

- Tentative Specification
- Preliminary Specification
- Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: V546HK3

SUFFIX: PS1

Customer:

APPROVED BY

SIGNATURE

Name / Title _____

Note

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

Refer to "V546" Incoming Inspection Spec

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver 2.1	6 Jun.12	All	All	The Approval specification was first issued.

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

V546HK3-PS1 is a 54.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display product with driver ICs and 4ch-LVDS interface. This product supports 1920 x 1080 HDTV format and can display true 1.073G colors (10-bit). The backlight unit is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

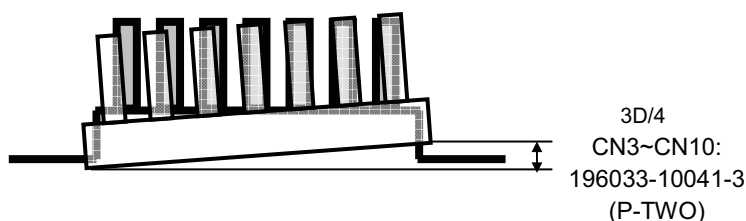
CHARACTERISTICS ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
Screen Diagonal [in]	54.6
Pixels [lines]	1920 x 1080
Active Area [mm]	1209.6(H) x 680.4(V) (54.6" diagonal)
Sub-Pixel Pitch [mm]	0.21(H) x 0.63(V)
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Weight [g]	3450
Physical Size [mm]	1225.5(W) x 696.5(H) x 1.80(D) Typ
Display Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally black
Contrast Ratio	6000:1 Typ. (Typical value measured at CMI's module)
Glass thickness (Array / CF) [mm]	0.7 / 0.7
Viewing Angle (CR>20)	+88/-88(H), +88/-88(V) Typ. (Typical value measured at CMI's module)
Color Chromaticity	R=(0.659, 0.324) G=(0.267, 0.585) B=(0.133, 0.107) W=(0.304, 0.361) * Please refer to "color chromaticity" on p.24
Cell Transparency [%]	6.4%Typ. (Typical value measured at CMI's module)
Polarizer Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 3.5%) Hardness (3H)

1.3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Weight	-	3450	-	g	-
I/F connector mounting position	The mounting inclination of the connector makes the screen center within ± 0.5 mm as the horizontal.				(2)

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Connector mounting position



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	°C	(1) With CMI Module
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	(1), (2) With CMI Module

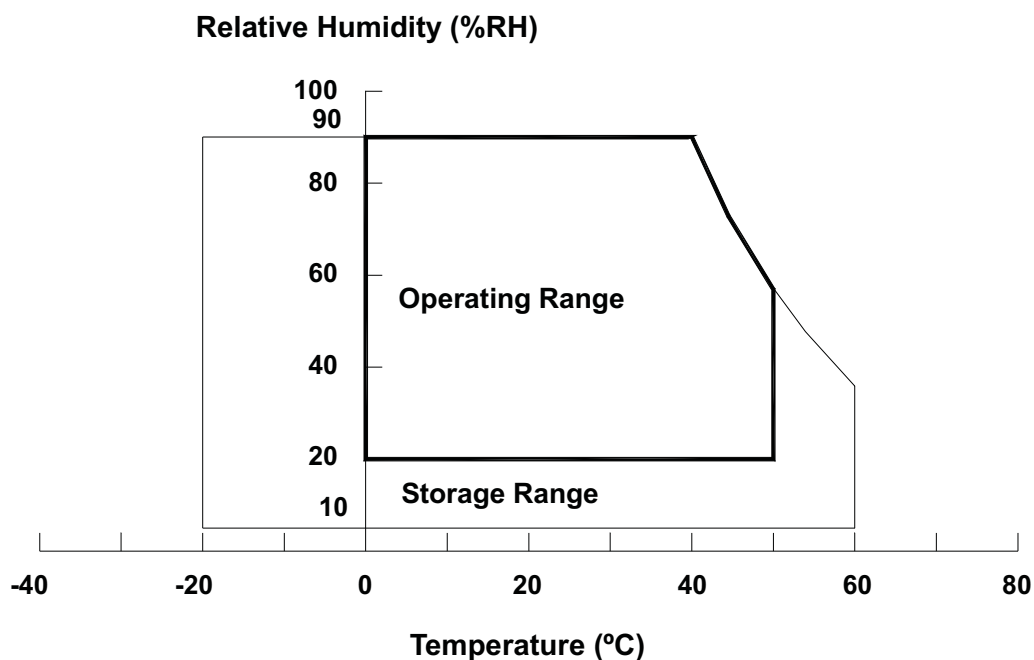
Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

(a) 90 %RH Max. ($T_a \leq 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. ($T_a > 40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$).

(c) No condensation.

Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65 °C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS(OPEN CELL)

Storage Condition: With shipping package.

Storage temperature range: 25±5 °C

Storage humidity range: 50±10%RH

Shelf life: a month

2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	13.5	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	3.6	V	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

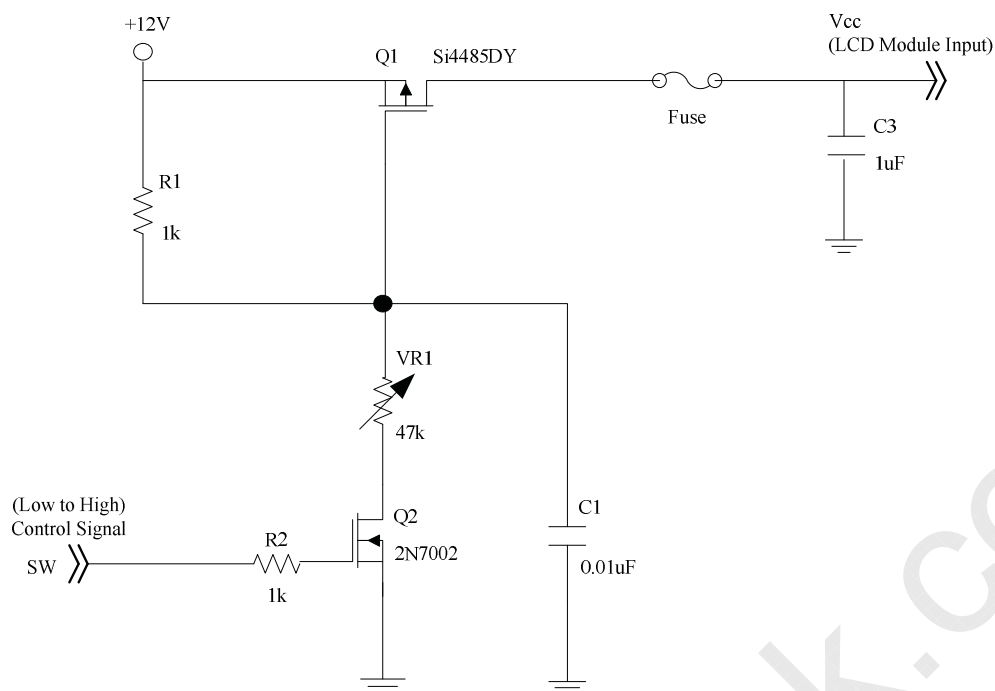
3.1 TFT LCD Module

(Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

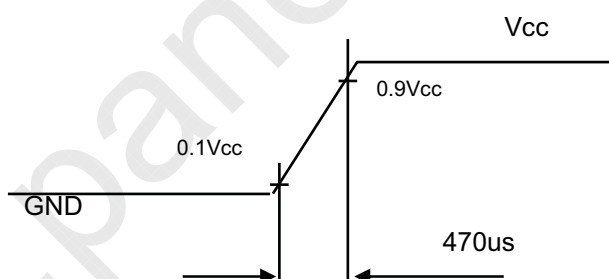
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage		V _{CC}	10.8	12	13.2	V	(1)
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	—	—	2.34	A	(2)
Power Consumption	White Pattern	—	—	8.64	10.296	W	(3)
	Horizontal Stripe	—	—	18.864	22.464	W	
	Black Pattern	—	—	7.344	8.58	W	
Power Supply Current	White Pattern	—	—	0.72	0.858	A	
	Horizontal Stripe	—	—	1.572	1.872	A	
	Black Pattern	—	—	0.612	0.715	A	
LVDS interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{LVTH}	+100	—	—	mV	(4)
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{LVTL}	—	—	-100	mV	
	Common Input Voltage	V _{CM}	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
	Differential input voltage (single-end)	V _{ID}	200	—	600	mV	
	Terminating Resistor	R _T	—	100	—	ohm	
CMIS interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH}	2.7	—	3.3	V	
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL}	0	—	0.7	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement condition:

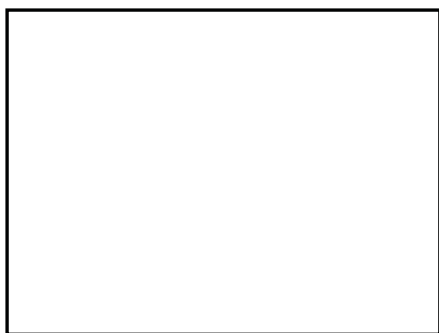


Vcc rising time is 470us



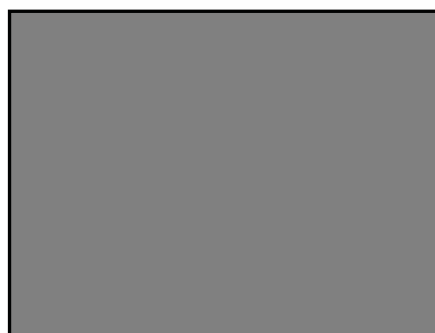
Note (3) The specified power consumption and power supply current is under the conditions at $V_{cc} = 12\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $f_v = 120\text{ Hz}$, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



