

Dual Bipolar JFET Operational Amplifier

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XR-082/XR-083 family of dual bipolar JFET operational amplifiers are designed to offer higher performance than conventional bipolar op amps. Each amplifier features high slew rate, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset voltage drift with temperature. These operational amplifier circuits are fabricated using ion-implantation technology which combines well-matched junction JFETs and high-performance bipolar transistors on the same monolithic chip.

The XR-082 of family of dual bipolar JFET op amps are packaged in 8-pin dual-in-line packages. The XR-083 family of op amps offer independent offset adjustment for each of the individual op amps on the same chip, and are available in 14-pin dual-in-line packages.

FEATURES

- Direct Replacement for TL082/TL083
- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
- Low Input Bias and Offset Currents
- Output Short Circuit Protection
- High Input Impedance . . . JFET Input Stage
- Internal Frequency Compensation
- Latch-Up-Free Operation
- High Slew Rate . . . 13 V/ μ s, Typical

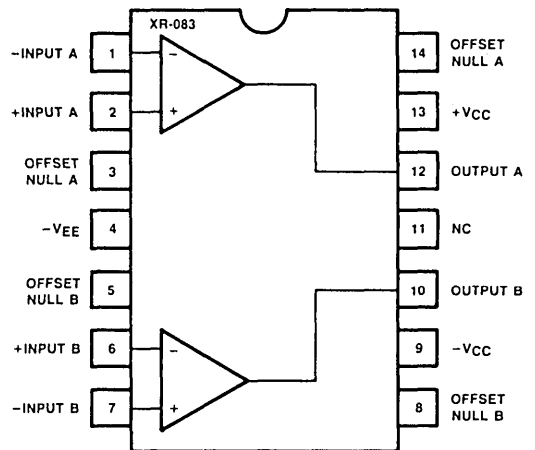
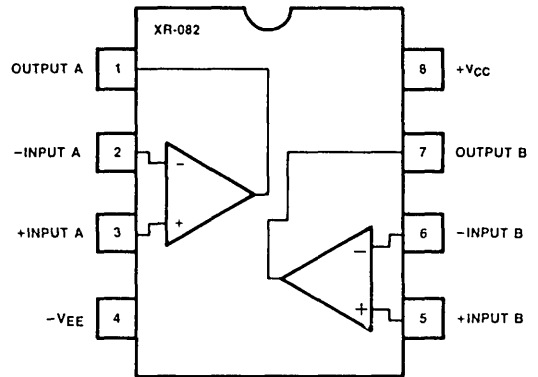
APPLICATIONS

- Buffer Amplifiers
- Summing/Differencing Amplifiers
- Instrumentation Amplifiers
- Active Filters
- Signal Processing
- Sample and Differencing
- I to V Converters
- Integrators
- Simulated Components
- Analog Computers

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage	± 18 V
Differential Input Voltage	± 30 V
Input Voltage Range (Note 1)	± 15 V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 2)	Indefinite
Package Power Dissipation:	
Plastic Package	625 mW
Derate Above $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	5.0 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Ceramic Package	750 mW
Derate Above $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	6.0 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS



ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature
XR-082M/XR-083M	Ceramic	-55°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$
XR-082N/XR-083N	Ceramic	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
XR-082P/XR-083P	Plastic	-25°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
XR-082CN/XR-083CN	Ceramic	0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
XR-082CP/XR-083CP	Plastic	0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$

XR-082/083

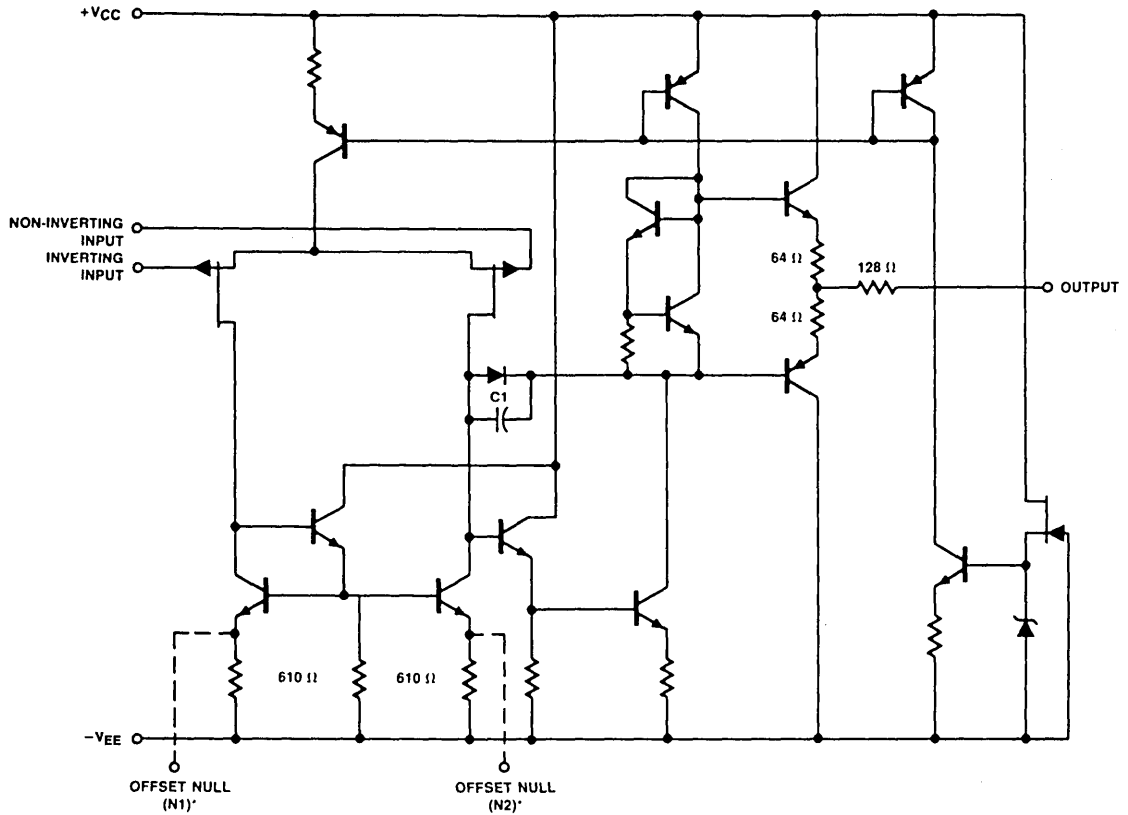
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETERS	XR-082M/ XR-083M			XR-082/ XR-083			XR-082C/ XR-083C			UNIT	CONDITIONS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
V_{OS} V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage		3 6	6 9		3 6	6 9		5 15	15 20	mV mV	$R_S = 50\Omega$ $R_S = 50\Omega$, $T_A = \text{Full Range}$
$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	Offset Voltage Temp. Coef.		10			10			10		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	$R_S = 50\Omega$, $T_A = \text{Full Range}$
I_B	Input Bias Current		30	200		30	200		30	400	pA	
I_B	Input Bias Current Over Temp.			50			20			20	nA	$T_A = \text{Full Range}$
I_{OS}	Input Offset Current		5	100		5	100		5	200	pA	
	Input Offset Current Over Temp.			20			10			5	nA	$T_A = \text{Full Range}$
I_{CC}	Supply Current (per amplifier)		1.4	2.8		1.4	2.8		1.4	2.8	mA	No Load, No Input Signal
V_{ICM}	Input Common Mode Range	± 12			± 12				± 10		V	
A_{VOL}	Voltage Gain	50	200		50	200		25	200		V/mV	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10\text{V}$, $T_A = \text{Full Range}$
V_{OPP}	Max. Output Swing (peak-to-peak)	24	27		24	27		24	27		V	$R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = \text{Full Range}$
R_{IN}	Input Resistance		10^{12}			10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω	
BW	Unity-Gain Bandwidth		3			3			3		MHz	
$CMRR$	Common-Mode Rejection	80	86		80	86		70	76		dB	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$
PSRR	Supply-Voltage Rejection	80	86		80	86		70	76		dB	
	Channel Separation		120			120			120		dB	$A_V = 100$, Freq. = 1 kHz
dV_{OUT}/dT	Slew Rate		13			13			13		V/ μs	$A_V = 1$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $V_1 = 10\text{V}$
T_R	Rise Time		0.1			0.1			0.1		μsec	$A_V = 1$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$
T_O	Overshoot		10			10			10		%	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $V_1 = 20\text{ mV}$
E_N	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage		20			20			20		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	$R_S = 100\Omega$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$

Note 1: For Supply Voltage less than $\pm 15\text{V}$, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

Note 2: The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

XR-082/083



* AVAILABLE IN XR-083 ONLY.

(ONE CHANNEL ONLY)

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM