

# TFT LCD Approval Specification

## MODEL NO.: V546H1 - LH2

|  |
|--|
| Customer: _____<br>Approved by: _____<br>Note: |
|--|

|             |                                       |  |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Approved By | TV Product Marketing & Management Div |  |
|             | Chao-Chun Chung                       |  |

|             |               |                          |
|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Reviewed By | QA Dept.      | Product Development Div. |
|             | Hsin-Nan Chen | WT Lin                   |

|             |  |           |
|-------------|--|-----------|
| Prepared By | LCD TV Marketing and Product Management Div. |           |
|             | CY Chang                                     | Trina Lee |

**CONTENTS -**

**REVISION HISTORY** ..... 4

**1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION**..... 5

    1.1 OVERVIEW ..... 5

    1.2 FEATURES ..... 5

    1.3 APPLICATION..... 5

    1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS ..... 5

    1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS..... 5

**2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**..... 6

    2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT ..... 6

    2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS ..... 7

**3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**..... 8

    3.1 TFT LCD MODULE..... 8

    3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT ..... 10

**4. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE** ..... 14

    4.1 TFT LCD MODULE..... 14

**5 .INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT** ..... 15

    5.1 TFT LCD Module ..... 15

    5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT ..... 19

    5.3 INVERTER UNIT ..... 19

    5.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE ..... 21

    5.5 LVDS INTERFACE..... 22

    5.6 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT ..... 23

**6. INTERFACE TIMING** ..... 24

    6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS ..... 24

    6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE ..... 26

**7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**..... 27

    7.1 TEST CONDITIONS..... 27

    7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS ..... 27

**8. DEFINITION OF LABELS**..... 31

    8.1 CMO MODULE LABEL..... 31

**9. PACKING** ..... 32

    9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS TYPE I..... 32

    9.2 PACKING METHOD TYPE I ..... 32

    9.3 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS TYPE II ..... 33

    9.4 PACKING METHOD TYPE II ..... 33

**10. PRECAUTIONS**..... 35

    10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS ..... 35

---

|   |    |
|---|----|
| 10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.....                  | 35 |
| 10.3 SAFETY STANDARDS .....                   | 35 |
| 11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC.....            | 36 |
| Appendix – TWO Wire BUS INTRODUCTION .....    | 38 |
| A.1 PIN ASSIGNMENT.....                       | 38 |
| A.2 I2C BUS APPLICATION NOTE.....             | 38 |
| A.3 TWO WIRE BUS DEVICE ADDRESS .....         | 38 |
| A.4 TWO WAY TO CONTROL THE TWO WIRE BUS ..... | 40 |
| A.5 TWO WIRE BUS COMMAND TABLE .....          | 41 |
| A.6 TWO WIRE BUS REQUIREMENT .....            | 45 |
| A.7 THE TWO WIRE BUS SEQUENCE .....           | 46 |

## REVISION HISTORY

| Version | Date         | Page (New)                                 | Section | Description  |
|---------|--------------|--|---------|--|
| Ver 1.0 | Dec.16, 08'  | All  | All     | Preliminary Specification was first issued.          |
| Ver 1.6 | Nov. 12, 09' | 5  | 1.1     | Updated Display Colors                               |
|         |              | 5  | 1.4     | Updated Display Colors                               |
|         |              | 8-9  | 3.1     | Updated TFT LCD Module Electrical Characteristics    |
|         |              | 13   | 3.2.3   | Updated Time Sequence fig.                           |
|         |              | 14   | 4.2     | Updated TFT LCD Module Block Diagram of Interface    |
|         |              | 15-17                                      | 5.1     | Updated TFT LCD Module Input Terminal Pin Assignment |
|         |              | 23-24                                      | 6.1     | Updated Input Signal Time Specifications             |
|         |              | 25   | 6.2     | Updated Backlight Power ON/OFF Sequence              |
|         |              | 26   | 7.2     | Updated Max Value of Response Time                   |
|         |              | 27   | 7.2     | Updated Note(1) Definition of Viewing Angle          |
|         |              | 28   | 7.2     | Updated Note(5) Definition of Cross Talk             |
|         |              | 29   | 7.2     | Updated Note(6) Measurement Setup                    |
|         |              | 30   | 8.1     | Updated CMO Module Label                             |
|         |              | 32   | 9.3     | Add "PACKING SPECIFICATIONS TYPE II"                 |
|         |              | 32-33                                      | 9.4     | Add "PACKING METHOD TYPE II"                         |
| Ver 2.6 | Dec. 04, 09' | 34   | 10.3    | Updated Safety Standards                             |
|         |              | 35-36                                      | 11      | Updated Mechanical Characteristic                    |
|         |              | 5  | 1.2     | Modified Typical Value of Brightness                 |
|         |              | 15   | 5.1     | Updated TFT LCD Module Input Terminal Pin Assignment |
|         |              | 18   | 5.1     | Add Note (8)   |
|         |              | 27   | 7.2     | Modified Brightness                                  |
| 29      | 7.2          | Modified Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk |         |  |
| 31      | 8.1          | Add Description of YMD Code                |         |  |
| 41      | A.5          | Updated Two Wire Bus Command Table         |         |  |
| 46      | A.7          | Updated The Two Wire Bus Sequence          |         |  |

## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 OVERVIEW

V546H1-LH2 is a 54.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 22-CCFL Backlight unit and 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 HDTV format and can display true 1.073G colors (8-bit+Hi-FRC/color). The inverter module for backlight is built-in.

### 1.2 FEATURES

- High brightness (450nits)
- High contrast ratio (4000:1)
- Fast response time (Gray to Gray typical 4.5ms)
- High color saturation (72% NTSC)
- Full HDTV (1920 x 1080 pixels) resolution, true HDTV format
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- Optimized response time for 120 Hz frame rate
- Ultra wide viewing angle: Super MVA technology

### 1.3 APPLICATION

- Standard Living Room TVs.
- Public Display Application.
- Home Theater Application.
- MFM Application.

### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Item                   | Specification                                      | Unit  | Note |
|------------------------|--|-------|------|
| Active Area            | 1209.6(H) x 680.4(V) (54.6" diagonal)              | mm    | (1)  |
| Bezel Opening Area     | 1217.6 (H) x 688.4 (V)                             | mm    |      |
| Driver Element         | a-si TFT active matrix                             | -     | -    |
| Pixel Number           | 1920x R.G.B. x 1080                                | pixel | -    |
| Pixel Pitch(Sub Pixel) | 0.21(H) x 0.63(V)                                  | mm    | -    |
| Pixel Arrangement      | RGB vertical stripe                                | -     | -    |
| Display Colors         | 1.073G (8-bit+Hi-FRC/color)                        | color | -    |
| Display Operation Mode | Transmissive mode / Normally black                 | -     | -    |
| Surface Treatment      | Anti-Glare coating (11% Low Haze)<br>Hardness (3H) | -     | (2)  |

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings in chapter 9 for more information about the front and back outlines.

Note (2) The spec of the surface treatment is temporarily for this phase. CMO reserves the rights to change this feature.

### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Item        | Min.           | Typ.   | Max.   | Unit   | Note |          |
|-------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|------|----------|
| Module Size | Horizontal (H) | 1266.1 | 1267.6 | 1269.1 | mm   | (1), (2) |
|             | Vertical (V)   | 737.2  | 738.4  | 739.6  | mm   |          |
|             | Depth (D)      | 38.5   | 40     | 41.5   | mm   |          |
| Weight      | -              | 20500  | -      | g      | -    |          |

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Module Depth does not include connectors.

## 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

| Item                          | Symbol           | Value  |      | Unit | Note     |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--------|------|------|----------|
|                               |                  | Min.   | Max. |      |          |
| Storage Temperature           | T <sub>ST</sub>  | -20    | +60  | °C   | (1)      |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | T <sub>OP</sub>  | 0      | 50   | °C   | (1), (2) |
| Shock (Non-Operating)         | S <sub>NOP</sub> | ±X, ±Y | 30   | G    | (3), (5) |
|                               |                  | ±Z     | 30   |      |          |
| Vibration (Non-Operating)     | V <sub>NOP</sub> | -      | 1.0  | G    | (4), (5) |

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

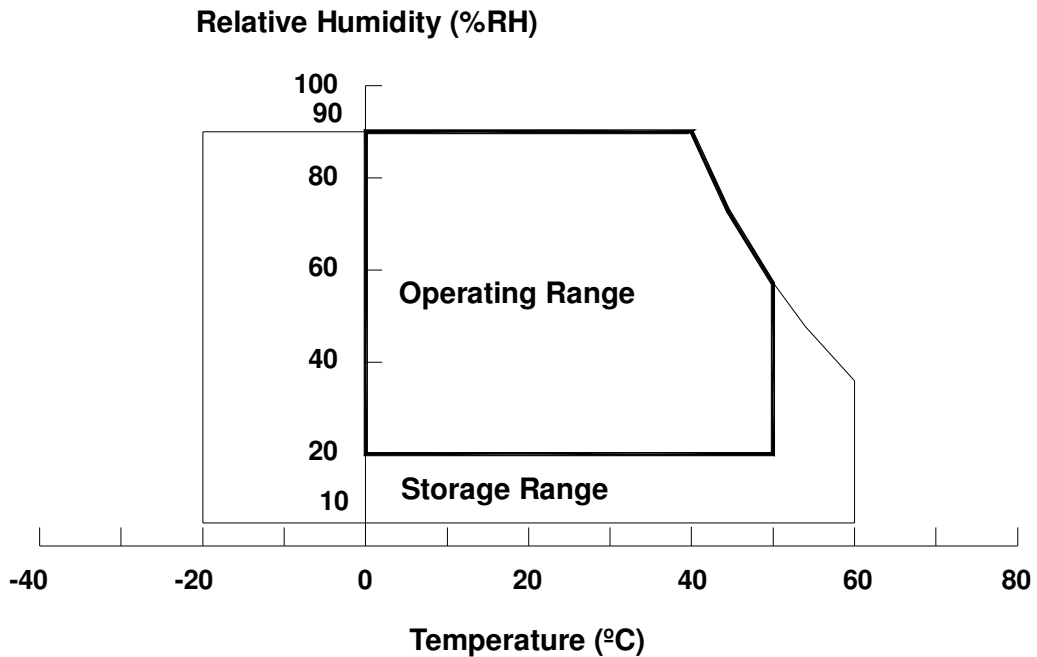
- (a) 90 %RH Max. ( $T_a \leq 40$  °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. ( $T_a > 40$  °C).
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65 °C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.

Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z.

Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 10 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.



## 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

| Item                 | Symbol   | Value |      | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|----------|-------|------|------|------|
|                      |          | Min.  | Max. |      |      |
| Power Supply Voltage | $V_{CC}$ | -0.3  | 13.5 | V    | (1)  |
| Logic Input Voltage  | $V_{IN}$ | -0.3  | 3.6  | V    |      |

### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT INVERTER UNIT

| Item         | Symbol | Value |      | Unit      | Note |
|--------------|--------|-------|------|-----------|------|
|              |        | Min.  | Max. |           |      |
| Lamp Voltage | $V_W$  | —     | 3000 | $V_{RMS}$ |      |

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

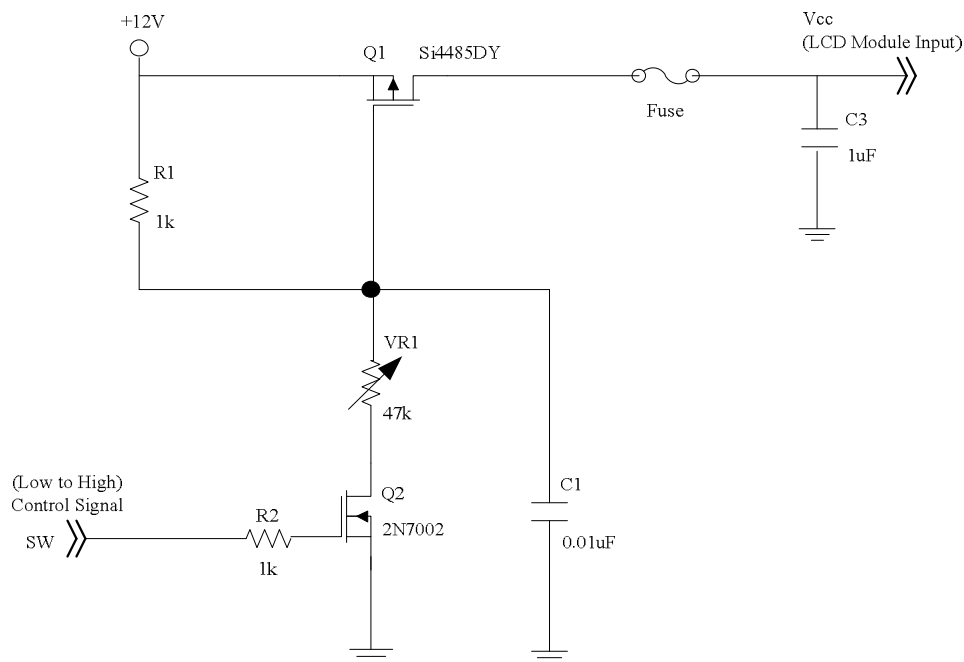
#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

(Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

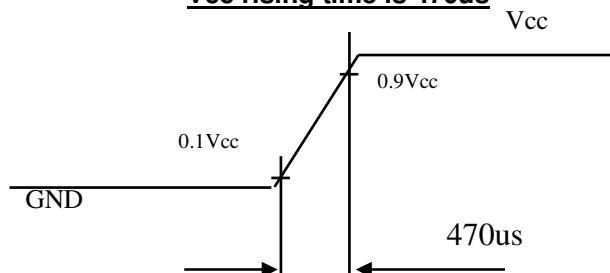
| Parameter            |   | Symbol            | Value |      |      | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|---|-------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|
|                      |   |                   | Min.  | Typ. | Max. |      |      |
| Power Supply Voltage |   | V <sub>CC</sub>   | 10.8  | 12   | 13.2 | V    | (1)  |
| Rush Current         |   | I <sub>RUSH</sub> | -     | -    | 4.76 | A    | (2)  |
| Power Supply Current | White Pattern                             | -                 | -     | 0.9  | -    | A    | (3)  |
|                      | Horizontal Stripe                         | -                 | -     | 1.85 | 2.02 | A    |      |
|                      | Black Pattern                             | -                 | -     | 0.86 | -    | A    |      |
| LVDS interface       | Differential Input High Threshold Voltage | V <sub>LVTH</sub> | +100  | -    | -    | mV   | (4)  |
|                      | Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage  | V <sub>LVTL</sub> | -     | -    | -100 | mV   |      |
|                      | Common Input Voltage                      | V <sub>CM</sub>   | 1.0   | 1.2  | 1.4  | V    |      |
|                      | Differential input voltage                | V <sub>ID</sub>   | 200   | -    | 600  | mV   |      |
|                      | Terminating Resistor                      | R <sub>T</sub>    | -     | 100  | -    | ohm  |      |
| CMOS interface       | Input High Threshold Voltage              | V <sub>IH</sub>   | 2.7   | -    | 3.3  | V    |      |
|                      | Input Low Threshold Voltage               | V <sub>IL</sub>   | 0     | -    | 0.7  | V    |      |

Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement condition:



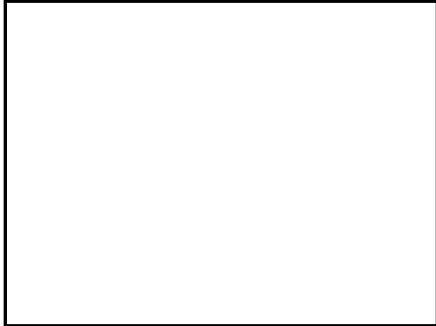
**Vcc rising time is 470us**





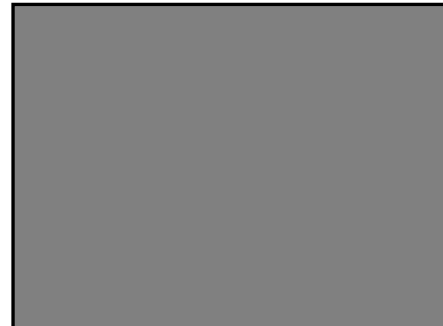
Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at  $V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 120\text{ Hz}$ , whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



