



Version: 1.0 YTS500ZLAA-01-100C FEB.04.2017

LCD MODULE **PRODUCT** MODEL NO YTS500ZLAA-01-100C Yes Optoelectronics Co.,Ltd **SUPPLIER** FEB.04.2017 **DATE**

SPECIFICATION

Approved	Checked	Department
XIAO YU	LIANGYUEYAO	TP & TFT LCM Department

CUSTOMER: MODEL NO.: DATE:

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Revision Record

Rev No.	Rev Date	Contents	Remarks
1.0	2017.02.04	New creation	



1. General Specifications

No	Item	Item Contents			
1	Size	5	inch		
2	Resolution	1080XRGB1920			
3	Interface	MIPI			
4	Color Depth	16.7M	M		
5	Technology Type	a-Si TFT			
6	Pixel Pitch	Pixel Pitch 0.01905X0.05710			
7	Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical Stripe			
8	Display Mode	Transmissive, Normally black			
9	Viewing Direction	ALL	o'clock		
10	LCM (W x H x D)	72.03*143.98*3.25	mm		
11	Active Area (W x H)	61.641*109.584	mm		
12	With/Without TSP	With CTP			
13	LED Numbers	12			

Touch panel parameter

No	Features	Details	Note
1	CTP Technology	Mutual capacitor	
2	Input Method	Finger	
3	Touch point	5Point	
4	Positional Accuracy	2.5mm at 4 edges and 1.5mm at center	Unit: mm
5	Connection Type	ZIF Connector	
6	Anti-glare surface	No	
7	Optical transmittance	87%	
8	Interface toHost	I2C	
9	I ² C Address	0X28	
10	Touch controller	GT970	



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2. Mechanical Drawing

CUSTOMER'S APPROVED: DATE: PAGE: N0.2 0 3 黑色背景丝印 LED-A O 4.79±0.15 Backight CIRCUIT DIAGRAM Vf=19.2V(typ.) & If=40mA(CONSTANT)0,0 1080XRGB1920 *72.03±0.2 LENS OD-Init DESCRIPTIONVersion O LED-K1 109.584 TFT A 110.38 LENS VA +143.98±0.2 LENS OD 1-1.20 CTP±0.15 -0.30 ±0.03 NAMEĶ 2017,2,3 DATE143.98±0.2 LENS OD 15.06 -123.76±0.2 SENSOR OD-No.YTS500ZLAA-01-100C 120.2LCM OD FPC+PI 学機製 0.30±0.03 \bigcirc -71.63±0.2 SENSOR OD-72.03±0.2 LENS OD-67.08 LCM OD-钢片补强+双面导电影 Yes Optoelectronics Co.,Ltd. 17.5±0.5 *此条改为泡棉 积水5225 T=0. 25mm / -+3.27±0.25 *无保护膜和DSA, 此处厚度MAX 1.15mm 包含泡棉压缩后厚度 MAX1.33mm Unit: mm 11 CTP Drive IC
12 Unspecified tolerance: Ver.1 Surface Luminance. Color: Interface: Operating Voltage: Resolution: Operating Temp: Storage Temp: Viewing Direction Display type: 4 802,007,6 M 5 INT 2 6 R8T 2.0 1 SDA 2.0 PIN NO. PIN NAME
1 GND
2 802.2.007.3.N Drw ChkApvALL -10°C TO 60°C 230cd/m2(min.) HX8399-C 赵新 GT970 ±0.3 VCC=3.3V(typ.) 1080XRGB1920 Transmissive,Normal black -20°C GND
LEDK
LEDK
LEDA
LCD PWM
GND
LPTE
RST
GND
VCCI
VCC
VCC
VCC
VCC
VCC
VCC
GND
SD6_1, UN
SD6_1, UN
SD6_1, OUT_2, IN
SD6_1, I PIN ASSIGNMENT TOMIPI D2P MIPI D2N GND MIPI D3P MIPI D3N GND MIPI_CLKP 17. 70°C 2 ယ

