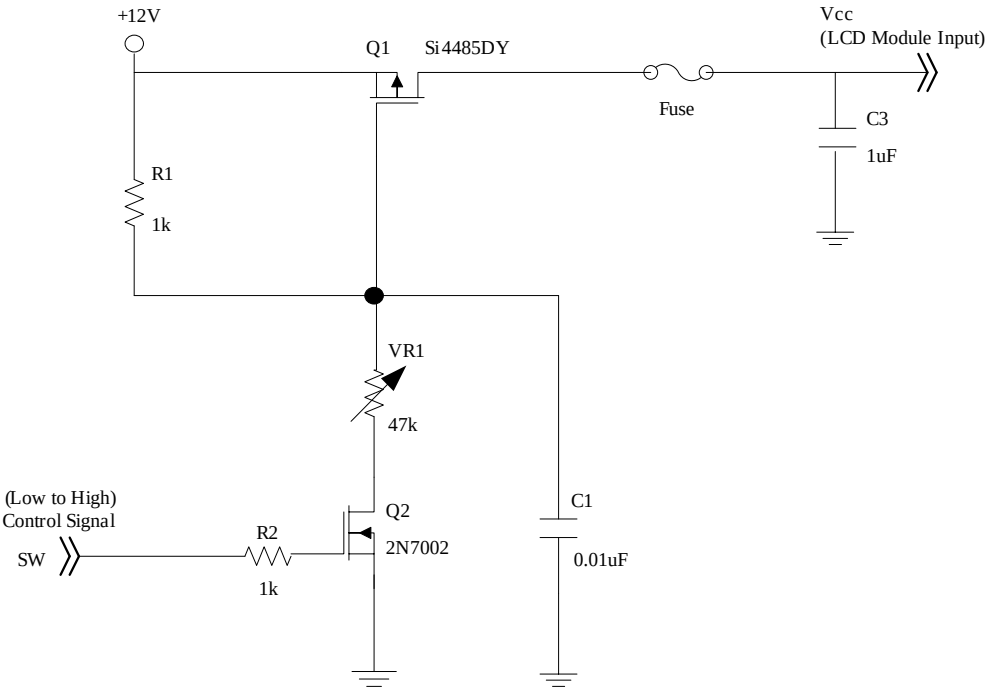
3.1 TFT LCD Module

(Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC)

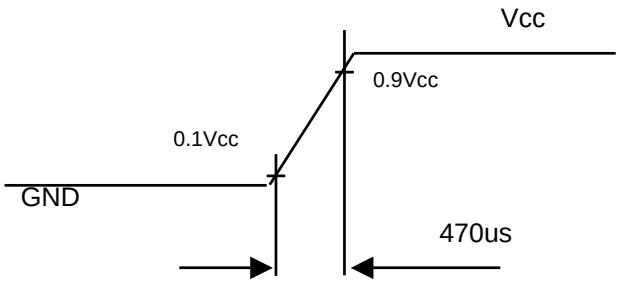
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage		V_{CC}	10.8	12	13.2	V	(1)
Rush Current		I_{RUSH}	—	—	3.02	A	(2)
Power Consumption	White Pattern	—	—	4.44		W	(3)
	Horizontal Stripe	—	—	8.88		W	
	Black Pattern	—	—	4.44		W	
Power Supply Current	White Pattern	—	—	0.37		A	
	Horizontal Stripe	—	—	0.74	0.91	A	
	Black Pattern	—	—	0.37		A	
LVDS interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{LVTH}	+100	—	—	mV	(4)
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{LVTL}	—	—	-100	mV	
	Common Input Voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
	Differential input voltage (single-end)	$\|V_{ID}\|$	200	—	600	mV	
	Terminating Resistor	R_T	—	100	—	ohm	
CMIS interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{IH}	2.7	—	3.3	V	
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{IL}	0	—	0.7	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement condition:

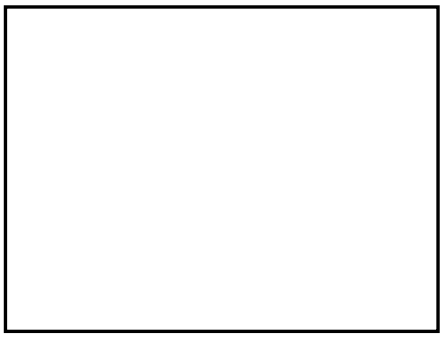


Vcc rising time is 470us



Note (3) The specified power consumption and power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 12 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern

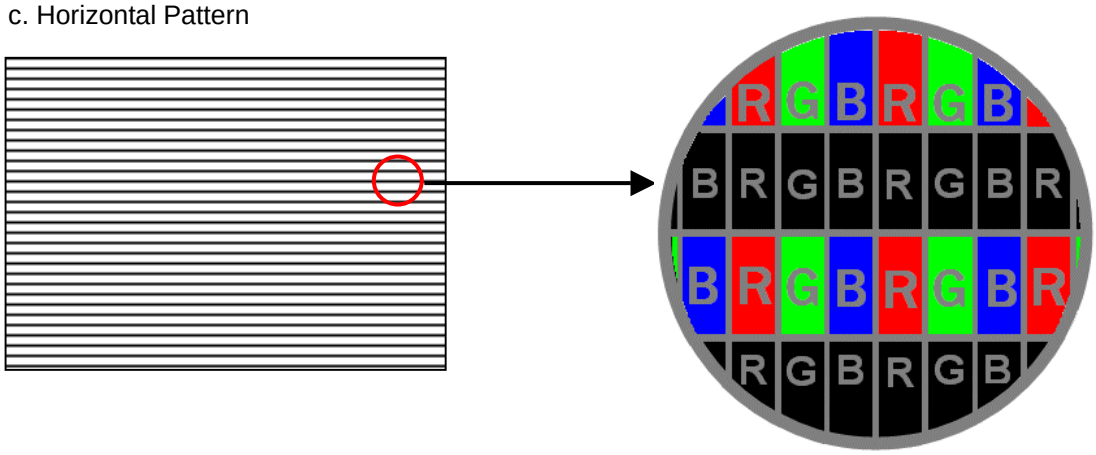


Active Area

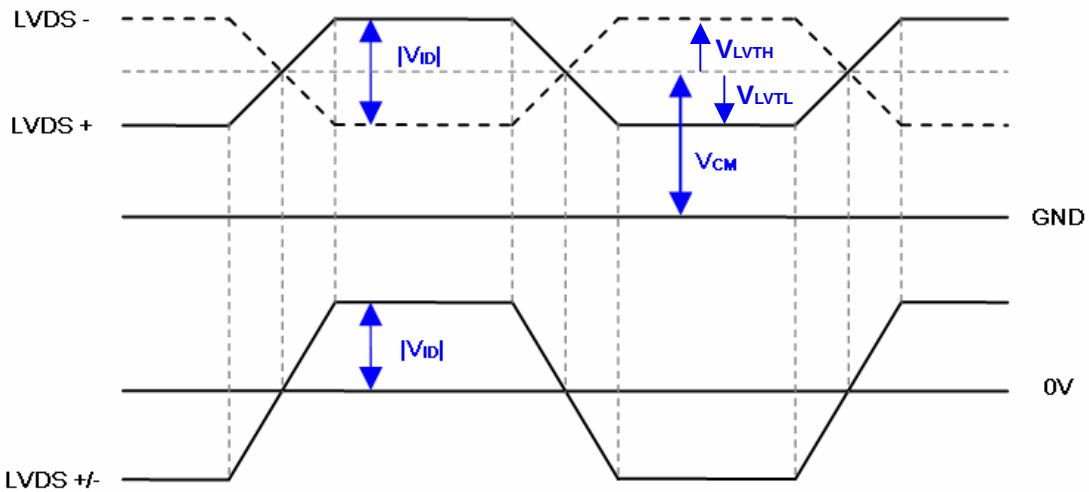
b. Black Pattern

Active Area

c. Horizontal Pattern

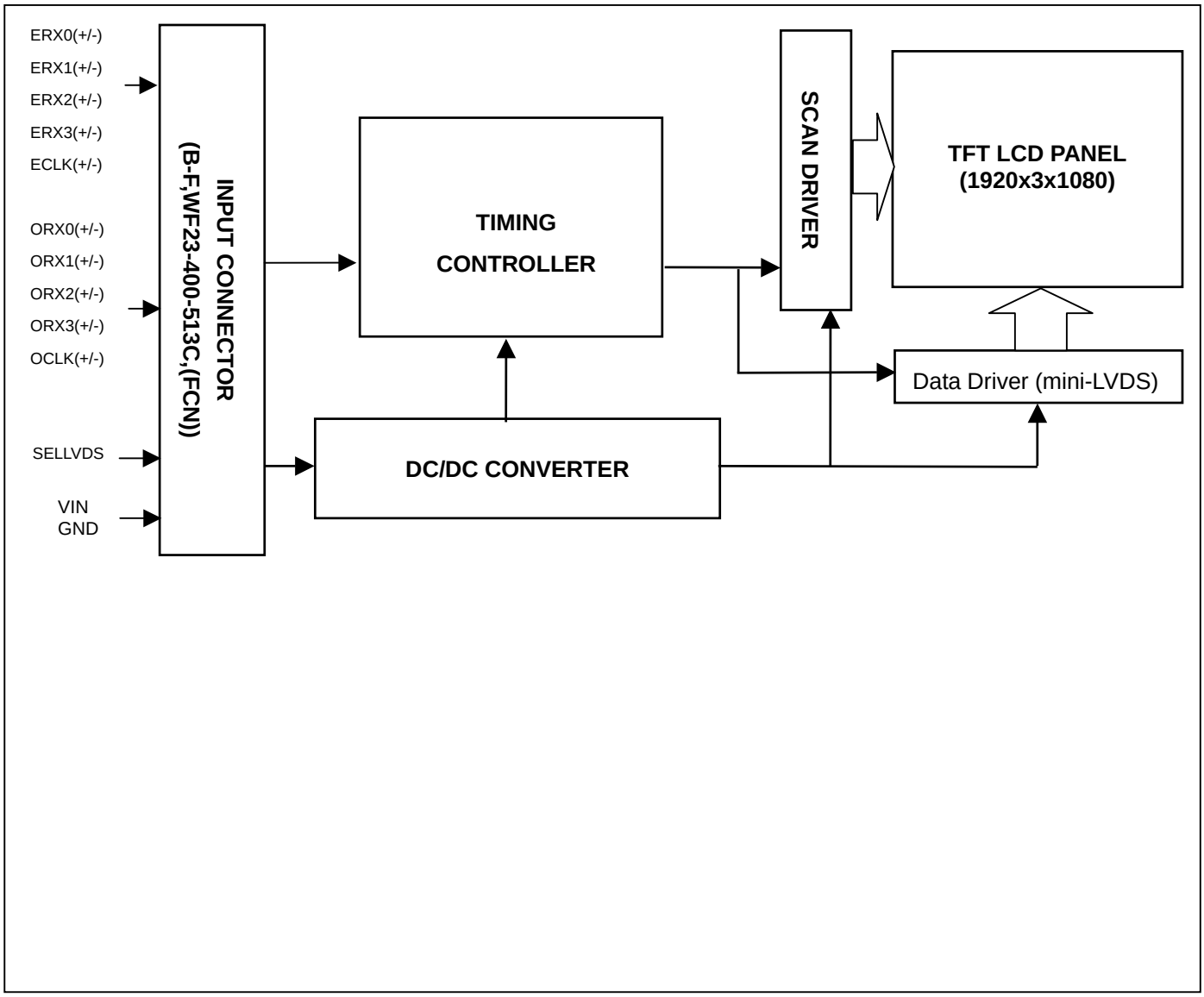


Note (4) The LVDS input characteristics are as follows:



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



5 .INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

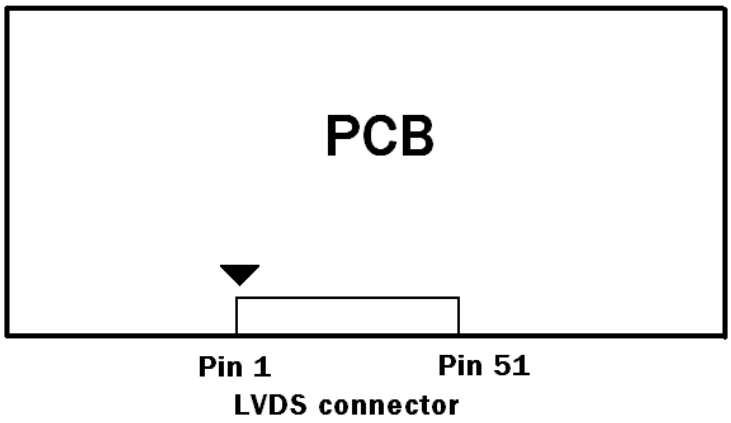
5.1 TFT LCD OPEN CELL

CNF1 Connector Part No.: B-F,WF23-400-513C,(全康-FCN)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	GND	Ground	
2	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
3	N.C.	No Connection	
4	N.C.	No Connection	
5	N.C.	No Connection	
6	N.C.	No Connection	
7	SELLVDS	LVDS data format Selection	(3)(4)
8	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
9	N.C	No Connection	(2)
10	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
11	GND	Ground	
12	ERX0-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	(5)
13	ERX0+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
14	ERX1-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	
15	ERX1+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	
16	ERX2-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	
17	ERX2+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	
18	GND	Ground	
19	ECLK-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.	(5)
20	ECLK+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.	
21	GND	Ground	
22	ERX3-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	(5)
23	ERX3+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	
24	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
25	N.C.	No Connection	
26	GND	Ground	
27	GND	Ground	
28	ORX0-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	(5)
29	ORX0+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	
30	ORX1-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	
31	ORX1+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	
32	ORX2-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	
33	ORX2+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	

34	GND	Ground	
35	OCLK-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input	(5)
36	OCLK+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input	
37	GND	Ground	
38	ORX3-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	(5)
39	ORX3+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	
40	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
41	N.C.	No Connection	
42	GND	Ground	
43	GND	Ground	
44	GND	Ground	
45	GND	Ground	
46	GND	Ground	
47	N.C.	No Connection	(2)
48	VCC	Power input (+12V)	
49	VCC	Power input (+12V)	
50	VCC	Power input (+12V)	
51	VCC	Power input (+12V)	

Note (1) LVDS connector pin order defined as follows



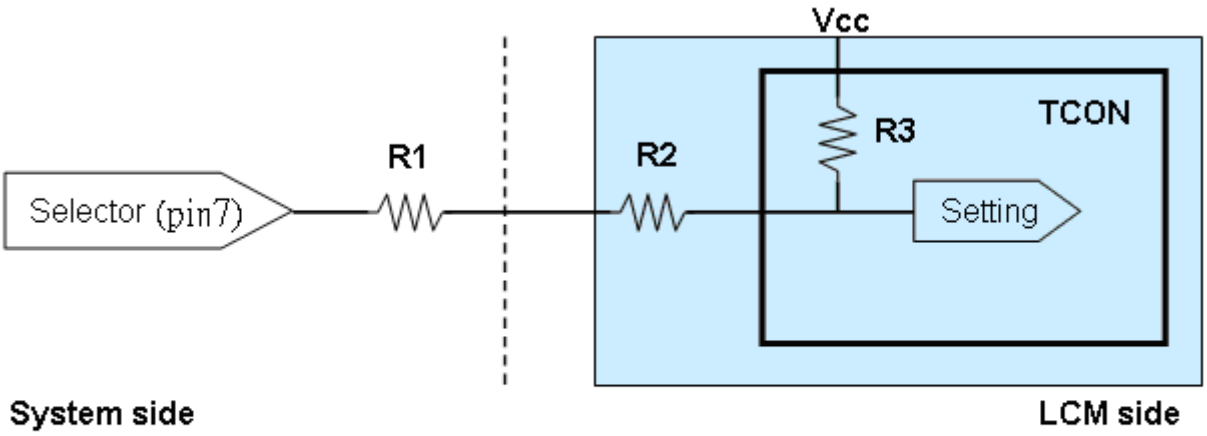
Note (2) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

Note (3) LVDS data format selection.

SELLVDS	Mode
L	JEIDA
H(default)	VESA

L: Connect to GND, H: Connect to Open or +3.3V

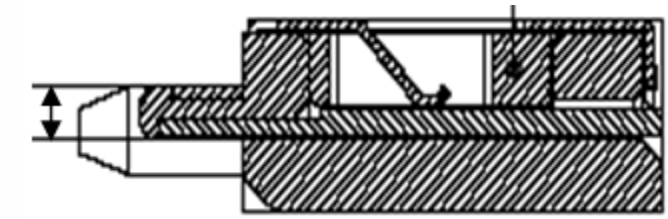
Note (4) LVDS signal pin connected to the LCM side has the following diagram. R1 in the system side should be less than 1K Ohm. (R1 < 1K Ohm)



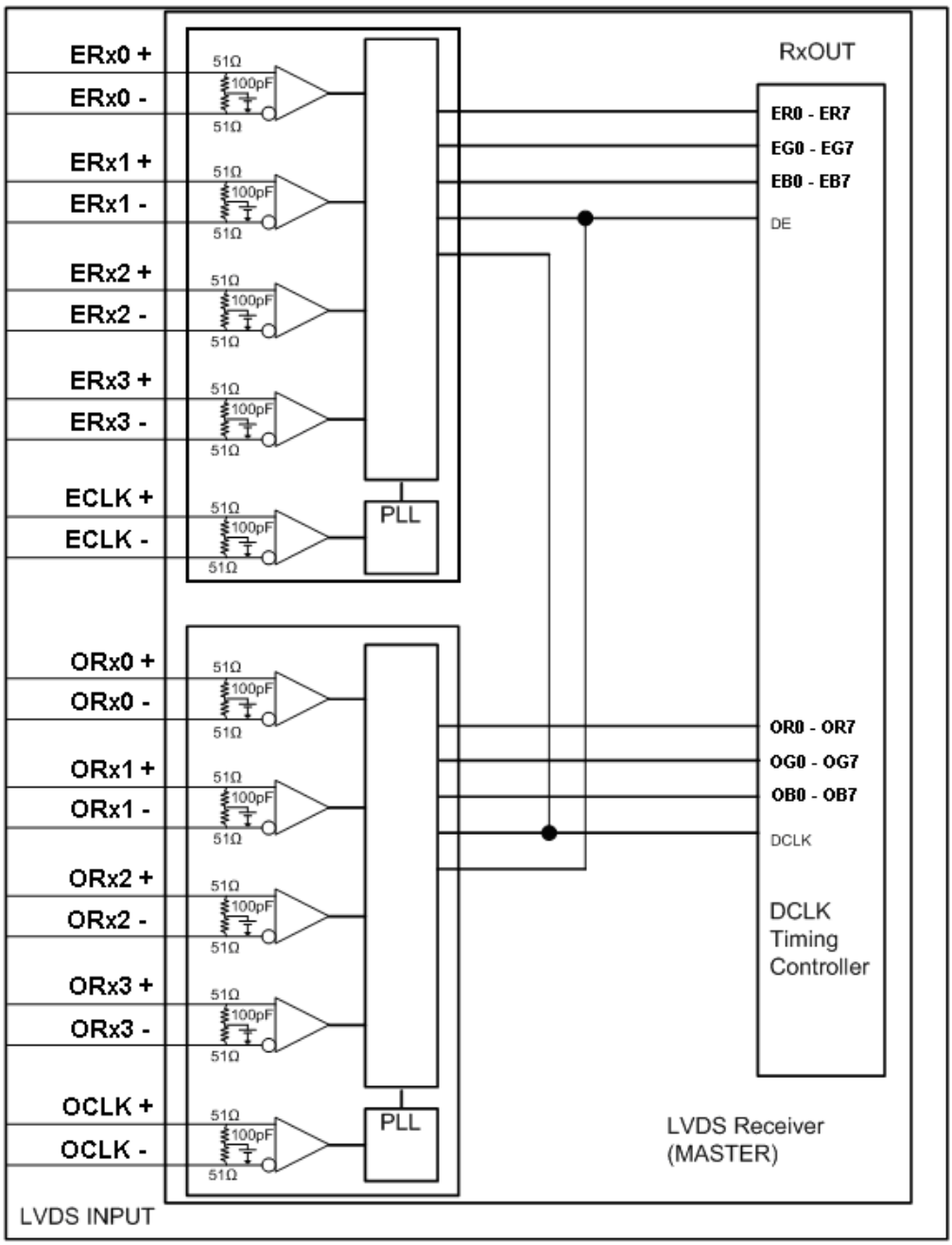
System side
R1 < 1K

Note (5) Two pixel data send into the module for every clock cycle. The first pixel of the frame is odd pixel and the second pixel is even pixel

Note (6) LVDS connector mating dimension range request is 0.93mm~1.0mm as follow



5.2 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE



ER0~ER7	Even pixel R data	OR0~OR7	Odd pixel R data
EG0~EG7	Even pixel G data	OG0~OG7	Odd pixel G data
EB0~EB7	Even pixel B data	OB0~OB7	Odd pixel B data
		DE	Data enable signal
		DCLK	Data clock signal

Note (1) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.

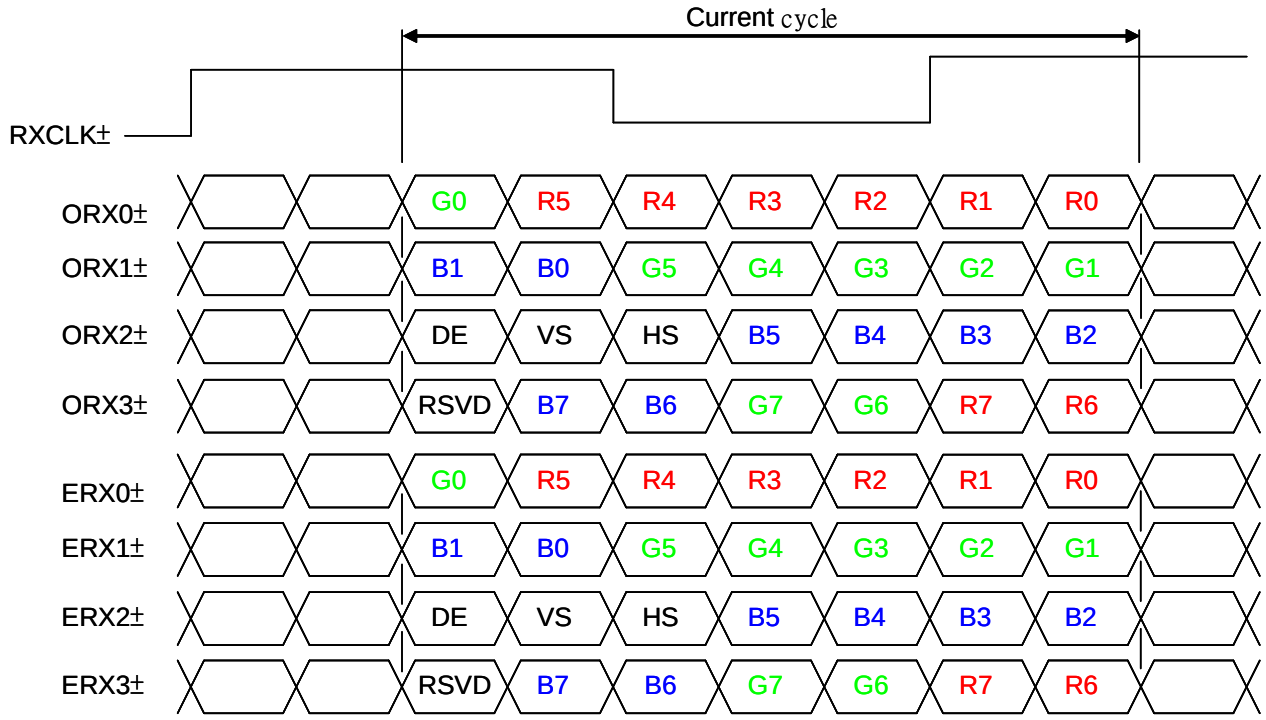
Note (2) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is

used differentially.

