High Resolution Digital Biosensor for Wearable Applications With I²C Interface

IR anode 1
SDA 2
INT 3
SCL 4
V_{DD} 5

10 IR cathode
9 GND
8 GND
7 nc
6 nc
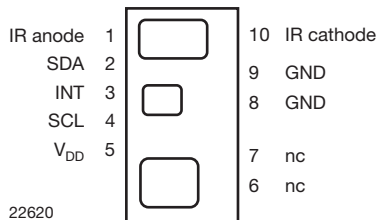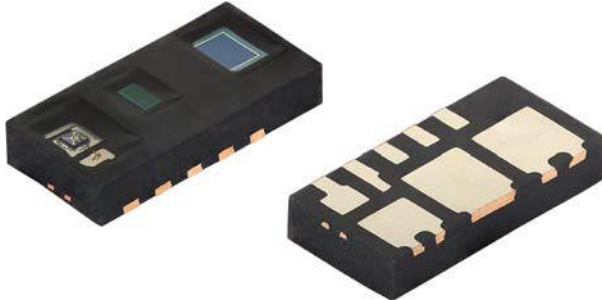
22620

DESCRIPTION

The VCNL4020C is a fully integrated biosensor and ambient light sensor. Fully integrated means that the infrared emitter is included in the package. It has 16 bit resolution. It includes a signal processing IC and features standard I²C communication interface. It features an interrupt function.

APPLICATIONS

- Wearables
- Health monitoring
- Pulse oximetry

FEATURES

- Package type: surface-mount
- Package form: SMD
- Dimensions (L x W x H in mm): 4.90 x 2.40 x 0.83
- Integrated modules: infrared emitter (IRED), ambient light sensor (ALS), photo diode (PD), and signal conditioning IC
- Interrupt function
- Supply voltage range V_{DD}: 2.5 V to 3.6 V
- Supply voltage range IR anode: 2.5 V to 5 V
- Communication via I²C interface
- I²C bus H-level range: 1.7 V to 5 V
- Floor life: 72 h, MSL 4, according to J-STD-020
- Low stand by current consumption: 1.5 µA
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

Pb-free

e4

RoHS
COMPLIANT
HALOGEN
FREE
GREEN
(5-2008)

OPTICAL BIOSENSORS FUNCTION

- Built-in infrared emitter and broader sensitivity photodiode allows to also work with green and red LEDs
- 16 bit effective resolution ensures excellent cross talk immunity
- Programmable LED drive current from 10 mA to 200 mA in 10 mA steps
- Excellent ambient light suppression through signal modulation

AMBIENT LIGHT FUNCTION

- Built-in ambient light photo-pin-diode with close-to-human-eye sensitivity
- 16 bit dynamic range from 0.25 lx to 16 klx
- 100 Hz and 120 Hz flicker noise rejection

PRODUCT SUMMARY

PART NUMBER	OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	I²C BUS VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	LED PULSE CURRENT [1] (mA)	AMBIENT LIGHT RANGE (lx)	SPECTRAL BANDWIDTH RANGE $\lambda_{0.5}$ (nm)	OUTPUT CODE	ADC RESOLUTION BIOSENSOR / AMBIENT LIGHT SENSOR
VCNL4020C	2.5 to 3.6	1.7 to 5	10 to 200	0.25 to 16 383	550 to 970	16 bit, I²C	16 bit / 16 bit

Note
[1] Adjustable through I²C interface

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	VOLUME [1]	REMARKS
VCNL4020C-GS08	Tape and reel	MOQ: 3300 pcs	4.90 mm x 2.40 mm x 0.83 mm
VCNL4020C-GS18		MOQ: 13 000 pcs	

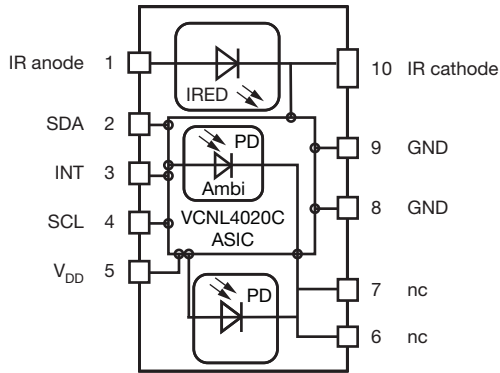**Note**

[1] MOQ: minimum order quantity

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage		V_{DD}	-0.3	5.5	V
Operation temperature range		T_{amb}	-25	+85	°C
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	-25	+85	°C
Total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25$ °C	P_{tot}	-	50	mW
Junction temperature		T_j	-	100	°C