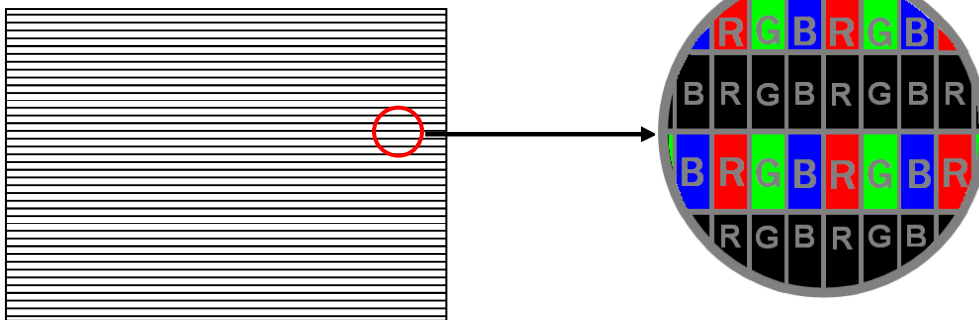
Active Area

b. Black Pattern

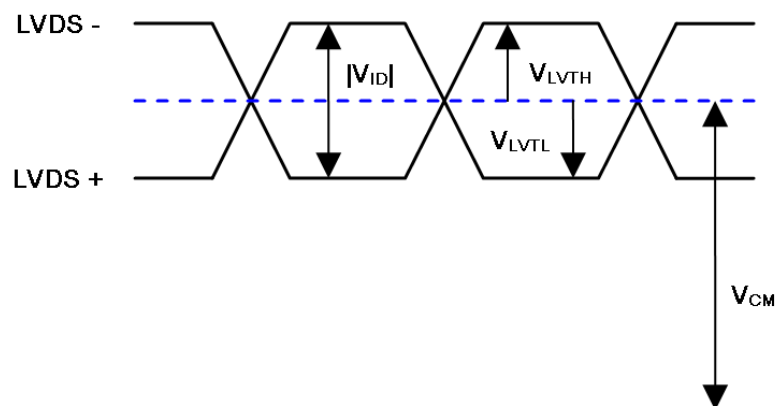


Active Area

c. Horizontal Pattern



Note (4) The LVDS input characteristics are as follows:



### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

#### 3.2.1 CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

| Parameter            | Symbol          | Value  |      |      | Unit              | Note            |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------|------|------|-------------------|-----------------|
|                      |                 | Min.   | Typ. | Max. |                   |                 |
| Lamp Input Voltage   | V <sub>L</sub>  | -      | 1440 | -    | V <sub>RMS</sub>  | -               |
| Lamp Current         | I <sub>L</sub>  | 4.5    | 5.0  | 5.5  | mA <sub>RMS</sub> | (1)             |
| Lamp Turn On Voltage | V <sub>S</sub>  | -      | -    | 3155 | V <sub>RMS</sub>  | (2), Ta = 0 °C  |
|                      |                 | -      | -    | 2425 | V <sub>RMS</sub>  | (2), Ta = 25 °C |
| Operating Frequency  | F <sub>L</sub>  | 30     | 55   | 80   | KHz               | (3)             |
| Lamp Life Time       | L <sub>BL</sub> | 50,000 | -    | -    | Hrs               | (4)             |

#### 3.2.2 INVERTER CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

| Parameter                 | Symbol           | Value |      |      | Unit              | Note                            |
|---------------------------|------------------|-------|------|------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
|                           |                  | Min.  | Typ. | Max. |                   |                                 |
| Total Power Consumption   | P <sub>255</sub> | -     | 160  | 175  | W                 | (5), (6) I <sub>L</sub> = 5.0mA |
| Power Supply Voltage      | V <sub>BL</sub>  | 22.8  | 24   | 25.2 | V <sub>DC</sub>   |                                 |
| Supply Voltage Difference | V <sub>D</sub>   | -     | -    | 1    | V <sub>DC</sub>   | (7)                             |
| Power Supply Current      | I <sub>BL</sub>  | -     | 6.67 | 7.3  | A                 | Non Dimming                     |
| Input Ripple Noise        | -                | -     | -    | 912  | mV <sub>P-P</sub> | V <sub>BL</sub> = 22.8V         |
| Oscillating Frequency     | F <sub>W</sub>   | 52    | 55   | 58   | kHz               | (3)                             |
| Dimming frequency         | F <sub>B</sub>   | 150   | 160  | 170  | Hz                |                                 |
| Minimum Duty Ratio        | D <sub>MIN</sub> | -     | 20   | -    | %                 |                                 |

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing AC current probe and its value is average by measuring master and slave board.

Note (2) The lamp starting voltage V<sub>S</sub> should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

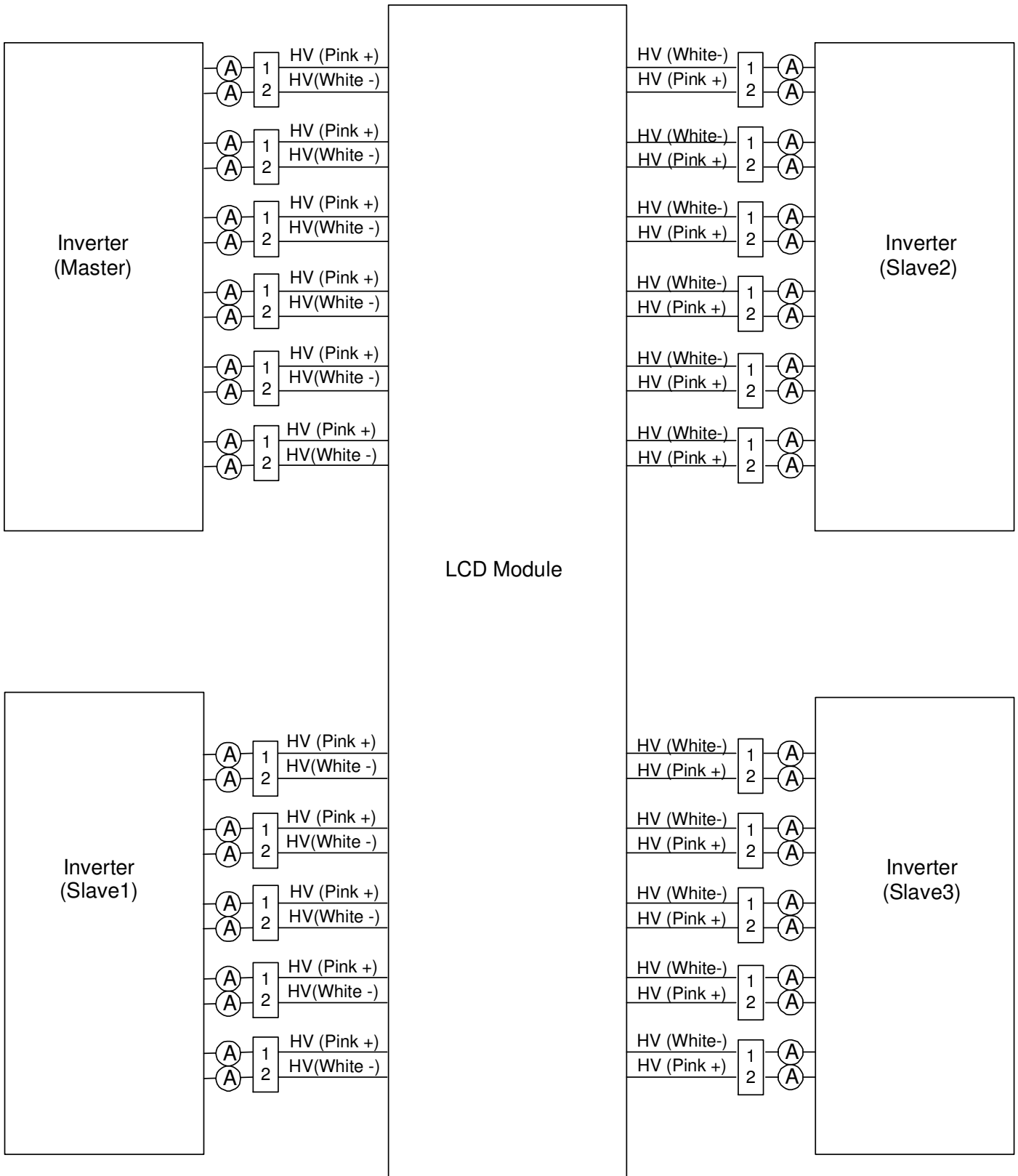
Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency of the display input signals, and it may result in line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.

Note (4) The life time of a lamp is defined as when the brightness is larger than 50% of its original value and the effective discharge length is longer than 80% of its original length (Effective discharge length is defined as an area that has equal to or more than 70% brightness compared to the brightness at the center point of lamp.) as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition at Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and I<sub>L</sub> = 4.5~ 5.5mA<sub>RMS</sub>.

Note (5) The power supply capacity should be higher than the total inverter power consumption P<sub>BL</sub>. Since the pulse width modulation (PWM) mode was applied for backlight dimming, the driving current changed as PWM duty on and off. The transient response of power supply should be considered for the changing loading when inverter dimming.

Note (6) The measurement condition of Max. value is based on 54.6" backlight unit under input voltage 24V, average lamp current 5.3mA and lighting 30 minutes later.

Note (7) The voltage difference of power supply voltage (V<sub>BL</sub>) between Master and Slave board could not over 1V.



### 3.2.3 INVERTER INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameter                    | Symbol     | Test Condition | Value      |      |      | Unit | Note             |                    |
|------------------------------|------------|----------------|------------|------|------|------|------------------|--------------------|
|                              |            |                | Min.       | Typ. | Max. |      |                  |                    |
| On/Off Control Voltage       | ON         | $V_{BLON}$     | —          | 2.0  | —    | 5.0  | V                |                    |
|                              | OFF        |                | —          | 0    | —    | 0.8  | V                |                    |
| Internal PWM Control Voltage | MAX        | $V_{IPWM}$     | —          | 2.85 | 3.0  | 3.15 | V                | Maximum duty ratio |
|                              | MIN        |                | —          | —    | 0    | —    | V                | Minimum duty ratio |
| External PWM Control Voltage | HI         | $V_{EPWM}$     | —          | 2.0  | —    | 5.0  | V                | Duty on            |
|                              | LO         |                | —          | 0    | —    | 0.8  | V                | Duty off           |
| Status Signal                | HI         | Status         | —          | 3.0  | 3.3  | 3.6  | V                | Normal             |
|                              | LO         |                | —          | 0    | —    | 0.8  | V                | Abnormal           |
| VBL Rising Time              | $T_{r1}$   | —              | 30         | —    | —    | ms   | 10%-90% $V_{BL}$ |                    |
| VBL Falling Time             | $T_{f1}$   | —              | 30         | —    | —    | ms   |                  |                    |
| Control Signal Rising Time   | $T_r$      | —              | —          | —    | 100  | ms   |                  |                    |
| Control Signal Falling Time  | $T_f$      | —              | —          | —    | 100  | ms   |                  |                    |
| PWM Signal Rising Time       | $T_{PWMR}$ | —              | —          | —    | 50   | us   |                  |                    |
| PWM Signal Falling Time      | $T_{PWMF}$ | —              | —          | —    | 50   | us   |                  |                    |
| Input impedance              | $R_{IN}$   | —              | 1          | —    | —    | MΩ   |                  |                    |
| PWM Delay Time               | $T_{PWM}$  | —              | 100        | —    | —    | ms   |                  |                    |
| BLON Delay Time              | $T_{on}$   | —              | 300        | —    | —    | ms   |                  |                    |
|                              | $T_{on1}$  | —              | <b>300</b> | —    | —    | ms   |                  |                    |
| BLON Off Time                | $T_{off}$  | —              | 300        | —    | —    | ms   |                  |                    |

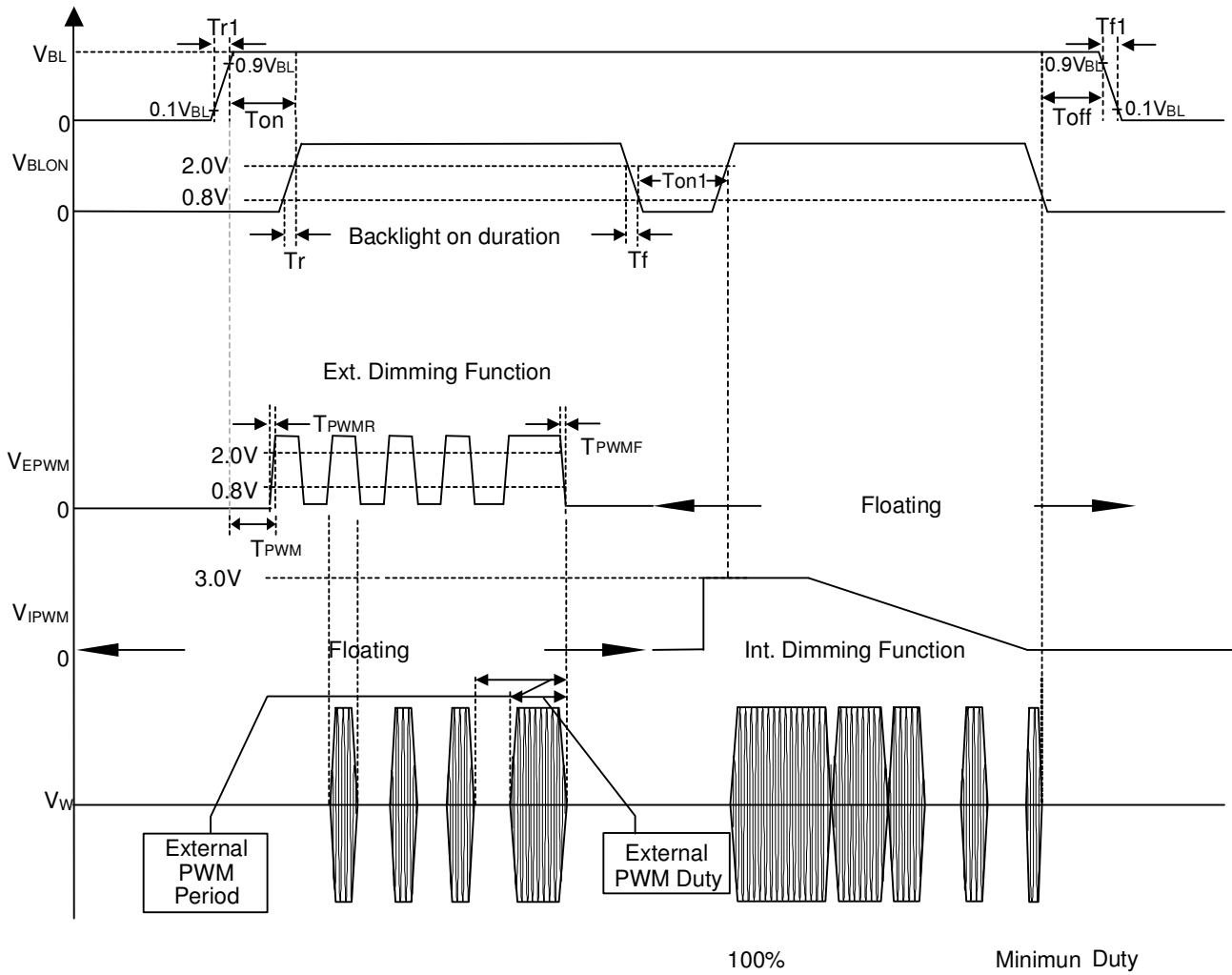
Note (1) The Dimming signal should be valid before backlight turns on by BLON signal. It is inhibited to change the internal/external PWM signal during backlight turn on period.

Note (2) The power sequence and control signal timing are shown in the following figure. For a certain reason, the inverter has a possibility to be damaged with wrong power sequence and control signal timing.

Note (3) While system is turned ON or OFF, the power sequences must follow as below descriptions:

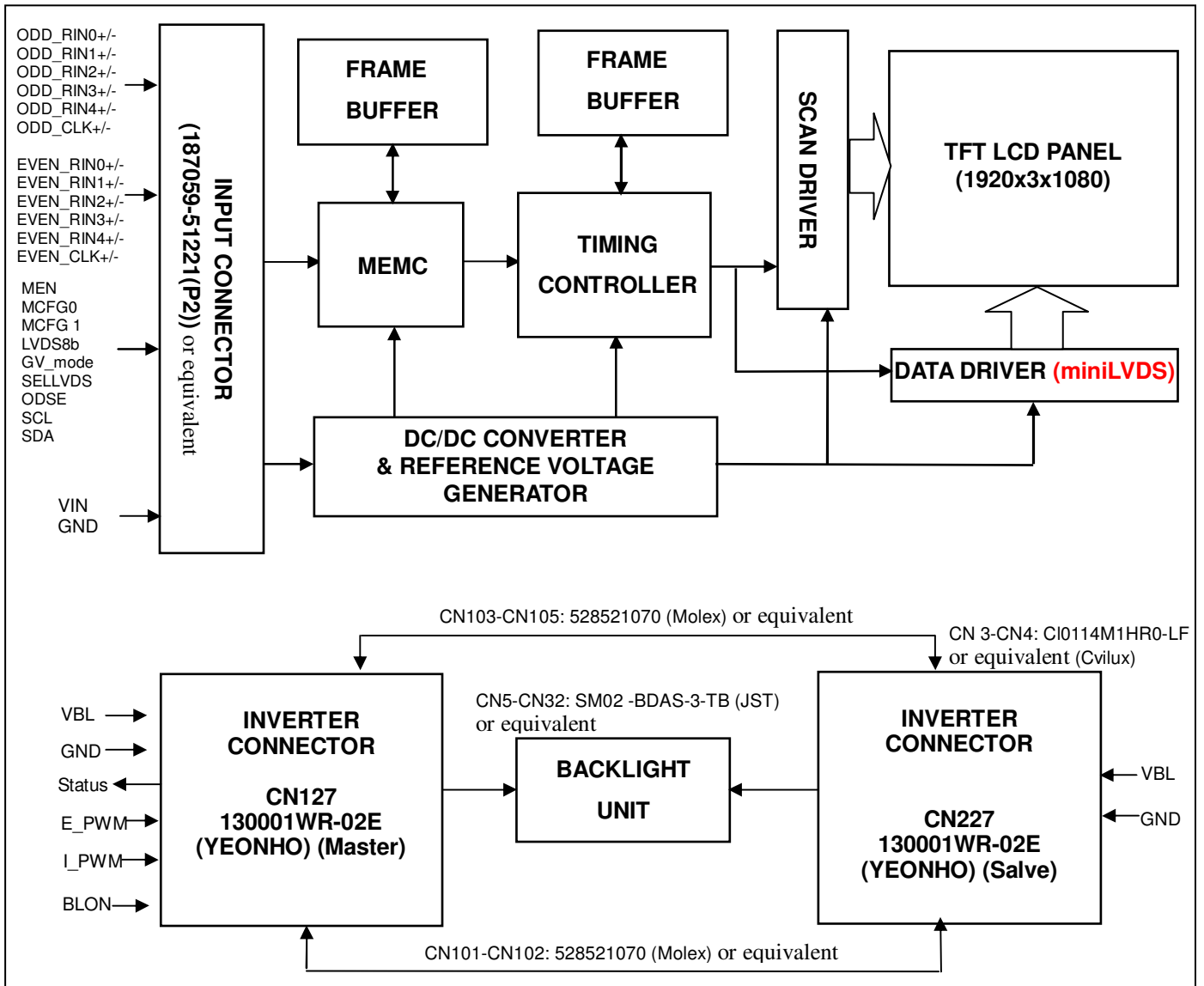
Turn ON sequence: VBL → PWM signal → BLON

Turn OFF sequence: BLOFF → PWM signal → VBL



## 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE

### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



## 5 .INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

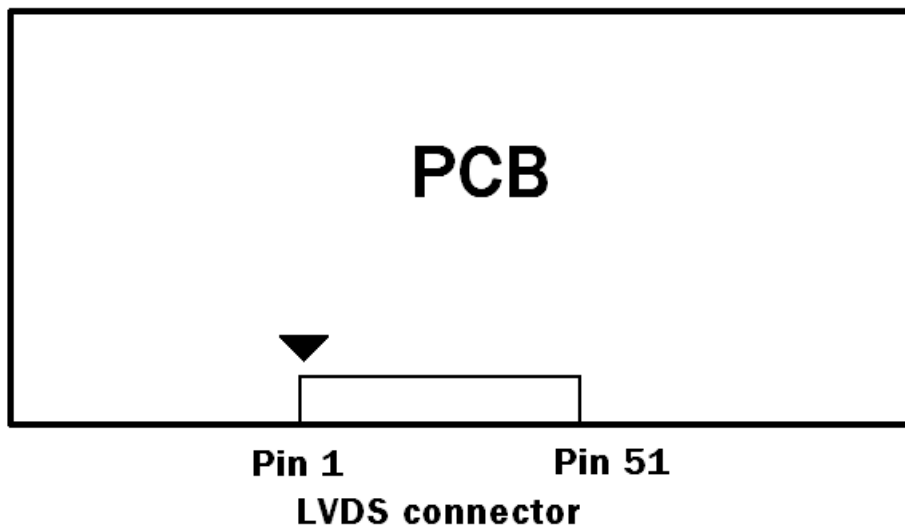
### 5.1 TFT LCD Module

CNF1 Connector Part No.: P2 (禾昌) 187059-51221 or equivalent.

| Pin | Name    | Description  | Note |
|-----|---------|--|------|
| 1   | RPF     | Rotation Panel Function (default low)                      | 8    |
| 2   | MEN     | MEMC function selection                                    | 5    |
| 3   | MCFG0   | MEMC function selection                                    | 5    |
| 4   | MCFG1   | MEMC function selection                                    | 5    |
| 5   | LVDS8b  | 8bit/10bit LVDS input selection                            | 6    |
| 6   | GV_mode | Graphic / Video mode selection                             | 7    |
| 7   | SELLVDS | LVDS data format Selection                                 | 3    |
| 8   | SCL     | I2C CLK Signal   |      |
| 9   | SDA.    | I2C Data Signal  |      |
| 10  | ODSEL   | Overdrive Lookup Table Selection                           | 4    |
| 11  | GND     | Ground   |      |
| 12  | ERX0-   | 2nd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0 |      |
| 13  | ERX0+   | 2nd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0 |      |
| 14  | ERX1-   | 2nd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1 |      |
| 15  | ERX1+   | 2nd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1 |      |
| 16  | ERX2-   | 2nd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2 |      |
| 17  | ERX2+   | 2nd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2 |      |
| 18  | GND     | Ground   |      |
| 19  | ECLK-   | 2nd pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.          |      |
| 20  | ECLK+   | 2nd pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.          |      |
| 21  | GND     | Ground   |      |
| 22  | ERX3-   | 2nd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3 |      |
| 23  | ERX3+   | 2nd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3 |      |
| 24  | ERX4-   | 2nd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 4 |      |
| 25  | ERX4+   | 2nd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 4 |      |
| 26  | N.C.    | No Connection  | 2    |
| 27  | N.C.    | No Connection  | 2    |
| 28  | ORX0-   | 1st pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0 |      |
| 29  | ORX0+   | 1st pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0 |      |
| 30  | ORX1-   | 1st pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1 |      |
| 31  | ORX1+   | 1st pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1 |      |
| 32  | ORX2-   | 1st pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2 |      |
| 33  | ORX2+   | 1st pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2 |      |
| 34  | GND     | Ground   |      |
| 35  | OCLK-   | 1st pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.          |      |
| 36  | OCLK+   | 1st pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.          |      |
| 37  | GND     | Ground   |      |
| 38  | ORX3-   | 1st pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3 |      |
| 39  | ORX3+   | 1st pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3 |      |
| 40  | ORX4-   | 1st pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 4 |      |

|    |       |  |   |
|----|-------|--|---|
| 41 | ORX4+ | 1st pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 4 |   |
| 42 | N.C.  | No Connection  | 2 |
| 43 | N.C.  | No Connection  | 2 |
| 44 | GND   | Ground   |   |
| 45 | GND   | Ground   |   |
| 46 | GND   | Ground   |   |
| 47 | N.C.  | No Connection  | 2 |
| 48 | VCC   | +12V power supply  |   |
| 49 | VCC   | +12V power supply  |   |
| 50 | VCC   | +12V power supply  |   |
| 51 | VCC   | +12V power supply  |   |

Note (1) LVDS connector pin order defined as follows



Note (2) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open

Note (3)

| SELLVDS    | Mode  |
|------------|-------|
| L(default) | VESA  |
| H          | JEIDA |

L: Connect to GND, H: Connect to +3.3V

Note (4) Overdrive lookup table selection. The overdrive lookup table should be selected in accordance with the frame rate to optimize image quality.

| ODSEL      | Description  |
|------------|--|
| L(default) | Lookup table was optimized for 60 Hz frame rate input. |
| H          | Lookup table was optimized for 50 Hz frame rate input. |

L: Connect to GND, H: Connect to +3.3V



Note (5) Motion Engine (ME) Level & Demo Function Table

Motion engine level must be adjusted after video mode is selected (or entered).

Adjusting the motion engine level in graphic mode has no effect

|                |                  | MEN         | MCFG1 | MCFG0 | Notes       |           |        |
|----------------|------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| Blanking       | Blanking disable | 0           | 0     | 0     | (a)         |           |        |
|                | Auto blanking    | 0           | 0     | 1     | (b)         |           |        |
|                | Blanking enable  | 0           | 1     | 0     | (c)         |           |        |
| Effect of ME → |                  |             |       |       | De blur     | De judder | Halo   |
| Demo mode (d)  |                  | 0           | 1     | 1     | Demo Window |           |        |
| ME Level       | Strong           | 1           | 0     | 0     | Enable      | Strong    | Strong |
|                | Medium(Default)  | 1           | 0     | 1     | Enable      | Normal    | Normal |
|                | Weak             | 1           | 1     | 0     | Enable      | x         | x      |
|                | OFF              | 1           | 1     | 1     | x           | x         | x      |
|                |                  | (e) (f) (g) |       |       |             |           |        |

(a) Module re-starts processing video signals from Frontend scaler control board.

(b) During sync unstable period such as format change, 60Hz <-> 50Hz .

MCFG0 can be used to insert blanking of 500ms. This signal is toggled.

(c) Module continues to insert blanking until blanking disable signal is received from frontend scaler board.

(d) Demo window mode: Demo Window appears to the left half of display area. Left side with frame is 120Hz with MEMC, and right side is 120Hz w/o motion compensation.

(e) GPIO (General Purpose I/O) sequence of ME Level: (1) MEN; (2) MCFG1; (3) MCFG0.

GPIO sequence of Blanking Enable, Blanking Disable and Demo window: (1) MCFG1; (2) MCFG0; (3) MEN.

(f) Each scaler command must be maintained the same voltage level at least 100ms.

(g) 0 : Connect to GND, 1 : +3.3V

Note (6) 8bit/10bit LVDS input selection

| LVDS8b     | Bit depth |
|------------|-----------|
| H(default) | 8bit      |
| L          | 10bit     |

L : Connect to GND, H : Connect to +3.3V

Note (7) Graphic / Video mode selection

There is no prohibited time period for switching between Graphic mode and Video mode.

When this switching signal is input, LCD will be reset and will re-start selected mode.

| GV_mode    | Mode select  | MEMC ON/OFF |
|------------|--------------|-------------|
| H(default) | Graphic mode | MEMC OFF    |
| L          | Video mode   | MEMC ON     |

L : Connect to GND, H : Connect to +3.3V

Note (8)

| <b>Rotation</b> | <b>Mode</b>      |
|-----------------|------------------|
| L(default)      | Normal Display   |
| H               | Rotation Display |

L: Connect to GND, H: Connect to +3.3V

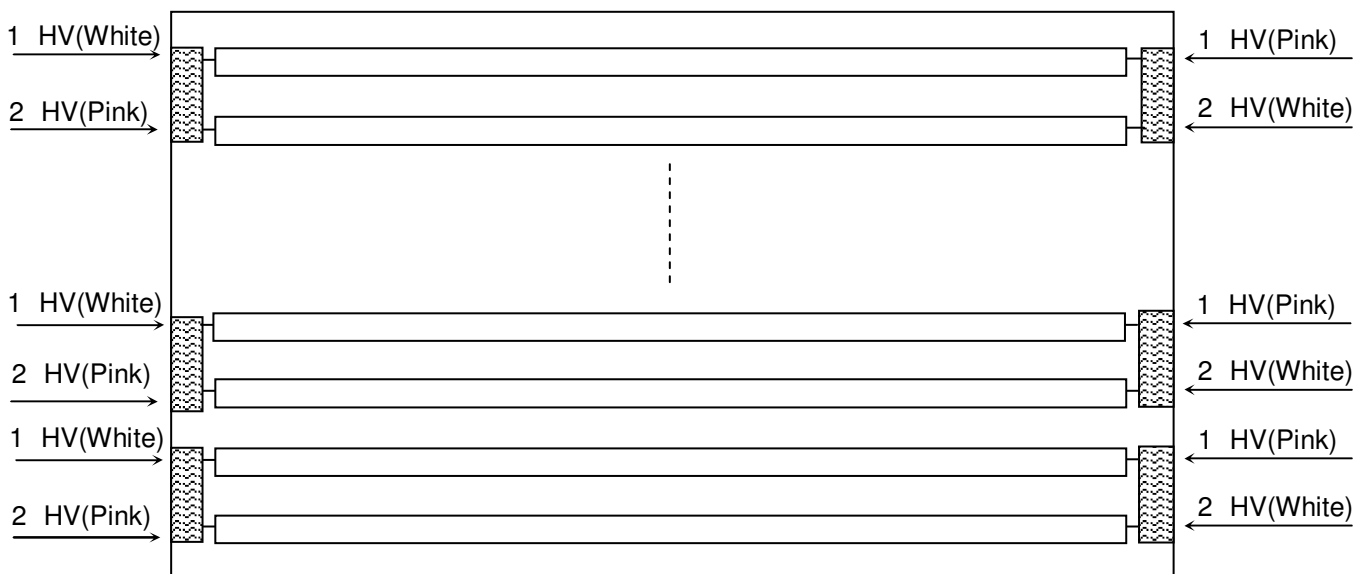
### 5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

The pin configuration for the housing and the leader wire is shown in the table below.

CN101-CN108: CP042ESFA00 (Cvilux)

| Pin | Name | Description  | Wire Color |
|-----|------|--------------|------------|
| 1   | HV   | High Voltage | Pink       |
| 2   | HV   | High Voltage | White      |

Note (1) The backlight interface housing for high voltage side is a model CP042ESFA00, manufactured by Cvilux. The mating header on inverter part number is CP042EP1MFB-LF (Cvilux)



### 5.3 INVERTER UNIT

CN1: CI0114M1HR0-LF (Cvilux)

| Pin № | Symbol                        | Feature                         |
|-------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1     | VBL                           | +24V                            |
| 2     |                               |                                 |
| 3     |                               |                                 |
| 4     |                               |                                 |
| 5     |                               |                                 |
| 6     | GND                           | GND                             |
| 7     |                               |                                 |
| 8     |                               |                                 |
| 9     |                               |                                 |
| 10    |                               |                                 |
| 11    | Status<br>(Signal Output Pin) | Normal (3.3V)<br>Abnormal (GND) |
| 12    | E_PWM                         | External PWM Control Signal     |
| 13    | I_PWM                         | Internal PWM Control Signal     |
| 14    | BLON                          | BL ON/OFF                       |

Note (1) PIN 12:External PWM Control (Use Pin 12): Pin 13 must open.