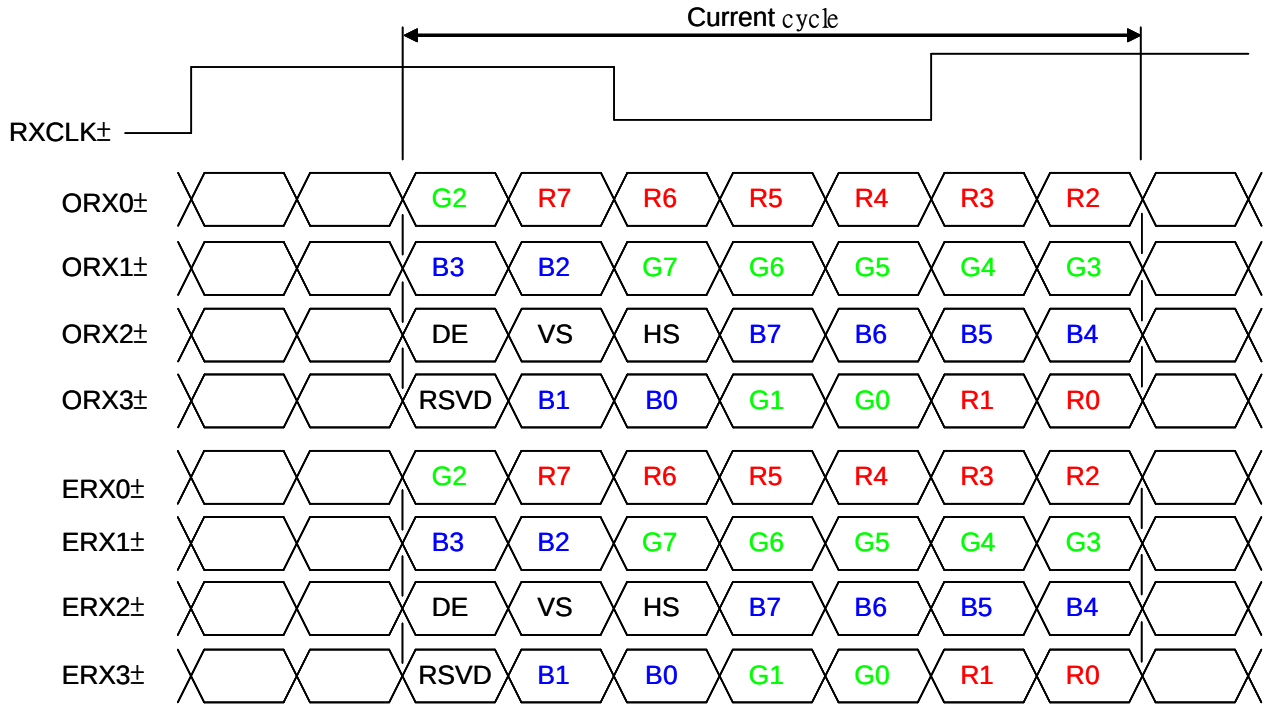
Note (3) Two pixel data send into the module for every clock cycle. The first pixel of the frame is odd pixel and the second pixel is even pixel.

5.3 LVDS INTERFACE

VESA Format : SELLVDS = H or Open



JEIDA Format : SELLVDS = L



R0~R7: Pixel R Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

G0~G7: Pixel G Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

B0~B7: Pixel B Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE : Data enable signal

DCLK : Data clock signal

Notes: (1) RSVD (reserved) pins on the transmitter shall be “H” or “L”.

5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																							
		Red								Green								Blue							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red (253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

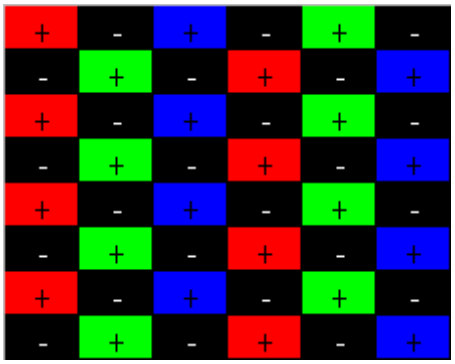
Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

5.5 FLICKER (Vcom) ADJUSTMENT

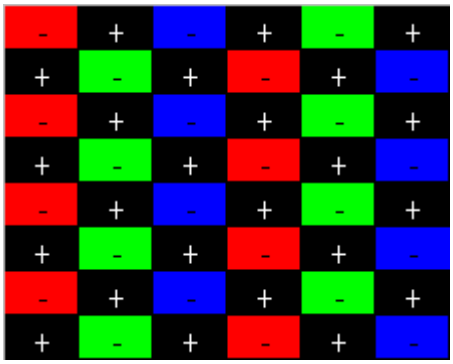
(1) Adjustment Pattern:

Column-inversion pattern was shown as below. If customer need below pattern, please directly contact with Account FAE.

Frame N

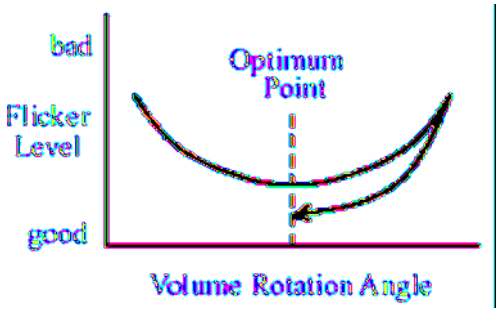


Frame N+1



Adjustment method: (VR)

Flicker should be adjusted by turning the volume for flicker adjustment by the ceramic driver. It is adjusted to the point with least flickering of the center screen. After making it surely overrun at once, it should be adjusted to the optimum point.



6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

(Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC)

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LVDS Receiver Clock	Frequency	F_{clkin} (=1/TC)	60	74.25	80	MHz	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T_{rcl}	—	—	200	ps	(3)
	Spread spectrum modulation range	F_{clkin_mod}	F_{clkin}-2%	—	F_{clkin}+2%	MHz	(4)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F_{SSM}	—	—	200	KHz	
LVDS Receiver Data	Setup Time	Tlvsu	600	—	—	ps	(5)
	Hold Time	Tlvhd	600	—	—	ps	
Vertical Active Display Term	Frame Rate	F_{r5}	47	50	53	Hz	(6)
		F_{r6}	57	60	63	Hz	
	Total	Tv	1115	1125	1135	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	
	Blank	Tvb	35	45	55	Th	
Horizontal Active Display Term	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	
	Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	