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3. PIN Assignment

Pin No	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	GND	P	Common Voltage	
2	LEDK	P	LED backlight cathode	
3	LEDA	P	LED backlight anode	
4	LCD_PWM	I	PWM output pin of Backlight control. If use CABC function, the pin can connect to external LED driver IC. If not used, let it open.	
5	GND	P	Ground	
6	LPTE	O	Tearing Effect pin.	
7	RST	I	Reset pin. Setting either pin low initializes the LSI. Must be reset after power is supplied (Must be connected to VSSD or VDD1)	
8	GND	P	Ground	
9	VCCIO	P	Power voltage	
10	VCC	P	Power voltage	
11	GND	P	Ground	
12	SD7_1_IN	I	Connect to the host input pin	
13	SD6_1_IN	I	Connect to the host input pin	
14	SD7_1_OUT_2_IN	O	Connect to the host output pin	
15	SD6_1_OUT_2_IN	O	Connect to the host output pin	
16	GND	P	Ground	
17	MIPI_D0P	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 0)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
18	MIPI_D0N	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 0)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
19	GND	P	Ground	

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Pin No	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
20	MIPI_D1P	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 1)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
21	MIPI_D1N	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 1)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
22	GND	P	Ground	
23	MIPI_CLKP	I	MIPI DSI: CLOCK differential signal input pins. if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
24	MIPI_CLKN	I	MIPI DSI: CLOCK differential signal input pins. if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
25	GND	P	Ground	
26	MIPI_D2P	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 2)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
27	MIPI_D2N	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 2)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
28	GND	P	Ground	
29	MIPI_D3P	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 3)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
30	MIPI_D3N	I	MIPI DSI: Data differential signal input pins. (Data lane 3)if not used, Please connected to VSSD or open.	
31	GND	P	Ground	

Ps: For further details, please refer to HX8399-C data sheet.



4. Absolute Maximum Rating

AGND = GND = 0V, $Ta = 25^{\circ}$ C

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Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
Dower Weltage	VCCIO	-0.3	4.4	V	
Power Voltage	VCC	-0.3	6.0	V	
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	-10	60	° C	
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-20	70	° C	

The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. Should a module be used with any of the absolute maximum ratings exceeded, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered, or in an extreme case, the module may be permanently destroyed.

5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1. Recommended Operating Condition

AGND = GND = 0V, $Ta = 25^{\circ}$ C

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Remark
Dawag Waltaga	VCC	1.65	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Voltage	VCCIO	2.3	2.8	5.5	V	
Input logic high voltage	Vih	0.8 VCCIO	-	VCCIO	V	
Input logic low voltage	VIL	0	-	0.2 VCCIO	V	

5. 2. Rcommended Driving Condition for Backlight

 $Ta = 25^{\circ} C$

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
Forward Current			40		mA	
Forward Voltage			19.2		V	Note 1
Operating Life Time		20000				Note 2

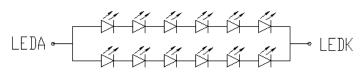
Note 1:The LED supply voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25 $^{\circ}\text{C}~$ and $I_{F=}$ _40 mA.

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LED circuit diagram

LED CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:



6. Timing Characteristics

6.1. AC Electrical Characteristics

(VSSA=0V, VDD1=1.8V, VDD2=2.8V, VDD3=2.8V, T_A = 25°C)

Signal Symbol Parameter Min. Max. Unit Descripti						
Signai	Symbol		IVIIII.	wax.	Unit	Description
CSX	tcss	Chip select setup time (Write)	40	-	ns	_
OOX	tсsн	Chip select setup time (Read)	40	-	115	_
DCX	tast	Address setup time	10	-	nc	
DCX	I	Address hold time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	-
WRX SCL	twc	Write cycle	100	-		
	twr	Control pulse "H" duration	40	-	ns	-
(Write)	twrL	Control pulse "L" duration	40	-		
WRX SCL	trc	Read cycle	150	-		
_	tпрн	Control pulse "H" duration	60	-	ns	-
(Read)	trdl	Control pulse "L" duration	60	-		
SDI	tos	Data setup time	30	-		
(Input)	tрт	Data hold time	30	_	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
SDO	tracc	Read access time	10	-	ns	For minimum CL=8pF
(Output)	top	Output disable time	10	50	113	

Note: The input signal rise time and fall time (tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less.

Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDD1 for Input signals.