Note (2) PIN 13:Internal PWM Control (Use Pin 13): Pin 12 must open.

Note (3) Pin 12(E\_PWM) and Pin 13(I\_PWM) can't open in same period.

CN2-CN4: CI0112M1HR0-LF (Cvilux)

| Pin No | Symbol | Feature |
|--------|--------|---------|
| 1      | VBL    | +24V    |
| 2      |        |         |
| 3      |        |         |
| 4      |        |         |
| 5      |        |         |
| 6      | GND    | GND     |
| 7      |        |         |
| 8      |        |         |
| 9      |        |         |
| 10     |        |         |
| 11     | NC     | NC      |
| 12     | NC     | NC      |

**CN5-CN32: SM02 -BDAS-3-TB (JST)**

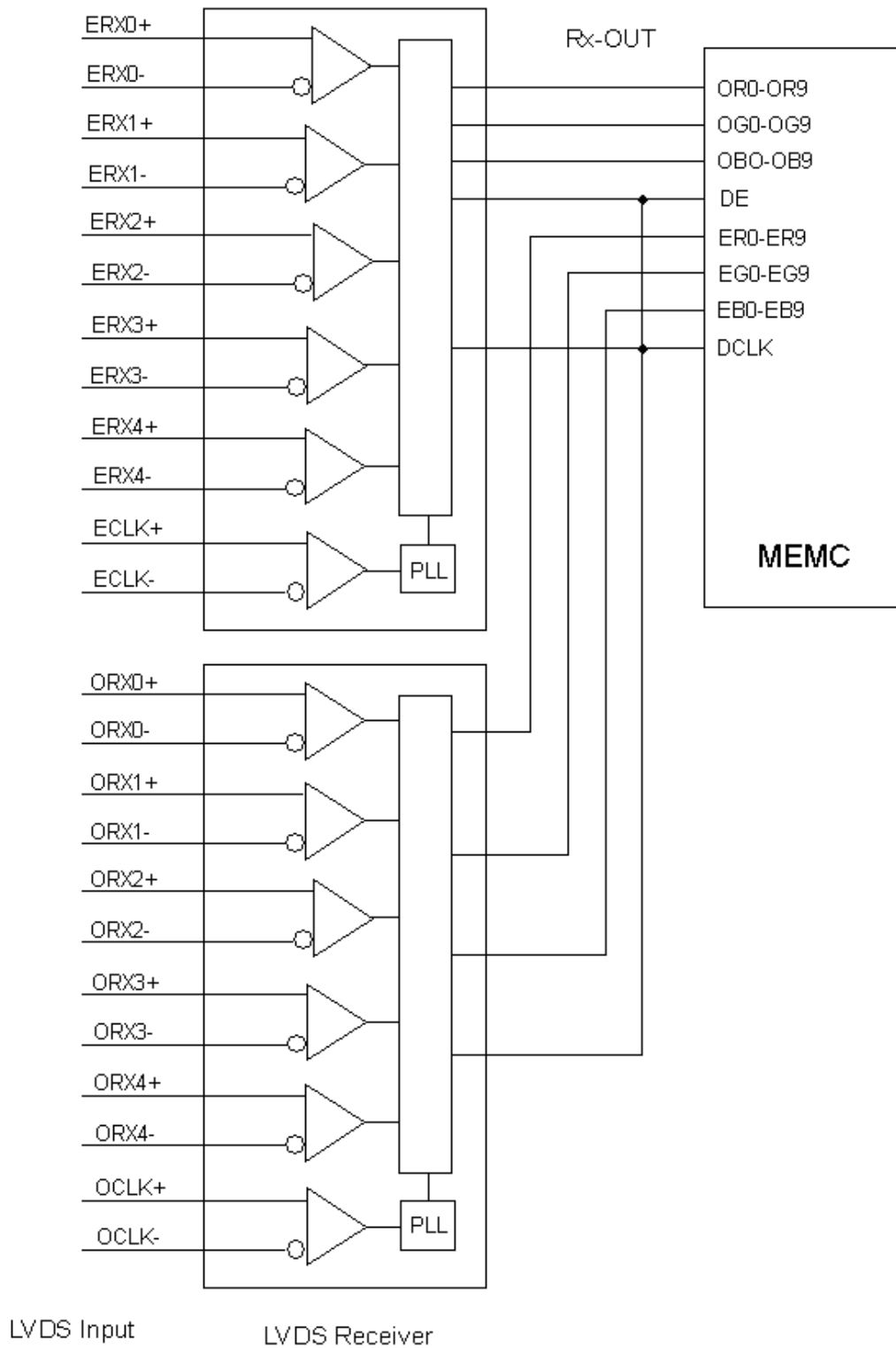
| Pin No. | Symbol | Description       |
|---------|--------|-------------------|
| 1       | CCFL   | CCFL high voltage |
| 2       | CCFL   | CCFL high voltage |

**CN103-CN105: 528521070 (Molex)**

| Pin No. | Symbol         | Description    |
|---------|----------------|----------------|
| 1       | Control Signal | Board to Board |
| 2       |                | Board to Board |
| 3       |                | Board to Board |
| 4       |                | Board to Board |
| 5       |                | Board to Board |
| 6       |                | Board to Board |
| 7       |                | Board to Board |
| 8       |                | Board to Board |
| 9       |                | Board to Board |
| 10      |                | Board to Board |

Note (1) Floating of any control signal is not allowed.

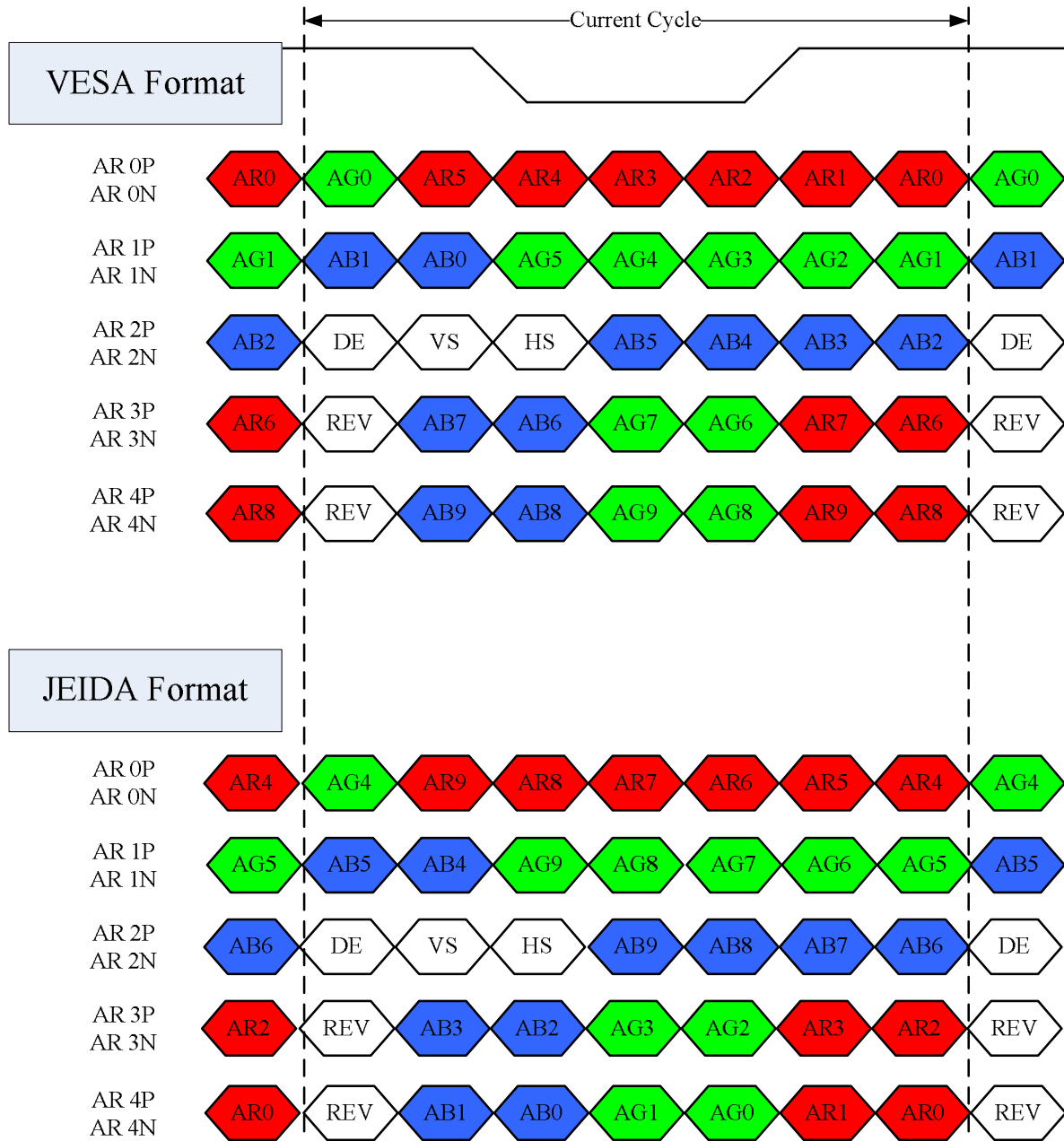
**5.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE**



### 5.5 LVDS INTERFACE

VESA Format : SELLVDS = L or Open

JEIDA Format : SELLVDS = H



AR0~AR9: First Pixel R Data (9; MSB, 0; LSB)

AG0~AG9: First Pixel G Data (9; MSB, 0; LSB)

AB0~AB9: First Pixel B Data (9; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE : Data enable signal

DCLK : Data clock signal

RSVD : Reserved

### 5.6 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

| Color               |                  | Data Signal |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|                     |                  | Red         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Green |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Blue |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|                     |                  | R9          | R8 | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G9    | G8 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B9   | B8 | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| Basic Colors        | Black            | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|                     | Red              | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|                     | Green            | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|                     | Blue             | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|                     | Cyan             | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|                     | Magenta          | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|                     | Yellow           | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| White               | 1                | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1    | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |   |
| Gray Scale Of Red   | Red (0) / Dark   | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Red (1)          | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Red (2)          | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | ⋮                | ⋮           | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮     | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮    | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ |   |
|                     | Red (1021)       | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Red (1022)       | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Red (1023)       | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
| Gray Scale Of Green | Green (0) / Dark | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Green (1)        | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Green (2)        | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | ⋮                | ⋮           | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮     | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮    | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ |   |
|                     | Green (1021)     | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Green (1022)     | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Green (1023)     | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
| Gray Scale Of Blue  | Blue (0) / Dark  | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |   |
|                     | Blue (1)         | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |   |
|                     | Blue (2)         | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |   |
|                     | ⋮                | ⋮           | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮     | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮    | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮  | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ | ⋮ |   |
|                     | Blue (1021)      | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |   |
|                     | Blue (1022)      | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |   |
|                     | Blue (1023)      | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |   |

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

## 6. INTERFACE TIMING

### 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

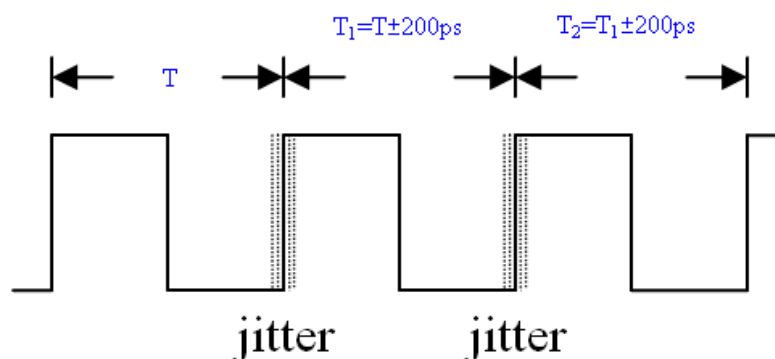
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

| Signal                         | Item                                 | Symbol                        | Min.               | Typ.  | Max.               | Unit  | Note                |   |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|---------------------|---|
| LVDS Receiver Clock            | Frequency                            | $F_{clk_{in}}$<br>( $=1/TC$ ) | 60                 | 74.25 | 78                 | MHz   |                     |   |
|                                | Input cycle to cycle jitter          | $T_{rc1}$                     | —                  | —     | 200                | ps    | (2)                 |   |
|                                | Spread spectrum modulation range     | $F_{clk_{in\_mod}}$           | $F_{clk_{in}}-2\%$ | —     | $F_{clk_{in}}+2\%$ | MHz   | (3)                 |   |
|                                | Spread spectrum modulation frequency | $F_{SSM}$                     | 30                 | —     | 50                 | KHz   |                     |   |
| LVDS Receiver Data             | Setup Time                           | $T_{lvsu}$                    | 600                | —     | —                  | ps    |                     |   |
|                                | Hold Time                            | $T_{lvhd}$                    | 600                | —     | —                  | ps    |                     |   |
| Vertical Active Display Term   | Frame Rate                           | $F_{r5}$                      | 47                 | 50    | 53                 | Hz    | $T_v=T_{vd}+T_{vb}$ |   |
|                                |                                      | $F_{r6}$                      | 57                 | 60    | 62                 | Hz    |                     |   |
|                                | Total                                | $T_v$                         | 1110               | 1125  | 1135               | Th    |                     |   |
|                                | Display                              | $T_{vd}$                      | 1080               | 1080  | 1080               | Th    |                     | — |
|                                | Blank                                | $T_{vb}$                      | 30                 | 45    | 55                 | Th    |                     | — |
| Horizontal Active Display Term | Total                                | $T_h$                         | 1050               | 1100  | 1150               | $T_c$ | $T_h=T_{hd}+T_{hb}$ |   |
|                                | Display                              | $T_{hd}$                      | 960                | 960   | 960                | $T_c$ | —                   |   |
|                                | Blank                                | $T_{hb}$                      | 90                 | 140   | 190                | $T_c$ | —                   |   |

Note (1) Please make sure the range of frame rate has follow the below equation :

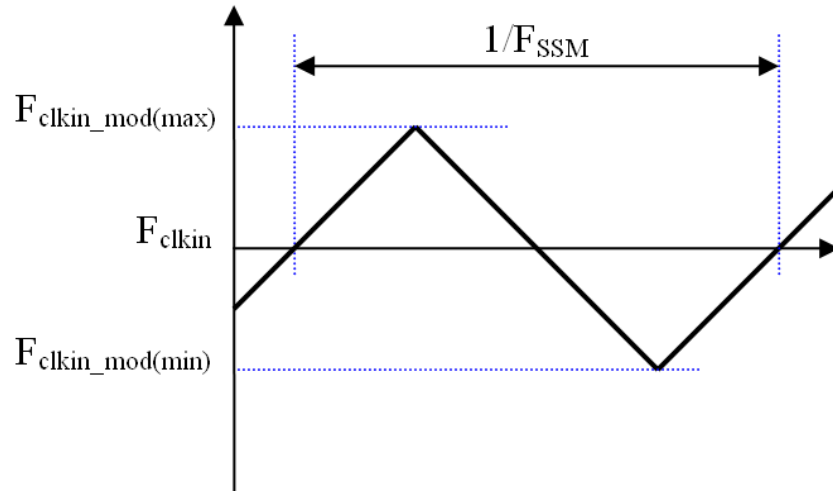
$$Fr(\max) \geq F_{clk_{in}} / T_v \times T_h \leq Fr(\min)$$

Note (2) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures.  $Trcl = |T_1 - T_1|$



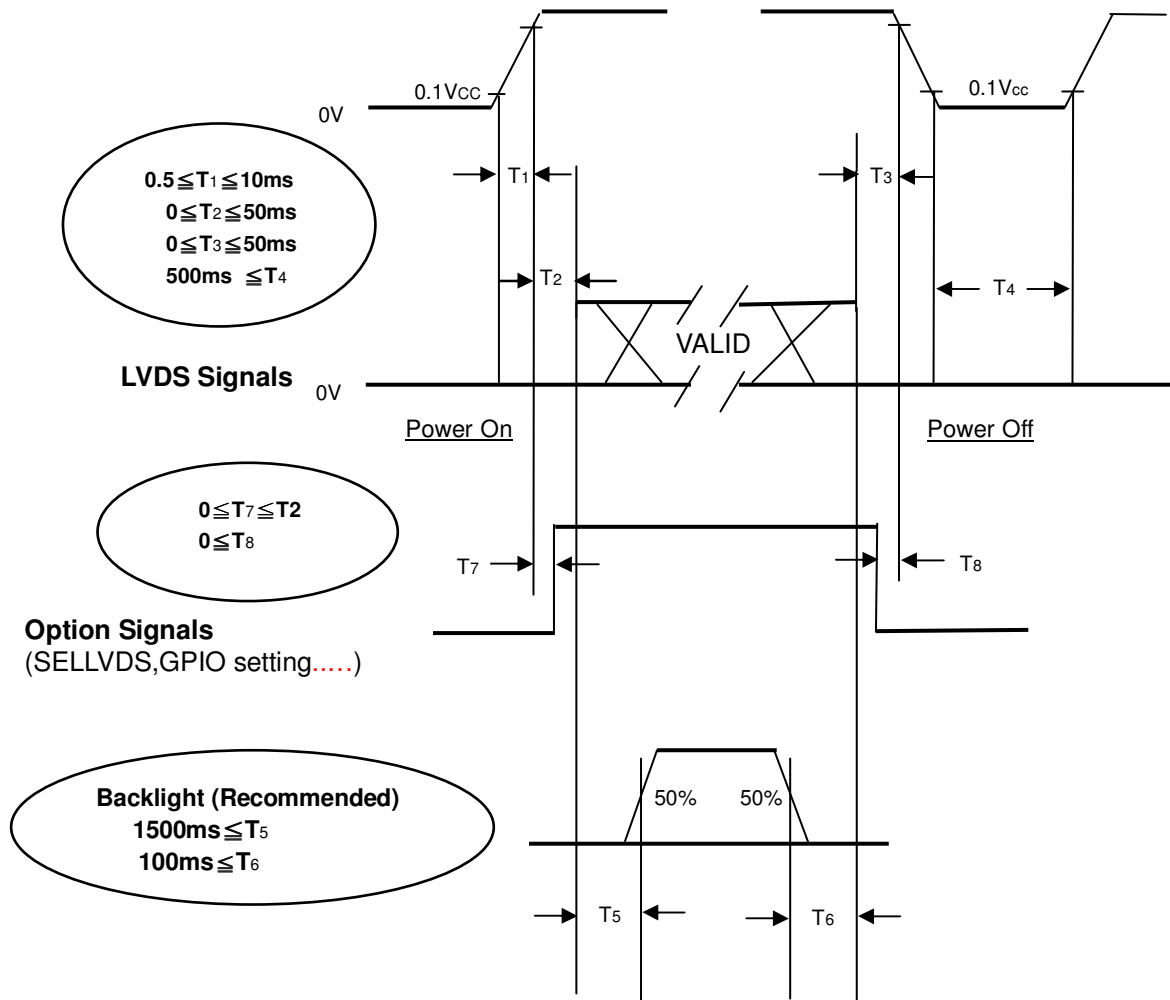


Note (3) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



## 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should follow the diagram below.



**Power ON/OFF Sequence**

Note:

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

## 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

| Item                             | Symbol  | Value   | Unit |
|----------------------------------|---|---------|------|
| Ambient Temperature              | Ta  | 25±2    | °C   |
| Ambient Humidity                 | Ha  | 50±10   | %RH  |
| Supply Voltage                   | V <sub>CC</sub>   | 12V     | V    |
| Input Signal                     | According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS" |         |      |
| Lamp Current                     | I <sub>L</sub>  | 5.0±0.5 | mA   |
| Oscillating Frequency (Inverter) | F <sub>w</sub>  | 55±3    | KHz  |
| Vertical Frame Rate              | Fr  | 120     | Hz   |

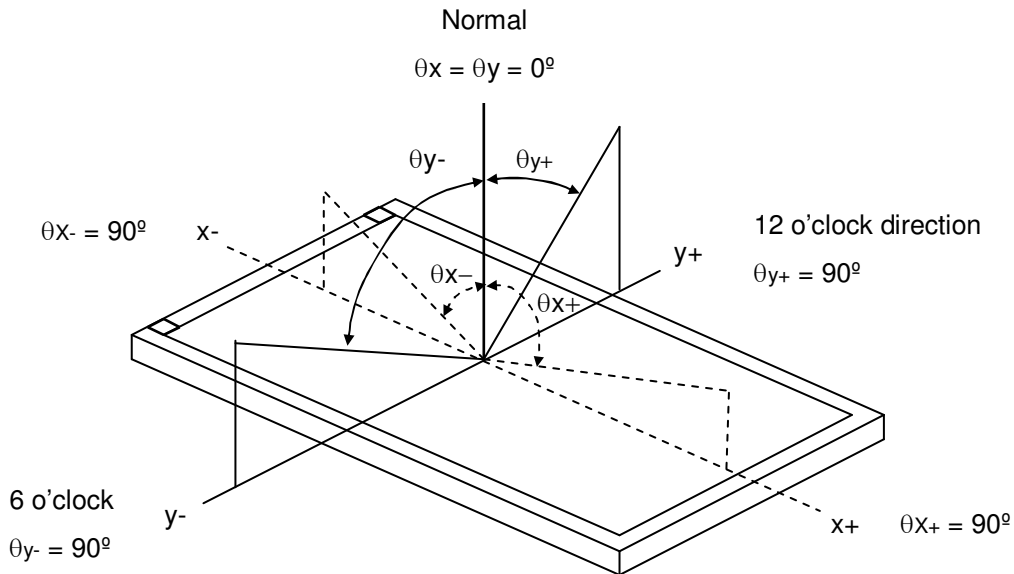
### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

| Item                      |            | Symbol         | Condition   | Min.          | Typ.          | Max.  | Unit              | Note     |
|---------------------------|------------|----------------|---|---------------|---------------|-------|-------------------|----------|
| Contrast Ratio            |            | CR             | $\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_y=0^\circ$<br>Viewing angle at normal direction | 3000          | 4000          | -     | -                 | Note (2) |
| Response Time             |            | Gray to gray   |   | -             | 4.5           | 9     | ms                | Note (3) |
| Center Luminance of White |            | L <sub>c</sub> |   | 360           | 450           | -     | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | Note (4) |
| White Variation           |            | $\delta W$     |   | -             | -             | 1.3   | -                 | Note (7) |
| Cross Talk                |            | CT             |   | -             | -             | 4     | %                 | Note (5) |
| Color Chromaticity        | Red        | R <sub>x</sub> |   | Typ.-<br>0.03 | Typ.+<br>0.03 | 0.645 | -                 | Note (6) |
|                           |            | R <sub>y</sub> |   |               |               | 0.325 | -                 |          |
|                           | Green      | G <sub>x</sub> |   |               |               | 0.292 | -                 |          |
|                           |            | G <sub>y</sub> |   |               |               | 0.601 | -                 |          |
|                           | Blue       | B <sub>x</sub> |   |               |               | 0.149 | -                 |          |
|                           |            | B <sub>y</sub> | 0.052   |               |               | -     |                   |          |
|                           | White      | W <sub>x</sub> | 0.280   |               |               | -     |                   |          |
|                           |            | W <sub>y</sub> | 0.290   |               |               | -     |                   |          |
| Color Gamut               |            |                |   | 72            | -             | %     | NTSC              |          |
| Viewing Angle             | Horizontal | $\theta_{x+}$  | CR≥20   | 80            | 88            | -     | Deg.              | Note (1) |
|                           |            | $\theta_{x-}$  |   | 80            | 88            | -     |                   |          |
|                           | Vertical   | $\theta_{y+}$  |   | 80            | 88            | -     |                   |          |
|                           |            | $\theta_{y-}$  |   | 80            | 88            | -     |                   |          |

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta_x, \theta_y$ ):

Viewing angles are measured by Autronic Conoscope Cono-80



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

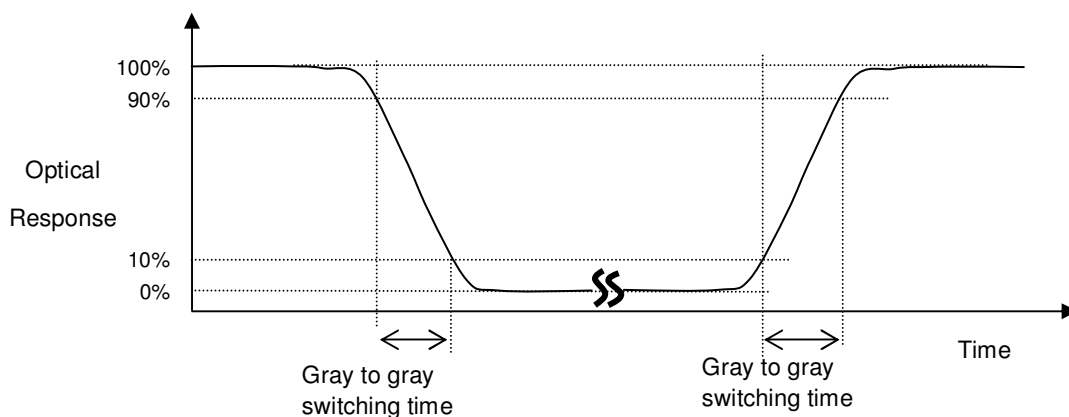
$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = L_{1023} / L_0$$

L1023: Luminance of gray level 1023

L0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (7)

Note (3) Definition of Gray to Gray Switching Time :



The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 255, 511, 767 and 1023.

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0, 255, 511, 767 and 1023 to each other .

Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White ( $L_C$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 1023 at center point.

$L_C = L(5)$ , where  $L(x)$  is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the figure in Note (7).

Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

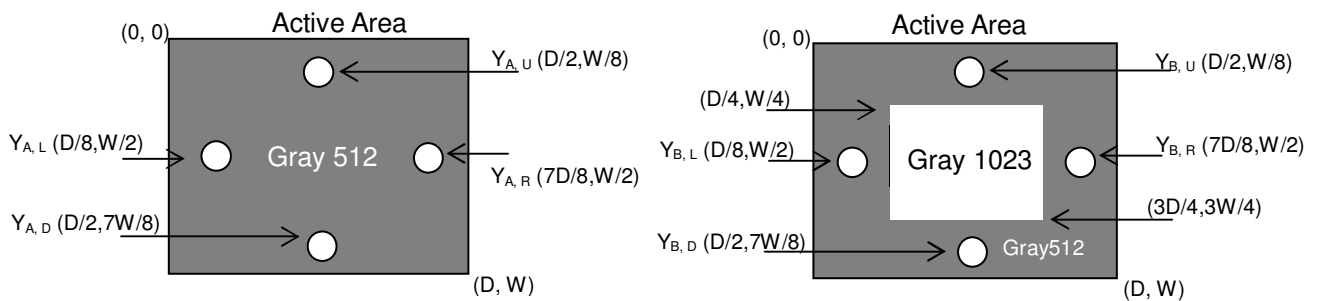
$$CT = |Y_B - Y_A| / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

Where:

(a)

$Y_A$  = Luminance of measured location without gray level 512 pattern ( $\text{cd/m}^2$ )

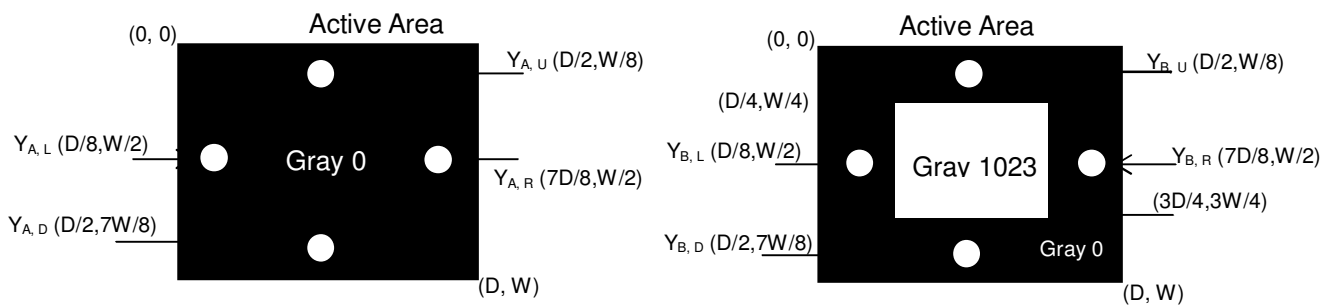
$Y_B$  = Luminance of measured location with gray level 512 pattern ( $\text{cd/m}^2$ )



(b)

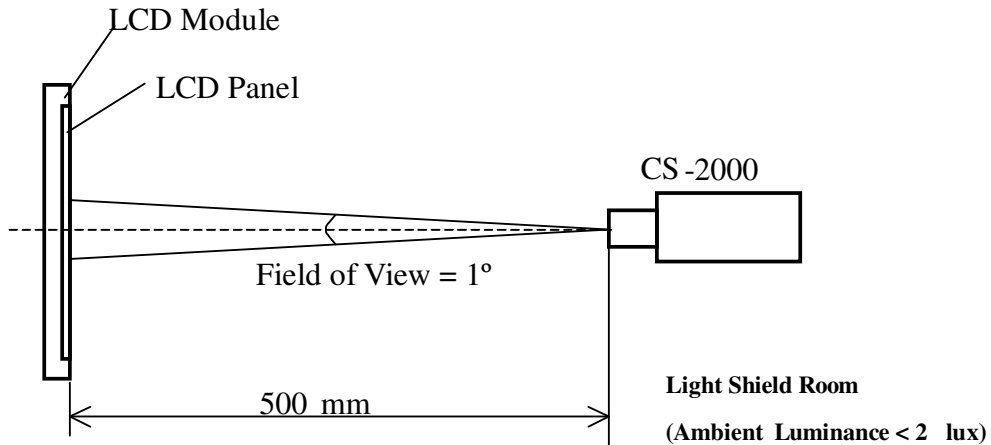
$Y_A$  = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern ( $\text{cd/m}^2$ )

$Y_B$  = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern ( $\text{cd/m}^2$ )



Note (6) Measurement Setup:

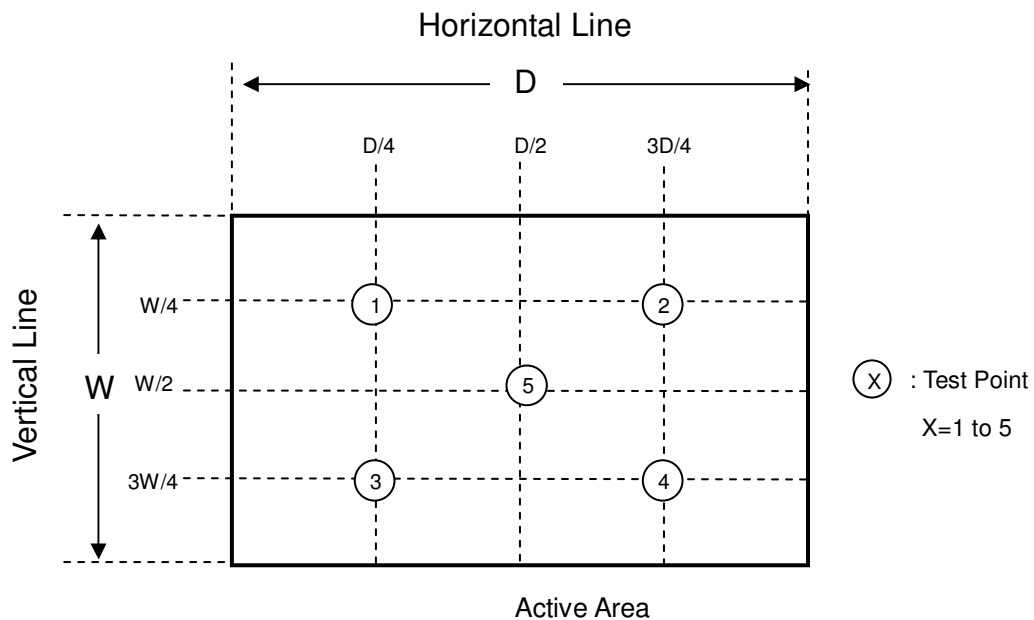
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 1 hour in a windless room.



Note (7) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 1023 at 5 points

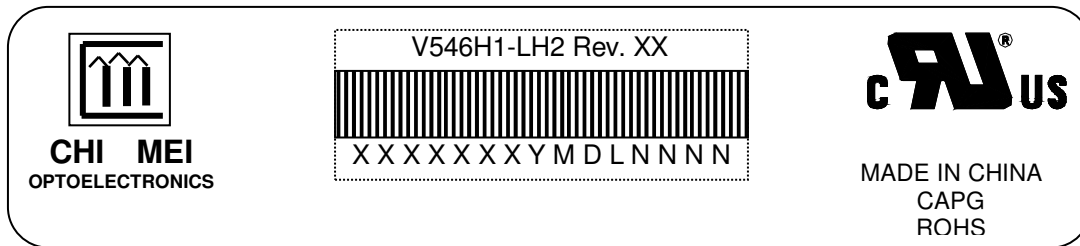
$$\delta W = \text{Maximum} [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / \text{Minimum} [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]$$



## 8. DEFINITION OF LABELS

### 8.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: V546H1-LH2
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.
- (c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

| Code | Meaning          | Description  |
|------|------------------|--|
| XX   | CMO internal use | -  |
| XX   | Revision         | Cover all the change   |
| X-XX | CMO internal use | -  |
| YMD  | Year, month, day | Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4....2010=0,2011=1,2012=2....<br>Month: Jan. ~ Dec.=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C<br>Day: 1 <sup>st</sup> to 31 <sup>st</sup> =1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U |
| L    | Product line #   | Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3, ...  |
| NNNN | Serial number    | Manufacturing sequence of product  |

## 9. PACKING

### 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS TYPE I

- (1) 2 LCD TV modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 1334(L) X 284 (W) X 856 (H)
- (3) Weight: approximately 46 Kg (2 modules per box)

### 9.2 PACKING METHOD TYPE I

Figures 9-1 and 9-2 are the packing method

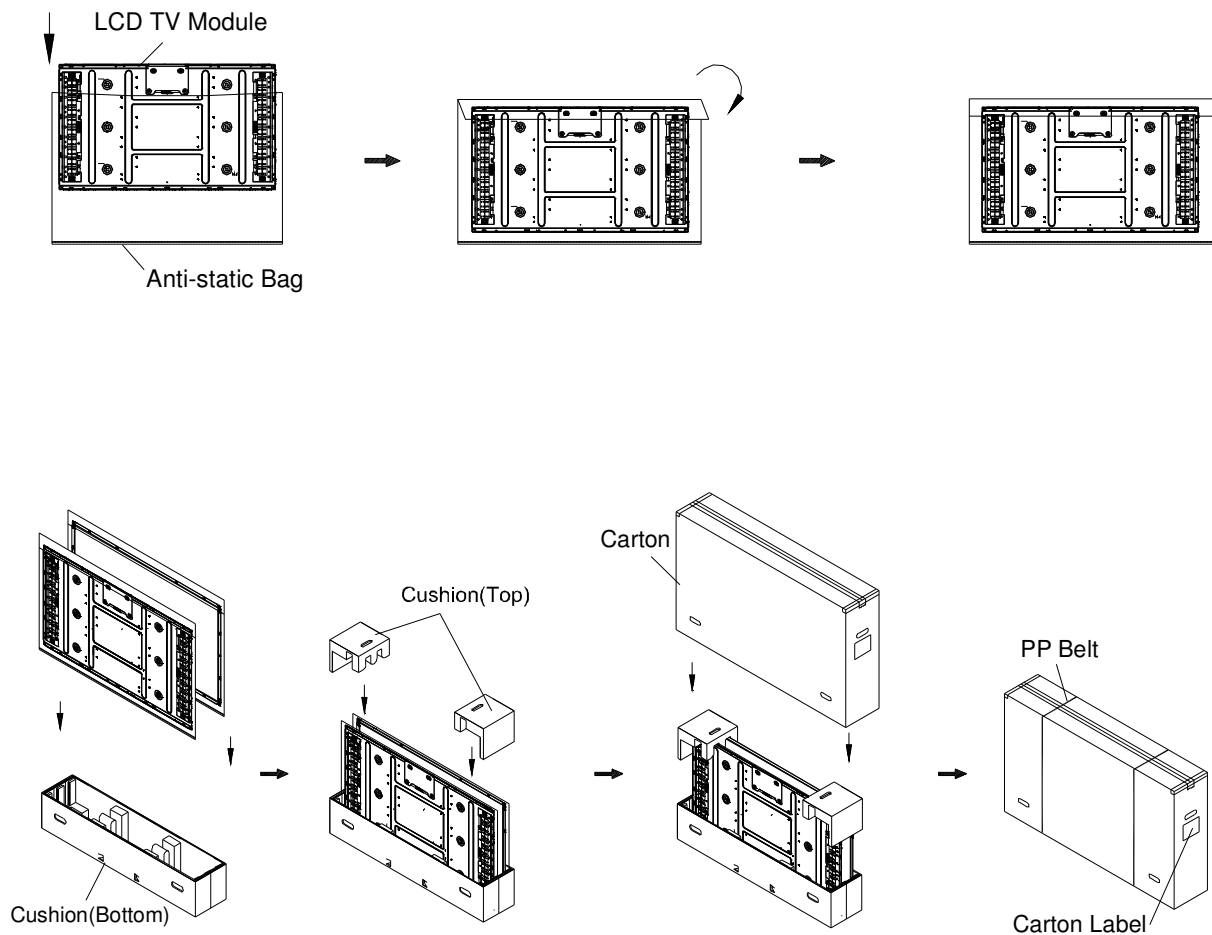


Figure.9-1 packing method



Sea & Land Transportation  
Gross : 383Kg

Air Transportation  
Gross : 199Kg

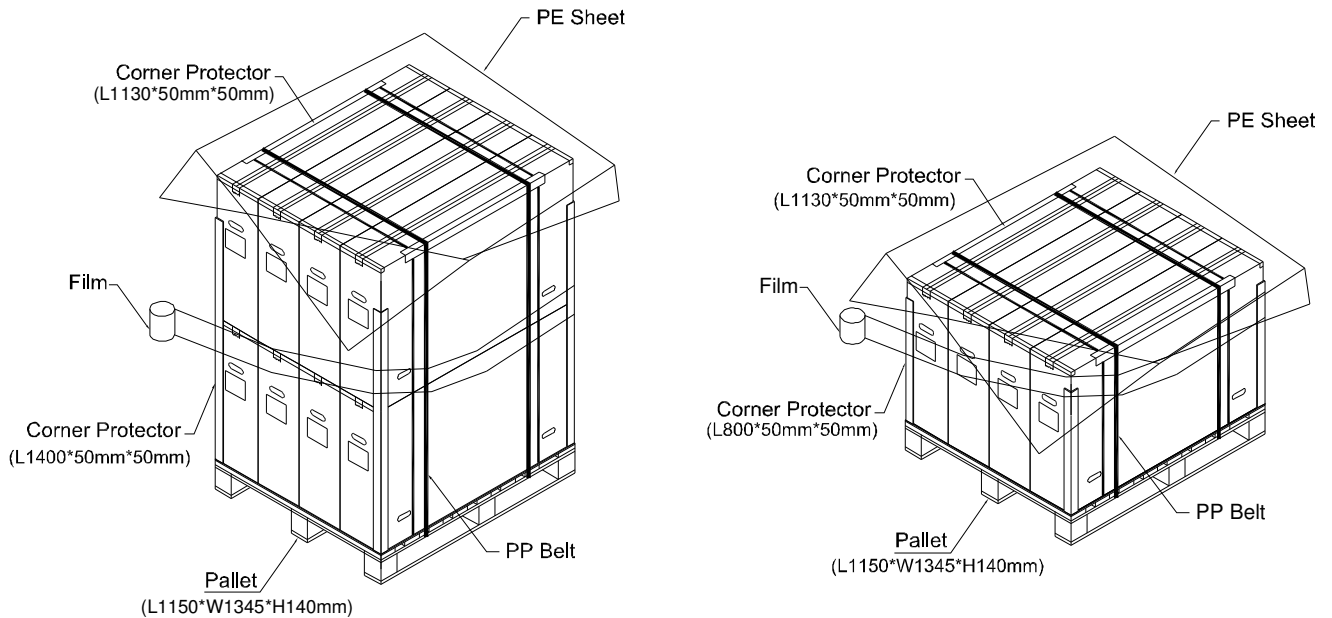


Figure. 9-2 Packing method

### 9.3 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS TYPE II

- (4) 13 LCD TV modules / 1 Pallet
- (5) Package dimensions: 1370(L) X 1150 (W) X 974 (H)
- (6) Weight: approximately 300 Kg (13 modules per pallet)

### 9.4 PACKING METHOD TYPE II

Figures 9-3 and 9-4 are the packing method

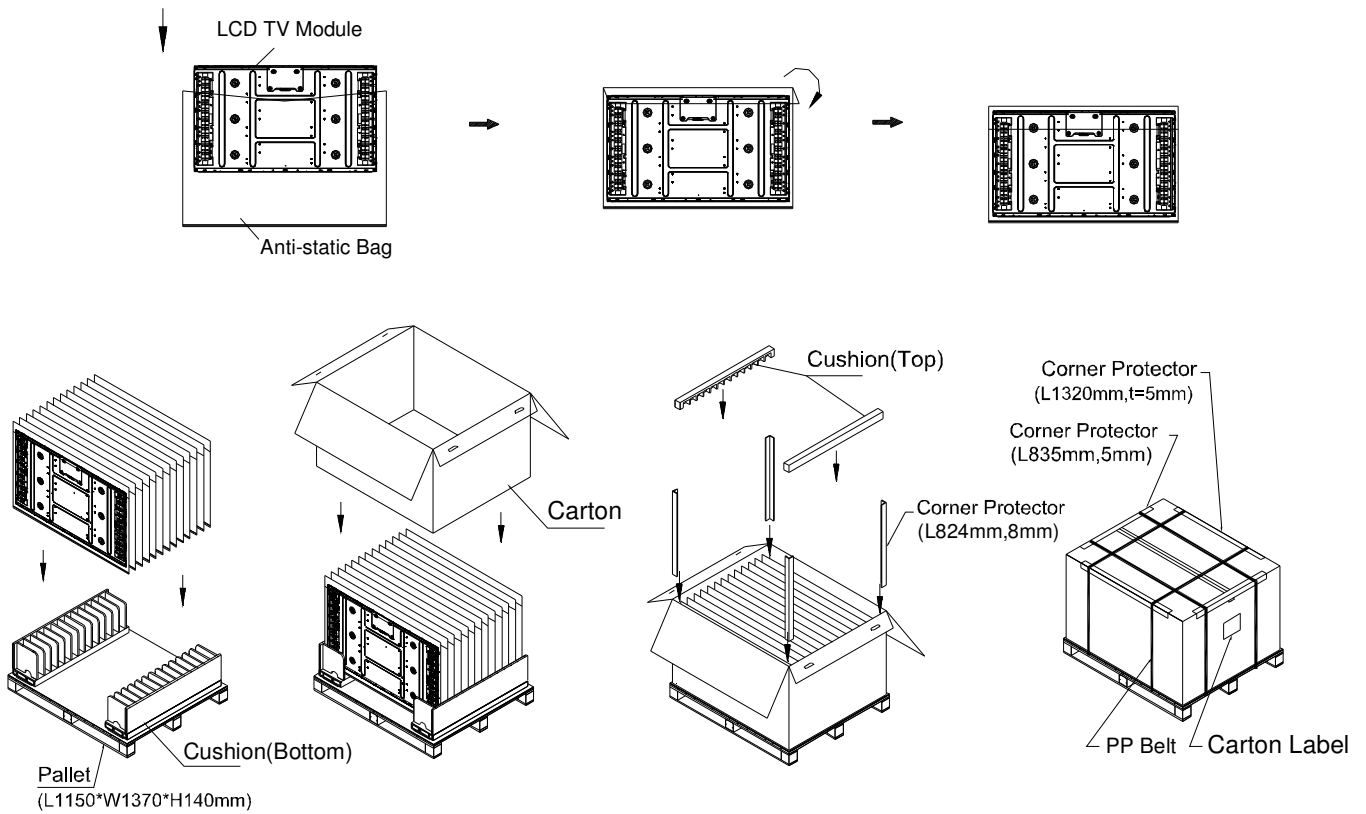
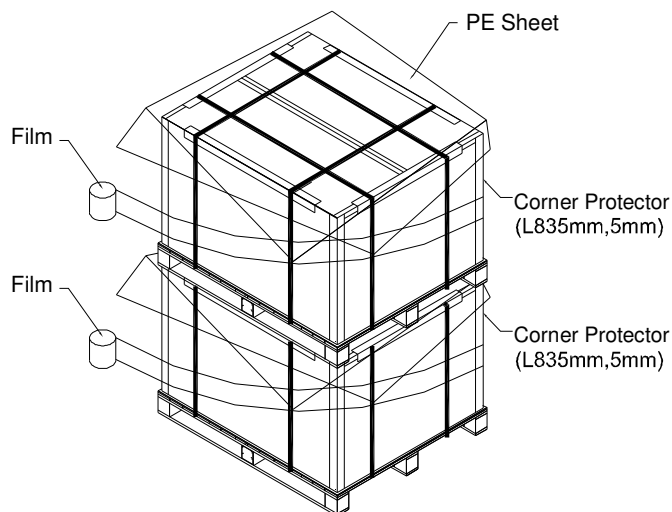


Figure. 9-3 Packing method

Sea & Land Transportation



Air Transportation

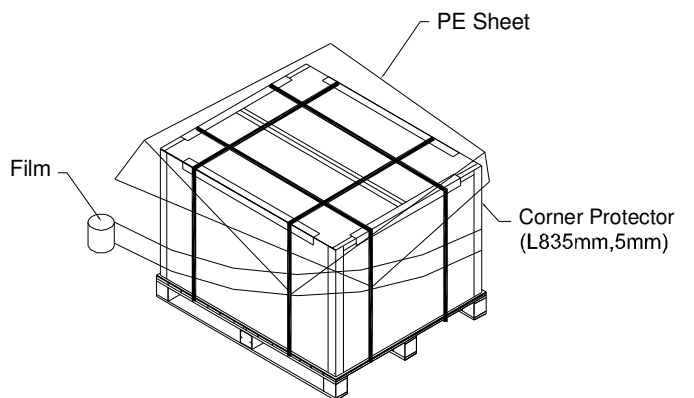


Figure. 9-4 Packing method

## 10. PRECAUTIONS

### 10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and backlight.
- (4) Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.
- (5) Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may deteriorate the performance of LCD module. Please store LCD modules in the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than that of room temperature.

### 10.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of a backlight is over 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

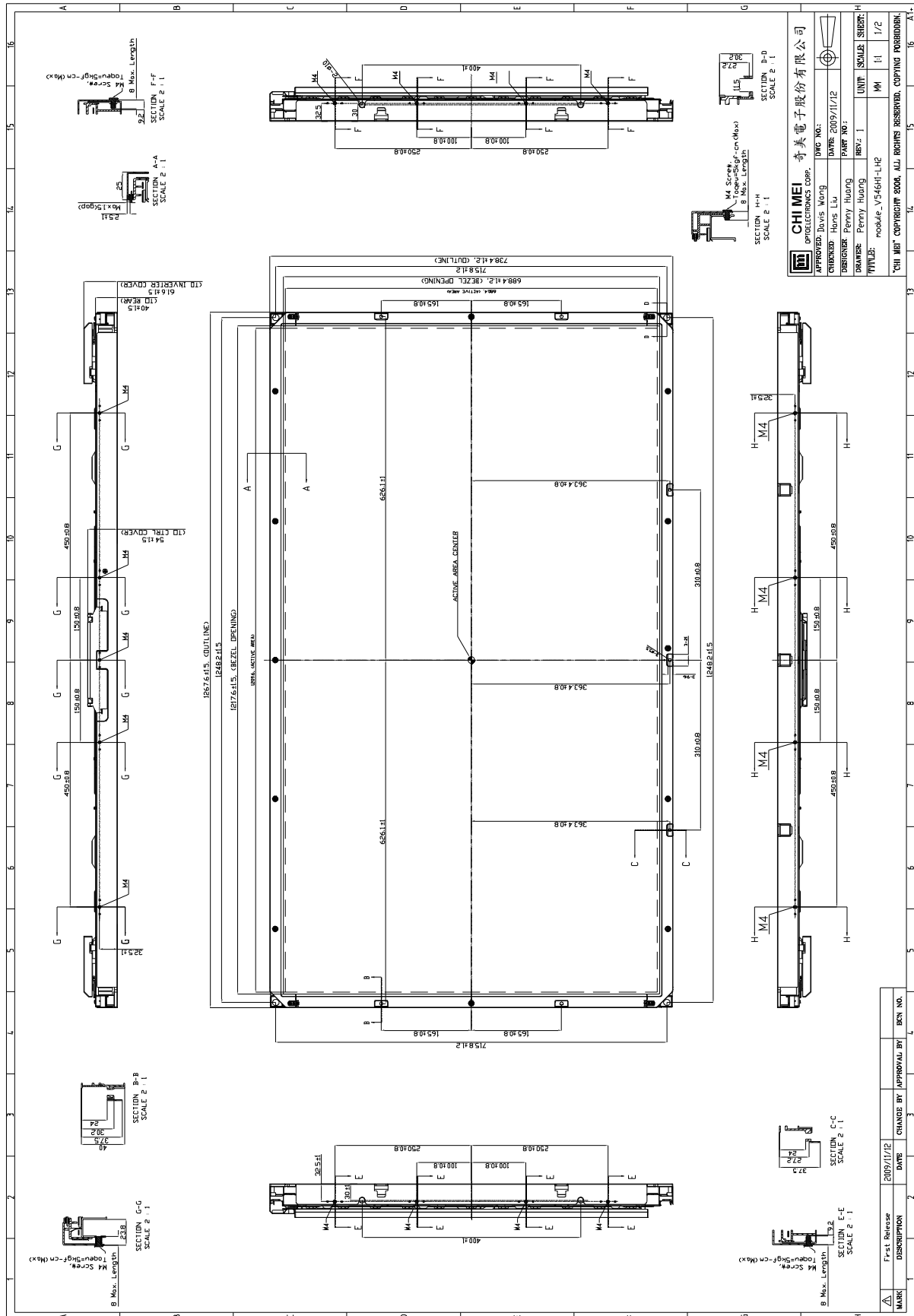
### 10.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

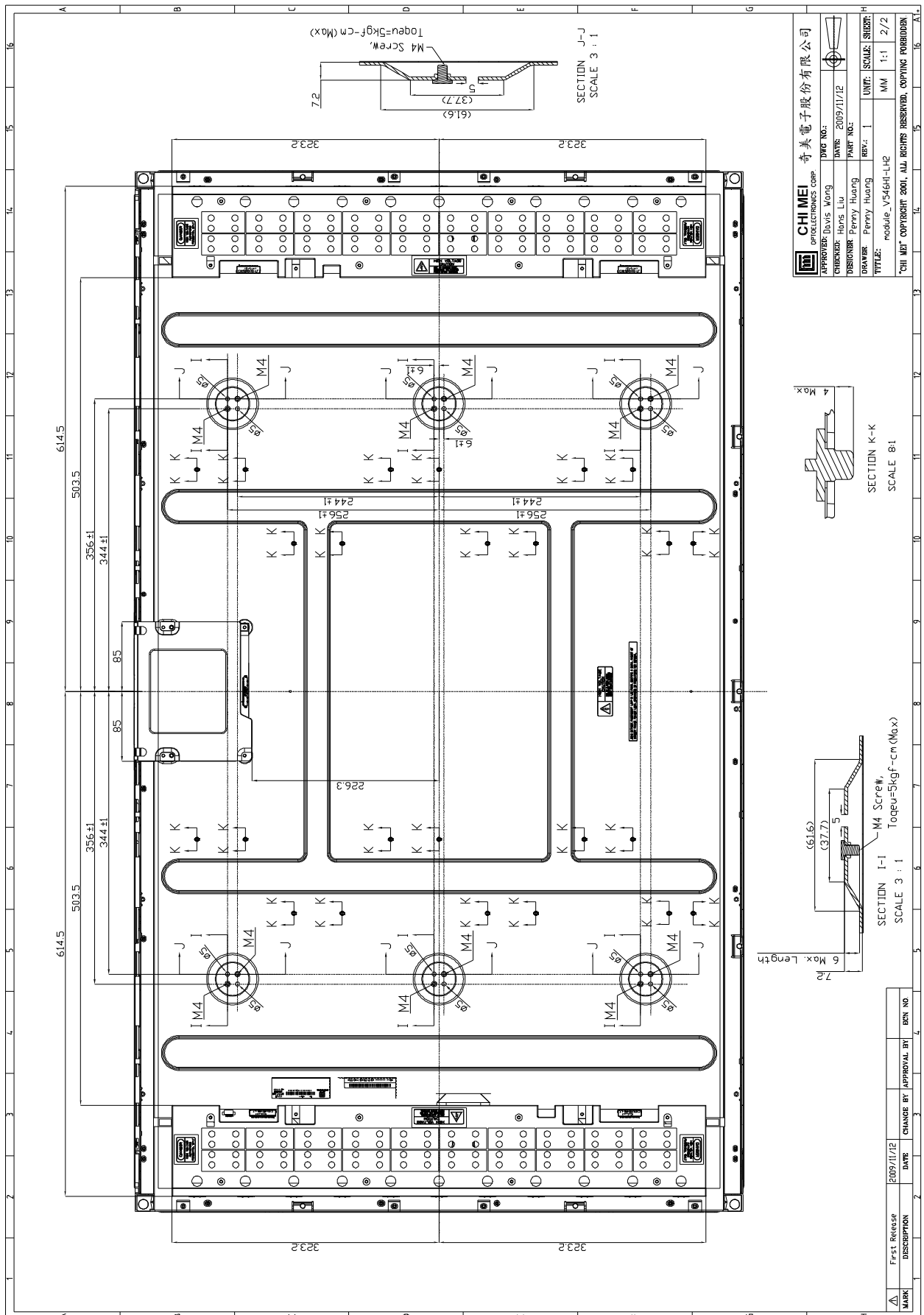
The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

| Regulatory                       | Item | Standard                               |
|----------------------------------|------|--|
| Information Technology equipment | UL   | UL 60950-1:2007                        |
|                                  | cUL  | CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07:2007          |
|                                  | CB   | IEC 60950 -1:2005 /<br>EN60905-1: 2006 |
| Audio/Video Apparatus            | UL   | UL 60065: 2007                         |
|                                  | cUL  | CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065-03              |
|                                  | CB   | IEC 60065:2001/<br>EN 60065:2002       |

If the module displays the same pattern for a long period of time, the phenomenon of image sticking may be occurred.

# 11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC





## Appendix – TWO Wire BUS INTRODUCTION

### A.1 PIN ASSIGNMENT

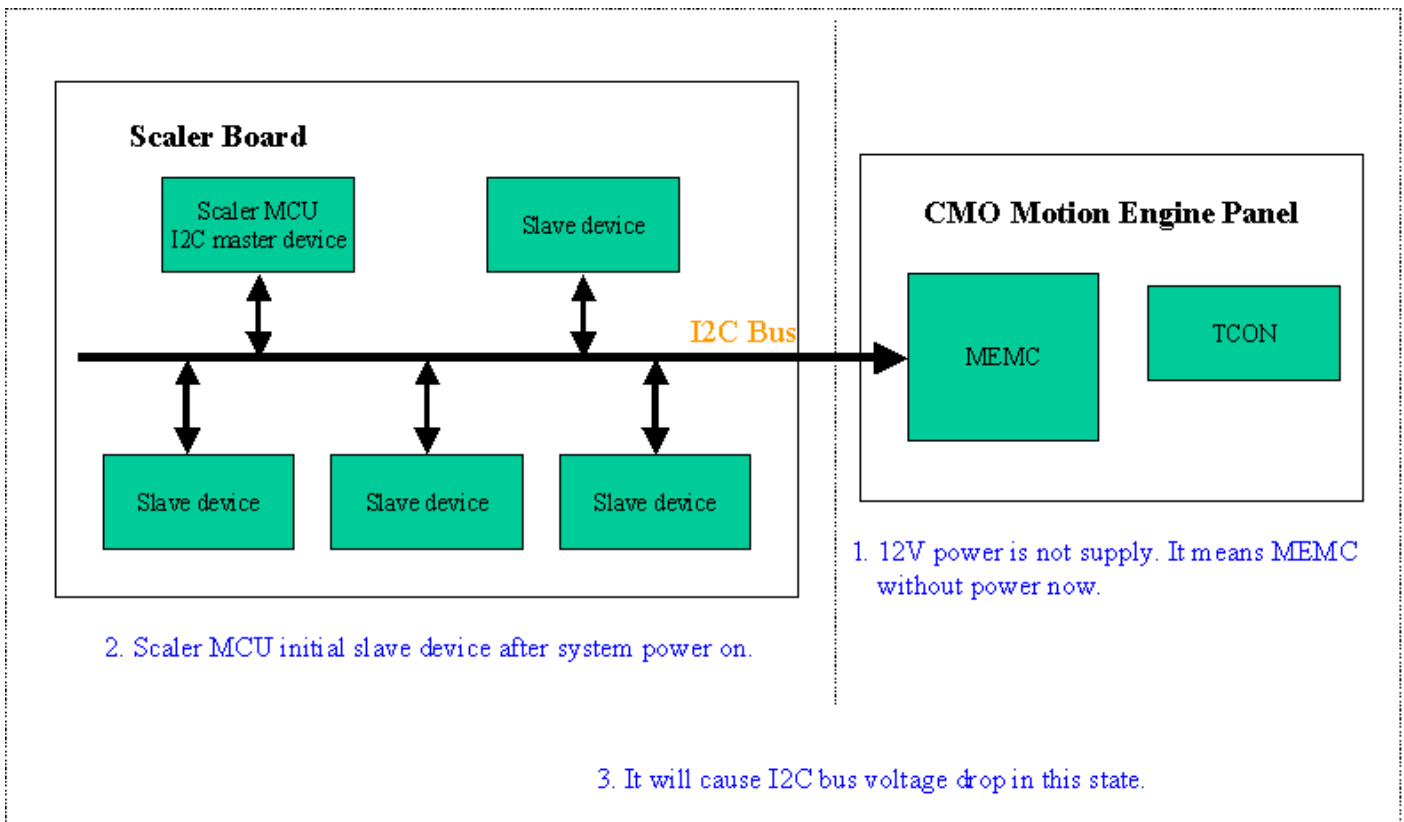
51pins LVDS connector

Pin8: SCL

Pin9: SDA

### A.2 I2C BUS APPLICATION NOTE

I2C bus: (The I2C bus must for MEMC only or prevent the I2C bus voltage drop down in initial state)



### A.3 TWO WIRE BUS DEVICE ADDRESS

Two wire device address: default is 0x40, 1 byte

Two wire command: the range is 0x00 to 0xFF, 1 byte, see the two wire command table.

**Two wire bus format:**

| Device Address : 0x40 default |    |    |    |    |    |    |     | Command |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-------------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| D7                            | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0  | D7      | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
| 0                             | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | W/R | L       | x  | x  | x  | x  | x  | x  | x  |

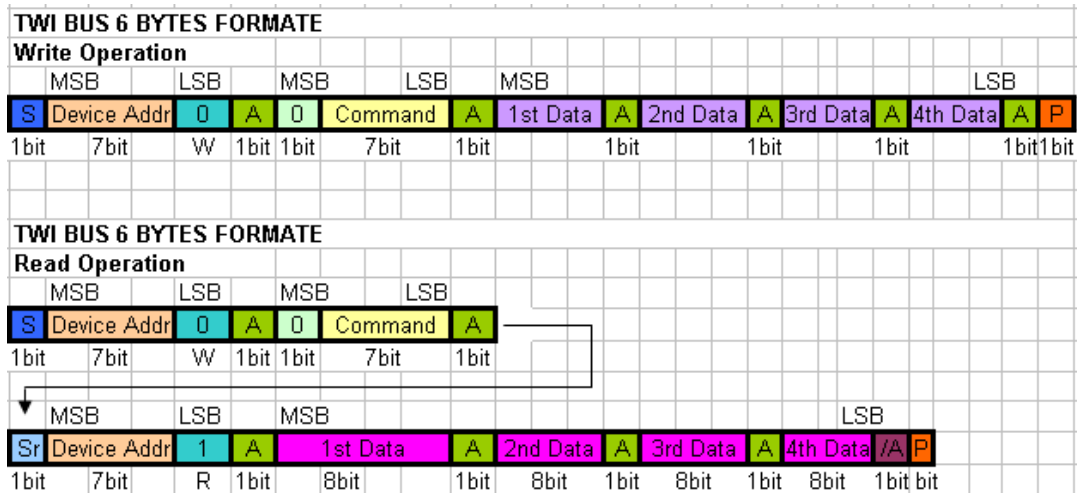
  

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| <b>W/R</b>  | write : 0; Read : 1                         |
| <b>L</b>    | 1 : 1Byte Data Length; 0: 4Byte Data Length |
| <b>S</b>    | TWI-Bus Start condition from master         |
| <b>Sr</b>   | TWI-Bus Start condition from master         |
| <b>A</b>    | TWI-Bus Acknowledge bit from master         |
| <b>/A</b>   | TWI-Bus Not Acknowledge bit from salve      |
| <b>P</b>    | TWI-Bus Stop condition from master          |
| <b>Data</b> | TWI Bus Data from master                    |
| <b>Data</b> | TWI Bus Data from salve                     |

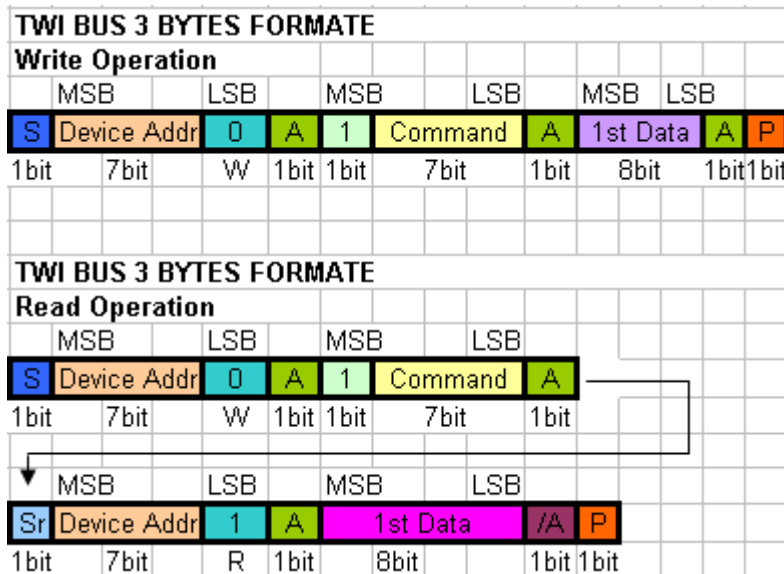
## A.4 TWO WAY TO CONTROL THE TWO WIRE BUS

There are two options to control the two wires bus command.