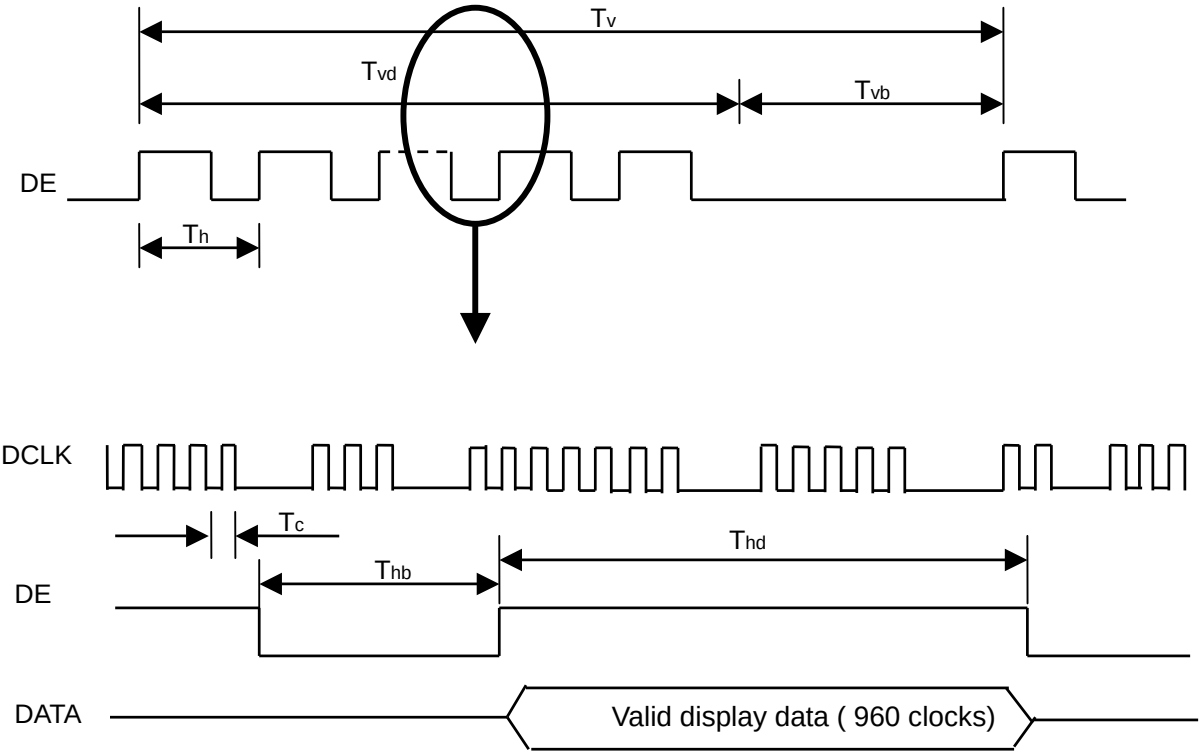
Note (1) Please make sure the range of pixel clock has follow the below equation：

$F_{clkin(max)} \geqq F_{r6} \times Tv \times Th$

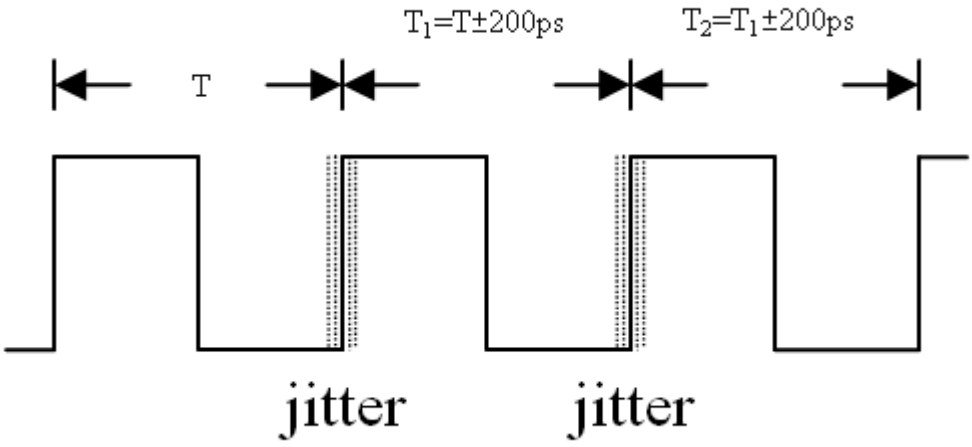
$F_{r5} \times Tv \times Th \geqq F_{clkin(min)}$

Note (2) This module is operated in DE only mode and please follow the input signal timing diagram below：

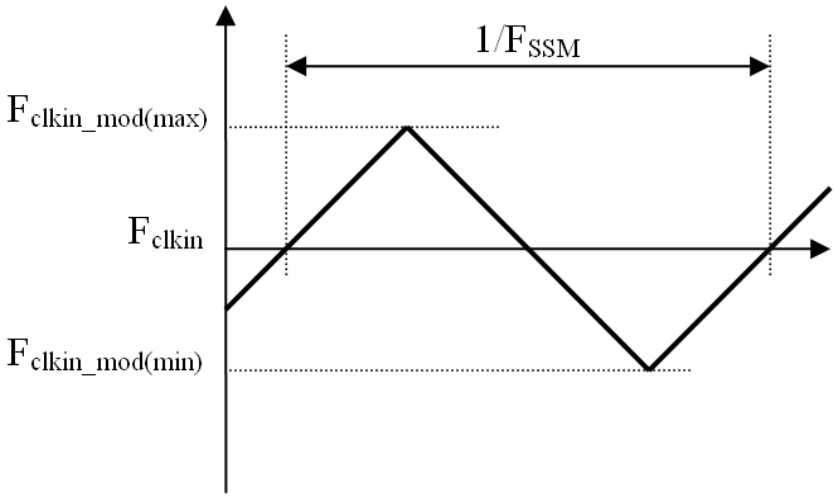
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



Note (3) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = I T_1 – TI

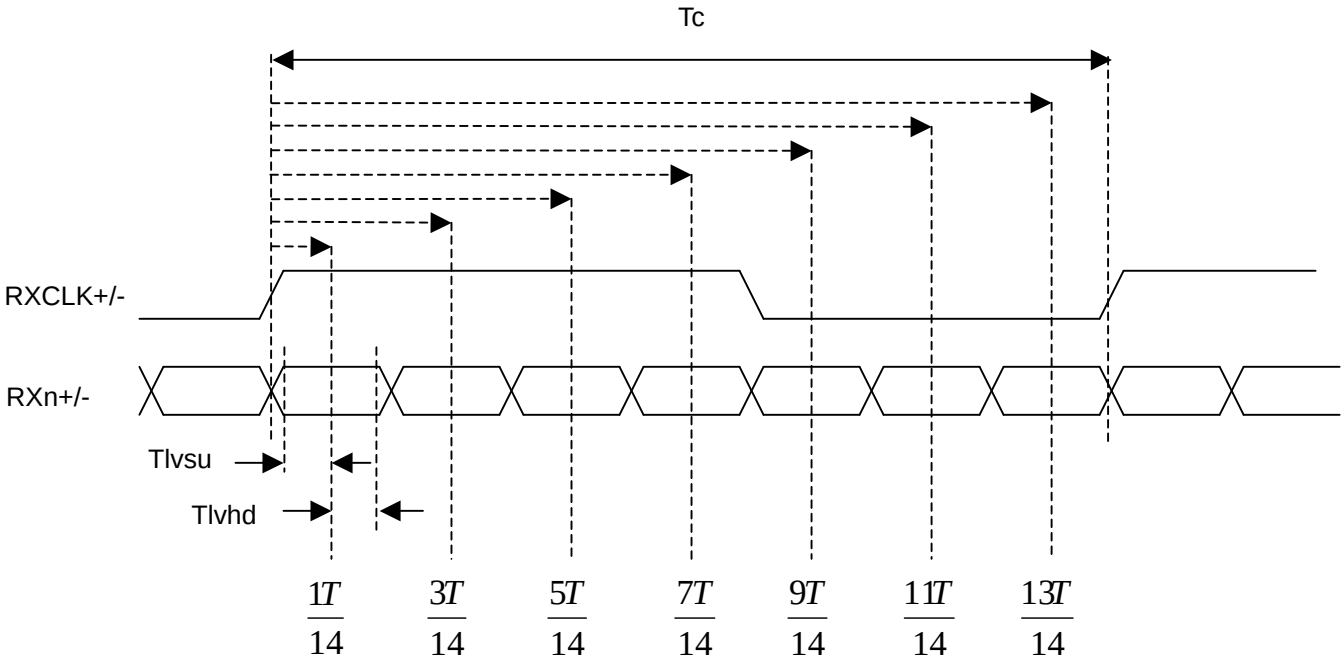


Note (4) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (5) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

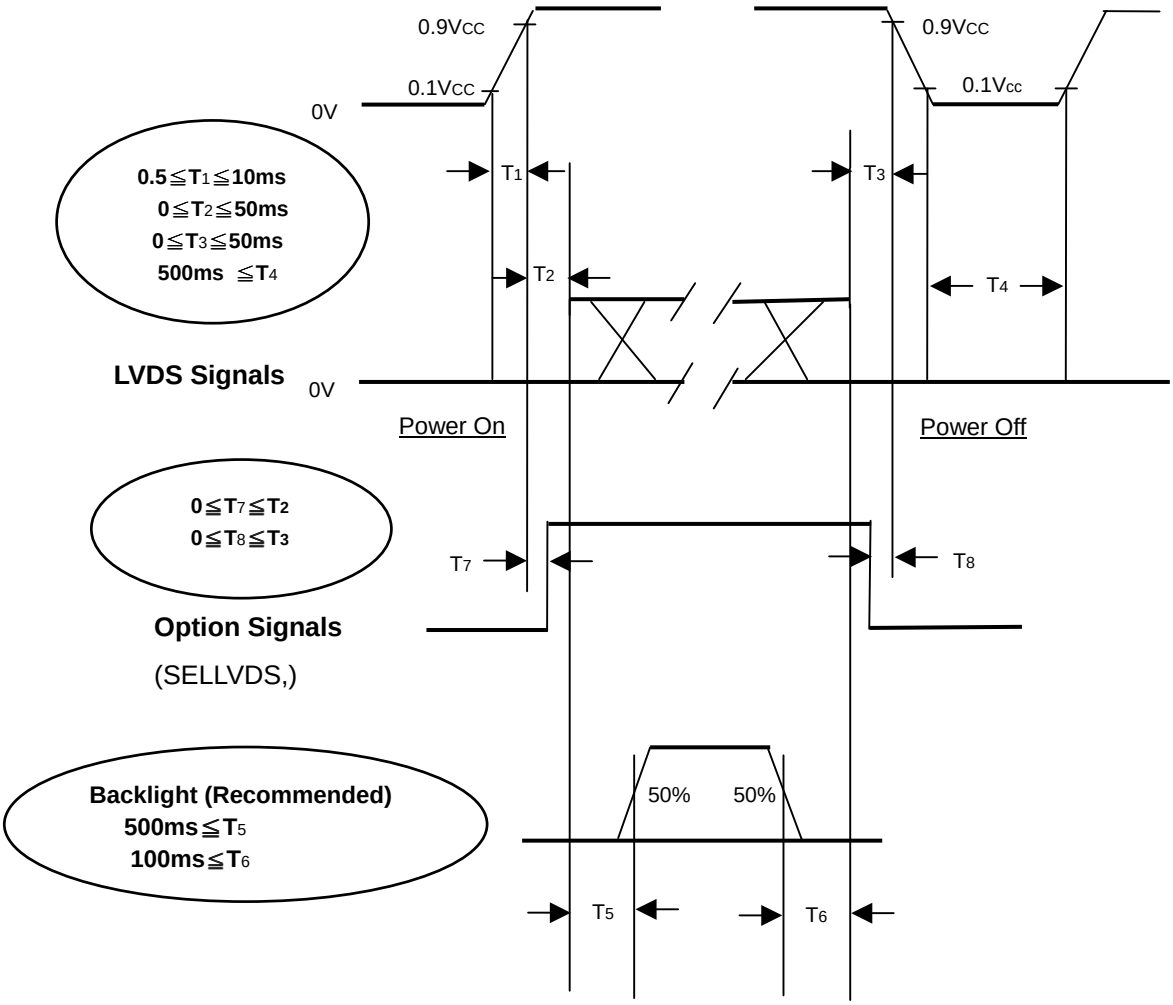
LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE (Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC)

6.2.1 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.

Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.

Note (3) In case of VCC is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance. If T2<0,that maybe cause electrical overstress failure.

Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

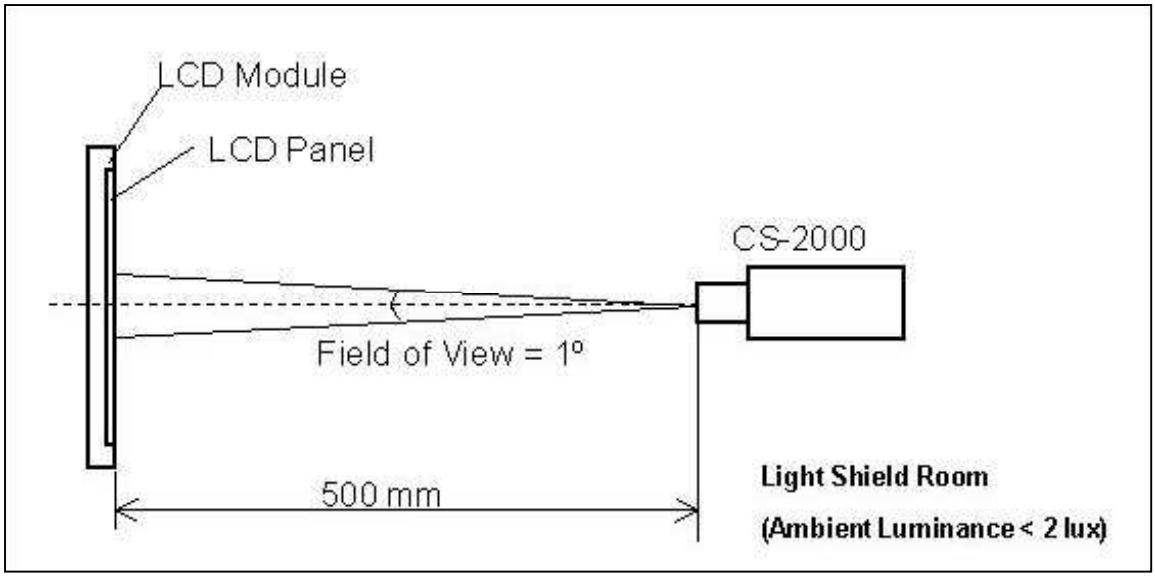
Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	VCC	12	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
Lamp Current	IL	14.5	mA
Oscillating Frequency (TBB)	FW	40	KHz
Vertical Frame Rate	Fr	60	Hz

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring in a windless room.



7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown as below. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in 7.1.

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Color Chromaticity	Red	Rcx	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0° Viewing Angle at Normal Direction Standard light source "C"	Typ. -0.03	0.646	Typ. +0.03	-	(0)
		Rcy			0.327		-	
	Green	Gcx			0.296		-	
		Gcy			0.599		-	
	Blue	Bcx			0.144		-	
		Bcy			0.074		-	
	White	Wcx			0.325		-	
		Wcy			0.367		-	
Center Transmittance		T%	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0° with CMI module	-	5.3		%	(1),(6)
Contrast Ratio		CR		2800	4000		-	(1),(3)
Response Time		Gray to gray	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0° with CMI Module	-	8	16	ms	(1),(4)
White Variation		δW	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0° with CMI module	-	-	1.3	-	(1),(5)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_x+	CR≥20 With CMI module	-	88	-	Deg.	(1),(2)
		θ_x-		-	88	-		
	Vertical	θ_Y+		-	88	-		
		θ_Y-		-	88	-		

