

23mm

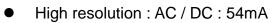
29mm



# AC / DC Sensing Current Module with Digital Data output

## Feature:

- Continuous output and Modbus-RTU version
- Operating voltage DC5.0V
- Diameter 9.0mm conductor through hole
- Sensing current range : AC : 0~50A (50Hz, 60Hz) DC : 0~±75A
- High accuracy : AC : (0~15A) ± 0.15A
  - (15~50A) ± 1%
- DC : ±(0~15A) ± 0.3A
  ±(15~75A) ± 2%



- UART, Baud Rate : 9600 bps, Parity bit : None , Data bit : 8 , Stop bit : 1
- Temperature calibration
- Isolation Voltage 4KV
- Application note: <u>http://www.winson.com.tw/Product/83</u>

## **General Description:**

The Winson WCM1600 provides economical and precise solution for both AC and DC current sensing in industrial, commercial and communications systems.

The WCM1600 consists of a current sensor, temperature sensor, a very high accuracy A/D converter and digital signal output of current.

The WCM1600 includes a current sensor with a diameter 9mm hole, users can just use system's own electric wire by pass it through this hole to measure passing current without breaking original system, user's MCU can get the real data from DATA pin.

The WCM1600 provides temperature calibration of the internal current sensor and accurately measures the current of AC 50 / 60Hz and DC at temperature from -20°C~70°C. The WCM1600 also offers solutions for true RMS current measurement of various loads.





1.VDD 2.GND 3.RST 4.INT 5.CK 6.DA 7.RX 8.TX

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Supply Voltage, Vdd 6V
Pass Through Wire Diameter9mm
Basic Isolation Voltage 4000V
Operating Temperature Range, Ta
20°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range, Ts
50°C to +125°C

## **Selection Guide:**

Model	Maximum	Current	Operating	mode	
Model	AC	DC	Voltage		
WCM1600-AC50C	50A	-	5.0V	Continuous	
WCM1600-DC50C		±75A	5.0V	Continuous	
WCM1600-50C	50A	±75A	5.0V	Continuous	
WCM1600-50M	50A	±75A	5.0V	Modbus-RTU	

# Pad Description:

Pad No	Pad Name	I/O	Description	
1	VDD	-	The positive power input pin	
2	GND	-	The system ground	
3	RST	I	The system reset	
4	INT	I	Sampling control	
5	СК	I/O	- System programming, reserve	
6	DA	I/O		
7	RX	I	The data of measured current output. Its output is UART	
8	ТΧ	0	communication. The baud rate is 9.6K bits/sec.	



## **Electrical Characteristics:**

## **Common Operating Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VDD	Operation Voltage	-	4.9	5	5.1	V
IDD	Operation Current	-	-	8	10	mA
-	Conductor Through Hole	-	-	9	-	mm
TOP	Operating Temperature	-	-20	-	70	°C

### -AC50C

# $T_{OP} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C, V_{DD} = 5.000V$

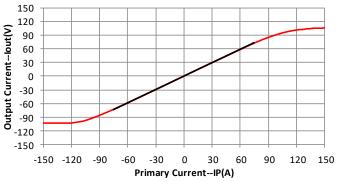
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
IOP	AC Current Range	-	0	-	50	А
		IOP=0~15A,TOP=25°C	-	±0.15	-	А
ETOT	AC Current Total Output	IOP=15~50A,TOP=25°C	-	±1	-	%
EIUI	Error	IOP=0~50A,				0/
		TOP=-20°C to 70°C	-	±5	-	%

## -DC50C

## $T_{OP} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C, V_{DD} = 5.000V$

		01		, ,		
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
IOP	DC Current Range	-	0	-	±75	А
		IOP=±(0~15),TOP=25°C	-	±0.3	-	А
ETOT	DC Current Total Output	IOP=±(15~75A),TOP=25°C	-	±2	-	%
EIUI	Error	IOP=0~±75A,		. 5		0/
		TOP=-20°C to 70°C	-	±5	-	%