### Two wire bus 6 bytes format



### Two wire bus 3 bytes format



Note:

A transmission basically consists of a START condition, a SLA+R/W, one or more data packets and a STOP condition. An empty message, consisting of a START followed by a STOP condition, is illegal. Note that the wired-ANDing of the SCL line can be used to implement handshaking between the master and the slave. The slave can extend the SCL low period by pulling the SCL line low. This is useful if the clock speed set up by the master is too fast for the slave, or the slave needs extra time for processing between the data transmissions. The slave extending the SCL low period will not affect the SCL high period, which is determined by the master. As a consequence, the slave can reduce the TWI data transfer speed by prolonging the SCL duty cycle.

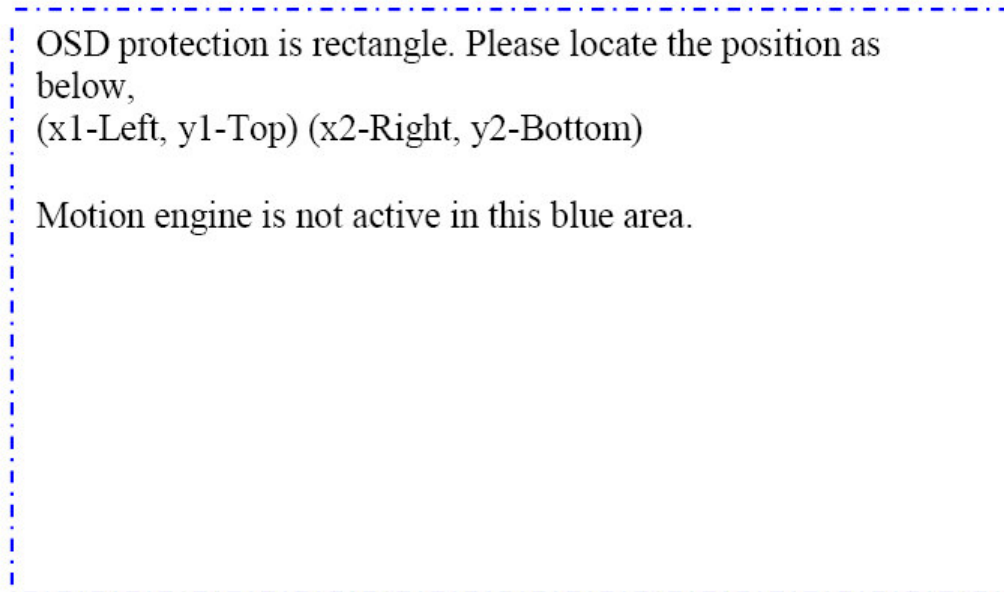


### A.5 TWO WIRE BUS COMMAND TABLE

There is two wire bus command table.

| Command Name          |      | Access Mode | Description           |
|-----------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------|
| All OSD Protection    | 0x00 | R/W         | All OSD Protection    |
| OSD1_Start_Protection | 0x01 | R/W         | OSD1_Start_Protection |
| OSD2_Start_Protection | 0x02 | R/W         | OSD2_Start_Protection |
| OSD3_Start_Protection | 0x03 | R/W         | OSD3_Start_Protection |
| OSD4_Start_Protection | 0x04 | R/W         | OSD4_Start_Protection |
| OSD1_End_Protection   | 0x05 | R/W         | OSD1_End_Protection   |
| OSD2_End_Protection   | 0x06 | R/W         | OSD2_End_Protection   |
| OSD3_End_Protection   | 0x07 | R/W         | OSD3_End_Protection   |
| OSD4_End_Protection   | 0x08 | R/W         | OSD4_End_Protection   |
| Demo Window           | 0x09 | R/W         | Demo Window           |
| MEMC Level            | 0x0A | R/W         | MEMC Level            |
| GV Mode               | 0x0B | R/W         | GV Mode               |
| Blanking              | 0x0C | R/W         | Blanking              |
| RPF                   | 0x0D | R/W         | RPF                   |

(x1, y1)



(x2, y2)

Enable All OSD Protection

| AllOSD Protection : 0x00 |        |     |     |      |     |     |     |        |                            |                            |
|--------------------------|--------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 4 Bytes Data Length      |        |     |     |      |     |     |     |        |                            |                            |
| 1st BYTE DATA            | D31    | D30 | D29 | D28  | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24    | D31~D28                    | Unused                     |
|                          | Unused |     |     | OSDx |     |     |     | D27    | OSD4 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |                            |
| 2nd BYTE DATA            | D23    | D22 | D21 | D20  | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16    | D26                        | OSD3 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |
|                          | Unused |     |     |      |     |     |     | D25    | OSD2 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |                            |
| 3rd BYTE DATA            | D15    | D14 | D13 | D12  | D11 | D10 | D9  | D8     | D24                        | OSD1 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |
|                          | Unused |     |     |      |     |     |     | D23~D0 | Unused                     |                            |
| 4th BYTE DATA            | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4   | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0     |                            |                            |
|                          | Unused |     |     |      |     |     |     |        |                            |                            |
| AllOSD Protection : 0x80 |        |     |     |      |     |     |     |        |                            |                            |
| 1 Byte Data Length       |        |     |     |      |     |     |     |        |                            |                            |
| 1st BYTE DATA            | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4   | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0     | D7~D4                      | Unused                     |
|                          | Unused |     |     | OSDx |     |     |     | D3     | OSD4 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |                            |
|                          |        |     |     |      |     |     |     |        | D2                         | OSD3 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |
|                          |        |     |     |      |     |     |     |        | D1                         | OSD2 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |
|                          |        |     |     |      |     |     |     |        | D0                         | OSD1 flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off |

OSD # 1~4 Start Protection

| OSD1_Start_Protection : 0x01 |          |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |   |
|------------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|---|
| OSD2_Start_Protection : 0x02 |          |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |   |
| OSD3_Start_Protection : 0x03 |          |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |   |
| OSD4_Start_Protection : 0x04 |          |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |   |
| 4 Bytes Data Length          |          |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |   |
| 1st BYTE DATA                | D31      | D30 | D29 | D28 | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24     | D31     | OSDx flag 1 : On ; 0 : Off                          |
|                              | Unused   |     |     |     |     |     |     | D30~D27 | Unused  |   |
| 2nd BYTE DATA                | D23      | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16     | D26~D16 | OSDx Left position                                  |
|                              | OSD Left |     |     |     |     |     |     | D15~D11 | Unused  |   |
| 3rd BYTE DATA                | D15      | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11 | D10 | D9  | D8      | D10~D0  | OSDx Top position                                   |
|                              |          |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |   |
| 4th BYTE DATA                | D7       | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0      |         |   |
|                              | OSDx Top |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         |   |
|                              |          |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |         | Left position Max : 1919<br>Top position Max : 1079 |

OSD # 1~4 End Protection

| OSD1_End_Protection : 0x05 |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      |   |
|----------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------------------|---|
| OSD2_End_Protection : 0x06 |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      |   |
| OSD3_End_Protection : 0x07 |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      |   |
| OSD4_End_Protection : 0x08 |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      |   |
| 4 Bytes Data Length        |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      |   |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D31        | D30 | D29 | D28 | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24     | D31~D27              | Unused  |
|                            | Unused     |     |     |     |     |     |     | D26~D16 | OSDx Right position  |   |
| 2nd BYTE DATA              | D23        | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16     | D15~D11              | Unused  |
|                            | OSD Right  |     |     |     |     |     |     | D10~D0  | OSDx Bottom position |   |
| 3rd BYTE DATA              | D15        | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11 | D10 | D9  | D8      |                      |   |
|                            | Unused     |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      |   |
| 4th BYTE DATA              | D7         | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0      |                      |   |
|                            | OSD Bottom |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      |   |
|                            |            |     |     |     |     |     |     |         |                      | Right position Max : 1919<br>Bottom position Max : 1079 |

Demo Window

| Demo Window : 0x09         |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                              |        |  |
|----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|--------|--|
| <b>4 Bytes Data Length</b> |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                              |        |  |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D31    | D30 | D29 | D28 | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24 | D31~D25                      | Unused |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D24 | Demo Window 1 : On ; 0 : Off |        |  |
| 2nd BYTE DATA              | D23    | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16 | D23~D0                       | Unused |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                              |        |  |
| 3rd BYTE DATA              | D15    | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11 | D10 | D9  | D8  |                              |        |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                              |        |  |
| 4th BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  |                              |        |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                              |        |  |
| Demo Window : 0x89         |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                              |        |  |
| <b>1 Byte Data Length</b>  |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                              |        |  |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  | D7~D1                        | Unused |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D0  | Demo Window 1 : On ; 0 : Off |        |  |

MEMC Level

| ME Level : 0x0A            |        |     |     |          |     |     |     |            |            |               |  |
|----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|------------|------------|---------------|--|
| <b>4 Bytes Data Length</b> |        |     |     |          |     |     |     |            |            |               |  |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D31    | D30 | D29 | D28      | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24        | D31~D29    | Unused        |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     | ME Level |     |     |     |            | D28~24     | ME Level 0~16 |  |
| 2nd BYTE DATA              | D23    | D22 | D21 | D20      | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16        |            |               |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |          |     |     |     | 0 : Strong |            |               |  |
| 3rd BYTE DATA              | D15    | D14 | D13 | D12      | D11 | D10 | D9  | D8         | 1 : Normal |               |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |          |     |     |     | 2 : Weak   |            |               |  |
| 4th BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4       | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0         | 3 : Off    |               |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |          |     |     |     | D23~D0     | Unused     |               |  |
| ME Level : 0x8A            |        |     |     |          |     |     |     |            |            |               |  |
| <b>1 Byte Data Length</b>  |        |     |     |          |     |     |     |            |            |               |  |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4       | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0         | D7~D5      | Unused        |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     | ME Level |     |     |     |            | D4~D0      | ME Level 0~16 |  |
|                            |        |     |     |          |     |     |     | 0 : Strong |            |               |  |
|                            |        |     |     |          |     |     |     | 1 : Normal |            |               |  |
|                            |        |     |     |          |     |     |     | 2 : Weak   |            |               |  |
|                            |        |     |     |          |     |     |     | 3 : Off    |            |               |  |

GV Mode

| GV Mode : 0x0B             |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                         |        |  |
|----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|--------|--|
| <b>4 Bytes Data Length</b> |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                         |        |  |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D31    | D30 | D29 | D28 | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24 | D31~D25                 | Unused |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D24 | 1 : Graphic ; 0 : Video |        |  |
| 2nd BYTE DATA              | D23    | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16 | D23~D0                  | Unused |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                         |        |  |
| 3rd BYTE DATA              | D15    | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11 | D10 | D9  | D8  |                         |        |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                         |        |  |
| 4th BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  |                         |        |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                         |        |  |
| GV Mode : 0x8B             |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                         |        |  |
| <b>1 Byte Data Length</b>  |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                         |        |  |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  | D7~D1                   | Unused |  |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D0  | 1 : Graphic ; 0 : Video |        |  |

Blanking (Enable/Disable)

| Blanking : 0x0C            |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |   |                            |        |    |
|----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|----------------------------|--------|----|
| <b>4 Bytes Data Length</b> |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |   |                            |        |    |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D31    | D30 | D29 | D28 | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24   | D31~D26                    | Unused |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D24   | Blanking; 1 : On ; 0 : Off |        |    |
| 2nd BYTE DATA              | D23    | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16   | D23~D0                     | Unused |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | When the input signal is unstable,<br>the screen should be blanked. |                            |        |    |
| 3rd BYTE DATA              | D15    | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11 | D10 | D9  |   |                            |        | D8 |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |   |                            |        |    |
| 4th BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  |                            |        |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |   |                            |        |    |
| Blanking : 0x8C            |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |   |                            |        |    |
| <b>1 Byte Data Length</b>  |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |   |                            |        |    |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  | D7~D1                      | Unused |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D0  | Blanking; 1 : On ; 0 : Off |        |    |

Rotation Panel Function

| RPF : 0x0D                 |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |                             |        |    |
|----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|-----------------------------|--------|----|
| <b>4 Bytes Data Length</b> |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |                             |        |    |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D31    | D30 | D29 | D28 | D27 | D26 | D25 | D24                                      | D31~D26                     | Unused |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D24                                      | Rotation; 1 : 180° ; 0 : 0° |        |    |
| 2nd BYTE DATA              | D23    | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 | D18 | D17 | D16                                      | D23~D0                      | Unused |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | 0: Normal display<br>1: Rotation display |                             |        |    |
| 3rd BYTE DATA              | D15    | D14 | D13 | D12 | D11 | D10 | D9  |  |                             |        | D8 |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |                             |        |    |
| 4th BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0                                       |                             |        |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |                             |        |    |
| RPF : 0x8D                 |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |                             |        |    |
| <b>1 Byte Data Length</b>  |        |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |                             |        |    |
| 1st BYTE DATA              | D7     | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0                                       | D7~D1                       | Unused |    |
|                            | Unused |     |     |     |     |     |     | D0                                       | Blanking; 1 : On ; 0 : Off  |        |    |

**A.6 TWO WIRE BUS REQUIREMENT**

| Symbol         | Parameter  | Condition   | Min                    | Max                         | Units         |
|----------------|--|---|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| $V_L$          | Input Low-voltage                                |   | 0                      | 0.7                         | V             |
| $V_H$          | Input High-voltage                               |   | 2.7                    | 3.3                         | V             |
| $V_{HY}^{(1)}$ | Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger Inputs             |   | 0.16                   | –                           | V             |
| $V_{OL}^{(1)}$ | Output Low-voltage                               | 3 mA sink current                                     | 0                      | 0.4                         | V             |
| $t_r^{(1)}$    | Rise Time for both SDA and SCL                   |   | $20 + 0.1C_b^{(3)(2)}$ | 900                         | ns            |
| $t_{of}^{(1)}$ | Output Fall Time from $V_{IHmin}$ to $V_{ILmax}$ | $10 \text{ pF} < C_b < 400 \text{ pF}^{(1)}$          | $20 + 0.1C_b^{(3)(2)}$ | 250                         | ns            |
| $t_{sp}^{(1)}$ | Spikes Suppressed by Input Filter                |   | 0                      | $50^{(2)}$                  | ns            |
| $I_i$          | Input Current each I/O Pin                       | $0.1V_{CC} < V_i < 0.9V_{CC}$                         | -10                    | 10                          | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $C_i^{(1)}$    | Capacitance for each I/O Pin                     |   | –                      | 10                          | pF            |
| $f_{SCL}$      | SCL Clock Frequency                              | $f_{CK}^{(4)} > \max(16f_{SCL}, 250\text{kHz})^{(5)}$ | 0                      | 400                         | KHz           |
| $R_p$          | Value of Pull-up resistor                        | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 3000                   | $\frac{1000\text{ns}}{C_b}$ | $\Omega$      |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 3000                   | $\frac{900\text{ns}}{C_b}$  | $\Omega$      |
| $t_{HD,STA}$   | Hold Time (repeated) START Condition             | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 4.0                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 0.6                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{LOW}$      | Low Period of the SCL Clock                      | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}^{(6)}$                  | 4.7                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}^{(7)}$                     | 1.3                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{HIGH}$     | High period of the SCL clock                     | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 4.0                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 0.6                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{SU,STA}$   | Set-up time for a repeated START condition       | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 4.7                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 0.6                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{HD,DAT}$   | Data hold time                                   | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 0                      | 3.45                        | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 0                      | 0.0                         | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{SU,DAT}$   | Data setup time                                  | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 250                    | –                           | ns            |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 100                    | –                           | ns            |
| $t_{SU,STO}$   | Setup time for STOP condition                    | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 4.0                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 0.6                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{BFF}$      | Bus free time between a STOP and START condition | $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$                        | 4.7                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                |  | $f_{SCL} > 100 \text{ kHz}$                           | 1.3                    | –                           | $\mu\text{s}$ |

**A.7 THE TWO WIRE BUS SEQUENCE**