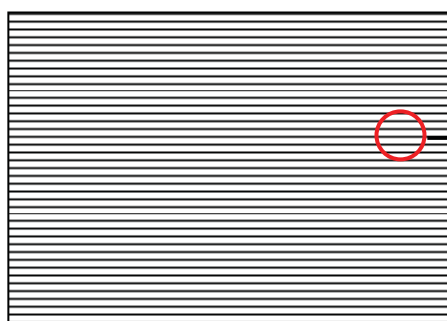
Active Area

b. Black Pattern

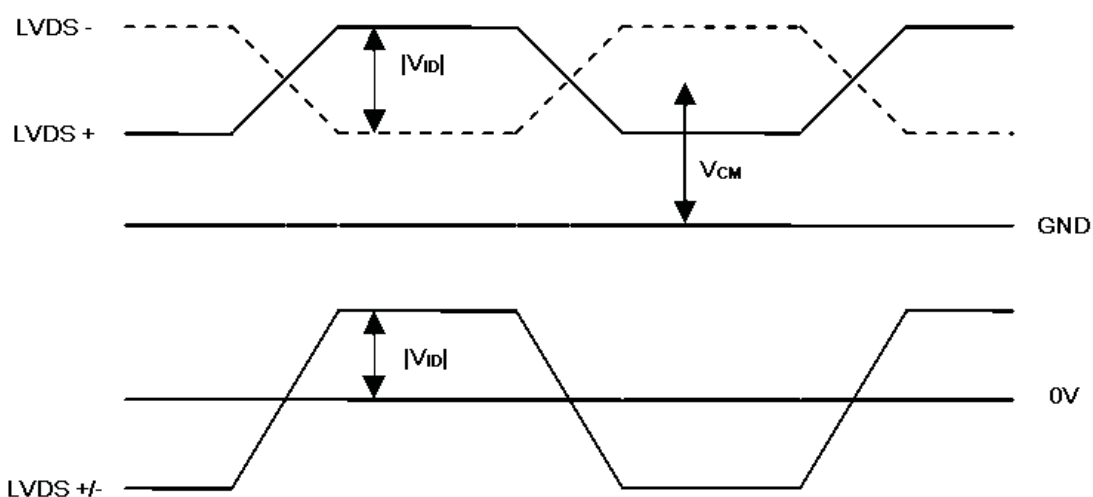


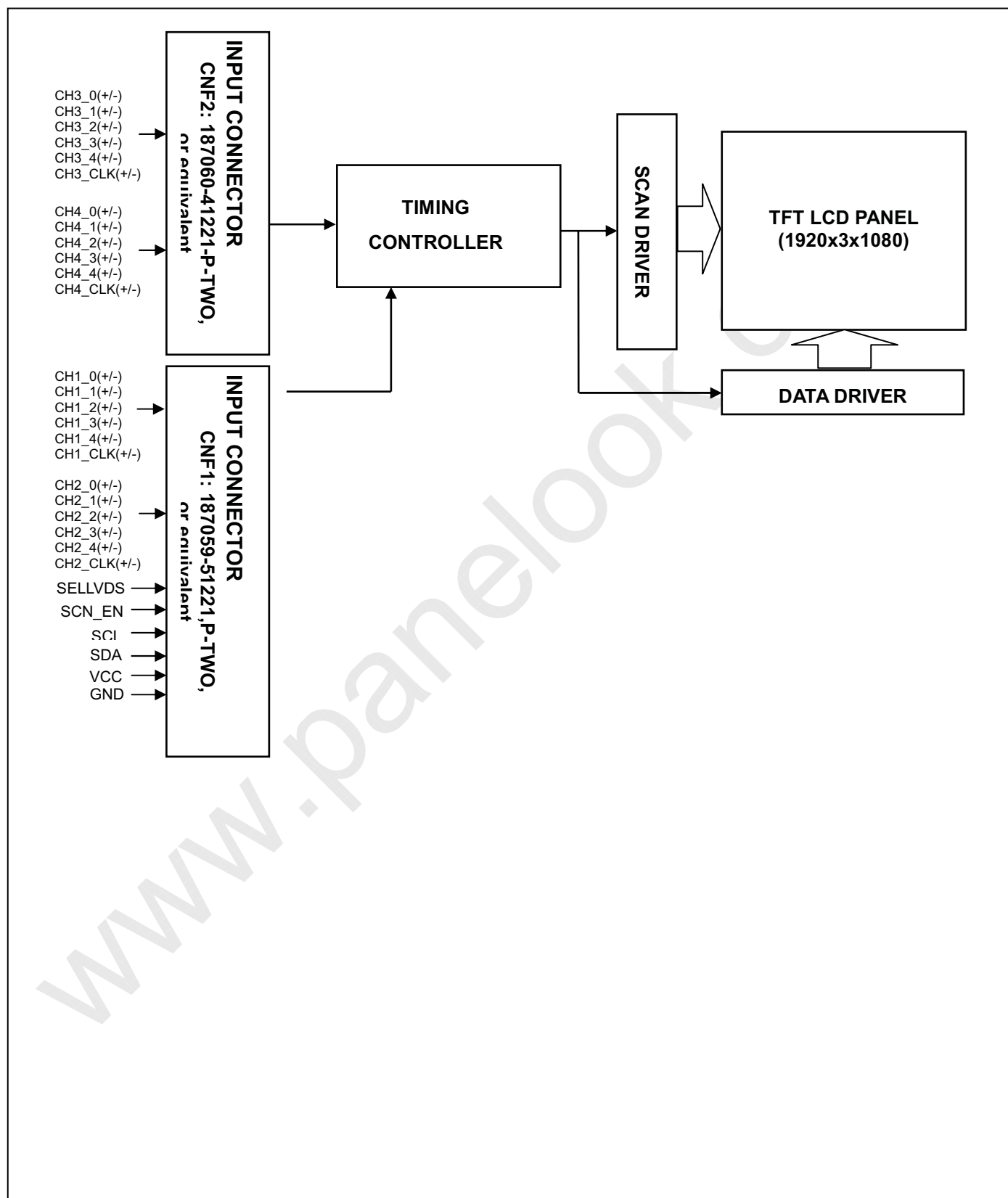
Active Area

c. Horizontal Pattern



Note (4) The LVDS input characteristics are as follows:



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE
4.1 TFT LCD MODULE


5 .INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD OPEN CELL

CNF1 Connector Pin Assignment: (FI-RE51S-HF(JAE) or equivalent)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
2	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock (for local dimming demo function)	(5)
3	SDA	EEPROM Serial Data (for local dimming demo function)	
4	NC	No Connection	1
5	NC	No Connection	
6	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
7	SELLVDS	LVDS Data Format Selection	(2)(3)
8	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
9	N.C.	No Connection	
10	N.C.	No Connection	
11	GND	Ground	
12	CH1[0]-	First pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	(4)
13	CH1[0]+	First pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	
14	CH1[1]-	First pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
15	CH1[1]+	First pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
16	CH1[2]-	First pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	(4)
17	CH1[2]+	First pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	
18	GND	Ground	
19	CH1CLK-	First pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.	(4)
20	CH1CLK+	First pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.	
21	GND	Ground	
22	CH1[3]-	First pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	(4)
23	CH1[3]+	First pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	
24	CH1[4]-	First pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
25	CH1[4]+	First pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
26	GND	Ground	
27	NC	No Connection	
28	CH2[0]-	Second pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	(4)

29	CH2[0]+	Second pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	(4)
30	CH2[1]-	Second pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
31	CH2[1]+	Second pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
32	CH2[2]-	Second pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	
33	CH2[2]+	Second pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	
34	GND	Ground	
35	CH2CLK-	Second pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.	(4)
36	CH2CLK+	Second pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.	
37	GND	Ground	
38	CH2[3]-	Second pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	(4)
39	CH2[3]+	Second pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	
40	CH2[4]-	Second pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
41	CH2[4]+	Second pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
42	NC	No Connection	(5)(3)
43	GND	Ground	
44	GND	Ground	
45	GND	Ground	
46	GND	Ground	
47	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
48	VCC	+12V power supply	
49	VCC	+12V power supply	
50	VCC	+12V power supply	
51	VCC	+12V power supply	

CNF2 Connector Pin Assignment (FI-RE41S-HF (JAE) or equivalent)

Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
2	N.C.	No Connection	
3	N.C.	No Connection	
4	N.C.	No Connection	
5	N.C.	No Connection	
6	N.C.	No Connection	
7	N.C.	No Connection	
8	N.C.	No Connection	
9	GND	Ground	
10	CH3[0]-	Third pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	(4)
11	CH3[0]+	Third pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	
12	CH3[1]-	Third pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
13	CH3[1]+	Third pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
14	CH3[2]-	Third pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	
15	CH3[2]+	Third pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	
16	GND	Ground	
17	CH3CLK-	Third pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.	(4)
18	CH3CLK+	Third pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.	
19	GND	Ground	
20	CH3[3]-	Third pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	(4)
21	CH3[3]+	Third pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	
22	CH3[4]-	Third pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
23	CH3[4]+	Third pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
24	GND	Ground	
25	GND	Ground	
26	CH4[0]-	Fourth pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	(4)
27	CH4[0]+	Fourth pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 0	
28	CH4[1]-	Fourth pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
29	CH4[1]+	Fourth pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 1	
30	CH4[2]-	Fourth pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	

31	CH4[2]+	Fourth pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 2	(4)
32	GND	Ground	
33	CH4CLK-	Fourth pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.	(4)
34	CH4CLK+	Fourth pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.	
35	GND	Ground	
36	CH4[3]-	Fourth pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	(4)
37	CH4[3]+	Fourth pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 3	
38	CH4[4]-	Fourth pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
39	CH4[4]+	Fourth pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Pair 4	
40	GND	Ground	
41	GND	Ground	

Note (1) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

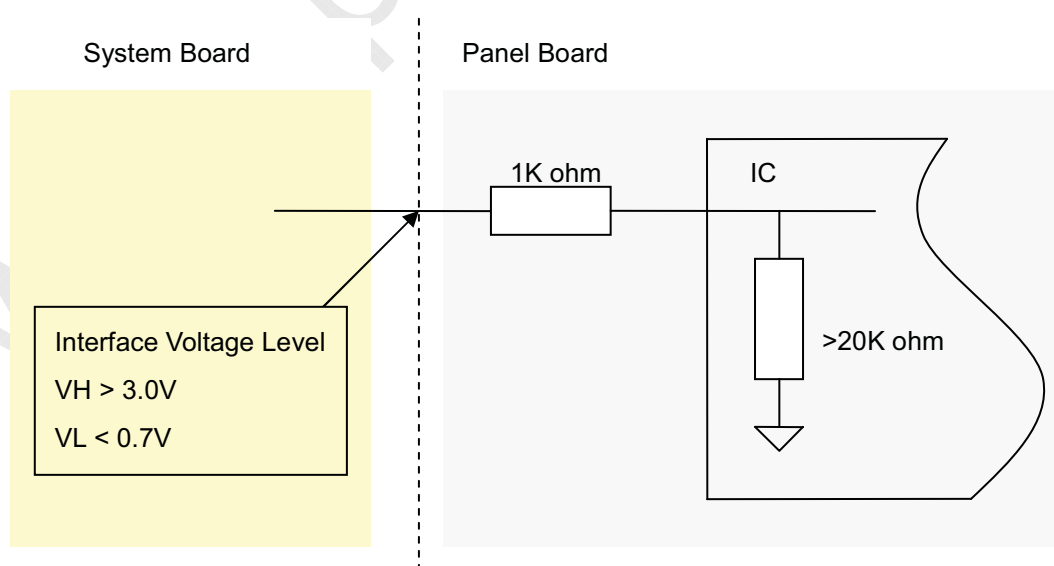
Note (2) LVDS format selection.