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS (T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage V_{DD}			2.5	-	3.6	V
Supply voltage IR anode			2.5	-	5	V
I²C bus H-level range			1.7	-	5	V
INT H-level range			1.7	-	5	V
INT low voltage	3 mA sink current		-	-	0.4	V
Current consumption	Standby current, no LED-operation		-	1.5	2	µA
Current consumption pulse mode incl. LED (averaged)	2 measurements per second, LED current 20 mA		-	5	-	µA
	250 measurements per second, LED current 20 mA		-	520	-	µA
	2 measurements per second, LED current 200 mA		-	35	-	µA
	250 measurements per second, LED current 200 mA		-	4	-	mA
Current consumption ambient light mode	2 measurements per second averaging = 1		-	2.5	-	µA
	8 measurements per second averaging = 1		-	10	-	µA
	2 measurements per second averaging = 64		-	160	-	µA
	8 measurements per second averaging = 64		-	640	-	µA
Ambient light resolution	Digital resolution (LSB count)		-	0.25	-	lx
Ambient light output	E_V = 100 lx averaging = 64		-	400	-	counts
I²C clock rate range		f_{SCL}	-	-	3400	kHz

CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM
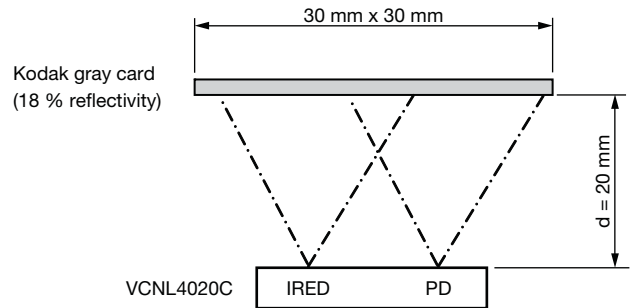
Note
- nc must not be electrically connected
  Pads 6 and 7 are only considered as solder pads

TEST CIRCUIT

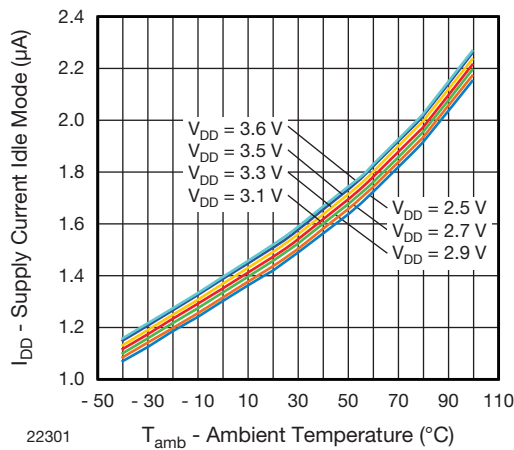## BASIC CHARACTERISTICS (T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

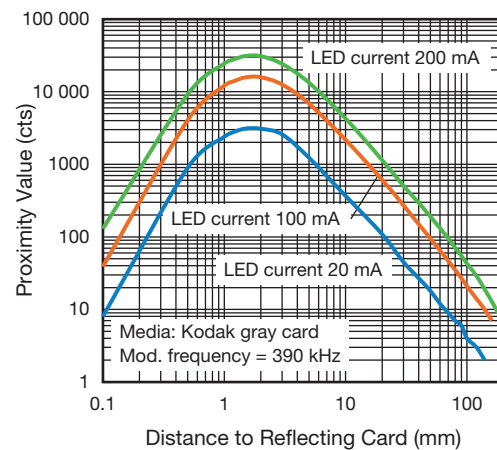Fig. 1 - Idle Current vs. Ambient Temperature
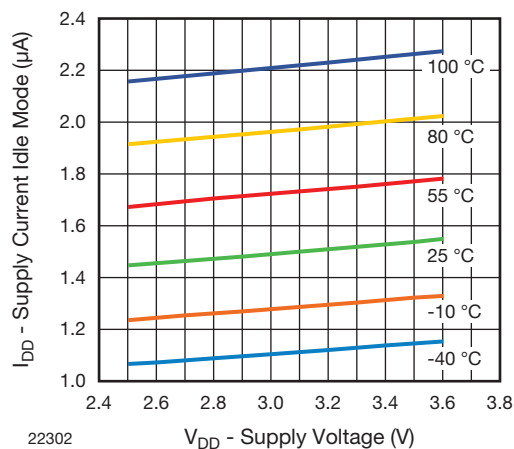