DBI Type C interface characteristics

DPI interface characteristics

Resolution=540x960 (VSSA=0V, VDD1=1.8V, VDD2=2.8V, VDD3=2.8V, T_A=25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vertical sync. setup time	VSST	-	10	-	-	ns
Vertical sync. hold time	VSHT	-	10	ı	-	ns
Horizontal sync. setup time	HSST	-	10	ı	•	ns
Horizontal sync. hold time	HSHT	-	10	ı	•	ns
Pixel clock cycle when DPI I/F is running	PCLKCYC	VRR ⁽⁶⁾ = 50 Hz	33 ⁽³⁾	ı	36.7 ⁽⁴⁾	ns
Pixel clock low time	PCLKLT	-	10	ı	•	ns
Pixel clock high time	PCLKHT	-	10	ı	ı	ns
Data setup time DB[23:0]	DST	-	10	-	ı	ns
Data hold time DB[23:0]	DHT	-	10	-	-	ns



6.2.DC Electrical Characteristics

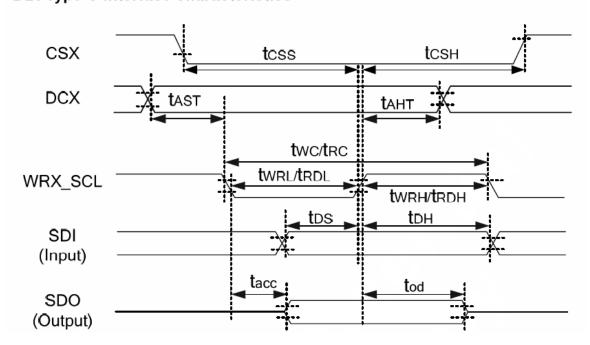
(VDD2=2.3 \sim 5.5V, VDD3=2.3 \sim 5.5V, VDD1=1.65 \sim 3.6V, T_A=-40 \sim 85 °C)

ltem	Symbol	Unit	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	V	VDD1= 1.65 ~ 3.6V	0.7 V _{DD1}	-	VDD1
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	V	VDD2= 2.3 ~ 5.5V VDD3= 2.3 ~ 5.5V	0	-	0.3 V _{DD1}
OTP_PWR	V _{IH} V _{IL}	V	OTP_PWR	7.25V	8.25V	8.5V
Output high voltage (SDO, CABC_PWM_OUT, CABA_LED_ON)	V _{OH1}	V	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA	0.8 V _{DD1}	1	VDD1
Output low voltage (SDO, CABC_PWM_OUT, CABC_LED_ON)	V _{OL1}	V	VDD1= 1.65 ~ 3.6V I _{OL} = 1.0 mA	0	1	0.2 V _{DD1}
	I _{IH}	uА	VSYNC, HSYNC	-	-	1
Logic High level input	ЧН	uA	RESX, DCX, CSX, SCL	-	-	1
current	l 1005	I _{IHD} uA	DB[23:0], SDI, DCX	-	-	1
	IHU	G/ t	DB[23:0]	-	-	1
	I _{IL}	uA	VSYNC, HSYNC	-1	-	
Logic Low level input	IIL III	uд	RESX, DCX, CSX, SCL	-1	-	
current		۸	DB[23:0], SDI, DCX	-1	-	
	I _{ILD}	uA	DB[23:0]	-1	-	
Current consumption	I _{VDD2} +I _{VDD3}	μΑ		-	-	250
Stand by mode (LP-11)	I _{VDD1}	μΑ	VDD2/VDD3=2.8V, VDD1=1.8V	-	-	100
Current consumption	I _{VDD2} +I _{VDD3}	μΑ	T _A =25°C		-	10
Stand by mode (ULPS)	I _{VDD1}	μΑ	OT)	-	-	20

Note: 1. The OTP_PWR pin is open on normal mode and in used while OTP programming condition.

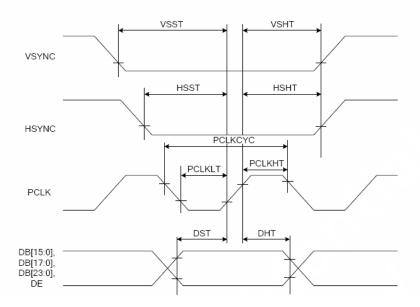
6.3.Timing

DBI Type C interface characteristics

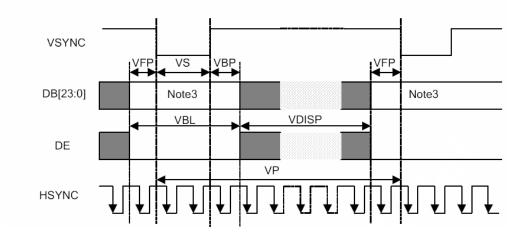


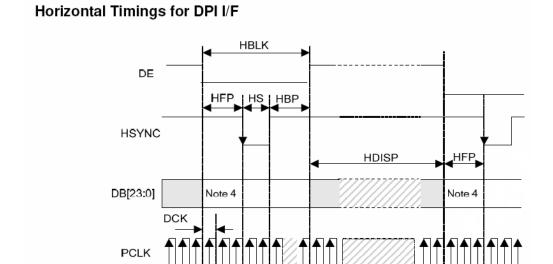


DPI interface characteristics



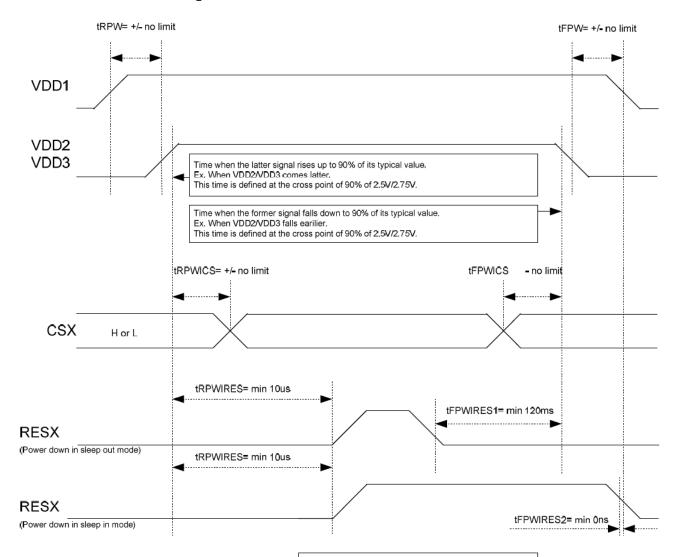
Vertical Timings for DPI I/F





ΗP

6. 4. Power ON/OFF Sequence



tFPWIRES1 is applied to RESX falling in the Sleep Out Mode tFPWIRES2 is applied to RESX falling in the Sleep In Mode

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7. Optical Characteristics

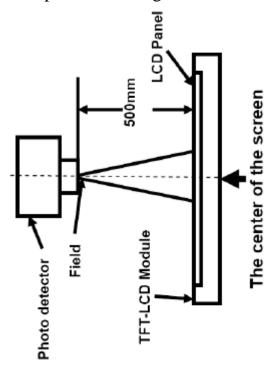
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Remark
	θТ		70	80			
X7: A1	θВ	CR≥10	70	80		Б.	N-4- 2
View Angles	θL		70	80		Degree	Note 2
	θ R		70	80			
Contrast Ratio	CR	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$		900			Note 1
Contrast Ratio	CK	0 -0		900			Note 3
Chromoticity W,	X		0.269	0.299	0.329		Note 1
Chromaticity W_{y}	y		0.303	0.333	0.363		Note 5
Uniformity	U		80			%	Note 5
Luminance	L		230			cd/m ²	Note 1
Lummance	L		230			Cu/III	Note 5

Test Conditions:

- 1. If=40mA(Backlight current), VCC =3.3V, the ambient temperature is 25° C.
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

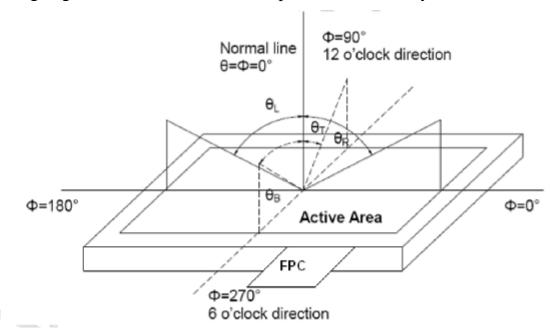
Note1: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 5Minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. ALL input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.



Item	Photo detector	Field
Contrast Ratio	~~1000	
Luminance	CS1000	1°
Lum Uniformity		
Chromaticity	CS1000	
Response Time	DMS703	
		-

Note2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system. Viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD by CONOSCOPE (DMS703)



NOTE3: Definition of contrast ratio



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Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance measured when LCD is on the "White" state

Luminance measured when LCD is on the "Black" state

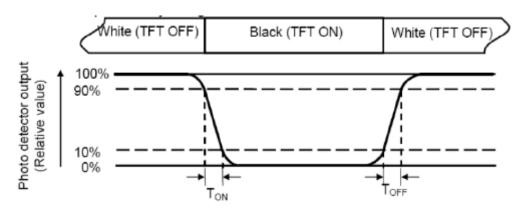
"White state": The state is that the LCD should drive by Vwhite.