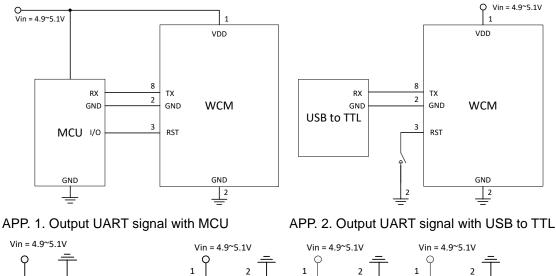
#### WCM1600 ldc V.S IP with Vdd 5V

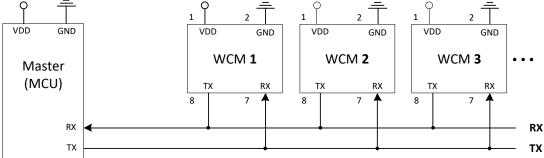




**Application Note:** 

## **Application Diagram:**





App. 3 Modbus Connection

## Measured Current Data Output (Continuous Mode):

The measured current can be **continuously transmitted** by UART format.

- (1) If the measured data is AC "1.23"A, then the output data is '~', '0', '1', '2', '3', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes; the output data is ASCII code. If the measured data is "10.76" A, then the output data is '~', '1', '0', '7', '6', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes.
- (2) If the measured data is +DC "1.23"A, then the output data is '+', '0', '1', '2', '3', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes; the output data is ASCII code. If the measured data is "10.76" A, then the output data is '+', '1', '0', '7', '6', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes.
- (3) If the measured data is -DC "1.23"A, then the output data is '-', '0', '1', '2', '3', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes; the output data is ASCII code. If the measured data is "10.76" A, then the output data is '-', '1', '0', '7', '6', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes.



## Measured Current Data Output (Modbus-RTU Mode):

#### **Modbus Parameter List**

For example description, please refer to the "Current Module Application Note:

#### Modbus-RTU Data Format

Slave Address	Function Code	Data	Check Code (CRC16)
1 Byte	1 Byte	N x Byte	2 Byte (Low byte first)

## **Function Code**

Function Code	Description
03H	Read up to 125 continuous memory words
06H	Write one memory word

### **Exception Code**

Exception Code	Description
01H	Illegal function code
02H	Illegal data address
03H	Illegal data count

When responding to an exception, the MSB (Most Significant Bit) of the function code is automatically set to 1.



### True RMS Current Measurement:

In order to calculate true RMS of AC current, you need to know "zero" value of AC current first. The "zero" value of symmetric AC current is the average value *Vo*(dc) of the current shown in Figure 1.

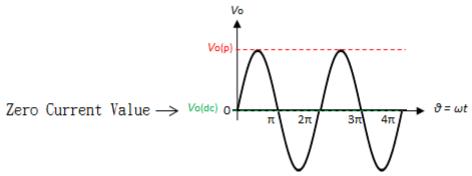


Figure 1 The zero current value of sine waveform

But in asymmetrical AC current, the "zero" value is not the average value *V*o(dc) of the current. Based on this "zero" value and do RMS calculation. You will get wrong answer.

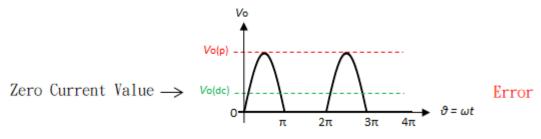
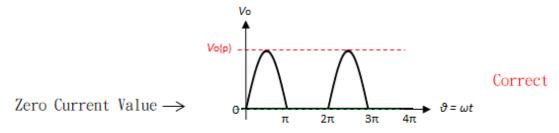
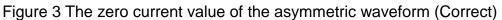


Figure 2 The zero current value of the asymmetric waveform (Error)

The WCM series offer a true RMS solution for both symmetric and asymmetric AC current. It can correctly detect "zero" current value, shown in Figure 3. and do perfect RMS calculation.







# WCM1600

# Package:

(Unit: mm)