Fig. 3 - Proximity Value vs. Distance

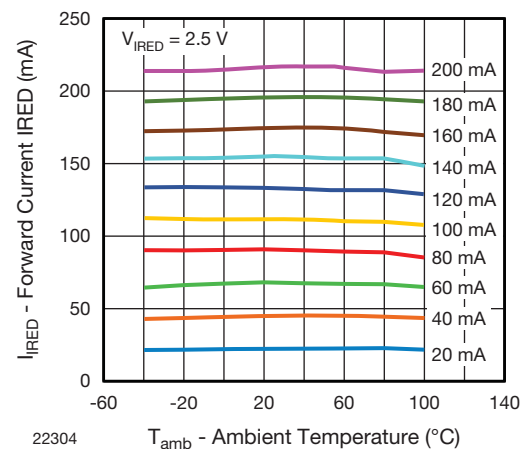Fig. 2 - Idle Current vs. V_{DD}

Fig. 4 - Forward Current vs. Temperature

22305

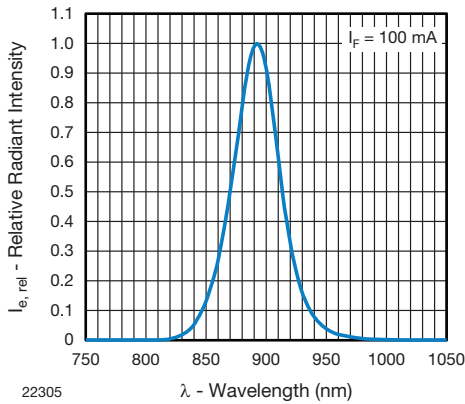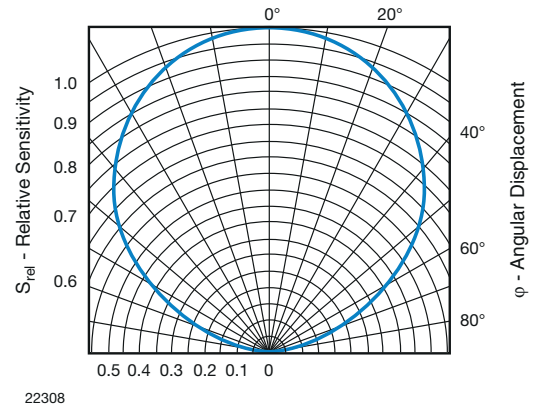Fig. 5 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Wavelength

22308

Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement
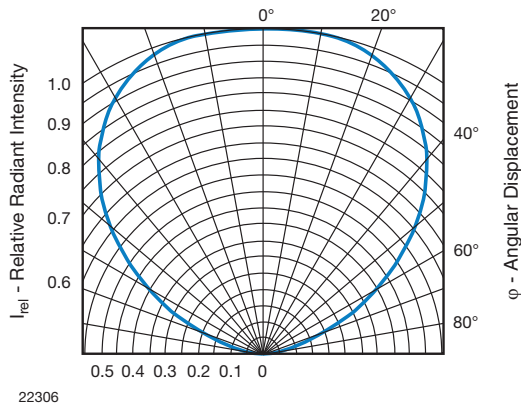(Proximity Sensor)

22306

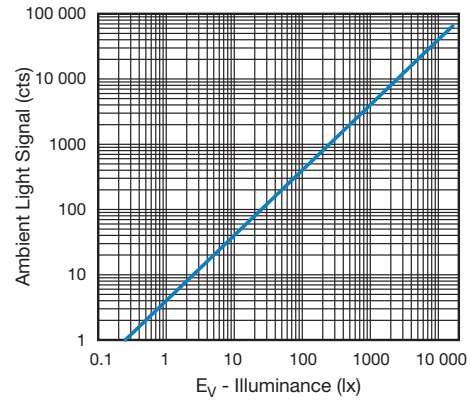Fig. 6 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

Fig. 9 - Ambient Light Value vs. Illuminance
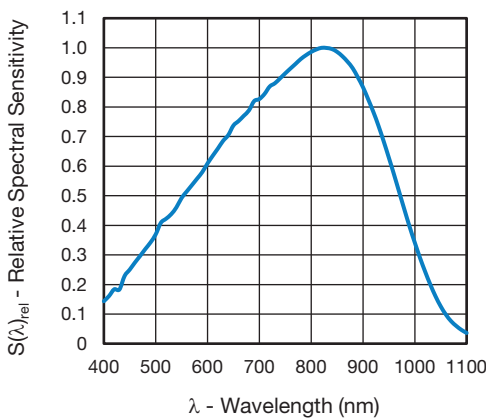
Fig. 7 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength
(Biosensor)
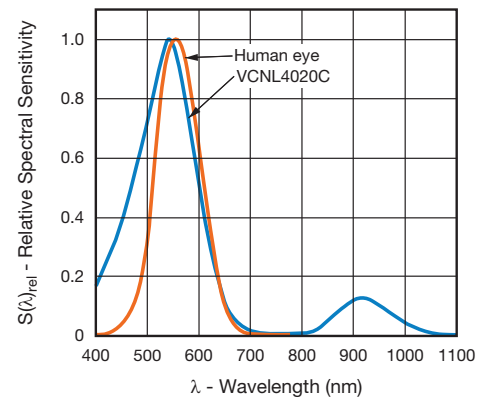
Fig. 10 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength
(Ambient Light Sensor)
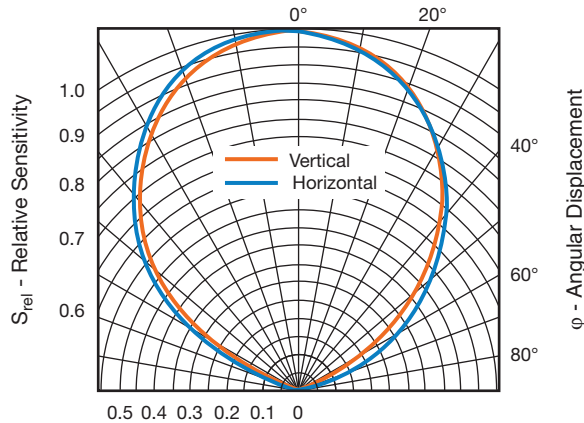
22311

Fig. 11 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement
(Ambient Light Sensor)

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The digital biosensor VCNL4020C needs just one decoupling-C at V_{DD} if connected to a regulated power supply.

IR cathode needs no external connection as the connection to the driver is done internally, but this allows also for adding external LEDs / IREDs to the driver.

1. Application Circuit
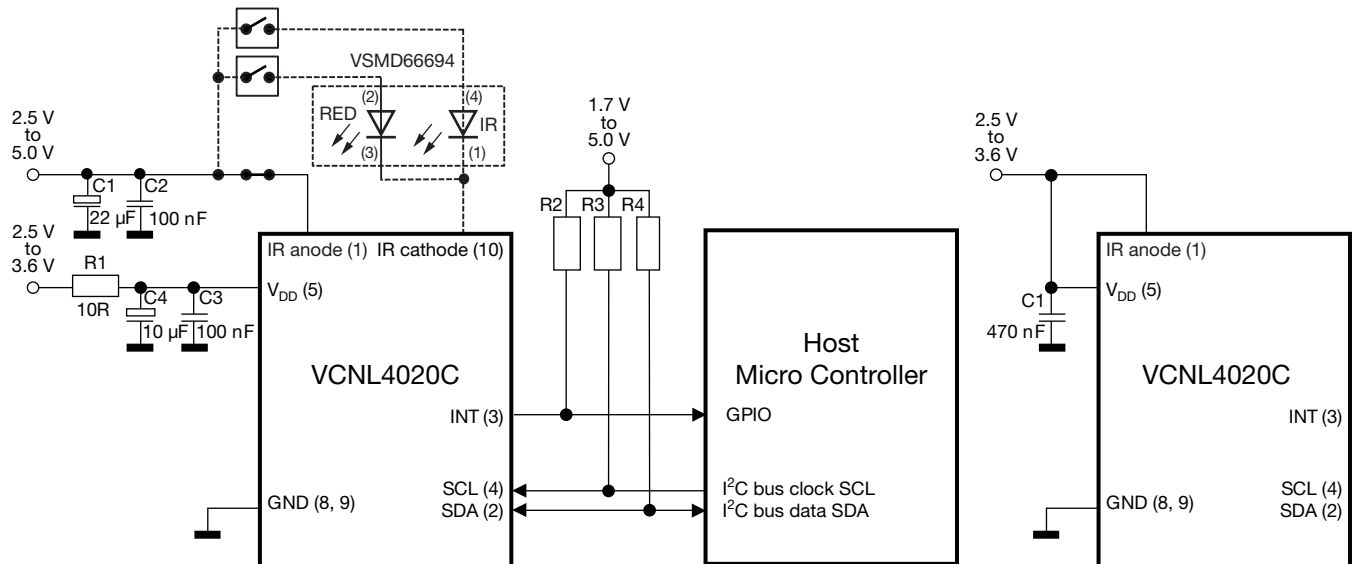
Fig. 12 - Application Circuit
(x) = Pin Number

Note

• The interrupt pin is an open drain output. The needed pull-up resistor may be connected to the same supply voltage as the application controller and the pull-up resistors at SDA / SCL. Proposed value R2 should be >1 kΩ , e.g. 10 kΩ to 100 kΩ.
Proposed value for R3 and R4, e.g. 2.2 kΩ to 4.7 kΩ, depend also on the I²C bus speed.
For detailed description about set-up and use of the interrupt as well as more application related information see AN: "Designing VCNL4020C into an Application".

2. I²C Interface

The VCNL4020C contains seventeen 8 bit registers for operation control, parameter setup and result buffering. All registers are accessible via I²C communication. Figure 13 shows the basic I²C communication with VCNL4020C.

The built in I²C interface is compatible with all I²C modes (standard, fast and high speed).

I²C H-level range = 1.7 V to 5 V.

Please refer to the I²C specification from NXP for details.

Send byte   Write command to VCNL4020C

| S | Slave address | Wr | A | Register address | A | Data byte | A | P |

Receive byte   Read data from VCNL4020C

| S | Slave address | Wr | A | Register address | A | P |

| S | Slave address | Rd | A | Data byte | A | P |

S = start condition
P = stop condition
A = acknowledge

☐ Host action
▨ VCNL4020C response

Fig. 13 - Send Byte/Receive Byte Protocol

Device Address

The VCNL4020C has a fix slave address for the host programming and accessing selection. The predefined 7 bit I²C bus address is set to 0010 011 = 13h. The least significant bit (LSB) defines read or write mode. Accordingly the bus address is set to 0010 011x = 26h for write, 27h for read.
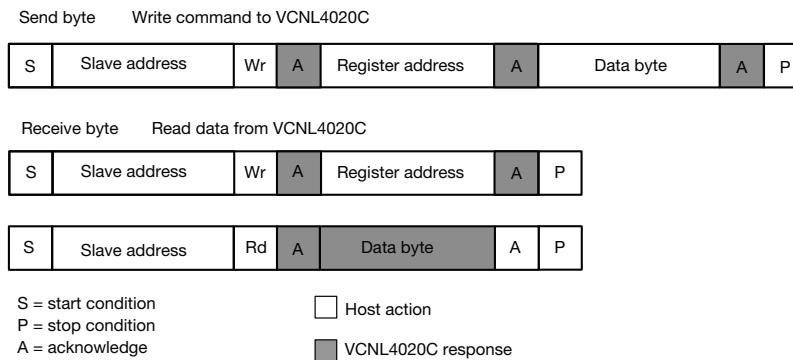
Register Addresses

VCNL4020C has seventeen user accessible 8 bit registers. The register addresses are 80h (register #0) to 90h (register #16).

REGISTER FUNCTIONS

Register #0 Command Register

Register address = 80h
The register #0 is for starting ambient light or biosensor measurements. This register contains 2 flag bits for data ready indication.

TABLE 1 - COMMAND REGISTER #0							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
config_lock	als_data_rdy	bs_data_rdy	als_od	bs_od	als_en	bs_en	selftimed_en
Description							
config_lock		Read only bit. Value = 1					
als_data_rdy		Read only bit. Value = 1 when ambient light measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #5, reg #6) is read.					
bs_data_rdy		Read only bit. Value = 1 when biosensor measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #7, reg #8) is read.					
als_od		R/W bit. Starts a single on-demand measurement for ambient light. If averaging is enabled, starts a sequence of readings and stores the averaged result. Result is available at the end of conversion for reading in the registers #5(HB) and #6(LB).					
bs_od		R/W bit. Starts a single on-demand measurement for biosensor. Result is available at the end of conversion for reading in the registers #7(HB) and #8(LB).					
als_en		R/W bit. Enables periodic als measurement					
bs_en		R/W bit. Enables periodic biosensor measurement					
selftimed_en		R/W bit. Enables state machine and LP oscillator for self timed measurements; no measurement is performed until the corresponding bit is set					

Note

- With setting bit 3 and bit 4 at the same write command, a simultaneously measurement of ambient light and biosensor is done. Beside als_en and / or bs_en first selftimed_en needs to be set. On-demand measurement modes are disabled if selftimed_en bit is set. For the selftimed_en mode changes in reading rates (reg #4 and reg #2) can be made only when b0 (selftimed_en bit) = 0. For the als_od mode changes to the reg #4 can be made only when b4 (als_od bit) = 0; this is to avoid synchronization problems and undefined states between the clock domains. In effect this means that it is only reasonable to change rates while no selftimed conversion is ongoing.

For technical questions, contact: sensorstechsupport@vishay.com

Register #1 Product ID Revision Register

Register address = 81h. This register contains information about product ID and product revision.

Register data value of current revision = 21h.

TABLE 2 - PRODUCT ID REVISION REGISTER #1							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Product ID				Revision ID			
Description							
Product ID		Read only bits. Value = 2					
Revision ID		Read only bits. Value = 1					

Register #2 Rate of Biosensor Measurement

Register address = 82h.

TABLE 3 - BIOSENSOR RATE REGISTER #2							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
n/a					Rate of biosensor Measurement (no. of measurements per second)		
Description							
Biosensor rate	R/W bits. 000 - 1.95 measurements/s (DEFAULT) 001 - 3.90625 measurements/s 010 - 7.8125 measurements/s 011 - 16.625 measurements/s 100 - 31.25 measurements/s 101 - 62.5 measurements/s 110 - 125 measurements/s 111 - 250 measurements/s						

Note
- If self_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

Register #3 LED Current Setting for Biosensor Mode

Register address = 83h. This register is to set the LED current value for biosensor measurement.

The value is adjustable in steps of 10 mA from 0 mA to 200 mA.

This register also contains information about the used device fuse program ID.

TABLE 4 - LED CURRENT REGISTER #3							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Fuse prog ID		LED current value					
Description							
Fuse prog ID		Read only bits. Information about fuse program revision used for initial setup/calibration of the device.					
LED current value		R/W bits. LED current = Value (dec.) x 10 mA. Valid Range = 0 to 20d. e.g. 0 = 0 mA, 1 = 10 mA, …., 20 = 200 mA (2 = 20 mA = DEFAULT) LED Current is limited to 200 mA for values higher as 20d.					

Register #4 Ambient Light Parameter Register

Register address = 84h.

TABLE 5 - AMBIENT LIGHT PARAMETER REGISTER #4							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Cont. conv. mode	als_rate			Auto offset compensation	Averaging function (number of measurements per run)		
Description							
Cont. conversion mode	R/W bit. Continuous conversion mode. Enable = 1; Disable = 0 = DEFAULT This function can be used for performing faster ambient light measurements. This mode should only be used with ambient light on-demand measurements. Do not use with self-timed mode. Please refer to the application information chapter 3.3 for details about this function.						
Ambient light measurement rate	R/W bits. Ambient light measurement rate 000 - 1 samples/s 001 - 2 samples/s = DEFAULT 010 - 3 samples/s 011 - 4 samples/s 100 - 5 samples/s 101 - 6 samples/s 110 - 8 samples/s 111 - 10 samples/s						
Auto offset compensation	R/W bit. Automatic offset compensation. Enable = 1 = DEFAULT; Disable = 0 In order to compensate a technology, package or temperature related drift of the ambient light values there is a built in automatic offset compensation function. With active auto offset compensation the offset value is measured before each ambient light measurement and subtracted automatically from actual reading.						
Averaging function	R/W bits. Averaging function. Bit values sets the number of single conversions done during one measurement cycle. Result is the average value of all conversions. Number of conversions = $2^{decimal\_value}$ e.g. 0 = 1 conv., 1 = 2 conv, 2 = 4 conv., ...7 = 128 conv. DEFAULT = 32 conv. (bit 2 to bit 0: 101)						

Note

- If self_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

Register #5 and #6 Ambient Light Result Register

Register address = 85h and 86h. These registers are the result registers for ambient light measurement readings.

The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #5 and the low byte in register #6.

TABLE 6 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #5							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of ambient light measurement result							

TABLE 7 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #6							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of ambient light measurement result							

Register #7 and #8 Biosensor Measurement Result Register

Register address = 87h and 88h. These registers are the result registers for biosensor measurement readings.

The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #7 and the low byte in register #8.

TABLE 8 - BIOSENSOR RESULT REGISTER #7							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of biosensor measurement result							

TABLE 9 - BIOSENSOR RESULT REGISTER #8							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of biosensor measurement result							

Register #9 Interrupt Control Register

Register address = 89h.

TABLE 10 - INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER #9							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Int count exceed			n/a	INT_BS_ ready_EN	INT_ALS_ ready_EN	INT_THRES_EN	INT_THRES_ SEL
Description							
Int count exceed	R/W bits. These bits contain the number of consecutive measurements needed above/below the threshold 000 - 1 count = DEFAULT 001 - 2 count 010 - 4 count 011 - 8 count 100 -16 count 101 - 32 count 110 - 64 count 111 - 128 count						
INT_BS_ready_EN	R/W bit. Enables interrupt generation at biosensor data ready						
INT_ALS_ ready_EN	R/W bit. Enables interrupt generation at ambient data ready						
INT_THRES_EN	R/W bit. Enables interrupt generation when high or low threshold is exceeded						
INT_THRES_SEL	R/W bit. If 0: thresholds are applied to biosensor measurements If 1: thresholds are applied to als measurements						

Register #10 and #11 Low Threshold

Register address = 8Ah and 8Bh. These registers contain the low threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #10 and the low byte in register #11.

TABLE 11 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #10							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of low threshold value							

TABLE 12 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #11							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of low threshold value							

Register #12 and #13 High Threshold

Register address = 8Ch and 8Dh. These registers contain the high threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #12 and the low byte in register #13.

TABLE 13 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #12							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of high threshold value							

TABLE 14 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #13							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Description							
R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of high threshold value							

Register #14 Interrupt Status Register

Register address = 8Eh. This register contains information about the interrupt status for either biosensor or ALS function and indicates if high or low going threshold exceeded.

TABLE 15 - INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER #14							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
n/a				int_bs_ready	int_als_ready	int_th_low	int_th_hi
Description							
int_bs_ready		R/W bit. Indicates a generated interrupt for biosensor					
int_als_ready		R/W bit. Indicates a generated interrupt for als					
int_th_low		R/W bit. Indicates a low threshold exceed					
int_th_hi		R/W bit. Indicates a high threshold exceed					

Note

- Once an interrupt is generated the corresponding status bit goes to 1 and stays there unless it is cleared by writing a 1 in the corresponding bit. The int pad will be pulled down while at least one of the status bit is 1.

Register #15 Biosensor Modulator Timing Adjustment

Register address = 8Fh.

TABLE 16 - BIOSENSOR MODULATOR TIMING ADJUSTMENT #15							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Modulation delay time			Biosensor frequency		Modulation dead time		
Description							
Modulation delay time	R/W bits. Setting a delay time between LED signal and detectors input signal evaluation. This function is for compensation of delays from LED and photo diode. Also in respect to the possibility for setting different proximity signal frequency. Correct adjustment is optimizing measurement signal level. (DEFAULT = 0)						
Biosensor frequency	R/W bits. Setting the biosensor test signal frequency The biosensor measurement is using a square signal as measurement signal. Four different values are possible: 00 = 390.625 kHz (DEFAULT) 01 = 781.25 kHz 10 = 1.5625 MHz 11 = 3.125 MHz						
Modulation dead time	R/W bits. Setting a dead time in evaluation of LED signal at the slopes of the signal. (DEFAULT = 1) This function is for reducing of possible disturbance effects. This function is reducing signal level and should be used carefully.						

Note
- The settings for best performance will be provided by Vishay. With first samples this is evaluated to:
  Delay time = 0; dead time = 1 and BS frequency = 00. With that register #15 should be programmed with 1 (= default value).

Register #16 Ambient IR Light Level Register

Register address = 90h.

This register is not intended to be used by customer.

3. IMPORTANT APPLICATION HINTS AND EXAMPLES

3.1 Receiver standby mode

In standby mode the receiver has the lowest current consumption of about 1.5 µA. In this mode only the I^{2}C interface is active. This is always valid, when there are no measurement demands executed. Also the current sink for the LED is inactive, so there is no need for changing register #3 (LED current).

3.2 Data Read

In order to get a certain register value, the register has to be addressed without data like shown in the following scheme. After this register addressing, the data from the addressed register is written after a subsequent read command.
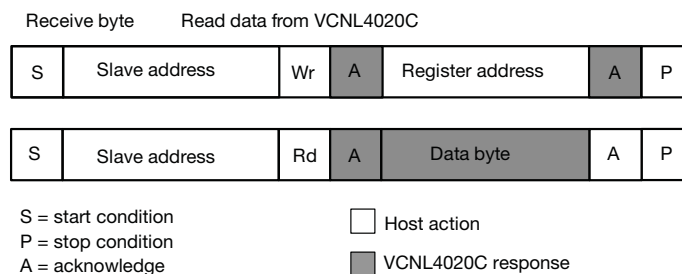

Fig. 14 - Send Byte / Receive Byte Protocol

The stop condition between these write and read sequences is not mandatory. It works also with a repeated start condition.

Note
- For reading out 2 (or more) subsequent registers like the result registers, it is not necessary to address each of the registers separately. After one read command the internal register counter is increased automatically and any subsequent read command is accessing the next register.

For technical questions, contact: sensorstechsupport@vishay.com

Example: read register "Ambient Light Result Register" #5 and #6:

Addressing:command: 26h, 85h (VCNL4020C_I^{2}C_Bus_Write_Adr., Ambient Light Result Register #5 [85])

Read register #5:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020C_I^{2}C_Bus_Read_Adr., {High Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #5 [85])}

Read register #6:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020C_I^{2}C_Bus_Read_Adr., {Low Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #6 [86])}

3.3 Continuous Conversion Mode in Ambient Light Measurement

In the following is a detail description of the function "continuous conversion" (bit 7 of register #4)

Standard mode (bit 7 of reg #4 = 0):
In standard mode the ambient light measurement is done during a fixed time frame of 100 ms. The single measurement itself takes actually only appr. 300 µs.

The following figures show examples of this measurement timing in standard mode using averaging function 2 and 8 as examples for illustration (possible values up to 128).
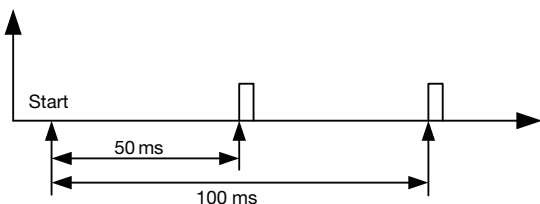
Fig. 15 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 2;
Final Measurement Result = Average of these 2 Measurements
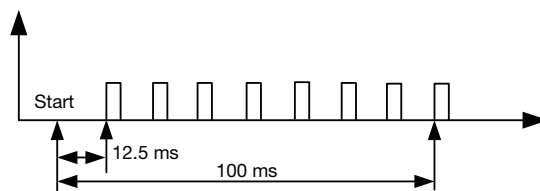
Fig. 16 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8;
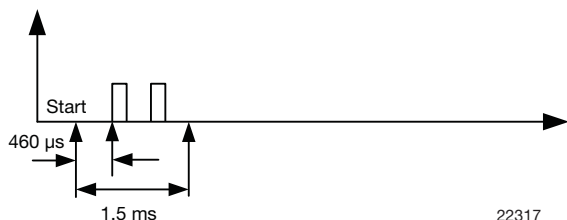Final Measurement Result = Average of these 8 Measurements

Note
- ≥ Independent of setting of averaging the result is available only after 100 ms.
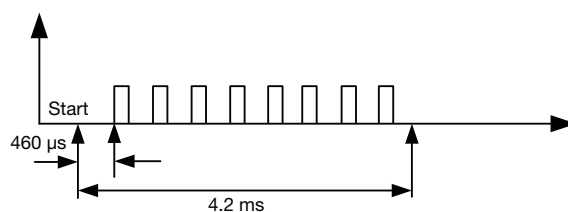
Continuous conversion mode (bit 7 of register #4 = 1):
In continuous conversion mode the single measurements are done directly subsequent after each other.

See following examples in figure 17 and 18

Fig. 17 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 2;
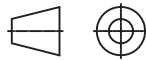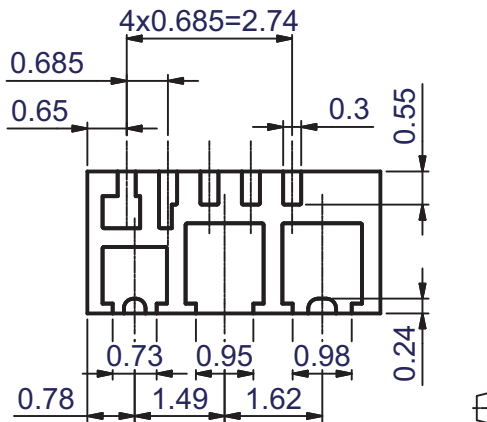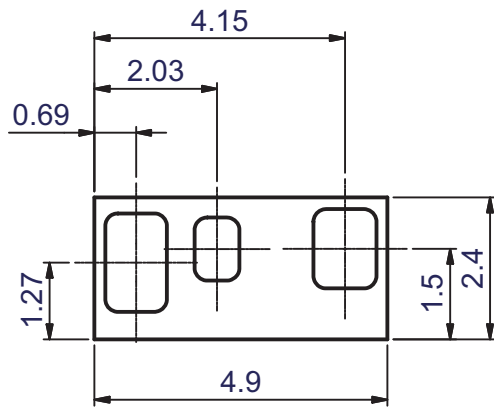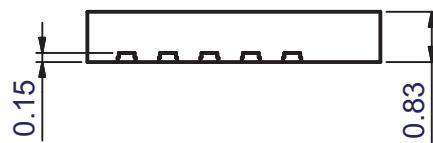using Continuous Conversion Mode

Fig. 18 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8;
using Continuous Conversion Mode

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters

Pinning Bottom view

Anode Emitter | SDA | INT | SCL | VDD

Cathode Emitter | VSS | Cathode PD

Pinning Top view

Cathode Emitter | VSS | Cathode PD

Anode Emitter | SDA | INT | SCL | VDD

4x0.685=2.74

0.685

0.65

0.3

0.55

0.73 0.95 0.98

0.24

0.78 1.49 1.62

technical drawings according to DIN specifications

0.15

0.83

4.15

2.03

0.69

1.27

1.5 2.4

4.9

Drawing-No.: 6.550-5319
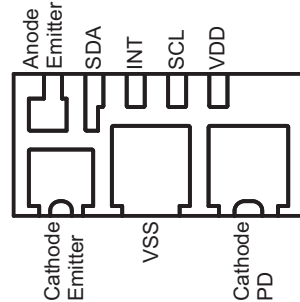
Not indicated tolerances ± 0.1
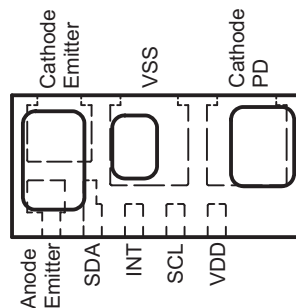
Proposed PCB Footprint

(4.9)

1.75 0.4 1.1

0.83

0.37

0.25 0.4

0.28

0.8

(2.4)

0.2

0.2

0.45 0.4

0.8

4x 0.685=2.74

TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS in millimeters

Reel size "Y"
GS 08 ϕ180±2 = 3300 Pcs.
GS 18 ϕ330±2 = 13000 Pcs.

Unreel direction

X

Tape position
coming out from reel

2±0.5

Dimensions in mm

Not indicated tolerances ±0.1

ϕ21±0.8

ϕ13±0.2

Label posted here

ϕ60 min.

ϕY

12.4^{+2}

18.4 max

Parts mounted

Empty Leader 400mm min.

100mm min. with cover tape

Leader and trailer tape:

Direction of pulling out

Empty Trailer 200mm min.

technical drawings
according to DIN
specifications

X 2:1

1.75

2.6

2

4

ϕ1.5

4

1.05

0.3

5.5

5.1

$12^{+0.3}_{-0.1}$

Drawing-No.: 9.700-5387.01-4

For technical questions, contact: sensorstechsupport@vishay.com
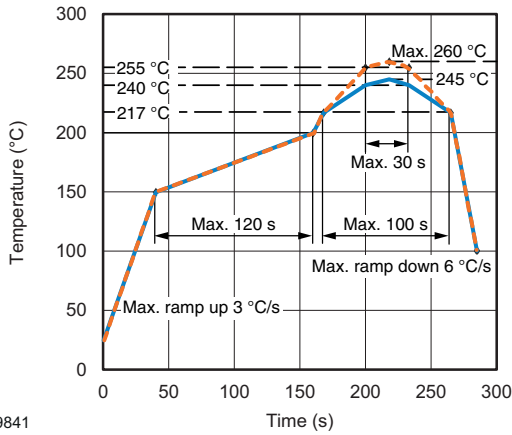
SOLDER PROFILE

Fig. 19 - Lead (Pb)-free Reflow Solder Profile
According to J-STD-020

19841

DRYPACK

Devices are packed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) to prevent the products from moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Each bag contains a desiccant.

FLOOR LIFE

Floor life (time between soldering and removing from MBB) must not exceed the time indicated on MBB label:

Floor life: 72 h

Conditions: T_{amb} < 30 °C, RH < 60 %

Moisture sensitivity level 4, according to J-STD-020.

DRYING

In case of moisture absorption devices should be baked before soldering. Conditions see J-STD-020 or label. Devices taped on reel dry using recommended conditions 192 h at 40 °C (+ 5 °C), RH < 5 %.

For technical questions, contact: sensorstechsupport@vishay.com

Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.