"Black state": The state is that the LCD should drive by Vblack.

Vwhite: To be determined Vblack: To be determined

Note4:Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (T_{ON}) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (T_{OFF}) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note5:Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

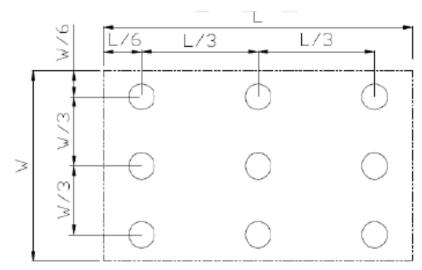
Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note6: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas(Refer Fig.2). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (U)=Lmin/Lmax

L-----Active area length W-----Active area width



L max: The measured Maximum luminance of all measurement position.

L min: The measured Minimum luminance of all measurement position.

Note7: Definition of luminance:

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Measure the luminance of white state at center point.

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8. Environmental/Reliability Test

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Inspection after test
1	High Temperature Storage	70 ±2°C/240 hours	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-20 <u>+2</u> °C/240 hours	Inspection after
3	High Temperature Operating	60 ±2°C/240 hours	2~4hours storage at room temperature, the
4	Low Temperature Operating	-10 ±2 °C/240 hours	sample shall be free from defects:
5	Temperature Cycle	-20°C ~ 20°C ~ 70°C × 10cycles (30min.) (5min.) (30min.)	1.Air bubble in the LCD;2.Sealleak;3.Non-display;
6	Damp Proof Test	60°C ±5°C ×90%RH/240 hours	4.missing segments;
7	Vibration Test	Frequency: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm, X, Y, Z direction for total	5.Glass crack; 6.Current Idd is twice higher than initial value.
8	Dropping test	Drop to the ground from 1m height, one time, every side of carton. (Packing condition)	initial value.

Remark:

- 1. The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2.Sample size for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 3. For Damp Proof Test, Pure water(Resistance>10M Ω) should be used.
- 4.In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judge as a good part.
- 5. Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification, Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.
- 6.Please use automatic switch menu(or roll menu) testing mode when test operating mode.

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9. Packing Drawing







10. Standard Specifications For Product Quality

10.1. Manner of test:

- 10.1.1 The test must be under 40W fluorescent light, and the distance of view must be at 30 ± 10 cm.
 - 10.1.2 Room temperature 25 ± 5 °C Humidity: $(60\pm10)\%$ RH.

10.2. Quality specification

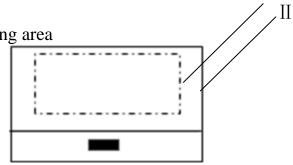
It shall be based on GB2828-87, inspection level II.

	IETM	CHECK	LEVEL	AQL
	1.Liquid crystal leakage			
	2. Wrong polarizer			
MAJOR	3. Outside dimension	II		0.25
(MA)	4. Bright dot Dark dot	11		0.23
	5. Display abnormal			
	6. Class crack			
	1. Spot Defect (Including black spot, white spot,			
	pinhole, foreign particle, bubbles, hurt)			
	2. fragment			
MINOR	3. Line Defect (Including black line, white line,	II		1.0
(MI)	cratch)	11		1.0
	4. Incision defect			
	5. Newton's ring			
	6. Other visual defects			

10.3. Definition of area:

10.3.1 I area: viewing area

II area: outside viewing area



10.4.Standard of appearance test for I area: (unit: mm)

NOTE: Defect ignore for II area.



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10.4.1 Bright/Dark Dots explain

Name	Explain	Definition
Bright dot	Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern	The definition of dot: The size of a defective dot over 1/2 of single
Dark dot	Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue pattern.	pixel dot is regarded as one defective dot. NOTE: One pixel consists of 3 sub-pixels, including R,G, and B dot.(Sub-pixel = Dot)
ADJACE NT DOT	Adjacent two sub-pixel are defect (define two dot defect)	

10.4.2 Inspection standard

10.7.2	0.4.2 Inspection standard					
№	Items		Criterion	Checking Manner	Defect Classes	
		Under 6" (contain 6")	Bright dot: 2 Dark dot: N≤4 Note: be more than 5mm apart			
1	Bright/dark dot	6"-12"	Bright dot: N≤4 Dark dot: N≤5 Total Bright and Dark Dots: N≤8 Note: 1.Two bright dot defects (red, green, blue, and white) should be larger than 15mm; 2.The distance between black dot defects or black and bright dot defects should be more than 5mm apart.	Checking with eyes	MAJ	
	Spot Defect (Including black spot.white spot. Pinhole.foreign	Under 6" (contain 6")	D≤0.1 Ignore 0.1 < D≤0.35 N≤3 0.35 < D N=0			
2	particle.bubbles.h urt) X D=(X+Y)/2	6"-12"	D≤0.3 Ignore 0.3 <d≤0.6 n≤4<br="">0.6<d n="0</td"><td>Checking with eyes</td><td>MIN</td></d></d≤0.6>	Checking with eyes	MIN	

№	Items		Criterion	Checking manner	Defect classes
3	Line Defect (Including black Line.white line. scratch)	Under 6" (contain 6")	W≤0.02 Ignore 0.02 <w≤0.04 l≤5="" n≤2<br="">0.04<w≤0.06 l≤5="" n≤1<br="">W>0.06 N=0 W≤0.07 Ignore 0.07<w≤0.1 l≤10="" n≤4<br="">W>0.1 N=0</w≤0.1></w≤0.06></w≤0.04>	Checking with eyes	MIN
4	Display abnormal	Not allowed		Checking with eyes	MAJ
5	Outside dimension	Accord with dra	wing	Callipers	MAJ
6	Class crack	Not allowed	Not allowed		MAJ
7	Leak	Not allowed		Checking with eyes	MAJ
8	Comer fragment	 X≤3 Y≤3 Z≤T Ignore Note: 1.No hurt identifying .wire.seal 2.T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness 		Checking with eyes	MIN
	Side fragment	Y≤1 Z≤T Ignore Note: 1.No hurt identifying .wire.seal 2.T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness		Checking with eyes	MIN
9	Step fragment	Y≤1 and Y≤1/4 L		Checking with eyes	MIN
	Incision defect	Y≤1 and accord	Checking with eyes	MIN	



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№	Items	Criterion	Checking manner	Defect classes
10	Newton's ring (CTP or Cover board) X D=(X+Y)/2	Under 6" (contain 6") $D \le 25$ $N \le 3$ $D > 25$ $N = 0$ $D \le 70$ $N \le 5$ $D > 70$ $N = 0$	Checking with eyes	MIN



11. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

11.1 Handing Precautions

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap

and water.

- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass,tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I O cable or the backlight cable.
 - (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
 - (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
 - (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

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- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.

The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

- (13)Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
 - Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

11.2 Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped).

11.3 Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following





sections when handling the modules.

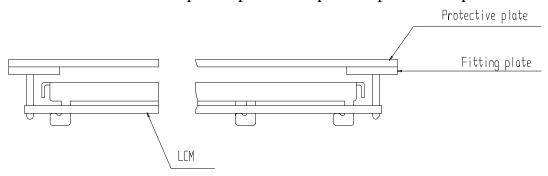
- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- -Terminal electrode sections.

11.4 USING LCD MODULES

Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

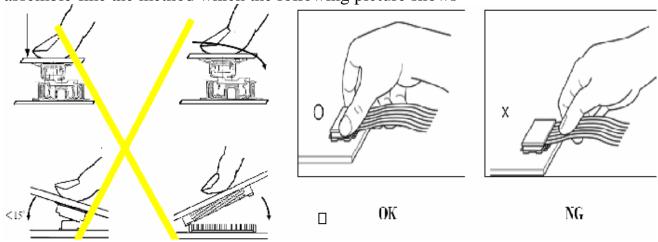
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position,don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



Precaution for soldering to the LCM

	Hand soldering	Machine drag	Machine press soldering
No ROHS	290°C~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C~330C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed: 4-8mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
		_	Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
ROHS	340°C~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C~360C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Time : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
32.00			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to

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soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

Precautions for Operation

- (1) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.
- (2) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.
- (3) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- (4) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature,50%RH or less is required.
 - (5) Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.
- (6) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

Safety

- (1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
 - (3) WEEE order must be executed in product scrap.

12. Prior Consult Matter

1.①For YES standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without notice on our customer.

②For OEM products, if any change needed which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.

2.If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.



LCD MODULE YTS500ZLAA-01-100C Version: 1.0 FEB.04.2017

13. Factory

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