

Dual Low-Noise Operational Amplifier

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XR-4739 is a monolithic dual op amp featuring low noise and a large gain bandwidth product. The device is ideal for preamplifiers, signal processing equipment, and active filters.

FEATURES

- Internally Compensated Replacement for μ A 739 and MC1303
- Signal-to-Noise Ratio 76dB (RIAA 10 mV ref.)
- Channel Separation 125dB
- Unity Gain Bandwidth 3MHz
- Output Short-circuit Protected
- 0.1% Distortion at 8.5V RMS Output into 2K Ω Load

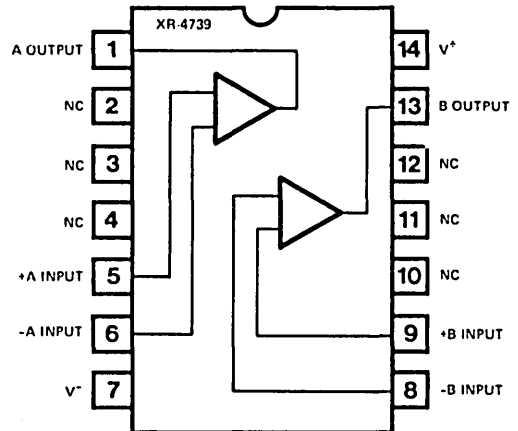
APPLICATIONS

- Buffer Amplifiers
- Summing/Differencing Amplifiers
- Instrumentation Amplifiers
- Active Filters
- Signal Processing
- Sample and Differencing
- I to V Converters
- Integrators
- Simulated Components
- Analog Computers

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage	± 18 V
Internal Power Dissipation (Note 1)	500 mW
Differential Input Voltage	± 30 V
Input Voltage (Note 2)	± 15 V
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60s)	300°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Indefinite

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature
XR-4739CN	Ceramic	0°C to +70°C
XR-4739CP	Plastic	0°C to +70°C

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The XR-4739 dual low-noise operational amplifier is fabricated on a single silicon chip using the planar epitaxial process. It was designed primarily for preamplifiers in consumer and industrial signal processing equipment. The device is pin compatible with the μ A739 and MC1303, however, compensation is internal. This permits a lowered external parts count and simplified application.

The XR-4739 is available in a ceramic or molded dual inline 14 Pin package, and operates over the commercial temperature range from 0°C to +70°C.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

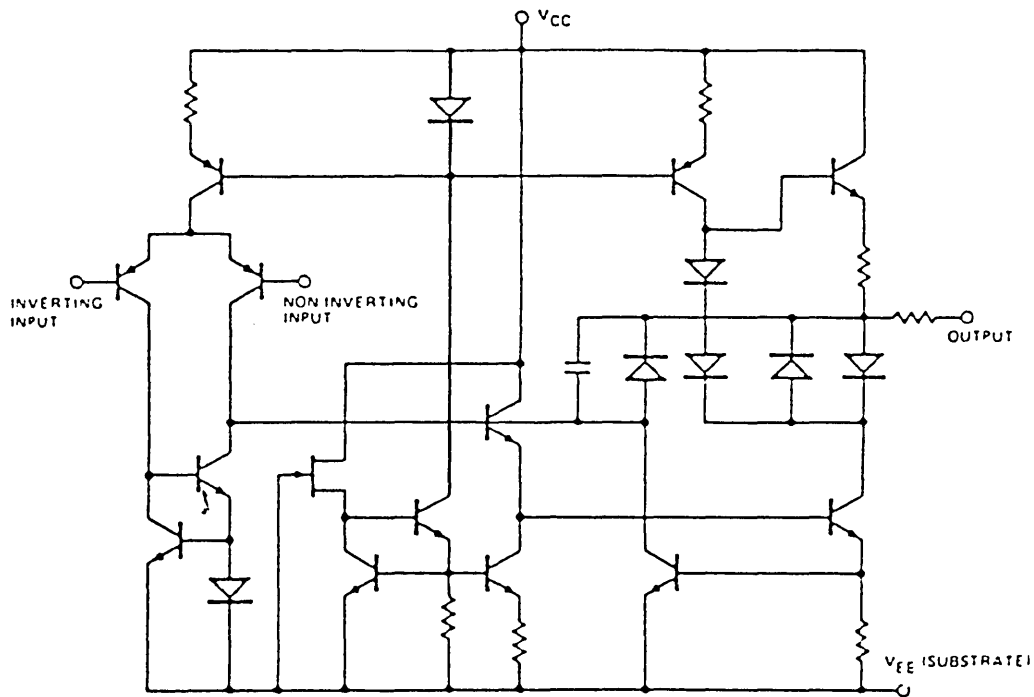
Test Conditions: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CONDITIONS
Input Offset Voltage		2.0	6.0	mV	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$
Input Offset Current		5.0	200	nA	
Input Bias Current		40	500	nA	
Input Resistance	0.3	5.0		M Ω	
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	20	60		K	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ $V_{out} = \pm 10\text{V}$
Output Voltage Swing	± 12 ± 10	± 14 ± 13		V V	$R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$
Input Voltage Range	± 12	± 14		V	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	70	100		dB	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio		10	150	$\mu\text{V/V}$	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$
Power Consumption		40	120	mW	
Transient Response (unity gain) Risettime		0.15		μs	$V_{in} = 20\text{ mV}$ $R_L = 20\text{ k}\Omega$ $C_L \leq 100\text{ pF}$
Transient Response (unity gain) Overshoot		10		%	$V_{in} = 20\text{ mV}$ $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ $C_L \leq 100\text{ pF}$
Slew Rate (unity gain)		1.0		V/ μs	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$
Broadband Noise Voltage		2.5		μVRMS	$B_W = 10\text{ Hz-30 KHz}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$
Channel Separation		125		dB	$f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ $A_V = 40\text{ dB}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$
The following specifications apply for $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.					
Input Offset Voltage		3.0	7.5	mV	$R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$
Input Offset Current		7.0	300	nA	
Input Bias Current		50	800	nA	
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	15,000	200,000			$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ $V_{out} = \pm 10\text{V}$
Output Voltage Swing	± 10	± 13		V	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$
Power Consumption		100 110	150 200	mW mW	$V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$

Notes:

1. Rating applies for ambient temperatures below $+75^\circ\text{C}$
2. For supply voltages less than 15V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
3. Short-circuit may be ground, typically 45 mA. Rating applies to $+125^\circ\text{C}$ ambient temperature.

XR-4739



EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

1/2 of XR-4739