L= Connect to GND, H=Connect to +3.3V or open

SELLVDS	Note
L	JEIDA Format
H or Open	VESA Format

Note (3) SELLVDS signal pin connected to the LCM side has the following diagram.

R1 in the system side should be less than 1K Ohm. ($R1 < 1K \text{ Ohm}$)

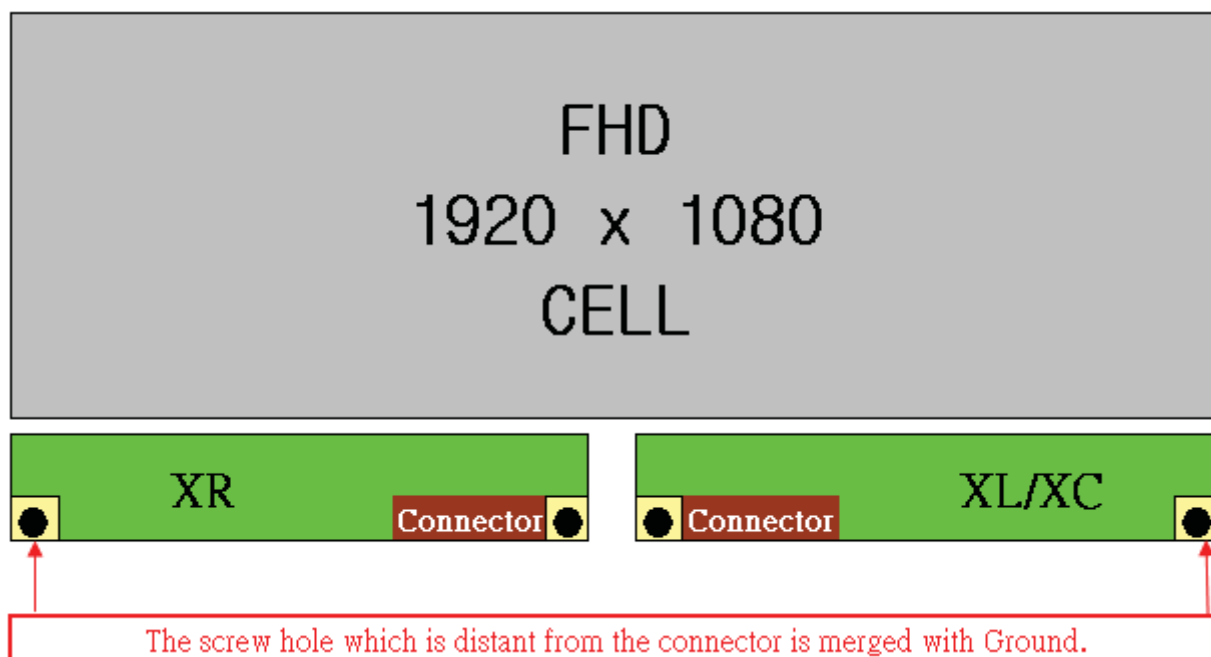


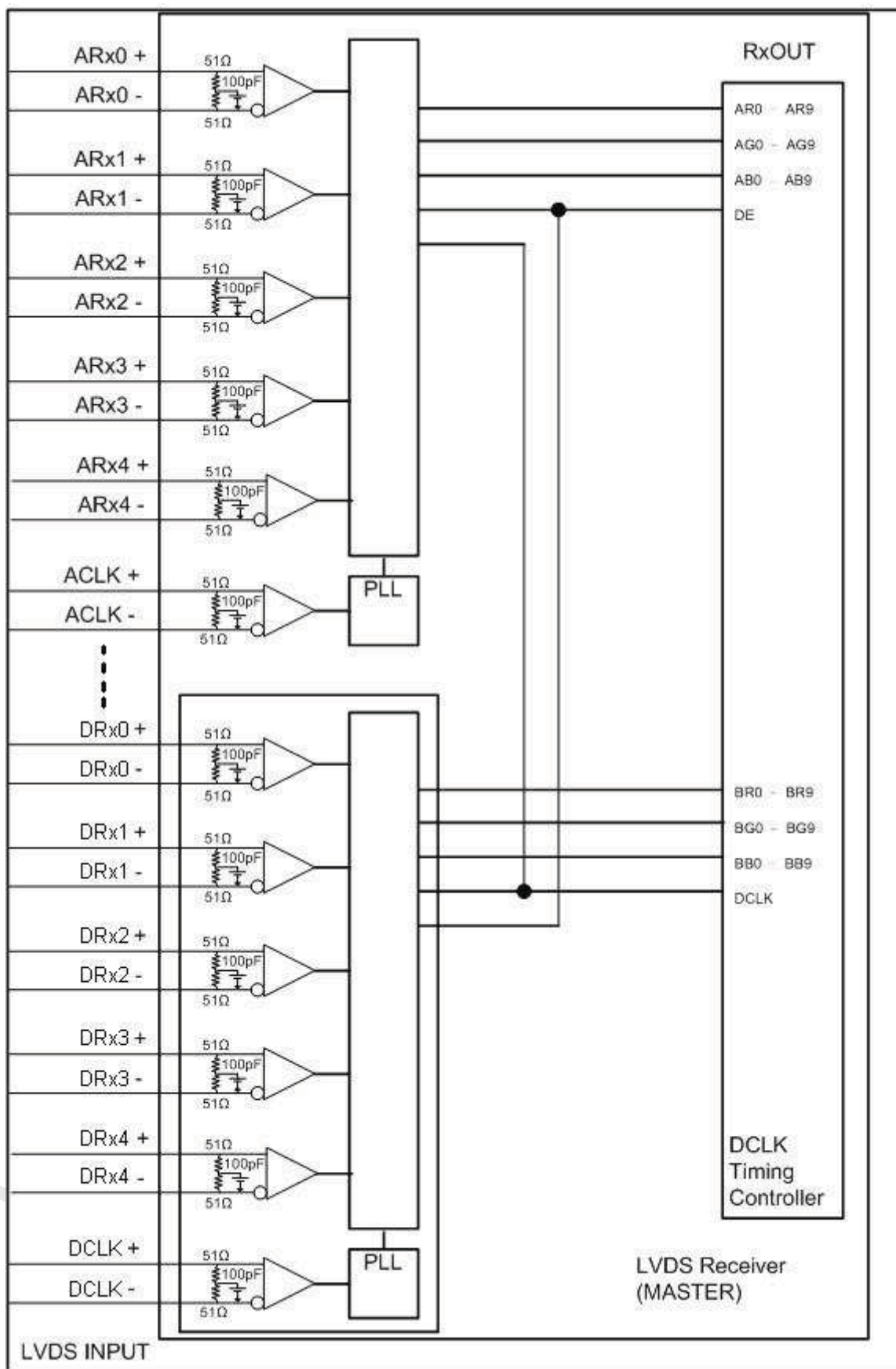
Note (4) LVDS 4-port Data Mapping

Port	Channel of LVDS	Data Stream
1st Port	First Pixel	1, 5, 9,1913, 1917
2nd Port	Second Pixel	2, 6, 10,1914, 1918
3rd Port	Third Pixel	3, 7, 11,1915, 1919
4th Port	Fourth Pixel	4, 8, 12,1916, 1920

Note (5) Please reference Appendix A

Note (6) The screw hole which is distant from the connector is merged with Ground





AR0~AR9: First pixel R data

AG0~AG9: First pixel G data

AB0~AB9: First pixel B data

BR0~BR9: Second pixel R data

BG0~BG9: Second pixel G data

BB0~BB9: Second pixel B data

DE: Data enable signal

DCLK: Data clock signal

The third and fourth pixel are followed the same rules.

CR0~CR9: Third pixel R data

CG0~CG9: Third pixel G data

CB0~CB9: Third pixel B data

DR0~DR9: Fourth pixel R data

DG0~DG9: Fourth pixel G data

DB0~DB9: Fourth pixel B data

Note (1) A ~ D channel are first, second, third and fourth pixel respectively.

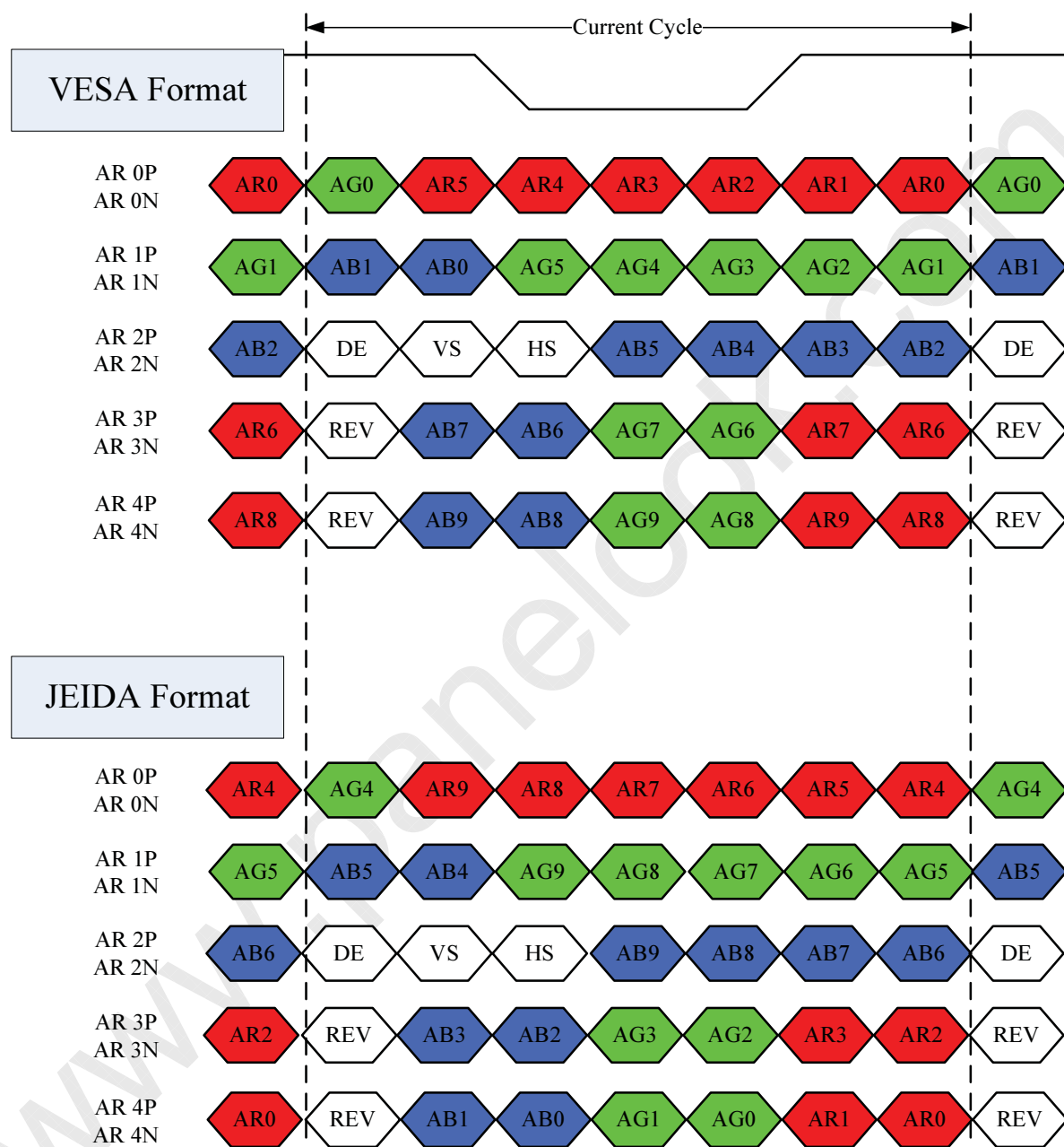
Note (2) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.

Note (3) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is used differentially.

5.2 LVDS INTERFACE

JEIDA Format : SELLVDS = L

VESA Format : SELLVDS = H or Open



AR0~AR9: First Pixel R Data (9; MSB, 0; LSB)

AG0~AG9: First Pixel G Data (9; MSB, 0; LSB)

AB0~AB9: First Pixel B Data (9; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE : Data enable signal

DCLK : Data clock signal

RSV: Reserved



PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																											
		Red										Green										Blue							
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
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	Red (1021)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale Of Green	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
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	Green (1021)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		
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	Blue (1021)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

Blue (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

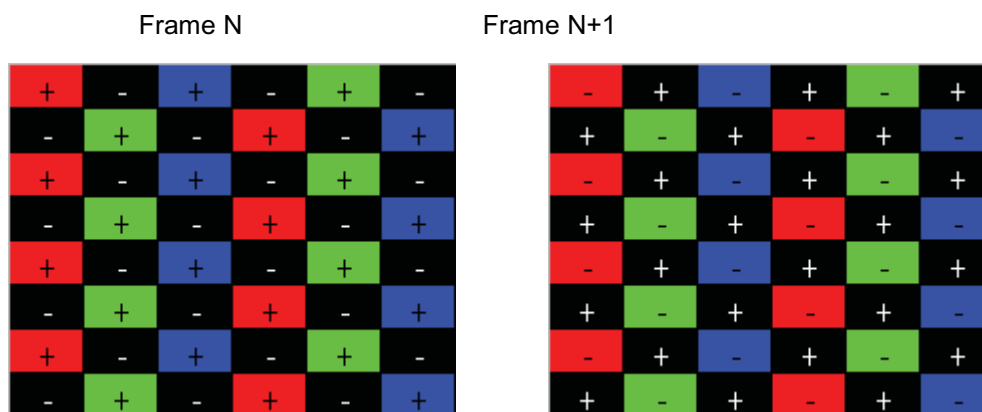
Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



5.4 FLICKER (Vcom/Gamma) ADJUSTMENT

(1) Adjustment Pattern:

Sub pixel on/off Pattern was shown as below. If customer need below pattern, please directly contact with Account FAE. (bright sub-pixel : G128 ; dark sub-pixel : G0)



(2) Adjustment method: (Digital V-com / Gamma)

Programmable memory IC is used for Digital V-com (Gamma) adjustment in this model. CMI provide Auto V-com (Auto Gamma) tools to adjust Digital V-com (Gamma). The detail connection and setting instruction, please directly contact with Account FAE or refer CMI Auto V-com (Auto Gamma) adjustment OI. Below items is suggested to be ready before Digital V-com (Gamma) adjustment in customer LCM line.

6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

(Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LVDS Receiver Clock	Frequency	Fclkin (=1/TC)	73	74.25	75.5	MHz	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	Trcl	-	-	200	ps	(3)
	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mod	Fclkin-2%	-	Fclkin+2%	MHz	(4)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	FSSM	-	-	200	KHz	
LVDS Receiver Data	Rceiver Skew margin	TRSKM	-400		400	ps	(5)

6.1.1 Timing spec for Frame Rate = 100Hz

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Frame rate	2D mode	F _{r5}	94	100	106	Hz		
Vertical Active Display Term	2D Mode	Total	Tv	1090	1350	1395	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tv _b
		Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	—
		Blank	Tvb	10	270	315	Th	—
Horizontal Active Display Term	2D Mode	Total	Th	520	550	670	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
		Display	Thd	480	480	480	Tc	—
		Blank	Thb	40	70	190	Tc	—
		Display	Thd	480	480	480	Tc	—
		Blank	Thb	40	70	190	Tc	—

6.1.2 Timing spec for Frame Rate = 120Hz

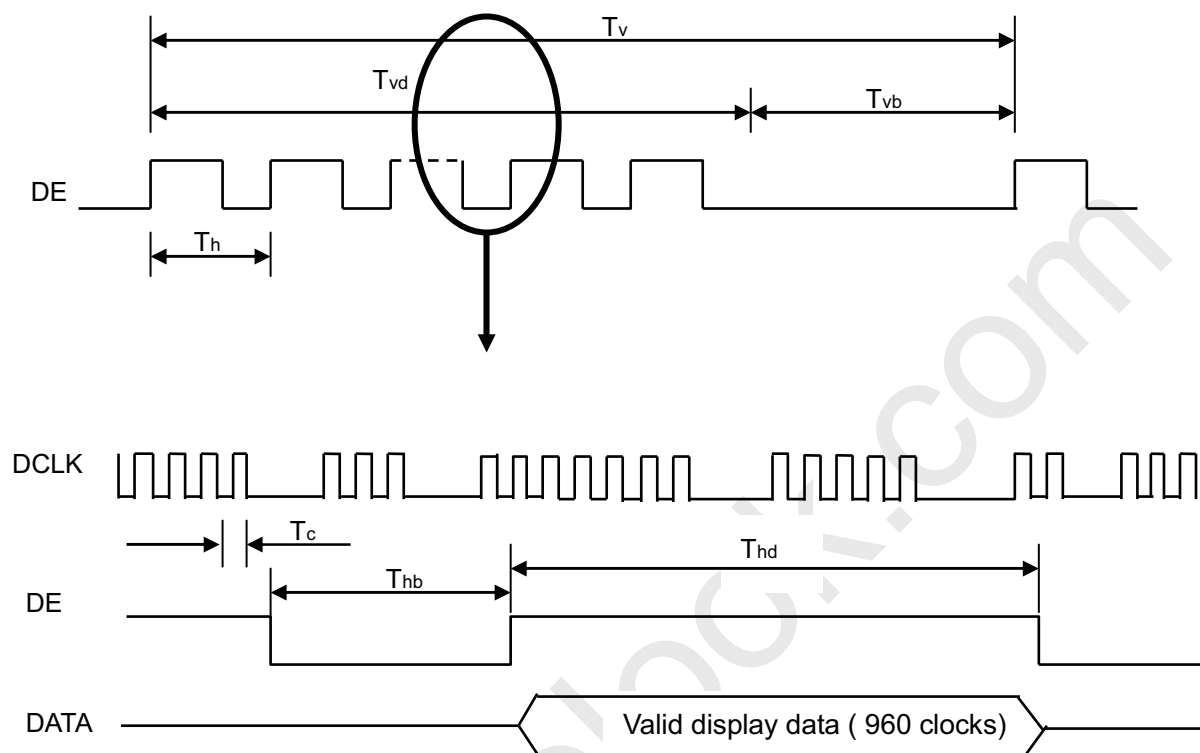
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Frame rate	2D mode	F _{r6}	114	120	126	Hz		
Vertical Active Display Term	2D Mode	Total	T _v	1090	1125	1395	Th	T _v =T _{vd} +T _{vb}
		Display	T _{vd}	1080	1080	1080	Th	—
		Blank	T _{vb}	10	45	315	Th	—
Horizontal Active Display Term	2D Mode	Total	T _h	520	550	670	T _c	T _h =T _{hd} +T _{hb}
		Display	T _{hd}	480	480	480	T _c	—
		Blank	T _{hb}	40	70	190	T _c	—
		Blank	T _{hb}	40	70	190	T _c	—

(Note (1) Since the module is operated in DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

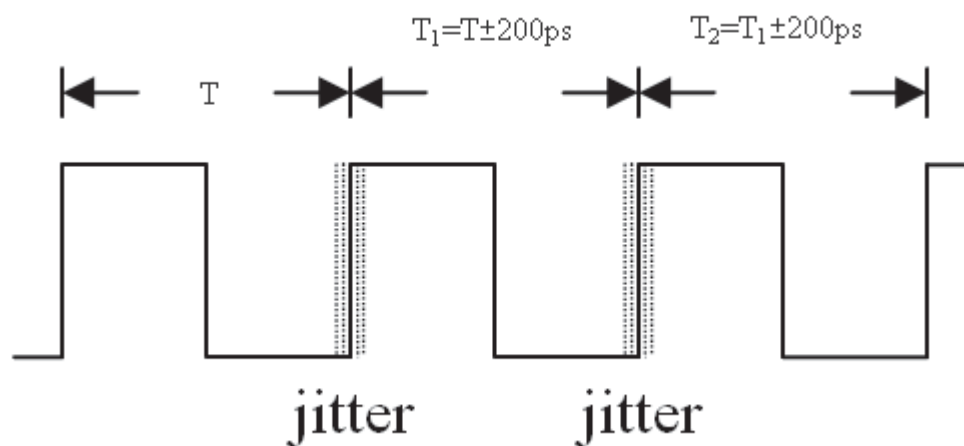
Note (2) Please make sure the range of pixel clock has follow the below equation:

$$F_{clkin(max)} \geq F_{r6} \times T_v \times T_h$$

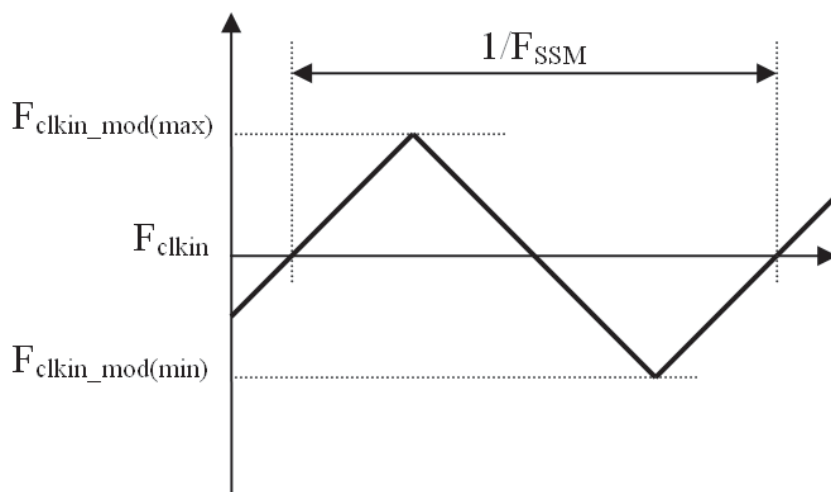
$$F_{r5} \times T_v \times T_h \geq F_{clkin(min)}$$

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM


Note (3) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. $Trcl = |T_1 - T_1|$

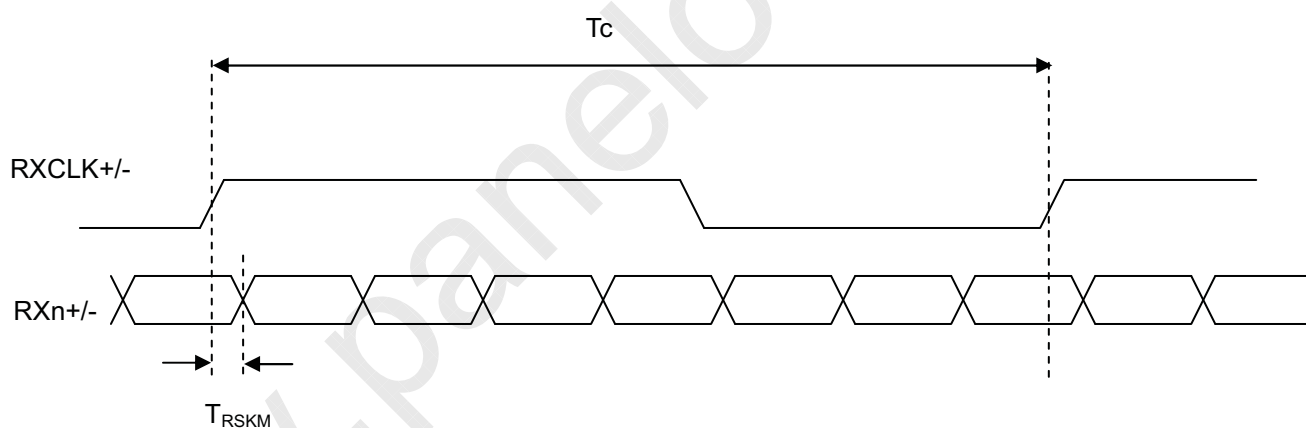


Note (4) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (5) LVDS receiver skew margin is defined and shown as below.

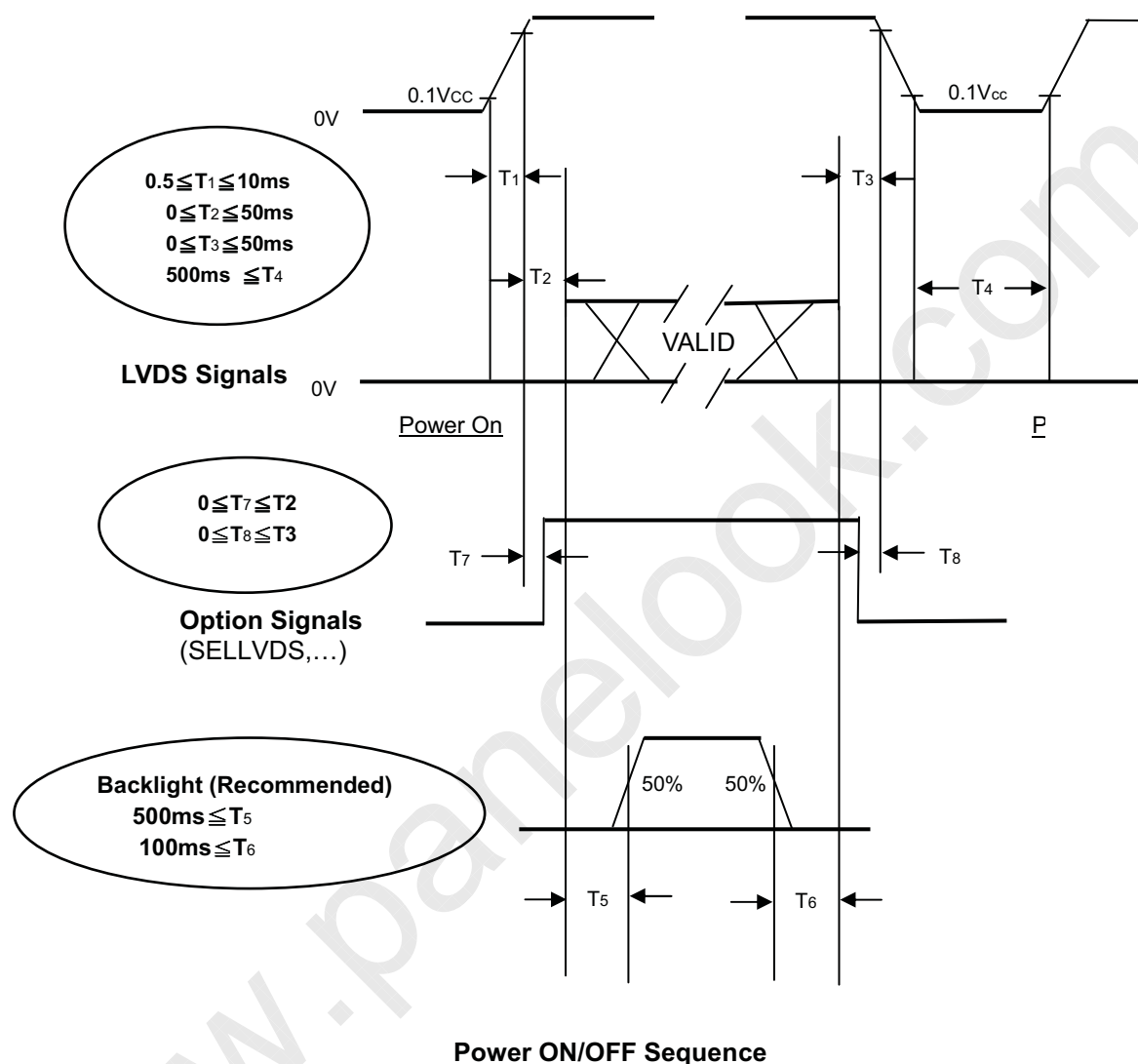
LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

($T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of V_{cc} .

Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.

Note (3) In case of V_{cc} is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance. If $T2 < 0$, that maybe cause electrical overstress failure.

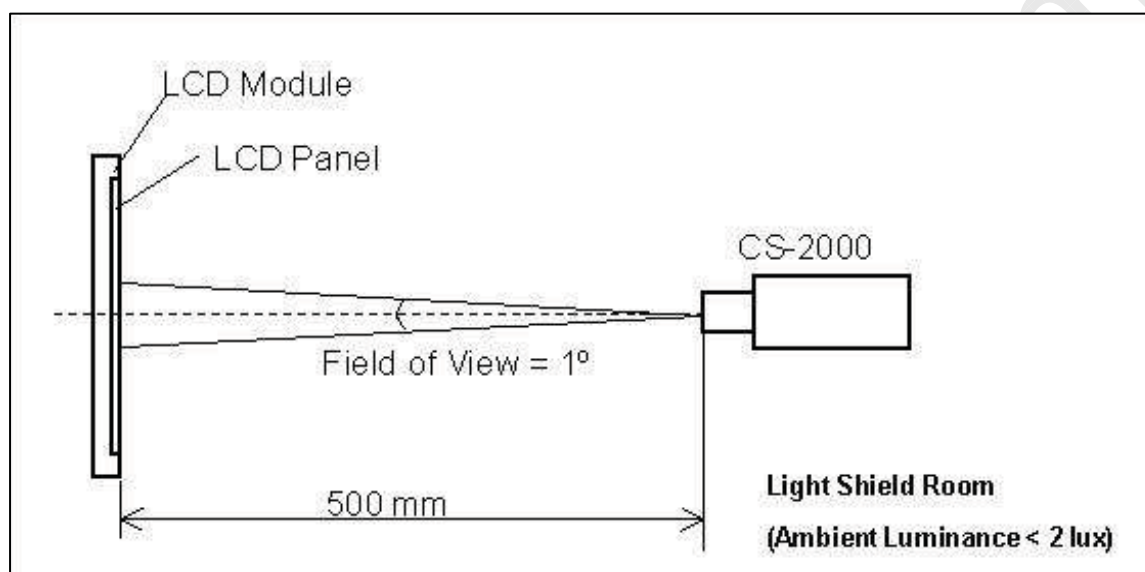
Note (4) $T4$ should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS
7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	12V	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
LED Current	I _L	160	mA

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring in a windless room.



7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown as below. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in 7.1.

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Color Chromaticity	Red	Rcx	-	0.659	-	-	(0)
		Rcy		0.324		-	
	Green	Gcx		0.267		-	
		Gcy		0.585		-	
	Blue	Bcx		0.133		-	
		Bcy		0.107		-	
	White	Wcx		0.304		-	
		Wcy		0.361		-	
Center Transmittance	T%	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_y=0^\circ$	-	6.4	-	%	(1),(6)
Contrast Ratio	CR	with CMI module	4200	6000	-	-	(1),(3)
Response Time	Gray to gray	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_y=0^\circ$ with CMI Module	-	6	12	ms	(1),(4)
White Variation	δW	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_y=0^\circ$ with CMI module	-	-	1.3	-	(1),(5)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x+}	-	88	-	Deg.	(1),(2)
		θ_{x-}	-	88	-		
	Vertical	θ_{y+}	-	88	-		
		θ_{y-}	-	88	-		

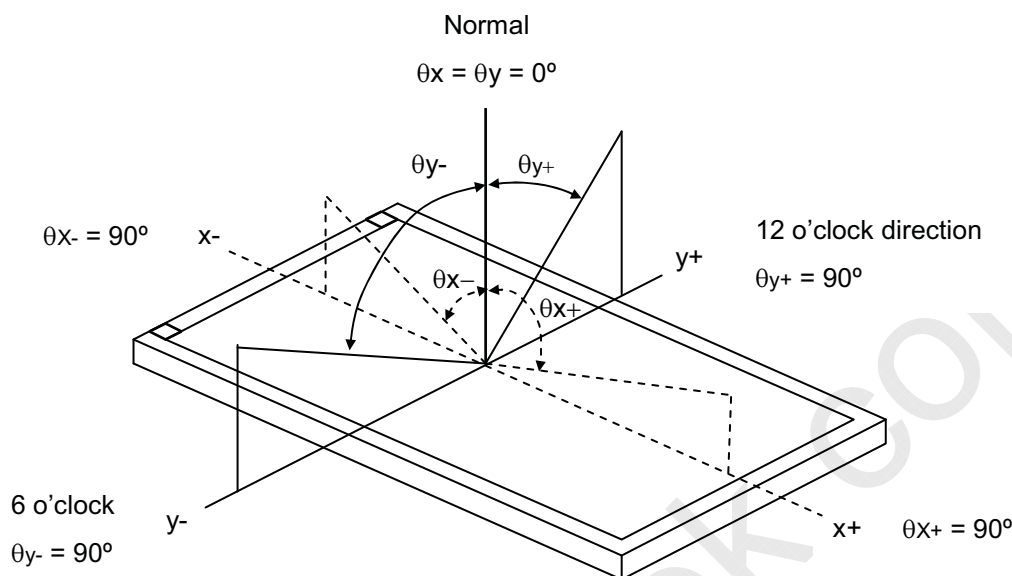
Note (0) Light source is the standard light source "C" which is defined by CIE and driving voltage are based on suitable gamma voltages. The calculating method is as following:

1. Measure Module's and BLU's spectrum at center point. White and R,G,B are with signal input. BLU (for V546HK3-LS5) is supplied by CMI.
2. Calculate cell's spectrum.
3. Calculate cell's chromaticity by using the spectrum of standard light source "C".

Note (1) Light source is the BLU which supplied by CMI and driving voltage are based on suitable gamma voltages.

Note (2) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_x , θ_y):

Viewing angles are measured by Autronic Conoscope Cono-80



Note (3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

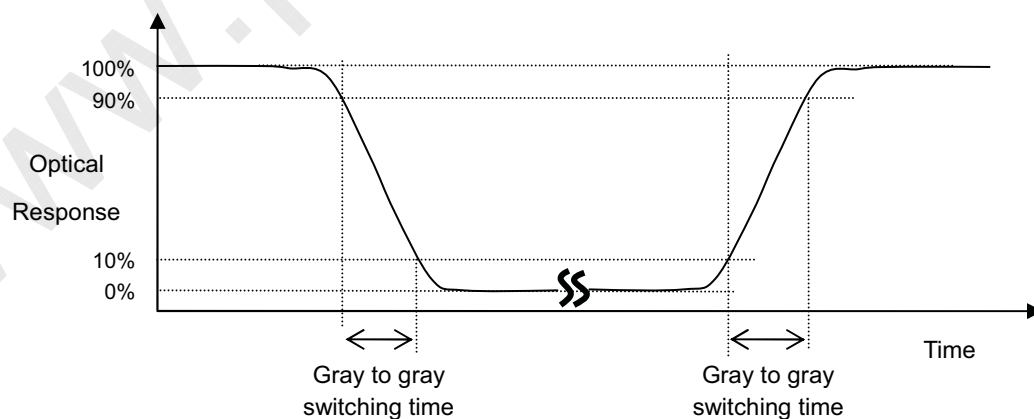
$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L255}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L0}}$$

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (5).

Note (4) Definition of Gray-to-Gray Switching Time:



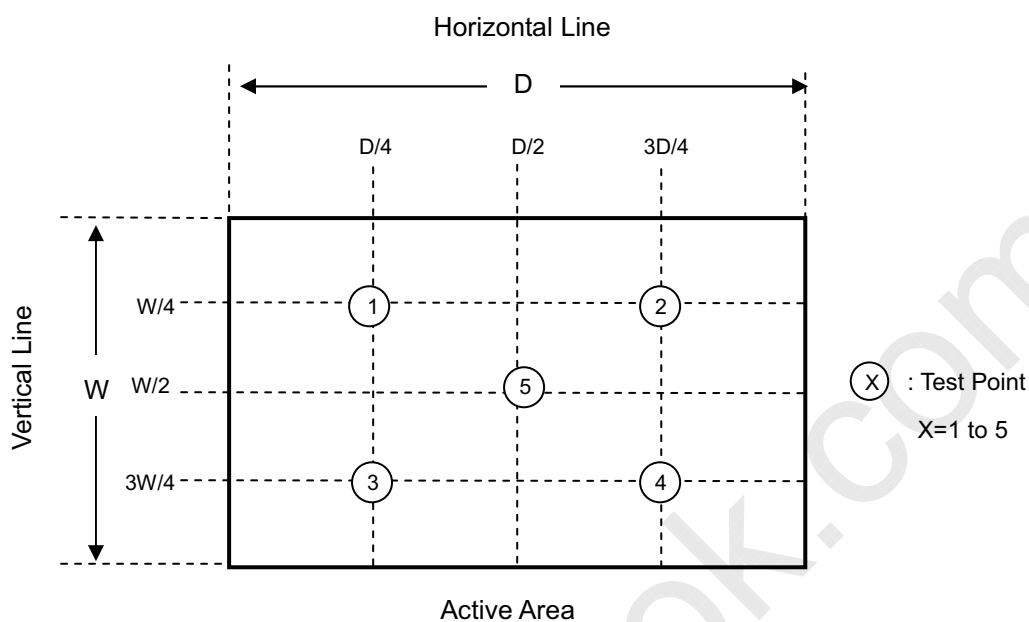
The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 124, 252, 380, 508, 636, 764, 892 and 1023.

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0, 124, 252, 380, 508, 636, 764, 892 and 1023 to each other.

Note (5) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

$$\delta W = \text{Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]} / \text{Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]}$$



Note (6) Definition of Transmittance (T%) :

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point of LCD module.

$$\text{Transmittance (T\%)} = \frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module}}{\text{Luminance of backligh unit}} \times 100\%$$

8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- [1] Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- [2] It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- [3] Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and Backlight.
- [4] Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.
- [5] Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.
- [6] Do not disassemble the module.
- [7] Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- [8] Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.
- [9] When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.
 - [9.1] Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35°C at normal humidity without condensation.
 - [9.2] The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- [10] When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than that of room temperature.

8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- [1] The startup voltage of a Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- [2] If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- [3] After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 OPEN CELL LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each open cell as illustration for CMI internal contro

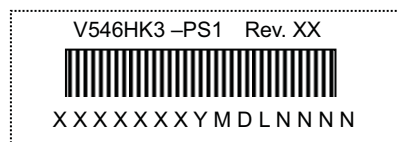
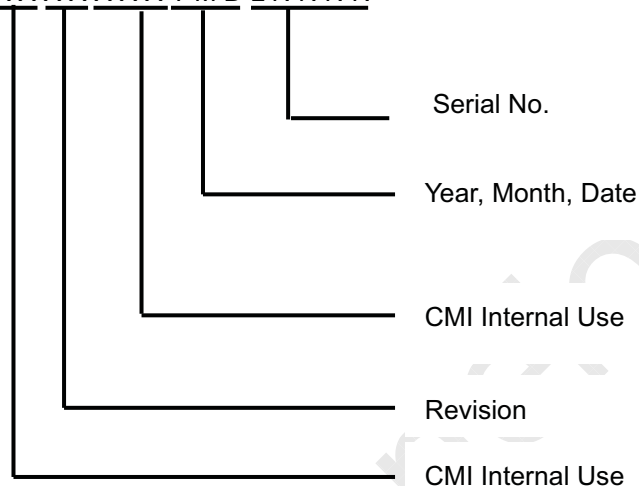


Figure.8-1 Serial No. Label on SPWB

Model Name: V546HK3-PS1

Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

Serial ID: XXXXXXYMDLNNNN



Serial ID includes the information as below:

Manufactured Date:

Year: 2010=0, 2011=1,2012=2...etc.

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I ,O, and U.

Revision Code: Cover all the change

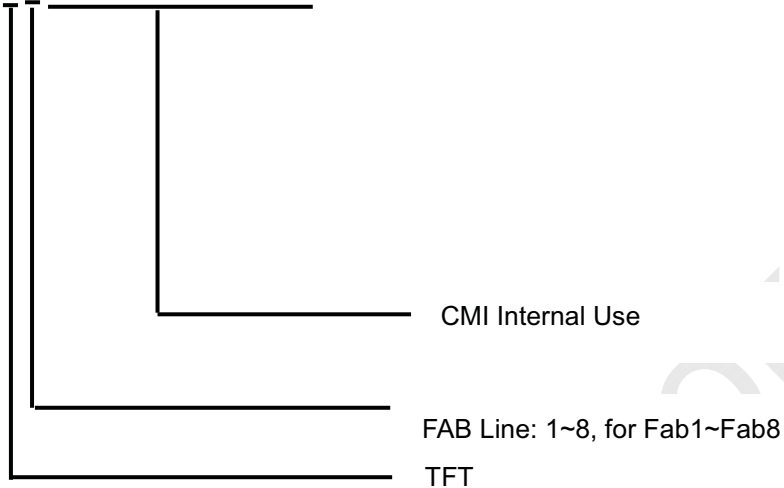
Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product



Figure.9-2 Panel ID Label on Cell

Panel ID Label includes the information as below:

Panel ID: T X X X X X X X X X X



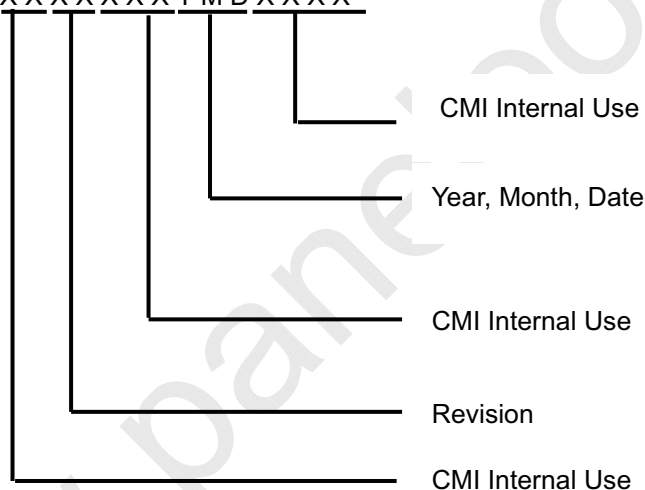
9.2 CARTON LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each box as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.

PO.NO.	_____
Part ID.	_____ Quantities _____
Model Name	_____
Carton ID.	_____

(a) Model Name: V546HK3- PS1

(b) Carton ID: X X X X X X Y M D X X X X



Serial ID includes the information as below:

Manufactured Date:

Year: 2010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2...etc.

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O, and U.

Revision Code: Cover all the change

(c) Quantities: 8

10. Packaging

10.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 8 LCD TV Panels / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions : 1320 (L) X910 (W) X99 (H)mm
- (3) Weight : approximately 40 Kg (8 panels per box)
- (4) 88 LCD TV Panels / 1 Group

10.2 PACKING METHOD

Figures 10-1 and 10-2 are the packing method

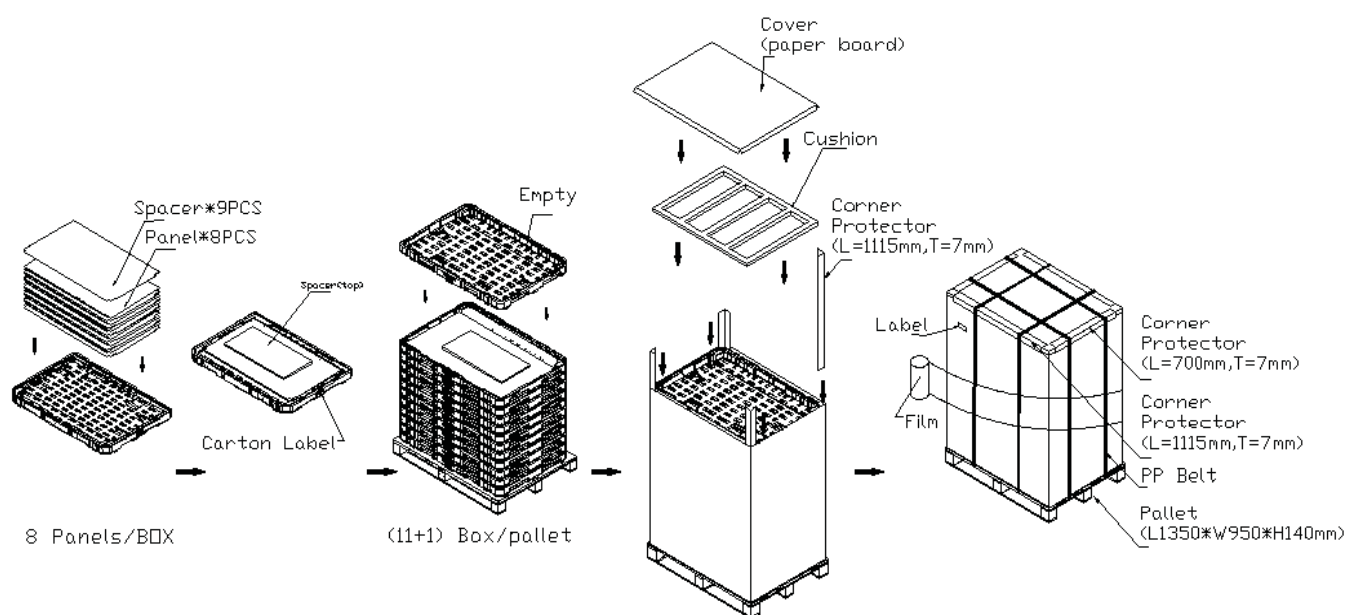


Figure.10-1 packing method

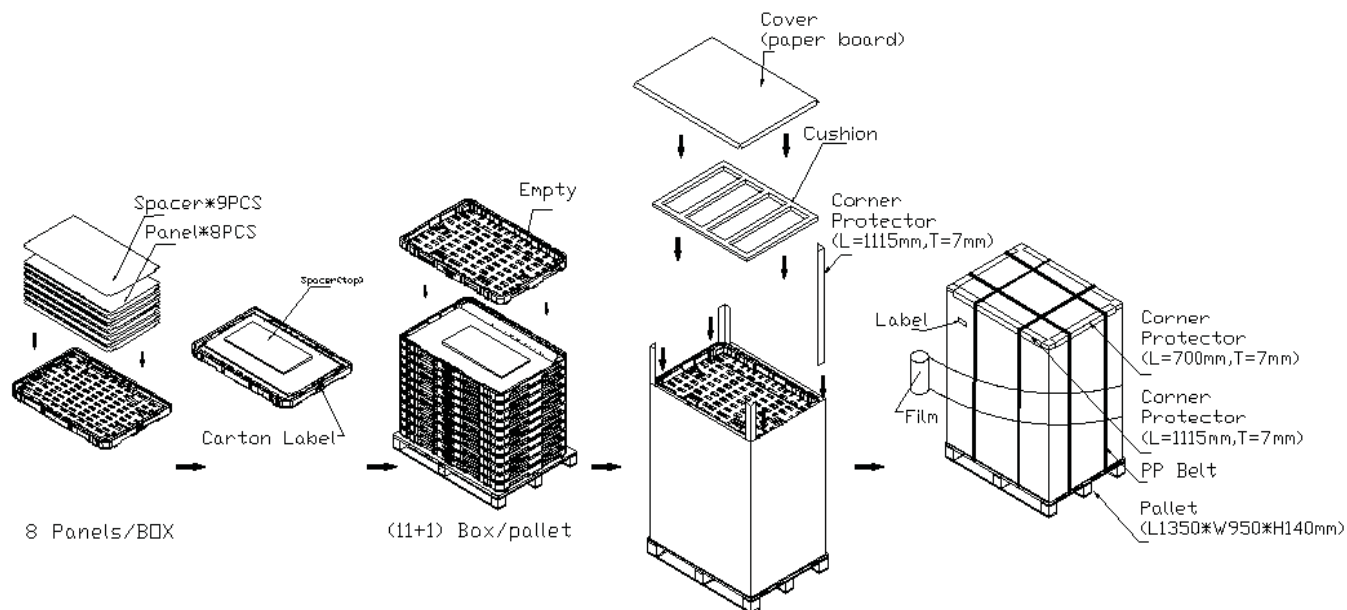
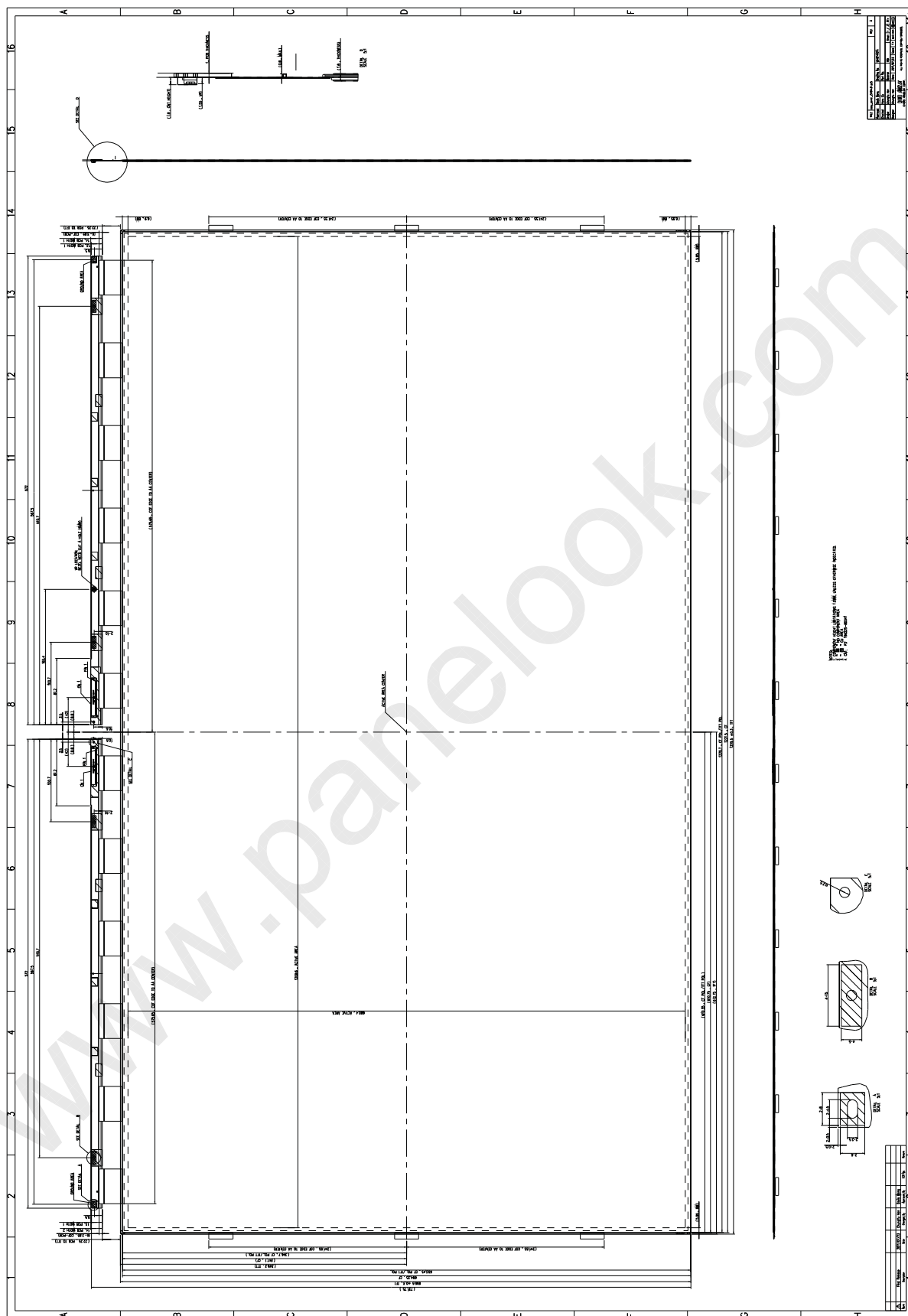
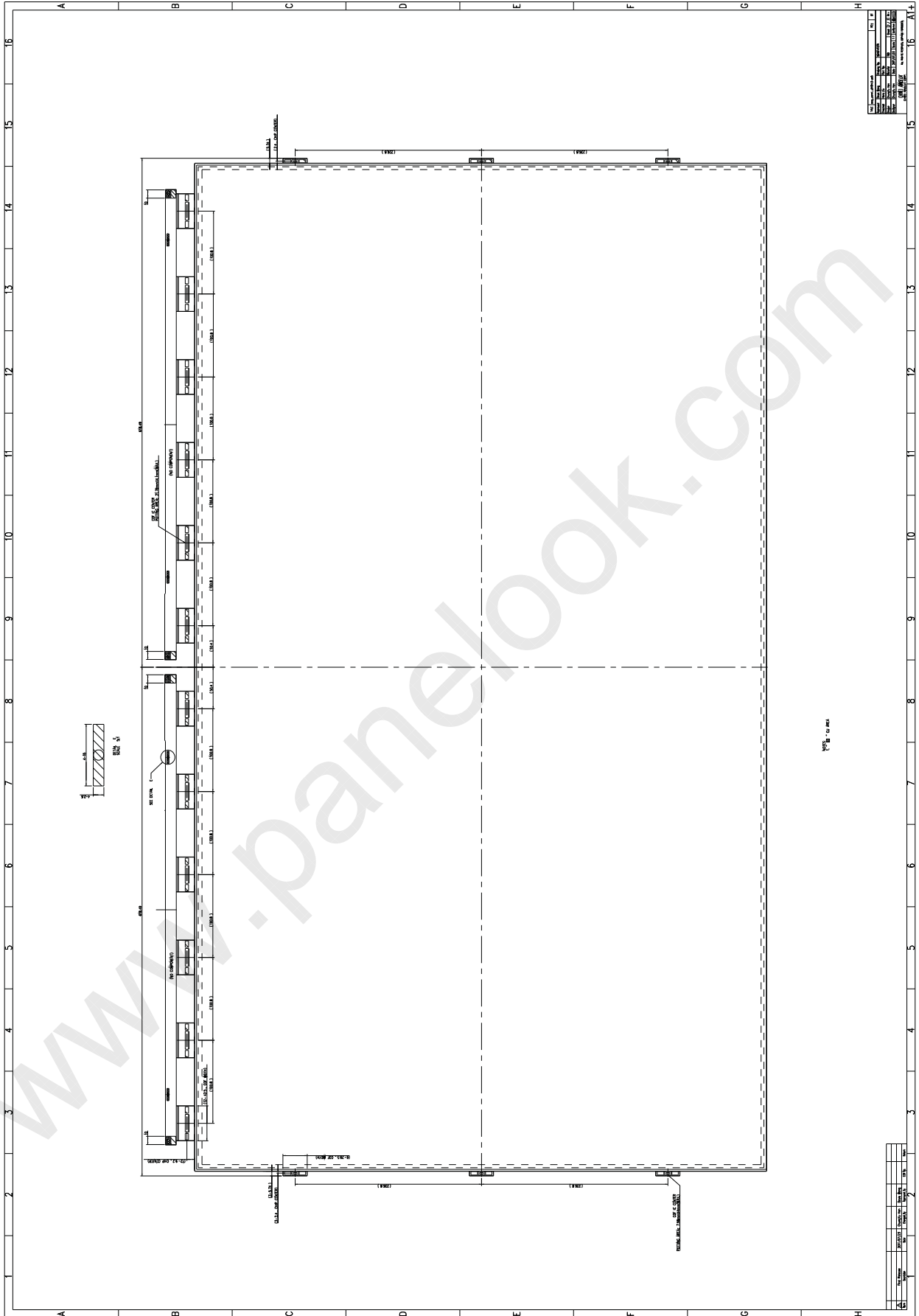


Figure. 10-2 Packing method

11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC





Appendix A

Local Dimming demo function

A.1 I2C address and write command

Device address: 0xC2

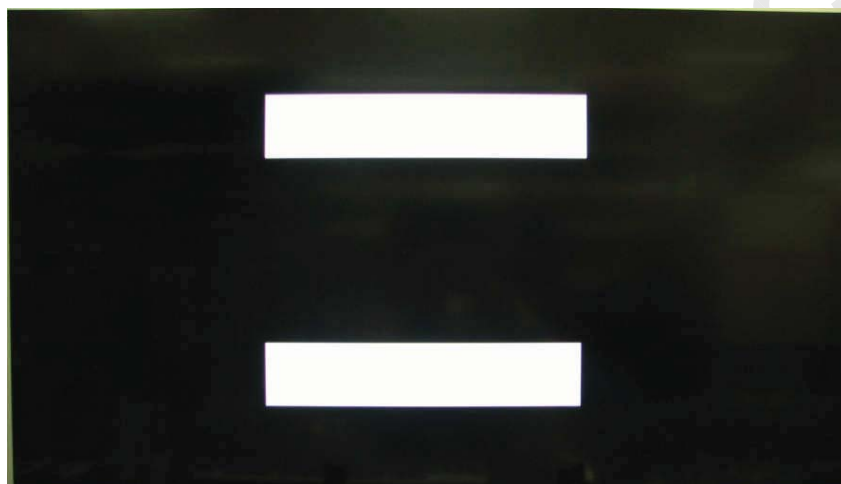
Register address: 0x01

Command data: 0x00: Local Dimming demo mode OFF (Note 1)

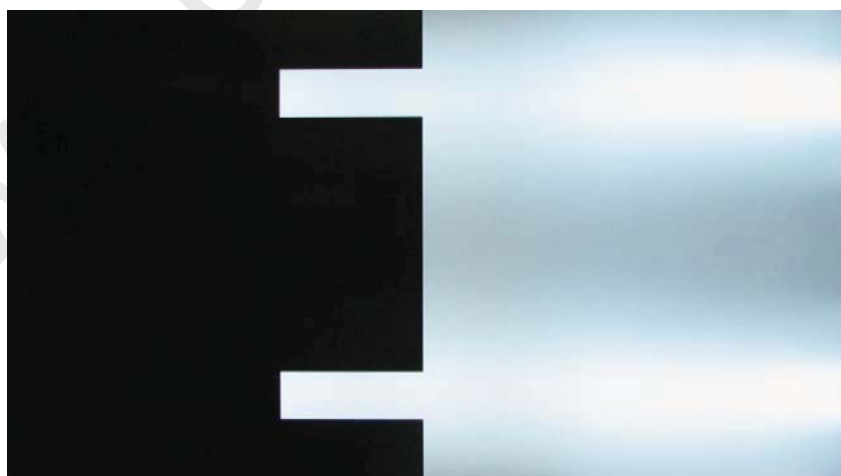
0x01: Local Dimming demo mode ON (Demo in right half screen) (Note 2)

	Device Address		Register Address		Command Data		
START	11000010 (0xC2)	ACK	00000001 (0x01)	ACK	00000001 (0x01)	ACK	STOP

Note 1: Local Dimming demo OFF



Note 2: Local Dimming demo ON



A.2 I2C timing

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
t_{SU-STA}	Start setup time	250	-	ns
t_{HD-STA}	Start hold time	250	-	ns
t_{SU-DAT}	Data setup time	80	-	ns
t_{HD-DAT}	Data hold time	0	-	ns
t_{SU-STO}	Stop setup time	250	-	ns
t_{BUF}	Time between Stop condition and next Start condition	500	-	ns