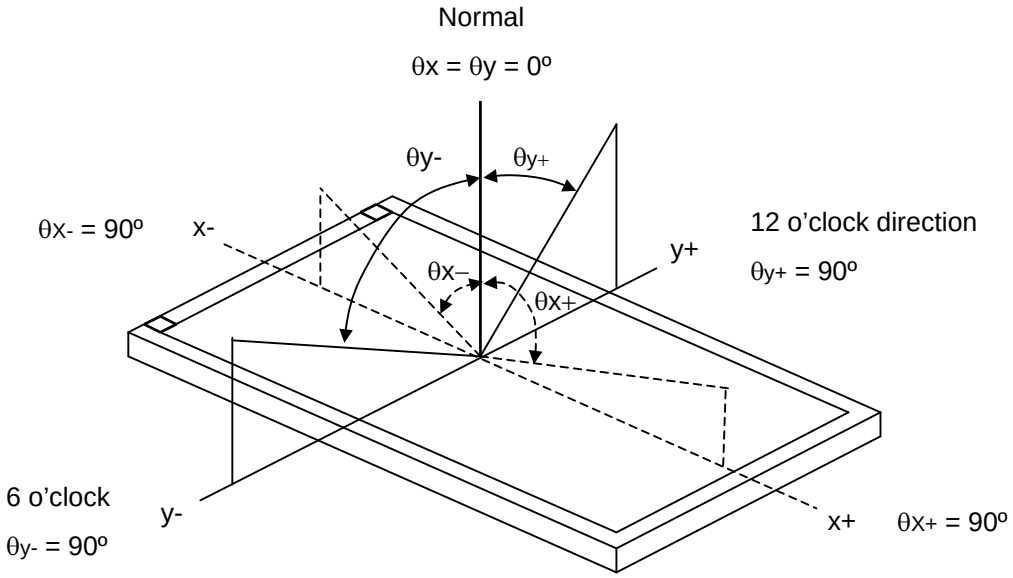
Note (0) Light source is the standard light source "C" which is defined by CIE and driving voltage are based on suitable gamma voltages. The calculating method is as following:

1. Measure Module's and BLU's spectrum at center point. White and R,G,B are with signal input. BLU (for V500HJ1-L01) is supplied by CMI.
2. Calculate cell's spectrum.
3. Calculate cell's chromaticity by using the spectrum of standard light source "C".

Note (1) Light source is the BLU which supplied by CMI and driving voltage are based on suitable gamma voltages.

Note (2) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx, θy):

Viewing angles are measured by Autronic Conoscope Cono-80



Note (3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

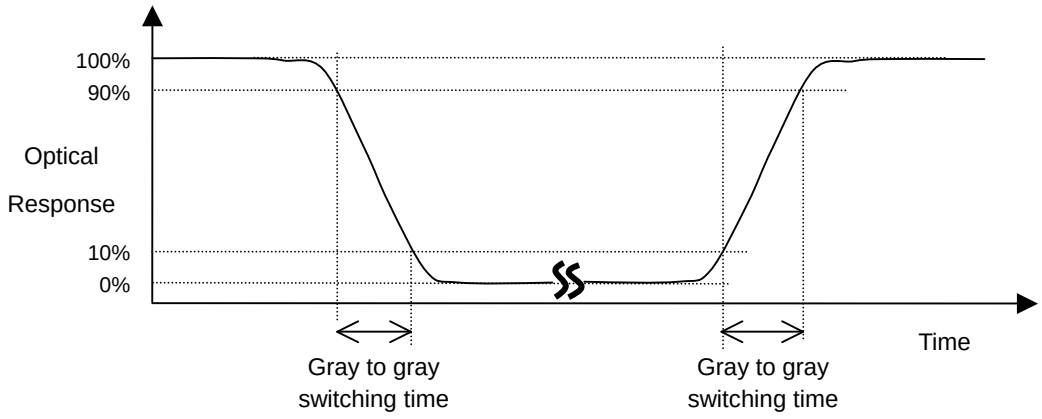
$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L255}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L0}}$$

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (5).

Note (4) Definition of Gray-to-Gray Switching Time:



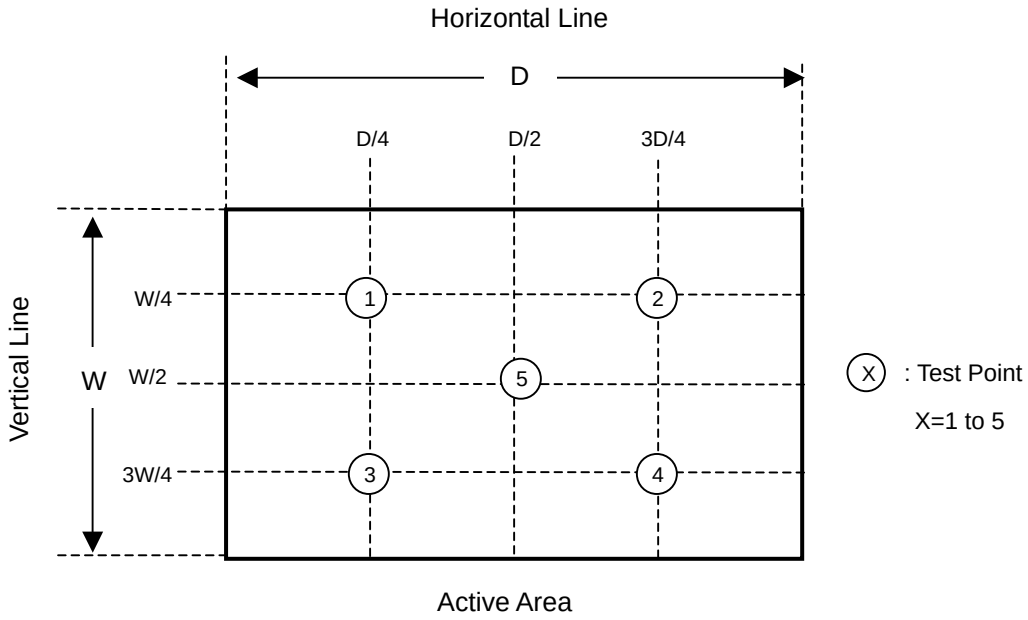
The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 124, 252, 380, 508, 636, 764, 892 and 1023.

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0, 124, 252, 380, 508, 636, 764, 892 and 1023 to each other.

Note (5) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

δW = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]



Note (6) Definition of Transmittance (T%) :

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point of LCD module.

$$\text{Transmittance (T\%)} = \frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module}}{\text{Luminance of backligh unit}} \times 100\%$$

8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

[1] Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.

[2] It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.

[3] Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and Backlight.

[4] Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.

[5] Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.

[6] Do not disassemble the module.

[7] Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.

[8] Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.

[9] When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.

[9.1] Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35℃at normal humidity without condensation.

[9.2] The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

[10] When ambient temperature is lower than 10ºC, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than that of room temperature.

8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

[1] The startup voltage of a Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.

[2] If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.

[3] After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 OPEN CELL LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each open cell as illustration for CMI internal control

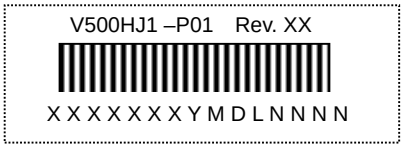
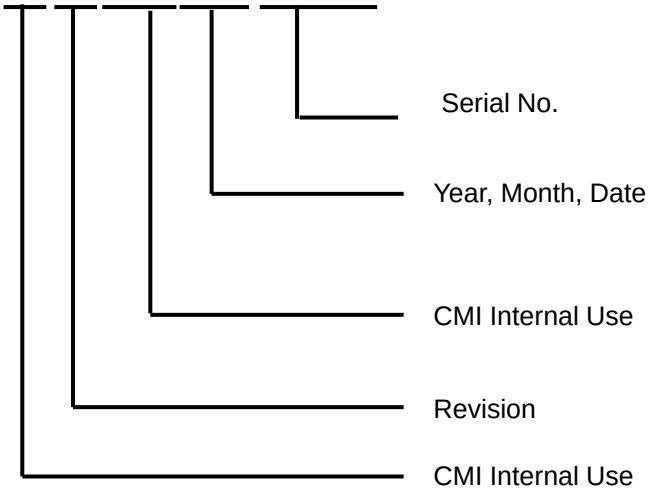


Figure.8-1 Serial No. Label on SPWB

Model Name: V500HJ1-P01

Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1… B1, B2… or C1, C2…etc.

Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D L N N N N



Serial ID includes the information as below:

Manufactured Date:

Year: 2010=0, 2011=1,2012=2…etc.

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I ,O, and U.

Revision Code: Cover all the change

Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

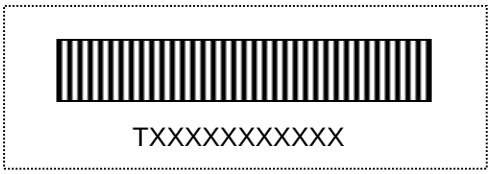
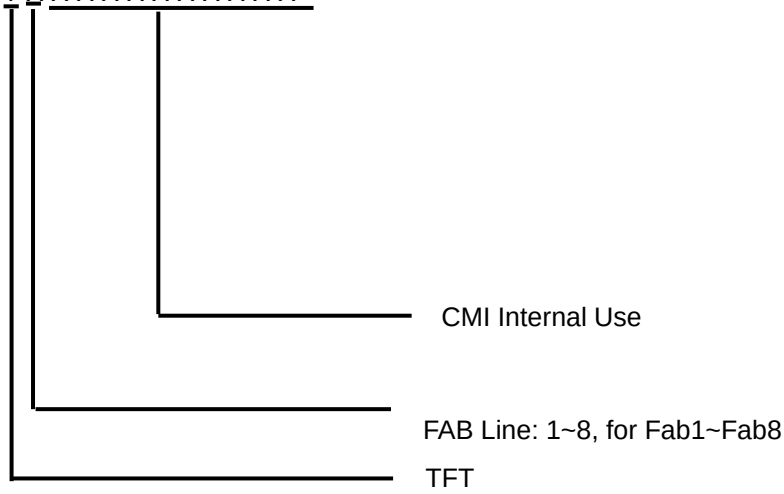


Figure.9-2 Panel ID Label on Cell

Panel ID Label includes the information as below:

Panel ID: T X X X X X X X X X X X

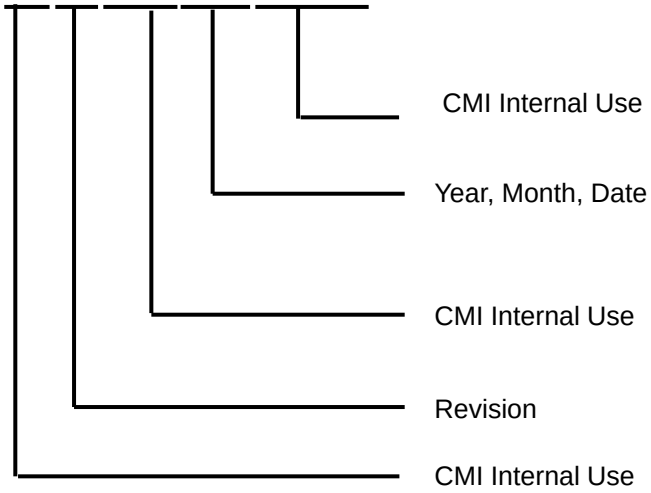


9.2 CARTON LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each box as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.

(a) Model Name: V500HJ1– P01

(b) Carton ID: X X X X X X X Y M D X X X X



Serial ID includes the information as below:

Manufactured Date:

Year: 2010=0, 2011=1,2012=2…etc.

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I ,O, and U.

Revision Code: Cover all the change

(c) Quantities: 8

10. Packaging

10.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 8 LCD TV Panels / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions : 1320 (L) X 910 (W) X 99 (H)

(3) Weight : approximately 38Kg (8 panels per box)

(4) 80 LCD TV Panels / 1 Group

10.2 PACKING METHOD

Figures 9-1 and 9-2 are the packing method

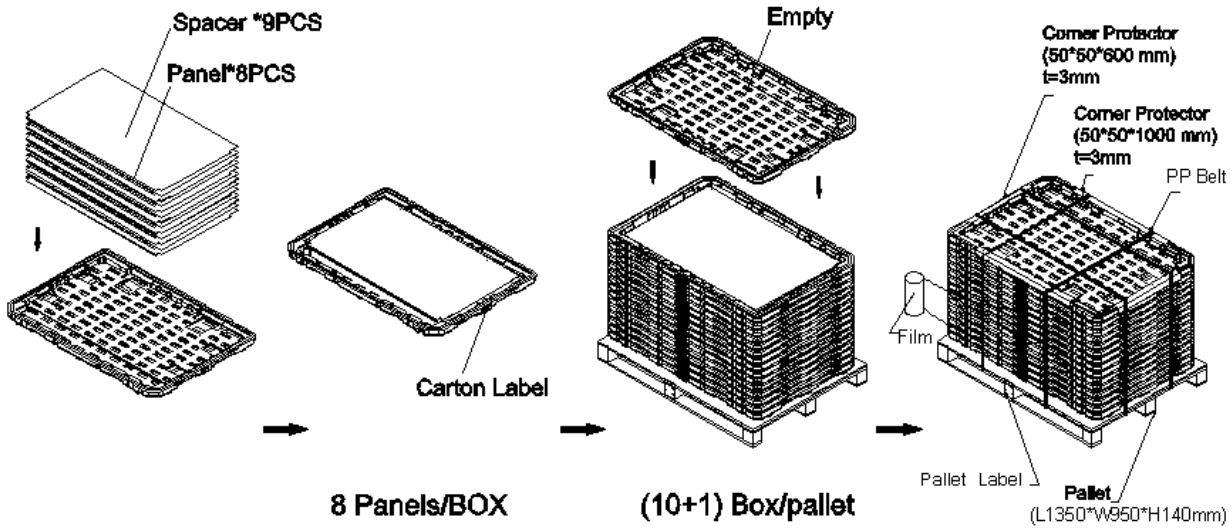
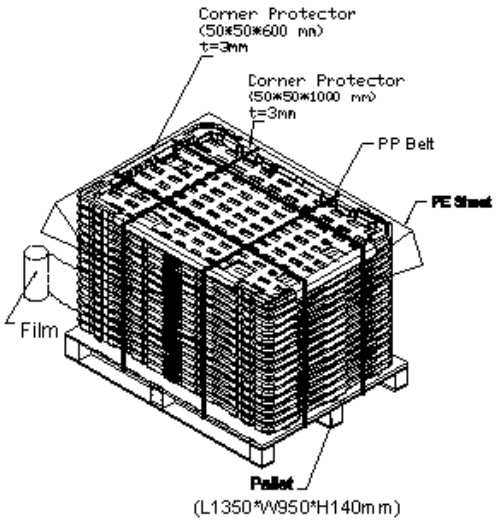


Figure.10-1 packing method

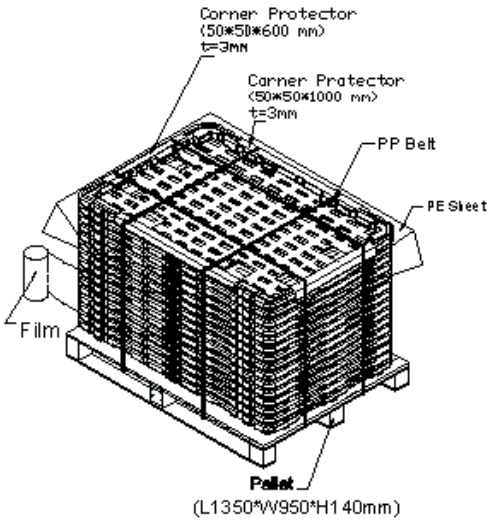
Figure.10-2 packing method

Sea / Land Transportation



(10+1) Box/pallet

Air Transportation



(10+1) Box/pallet

11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC