

Quad Operational Amplifier

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XR-4741 is an array of four independent internally-compensated operational amplifiers on a single silicon chip, each similar to the popular 741. Each amplifier offers performance equal to or better than the 741 type in all respects. It has high slew rate, superior bandwidth, and low noise, which makes it excellent for audio amplifiers or active filter applications.

FEATURES

Short-Circuit Protection
Internal Frequency Compensation

No Latch-Up

Wide Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
Matched Gain-Bandwidth

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| High Slew Rate | 1.6V/ μ S(Typ) |
| Unity Gain-Bandwidth | 3.5 MHz(Typ) |
| Low Noise Voltage | 9 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| Input Offset Current | 60 nA(Typ) |
| Input Offset Voltage | .5 mV(Typ) |
| Supply Range | $\pm 2\text{V}$ to $\pm 20\text{V}$ |

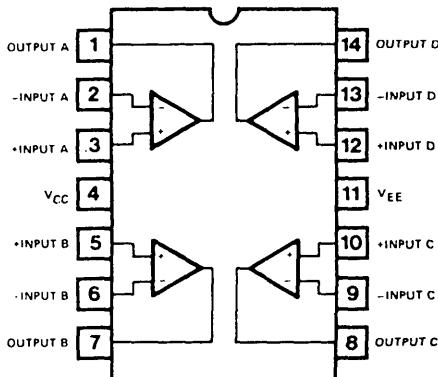
APPLICATIONS

Buffer Amplifiers
Summing/Differencing Amplifiers
Instrumentation Amplifiers
Active Filters
Signal Processing
Sample and Differencing
I to V Converters
Integrators
Simulated Components
Analog Computers

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | |
|--|---|
| Supply Voltage | |
| XR-4741 | ± 20 |
| Common Mode Voltage | V_{EE} to V_{CC} |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration | Indefinite |
| Differential Input Voltage | $\pm 30\text{V}$ |
| Internal Power Dissipation | |
| Ceramic Package: | 880 mW |
| Derate above $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | 5.8 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Plastic Package: | 625 mW |
| Derate above $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ | 5 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range: | -65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$ |

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number | Package | Operating Temperature |
|-------------|---------|---|
| XR-4741M | Ceramic | -55°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| XR-4741CN | Ceramic | 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$ |
| XR-4741CP | Plastic | 0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$ |

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The XR-4741 is a quad independently programmable operational amplifier featuring improved performance over industry standard devices such as the 741. Amplifier bias currents can be "programmed" by a single resistor to Pin 8. Bias currents can range from less than 1 μA to over 75 μA , thus affording the designer flexibility along the device speed/power consumption trade off curve.

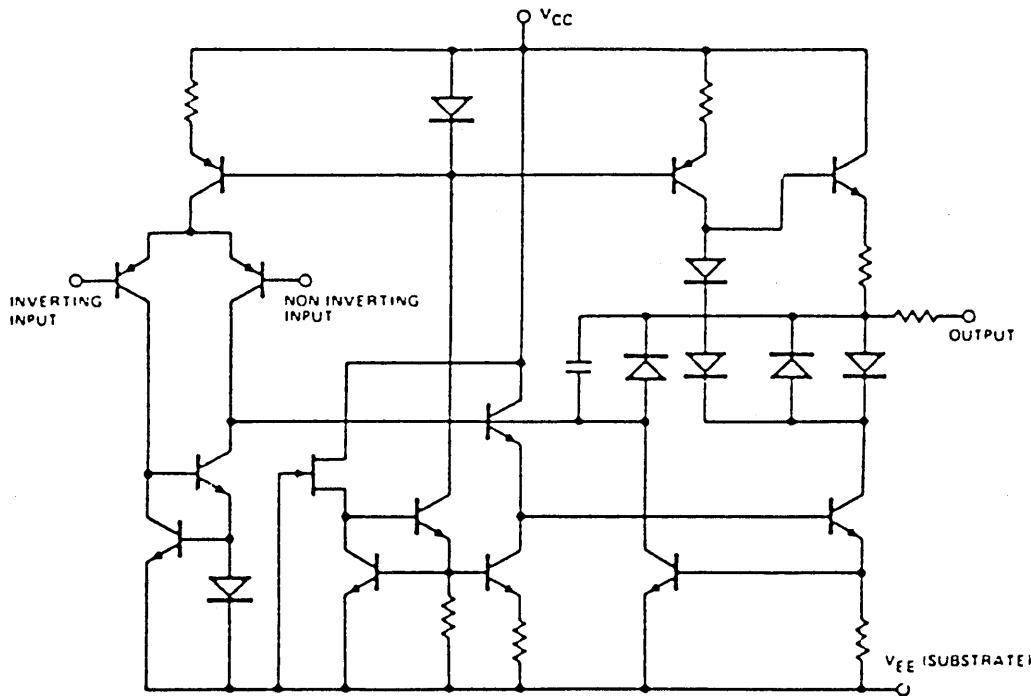
XR-4741

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Test Conditions: $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = \pm 15\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified.

| PARAMETERS | XR-4741M | | | XR-4741C | | | UNITS | SYMBOLS | CONDITIONS |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | | |
| Input Offset Voltage | | 0.5 | 3.0 | | 1.0 | 5.0 | mV | $ V_{io} $ | $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Input Offset Current | | 10 | 30 | | 10 | 50 | nA | $ I_{io} $ | |
| Input Bias Current | | 60 | 200 | | 60 | 300 | nA | $ I_b $ | |
| Differential Input Resistance | | 5 | | | 5 | | M Ω | R_{in} | |
| Input Noise Voltage ($f = 1\text{ kHz}$) | | 9 | | | 9 | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | | |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain | 50 | 100 | | 25 | 50 | | V/mV | A _{VOL} | $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ $V_{out} = \pm 10\text{ V}$ |
| Output Voltage Swing | ± 12 ± 10 | ± 13.7 ± 12.5 | | ± 12 ± 10 | ± 13.7 ± 12.5 | | V V kHz Ω | V_{out} V_{out} | $R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Full Power Bandwidth | 25 | | | 25 | | | | | |
| Output Resistance | 300 | | | 300 | | | | | |
| Input Voltage Range | ± 12 | ± 13.5 | | ± 12 | ± 13.5 | | V | V_{iCM} | |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | 80 | 100 | | 80 | 100 | | dB | CMRR | $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio | | 10 | 100 | | 10 | 100 | $\mu\text{V/V}$ | PSRR | $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Power Consumption | | | 150 | | | 210 | mW | P _i | |
| Transient Response (unity gain) | | | | | | | | | $V_{in} = 20\text{ mV}$ $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Risetime Overshoot | .07 20 | | | | .07 20 | | μs % | t_r t_o | $C_L \leq 100\text{ pF}$ |
| Unit Gain Bandwidth | | 3.5 | | | 3.5 | | MHz | BW | |
| Slew Rate (unity gain) | | 1.6 | | | 1.6 | | V/ μs | d V_{out}/dt | $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Channel Separation (open loop) | | 120 | | | 120 | | dB | | $f = 10\text{ KHz}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| (Gain of 100) | | 105 | | | 105 | | dB | | $f = 10\text{ KHz}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| The following specifications apply for $-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$ for XR-4741M; $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$ for XR-4741C | | | | | | | | | |
| Input Offset Voltage | | 4.0 | 5.0 | | 5.0 | 6.5 | mV | $ V_{io} $ | $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Input Offset Current | | | 75 | | | 100 | nA | $ I_{io} $ | |
| Input Bias Current | | | | 325 | | | | I_b | |
| Input Voltage Range | ± 12 | | | ± 12 | | 400 | nA V | | |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | 74 | | | 74 | | | db | | |
| Large-Signal Voltage Gain | 25 | | | 15 | | | V/mV | A _{VOL} | $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ $V_{out} = \pm 10\text{ V}$ |
| Output Voltage Swing | ± 10 | ± 12.5 | | ± 10 | ± 12.5 | | V | V_{out} | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ |
| Power Consumption | ± 12.0 | ± 13.7 | | ± 12 | ± 13.7 | | | P _i | $R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $V_S = \pm 15\text{ V}$ |
| Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio | | 100 | 150 200 $\mu\text{V/V}$ | | 100 | 150 200 $\mu\text{V/V}$ | mW mW | P _i | $T_A = \text{High}$ $T_A = \text{Low}$ |
| Output Short-Circuit Current | ± 5 | ± 15 | | ± 5 | ± 15 | | mA | I_{SC} | |

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EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM